Cboe Global Markets, Inc. Form 10-Q
November 02, 2018
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10 Q
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018
OR
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number: 001 34774
Cboe Global Markets, Inc.

Delaware 20 5446972 (State or Other Jurisdiction of I.R.S. Employer Incorporation or Organization) Identification No.)

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

400 South LaSalle Street Chicago, Illinois 60605 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(312) 786 5600

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b 2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b 2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Class October 26, 2018 Common Stock, par value \$0.01 112,201,915 shares

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CERTAIN DEFINED TERMS

Throughout this document, unless otherwise specified or the context so requires:

- · "Cboe," "we," "us," "our" or "the Company" refers to Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and its subsidiaries.
- · "ADV" means average daily volume.
- · "ADNV" means average daily notional value.
- · "Bats Global Markets" and "Bats" refer to our wholly-owned subsidiary Bats Global Markets, Inc., now known as Cboe Bats, LLC, and its subsidiaries.
- · "BYX" refers to Cboe BYX Exchange, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- · "BZX" refers to Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- · "C2" refers to Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc. a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- · "Cboe Chi-X Europe" refers to our broker-dealer entity, Cboe Chi-X Europe Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc., operated in the United Kingdom.
- · "Cboe Europe Equities" refers to Cboe Europe Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc., the U.K. operator of our Multilateral Trading Facility ("MTF"), and our Regulated Market ("RM"), under its Recognized Investment Exchange ("RIE") status.
- · "Cboe FX" refers to Cboe FX Holdings, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- · "Cboe Options" refers to Cboe Exchange, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- · "Cboe SEF" refers to Cboe SEF, LLC, our swap execution facility that is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- · "Cboe Trading" refers to our broker-dealer entity, Cboe Trading, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc., operated in the United States.
- · "CFE" refers to Cboe Futures Exchange, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- · "CFTC" refers to the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- · "EDGA" refers to Cboe EDGA Exchange, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
- · "EDGX" refers to Cboe EDGX Exchange, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe Global Markets, Inc.
 - "Exchanges" refers to Cboe Options, C2, BZX, BYX, EDGX, and EDGA.
- · "FASB" refers to the Financial Accounting Standards Board.
- · "FCA" refers to the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority.
- · "GAAP" refers to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States.
 - "Merger" refers to our acquisition of Bats Global Markets, completed on February 28, 2017.
- · "OCC" refers to The Options Clearing Corporation.
- · "OPRA" refers to Options Price Reporting Authority, LLC.
- · "SEC" refers to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.
- · "SPX" refers to our S&P 500 Index exchange-traded options products.
- · "VIX" refers to the Cboe Volatility Index methodology.

TRADEMARK AND OTHER INFORMATION

Cboe®, Bats®, BYX®, BZX®, Cboe Volatility Index®, CFE®, EDGA®, EDGX®, Silexx® and VIX® are registered trademarks, and Cboe Global MarketsSM, Cboe Futures ExchangeSM, C2SM and SPXSM and are service marks of Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Standard & Poor's®, S&P®, S&P 100® and S&P 500® are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC and have been licensed for use by Cboe Exchange, Inc. Dow Jones®, Dow Jones Industrial Average®, DJIA® and Dow Jones Indexes are registered trademarks or service marks of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings, LLC, used under license. MSCI, and the MSCI index names are service marks of MSCI Inc., used under license. Russell®, FTSE®, and other FTSE or Russell indexes are trademarks of the London Stock Exchange Group companies, used under license. All other trademarks and service marks are the property of their respective owners.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes market share and industry data that we obtained from industry publications and surveys, reports of governmental agencies and internal company surveys. Industry publications and surveys generally state that the information they contain has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but we cannot assure you that this information is accurate or complete. We have not independently verified any of the data from third-party sources nor have we ascertained the underlying economic assumptions relied upon therein. Statements as to our market position are based on the most currently available market data. While we are not aware of any misstatements regarding industry data presented herein, our estimates involve risks and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various factors. We refer you to the "Risk Factors" in Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our other filings with the SEC.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10 Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. You can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as "may," "might," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential" or "continue," and the negative of these terms and other comparable terminology. All statements that reflect our expectations, assumptions or projections about the future other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements, including statements in the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section of this report. These forward-looking statements, which are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us, may include projections of our future financial performance based on our growth strategies and anticipated trends in our business. These statements are only predictions based on our current expectations and projections about future events. There are important factors that could cause our actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from that expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. In particular, you should consider the risks and uncertainties described under "Risk Factors" in Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report on Form 10 Q and our other filings with the SEC.

While we believe we have identified the risks that are material to us, these risks and uncertainties are not exhaustive. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks and uncertainties emerge from time to time, and it is not possible to predict all risks and uncertainties, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

Some factors that could cause actual results to differ include:

- · the loss of our right to exclusively list and trade certain index options and futures products;
- · economic, political and market conditions;
- · compliance with legal and regulatory obligations;
- · price competition and consolidation in our industry;
- · decreases in trading volumes, market data fees or a shift in the mix of products traded on our exchanges;
- · legislative or regulatory changes;
- · increasing competition by foreign and domestic entities;
- · our dependence on and exposure to risk from third parties;
- · our index providers' ability to maintain the quality and integrity of their indexes and to perform under our agreements;
- our ability to operate our business without violating the intellectual property rights of others and the costs associated with protecting our intellectual property rights;
- · our ability to attract and retain skilled management and other personnel, including those experienced with post-acquisition integration;
- · our ability to accommodate trading volume and transaction traffic, including significant increases, without failure or degradation of performance of our systems;

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- · our ability to protect our systems and communication networks from security risks, including cyber-attacks and unauthorized disclosure of confidential information;
- · challenges to our use of open source software code;
- · our ability to meet our compliance obligations, including managing potential conflicts between our regulatory responsibilities and our for-profit status;
- · damage to our reputation;
 - the ability of our compliance and risk management methods to effectively monitor and manage our risks:
- · our ability to manage our growth and strategic acquisitions or alliances effectively;
- unanticipated difficulties or expenditures relating to the Merger, including, without limitation, difficulties that result in the failure to realize expected synergies, accretion, efficiencies and cost savings from the Merger within the expected time period (if at all), whether in connection with integration, migrating trading platforms, broadening distribution of product offerings or otherwise;
- · restrictions imposed by our debt obligations;
- · our ability to maintain an investment grade credit rating;
- potential difficulties in our migration of trading platforms and our ability to retain employees as a result of the Merger; and
- · the accuracy of our estimates and expectations.

