GALLAGHER ARTHUR J & CO
Form 10-K405
March 22, 2002

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-K [X] Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001 [] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to Commission file number 1-9761 ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) DELAWARE 36-2151613 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number incorporation or organization) Two Pierce Place 60143-3141 Itasca, Illinois (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (630) 773-3800 Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Name of each exchange common Stock, par value Name of each exchange on which registered		
FORM 10-K [X] Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001 [] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to Commission file number 1-9761 ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) DELAWARE 36-215163 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number incorporation or organization) Two Pierce Place 60143-3141 (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (630) 773-3800 Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Name of each exchange on which registered S1.00 per share		
[X] Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001 [] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to Commission file number 1-9761 ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) DELAWARE 36-2151613 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number incorporation or organization) Two Pierce Place 60143-3141 Itasca, Illinois (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (630) 773-3800		
Act of 1934 For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001 [] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to Commission file number 1-9761 	FORM	1 10-K
<pre>[] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to Commission file number 1-9761</pre>		3 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange
Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to Commission file number 1-9761 ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) DELAWARE 36-2151613 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number incorporation or organization) Two Pierce Place 60143-3141 Itasca, Illinois (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (630) 773-3800 Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Name of each exchange common Stock, par value on which registered \$1.00 per share	For the fiscal year ended December 31,	2001
Commission file number 1-9761 		ion 13 or 15(d) of the Securities
ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) DELAWARE 36-2151613 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number incorporation or organization) Two Pierce Place 60143-3141 Itasca, Illinois (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (630) 773-3800 Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Name of each exchange common Stock, par value on which registered \$1.00 per share	For the transition period from	to
<pre>(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) DELAWARE 36-2151613 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number incorporation or organization) Two Pierce Place 60143-3141 Itasca, Illinois (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (630) 773-3800 Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Name of each exchange common Stock, par value on which registered \$1.00 per share</pre>	Commission file number 1-9761	
<pre>(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) DELAWARE 36-2151613 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number incorporation or organization) Two Pierce Place 60143-3141 Itasca, Illinois (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (630) 773-3800 Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Name of each exchange common Stock, par value on which registered \$1.00 per share</pre>		
DELAWARE 36-2151613 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number incorporation or organization) Two Pierce Place 60143-3141 Itasca, Illinois (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (630) 773-3800 	ARTHUR J. GA	LLAGHER & CO.
<pre>(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number incorporation or organization) Two Pierce Place 60143-3141 (Itasca, Illinois (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (630) 773-3800 </pre>	(Exact name of registrant	as specified in its charter)
Itasca, Illinois (Zip Code) (Address of principal executive offices) Registrant's telephone number, including area code (630) 773-3800 Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Name of each exchange Common Stock, par value on which registered \$1.00 per share	(State or other jurisdiction of	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Name of each exchange Common Stock, par value on which registered \$1.00 per share	Itasca, Illinois (Address of principal executive	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Name of each exchange Common Stock, par value on which registered \$1.00 per share	Registrant's telephone number, i	ncluding area code (630) 773-3800
Common Stock, par value on which registered \$1.00 per share		
		-
New York Stock Exchange	\$1.00 per share	New York Stock Exchange
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:	Securities registered pursuan	t to Section 12(g) of the Act:
None	Ν	lone

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of

1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No $\,$.

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. [X]

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant, computed by reference to the last reported price at which the stock was sold on February 28, 2002 was \$2,846,500,000.

The number of outstanding shares of the registrant's Common Stock, \$1.00 par value, as of February 28, 2002 was 85,577,000.

Portions of documents incorporated by Part of Form 10-K into which document reference into this report is incorporated

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

PART III

2002 Proxy Statement

PART I

Item 1. Business.

Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Gallagher" unless the context otherwise requires) are engaged in providing insurance brokerage, risk management and related services to clients in the United States and abroad. Gallagher's principal activity is the negotiation and placement of insurance for its clients. Gallagher also specializes in furnishing risk management services. Risk management involves assisting clients in analyzing risks and determining whether proper protection is best obtained through the purchase of insurance or through retention of all or a portion of those risks and the adoption of corporate risk management policies and costeffective loss control and prevention programs. Risk management services also include claims management, loss control consulting and property appraisals. Gallagher believes that its ability to deliver comprehensively structured risk management and brokerage services is one of its major strengths. In addition, Gallagher has a financial services operation that manages Gallagher's investment portfolio.

Gallagher operates through a network of more than 250 offices located throughout the United States and eight countries abroad and through a network of correspondent brokers and consultants in more than 100 countries around the world. Some of these offices are fully staffed with sales, marketing, claims and other service personnel; others function as servicing offices for the brokerage and risk management service operations of Gallagher. Gallagher's international operations include a Lloyd's of London broker and affiliated companies in the United Kingdom and other facilities in Australia, Bermuda, Canada, Scotland, Singapore, New Zealand and Papua New Guinea.

Gallagher was founded in 1927 and was reincorporated as a Delaware corporation in 1972. Gallagher's executive offices are located at Two Pierce Place, Itasca, Illinois 60143-3141, and its telephone number is (630) 773-3800.

Operating Segments

Gallagher has identified three operating segments in addition to its corporate operations. Insurance Brokerage Services encompasses operations that, for commission or fee compensation, place or arrange to place insurance directly related to the clients' funding of risk. This segment also provides consulting services, for fee compensation, related to clients' risk financing programs. Risk Management Services includes Gallagher's third party administration, loss control and risk management consulting, workers' compensation investigations and insurance property appraisal operations. Third party administration is principally claims management programs for Gallagher's brokerage clients or clients of other brokers. Financial Services is responsible for the management of Gallagher's diversified investment portfolio, which includes fiduciary funds, marketable and other equity securities, and tax advantaged and other strategic investments. It manages the invested assets of Gallagher in order to maximize the return to the company. Corporate consists primarily of unallocated administrative costs and the provision for income taxes which is not allocated to Gallagher's operating segments.

The two major sources of operating revenues for Gallagher are commissions from insurance brokerage operations and service fees primarily from risk management operations. Information with respect to all sources of revenue, by operating segment, for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001, is as follows (in thousands):

	2001		2000*		1999*		
	Amount	% of Total 	Amount	* of Total	Amount	% of Total	
Commissions							
Insurance Brokerage Services	\$533 , 360	59	\$469 , 040	59	\$437 , 706	61	
Risk Management Services	1,090		1,204				
Fees							
Insurance Brokerage Services	62,342	7	51 , 678	7	43,026	6	
Risk Management Services	262,522	29	229 , 557	29	192,853	27	
Investment income and other							
Insurance Brokerage Services	12,626	1	18,227	2	19,412	3	
Risk Management Services	1,084		1,534		769		
Financial Services	37,294	4	24,130	3	19,764	3	
Corporate	(275)		(97)				
Total revenues	\$910 , 043	100	\$795 , 273	100	\$713 , 530	100	
		===		===		===	

*Restated for seven 2001 acquisitions accounted for as poolings of interests. See Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a summary of the effects of these restatements on the 2000 and 1999 consolidated financial statements.

See Note 15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional financial information, including earnings before income taxes and identifiable assets, by operating segment, for 2001, 2000 and 1999.

Gallagher's revenues vary significantly from quarter to quarter as a result of the timing of policy inception dates, which traditionally are heaviest in the third quarter, whereas expenses are fairly uniform throughout the year. See

Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for unaudited quarterly operating results for 2001 and 2000.

Insurance Brokerage Services

The Insurance Brokerage Services segment is principally comprised of two divisions, the Brokerage Services Division (BSD) and Gallagher Benefit Services (GBS).

BSD places insurance for and services commercial, industrial, institutional, governmental, religious and personal accounts throughout the United States and abroad. BSD acts as an agent in soliciting, negotiating and effecting contracts of insurance through insurance companies worldwide, as a broker in procuring contracts of insurance on behalf of insureds, and in setting up and managing self-insured programs. BSD has the capability to handle insurable risks and related coverages for all forms of property/casualty products. BSD also places surplus lines coverages, which are coverages for various specialized risks not available from insurance companies licensed by the states in which the risks are located. In addition, BSD places reinsurance coverages for its insurance company clients.

GBS specializes in the management of employee benefit programs through fully insured and self-insured programs. GBS provides services in connection with the design, financing, implementation, administration and communication of compensation and employee benefit programs (including pension and profitsharing plans, group life, health, accident and disability insurance programs and tax deferral plans), and provides other professional services in connection therewith.

2

The primary source of Gallagher's compensation for its Insurance Brokerage Services segment is commissions paid by insurance companies which are usually based upon a percentage of the premium paid by the insured. Commission rates are dependent on a number of factors including the type of insurance, the particular insurance company and the capacity in which Gallagher acts. In some cases, Gallagher is compensated for brokerage or advisory services directly by fees from clients. Gallagher may also receive contingent commissions which are based on the profit the underwriting insurance company earns and/or the overall volume of business placed by Gallagher in a given period of time. Occasionally, Gallagher shares commissions with other brokers who have participated with Gallagher in placing insurance or servicing insureds. GBS receives a fee for acting in the capacity of advisor and administrator with respect to employee benefit programs and receives commissions in connection with the placement of insurance under such programs.

Risk Management Services

The Risk Management Services segment is principally comprised of two wholly owned subsidiaries, Gallagher Bassett Services, Inc. (GB) and Gallagher Benefit Administrators, Inc. (GBA).

GB provides a variety of professional consulting services to assist clients in analyzing risks and in determining whether proper protection is best obtained through the purchase of insurance or through retention of all or a portion of those risks and the adoption of risk management policies and costeffective loss control and prevention programs. A full range of risk management services is offered including claims management, risk control consulting services, information management, property appraisals and insurance related investigative services on a totally integrated or select, stand-alone basis. GB

provides these services for Gallagher's clients through a network of over 140 service offices located throughout the United States, Canada, England, Scotland, Australia, New Zealand and Papua New Guinea.

GB primarily markets its risk management services directly to clients on an unbundled basis independent of Gallagher's Insurance Brokerage Services. GB also markets these services to Insurance Brokerage Services' clients who are interested in risk management related services.

In connection with its risk management services, GB provides "self-insurance" programs for large institutions, risk sharing pools and associations, and large commercial and industrial customers. Self-insurance, as administered by GB, is a program in which the client assumes a manageable portion of its insurance risks, usually (although not always) placing the less predictable and larger loss exposures with an insurance carrier that specializes in these less predictable exposures.

GBA is a third-party administrator that serves the self-funded employee health benefit marketplace by integrating effective managed care and quality assurance programs with claims administration services. The employee health benefit services provided by GBA are, in many instances, directly supported by GBS.

GB's and GBA's revenues for risk management services are substantially in the form of fees. These fees are typically negotiated in advance on an annual basis based upon the estimated value of the services to be performed.

Financial Services

Financial Services is primarily responsible for Gallagher's diversified investment portfolio which includes investment strategies--trading, marketable securities--available for sale, tax advantaged investments, real estate partnerships, an investment in Allied World Assurance Holdings, Ltd., venture capital equity investments, a minority investment in an alternative fund manager, notes receivable from investees, and a leased commercial aircraft. It manages the invested assets of Gallagher in order to maximize the return to the company.

3

Gallagher's equity investment philosophy generally consists of investing in tax advantaged investments and venture capital equity projects which take a long-term view toward private sale or public offering. Gallagher uses the limited partnership or limited liability company forms of legal ownership to fund many of its investments in order to obtain favorable tax treatment with respect to gains, losses and distributions, while limiting its liability. Based on the ownership structure of these investments, management believes that Gallagher's exposure to losses related to these investments is limited to the combination of its net carrying value, funding commitments, letters of credit and financial guarantees. See Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following is a summary of Gallagher's non cash and cash equivalent investment portfolio (in thousands):

	December	31,
	2001	2000
Investment strategiestrading	\$ 52,588 \$	51,897

Marketable securitiesavailable for sale	\$ 18,290	\$ 23,306
Tax advantaged investments Real estate partnerships Investment in Allied World Assurance Holdings, Ltd. (an insurance company) Venture capital equity investments Minority investment in alternative fund manager Notes receivable from investees Leased commercial aircraft	\$ 18,656 29,036 20,000 34,891 33,595 49,174 6,060	
Total investments included in noncurrent assets	\$191,412	\$144,596

Tax advantaged investments represent amounts invested by Gallagher in 36 limited partnerships (35 in 2000) that operate qualified affordable housing and alternative energy projects that are generating tax benefits to Gallagher on an ongoing basis. These benefits are in the form of both tax deductions for operating losses and tax credits. The tax advantaged investments are primarily accounted for using the effective yield method and are carried at amortized cost in the consolidated balance sheets. Under the effective yield method, Gallagher recognizes the tax credits as they are allocated by the partnerships, which are included, net of amortization of the investment, as a component of the provision for income taxes.

Real estate partnerships at December 31, 2001 and 2000 primarily represent an investment in a limited partnership that owns the building that Gallagher leases for its corporate headquarters and several of its subsidiary operations and an investment in a limited partnership that owns 11,000 acres of land near Orlando, Florida, that is currently under development. Investments in real estate partnerships are carried on the equity basis in the consolidated balance sheets, which approximated fair value at December 31, 2001 and 2000.

The investment in Allied World Assurance Holdings, Ltd. represents the Company's minority investment in a newly formed Bermuda based insurance and reinsurance company founded by American International Group, Inc., The Chubb Corporation and affiliates of Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Venture capital equity investments at December 31, 2001 and 2000 consist of minority investments in seventeen and thirteen, respectively, software, ecommerce, insurance and financial services companies, none of which exceeds \$7,000,000 individually. Investments in partially owned entities in which ownership is 20% to 50% are accounted for using the equity method. Accordingly, Gallagher's share of the net earnings of these entities is included in consolidated net earnings. Investments in partially owned entities in which ownership is less than 20% are carried at cost.

Gallagher's 25% investment in an alternative fund manager is accounted for on the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, Gallagher's share of the net earnings of this entity is included in consolidated net earnings.

4

Notes receivable from investees primarily represent secured loans made by Gallagher to twelve of its investments (five in 2000). Interest rates on the loans at December 31, 2001 and 2000 ranged from 5.5% to 12.0%. The carrying value of these loans at December 31, 2001 and 2000 approximated fair value.

The leased commercial aircraft represents Gallagher's 90% interest in a trust which leases a commercial jet to a major domestic airline. There is no debt remaining on the aircraft. The net carrying value of this investment approximated fair value at December 31, 2001 and 2000.

International Operations

Total revenues by geographic area for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001 are as follows (in thousands):

	2001		2000*		1999	*	
	Amount		Amount			% of Total	
United States Foreign, principally United	\$837 , 820	92	\$732 , 192	92	\$664 , 573	93	
Kingdom, Australia and Bermuda	72,223	8	63,081	8	48,957	7	
Total revenues	\$910,043	100	\$795,273	100	\$713,530	100 ===	

*Restated for seven 2001 acquisitions accounted for as poolings of interests.

The Insurance Brokerage Services segment's international operations are principally comprised of a Lloyd's of London broker and an insurance brokerage and risk management joint venture in the United Kingdom; an insurance brokerage operation and a "rent-a-captive" insurance company facility in Bermuda; reinsurance intermediary operations in Australia and Singapore; and a network of correspondent brokers and consultants in more than 100 countries around the world.

Arthur J. Gallagher (UK) Limited (AJG UK), a wholly owned Lloyd's of London brokerage subsidiary of Gallagher based in London, provides brokerage and other services to clientele primarily located outside of the United Kingdom. The principal activity of AJG UK is to negotiate and place insurance and reinsurance with Lloyd's of London underwriters and insurance companies worldwide. Its brokerage services encompass four major categories: aviation, marine, reinsurance (treaty and facultative) and property/casualty (risks predominantly located in North America). Although AJG UK is located in London, the thrust of its business development has been with non-United Kingdom brokers, agents and insurers rather than domestic United Kingdom retail business. Its clients are primarily insurance and reinsurance companies, underwriters at Lloyd's of London, Gallagher and its non-United Kingdom subsidiaries, other independent agents and brokers and major business corporations requiring direct insurance and reinsurance placements.

Risk Management Partners Ltd. (RMP) is a 50% owned joint venture between Gallagher and Munich-American Re Corporation that markets customized insurance and risk management products and services to United Kingdom public entities through offices in England and Scotland. RMP was formed in 1994 and Gallagher believes that RMP is now the third largest provider of insurance brokerage related services to the public entity market in the United Kingdom.

Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. (Bermuda) Limited provides clients with direct access to the risk-taking capacity of foreign insurers for both direct and reinsurance placements. It also acts as a wholesaler to Gallagher's marketing

efforts by accessing global insurance and reinsurance companies in the placement of United States and foreign risks. In addition, it provides services relating to the formation and management of offshore captive insurance companies.

Gallagher has ownership interests in two Bermuda-based insurance companies that operate "rent-a-captive" facilities; Artex Insurance Company Ltd., a partially owned joint venture, and Protected Insurance

5

Company, a wholly owned subsidiary. Rent-a-captives enable clients to receive the benefits of owning a captive insurance company without certain disadvantages of ownership. Captive insurance companies are created to insure risk and capture underwriting profit and investment income, which is then available for use by the insured generally for reducing future costs of their insurance programs.

Arthur J. Gallagher Australasia Pty Ltd. is a wholly owned subsidiary of Gallagher that is headquartered in Sydney, Australia. This subsidiary provides reinsurance placements for international or local Australian companies, and specialty programs and coverages for Australian and other clients through underwriting facilities with Lloyd's of London underwriters. Gallagher's reinsurance intermediary operations in Singapore are not material to Gallagher's Insurance Brokerage Services segment.

Insurance Brokerage Services also has strategic alliances with a variety of international brokers in countries where Gallagher does not have a physical presence. Through a network of correspondent brokers and consultants in more than 100 countries around the world, Gallagher is able to fully serve its clients' coverage and service needs wherever their operations are located.