For a detailed discussion of these and other factors that might affect our performance, see Part II, Item 1A of this Report. We do not undertake, and expressly disclaim, any duty to update any forward-looking statement whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. We caution you not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this filing.

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(unaudited)

(in millions, except par value data and share amounts)

Assets		eptember 30,		ecember 31,
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	136.8	\$	143.5
Financial investments	Ψ	0.9	Ψ	47.3
Accounts receivables, net		221.9		217.3
Income taxes receivable		59.8		17.2
Other current assets		16.1		9.4
Total Current Assets		435.5		434.7
Investments		88.7		82.7
Land		4.9		4.9
Property and equipment, net		65.9		73.9
Goodwill		2,697.6		2,707.4
Intangible assets, net		1,768.2		1,902.6
Other assets, net		58.7		59.5
Total Assets	\$	5,119.5	\$	5,265.7
Liabilities, Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest and Stockholders' Equity				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	147.8	\$	153.8
Section 31 fees payable		15.1		105.6
Deferred revenue		13.4		15.4
Income taxes payable		_		2.6
Current portion of long-term debt		299.6		
Contingent consideration liabilities		3.0		56.6
Total Current Liabilities		478.9		334.0
Long-term debt		915.1		1,237.9
Income tax liability		81.7		78.8
Deferred income taxes		475.4		488.2
Other non-current liabilities		7.1		6.8
Commitments and Contingencies				
Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest		9.4		9.4

Stockholders' Equity:

Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value: 20,000,000 shares authorized, no shares		
issued and outstanding at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017	_	_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value: 325,000,000 shares authorized, 125,052,178		
and 111,626,297 shares issued and outstanding, respectively at		
September 30, 2018 and 124,705,786 and 112,741,217 shares issued and		
outstanding, respectively at December 31, 2017	1.2	1.2
Common stock in treasury, at cost, 13,425,881 shares at September 30, 2018		
and 11,964,569 shares at December 31, 2017	(715.0)	(558.3)
Additional paid-in capital	2,654.5	2,623.7
Retained earnings	1,185.4	993.3
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net	25.8	50.7
Total Stockholders' Equity	3,151.9	3,110.6
Total Liabilities, Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 5,119.5	\$ 5,265.7

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

(unaudited)

(in millions, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 2017		Nine Months Ended Septe 2018	
Revenues:				
Transaction fees	\$ 411.8	\$ 423.3	\$ 1,423.7	\$ 1,133.6
Access fees	34.3	30.1	94.1	77.6
Exchange services and other fees	19.3	20.0	62.3	55.3
Market data fees	47.6	46.8	154.3	117.3
Regulatory fees	55.2	83.5	260.8	205.1
Other revenue	7.7	7.7	25.9	19.5
Total revenues	575.9	611.4	2,021.1	1,608.4
Cost of revenues:				
Liquidity payments	229.2	234.3	803.2	606.1
Routing and clearing	8.7	9.4	28.8	27.9
Section 31 fees	46.8	75.9	236.7	180.5
Royalty fees	20.7	22.1	69.9	63.9
Total cost of revenues	305.4	341.7	1,138.6	878.4
Revenues less cost of revenues	270.5	269.7	882.5	730.0
Operating expenses:				
Compensation and benefits	51.8	50.4	168.1	148.2
Depreciation and amortization	50.3	55.4	154.9	136.3
Technology support services	10.6	11.4	34.5	30.9
Professional fees and outside services	16.6	17.6	51.9	48.9
Travel and promotional expenses	2.6	4.5	9.8	12.0
Facilities costs	3.3	2.9	8.6	7.7
Acquisition-related costs	5.9	5.5	23.3	75.4
Other expenses	3.3	2.7	8.5	7.4
Total operating expenses	144.4	150.4	459.6	466.8
Operating income	126.1	119.3	422.9	263.2
Non-operating (expenses) income:				
Interest expense, net	(9.6)	(10.5)	(28.5)	(30.9)
Other (expense) income	(0.2)	(2.9)	1.1	(2.0)
Income before income tax provision	116.3	105.9	395.5	230.3
Income tax provision	30.6	45.6	108.7	86.8
Net income	85.7	60.3	286.8	143.5
Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.8
Net income excluding redeemable noncontrolling interest	86.0	60.5	287.7	144.3
Change in redemption value of redeemable noncontrolling				
interest	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.9)	(0.8)
Net income allocated to participating securities	(0.7)	(0.6)	(2.1)	(1.4)

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Net income allocated to common stockholders Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	\$ 85.0 \$ 0.76 \$ 0.76	\$ 59.7 \$ 0.53 \$ 0.53	\$ 284.7 \$ 2.54 \$ 2.53	\$ 142.1 \$ 1.35 \$ 1.34
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	111.4	112.3	112.0	105.5
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	111.8	112.6	112.4	105.8

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(unaudited)

(in millions)

	Three Mor	nths	Nine Months Ended	
	Ended Sep	ptember 30,	September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net income	\$ 85.7	\$ 60.3	\$ 286.8	\$ 143.5
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(9.1)	20.5	(23.9)	50.7
Unrealized holding gains on financial investments		(0.1)		0.1
Post-retirement benefit obligations			(1.0)	_
Comprehensive income	76.6	80.7	261.9	194.3
Comprehensive loss attributable to redeemable				
noncontrolling interest	0.3	0.2	0.9	0.8
Comprehensive income excluding redeemable noncontrolling				
interest	76.9	80.9	262.8	195.1
Change in redemption value of redeemable noncontrolling				
interest	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.9)	(0.8)
Comprehensive income allocated to participating securities	(0.7)	(0.3)	(2.1)	(1.4)
Comprehensive income allocated to common stockholders,				
net of tax	\$ 75.9	\$ 80.4	\$ 259.8	\$ 192.9

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Nine months ended September 30, 2018

(unaudited)

(in millions, except per share amount)

Balance at	Preferre@ommon Treasury Stock Stock Stock	Additional paid-in Retained capital earnings	Accumulated other Total Redeemable comprehensive ockholders' Noncontrolling income, net equity Interest
December 31, 2017 Cash dividends on common	\$ — \$ 1.2 \$ (558.3)	\$ 2,623.7 \$ 993.3	\$ 50.7 \$ 3,110.6 \$ 9.4
stock of \$0.85 per share		— (95.6)	— (95.6) —
Stock-based compensation Common stock repurchased		29.4 —	— 29.4 —
from employee stock plans	— — (15.8)	1.4 —	— (14.4) —
Purchase of common stock Net income excluding	— — (140.9)		— (140.9) —
noncontrolling interest Other		<u> </u>	— 287.7 —
comprehensive income Net loss attributable to			(24.9) (24.9) —
redeemable noncontrolling interest Redemption value adjustment of redeemable		— 0.9	— 0.9 (0.9)
noncontrolling interest Balance at September 30,	\$ — \$ 1.2 \$ (715.0)	— (0.9) \$ 2,654.5 \$ 1,185.4	— (0.9) 0.9 \$ 25.8 \$ 3,151.9 \$ 9.4

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(unaudited)

(in millions)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2018	2017
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 286.8	\$ 143.5
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	154.9	136.3
Amortization of debt issuance cost and debt discount	1.8	3.1
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	3.0	1.1
Realized gain on financial investments	(1.2)	(0.4)
Provision for uncollectible convertible notes receivable		3.8
Provision for deferred income taxes	(10.3)	(6.3)
Stock-based compensation expense	29.4	39.1
Loss on disposition of property	1.0	
Impairment of data processing software		14.9
Equity in investments	(1.2)	(0.3)
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation		7.1
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(3.8)	(2.1)
Income taxes receivable	(42.6)	24.1
Trading financial investments		(1.9)
Other prepaid expenses		(8.7)
Other current assets	(13.1)	_
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(3.8)	(1.1)
Section 31 fees payable	(90.5)	(122.7)
Deferred revenue	(2.0)	3.9
Income taxes payable	(3.7)	(50.2)
Income tax liability	2.9	(5.3)
Other liabilities	0.5	1.0
Net Cash Flows provided by Operating Activities	308.1	178.9
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(1,405.4)
Purchases of financial investments	(131.2)	(89.2)
Proceeds from maturities of financial investments	178.7	155.1
Investments		(4.0)
Other	(1.8)	_
Purchases of property and equipment	(27.8)	(26.1)
Net Cash Flows provided by (used in) Investing Activities	17.9	(1,369.6)

Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from long-term debt	300.0	1,944.2
Principal payments of long term debt	(325.0)	(625.0)
Proceeds from credit facility	39.0	_
Payments of credit facility	(39.0)	
Debt issuance costs	_	(1.3)
Dividends paid	(95.6)	(87.4)
Purchase of unrestricted stock from employees	(15.8)	(18.0)
Proceeds from exercise of stock-based compensation	1.6	1.8
Payment of contingent consideration from acquisition	(56.6)	
Purchase of common stock under announced program	(140.9)	
Net Cash Flows (used in) provided by Financing Activities	(332.3)	1,214.3
Effect of Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash equivalents	(0.4)	3.9
(Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(6.7)	27.5
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Beginning of Period	143.5	97.3
End of Period	\$ 136.8	\$ 124.8
Supplemental disclosure of cash transactions:		
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 161.7	\$ 69.6
Interest paid	33.2	24.7
Supplemental disclosure of noncash transactions:		
Forfeiture of common stock for payment of exercise of stock options		2.3
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing activities:		
Accounts receivable acquired		117.8
Financial investments acquired		66.0
Property and equipment acquired		21.8
Goodwill acquired		2,651.0
Intangible assets acquired		2,000.0
Other assets acquired		32.8
Accounts payable and accrued expenses assumed		(59.9)
Section 31 fees payable acquired		(143.6)
Deferred tax liability acquired		(720.3)
Other liabilities assumed	_	(135.5)
Issuance of common stock related to acquisition		(2,424.7)

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Cboe Global Markets, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Cboe Global Markets, Inc. is one of the world's largest exchange holding companies, offering cutting-edge trading and investment solutions to investors around the world. The Company is committed to relentless innovation, connecting global markets with world-class technology, and providing seamless solutions that enhance the customer experience.

Cboe offers trading across a diverse range of products in multiple asset classes and geographies, including options, futures, U.S. and European equities, exchange-traded products (ETPs), global foreign exchange (FX) and multi-asset volatility products based on the VIX, the world's barometer for equity market volatility.

Cboe's trading venues include the largest options exchange in the U.S. by volume and the largest stock exchange by value traded in Europe. In addition, the Company is the second-largest stock exchange operator by volume in the U.S. and a leading market globally for ETP trading.

The Company is headquartered in Chicago with offices in Kansas City, New York, London, San Francisco, Singapore, Hong Kong, and Ecuador.