The Risk Management Services segment's international operations are principally comprised of risk management companies in the United Kingdom, Australia, New Zealand and Papua New Guinea.

Gallagher Bassett International Ltd. (UK) (GB UK), a wholly owned subsidiary of GB, provides risk management services for foreign operations, as well as United States operations that are foreign controlled. Headquartered in London with offices throughout England and Scotland, GB UK works with insurance companies, reinsurance companies, overseas brokers, and risk managers of overseas organizations. Services include consulting, claims management, information management, loss control and property valuations.

Wyatt Gallagher Bassett Pty Ltd is a 50% owned joint venture of GB that is headquartered in Brisbane, Australia with facilities located throughout Australia, New Zealand and Papua New Guinea. Wyatt Gallagher Bassett is principally engaged in providing claims adjusting and risk management services in Australasia.

Gallagher also has risk management service facilities in Canada that are not material to Gallagher's Risk Management Services segment.

See Notes 13 and 15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional financial information related to Gallagher's foreign operations, including earnings before income taxes and identifiable assets, by operating segment, for 2001, 2000 and 1999.

Markets and Marketing

A large portion of the commission and fee business of Gallagher is derived

from all types of business institutions, not-for-profit organizations, associations and municipal and other governmental entities. Gallagher's clients include United States and multinational corporations engaged in a broad range of commercial and industrial businesses. Gallagher also places insurance for individuals, although this portion of the business is not material to Gallagher's operations. Gallagher services its clients through its network of more than 250 offices in the United States and eight countries abroad. No material part of Gallagher's business is dependent upon a single customer or on a few customers. The loss of any one customer would not have a materially adverse effect on Gallagher. In 2001, the largest single customer represented less than 3% of total revenues.

Gallagher believes that its ability to deliver comprehensively structured risk management and brokerage services, including the placement of reinsurance, is one of its major strengths. Gallagher also believes that its risk management business enhances and attracts insurance brokerage business due to the nature and strength of business relationships which it forms with clients when providing a variety of risk management services on an on-going basis.

6

Gallagher requires its employees serving in a sales or marketing capacity, including all executive officers of Gallagher, to enter into agreements with Gallagher restricting disclosure of confidential information and solicitation of clients and prospects of Gallagher upon their termination of employment. The confidentiality and non-solicitation provisions of such agreements terminate in the event of a hostile change in control of Gallagher, as defined therein.

Competition

Gallagher believes it is the fourth largest insurance broker worldwide in terms of total revenues. The insurance brokerage and service business is highly competitive and there are many insurance brokerage and service organizations as well as individuals throughout the world who actively compete with Gallagher in every area of its business. Two competing firms are significantly larger and have several times the commission and/or fee revenues of Gallagher. There are firms in a particular region or locality that are as large or larger than the particular local office of Gallagher. Gallagher believes that the primary factors determining its competitive position with other organizations in its industry are the quality of the services rendered and the overall costs to its clients.

Gallagher is also in competition with certain insurance companies that write insurance directly for their customers. Government benefits relating to health, disability, and retirement are also alternatives to private insurance and hence indirectly compete with the business of Gallagher. To date, such direct writing and government benefits have had, in the opinion of Gallagher, relatively little effect on its business and operations, but Gallagher can make no prediction as to their effect in the future.

Regulation

In every state and foreign jurisdiction in which Gallagher does business, Gallagher or an employee is required to be licensed or receive regulatory approval in order for Gallagher to conduct business. In addition to licensing requirements applicable to Gallagher, most jurisdictions require that individuals who engage in brokerage and certain insurance service activities be personally licensed.

Gallagher's insurance brokerage and risk management operations depend on its continued good standing under the licenses and approvals pursuant to which it

operates. Licensing laws and regulations vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. In all jurisdictions, the applicable licensing laws and regulations are subject to amendment or interpretation by regulatory authorities. Generally such authorities are vested with relatively broad and general discretion as to the granting, renewing and revoking of licenses and approvals.

2001 Acquisitions

In 2001, Gallagher acquired thirteen insurance brokerage firms and three benefits consulting companies.

On December 1, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Equity Insurance Managers, Inc., a Kentucky corporation engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business, in exchange for an initial cash payment of \$9,200,000 and a contingent obligation of \$800,000. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. Three key employees entered into three-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On November 1, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of MRS Holdings Limited, a United Kingdom company engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business, in exchange for 280,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. Nine principals entered into two-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On October 31, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Cashan & Company, a New Jersey corporation engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business, in exchange for 307,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. Three principals entered into three-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

7

On October 31, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Hartstein Associates, Inc., a New Jersey corporation engaged in the benefits insurance business, in exchange for 91,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock, an initial cash payment of \$3,000,000 and a contingent obligation of \$4,500,000. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. One principal and two key employees entered into three-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On September 1, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Henderson Philips Fine Arts, a Washington D.C. corporation engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business, in exchange for an initial cash payment of \$350,000 and a contingent obligation of \$1,150,000. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. Two key employees entered into three-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On August 31, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Central Surety Agency, Inc., a Wisconsin corporation engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business in exchange for 26,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a pooling of interests. One principal entered into a three-year employment agreement with Gallagher.

On August 31, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Midwest Surety Services, Inc., a Wisconsin corporation engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business in exchange for 32,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a pooling of interests. One principal entered into a three-year employment agreement with Gallagher.

On August 31, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of E.S. Susanin, Inc., a Connecticut corporation engaged in the insurance

brokerage and services business in exchange for 109,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a pooling of interests. One principal entered into a two-year employment agreement with Gallagher and two key employees entered into three-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On July 31, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Burgess & Associates, Inc., a Kansas corporation engaged in the benefits insurance business in exchange for 73,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a pooling of interests. Four principals entered into three-year employment agreements with Gallagher and two key employees entered into two-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On July 31, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of The InWest Group, Inc., a Texas corporation engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business in exchange for 407,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a pooling of interests. Four principals and two key employees entered into three-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On May 31, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of The Galtney Group, Inc. dba Healthcare Insurance Services, a Texas corporation engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business in exchange for 3,330,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a pooling of interests. One principal entered into a five-year employment agreement with Gallagher, three key employees entered into threeyear employment agreements with Gallagher and thirty-eight key employees entered into two-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On May 31, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Nelson/Monarch Insurance Services, Ltd., a Kentucky corporation engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business in exchange for 109,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a pooling of interests. One principal entered into a three-year employment agreement with Gallagher and one key employee entered into a two-year employment agreement with Gallagher.

On May 1, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Texas Insurance Agency, Inc.-Houston, a Texas corporation engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business, in exchange for an

8

initial cash payment of \$4,565,000 and a contingent obligation of \$1,500,000. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. Two principals entered into three-year employment agreements with Gallagher and six key employees entered into two-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On February 28, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of MDM Insurance Associates, Inc., a California corporation engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business in exchange for 752,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a pooling of interests. Three principals entered into three-year employment agreements with Gallagher and ten key employees entered into two-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On February 28, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of SKANCO International, Ltd., an Arizona corporation engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business in exchange for 263,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a pooling of interests. Two principals entered into three-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On February 28, 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Madison Scott & Associates, Inc., a Texas corporation engaged in the benefits insurance business in exchange for 34,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a pooling of interests. The principal entered into a three-year employment agreement with Gallagher.

2002 Acquisitions

The following acquisitions have occurred since December 31, 2001:

On February 28, 2002, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Life Plans Unlimited, Inc., a Connecticut corporation engaged in the benefits insurance business, in exchange for 127,000 shares of Gallagher's common stock and a contingent obligation of \$3,000,000 that, if earned, will be paid in additional shares of Gallagher common stock. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. Two principals entered into three-year employment agreements with Gallagher and two key employees entered into two-year employment agreements with Gallagher.

On February 28, 2002, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Thomas Sherwin Insurance Agency, Inc., a New Jersey company engaged in the insurance brokerage and services business, in exchange for an initial cash payment of \$800,000 and a contingent obligation of \$600,000. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase. The principal entered into a three-year employment agreement with Gallagher and one key employee entered into a oneyear employment agreement with Gallagher.

Gallagher believes that the net effect of these acquisitions has been and will be to expand significantly the volume of general services rendered by Gallagher and the geographical areas in which Gallagher renders such services and not to change substantially the nature of the services performed by Gallagher.

Gallagher is considering and intends to consider from time to time additional acquisitions and divestitures on terms that it deems advantageous. Gallagher at this time is engaged in preliminary discussions with a number of candidates for possible future acquisitions and has received signed, non-binding letters of intent from three acquisition candidates. No assurances can be given that any additional acquisitions or divestitures will be consummated, or, if consummated, will be advantageous to Gallagher.

Employees

As of December 31, 2001, Gallagher employed approximately 6,500 employees, none of whom is represented by a labor union. Gallagher continuously reviews benefits and other matters of interest to its employees and considers its relations with its employees to be satisfactory.

9

Item 2. Properties.

Gallagher's executive offices and certain subsidiary and branch facilities are located at Two Pierce Place, Itasca, Illinois, where Gallagher leases approximately 245,000 square feet of space. The lease commitment on this property expires February 28, 2006. Gallagher has an equity interest in the limited partnership that owns the Two Pierce Place property. See Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. Gallagher generally operates in leased premises. Certain office space leases have options permitting renewals for additional periods. In addition to minimum fixed rentals, a number of leases contain annual escalation clauses generally related to increases in an

inflation index. See Note 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information with respect to Gallagher's lease commitments at December 31, 2001.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

Gallagher is engaged in various legal actions incident to the nature of its business. Management is of the opinion that none of the litigation will have a material effect, individually or in the aggregate, on Gallagher's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during Gallagher's fourth fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2001.

Item 4A. Executive Officers of the Registrant.

The executive officers of Gallagher are as follows:

Name	Age	Position and Year First Elected
J. Patrick Gallagher	, Jr 50	President since 1990, Chief Executive Officer since 1995
Michael J. Cloherty.	54	Executive Vice President since 1996, Chief Financial Officer si and Vice PresidentFinance 1981-1996
James J. Braniff III	62	Vice President since 1995, President and Chief Operating Office since 1999
James W. Durkin, Jr.	52	Vice President since 1985, President of GBS since 1985
David E. McGurn, Jr.	48	Vice PresidentSpecialty Marketing & International since 1996, Vice President from 1993 to 1996
Richard J. McKenna	55	Vice President since 1994, President of GB since 2000

Each such person has been principally employed by Gallagher in management capacities for more than the past five years. All executive officers are elected annually and serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors.

10

PART II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Stock and Related Stockholder Matters.

Gallagher's common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, trading under the symbol "AJG." The following table sets forth information as to the price range of Gallagher's common stock for the two-year period January 1, 2000 through December 31, 2001 and the dividends declared per common share for such period. The table reflects the range of high and low sales prices per share as reported on the New York Stock Exchange composite listing.

> Dividends Declared Per Common High Low Share

Quarterly Periods

2001			
First. Second. Third. Fourth. 2000	29.200 34.000	22.230 25.370	\$.130 .130 .130 .130
 First Second Third. Fourth.	21.719 30.250	14.938 20.063	\$.115 .115 .115 .115

As of February 28, 2002, there were approximately 700 holders of record of Gallagher's common stock.

11

Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

GROWTH RECORD: 1992-2001(a)

	Average Annual			 	
(in thousands, except per share and employee data)	Growth		2001		
Revenue Data					
Commissions Fees Investment income and other		\$	534,450 324,864 50,729	281,235	235,879 39,945
Total revenues			910,043		
Dollar growth Percent growth	9%	\$	114,770 14%	, 11%	8%
Pretax Earnings Data					
Pretax earnings Dollar growth			141,853 8,114		
Percent growth	18%	ų			53%
Pretax earnings as a percentage of total revenues					18%
Net Earnings Data				 	
Net earnings			125 , 256		
Dollar growth	1.0.0	\$	32,301		
Percent growth Net earnings as a percentage of total	19%		35%	128	24%
revenues			14%	12%	12%
Net Earnings Per Share Data				 	
Shares outstanding at year end Net earnings per common and common			85,111	84,540	82,157
equivalent share (b)		\$	1.39	\$ 1.04	\$.97
Percent growth	18%		34%	 7%	21%

Employee Data Number at year end Number growth Percent growth Total revenues per employee (c) Net earnings per employee (c)	6%	\$ \$ 	6,488 785 14% 140 19	\$	\$ 216 4%
Common Stock Dividend Data Dividends declared per common share (d) Total dividends declared Percent of same year net earnings		\$ \$ 	43,534	\$.46 35,539 38%	\$ 29,202
Balance Sheet Data Total assets Long-term debt less current portion Total stockholders' equity				L,135,488 328,900	
Return On Beginning Stockholders' Equity.			38%	36%	31%

Notes:

- (a) The financial information for all periods prior to 2001 has been restated for seven 2001 acquisitions accounted for using the pooling of interests method.
- (b) Based on the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding during the year.
- (c) Based on the number of employees at year end.
- (d) Based on the total dividends declared on a share of common stock outstanding during the entire year.

1	2
Ŧ	2

	icarb bliaca	December 51,				
1998	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993	1992
\$419,460	\$392,427	\$376 , 083	\$362 , 259	\$330 , 169	\$295 , 329	\$270 , 452
213 , 360	186,014	176,411	166,111	147,265	134,422	115 , 390
25,289	40,452	34,214	26,929	17,137	23,223	19,392
\$658 , 109	\$618 , 893	\$586 , 708	\$555 , 299	\$494,571	\$452,974	\$405,234
\$ 39,216	\$ 32,185	\$ 31,409	\$ 60 , 728	\$ 41 , 597	\$ 47,740	\$ 32 , 475
6%	5%	6%	12%	9%	12%	9%
\$ 83,166	\$ 94,672	\$ 79 , 974	\$ 77 , 599	\$ 67 , 802	\$ 59 , 607	\$ 44,645
\$(11,506)	\$ 14,698	\$ 2 , 375	\$ 9 , 797	\$ 8,195	\$ 14,962	\$ 12 , 650
(12응)	18%	3%	14%	14%	34%	40%
13%	15%	14%	14%	14%	13%	11%
\$ 66 , 879	\$ 63,388	\$ 52 , 985	\$ 48,437	\$ 43 , 536	\$ 36,068	\$ 28,030
\$ 3,491	\$ 10,403	\$ 4,548	\$ 4,901	\$ 7,468	\$ 8,038	\$ 5,825
6%	20%	9%	11%	21%	29%	26%
10%	10%	98	9%	9%	8%	7%

Years Ended December 31,

81	,169	7	79,257	7	8,612	7	8,900	7	9,724	8	31,344		79 , 124
\$.80 3%	Ş 	.78 20%	\$.65 10%	\$.59 11%	\$.53 23%	\$.43 26%	\$.34 27%
5 \$,117 210 4% 129 13	\$ \$	4,907 35 1% 126 13	\$ \$ 	4,872 78 2% 120 11	\$ \$ 	4,794 412 9% 116 10	\$ \$ 	4,382 224 5% 113 10	\$ \$	4,158 269 7% 109 9	\$ \$ 	3,889 224 6% 104 7
	.35 ,218 36%		.31 20,408 32%	\$ 1	.29 8,399 35%		.25 5,270 32%		.22 3,209 30%		.18 .0,808 .30%	\$ \$.16 8,767 31%
	,461 ,668		48,746 39,455		7,829 1,130 1,795		2,305 2,260 3,651		0,652 3,390 7,307	2	7,051 8,166 7,859		72,238 23,888 44,227
	28%		31%		29%		31%		24%		25%		23%

13

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Introduction

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with Arthur J. Gallagher & Co.'s Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes thereto that are included elsewhere in this annual report.

Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. (Gallagher) provides insurance brokerage and risk management services to a wide variety of commercial, industrial, institutional and governmental organizations. Commission revenue is principally generated through the negotiation and placement of insurance for its clients. Fee revenue is primarily generated by providing other risk management services including claims management, information management, risk control services and appraisals in either the property/casualty market or human resource/employee benefit market. Investment income and other is generated from Gallagher's investment portfolio, which includes fiduciary funds, equity securities, and tax advantaged and other strategic investments. Gallagher is headquartered in Itasca, Illinois, has more than 250 offices in nine countries and does business in more than 100 countries around the world through a network of correspondent brokers and consultants.

Insurance Market Overview

For more than a decade prior to 2000, heavy competition for market share resulted in low premium rates among property/casualty insurance carriers. This "soft market" (i.e., low premium rates) generally resulted in flat or reduced renewal commissions. During this soft market period, natural catastrophes resulted in billions of dollars in underwriting losses to the insurance market. Substantial mergers, both domestically and internationally, resulted in fewer insurance companies. Increased property replacement costs and increasingly

large litigation awards caused some clients to seek higher levels of insurance coverage. These factors would generally have the effect of generating higher premiums to clients and higher commissions to Gallagher. In spite of these forces, there were opposing factors including favorable equity markets, increased underwriting capital causing heavy competition for market share and improved economies of scale following consolidations, all of which tended to lower premium rates. The net result was property/casualty premium rates remained low through 1999. Years of underwriting losses and the downward turn in equity markets in 2000 and 2001 placed insurers in the situation of having to replenish depleted reserves. Many carriers began to increase premium rates in 2000 and continued to do so throughout 2001.