Basis of Presentation

These interim unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10 Q and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10 K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities, valuation of redeemable noncontrolling interest and reported amounts of revenues and expenses. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates based upon historical experience, observance of trends, information available from outside sources and various other assumptions that management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different conditions or assumptions.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows at the dates and for the periods presented have been included.

The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full year.

For those consolidated subsidiaries in which the Company's ownership is less than 100% and for which the Company has control over the assets and liabilities and the management of the entity, the outside stockholders' interest are shown as noncontrolling interest.

Segment information

The Company reports five business segments: Options, U.S. Equities, Futures, European Equities, and Global FX, which is reflective of how the Company's chief operating decision-maker reviews and operates the business (Note 15).

Recent Accounting Pronouncements - Adopted

In the first quarter of 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2017 09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718). This ASU provides additional guidance around which changes to a share-based payment award require an entity to apply modification accounting. The Company's application of the pronouncement, on a prospective basis, did not result in a material impact to the consolidated financial statements.

In the first quarter of 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2017 07, Compensation - Retirement Benefits (Topic 715). This ASU requires an employer to report the service cost component in the same line item or items as other compensation costs arising from services rendered by the pertinent employees during the period. The other components are required to be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component and outside a subtotal of income from operations. The Company applied the full retrospective application of the pronouncement, which did not result in a material impact to the consolidated financial statements.

In the first quarter of 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2016 15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230) — Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force). ASU No. 2016 15 addresses eight specific cash flow issues in an effort to reduce diversity in practice: (1) debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs; (2) settlement of zero-coupon bonds; (3) contingent consideration payments made after a business combination; (4) proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims; (5) proceeds from the settlement of corporate-owned life insurance policies, including bank-owned life insurance policies; (6) distributions received from equity method investees; (7) beneficial interests in securitization transactions; and (8) separately identifiable cash flows and application of the predominance principle. The Company's application of the pronouncement did not result in a material impact to the consolidated financial statements.

In the first quarter of 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2017 01, Business Combinations (Topic 805) - Clarifying the Definition of a Business. ASU No. 2017 01 clarifies the definition of a business with the objective of adding guidance to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. There are three elements of a business: inputs, processes, and outputs. While an integrated set of assets and activities (collectively, a "set") that is a business usually has outputs, outputs are not required to be present. Additionally, all of the inputs and processes that a seller uses in operating a set are not required if market participants can acquire the set and continue to produce outputs. ASU No. 2017 01 provides a screen to determine when a set is not a business. The screen requires that when substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired (or disposed of) is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or a group of similar identifiable assets, the set is not a business. This screen reduces the number of transactions that need to be further evaluated. If, however, the screen is not met, then the amendments in this ASU (1) require that to be considered a business, a set must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output and (2) remove the evaluation of whether a market participant could replace missing elements. Finally, the amendments in this ASU narrow the definition of the term "output" so that it is consistent with the manner in which outputs are described in Topic 606 -Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The Company will apply the pronouncement, on a prospective basis, for any business combination.

In the first quarter of 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825-10) – Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. ASU No. 2016-01 addresses certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments. The changes primarily relate to equity investments, financial liabilities measured using the fair value option, and updated disclosure requirements. The Company applied the full retrospective application of the pronouncement, which did not result in a material impact to the consolidated financial statements.

In the first quarter of 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2018-02, Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) - Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. This update addresses the reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the tax reform legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("Jobs Act"). The guidance eliminates the stranded tax effects resulting from the Jobs Act as well as improves the usefulness of information reported to financial statement users by requiring certain disclosures about stranded tax effects. As the

amendment only relates to reclassification of the income tax effects of the Jobs Act, the underlying guidance that requires that the effect of a change in tax laws or rates be included in income from continuing operations is not affected. The Company's application of the pronouncement did not result in a material impact to the consolidated financial statements.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements - Issued, not yet Adopted

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017 04, Intangibles-Goodwill and Other (Topic 350) - Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment. This ASU simplifies the manner in which an entity is required to test goodwill for impairment by eliminating Step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. Step 2 measures a goodwill impairment loss by comparing the implied fair value of a reporting unit's goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. In computing the implied fair value of goodwill under Step 2, an entity, prior to the amendments in ASU No. 2017 04, had to perform procedures to determine the fair value at the impairment testing date of its assets and liabilities, including unrecognized assets and liabilities, in accordance with the procedure that would be required in determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. However, under this ASU, an entity should (1) perform its annual or interim goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount, and (2) recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, with the understanding that the loss recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. Additionally, ASU No. 2017 04 removes the requirements for any reporting unit with a zero or negative carrying amount to perform a qualitative assessment and, if it fails such qualitative test, to perform Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test. For public entities, the update is effective for annual or any interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The Company is in the process of evaluating this guidance and assessing the impact the ASU could have on the consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016 02, Leases. This update requires a lessee to recognize on the balance sheet a liability to make lease payments and a corresponding right-of-use asset ("ROU"). The guidance also requires certain qualitative and quantitative disclosures about the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. This update is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company will adopt the new ASU on January 1, 2019. Based on the Company's preliminary evaluation of the guidance, the ASU is expected to have a material impact on the consolidated balance sheets, but is not expected to have a material impact on the consolidated income statements. The most significant impact is expected to be the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities for operating leases. The Company is in the process of analyzing its lease portfolio, and finalizing processes and accounting policies to comply with the ASU's adoption requirements.

In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases to clarify the implementation guidance and ASU No. 2018-11, Leases (Topic 842) Targeted Improvements. This updated guidance provides an optional transition method, which allows for the initial application of the new accounting standard at the adoption date and the recognition of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption. The Company will adopt the new ASUs on January 1, 2019. The Company is in the process of finalizing its assessment of the impact of these ASUs on its consolidated financial statements and is evaluating its processes and internal controls to identify any necessary changes.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) - Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. This ASU removes certain disclosure requirements related to the fair value hierarchy, modifies existing disclosure requirements related to measurement uncertainty and adds new disclosure requirements. The new disclosure requirements include disclosing the changes in unrealized gains and losses for the period included in other comprehensive income for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements held at the end of the reporting period and the range and weighted average of significant unobservable

inputs used to develop Level 3 fair value measurements. For public entities, the update is effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. Certain disclosures in the new guidance will need to be applied on a retrospective basis and others on a prospective basis. The Company is in the process of evaluating this guidance and assessing the impact the ASU could have on the consolidated financial statements.

2. REVENUE RECOGNITION

As of January 1, 2017, the Company adopted ASU 2014 09 Revenue from Contracts with Customers - Topic 606 and all subsequent ASUs that modified ASC 606.

The main types of revenue contracts are:

- · Transaction fees Transaction fees represent fees charged by the Company for the performance obligation of executing a trade on its markets. These fees can be variable based on trade volume tiered discounts, however, as all tiered discounts are calculated monthly, the actual discount is recorded on a monthly basis. Transaction fees, as well as any tiered volume discounts, are calculated and billed monthly in accordance with the Company's published fee schedules. Transaction fees are recognized across all segments. The Company also pays liquidity payments to customers based on its published fee schedules. The Company uses these payments to improve the liquidity on its markets and therefore recognizes those payments as a cost of revenue.
- · Access fees Access fees represent fees assessed for the opportunity to trade, including fees for trading-related functionality across all segments. These fees are billed monthly in accordance with the Company's published fee schedules and recognized on a monthly basis when the performance obligation is met. There is no remaining performance obligation after revenue is recognized.
- · Exchange services and other fees To facilitate trading, the Company offers technology services, terminal and other equipment rights, maintenance services, trading floor space and telecommunications services. Trading floor and equipment rights are generally on a month-to-month basis. Facilities, systems services and other fees are generally monthly fee-based, although certain services are influenced by trading volume or other defined metrics, while others are based solely on demand. All fees associated with the trading floor are recognized in the Options segment.
- · Market data fees Market data fees represent the fees received by the Company from the U.S. tape plans and fees charged to customers for proprietary market data. Fees from the U.S. tape plans are collected monthly based on published fee schedules and distributed quarterly to the U.S. exchanges based on a known formula. A contract for proprietary market data is entered into and charged on a monthly basis in accordance with the Company's published fee schedules as the service is provided. Both types of market data are satisfied over time, and revenue is recognized on a monthly basis as the customer receives and consumes the benefit as the Company provides the data. U.S. tape plan market data is recognized in the U.S. Equities and Options segments. Proprietary market data fees are recognized across all segments.
- · Regulatory fees There are two types of regulatory fees that the Company recognizes. The first type represents fees collected by the Company to cover the Section 31 fees charged to the Exchanges by the SEC. The fees charged to customers are based on the fee set by the SEC per notional value of the transaction executed on the Company's U.S. securities markets. These fees are calculated and billed monthly and are recognized in the U.S. Equities and Options segments. As the Exchanges are responsible for the ultimate payment to the SEC, the exchanges are considered the principal in these transactions. Regulatory fees also includes the options regulatory fee (ORF) which supports the Company's regulatory oversight function in the Options segment and other miscellaneous regulatory fees.
- · Other revenue Other revenue primarily includes revenue from various licensing agreements, all fees related to the trade reporting facility operated in the European Equities segment, and revenue associated with advertisements through the Company's website.

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All revenue recognized in the income statement is considered to be revenue from contracts with customers. The following table depicts the disaggregation of revenue according to product line and segment (in millions):

Three Months Ended	Options	U.S. Equities	Futures	European Equities	Global FX	Corporate items and eliminations Total
September 30, 2018 Transaction fees Access fees Exchange services and	\$ 175.2 16.8	\$ 176.7 12.1	\$ 25.7 2.2	\$ 22.4 2.2	\$ 11.8 1.0	\$ — \$ 411.8 — 34.3
other fees Market data fees Regulatory fees Other revenue	8.3 10.6 12.6 5.1	7.4 32.0 42.6 1.1	1.6 1.7 —	1.4 3.1 — 1.5	0.6 0.2 —	 — 19.3 — 47.6 — 55.2 — 7.7
Timing of revenue recognition Services transferred at a	\$ 228.6	\$ 271.9	\$ 31.2	\$ 30.6	\$ 13.6	\$ — \$ 575.9
point in time Services transferred over	\$ 192.9	\$ 220.4	\$ 25.7	\$ 23.9	\$ 11.8	\$ \$ 474.7
time	35.7 \$ 228.6	51.5 \$ 271.9	5.5 \$ 31.2	6.7 \$ 30.6	1.8 \$ 13.6	— 101.2 \$ 575.9
Three Months Ended September 30, 2017						
Transaction fees Access fees Exchange services and	\$ 172.3 14.4	\$ 185.5 12.5	\$ 36.6 0.4	\$ 19.0 2.0	\$ 9.9 0.8	\$ — \$ 423.3 — 30.1
other fees Market data fees Regulatory fees Other revenue	10.0 10.0 13.7 4.4	5.7 33.1 69.8 1.9	2.5 0.8 —	1.3 2.8 — 1.2	0.5 0.1 —	 20.0 46.8 83.5 7.7
Timing of revenue recognition Services transferred at a	\$ 224.8	\$ 308.5	\$ 40.3	\$ 26.3	\$ 11.3	\$ 0.2 \$ 611.4
point in time Services transferred at a	\$ 190.4	\$ 257.2	\$ 36.6	\$ 20.2	\$ 9.9	\$ 0.2 \$ 514.5
time	34.4 \$ 224.8	51.3 \$ 308.5	3.7 \$ 40.3	6.1 \$ 26.3	1.4 \$ 11.3	— 96.9 \$ 0.2 \$ 611.4