The insurance industry was jolted by the tragic terrorist attacks that occurred on September 11, 2001. The destruction and devastation of those events have resulted in the largest insurance loss in America's history and have reshaped the insurance marketplace more rapidly than expected. Along with this historic loss, larger than anticipated loss experience across all risks, stock market declines, lower interest rates and diminished risk capacity have led to unprecedented short-term premium rate increases. Higher premium rates are referred to as a "hard market" and generally result in increased commission revenues. Fluctuations in premiums charged by insurance companies have a direct and potentially material impact on the insurance brokerage industry. Commission revenues are generally based on a percentage of the premiums paid by insureds and normally follow premium levels. Thus, a hard market will generally contribute positively to Gallagher's operating results, and since September 11th, the premium rates charged by insurance companies have soared having a positive impact on Gallagher's 2001 operating results in spite of some insurance companies' efforts to reduce commission rates during the upturn in premium pricing. Although, management believes this hard market will continue for the foreseeable future, the longevity of the hard market and its future effect on Gallagher's business is difficult to predict.

In a period of rising insurance costs, there is resistance among certain "risk" buyers (Gallagher's clients) to pay increased premiums and the higher commissions generated by these premiums. Such resistance may cause some buyers to raise their deductibles and/or reduce the overall amount of insurance coverage that they purchase. In addition, some buyers will switch to negotiated fee in lieu of commission arrangements with the

14

broker for placing the risk. These factors will reduce commission revenue to Gallagher. Other buyers will move toward the alternative insurance market, which would tend to have a favorable effect on Gallagher's Risk Management Services segment. Gallagher anticipates that new sales and renewal increases in the areas of risk management, claims management, insurance captive and self-insurance services will continue to be a major factor in Gallagher's fee revenue growth during 2002. Though inflation tends to increase the levels of insured values and risk exposures, premium rates charged by insurance companies have had a greater impact on Gallagher's revenues than inflation.

Gallagher continues to look to the future and to pursue expansion not only in the core business segments of Insurance Brokerage and Risk Management Services, but also within Financial Services. Management believes these areas continue to hold opportunities for diversification and profitable growth.

Critical Accounting Policies

Gallagher's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP), which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts

reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a complete summary of the significant accounting policies used to prepare Gallagher's consolidated financial statements. Gallagher believes that of the significant accounting policies disclosed in Note 1, the following may involve a higher degree of judgment and complexity.

Revenue Recognition

Commission revenues are recognized at the latter of the billing or the effective date of the related insurance policies, net of an allowance for estimated policy cancellations. Commission revenues related to installment premiums are recognized periodically as billed. Contingent commissions and commissions on premiums directly billed by insurance companies are recognized as revenue when the data necessary to reasonably determine such amounts has been obtained by Gallagher. The income effects of subsequent premium adjustments are recorded when the adjustments become known. Fee revenues are recognized ratably as the services are rendered. The income effects of subsequent fee adjustments are recorded when the adjustments become known. Premiums and fees receivable in the consolidated balance sheets are net of allowances for estimated policy cancellations and doubtful accounts. The allowance for estimated policy cancellations is established through a charge to revenues, while the allowance for doubtful accounts is established through a charge to other operating expenses. Both of these allowances are based on estimates and assumptions using historical data to project future experience. Gallagher periodically reviews the adequacy of these allowances and makes adjustments as necessary. The use of different estimates or assumptions could produce different results.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Investment strategies are considered trading securities and consist primarily of limited partnerships which invest in common stocks. These securities are carried at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, with unrealized gains and losses included in the consolidated statements of earnings. The fair value of investment strategies is determined by reference to the fair values of the underlying common stocks which are primarily based on quoted market prices. Marketable securities are considered available for sale and consist primarily of preferred and common stocks. These securities are carried at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, with unrealized gains and losses, less related deferred income taxes, excluded from net earnings and reported as accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss) in stockholders' equity section of the consolidated balance sheets. The fair value for marketable securities is primarily based on quoted market prices. To the extent that quoted market prices are not available, fair value is determined based on other relevant factors including dealer price quotations, price quotations for similar instruments in different markets and pricing models. Pricing models and their underlying assumptions impact the amount and timing of unrealized gains and losses recognized and the use of different pricing models or assumptions could produce different results.

15

Use of Estimates

In the preparation of Gallagher's consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP, certain estimates and assumptions are made that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Estimates and assumptions are used to calculate liabilities and expenses in several areas including the following: defined benefit pension plan, retiree health benefits plan, self-funded employee benefit plans, self-funded insurance

programs and stock options. The calculation of these liabilities and expenses are based on estimates and assumptions using historical data and recognized actuarial methods to project future experience. Gallagher periodically reviews the adequacy of the assumptions used and makes adjustments as necessary. The use of different estimates or assumptions could produce different results.

Results of Operations--Consolidated

During 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of sixteen insurance brokerage firms, ten of which were accounted for as poolings of interests. For seven of the acquisitions that were accounted for as poolings of interests, Gallagher's results of operations for all periods presented have been restated as if they had operated as part of Gallagher prior to their acquisition dates. Gallagher continues to search for merger partners which complement existing operations, provide entry into new markets, add new products and enhance local sales and service capabilities. For the effect of these restatements, in the aggregate, on period to period comparisons, see Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 141 which eliminates the pooling-of-interests method of accounting for business combinations except for qualifying business combinations that were initiated prior to July 1, 2001. Gallagher initiated five business combinations prior to July 1, 2001 that were completed in the third quarter of 2001 and were accounted for as poolings of interests because they met the qualifying criteria of SFAS 141. In June 2001, the FASB also issued SFAS 142 which no longer permits the amortization of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets. Instead, these assets will be subject to periodic review for impairment (at least annually or more frequently if impairment indicators arise). Gallagher will apply the new rules on accounting for pre-existing goodwill and other intangible assets beginning in the first quarter of 2002. Application of the nonamortization provisions of SFAS 142 is expected to result in an increase in pretax earnings of \$1.3 million per year. During 2002, Gallagher will perform the first of the required tests of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets as of January 1, 2002. Exclusive of the nonamortization provisions of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets, management does not expect the adoption of SFAS 142 will have a material effect on Gallagher's consolidated operating results or financial position. See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Commission revenues increased by \$64.2 million or 14% in 2001. This increase generated by the Insurance Brokerage Services segment is the result of record new business of \$99.8 million and rate increases partially offset by lost business of \$60.3 million and a reduction in revenue from national insurance revenue sharing programs. Commission revenues increased by \$32.5 million or 7% in 2000. This increase, also generated by the Insurance Brokerage Services segment was the result of new business production and rate increases partially offset by lost business and a reduction in revenue from national insurance revenue sharing programs.

Fee revenues increased by \$43.6 million or 16% in 2001. This increase, generated primarily from the Risk Management Services segment, resulted from strong new business production of \$55.3 million and renewal rate increases and favorable retention rates on existing business partially offset by lost business of \$24.6 million. Fee revenues increased by \$45.4 million or 19% in 2000. This increase, also generated primarily from Risk Management Services, resulted from new business production of \$41.4 million and favorable retention rates on existing business partially offset by lost business of \$13.2 million.

Investment income and other increased by \$6.9 million or 16% in 2001 due primarily to results generated by Gallagher's unconsolidated equity investment portfolio, realized gains generated from Gallagher's

16

marketable securities portfolio, installment gains of \$11.9 million on the three alternative energy sale transactions discussed below and income generated from commitment fees paid to Gallagher for providing letters of credit and financial guarantees to several of its tax advantaged investments, real estate partnerships and venture capital equity projects. Gallagher also recognized a gain in 2001 of \$2.4 million on the sale of a benefits administration book of business. Income from Gallagher's unconsolidated equity investment portfolio increased in 2001 by \$2.5 million due primarily to \$3.0 million of income that was generated from Gallagher recording its proportionate share of income from an equity investment in a real estate partnership that is currently developing land in Florida. See Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a summary of the components of investment income and other.

Income from tax advantaged investments in 2001 relates to the sales of interests in three alternative energy related limited partnerships. During the third quarter of 2001, Gallagher entered into a transaction for the sale of a 95% interest in one of its synthetic fuel facilities located in South Carolina. Under the sale agreement, Gallagher received an initial nonrefundable down payment of \$6.7 million and will receive additional installment payments over time through 2007 based on qualified fuel production generated by the facility. The buyer has the option to put the purchased interest back to Gallagher if favorable tax rulings are not received by March 1, 2003. In the event of a put, Gallagher would retain the down payment and installment payments made through the put date. The aggregate pretax installment gain on the transaction is expected to range from \$36.0 million to \$106.0 million and will be recognized on an installment basis through December 31, 2007. In 2001, Gallagher

During the fourth quarter of 2001, Gallagher completed the sale of a twothirds interest in a partnership that owns a 59.9% interest in a synthetic fuel facility also located in South Carolina. Gallagher received an initial down payment of \$3.2 million with additional installment payments over time through 2007 based on qualified fuel production generated by the facility. The buyer has the option to put the purchased interest back to Gallagher if certain adverse tax consequences occur through December 31, 2007. In the event of a put, Gallagher would retain all installment payments made through the put date and a pro-rated portion of the initial down payment. The aggregate pretax installment gain on the transaction is expected to range from \$48.0 million to \$70.0 million and will be recognized on an installment basis through December 31, 2007. In 2001, Gallagher recognized an installment gain of \$2.0 million on this sale transaction. The buyer also had the option, through March 31, 2002, to acquire from Gallagher another one-sixth interest in the partnership at proportionally equivalent terms. In January 2002, the buyer exercised this option, which had no impact on Gallagher's 2001 results.

Effective December 31, 2000, Gallagher completed the sale of its interests in several partnerships that operate landfill gas facilities. Gallagher received an initial down payment of \$8.7 million with additional installment payments over time through 2007 based on qualified fuel production generated by the facilities. The aggregate pretax installment gain on the transaction is expected to range from \$12.0 million to \$22.0 million and will be recognized on an installment basis through December 31, 2007. In 2001, Gallagher recognized an installment gain of \$1.3 million on this sale transaction. This transaction had no impact on Gallagher's 2000 results.

The increases in investment income discussed above were partially offset by the 9.2 million in income related to Gallagher's alternative energy related investments recognized in 2000 and to a 6.0 million reduction in interest

income generated from the float on fiduciary funds in 2001. The decrease in the fiduciary interest income is due to the decrease in short-term interest rates between 2000 and 2001.

Investment income and other increased \$3.8 million or 10% in 2000. This increase was due primarily to \$9.2 million in income related to Gallagher's alternative energy related investments, and higher returns on fiduciary income investments which was partially offset by other income recognized in 1999 by an acquisition accounted for as a pooling of interests.

Salaries and employee benefits increased by \$62.9 million or 15% in 2001. This increase is higher than usual and is due primarily to a 14% increase in employee headcount, salary increases, increases in incentive

17

compensation linked to Gallagher's overall operating results and the performance of Gallagher's investment portfolio, the annualized effect of prior year new hires, and a corresponding increase in employee benefit expenses. The increase in employee headcount relates to the hiring of additional staff to support the new business growth previously discussed and to an ongoing initiative to hire additional production personnel to generate future revenue growth. In 2000, salaries and employee benefits increased by \$48.7 million or 13% due to a 7% increase in employee headcount, salary increases, increases in incentive compensation linked to Gallagher's overall operating results and the performance of a portion of Gallagher's investments portfolio, the annualized effect of prior year new hires and a corresponding increase in employee benefit expenses.

Other operating expenses increased by \$22.7 million or 9% in 2001 due primarily to fees for professional services and business insurance related to Gallagher's tax advantaged investments, real estate partnerships and venture capital equity projects and to performance-related investment fees. In addition, Gallagher experienced increases in expenses in 2001 related to increased leased space, temporary help needed to service new risk management and claims business and commissions paid to sub-brokers. Other operating expenses increased by \$26.3 million or 12% in 2000 due primarily to increases in professional fees related to acquisition activity and investment projects, management fees related to positive investment results, commissions paid to sub-brokers, write-off of doubtful accounts, increased leased space, temporary help needed to service the new risk management and claims business and travel and entertainment.

Partnership investment expenses of \$21.1 million in 2001 represent the ongoing expenses associated with the operations of synthetic fuel facilities. The increase in these expenses in 2001 relates to the production costs incurred by the alternative energy partnerships that generated a substantial portion of the tax credits earned by Gallagher in 2001.

Gallagher's effective income tax rates were 11.7%, 30.5% and 34.5% in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. These rates are net of the effect of tax credits generated by investments in alternative energy related partnerships that operate synthetic fuel facilities and limited partnerships that operate qualified affordable housing, which are partially offset by state and foreign taxes. The reduction in the effective income tax rate in 2001 from the prior year is due to a \$23.4 million increase in tax credits earned, net of amortization expense in 2001. This increase in the amount of tax credits earned was generated from Gallagher's alternative energy related partnerships. See Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. As a result of these sales of interests in alternative energy facilities, Gallagher expects its income tax rate to increase to a more normalized level in 2002.

Gallagher's foreign operations recorded earnings before income taxes of \$8.4 million, \$7.9 million and \$5.0 million in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. The increase in 2001 is due primarily to new business production partially offset by lost business. The increase in 2000 is due primarily to new business and the \$1.2 million write-off in 1999 of intangible assets associated with lost business. See Notes 13 and 15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Gallagher's revenues vary from quarter-to-quarter generally as a result of the timing of policy inception dates which traditionally are heaviest in the third quarter. Expenses, on the other hand, are fairly uniform throughout the year. See Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Results of Operations--Segment Information

As discussed in Note 15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, Gallagher operates in three business segments; Insurance Brokerage Services, Risk Management Services and Financial Services, as well as a Corporate segment.

Insurance Brokerage Services

The Insurance Brokerage Services segment encompasses operations that, for commission or fee compensation, place or arrange to place insurance directly related to the clients' managing of risk. This

18

segment also provides consulting services, for fee compensation, related to the clients' risk financing programs and includes Gallagher's retail, reinsurance and wholesale insurance brokerage operations.

Total revenues in 2001 were \$608.3 million, a 13% increase over 2000. This increase is due primarily to new business production offset partially by lost business and a \$5.6 million reduction in interest income generated from the float on fiduciary funds in 2001. The decrease in the fiduciary interest income is due to the decrease in short-term interest rates between 2000 and 2001. Total domestic revenues of \$560.4 million were up 12% over 2000. Revenues in 2001 from foreign operations, principally in the United Kingdom, Australia and Bermuda, were up 18% or \$7.4 million over 2000. This increase is due primarily to new business production offset partially by lost business. Earnings before income taxes in 2001 increased 16% over 2000 principally as a result of increased revenues. Total revenues in 2000 were \$538.9 million, an increase of 8% over 1999. This increase again is due to new business production partially offset by lost business. Total domestic revenues of \$498.4 million were up 7% over 1999. Revenues in 2000 from foreign operations, primarily in the United Kingdom, Australia and Bermuda, were up 22% over 1999 mainly due to \$2.2 million attributable to the 2000 acquisition of MBR Pty Limited. Earnings before income taxes of \$100.3 million in 2000 increased 3% over 1999 due mainly to increased revenues.

Risk Management Services

The Risk Management Services segment includes Gallagher's third party administration, loss control and risk management consulting, workers' compensation investigations and insurance property appraisal operations. Third party administration is principally claims management programs for Gallagher's clients or clients of other brokers.

Total revenues in 2001 were \$264.7 million or 14% over 2000 due to strong new business production and favorable retention rates on existing business. Total domestic revenues of \$242.4 million in 2001 were up 15% over 2000 due primarily

to new business and substantially less lost business than in 2000. In 2001, foreign revenues of \$22.3 million, principally from the United Kingdom and Australia, increased 2% over 2000 due to new business production. Earnings before income taxes in 2001 of \$35.3 million increased 6% over 2000 due primarily to revenue increases, which were partially offset by moderate increases in expenses. Total revenues in 2000 were \$232.3 million or 20% over 1999 due to strong new business production and favorable retention rates on existing business. Total domestic revenues of \$210.4 million increased 17% over 1999 due primarily to new business and substantially less lost business than in 1999. In 2000, foreign revenues of \$21.9 million, principally from the United Kingdom and Australia, increased 57% over 1999 due to new business production and a significant increase in revenues from Australian operations for claims work performed as a result of tainted aviation fuel in Australia. Earnings before income taxes in 2000 increased 43% over 1999 due primarily to increased revenues, which were partially offset by a moderate increase in expenses.

Financial Services

The Financial Services segment is responsible for the management of Gallagher's diversified investment portfolio, which includes fiduciary funds, marketable and other equity securities, and tax advantaged and other strategic investments. The invested assets of Gallagher are managed in this segment in order to maximize the return to the company.

Total revenues in 2001 were \$37.3 million or 55% more than total revenues in 2000 due primarily to results generated by Gallagher's unconsolidated equity investment portfolio, realized gains generated from Gallagher's marketable securities portfolio, installment gains of \$11.9 million on the three alternative energy sale transactions previously discussed in "Results Of Operations--Consolidated" and to income generated from commitment fees paid to Gallagher for providing letters of credit and financial guarantees to several of its tax advantaged investments, real estate partnerships and venture capital equity projects. Gallagher also recognized a gain in 2001 of \$2.4 million on the sale of a benefits administration book of business. Income from Gallagher's unconsolidated equity investment portfolio increased in 2001 by \$2.5 million due primarily to

19

\$3.0 million of income that was generated from Gallagher recording its proportionate share of income from an equity investment in a real estate partnership that is currently developing land in Florida.

In 2001, earnings before income taxes decreased \$7.5 million or 58% from 2000 due primarily to the increase in partnership investment expenses of \$21.1 million in 2001 which represent the ongoing expenses associated with the operations of synthetic fuel facilities. The increase in these expenses in 2001 relates to the production costs that were incurred by the alternative energy partnerships in order to generate the tax credits that were earned by Gallagher in 2001. The tax credits generated by these investments are included in the provision for income taxes, which is not allocated to Gallagher's operating entities.