Nine Months Ended	Options	U.S. Equities	Futures	European Equities	Global FX	Corporate Item and Eliminations Total
September 30, 2018						
Transaction fees	\$ 600.0	\$ 622.4	\$ 91.4	\$ 72.3	\$ 37.6	\$ - \$ 1,423.7
Access fees	44.8	35.2	4.6	6.6	2.9	— 94.1
Exchange services and						
other fees	28.3	21.1	6.7	4.4	1.8	$- \qquad \qquad 62.3$
Market data fees	32.0	107.1	4.9	9.9	0.4	— 154.3
Regulatory fees	45.9	214.8	0.1		_	— 260.8
Other revenue	15.8	5.0		4.7	_	0.4 25.9
	\$ 766.8	\$ 1,005.6	\$ 107.7	\$ 97.9	\$ 42.7	\$ 0.4 \$ 2,021.1
Timing of revenue						
recognition						
Services transferred at a						
point in time	\$ 661.7	\$ 842.2	\$ 91.5	\$ 77.0	\$ 37.6	\$ 0.4 \$ 1,710.4
Services transferred over						
time	105.1	163.4	16.2	20.9	5.1	— 310.7
	\$ 766.8	\$ 1,005.6	\$ 107.7	\$ 97.9	\$ 42.7	\$ 0.4 \$ 2,021.1
Nine Months Ended						
September 30, 2017						
Transaction fees	\$ 493.7	\$ 470.5	\$ 99.3	\$ 47.0	\$ 23.1	\$ — \$ 1,133.6
Access fees	40.6	29.4	1.4	4.4	1.8	
Exchange services and						
other fees	33.0	13.6	4.7	2.9	1.1	— 55.3
Market data fees	30.9	78.1	1.6	6.5	0.2	— 117.3
Regulatory fees	41.1	164.0				— 205.1
Other revenue	11.7	4.2	0.7	2.4		0.5 19.5
	\$ 651.0	\$ 759.8	\$ 107.7	\$ 63.2	\$ 26.2	\$ 0.5 \$ 1,608.4
Timing of revenue						
recognition						
Services transferred at a						
point in time	\$ 546.5	\$ 638.7	\$ 100.0	\$ 49.4	\$ 23.1	\$ 0.5 \$ 1,358.2
Services transferred over						
time	104.5	121.1	7.7	13.8	3.1	250.2
	\$ 651.0	\$ 759.8	\$ 107.7	\$ 63.2	\$ 26.2	\$ 0.5 \$ 1,608.4

Contract liabilities for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 primarily represent prepayments of transaction fees and certain access and market data fees to the Exchanges. The revenue recognized from contract liabilities and the remaining balance is shown below (in millions):

Balance at

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	Balance at January 1, 2018	Cash Additions	Revenue Recognition	September 30, 2018
Liquidity provider sliding scale (1)	\$ 4.8	\$ 4.8	\$ (7.2)	\$ 2.4
Other, net	10.6	11.2	(10.8)	11.0
Total deferred revenue	\$ 15.4	\$ 16.0	\$ (18.0)	\$ 13.4

(1) Liquidity providers are eligible to participate in the sliding scale program, which involves prepayment of transaction fees, and to receive reduced fees based on the achievement of certain volume thresholds within a calendar month. These transaction fees are amortized and recorded ratably as the transactions occur over the period.

3. ACQUISITIONS

Bats Global Markets, Inc.

On February 28, 2017, pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of September 25, 2016 (the "Merger Agreement"), by and among Cboe, Bats, CBOE Corporation, a Delaware corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe ("Merger Sub"), and Cboe Bats, LLC (formerly CBOE V, LLC), a Delaware limited liability company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe ("Merger LLC"), Cboe completed the merger of Merger Sub with and into Bats and the subsequent merger of Bats with and into Merger LLC. As a result of the Merger, Bats became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cboe.

The acquisition-date fair value of the consideration transferred totaled \$4.0 billion, which consisted of the following (in millions):

Cash consideration for Bats outstanding common stock	\$ 955.5
Common stock issued	2,387.3
Equity awards issued	37.4
	3,380.2
Debt extinguished	580.0
Total consideration	\$ 3,960.2

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date (in millions):

\$ 130.1
117.8
66.0
21.8
32.8
2,653.3
2,000.0
(33.7)
(26.2)
(143.6)
(52.9)
(722.6)
(82.6)
\$ 3,960.2

For tax purposes, no tax deductible goodwill was generated as a result of this acquisition. Goodwill was assigned to the Options, U.S. Equities, European Equities, and Global FX segments as further described in Note 9 and is attributable to the expansion of asset classes, broadening of geographic reach, and expected synergies of the combined workforce, products and technologies of the Company and Bats. The intangible assets were assigned to the Options, U.S. Equities, European Equities, and Global FX segments in the following manner and will be amortized over the following useful lives:

	Options	U.S. Equities	European Equities	Global FX	Useful life
Trading registrations and licenses	\$ 95.5	\$ 572.7	\$ 171.8	\$ —	indefinite
Customer relationships	37.1	222.9	160.0	140.0	20 years
Market data customer relationships	53.6	322.0	60.0	64.4	15 years
Technology	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	7 years
Trademarks and tradenames	1.0	6.0	1.8	1.2	2 years
Goodwill	226.4	1,738.1	419.3	267.2	

\$ 436.1 \$ 2,884.2 \$ 835.4 \$ 495.3

There were no goodwill or intangible assets assigned to the Futures segment as a result of this transaction as Bats did not operate a Futures business and no synergies are attributable to this segment.

The fair value of accounts receivable acquired was \$117.8 million. The gross amount of accounts receivable was \$118.0 million of which \$0.2 million was deemed uncollectable.

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The Company expensed \$5.9 million of acquisition-related costs during the three months ended September 30, 2018 that included \$4.8 million of compensation-related costs and \$0.9 million of professional fees. These expenses are included in acquisition-related costs in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

The Company expensed \$23.3 million of acquisition-related costs during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 that included \$17.6 million of compensation-related costs, \$2.7 million of stock-based compensation, \$2.2 million of professional fees, and \$0.6 million of general and administrative expenses. These expenses are included in acquisition-related costs in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

The Company expensed \$5.5 million of acquisition-related costs during the three months ended September 30, 2017 that included \$3.4 million of compensation-related costs and \$2.1 million of professional fees. These costs are included in acquisition-related costs in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

The Company expensed \$75.4 million of acquisition-related costs during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 that included \$36.9 million of compensation-related costs, \$22.7 million of professional fees, \$14.9 million of an impairment of capitalized data processing software, and \$0.9 million of facilities expenses. These costs are included in acquisition-related costs in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

The amounts of revenue, operating income and net income of Bats are included in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income after the acquisition date of February 28, 2017 and are as follows (in millions):

		ree Months ded Septemb		ree Months ded Septeml	2 12	ne Months ded Septemb		ne Months ded September 30,
	201	18	20	17	20	18	20	17
Revenue	\$	388.5	\$	411.6	\$	1,385.1	\$	1,017.4
Revenue less cost of								
revenues		121.7		112.6		381.9		266.7
Operating income		28.9		27.1		131.4		53.7
Net income		26.3		15.7		122.5		33.7

The financial information in the table below summarizes the combined results of operations of the Company and Bats, on a pro forma basis, as though the companies had been combined as of January 1, 2017. The pro forma financial information is presented for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved if the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the period presented. Such pro forma financial information is based on the historical financial statements of the Company and Bats. This pro forma financial information is based on estimates and assumptions that have been made solely for purposes of developing such pro forma information, including, without limitation, preliminary purchase accounting adjustments. The pro forma financial information does not reflect any synergies or operating cost reductions that may be achieved from the combined operations. The pro forma financial information combines the historical results for the Company and Bats for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 in the following table (in millions, except per share amounts):

	Nine Months		
	Ended		
	September 30,		
	2017		
Revenue	\$ 1,881.3		
Revenue less cost of revenues	801.8		
Operating income	354.2		
Net income	201.3		
Earnings per share:			
Basic	\$ 1.79		
Diluted	1.79		

The supplemental 2017 pro forma amounts have been calculated after applying the Company's accounting policies and adjusting the results to reflect the additional amortization that would have been charged assuming the

adjusted fair values of acquired intangible assets had been applied on January 1, 2017. The supplemental 2017 pro forma financial information includes pro forma adjustments of \$61.7 million for acquisition-related costs, such as fees to investment bankers, attorneys, accountants and other professional advisors, as well as severance to employees.

4. SEVERANCE

Subsequent to the Bats acquisition, the Company determined that certain employees' positions were redundant. As such, the Company communicated employee termination benefits to these employees.

The following is a summary of the employee termination benefits recognized within acquisition costs in the Corporate Items and Eliminations unit in the condensed consolidated statements of income (in millions):

	Employee
	Termination
	Benefits
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 4.8
Termination benefits accrued	11.9
Termination payments made	(13.5)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 3.2

5. INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company's investments were comprised of the following (in millions):

	September 30, 2018		December 3 2017	
Equity Method:				
Investment in Signal Trading Systems, LLC	\$	13.3	\$	12.5
Investment in EuroCCP		10.4		9.6
Total equity method investments		23.7		22.1
Other Equity Investments:				
Investment in OCC		30.3		30.3
Investment in Eris Exchange Holdings, LLC		20.0		20.0
Investment in American Financial Exchange, LLC		5.9		5.9
Other		8.8		4.4
Total other equity investments		65.0		60.6
Total investments	\$	88.7	\$	82.7

Equity method investments include investments in Signal Trading Systems, LLC ("Signal"), a joint venture with FlexTrade System, Inc. to develop and market a multi-asset front-end order entry system, and EuroCCP, a Dutch domiciled clearing house. EuroCCP is one of three interoperable central counterparties, or CCPs, used to clear trades conducted on Cboe Europe Equities' markets. Cboe Europe Equities owns 20% of EuroCCP and can exercise significant influence over the entity as an equal shareholder with four other investors.

Other Equity Investments

The carrying amount of other equity investments totaled \$65.0 million as of September 30, 2018 and \$60.6 million as of December 31, 2017, and is included in investments in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company accounts for these investments using the measurement alternative primarily as a result of the Company's

inability to exercise significant influence as the Company is a smaller shareholder of these investments and the lack of readily determinable fair values. As of September 30, 2018, other equity investments primarily reflect a 20% investment in OCC and minority investments in American Financial Exchange, CurveGlobal and Eris Exchange Holdings, LLC.