Total revenues in 2000 increased 22% over 1999. This increase is due primarily to \$9.2 million of income related to Gallagher's alternative energy related investments and higher returns on short-term investments. Earnings before income taxes in 2000 decreased \$532,000 or 4% from 1999 due primarily to increases in incentive compensation linked to the performance of Gallagher's investment portfolio and increased management fees associated with positive investment results for Gallagher's independently managed investment portfolio.

Corporate

The Corporate segment consists of unallocated administrative costs and the provision for income taxes which is not allocated to Gallagher's operating entities. Only revenues not attributable to one of the three operating segments are recorded in Corporate. All costs are generated in the United States.

Financial Condition and Liquidity

The insurance brokerage industry is not capital intensive. The capital used to fund Gallagher's investment portfolio has been primarily generated from the excess cash provided by its operations. Cash generated from operating activities was \$130.3 million, \$155.0 million and \$93.1 million in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Because of the variability related to the timing of premiums and fees receivable and premiums payable, net cash flows from operations vary substantially from year to year. Funds restricted as to Gallagher's use, primarily premiums held as fiduciary funds, have not been included in determining Gallagher's overall liquidity. Currently, Gallagher believes it has sufficient capital to meet its cash flow needs. However, in the event that Gallagher needs capital to fund its operations and investing requirements, it would use borrowings under its credit agreement to meet its short-term needs and would consider other alternatives for its long-term needs. Such alternatives would include raising capital through public markets or restructuring its operations in the event that cash flows from operations are reduced dramatically due to lost business. However, Gallagher has historically been profitable, and cash flows from operations and short-term borrowings under its credit agreements have been sufficient to fund Gallagher's operating, investment and capital expenditure needs. Gallagher expects this favorable cash flow trend to continue in the future.

In 2000, Gallagher and one of its significant subsidiaries entered into an unsecured Revolving Credit Agreement (the Revolving Credit Agreement), which expires on September 10, 2003, with a group of five financial institutions. The Revolving Credit Agreement provides for short-term and long-term revolving credit commitments of \$100.0 million and \$50.0 million, respectively. The facility provides for loans and letters of credit. Letters of credit are limited to \$75.0 million of which up to \$50.0 million may be issued under the long-term facility and up to \$25.0 million may be issued under the short-term credit facility in the determination of net funds available for future borrowing. The Revolving Credit Agreement provides for borrowings to be denominated in either U.S. dollars or Alternative Currencies, as defined in the credit agreement. In addition, the credit agreement has two borrowing options, Domestic Rate Loans and Eurocurrency Loans, as defined in the credit agreement. Interest rates on borrowings under the Domestic Rate Loan option are based on the prime commercial rate and interest rates on borrowings under the Eurocurrency Loan option are based on LIBOR plus .400% for short-term and longterm revolving credit commitments. The facility fee related to this credit agreement is based on .100% of the used and unused portions of the short-term and long-term revolving credit commitments.

20

As of December 31, 2001, under the long-term credit facility, Gallagher has contingently committed to funding \$45.9 million through letter of credit arrangements related to its corporate insurance programs and several of its equity and other strategic investments. Also, as of December 31, 2001, there were \$35.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the Revolving Credit Agreement. Accordingly, Gallagher had \$69.1 million available for future borrowing. In 2001, Gallagher borrowed \$206.7 million and repaid \$171.7 million of short-term borrowings under this facility. These borrowings were used on a short-term basis to finance a portion of Gallagher's operating and investment

activities and stock repurchases. There were no borrowings under this facility in 2000. Terms of the Revolving Credit Agreement include various covenants that require Gallagher to maintain specified levels of tangible net worth and restrict the amount of payments on certain expenditures. Gallagher was in compliance with these covenants, in all material respects, as of December 31, 2001.

Gallagher had a \$20.0 million unsecured revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") requiring repayment of any loans under the agreement no later than June 30, 2001. During 2000 and 1999, Gallagher borrowed and repaid \$10.0 million and \$20.0 million, respectively, of short-term borrowings under the Credit Agreement. These borrowings were primarily used to finance a portion of Gallagher's operating and investment activity. In September 2000, Gallagher terminated this agreement.

Gallagher also had three line of credit facilities totaling \$45.0 million that were to expire on April 30, 2001. Periodically, Gallagher made short-term borrowings under these facilities to meet short-term cash flow needs and had a balance of \$15.0 million outstanding at December 31, 1999. During 2000, Gallagher borrowed \$35.0 million and repaid \$50.0 million of borrowings under these facilities. During 1999, Gallagher borrowed \$78.5 million and repaid \$78.5 million of short-term borrowings under these facilities. The repayments satisfied all remaining loan balances under these facilities and these agreements were terminated in September 2000. Borrowings under these facilities were primarily used to finance a portion of Gallagher's operating and investment activities.

Recently, the issue of off-balance sheet financing has been prominent in the news and has become a topic of concern among many investors. Gallagher's investment portfolio includes investments in real estate partnerships and venture capital equity projects where Gallagher's ownership is between 20% to 50%. As a result, these investments are accounted for using the equity method and as such, the balance sheets of the investees are not consolidated in Gallagher's consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2001 and 2000. The December 31, 2001 and 2000 balance sheets of several of the unconsolidated equity investments contain outstanding debt, which is not required to be included in Gallagher's consolidated balance sheet. See Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a summary of the outstanding debt of Gallagher's unconsolidated investments accounted for using the equity method. In addition, Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements related to its investments accounted for using the equity method.

Gallagher uses the limited partnership or limited liability company forms of legal ownership to fund many of its investments in order to obtain favorable tax treatment with respect to gains, losses and distributions, while limiting its liability. Based on the ownership structure of these investments, management believes that Gallagher's exposure to losses related to these investments is limited to the combination of its net carrying value, funding commitments, letters of credit and financial guarantees. In the event that certain of these limited partnerships or limited liability companies were to default on their debt obligations and Gallagher's net carrying value became impaired, the amount to be written-off could have a material effect on Gallagher's consolidated financial position or operating results. See Notes 5 and 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional commitments and contingencies.

Gallagher paid \$41.6 million in cash dividends on its common stock in 2001. Gallagher's dividend policy is determined by the Board of Directors. Quarterly dividends are declared after considering Gallagher's available cash from earnings and its anticipated cash needs. In each quarter of 2001, Gallagher paid a dividend of \$.13 per share which was \$.015 or 13% greater than each

quarterly dividend in 2000. On January 24, 2002, Gallagher declared a 15% increase in its quarterly cash dividend to \$.15 payable on April 15, 2002 to Shareholders of Record as of March 29, 2002.

21

Net capital expenditures were \$24.3 million, \$15.2 million and \$18.1 million in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. In 2002, Gallagher expects to make expenditures for capital improvements of approximately \$25.0 million. Capital expenditures by Gallagher are related primarily to office moves and expansions and updating computer systems and equipment.

In 1988, Gallagher adopted a common stock repurchase plan that has been extended through June 30, 2002. Under the plan, Gallagher has repurchased 3,359,000 shares at a cost of \$104.1 million, 1,500,000 shares at a cost of \$31.3 million, and 1,524,000 shares at a cost of \$18.4 million in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. The repurchased shares are held for reissuance in connection with exercises of options under Gallagher's stock option plans. Under the provisions of the repurchase plan, Gallagher is authorized to repurchase approximately 2.3 million additional shares through June 30, 2002. Gallagher is under no commitment or obligation to repurchase any particular amount of common stock and at its discretion may suspend the repurchase plan at any time.

Effective with changes in the United States federal income tax laws in 1997, Gallagher no longer provides for federal income taxes on the undistributed earnings of its foreign subsidiaries which are considered permanently invested outside the United States. At December 31, 2001, Gallagher had \$32.0 million of undistributed earnings from its foreign subsidiaries. See Note 13 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. Although not considered available for domestic needs, the undistributed earnings generated by certain foreign subsidiaries referred to above may be used to finance foreign operations and acquisitions.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

In connection with its operating and investing activities, Gallagher has entered into certain contractual obligations, as well as commitments to fund certain investments. See Notes 4, 5 and 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion on these obligations and commitments.

Gallagher's future cash payments associated with its contractual obligations pursuant to the Revolving Credit Agreement and operating leases as of December 31, 2001 are as follows (in thousands):

	Payments Due by Period						
Contractual Obligations	2002	2003 to 2004	2005 to 2006	Thereafter	Total		
Revolving credit agreement Operating leases	•	\$ 60,897	\$ 36,962	\$ 45,905	\$ 35,000 185,297		
Total contractual obligations	\$76,533	\$60,897	\$36,962	\$45,905	\$220,297		

Gallagher's commitments associated with outstanding letters of credit, financial guarantees and funding commitments as of December 31, 2001 are as follows (in thousands):

	Amount	of Commitment	Expiration 1	by Period	Total Amounts
Other Commitments	2002	2003 to 2004	2005 to 2006	Thereafter	
Letters of credit	\$ 645	\$ 7 , 252	\$3 , 530	\$34,504	\$ 45,931
Financial guarantees	6,250	27,250		5,100	38,600
Funding commitments	15,600				15,600
Total other					
commitments	\$22 , 495	\$34 , 502	\$3,530	\$39,604	\$100 , 131
			======		

Since commitments may expire unused, the amounts presented in the table above do not necessarily reflect the actual future cash funding requirements of Gallagher.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Gallagher is exposed to various market risks, including changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. Market risk is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such

22

as interest and foreign currency exchange rates and equity prices. Gallagher does not enter into derivatives or other similar financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. The following analyses present the hypothetical loss in fair value of the financial instruments held by Gallagher at December 31, 2001 and 2000, that are sensitive to changes in interest rates and equity prices. The range of changes in interest rates used in the analyses reflects Gallagher's view of changes that are reasonably possible over a one year period. This discussion of market risks related to Gallagher's consolidated balance sheets includes estimates of future economic environments caused by changes in market risks. The effect of actual changes in these risk factors may differ materially from Gallagher's estimates. In the ordinary course of business, Gallagher also faces risks that are either nonfinancial or unquantifiable, including credit risk and legal risk. These risks are not included in the following analyses.

Gallagher has a comprehensive and diversified investment portfolio. Gallagher's invested assets are held as cash and cash equivalents, investment strategies--trading and marketable securities--available for sale. Accordingly, these assets are subject to various market risk exposures such as interest rate risk and equity price risk.

The fair value of Gallagher's cash and cash equivalents investment portfolio at December 31, 2001 and 2000 approximated its carrying value due to its shortterm duration. Market risk was estimated as the potential decrease in fair value resulting from a hypothetical one percentage point increase in interest rates for the instruments contained in the cash and cash equivalents investment portfolio. The resulting fair value was not materially different from the carrying values at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

At December 31, 2001 and 2000, the fair value of Gallagher's investment strategies--trading portfolio was \$52.6 million and \$51.9 million, respectively. From an investment management perspective, this portfolio, which is managed by several independent fund managers, consists of two different components: an equity portfolio of \$6.9 million and \$7.2 million and an alternative investment strategies portfolio of \$45.7 million and \$44.7 million at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

The equity portfolio is subject to equity price risk. It is not hedged, consists of common stocks and is primarily managed to produce realized gains for Gallagher. The estimated potential loss in fair value of this equity component resulting from a hypothetical decrease in prices quoted by stock exchanges of 10% would be approximately \$690,000 and \$720,000 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Gallagher's alternative investment strategies portfolio is also subject to equity pricing risk. However, these investments are actively managed in order to minimize Gallagher's exposure to equity pricing risk. The objective of this portfolio is to maximize the overall return to Gallagher, while minimizing the downward price risk in order to preserve the investments' underlying principal balances. The independent fund managers for these alternative investment strategies hedge their strategies by "selling short" common equity securities in order to mitigate the effects of changes in equity prices thereby making any such fluctuations immaterial. Accordingly, hypothetical changes in equity prices would not cause the resulting fair value to be materially different from the carrying value for this portfolio at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. While these fund managers attempt to perfectly hedge their investment strategies, equity pricing risk cannot be completely eliminated.

The fair value of Gallagher's marketable securities--available for sale portfolio was \$18.3 million (\$4.4 million less than its aggregate amortized cost) and \$23.3 million (\$4.2 million less than its aggregate amortized cost) at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. The overall objective of this portfolio is to provide Gallagher with a stable after tax yield. This portfolio, which is not hedged, consists primarily of dividend yielding preferred stocks. Accordingly, this portfolio is more sensitive to interest rate risk than it is to equity pricing risk. The estimated potential loss in fair value resulting from a hypothetical one percentage point increase in short-term interest rates would be approximately \$2.1 million and \$2.7 million at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

23

At December 31, 2001, Gallagher had \$35.0 million in short-term borrowings outstanding under the Revolving Credit Agreement. The fair value of these borrowings approximated their carrying value due to their short-term duration and variable interest rates. At December 31, 2000, there were no borrowings outstanding under the Revolving Credit Agreement. Market risk was estimated as the potential increase in the fair value resulting from a hypothetical one percentage point decrease in Gallagher's weighted average short-term borrowing rate at December 31, 2001 and the resulting fair value was not materially different from the year end carrying value.

Gallagher is subject to foreign currency exchange rate risk primarily due to the fact that its United Kingdom based subsidiaries incur expenses denominated in British pounds while receiving their revenues in U.S. dollars. Gallagher does not hedge this foreign currency exchange rate risk. The foreign currency gains (losses) related to this market risk are recorded in earnings before income taxes as they are incurred. Assuming a hypothetical adverse change of 10% in the average foreign currency exchange rate for 2001 and 2000 (a weakening of the U.S. dollar), earnings before income taxes would decrease by

approximately \$3.3 million and \$2.8 million, respectively. Gallagher is also subject to foreign currency exchange rate risk associated with the translation of its foreign subsidiaries into U.S. dollars. However, it is management's opinion that this foreign currency exchange risk is not material to Gallagher's consolidated operating results or financial position. Gallagher manages the balance sheets of its foreign subsidiaries such that foreign liabilities are matched with equal foreign assets thereby maintaining a "balanced book" which minimizes the effects of currency fluctuations.

Safe Harbor Statement Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

This annual report contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of Gallagher are subject to risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to the following: Gallagher's commission revenues are highly dependent on premiums charged by insurers, which are subject to fluctuation; lower interest rates reduce Gallagher's income earned on invested funds; the alternative insurance market continues to grow which could unfavorably impact commission and favorably impact fee revenue; Gallagher's revenues vary significantly from period to period as a result of the timing of policy inception dates and the net effect of new and lost business production; the general level of economic activity can have a substantial impact on Gallagher's renewal business; Gallagher's operating results, return on investment and financial position may be adversely impacted by exposure to various market risks such as interest rate, equity pricing, foreign exchange rates and the competitive environment, and changes in income tax laws. Gallagher's ability to grow has been enhanced through acquisitions, which may or may not be available on acceptable terms in the future and which, if consummated, may or may not be advantageous to Gallagher. Accordingly, actual results may differ materially from those set forth in the forwardlooking statements.

24

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Consolidated Financial Statements:	
Consolidated Statements of Earnings	26
Consolidated Balance Sheets	27
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	28
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity	29
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	30-54
Management's Report	55
Report of Independent Auditors	56

25

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

Pages

	Years Ended December 31,				
		2000			
	(in thou	sands, ex hare data	cept per		
Operating Results Revenues:					
Commissions Fees Investment income and other:	•	\$470,244 281,235	•		
Investment income Income from equity investments, partnerships and	21,335	25 , 952	28,736		
joint ventures Other income	5,813	14,185 3,657	2,270		
Total investment income and other	50 , 729	43,794	39,945		
Total revenues	910,043		713 , 530		
Expenses:					
Salaries and employee benefits		414,372			
Other operating expenses Partnership investment expenses	21,079	247,162			
Total expenses	768,190		586,506		
Earnings before income taxes Provision for income taxes	16 , 597	133,739 40,784	43,784		
Net earnings	\$125 , 256	\$ 92,955	\$ 83,240		
Net earnings per common share Net earnings per common and common equivalent share. Dividends declared per common share	\$ 1.48 1.39	\$ 1.11 1.04 .46	\$ 1.02 .97		

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

26

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2001 2000 (in thousands)

ASSETS

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash		97,334 209,509	\$	141,831 158,646
Premiums and fees receivable		555,276		436,542
Investment strategiestrading		52,588		•
Other		109,559		56,447
Other		109,559		
Total current assets	1	,024,266		845,363
Marketable securitiesavailable for sale		18,290		23,306
Deferred income taxes		99 , 263		47,824
Other noncurrent assets		213,417		160,360
Fixed assets		143,344		126,933
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(92,098)		(84,387)
Net fixed assets		51,246		,
Intangible assetsnet		65,341		
		,471,823		
	==		==	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EOUITY				
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUIT				
Current liabilities:				
Premiums payable to insurance companies	\$	805,595	\$	604 , 979
Accrued salaries and bonuses		56,270		38,650
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities		109,853		109,214
Unearned fees		16,527		19,014
Income taxes payable		33,226		9,867
Other		45,084		5,197

	\$1,471,823	\$1,135,488
Total stockholders' equity	371,613	328,900
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss)	(2,624)	(2,498)
Unearned deferred compensation	(3,438)	
Retained earnings	283,796	225,096
Capital in excess of par value	8,768	21,762
84,540 shares in 2000	85,111	84,540
2001 and		
Common stockissued and outstanding 85,111 shares in		
Stockholders' equity:		
Other noncurrent liabilities	33,655	19,667
Total current liabilities	1,066,555	786,921
Other	45,084	5,197

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

27

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended December 31,

2001	2000	1999

(in thousands)

Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net earnings	\$ 125,256	\$ 92,955	\$ 83.240
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net	+ 120,200	+ 52,500	+ 00,210
cash provided by operating activities:			
Net gain on investments and other	(2,895)	(2,006)	(2,996)
Gain on sales of operations	(2,375)	(1,823)	
Depreciation and amortization	20,042	18,611	17,676
Increase in restricted cash	(50,863)		
Increase in premiums receivable	(111,602)		
Increase in premiums payable	193,307		
Decrease (increase) in trading investments			
net	1,051	6,498	(3,678)
Increase in other current assets	(25,026)	(2,274)	(419)
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and			
bonuses	18,027	14,032	(456)
Decrease in accounts payable and other			
accrued liabilities	(401)	(571)	(12,443)
Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable.	23,359	25	(2,929)
Tax benefit from issuance of common stock	24,806	20,027	5,502
Net change in deferred income taxes	(77,751)	(30,613)	(2,842)
Other	(4,626)	24,227	26,779
Net cash provided by operating activities.	130,309		93,125
Cash flows from investing activities:	(12 057)		(44 000)
Purchases of marketable securities		(25,832)	
Proceeds from sales of marketable securities	23,051	22,471	39,118
Proceeds from maturities of marketable	200	7.00	1 405
securities		762	•
Net additions to fixed assets	(24,319)	(15,169)	(18,088)
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash	(17 002)	(2 440)	(250)
acquired		(2,440)	
Proceeds from sales of operations	2,700		
Other		(35,632)	
Net cash used by investing activities	(77,823)	(53,506)	(41,611)
± 5			
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	27,255	27,837	16,029
Repurchases of common stock	(104,123)	(31,344)	(18,428)
Dividends paid	(41,618)	(33,759)	(28,010)
Borrowings on line of credit facilities	206,700	45,000	98,500
Repayments on line of credit facilities	(171,700)	(60,000)	(98,500)
Equity transactions of pooled companies prior			
to dates of acquisition		(4,937)	
Net cash used by financing activities		(57,203)	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash			
equivalents	(44,497)	44,300	(42,011)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			
Querlamental disclosures of such flo			
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow			
information:	ė 1 00C	ė 1 010	ė 0.040
Interest paid		\$ 1,212	
Income taxes paid	35,/50	24,643	30,153

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

28

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

		Stock	Ex	pital In cess Of		Unearned Deferred	Ot Compre Ear	ulated her hensive nings
	Shares	Amount		r Value		Compensation		
					(in thou	sands)		
Balance at December 31, 1998 as previously reported Acquisition of pooled	76 , 126	\$76 , 126	Ş	(15,566)	\$150,619	\$	Ş	(777)
companies	5,043	5,043		7,224	45,999			
Balance at December 31, 1998	81,169	81,169		(8,342)	196,618			(777)
Net earnings Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on available for sale					83,240			
securities								(1,892)
Comprehensive earnings Cash dividends declared on common stock Common stock issued under stock option					(29,202)			
plans Tax benefit from issuance of common	2,512	2,512		13,517				
stock Common stock				5,502				
repurchases Equity transactions of pooled companies prior to dates of	(1,524)	(1,524)		(16,904)				
acquisition				15,074	(78,190)			
Balance at December 31, 1999	82 , 157	82,157		8,847	172,466			(2,669)
Net earnings Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on available for sale					92 , 955			
securities								171
Comprehensive earnings Cash dividends declared on common stock					(35,539)			

plans	
Common stock (1,500) (1,500) (30,987) Common stock issued in two pooling acquisitions 72 72 Equity transactions of pooled companies prior booled companies prior (151) (4,786) Balance at December 31, 2000 84,540 84,540 21,762 225,096 Net earnings 125,256 Net change in unrealized gain (loss) securities	
repurchases	
acquisitions	
Balance at December 31, 2000	
2000	
Net earnings 125,256 Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on available for sale securities	(0
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on available for sale securities	(2,498)
securities	
Comprohensive corrings	(126)
Comprehensive earnings Cash dividends declared	
on common stock (43,534) Common stock issued under stock option	
plans	
stock 24,806 Common stock	
repurchases	
acquisitions	
acquisitions 678 678 24,200 Common stock issued under deferred	
compensation 152 152 3,848 (3,438) Equity transactions of pooled companies prior to dates of	
acquisition 55 (13,552)	
Balance at December 31, 2001	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

29

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. (Gallagher) provides insurance brokerage and risk management services to a wide variety of commercial, industrial, institutional and governmental organizations. Commission revenue is principally generated through the negotiation and placement of insurance for its clients. Fee revenue is primarily generated by providing other risk management services including claims management, information management, risk control services and appraisals in either the property/casualty market or human resource/employee benefit market. Investment income and other is generated from Gallagher's investment portfolio, which includes fiduciary funds, equity securities, and tax advantaged and other strategic investments. Gallagher is headquartered in Itasca, Illinois, has more than 250 offices in nine countries and does business in more than 100 countries around the world through a network of correspondent brokers and consultants.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Gallagher and all of its majority owned subsidiaries (greater than 50% ownership). Investments in partially owned entities in which ownership is 20% to 50% are accounted for using the equity method. Accordingly, Gallagher's share of the net earnings of these entities is included in consolidated net earnings. Investments in partially owned entities in which ownership is less than 20% are carried at cost. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior years' financial statements in order to conform to the current year presentation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates and assumptions could change in the future as more information becomes known which could impact the amounts reported and disclosed herein.

Revenue Recognition

Gallagher's revenues are derived from commissions, fees and investment income.

Commission revenues, as well as the related premiums receivable and premiums payable to insurance companies, are recognized at the latter of the billing or the effective date of the related insurance policies, net of an allowance for estimated policy cancellations. Commission revenues related to installment premiums are recognized periodically as billed. Contingent commissions and commissions on premiums directly billed by insurance companies are recognized as revenue when the data necessary to reasonably determine such amounts has been obtained by Gallagher. Typically, these types of commission revenues cannot be reasonably determined until the cash or the related policy detail is received by Gallagher from the insurance company. A contingent commission is a commission paid by an insurance company that is based on the overall estimated profit and/or volume of the business placed with that insurance company. Commissions on premiums billed directly by insurance companies relate to a large number of small premium transactions, whereby the billing and policy issuance process is controlled entirely by the insurance company. The income

effects of subsequent premium adjustments are recorded when the adjustments become known.

Fee revenues are recognized ratably as the services are rendered. Fee revenues generated from the Insurance Brokerage Services segment primarily relate to fees negotiated in lieu of commissions, which are recognized in the same manner as commission revenues. Fee revenues generated from the Risk Management

30

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued) 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies--(Continued)

Services segment relate to third party claims administration, loss control and other risk management consulting services, which are provided over a period of time, typically one year. The income effects of subsequent fee adjustments are recorded when the adjustments become known.

In 1999, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101 (SAB 101), "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements," as amended, which was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1999. SAB 101 summarizes the SEC staff's views regarding the recognition and reporting of revenues in financial statements for certain types of transactions. Accordingly, during 2000, Gallagher changed its method of accounting for cancellations of client insurance policies to establish an allowance for estimated policy cancellations. Previously, Gallagher did not specifically record an allowance for such cancellations. The adoption of the applicable provisions of SAB 101 by Gallagher in 2000 was not material to Gallagher's consolidated operating results or financial position. Gallagher will periodically review the adequacy of the allowance for estimated policy cancellations and adjust it as necessary.

Premiums and fees receivable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets are net of allowances for estimated policy cancellations and doubtful accounts. The allowance for estimated policy cancellations was \$2,500,000 and \$2,000,000 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$1,730,000 and \$3,132,000 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Investment income and other primarily includes interest income, dividend income, net realized and unrealized gains (losses), income (loss) from equity investments, and gains on sales of operations and invested assets. Interest income is recorded as earned. Dividend income is recognized as income based on the date that the underlying security trades "ex-dividend." See the accounting policy on investments for revenue recognition policies pertaining to net realized and unrealized gains (losses). Income (loss) from equity investments represents Gallagher's proportionate share of income or losses from investments accounted for using the equity method.

Earnings per Share

Earnings per share is computed based on the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding during the respective period. Common equivalent shares include incremental shares from dilutive stock options, which are calculated from the date of grant under the treasury stock method using the average market price for the period.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Short-term investments, consisting principally of commercial paper and certificates of deposit which have a maturity of ninety days or less at date of purchase, are considered cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

In its capacity as an insurance broker, Gallagher collects premiums from insureds and, after deducting its commissions and/or fees, remits these premiums to insurance carriers. Unremitted insurance premiums are held in a fiduciary capacity until disbursed by Gallagher. Various state and foreign agencies that regulate insurance brokers provide specific requirements that limit the type of investments that may be made with such funds. Accordingly Gallagher invests these funds in cash, money market accounts, commercial paper and certificates of deposit. Gallagher earns interest income on these unremitted funds, which is reported as investment income and other in the accompanying consolidated statements of earnings.

31

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies--(Continued)

Premiums collected from insureds but not yet remitted to insurance carriers are restricted as to use by laws in certain states and foreign jurisdictions in which Gallagher's subsidiaries operate. These unremitted amounts are reported as restricted cash in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, with the related liability reported as premiums payable to insurance companies. Additionally, one of Gallagher's United Kingdom subsidiaries is required by Lloyd's of London to meet certain liquidity requirements.

Investments

Investment strategies are considered trading securities and consist primarily of limited partnerships which invest in common stocks. Securities designated as trading are carried at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, with unrealized gains and losses included in the consolidated statements of earnings. The fair value of investment strategies is determined by reference to the fair values of the underlying common stocks which are based primarily on quoted market prices.

Marketable securities are considered available for sale and consist primarily of preferred and common stocks. Securities designated as available for sale are carried at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, with unrealized gains and losses, less related deferred income taxes, excluded from net earnings and reported as accumulated other comprehensive earnings or loss. Gains and losses are recognized in net earnings when realized using the specific identification method. The fair value for marketable securities is based primarily on quoted market prices.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are carried at cost in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Furniture and equipment with a cost of \$121,763,000 and \$110,614,000 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, are depreciated using the straightline method over the estimated useful lives (three to ten years) of the assets. Leasehold improvements with a cost of \$21,581,000 and \$16,319,000 at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, are amortized using the straight-line method

over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets or the lease terms. Gallagher periodically reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the assets may not be recoverable. If the fair value is less than the carrying amount of the asset, a loss would be recognized for the difference.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of the excess of cost over the value of net tangible assets of acquired businesses, non-compete agreements and expiration lists. The excess of cost over the value of net tangible assets is amortized over fifteen to forty years using the straight-line method. Non-compete agreements and expiration lists are amortized over two to ten years using the straight-line method. Accumulated amortization at December 31, 2001 and 2000 was \$8,730,000 and \$9,925,000, respectively. Amortization expense was \$3,505,000, \$3,646,000 and \$3,559,000 for 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Gallagher periodically reviews intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the assets may not be recoverable. If the fair value is less than the carrying amount of the asset, a loss would be recognized for the difference.

Stock Based Compensation

Gallagher primarily grants stock options for a fixed number of shares to employees with an exercise price equal to the fair value of the shares at the date of grant. Gallagher accounts for stock option grants in

32

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued) 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies--(Continued)

accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 (APB 25), "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and, accordingly, recognizes no compensation expense for these stock options granted to employees.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities reported in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets for cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, premiums and fees receivable, premiums payable to insurance companies, accrued salaries and bonuses, accounts payable and other accrued liabilities, unearned fees and income taxes payable, at December 31, 2001 and 2000, approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. The financial assets that comprise investment strategies and marketable securities are carried at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Fair values for other noncurrent assets are disclosed in Note 4. The carrying amount of borrowings outstanding under Gallagher's credit agreement approximates fair value at December 31, 2001 because the borrowings are at floating rates.

Effect of New Pronouncements

In 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133 (SFAS 133), "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," as amended, which was effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. Because of Gallagher's minimal use of derivatives, the effect of the adoption of SFAS 133 in the first quarter of 2001 was not material to Gallagher's consolidated operating results or

financial position.

In June 2001, the FASB issued Statements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141 (SFAS 141), "Business Combinations," and No. 142 (SFAS 142), "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets."

SFAS 141 eliminates the pooling of interests method of accounting for business combinations except for qualifying business combinations that were initiated prior to July 1, 2001. In addition, SFAS 141 further clarifies the criteria to recognize intangible assets separately from goodwill. The requirements of SFAS 141 are effective for any business combination accounted for by the purchase method that is completed after June 30, 2001 (i.e., the acquisition date is July 1, 2001 or after). Gallagher initiated five business combinations prior to July 1, 2001 that were completed in the third quarter of 2001 and were accounted for as poolings of interests because they met the qualifying criteria of SFAS 141.

Under SFAS 142, goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets will no longer be amortized, but will be subject to periodic review for impairment (at least annually or more frequently if impairment indicators arise). Separable intangible assets that are not deemed to have an indefinite life will continue to be amortized over their useful lives. The amortization provisions of SFAS 142 will apply to goodwill and intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001. With respect to goodwill and intangible assets acquired prior to July 1, 2001, companies will be required to adopt SFAS 142 in their fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2001 (i.e., January 1, 2002 for calendar year companies). Because of the different transition dates for goodwill and intangible assets acquired on or before June 30, 2001 and those acquired after that date, preexisting goodwill and intangibles will be amortized during this transition period (June 30, to December 31, 2001) until adoption whereas new goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001 will not be amortized.

Gallagher will apply the new rules on accounting for pre-existing goodwill and other intangible assets beginning in the first quarter of 2002. Application of the nonamortization provisions of SFAS 142 is expected to result in an increase in pretax earnings of \$1,300,000 per year. During 2002, Gallagher will perform the first

33

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued) 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies--(Continued)

of the required impairment tests of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets as of January 1, 2002. Exclusive of the nonamortization of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets, management does not expect the adoption of SFAS 142 will have a material effect on Gallagher's consolidated operating results or financial position.

2. Business Combinations

Poolings of Interests Acquisitions

In 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of the following insurance brokerage firms in exchange for shares of its common stock: The Galtney Group, Inc. dba Healthcare Insurance Services, 3,330,000 shares; MDM Insurance Associates, Inc., 752,000 shares; The InWest Group, Inc., 407,000 shares; SKANCO International, Ltd., 263,000 shares; Nelson/Monarch Insurance

Services, Ltd., 109,000 shares; E.S. Susanin, Inc., 109,000 shares; Burgess & Associates, Inc., 73,000 shares; Madison Scott & Associates, Inc., 34,000 shares; Midwest Surety Services, Inc., 32,000 shares; and Central Surety Agency, Inc., 26,000 shares.

In 2000, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of the following insurance brokerage firms in exchange for shares of its common stock: John P. Woods Co., Inc., 1,816,000 shares; Universico Group, Ltd., 292,000 shares; Persing, Dyckman & Toynbee, Inc., 246,000 shares; Atlantic Risk Management Corporation, 208,000 shares; Davis-Poston & Associates, Inc., 150,000 shares; Castle Insurance Associates, Inc., 144,000 shares; R. L. Youngdahl & Associates, Inc., 138,000 shares; Bultman/Bell Associates, Inc., 136,000 shares; R. G. Speno, Inc., 88,000 shares; Rebholz Insurance Agency, Inc., 84,000 shares; Towle Agency, Inc., 74,000 shares; Murphy Consultants, 58,000 shares; Powell Insurance Services, Inc., 39,000 shares; and SiliconInsurance, Inc., 33,000 shares.

These acquisitions were accounted for as poolings of interests and, except for three of the 2001 acquisitions and two of the 2000 acquisitions whose results were not significant, the consolidated financial statements for all periods prior to the acquisition dates have been restated to include the operations of these companies. The following summarizes the restatement of the 2000 and 1999 consolidated financial statements to reflect the operations of the 2001 acquisitions (in thousands, except per share data):

2000	Reported	Attributable to Pooled Companies	As Restated
Total revenues Net earnings Net earnings per common share Net earnings per common and common equivalent share	\$740,596 87,776 1.12 1.05	\$54,677 5,179 (.01) (.01)	\$795,273 92,955 1.11 1.04
1999			
Total revenues Net earnings Net earnings per common share Net earnings per common and common equivalent share.	\$656,404 70,250 .92 .87	\$57,126 12,990 .10	\$713,530 83,240 1.02
0.1.42 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.00	• 0 /	• ± 0	• 5 1

34

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

2. Business Combinations--(Continued)

Purchase Acquisitions

In 2001, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of the following insurance brokerage firms in exchange for its common stock and/or cash using the purchase accounting method for recording business combinations

(in thousands):

2001 Purchase Acquisitions				Contingent Payable		
Cashan & Company (Cashan), October 31, 2001 Hartstein Associates,	307	\$10,213	\$	\$	\$1,000	\$11 , 213
Inc. (HAI),	91	2,598	3,000	4,500	734	10,832
November 1, 2001	280	8,266	290		2,067	10,623
Equity Insurance Managers, Inc. (EIM), December 1, 2001 Texas Insurance Agency,			8,400	800	800	10,000
Inc Houston (TIA), May 1, 2001 Henderson Philips Fine			4,340	1,500	225	6,065
Arts (HPFA), September 1, 2001			350	1,150		
			\$16,380	\$ 7,950	\$4,826	

Common shares exchanged in connection with these acquisitions were valued at closing market prices as of the effective date of the respective acquisition. Contingent obligations, which are primarily based upon future earnings of the acquired entities, were included in the purchase price recorded for these acquisitions at the maximum amount per the purchase agreements. Contingent consideration or escrow deposits that are returned to Gallagher as a result of purchase price adjustment provisions are recorded as adjustments to intangibles when the contingencies are settled.