In December 2014, OCC announced a newly-formed capital plan. The OCC capital plan was designed to strengthen OCC's capital base and facilitate its compliance with proposed SEC regulations for Systemically Important Financial Market Utilities ("SIFMUs") as well as international standards applicable to financial market infrastructures. On February 26, 2015, the SEC issued a notice of no objection to OCC's advance notice filing regarding the capital plan, and OCC and OCC's existing exchange stockholders, which include Cboe Options, subsequently executed agreements effecting the capital plan. Under the plan, each of OCC's existing exchange stockholders agreed to contribute its pro-rata share, based on ownership percentage, of \$150 million in equity capital, which would increase OCC's shareholders' equity, and to provide its pro rata share in replenishment capital, up to a maximum of \$40 million per exchange stockholder, if certain capital thresholds are breached. OCC also adopted policies under the plan with respect to fees, customer refunds, and stockholder dividends, which envision an annual dividend payment to the exchange stockholders equal to the portion of OCC's after-tax income that exceeds OCC's capital requirements after payment of refunds to OCC's clearing members (with such customer refunds generally to constitute 50% of the portion of OCC's pre-tax income that exceeds OCC's capital requirements). On March 3, 2015, in accordance with the plan, Cboe Options contributed \$30 million to OCC. That contribution has been recorded under investments in the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

On March 6, 2015, OCC informed Cboe Options that the SEC, acting through delegated authority, had approved OCC's proposed rule filing for the capital plan. Following petitions to review the approval based on delegated authority, the SEC conducted its own review and then approved the proposed rule change implementing OCC's capital plan. Certain petitioners subsequently appealed the SEC approval order for the OCC capital plan to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit and moved to stay the SEC approval order. On February 23, 2016, the Court denied the petitioners' motion to stay. On August 8, 2017, the Court held that the SEC's approval order lacked reasoned decision-making sufficient to support the SEC's conclusion that the OCC capital plan complied with applicable statutory requirements. The Court declined to vacate the SEC's approval order or to require the unwinding of actions taken under the OCC capital plan, but instead remanded the matter to the SEC for further proceedings concerning whether that capital plan complies with those statutory requirements. Petitioners requested a stay of dividend payments to the exchange stockholders until the SEC made a final decision about the OCC capital plan, but the SEC denied that request on September 14, 2017. The SEC allowed for and received information from interested parties for the SEC's consideration in connection with its review of the OCC capital plan on remand from the Court. The SEC's review of the OCC capital plan on remand from the Court remains pending.

6. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

The Company's financial investments with original or acquired maturities longer than three months, but that mature in less than one year from the condensed consolidated balance sheet date and any money market funds that are considered cash and cash equivalents are classified as current assets and are summarized as follows (in millions):

	Septeml	ber 30, <i>1</i>	2018			
	Cost bas	sis Unre	ealized gains	Unreali	ized losses	Fair value
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 0.9	\$		\$		\$ 0.9
Total financial investments	\$ 0.9	\$		\$		\$ 0.9

	December 31, 2017				
	Cost basis	Unrealized gains	Unrealized losses	Fair value	
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 47.3	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 47.3	
Money market funds	2.5			2.5	
Total financial investments	\$ 49.8	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 49.8	

7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (in millions):

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Construction in progress	\$ 0.2	\$ 5.9
Building	81.4	77.4
Furniture and Equipment	155.3	139.7
Total property and equipment	236.9	223.0
Less accumulated depreciation	(171.0)	(149.1)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 65.9	\$ 73.9

Depreciation expense using the straight-line method was \$6.2 million and \$7.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$19.2 million and \$23.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

8. OTHER ASSETS, NET

Other assets, net consisted of the following as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (in millions):

	September 30,	December 31,
	2018	2017
Software development work in progress	\$ 7.6	\$ 10.2
Data processing software	216.4	220.0
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(190.0)	(189.6)
Data processing software, net	34.0	40.6
Other assets (1)	24.7	18.9
Other assets, net	\$ 58.7	\$ 59.5

⁽¹⁾ At December 31, 2017 and September 30, 2018, the majority of the balance included long-term prepaid assets and notes receivable.

Amortization expense related to data processing software was \$5.3 million and \$4.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$15.1 million and \$13.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

9. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

The following table presents the details of goodwill by segment (in millions):

	U.S.	European	Corporate				
Options	Equities	Equities	Global FX	and Other	Total		

Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$ 239.4	\$ 1,740.4	\$ 441.6	\$ 267.2	\$ 18.8	\$ 2,707.4
Additions			_		_	_
Dispositions			_	_		_
Changes in foreign currency exchange						
rates		_	(9.8)	_		(9.8)
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$ 239.4	\$ 1,740.4	\$ 431.8	\$ 267.2	\$ 18.8	\$ 2,697.6

Goodwill has been allocated to specific reporting units for purposes of impairment testing - Options, U.S. Equities, European Equities and Global FX. No goodwill has been allocated to Futures. Goodwill impairment testing is performed annually in the fiscal fourth quarter or more frequently if conditions exist that indicate that the asset may be

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impaired. The allocation of the new goodwill did not impact the existing goodwill assignment to reporting units and there are no aggregate impairments of goodwill.

The following table presents the details of the intangible assets (in millions):

D.1. (D. 1. 01.0017	Options	U.S. Equities	European Equities	Global FX	Corporate and Other	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$ 198.7	\$ 1,071.8	\$ 427.0	\$ 199.6	\$ 5.5	\$ 1,902.6
Additions						
Dispositions		_				
Amortization	(12.8)	(61.5)	(20.8)	(24.6)	(0.9)	(120.6)
Changes in foreign currency exchange						
rates	_	_	(13.8)			(13.8)
Balance as of September 30, 2018	\$ 185.9	\$ 1,010.3	\$ 392.4	\$ 175.0	\$ 4.6	\$ 1,768.2

For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, amortization expense was \$38.8 million and \$42.8 million, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, amortization expense was \$120.6 million and \$99.9 million, respectively. The estimated future amortization expense is \$39.3 million for the remainder of 2018, \$137.5 million for 2019, \$121.0 million for 2020, \$105.7 million for 2021, \$93.5 million for 2022 and \$82.6 million for 2023.

The following tables present the categories of intangible assets as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (in millions):

						Weighted
	September 30, 2018					Average
		U.S.	European		Corporate	Amortization
	Options	Equities	Equities	Global FX	and Other	Period (in years)
Trading registrations and licenses	\$ 95.5	\$ 572.7	\$ 180.0	\$ —	\$ —	Indefinite
Customer relationships						