The following is a summary of the estimated fair values of the assets acquired at the date of each acquisition based on preliminary purchase price allocations (in thousands):

	Cashan	HAI	MRS	EIM	TIA	HPFA	Total
Current assets Other noncurrent assets.	\$885 54	\$ 542 	\$57,242 12		\$ 	-	\$ 66,518 73
Fixed assets Intangible assets	57 11,248		602 10,623				1,633
Total assets acquired. Current liabilities		•	68,479 57,835	•		1,500 	•
Other noncurrent liabilities			21				21
Total liabilities assumed	1,031	192	57 , 856	8,038			67 , 117

_____ _____

Total net assets							
acquired	\$11,213	\$10,832	\$10,623	\$10,000	\$6,065	\$1,500	\$ 50,233

These acquisitions allow Gallagher to expand into desirable geographic locations, further extend its presence in the retail and wholesale insurance brokerage services industry and increase the volume of general services currently provided. The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair value of the tangible net

35

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

2. Business Combinations--(Continued)

assets acquired at the acquisition date was allocated to goodwill and expiration lists of the Insurance Brokerage Services segment in the amounts of \$44,813,000 and \$4,313,000, respectively. Purchase price allocations are preliminarily established at the time of the acquisition and are subsequently reviewed within the first year of operations to determine the necessity for allocation adjustments. Expiration lists, related to these acquisitions, will be amortized on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 10 years. Of the \$44,813,000 of goodwill related to the 2001 acquisitions, \$34,682,000 is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. SFAS 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," prohibits amortization of goodwill acquired subsequent to June 30, 2001. Gallagher completed five acquisitions under the purchase method subsequent to June 30, 2001 and as a result of the application of SFAS 142, \$299,000 of goodwill that would have been amortized in 2001 under the pre-SFAS 142 rule was not amortized (see Note 1). As the acquisition of TIA occurred prior to the effective date of SFAS 142, goodwill related to this acquisition was amortized from the acquisition date to December 31, 2001 on a straight-line method using a 20 year estimated life. In accordance with SFAS 142, no goodwill amortization will be recorded in the 2002 consolidated statement of earnings.

The 2001 consolidated financial statements reflect the operations of these entities from the date of their respective acquisitions. The following is a summary of the unaudited proforma historical results, as if these purchase acquisitions had been acquired at the beginning of January 1, 2001 and 2000, respectively (in thousands, except per share data):

	Years Ended December 31,		
		2000	
Total revenues Net earnings Net earnings per common share Net earnings per common and common equivalent share	124,600 1.46	94,178 1.12	

The unaudited proforma results above have been prepared for comparative

purposes only and do not purport to be indicative of the results of operation which actually would have resulted had the acquisitions occurred as of January 1, 2001 and 2000, respectively, nor is it necessarily indicative of future operating results.

In 2000, Gallagher acquired 60% of the net assets of MBR Pty Limited, an Australian company engaged in the reinsurance brokerage and services business in exchange for an initial cash payment of \$2,100,000. Also in 2000, Gallagher acquired substantially all of the net assets of Joe E. Martin, Inc., an employee benefits broker and consultant, in exchange for an initial cash payment of \$340,000. These acquisitions were accounted for as purchases. These purchase acquisitions were not material to the 2000 consolidated financial statements.

3. Insurance Company Receivables and Payables

A reinsurance intermediary subsidiary of Gallagher includes only amounts relating to brokerage commission revenue in premiums and fees receivable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The premiums and claims receivable and payable, as well as the related excise taxes payable, associated with the reinsurance brokerage commission revenue, are not included in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets because they are not assets and liabilities of Gallagher. The excluded amounts are as follows (in thousands):

	December 31,		
	2001	2000	
Premium and Claims:			
Receivable	\$560 , 921	\$373 , 764	
Payable	572 , 964	378,166	

36

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

3. Insurance Company Receivables and Payables -- (Continued)

The differences between the receivable and payable balances represent fiduciary funds received by the reinsurance intermediary subsidiary, which are included in restricted cash and premiums payable to insurance companies in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

4. Investments

Equity Investments

Gallagher's equity investment philosophy generally consists of investing in tax advantaged investments and venture capital equity projects which take a long-term view toward private sale or public offering. Gallagher uses the limited partnership or limited liability company forms of legal ownership to fund many of its investments in order to obtain favorable tax treatment with respect to gains, losses and distributions, while limiting its liability. Based on the ownership structure of these investments, management believes that Gallagher's exposure to losses related to these investments is limited to the

combination of its net carrying value, funding commitments, letters of credit and financial guarantees.

The following is a summary of other noncurrent assets, including equity investments (in thousands):

	Decembe	,
	2001	2000
Tax advantaged investments Real estate partnerships	\$ 18,656 29,036	•
Investment in Allied World Assurance Holdings, Ltd. (an	- ,	-,
insurance company)	20,000	
Venture capital equity investments	34,891	34,092
Minority investment in alternative fund manager	33,595	14,347
Notes receivable from investees	49,174	22,593
Leased commercial aircraft	6,060	6 , 758
Other	9,544	8,399
Deferred compensation plan assets (see Note 10)	12,461	7 , 365
	\$213,417	\$160,360
		======

Tax advantaged investments represent amounts invested by Gallagher in 36 limited partnerships (35 in 2000) that operate qualified affordable housing and alternative energy projects that are generating tax benefits to Gallagher on an ongoing basis. These benefits are in the form of both tax deductions for operating losses and tax credits. The tax advantaged investments are primarily accounted for using the effective yield method and are carried at amortized cost in the consolidated balance sheets. Under the effective yield method, Gallagher recognizes the tax credits as they are allocated by the partnerships, which are included, net of amortization of the investment, as a component of the provision for income taxes.

Real estate partnerships at December 31, 2001 and 2000 primarily represent an investment in a limited partnership that owns the building that Gallagher leases for its corporate headquarters and several of its subsidiary operations and an investment in a limited partnership that owns 11,000 acres of land near Orlando, Florida, that is currently under development. Investments in real estate partnerships are carried on the equity basis in the consolidated balance sheets, which approximated fair value at December 31, 2001 and 2000.

Investment in Allied World Assurance Holdings, Ltd. represents Gallagher's minority investment in a newly formed Bermuda based insurance and reinsurance company founded by American International Group, Inc., The Chubb Corporation and affiliates of Goldman, Sachs & Co.

37

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

4. Investments--(Continued)

Venture capital equity investments at December 31, 2001 and 2000 consist of

minority investments in seventeen and thirteen, respectively, software, ecommerce, insurance and financial services companies, none of which exceeds \$7,000,000 individually. Investments in partially owned entities in which ownership is 20% to 50% are accounted for using the equity method. Accordingly, Gallagher's share of the net earnings of these entities is included in consolidated net earnings. Investments in partially owned entities in which ownership is less than 20% are carried at cost.

Gallagher's 25% investment in an alternative fund manager is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, Gallagher's share of the net earnings of this entity is included in consolidated net earnings.

Notes receivable from investees primarily represent secured loans made by Gallagher to twelve of its investments (five in 2000). Interest rates on the loans at December 31, 2001 and 2000 ranged from 5.5% to 12.0%. The carrying value of these loans at December 31, 2001 and 2000 approximated fair value.

The leased commercial aircraft represents Gallagher's 90% interest in a trust which leases a commercial jet to a major domestic airline. There is no debt remaining on the aircraft. The net carrying value of this investment approximated fair value at December 31, 2001 and 2000.

Other noncurrent assets consist primarily of prepaid compensation related to a 2001 acquisition, company owned real estate and rental deposits on Gallagher's leased premises.

The following is a summary of the assets and liabilities of Gallagher's unconsolidated investments accounted for using the equity method reconciled to Gallagher's net carrying value (in thousands):

	December 31,		
	2001	2000	
Net current assets	\$ 42,402	\$ 47 , 972	
Other noncurrrent assets	41,192	316,707	
Net fixed assets	122,149	123,028	
Net intangible assets	135,700	115 , 899	
Debt outstanding	(191,859)	(480,405)	
Other noncurrent liabilities	(6,773)	(4,284)	
Interests of other shareholders	(66 , 375)	(59 , 333)	
Gallagher's net carrying value	\$ 76,436	\$ 59,584	

38

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

4. Investments--(Continued)

The following is a summary of the total debt outstanding of Gallagher's unconsolidated investments accounted for using the equity method (in thousands):

	December 31,		
	2001	2000	
Nonrecourse to Gallagher: Mortgage loan on Gallagher's corporate headquarters			
building, secured by building: Monthly installments through 2008 based on 30 year amortization, remaining balloon payment in 2008, fixed			
rate of 8.35% Unsecured bank credit agreement of alternative fund manager with bank:		\$ 79 , 861	
Variable rate based on LIBOR plus 2.00%, secured by the net assets of alternative fund manager Convertible subordinated debentures payable: Issued in connection with various acquisitions made by		51,348	
alternative fund manager, mature in 2003 to 2005, fixed rates of 3.09% to 6.58% Mortgage loan on Florida real estate project, secured by land:	42 , 605	30,324	
Annual installments through 2004, fixed rate of 8.00% Mortgage loan on commercial (office and retail) real estate complex, secured by the commercial real estate: Monthly installments through 2011 based on 30 year amortization period, remaining balloon payment in 2011,		11 , 585	
fixed rate of 7.40% Line of credit facility on commercial (hotel) real estate complex, secured by the commercial real estate: Permits borrowings up to \$8,750,000, variable rate based	12,873	11,244	
on LIBOR plus 4.00% "Warehouse" line of credit facilities of equity investee, secured by loan portfolio:	8,037	7,547	
Monthly interest only payments, variable rate based on commercial paper rate plus 1.06%		276,086	
	150,955	467,995	
Recourse to Gallaghersee contingent commitments below: Unsecured bank credit agreement of alternative fund manager:			
Due in four periodic equal installments through 2003, variable rate based on LIBOR plus 1.00% Bonds payable on Florida real estate project: Monthly interest only payments through 2010, variable	24,942		
rate based on commercial paper rate, balloon payment in 2010	12,410	12,410	
Line of credit facility on Florida real estate project: Permits borrowings up to \$8,500,000, monthly interest only payments, variable rate based on LIBOR plus 1.15%	3,552		
	40,904	12,410	
Total debt of Gallagher's investments accounted for using the equity method	\$191 , 859		

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

4. Investments--(Continued)

The following is a summary of Gallagher's contingent commitments related to its investments accounted for using the equity method (in thousands):

	December 31,		
	2001	2000	
Letter of credit commitments: Gallagher's corporate headquarters building Commercial (hotel) real estate complex "Warehouse" lines of credit facilities Bonds payable on Florida real estate project Community development bonds payable on Florida real estate project Other	\$ 3,000 500 12,575 5,000	\$ 3,000 7,200	
Pinoncial guarantees.		\$28,025 =====	
Financial guarantees: Unsecured bank credit agreement of alternative fund manager. Line of credit facility on Florida real estate project Community development bonds payable on Florida real estate			
project	5,100		
	\$38,600 =====	\$ ======	

See Notes 5 and 12 for additional commitments and contingencies.

Investment Income and Other

Significant components of investment income and other are as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2001	2001 2000		
Interest	\$18,181	\$24 , 057	\$19 , 618	
Dividends	2,923	2,955	2,345	
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investment				
strategies	(110)	628	889	
Net realized gain on investment strategies	1,852	1,244	1,579	
Net realized gain on marketable securities	1,153	134	528	
Income from tax advantaged investments	13,591	9,200	3,015	
Gains on sales of operations	2,375	1,823		
Other income	7,267	2,719	9,913	

Income (loss) from equity investments	3,497	1,034 2,	,058
Total investment income and other	\$50 , 729	\$43,794 \$39,	,945

Income from tax advantaged investments in 2001 primarily relates to the sales of interests in three alternative energy related limited partnerships.

During the third quarter of 2001, Gallagher entered into a transaction for the sale of a 95% interest in one of its synthetic fuel facilities located in South Carolina. Under the sale agreement, Gallagher received an initial nonrefundable down payment of \$6,700,000 and will receive additional installment payments over time through 2007 based on qualified fuel production generated by the facility. The buyer has the option to put the purchased interest back to Gallagher if favorable tax rulings are not received by March 1, 2003. In the event of a put, Gallagher would retain the down payment and installment payments made through the put date. The aggregate

40

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

4. Investments--(Continued)

pretax installment gain on the transaction is expected to range from \$36,000,000 to \$106,000,000 and will be recognized on an installment basis through December 31, 2007. In 2001, Gallagher recognized an installment gain of \$8,550,000 on this sale transaction.

During the fourth quarter of 2001, Gallagher completed the sale of a twothirds interest in a partnership that owns a 59.9% interest in a synthetic fuel facility also located in South Carolina. Gallagher received an initial down payment of \$3,200,000 with additional installment payments over time through 2007 based on qualified fuel production generated by the facility. The buyer has the option to put the purchased interest back to Gallagher if certain adverse tax consequences occur through December 31, 2007. In the event of a put, Gallagher would retain all installment payments made through the put date and a pro-rated portion of the initial down payment. The aggregate pretax installment gain on the transaction is expected to range from \$48,000,000 to \$70,000,000 and will be recognized on an installment basis through December 31, 2007. In 2001, Gallagher recognized an installment gain of \$2,050,000 on this sale transaction. The buyer also had the option, through March 31, 2002, to acquire from Gallagher another one-sixth interest in the partnership at proportionally equivalent terms. In January 2002, the buyer exercised this option which had no impact on Gallagher's 2001 results.

Effective December 31, 2000, Gallagher completed the sale of its interests in several partnerships that operate landfill gas facilities. Gallagher received an initial down payment of \$8,706,000 with additional installment payments over time through 2007 based on qualified fuel production generated by the facilities. The aggregate pretax installment gain on the transaction is expected to range from \$12,000,000 to \$22,000,000 and will be recognized on an installment basis through December 31, 2007. In 2001, Gallagher recognized an installment gain of \$1,289,000 on this sale transaction. This transaction had no impact on Gallagher's 2000 results.

In 2000, Gallagher recognized \$7,200,000 of income related to the forfeiture of a non-refundable down payment from the termination of an installment sale of

a synthetic fuel facility and \$2,000,000 of income related to an investment development fee generated from one of Gallagher's alternative energy investments. In 1999, Gallagher sold a portion of its interests in limited partnerships that operate qualified affordable housing projects for cash proceeds of \$6,264,000. The gain recognized in 1999 on this sale of limited partnership interests was \$3,015,000. This 2000 and 1999 income has been included in income from tax advantaged investments in the foregoing table.

In 2001, Gallagher sold a benefits administration book of business that was underperforming and recorded a gain on the sale of \$2,375,000. In 2000, Gallagher sold several underperforming or geographically undesirable operations and recorded aggregate gains on these sales of \$1,823,000. The net assets sold and the operating results included in the consolidated statements of earnings related to these operations were not material to the consolidated financial statements.

Other income in 2001 consists primarily of investment related fees paid to Gallagher for providing letters of credit and financial guarantees to its tax advantaged investments, real estate partnerships and venture capital equity projects. Other income in 2000 and 1999 consists primarily of other income attributable to the restatement effects of the 2001 and 2000 acquisitions accounted for as poolings of interests.

41

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

4. Investments--(Continued)

Marketable Securities

The following is a summary of marketable securities--available for sale (in thousands):

	Cost or	Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
December 31, 2001	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Preferred stocks	\$ 11 , 567	Ş 215	Ş 991	\$ 10 , 791
Common stocks	6,635	228	2,161	4,702
Fixed maturities	4,461	20	1,684	2,797
	\$ 22,663	\$ 463	\$ 4,836	\$ 18,290
		=======		
December 31, 2000				
Preferred stocks	\$ 15 , 127	\$ 615	\$ 1 , 525	\$ 14,217
Common stocks	8,423	593	3,079	5,937
Fixed maturities	3,919	10	777	3,152
	\$ 27,469	\$ 1,218	\$ 5 , 381	\$ 23,306

The gross realized gains on sales of marketable securities totaled \$2,420,000, \$884,000, and \$1,579,000, for 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. The gross realized losses totaled \$1,267,000, \$750,000, and \$1,051,000, for

2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

The cost or amortized cost and fair value of fixed maturities at December 31, 2001, by contractual maturity, are as follows (in thousands):

	Amo	st or rtized Cost		Fair alue
Due in 2002 Due in 2003 through 2006 Due in 2007 through 2011 Due in 2012 and thereafter.	·	649 485 92 3,235		92
	\$ ==	4,461	\$ ==	2,797

The expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities in the foregoing table because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

The components of other comprehensive earnings, including the related income tax effects, consist of the following (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2001	2001 2000		
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on available for sale securities during the year, net of income taxes of (\$481), \$95 and (\$1,251), respectively Reclassification adjustment for losses (gains)	\$ (722)	\$ 143	\$(1,877)	
realized in net earnings during the year, net of income taxes of \$397, \$19 and (\$10), respectively	596	28	(15)	
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on available for sale securities during the year, net of income taxes of (\$84), \$114 and (\$1,261), respectively	\$ (126) =======	\$ 171	\$(1,892)	

42

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued) 5. Credit Agreements

In 2000, Gallagher and one of its significant subsidiaries entered into an unsecured revolving credit agreement, which expires on September 10, 2003, with a group of five financial institutions. The credit agreement provides for short-term and long-term revolving credit commitments of \$100,000,000 and \$50,000,000, respectively. The facility provides for loans and letters of

credit. Letters of credit are limited to \$75,000,000 of which up to \$50,000,000 may be issued under the long-term credit facility and up to \$25,000,000 may be issued under the short-term credit facility in the determination of net funds available for future borrowing. The credit agreement provides for borrowings to be denominated in either U.S. dollars or Alternative Currencies, as defined in the credit agreement. In addition, the credit agreement has two borrowing options, Domestic Rate Loans, or Eurocurrency Loans, as defined in the credit agreement. Interest rates on borrowings under the Domestic Rate Loan option are based on the prime commercial rate and interest rates on borrowings under the Eurocurrency Loan option are based on LIBOR plus .400% for short-term and long-term revolving credit commitments. The facility fee related to this credit agreement is based on .100% of the used and unused portions of the short-term and long-term revolving credit commitments.

As of December 31, 2001, under this credit facility, Gallagher has contingently committed to funding \$45,931,000 through letter of credit arrangements related to its corporate insurance programs and several of its equity and other strategic investments of which \$21,325,000 was previously disclosed in Note 4. Also, as of December 31, 2001, there were \$35,000,000 of short-term borrowings outstanding under the credit agreement. There were no borrowings under this credit agreement in 2000. Terms of the credit agreement include various covenants that require Gallagher to maintain specified levels of tangible net worth and restrict the amount of payments on certain expenditures. Gallagher was in compliance with these covenants, in all material respects, as of December 31, 2001.

6. Capital Stock and Stockholders' Rights Plan

Capital Stock

The table below summarizes certain information about Gallagher's capital stock at December 31, 2001 and 2000 (in thousands, except per share data):

Class	1 011	Authorized Shares
Preferred stock	-	•

Stockholders' Rights Plan

Non-voting Rights, authorized by the Board of Directors on March 10, 1987 and approved by stockholders on May 12, 1987, are outstanding on each share of outstanding common stock. The Rights Plan was amended in 1996 to extend the expiration of the Rights to May 12, 2007. Under certain conditions, each Right may be exercised to purchase one share of common stock at an exercise price of \$25. The Rights become exercisable and transferable after a public announcement that a person or group (as defined) has acquired 20% or more of the common stock or after commencement or public announcement of a tender offer for 30% or more of the common stock. If Gallagher is acquired in a merger or business combination, each Right exercised gives the holder the right to purchase \$50 of market value of common stock of the surviving company for the \$25 exercise price. The Rights may be redeemed by Gallagher at \$.0125 per Right at any time prior to the public announcement of 20% of the common stock.

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

7. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of net earnings per common share and net earnings per common and common equivalent share (in thousands, except per share data):

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2001	2000	1999	
Net earnings	\$125,256	\$ 92,955	\$ 83,240	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding Dilutive effect of stock options using the treasury	84,795	83,558	81 , 678	
stock method	5,332	5,409	3,928	
Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding	90,127	88,967	85,606	
Net earnings per common share Net earnings per common and common equivalent share.		\$ 1.11 1.04		

Options to purchase 231,000, 313,000 and 40,000 shares of common stock were outstanding at December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively, but were not included in the computation of the dilutive effect of stock options. These options were excluded from the computation because the options' exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares during the respective year and, therefore, would be antidilutive to earnings per share under the treasury stock method.

8. Stock Option Plans

Gallagher has incentive and nonqualified stock option plans for officers and key employees of Gallagher and its subsidiaries. The options are primarily granted at the fair value of the underlying shares at the date of grant. Options granted under the nonqualified plan primarily become exercisable at the rate of 10% per year beginning the calendar year after the date of grant or earlier in the event of death, disability or retirement. Options expire ten years from the date of grant, or earlier in the event of termination of the employee.

In addition, Gallagher has a non-employee directors' stock option plan which currently authorizes 1,025,000 shares for grant, with Discretionary Options granted at the direction of the Option Committee and Retainer Options granted in lieu of the directors' annual retainer. Discretionary Options shall be exercisable at such rates as shall be determined by the Committee on the date of grant. Retainer Options shall be cumulatively exercisable at the rate of 25% of the total Retainer Option at the end of each full fiscal quarter succeeding the date of grant. The excess of fair value at the date of grant over the option price for these nonqualified stock options is considered compensation and is charged against earnings ratably over the vesting period.

Gallagher also has an incentive stock option plan for its officers and key

employees resident in the United Kingdom. The United Kingdom plan is essentially the same as Gallagher's domestic employee stock option plans, with certain modifications to comply with United Kingdom law and to provide potentially favorable tax treatment for grantees resident in the United Kingdom.

All of the aforementioned stock option plans provide for the immediate vesting of all outstanding stock option grants in the event of a change in control of Gallagher. A change in control of Gallagher is defined as the acquisition by a person (or entity) of the beneficial ownership of 50% or more of Gallagher's common stock; the cessation, for any reason, of a majority of directors of Gallagher to serve as directors during any two year period; or the approval by the stockholders of Gallagher of the sale of substantially all of the assets of Gallagher.

44

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

8. Stock Option Plans--(Continued)

Gallagher accounts for stock option grants in accordance with APB 25 and, accordingly, recognizes no compensation expense for stock options that are granted to employees at the fair value of the underlying shares at the date of grant. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (SFAS 123), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," requires disclosure of pro forma information regarding net earnings and net earnings per share, using pricing models to estimate the fair value of stock option grants. Had compensation expense for Gallagher's stock option plans been determined based on the estimated fair value at the date of grant consistent with the methodology prescribed under SFAS 123, approximate net earnings and net earnings per share would have been as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2001	2000	1999
Pro forma net earnings Pro forma net earnings per common share Pro forma net earnings per common and common			•
equivalent share	1.33	1.03	.96

For purposes of the pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair values of the stock option grants are amortized to expense over the options' expected lives. The fair value of stock options at the date of grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

Years Ended December 31,

2001	2000	1999

Dividend yield	3.0%	2.5%	3.1%
Risk-free interest rate	5.0%	5.1%	6.6%
Volatility	24.5%	24.6%	22.9%
Weighted average expected life (in years)	5.3	6.0	8.0

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Because Gallagher's employee and director stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the selective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its employee and director stock options.

The pro forma disclosures above only include the effect of options granted subsequent to January 1, 1995. Accordingly, the effects of applying the SFAS 123 pro forma disclosures to future periods may not be indicative of future effects.

45

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

8. Stock Option Plans--(Continued)

The following is a summary of all of Gallagher's stock option activity and related information (in thousands, except exercise price data):

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2001		20			999
	Shares Under	Weighted Average Exercise	Weighted Shares Average Under Exercise Option Price		Shares Under	Weighted Average Exercise
Beginning balance Granted Exercised Canceled	2,842 (3,007)	24.95 9.00	2,642 (3,811)	19.98 7.22 9.68	944 (2,512)	12.44 6.36 8.46
Ending balance	14,117 ======	\$ 13.63 ======	14,419 ======	\$ 10.43	15,800 ======	\$ 8.05 =====
Exercisable at end of year	4,808		5,229 =====		6 , 736	

Options with respect to 5,615,000 shares were available for grant at December 31, 2001.

Other information regarding stock options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2001 is summarized as follows (in thousands, except exercise price data):

	Option	ns Outstandi	ng	Options Exe	rcisable
Range of Exercise Prices	Number	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Average		Weighted Average Exercise
	Outstanding	(in years)	Price	Exercisable	Price
\$.25 - \$ 7.97	3,546	3.18	\$ 7.22	1,867	\$ 7.06
8.00 - 9.25	4,751	4.22	8.82	2,189	8.67
9.31 - 26.11	3,639	8.14	18.11	725	15.66
26.50 - 36.94	2,181	9.51	27.01	27	30.06
\$.25 - \$36.94	14,117	5.79	\$13.63	4,808	\$ 9.22

9. Deferred Compensation

In 2001, Gallagher implemented the Deferred Equity Participation Plan, which is a nonqualified plan that provides for distributions to certain key executives of Gallagher upon their normal retirement. Under the provisions of the plan, Gallagher contributes shares of its common stock, in an amount approved by Gallagher's Board of Directors, to a rabbi trust on behalf of the executives participating in the plan. Distributions under the plan normally may not be made until the participant reaches age 62 and are subject to forfeiture in the event of voluntary termination of employment prior to age 62. All distributions from the plan are made in the form of Gallagher's common stock.

In June 2001, Gallagher contributed \$4,000,000 to the plan through the issuance of 152,000 shares of Gallagher common stock. Gallagher accounts for the common stock issued to the plan in accordance with the provisions of Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 97-14, "Accounting for Deferred Compensation Arrangements Where Amounts Earned are Held in a Rabbi Trust and Invested." EITF 97-14 requires that the Gallagher common stock issued to the trust be valued at historical cost (fair market value at the date of grant)

46

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued) 9. Deferred Compensation--(Continued)

and the unearned deferred compensation obligation be classified as an equity instrument, with no recognition of changes in the fair value of the amount owed to the participants. The unearned deferred compensation balance is shown as a reduction of stockholders' equity in the accompanying 2001 consolidated balance sheet and is being amortized ratably over the vesting period of the participants. During 2001, \$562,000 was charged to expense related to this plan.

10. Retirement Plans

Gallagher has a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan which covers substantially all domestic employees who have attained a specified age and one year of employment. Benefits under the plan are based on years of service and salary history. Plan assets consist primarily of common stocks and bonds invested under the terms of a group annuity contract managed by a life insurance company.

Gallagher accounts for the defined benefit pension plan in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 87 (SFAS 87), "Employers' Accounting for Pensions." The difference between the present value of the pension benefit obligation at the date of adoption of SFAS 87 and the fair value of plan assets at that date is being amortized on a straight-line basis over the average remaining service period of employees expected to receive benefits.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of the pension benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets and the funded status of the plan is as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2001	2000	
Change in pension benefit obligation: Pension benefit obligation at beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Net actuarial (gain) loss Benefits paid	9,108 6,316 (7,711) (1,718)	7,754 6,002	
Pension benefit obligation at end of year	98,787		
Change in plan assets: Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year Actual return on plan assets Company contributions Benefits paid	66,137 (3,481) 5,293	63,148 (1,742) 6,341	
Fair value of plan assets at end of year		66,137	
Funded status of the plan (underfunded) Unrecognized net actuarial gain Unrecognized prior service cost Unrecognized transition obligation	(32,556) (3,069) 772 275	(26,655) (5,162)	
Accrued pension benefit cost		\$ (30,604)	

47

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued) 10. Retirement Plans--(Continued)

The components of the net periodic pension benefit cost for the plan consists

of the following (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2001	2000	1999
Service costbenefits earned during the year Interest cost on benefit obligation Expected return on plan assets Recognized net actuarial gain Amortization of prior service cost Amortization of transition obligation Other	\$ 9,108 6,316 (5,911) (412) 110 56 26	\$ 7,754 6,002 (5,935) (495) 110 56 26	
Net periodic pension benefit cost	\$ 9,293	\$ 7,518	\$ 7,330

The following assumptions were used in determining the plan's pension benefit obligation for 2001, 2000 and 1999:

Discount rate	7.5%
Rate of increase in future compensation levels	6.5%
Expected long-term rate of return on assets	9.0%

Gallagher has a qualified contributory savings and thrift (401(k)) plan covering the majority of its employees. Gallagher's matching contributions (up to a maximum of 2% of eligible compensation) are at the discretion of Gallagher's Board of Directors and may not exceed the maximum amount deductible for federal income tax purposes. Gallagher contributed \$4,605,000, \$4,638,000 and \$4,165,000 in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. Effective January 1, 1999, Gallagher implemented a nonqualified deferred compensation plan for certain employees, who due to Internal Revenue Service rules, cannot take full advantage of the Gallagher matching contributions under the savings and thrift plan. The plan permits these employees to annually elect to defer a portion of their compensation until their retirement. Gallagher's matching contributions to this plan are also at the discretion of Gallagher's Board of Directors. Gallagher contributed \$471,000, \$316,000 and \$236,000 to the plan in 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively. The fair value of the plan's assets as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, including employee contributions and investment earnings thereon, was \$12,461,000 and \$7,365,000, respectively, and has been included in other noncurrent assets and the corresponding liability has been included in other noncurrent liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Gallagher also has a foreign defined contribution plan which provides for basic contributions by Gallagher and voluntary contributions by employees resident in the United Kingdom which are matched 100% by Gallagher, up to a maximum of 5% of eligible compensation. Net expense for foreign retirement plans amounted to \$2,879,000 in 2001, \$2,465,000 in 2000 and \$2,253,000 in 1999.

11. Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

In 1992, Gallagher amended its health benefits plan to eliminate retiree coverage, except for retirees and those employees who had already attained a specified age and length of service at the time of the amendment. The retiree health plan is contributory, with contributions adjusted annually and is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

48

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued) 11. Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions--(Continued)

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of the postretirement benefit obligation and the funded status of the plan is as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2001	2000		
Change in postretirement benefit obligation: Postretirement benefit obligation at beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Net actuarial gain Benefits paid	 493 (280)	491 (1,238)		
Postretirement benefit obligation at end of year Fair value of plan assets at beginning and end of	6,861	6,852		
year Funded status of the plan (underfunded) Unrecognized net actuarial gain Unrecognized prior service cost Unrecognized transition obligation	(5,306) 5,628	(5,357)		
Accrued postretirement benefit cost		\$ (6,069)		

The components of the net periodic postretirement benefit cost include the following (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2	001	2000		1999	
Service costbenefits earned during the year Interest cost on benefit obligation Amortization of transition obligation Amortization of net actuarial gain	\$	 493 512 (331)	Ş	 491 512 (325)	\$	 563 512 (253)
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost	\$ ==	674 =====	\$ ==	678	\$ ===	822

The discount rate used to measure the postretirement benefit obligation was 7.5% at December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999. The transition obligation is being

amortized over a 20 year period. For measurement purposes, a 7.5% annual rate of increase in the per capita cost of covered health care benefits was assumed for 2002. This rate was assumed to gradually scale down to 4.5% for 2009 and remain at that level thereafter. The assumed health care cost trend rate has a significant effect on the amounts reported and disclosed herein. A one percentage point change in the assumed health care cost trend rate would have the following effects (in thousands):

	One Percentage Point			
	Incr	ease	(Decrease)	
Effect on the net periodic postretirement benefit				
cost in 2001	\$	54	\$	(45)
Effect on the postretirement benefit obligation at				
December 31, 2001		748		(647)

12. Commitments and Contingencies

Gallagher is engaged in various legal actions incident to the nature of its business. Management is of the opinion that none of the litigation will have a material effect on Gallagher's consolidated financial position or operating results.

49

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

12. Commitments and Contingencies--(Continued)

Gallagher generally operates in leased premises. Certain office space leases have options permitting renewals for additional periods. In addition to minimum fixed rentals, a number of leases contain annual escalation clauses generally related to increases in an inflation index.

Minimum aggregate rental commitments at December 31, 2001 under noncancelable operating leases having an initial term of more than one year are as follows (in thousands):

	Total
2002	
2003	33,738
2004	27,159
2005	
2006	14,750
Subsequent years	45,905
	\$185 , 297

Total rent expense, including rent relating to cancelable leases and leases with initial terms of less than one year, amounted to \$53,575,000 in 2001, \$46,243,000 in 2000 and \$41,198,000 in 1999.

As of December 31, 2001, Gallagher had funding commitments of \$15,600,000 related to several of its venture capital equity investments.

13. Income Taxes

Significant components of earnings before income taxes and the provision for income taxes are as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2001	2000	1999	
Earnings before income taxes: Domestic Foreign, principally United Kingdom, Australia and Bermuda		7,865	4,974	
		\$133,739	\$127,024	
Provision for income taxes: Federal:				
Current Deferred	(73,552)	•	(1,935)	
	14,047	34,469	37,403	
State and local: Current Deferred				
		2,002	•	
Foreign: Current Deferred				
		4,313		
Total provision for income taxes	\$ 16,597 ======			

50

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

13. Income Taxes--(Continued)

A reconciliation of the provision for income taxes with the United States federal income tax rate is as follows (in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,							
	2001				1999			
	Amount			% of Pretax		% of		
Federal statutory rate State income taxesnet of	\$ 49,649	35.0	\$ 46,809	35.0	\$ 44,458	35.0		
federal benefit Pre-acquisition earnings of pooled companies taxed	890	0.6	2,102	1.6	4,179	3.3		
to previous owners			(293)					
Foreign taxes Affordable housing and alternative energy tax credits, net of	(1,561)	(1.1)	1,570	1.2	(712)	(0.6)		
amortization expense								
Othernet	3,622	2.6	2,475	1.8	1,049	0.8		
Provision for income								
taxes	\$ 16,597	11.7	\$ 40,784	30.5	\$ 43,784	34.5		

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of Gallagher's deferred tax liabilities and assets are as follows (in thousands):

	Decembe	•
		2000
Deferred tax assets: Accrued and unfunded compensation and employee benefits		
Accrued liabilities Alternative minimum tax (AMT) credit carryforward Investment-related partnerships Unrealized investment loss Other	11,044 42,724 43,656 1,749 4,526	11,949 7,926 1,665
Total deferred tax assets Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets		•
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	,	•
Net deferred tax assets	\$141,997 ======	\$ 64,184

At December 31, 2001 and 2000, \$46,321,000 and \$19,839,000, respectively, of deferred tax assets have been included in other current assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. AMT credits have an indefinite life

and Gallagher expects to fully utilize the amounts carried forward. During the period from 1994 to 1996, Gallagher provided for United States federal income taxes on the undistributed earnings of its foreign subsidiaries. Due to changes in the United States federal income tax laws effective in 1997, Gallagher no longer provides for United States federal income taxes on the undistributed earnings (\$32,000,000 at December 31, 2001) of certain foreign subsidiaries which are considered permanently invested outside of the United States. The amount of unrecognized deferred tax liability on these undistributed earnings is \$6,000,000 at December 31, 2001.

51

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

14. Quarterly Operating Results (unaudited)

Quarterly operating results for 2001 and 2000 were as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

		2nd		
2001				
Total revenues Earnings before income taxes Net earnings Net earnings per common share Net earnings per common and common equivalent share	34,073 27,083 .32	28,772 23,197 .27	42,019 41,903 .49	36,989 33,073 .39
2000				
Total revenues Earnings before income taxes Net earnings Net earnings per common share Net earnings per common and common equivalent share	30,134 19,115 .23	26,221 17,159 .21	45,642 32,063 .38	31,742 24,618 .29

15. Segment Information

Gallagher has identified three operating segments in addition to its corporate operations. Insurance Brokerage Services encompasses operations that, for commission or fee compensation, place or arrange to place insurance directly related to the clients' funding of risk. This segment also provides consulting services, for fee compensation, related to clients' risk financing programs. Risk Management Services includes Gallagher's third party administration, loss control and risk management consulting, workers' compensation investigations and insurance property appraisal operations. Third party administration is principally claims management services for Gallagher's brokerage clients or clients of other brokers. Financial Services is responsible for the management of Gallagher's diversified investment portfolio,

which includes fiduciary funds, marketable and other equity securities, and tax advantaged and other strategic investments. It manages the invested assets of Gallagher in order to maximize the return to the company. Corporate consists primarily of unallocated administrative costs and the provision for income taxes which is not allocated to Gallagher's operating segments.

52

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

15. Segment Information--(Continued)

Allocations of investment income and certain expenses are based on assumptions and estimates, and reported operating results by segment would change if different methods were applied. Certain assets are not individually identifiable by segment and, accordingly, have been allocated based on formulas. Financial information relating to Gallagher's operating segments for 2001, 2000 and 1999 is as follows (in thousands):

		Risk Management Services	Services	Corporate	Total
Year Ended December 31, 2001					
Revenues: Commissions	\$533 , 360	\$ 1,090	\$	\$	\$ 534,450
Fees Investment income and other.	62,342	262,522 1,084		(275)	324,864 50,729
Total revenues	\$608,328	\$264,696 =====	\$ 37,294	,	\$ 910,043
Earnings (loss) before income taxes Provision for income taxes	•	\$ 35,314 		\$(15,472) 16,597	\$ 141,853 16,597
Net earnings (loss)	\$116 , 498	\$ 35,314	\$ 5,513		
Income (loss) from equity investments Depreciation and amortization					\$ 3,497
expense Interest expense Net foreign exchange gain	12,068 199	7,367 150	 204	607 683	20,042 1,236
(loss)	(451)	(32)		(13)	(496)
Revenues: United States Foreign, principally United	\$560,429	\$242,403	\$ 35,263	\$ (275)	\$ 837,820
Kingdom, Australia and Bermuda	47,899	22,293	2,031		72,223
Total revenues	\$608,328	\$264,696	\$ 37,294		

At December 31, 2001

Identifiable assets: United States Foreign, principally United Kingdom, Australia and	\$603 , 215	\$ 47,203	\$256 , 459	\$170 , 942	\$1,077,819
Bermuda	374,174	16,481	3,349		394,004
Total identifiable assets.	\$977,389	\$ 63,684	\$259,808	\$170,942	\$1,471,823
Identifiable assets related to equity investments	\$ 1,690	\$	\$ 61,560	\$ 13,186	\$ 76,436

53

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS--(Continued)

15. Segment Information--(Continued)

	2	Risk Management Services		Corporate	 Total
Year Ended December 31, 2000					
Revenues:					
Commissions		\$ 1,204	\$	\$	\$
Fees Investment income and	51,678	229,557			281,235
other	18,227	1,534	24,130	(97)	 43,794
Total revenues	\$538,945 =======	\$ 232,295 ======	•	\$ (97) =======	•
Earnings (loss) before income					
taxes	\$100 , 265	\$ 33,216	\$ 12,997	\$ (12,739)	\$ 133 , 739
Provision for income taxes				40,784	40,784
Net earnings (loss)	\$100,265	\$ 33,216		\$ (53,523)	•
Income from equity					
investments Depreciation and amortization	\$ 777	\$	\$ 354	\$ (97)	\$ 1,034
expense	12,318	5,913		380	18,611
Interest expense Net foreign exchange gain		174	212	309	1,212
(loss)	(290)	20		(23)	 (293)
Revenues:					
United States Foreign, principally United	\$498 , 400	\$ 210,384	\$ 23 , 505	\$ (97)	\$ 732 , 192
Kingdom, Australia and Bermuda	40,545	21,911	625		 63,081
Total revenues	\$538 , 945	\$ 232,295	\$ 24,130	\$ (97)	\$ 795 , 273

			===================		
At December 31, 2000					
Identifiable assets: United States Foreign, principally United	\$502,112	\$ 47,919	\$ 213,640 \$	96,696	\$ 860,367
Kingdom, Australia and Bermuda	254,938		6,439		
Total identifiable assets.	\$757,050	\$ 61,663	\$ 220,079 \$	96,696	\$1,135,488
Identifiable assets related to equity investments					
Year Ended December 31, 1999					
Revenues:					
Commissions Fees Investment income and		\$ 192,853	\$ \$ 		
other	19,412	769	19,764		•
Total revenues	\$500,144	\$ 193,622	\$ 19,764 \$		\$ 713,530
Earnings (loss) before income					
taxes Provision for income taxes	\$ 97,377 	\$ 23,188 		43,784	43,784
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 97,377	\$ 23,188	\$ 13,529 \$	(50,854)	\$ 83,240
Income (loss) from equity investments	\$ 746	\$	\$ 1,312 \$		¢ 2.059
Depreciation and amortization expense	·	4,553	↓ 1,J12 ↓ 		
Interest expense Net foreign exchange gain	980		226	683	2,048
(loss)					(92)
Revenues: United States Foreign, principally United			\$ 17,955 \$		
Kingdom, Australia and Bermuda	33,204	13,944	1,809		
Total revenues	\$500,144		\$ 19,764 \$		\$ 713,530
At December 31, 1999					
Identifiable assets: United States Foreign, principally United Kingdom, Australia and	\$455 , 175	\$ 36,498	\$ 231,652 \$	51,698	\$ 775,023
Bermuda	199,046	10,466			
Total identifiable assets.		\$ 46,964	\$ 237,725 \$	51,698	\$ 990,608
Identifiable assets related					·

to equity investments	\$	907	\$		\$	37,438 \$		\$	38,345
-----------------------	----	-----	----	--	----	-----------	--	----	--------

54

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT

The management of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. (Gallagher) is responsible for the preparation and integrity of the consolidated financial statements and the related financial comments appearing in this annual report. The consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and include certain amounts based on management's best estimates and judgments. Other financial information presented in this annual report is consistent with the consolidated financial statements.

Gallagher maintains a system of internal accounting controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded and that transactions are executed as authorized and are recorded and reported properly. This system of controls is based on written policies and procedures, appropriate divisions of responsibility and authority, careful selection and training of personnel and the utilization of an internal audit function. Policies and procedures prescribe that Gallagher and all employees are to maintain the highest ethical standards and that business practices throughout the world are to be conducted in a manner which is above reproach.

Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, has audited Gallagher's consolidated financial statements and their report is presented herein.

The Board of Directors has an Audit Committee composed entirely of outside directors. Ernst & Young LLP has direct access to the Audit Committee and periodically meets with the Committee to discuss accounting, auditing and financial reporting matters.

Arthur J. Gallagher & Co.

Itasca, Illinois January 23, 2002

/s/ J. Patrick Gallagher, Jr.

J. Patrick Gallagher, Jr. President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Michael J. Cloherty

Michael J. Cloherty Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

55

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Arthur J. Gallagher & Co.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. (Gallagher) as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the related

consolidated statements of earnings, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001. These financial statements are the responsibility of Gallagher's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. at December 31, 2001 and 2000, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Ernst & Young LLP

Chicago, Illinois January 23, 2002

56

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

Not applicable.

57

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant.

Information regarding directors and nominees for directors of Gallagher is included under the caption entitled "Election of Directors" in the 2002 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

Information regarding executive compensation of Gallagher's directors and executive officers is included in the 2002 Proxy Statement under the caption entitled "Compensation of Executive Officers and Directors," and is incorporated herein by reference; provided, however, the report of the Compensation Committee on executive compensation and the stock performance graph shall not be deemed to be incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management.

Information regarding beneficial ownership of the Common Stock by certain beneficial owners and by management of Gallagher is included under the caption entitled "Principal Holders of Securities" in the 2002 Proxy Statement and is

incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.

Information regarding transactions between Gallagher and Mr. James J. Braniff III and Mr. Michael J. Cloherty is included under the caption entitled "Summary Compensation Table" in the 2002 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

Item 14. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K.

(a) The following documents are filed as a part of this report:

1. Consolidated Financial Statements of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. consisting of:

- (a) Consolidated Statements of Earnings for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001.
- (b) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2001 and 2000.
- (c) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001.
- (d) Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2001.
- (e) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
- (f) Management's Report.
- (g) Report of Independent Auditors.
- 2. Consolidated Financial Statement Schedules consisting of:
 - (a) Schedule II--Valuation and Qualifying Accounts.

All other schedules are omitted because they are not applicable, or not required, or because the required information is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or the Notes thereto.

58

3. Exhibits:

3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Gallagher							
	(incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to							
	Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly							
	period ended June 30, 1996, File No. 1-9761).							
3.1.1	Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate of							
	Incorporation of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., Amended as of M							

- Incorporation of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., Amended as of May
 18, 2000 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number
 to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly
 period ended June 30, 2000, File No. 1-9761).
 3.1.2 Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate of
- Incorporation of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., Amended as of May 23, 2001 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number

to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2001, File No. 1-9761).

- 3.2 By-Laws of Gallagher (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form S-1 Registration Statement No. 33-10447).
- 3.3 Rights Agreement between Gallagher and Bank of America Illinois (formerly Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago) (incorporated by reference to Exhibits 1 and 2 to Gallagher's Form 8-A Registration Statement filed May 12, 1987, File No. 0-13480).
- 3.4 Assignment and Assumption Agreement of Rights Agreement by and among Bank of America Illinois (formerly Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago), Harris Trust and Savings Bank and Gallagher (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form S-8 Registration Statement No. 33-38031).
- 3.5 Amendment No. 1 to Exhibit 3.3 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended June 30, 1996, File No. 1-9761).
- 4.1 Instruments defining the rights of security holders (relevant portions contained in the Restated Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws of Gallagher and the Rights Agreement in Exhibits 3.1, 3.2, and 3.3, respectively, hereby incorporated by reference).
- **10.25 Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. United Kingdom Incentive Stock Option Plan, Amended and restated as of January 22, 1998 and approved by the Inland Revenue on June 12, 1998 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended June 30, 1998, File No. 1-9761).
- **10.26 Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. 1988 Incentive Stock Option Plan, Amended and restated as of May 19, 1998 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended June 30, 1998, File No. 1-9761).
- **10.27 Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. 1988 Nonqualified Stock Option Plan, Amended and restated as of January 22, 1998 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended June 30, 1998, File No. 1-9761).
- **10.27.1 Amendment No. 1 to the Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. Restated 1988 Nonqualified Stock Option Plan, Amended as of January 20, 2000 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2000, File No. 1-9761).
- **10.28 Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. 1989 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan, Amended and restated as of January 22, 1998 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended June 30, 1998, File No. 1-9761).

**10.28.1 Amendment No. 2 to the Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. Restated 1989 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan, Amended as of January 20, 2000 (incorporated by reference to the same

exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2000, File No. 1-9761).

- 10.5 Lease Agreement between Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. and Itasca Center III Limited Partnership, a Texas limited partnership, dated July 26, 1989 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-K Annual Report for 1989, File No. 1-9761).
- 10.7 Letter dated December 31, 1983 from Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. to Bank of America Illinois (formerly Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago) regarding Common Stock Purchase Financing Program including exhibits thereto and related letters (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form S-1 Registration Statement No. 2-89195).
- 10.71 Amendment to Exhibit No. 10.7 dated September 11, 1985 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-K Annual Report for 1985, File No. 0-13480).
- 10.8 Credit Agreement Dated as of September 11, 2000 Among Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., AJG Financial Services, Inc., The Banks Party Thereto, Harris Trust and Savings Bank, as Agent and Lead Arranger, Citibank, N.A., as Co-Lead Arranger and Syndication Agent, and Bank of America, N.A. as Co-Lead Arranger and Documentation Agent (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2000, File No. 1-9761).
- 10.8.1 Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. and AJG Financial Services, Inc. First Amendment to Credit Agreement Dated as of November 10, 2000 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2000, File No. 1-9761).
- 10.8.2 Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. and AJG Financial Services, Inc. Second Amendment to Credit Agreement Dated as of May 31, 2001 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2001, File No. 1-9761).
- 10.8.3 Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. and AJG Financial Services, Inc. Third Amendment to Credit Agreement Dated as of September 7, 2001 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001, File No. 1-9761).
- 10.8.4 Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. and AJG Financial Services, Inc. Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement Dated as of November 7, 2001 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001, File No. 1-9761).
- *10.8.5 Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. and AJG Financial Services, Inc. Fifth Amendment to Credit Agreement Dated as of February 21, 2002.
- **10.10 Board of Directors' Resolution from meeting on January 26, 1984 relating to consulting and retirement benefits for certain directors (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form S-1 Registration Statement

No. 2-89195).

**10.11 Form of Indemnity Agreement between Gallagher and each of its directors and corporate officers (incorporated by reference to Attachment A to Gallagher's Proxy Statement dated April 10, 1987 for its Annual Meeting of Stockholders, File No. 0-13480).

60

- **10.14 Form of Change in Control Agreement between Gallagher and each of its Executive Officers (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-K Annual Report for 1998, File No. 1-9761).
- **10.15 Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. Supplemental Savings and Thrift Plan (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-K Annual Report for 1999, File No. 1-9761).
- **10.16 Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. Deferred Equity Participation Plan and Deferred Equity Trust Agreement dated March 22, 2001 (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-K Annual Report for 2000, File No. 1-9761).
- **10.17 Executive Bonus Agreement dated June 2, 2000 between Gallagher and Michael J. Cloherty (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-K Annual Report for 2000, File No. 1-9761).
- **10.18 Promissory Note dated March 15, 2001 in the principal amount of \$2,382,900 from Michael J. Cloherty, payable to Gallagher (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-K Annual Report for 2000, File No. 1-9761).
- **10.19 Employment Agreement dated January 1, 1999 between Gallagher and James J. Braniff III (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-K Annual Report for 2000, File No. 1-9761).
- **10.20 Secured Promissory Note dated June 19, 1996 in the principal amount of \$1,155,000 from James J. Braniff III, payable to Gallagher (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-K Annual Report for 2000, File No. 1-9761).
- **10.21 Promissory Note dated February 1, 1999 in the principal amount of \$100,000 from James J. Braniff III, payable to Gallagher (incorporated by reference to the same exhibit number to Gallagher's Form 10-K Annual Report for 2000, File No. 1-9761).
- *21.0 Subsidiaries of Gallagher, including state or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization and the names under which each does business.
- *23.1 Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors.
- *24.0 Powers of Attorney.

All other exhibits are omitted because they are not applicable, or not required, or because the required information is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or Notes thereto.

*Filed as exhibits to this Form 10-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

^{**}Such exhibit is a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit to this form pursuant to item 601 of Regulation S-K.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

Not applicable.

61

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized on the 22nd day of March, 2002.

Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. /s/ J. Patrick Gallagher, Jr. By_______ J. Patrick Gallagher, Jr. President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below on the 22nd day of March, 2002 by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant in the capacities indicated.

Name	Title				
*Robert E. Gallagher	Chairman and Director				
Robert E. Gallagher					
/s/ J. Patrick Gallagher, Jr.	President and Director (Chief Executive Officer)				
J. Patrick Gallagher, Jr.					
/s/ Michael J. Cloherty	Executive Vice President and Director (Chief Financial Officer)				
Michael J. Cloherty					
/s/ Richard C. Cary	Controller (Chief Accounting Officer)				
Richard C. Cary					
*James J. Braniff III	Director				
James J. Braniff III					
*T. Kimball Brooker	Director				
T. Kimball Brooker					
*Gary P. Coughlan	Director				
Gary P. Coughlan					
*James W. Durkin, Jr.	Director				
James W. Durkin, Jr.					
*Ilene S. Gordon	Director				
Ilene S. Gordon					
*David E. McGurn, Jr.	Director				
David E. McGurn, Jr.					

David E. McGurn, Jr.

*Richard J. McKenna

Director

Director

Richard J. McKenna *Robert Ripp

Robert Ripp *James R. Wimmer

Director

James R. Wimmer

/s/ John C. Rosengren

*By: ____

John C. Rosengren, Attorney-in-Fact

62

SCHEDULE II

ARTHUR J. GALLAGHER & CO. VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

	at Beginning of Year	Earnings	Adjustments	Balance at End of Year	
		(in thousands)			
Year ended December 31, 2001 Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$3,132	\$1 , 657	\$(3,059)(1)	\$1,730	
Allowance for estimated policy cancellations Accumulated amortization of	2,000	500		2,500	
goodwill Accumulated amortization of non- compete agreements and expiration	5,836	2,624	(1,331)(2)	7,129	
lists Year ended December 31, 2000	4,089	881	(3,369)(3)	1,601	
Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for estimated policy	\$1 , 531	\$4,456	\$(2,855)(1)	\$3,132	
cancellations		2,000		2,000	
goodwillAccumulated amortization of non- compete agreements and expiration	5,588	2,363	(2,115)(2)	5,836	
lists Year ended December 31, 1999	3,118	1,283	(312)(3)	4,089	
Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for estimated policy	\$2 , 151	\$ 36	\$ (656)(1)	\$1,531	
cancellations					
goodwillAccumulated amortization of Accumulated amortization of non- compete agreements and expiration	4,895	1,545	(852)(2)	5,588	
lists	1,135	2,014	(31)(3)	3,118	

- (1) Bad debt write-offs net of recoveries.
- (2) Elimination of fully amortized goodwill and intangible asset/amortization reclassifications.
- (3) Elimination of fully amortized non-compete agreements and expiration lists and intangible asset/amortization reclassifications.