

KOHL'S Corp  
Form 10-Q  
November 30, 2012

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 27, 2012

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
Commission file number 1-11084

KOHL'S CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Wisconsin

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

39-1630919

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

N56 W17000 Ridgewood Drive,  
Menomonee Falls, Wisconsin

(Address of principal executive offices)

53051

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (262) 703-7000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: November 24, 2012 Common Stock, Par Value \$0.01 per Share, 230,010,006 shares outstanding.

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## PART I. FINANANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

KOHL'S CORPORATION  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
 (In Millions)

	October 27, 2012 (Unaudited)	January 28, 2012 (Audited)	October 29, 2011 (Unaudited)
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$550	\$1,205	\$760
Merchandise inventories	4,818	3,199	4,130
Income taxes receivable	—	—	105
Deferred income taxes	124	109	128
Other	281	299	257
Total current assets	5,773	4,812	5,380
Property and equipment, net	9,009	8,905	8,918
Long-term investments	90	153	158
Other assets	256	261	263
Total assets	\$15,128	\$14,131	\$14,719
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$2,429	\$1,233	\$2,080
Accrued liabilities	1,094	1,130	1,025
Income taxes payable	48	133	—
Current portion of capital lease and financing obligations	100	94	95
Total current liabilities	3,671	2,590	3,200
Long-term debt	2,492	2,141	2,141
Capital lease and financing obligations	1,986	2,009	2,003
Deferred income taxes	395	423	445
Other long-term liabilities	478	460	459
Shareholders' equity:			
Common stock	4	4	4
Paid-in capital	2,423	2,339	2,313
Treasury stock, at cost	(6,848)	(5,977)	(5,597)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(48)	(53)	(52)
Retained earnings	10,575	10,195	9,803
Total shareholders' equity	6,106	6,508	6,471
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$15,128	\$14,131	\$14,719
See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements			

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KOHL'S CORPORATION  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME  
 (Unaudited)  
 (In Millions, Except per Share Data)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	October 27, 2012	October 29, 2011	October 27, 2012	October 29, 2011
Net sales	\$4,490	\$4,376	\$12,937	\$12,786
Cost of merchandise sold (exclusive of depreciation shown separately below)	2,778	2,688	8,059	7,784
Gross margin	1,712	1,688	4,878	5,002
Operating expenses:				
Selling, general, and administrative	1,077	1,071	3,055	3,066
Depreciation and amortization	210	202	620	583
Operating income	425	415	1,203	1,353
Interest expense, net	80	75	243	223
Income before income taxes	345	340	960	1,130
Provision for income taxes	130	129	351	419
Net income	\$215	\$211	\$609	\$711
Net income per share:				
Basic:				
Basic	\$0.92	\$0.80	\$2.56	\$2.58
Average number of shares	233	264	238	276
Diluted:				
Diluted	\$0.91	\$0.80	\$2.54	\$2.56
Average number of shares	235	265	240	278
Dividends declared and paid per share	\$0.32	\$0.25	\$0.96	\$0.75

KOHL'S CORPORATION  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF  
 COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
 (Unaudited)  
 (In Millions)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	October 27, 2012	October 29, 2011	October 27, 2012	October 29, 2011
Net income	\$215	\$211	\$609	\$711
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments	3	(2)	3	15
Interest rate derivatives:				
Unrealized loss arising during period	—	(15)	—	(30)
Reclassification adjustment for interest expense included in net income	1	—	2	—
Other comprehensive income (loss)	4	(17)	5	(15)
Comprehensive income	\$219	\$194	\$614	\$696
See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements				



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## KOHL'S CORPORATION

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(In Millions, Except per Share Data)

	Common Stock		Paid-In	Treasury Stock		Accumulated	Retained	Total
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Shares	Amount	Other Comprehensive Income	Earnings	
Balance at January 28, 2012	358	\$4	\$2,339	(111 )	\$(5,977 )	\$ (53 )	\$ 10,195	\$6,508
Comprehensive income						5	609	614
Stock options and awards	2	—	90		—	—	—	90
Net income tax impact from	—	—	(6 )		—	—	—	(6 )
exercise of stock options								
Dividends paid (\$0.96 per share)	—	—	—		2	—	(229 )	(227 )
Treasury stock purchases	—	—	—	(18 )	(873 )	—	—	(873 )
Balance at October 27, 2012	360	\$4	\$2,423	(129 )	\$(6,848 )	\$ (48 )	\$ 10,575	\$6,106

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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KOHL'S CORPORATION  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
(Unaudited)  
(In Millions)

	Nine Months Ended	
	October 27, 2012	October 29, 2011
Operating activities		
Net income	\$609	\$711
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	620	583
Share-based compensation	37	43
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	(3	) (2
Deferred income taxes	(46	) 146
Other non-cash revenues and expenses	26	19
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Merchandise inventories	(1,613	) (1,091
Other current and long-term assets	30	(1
Accounts payable	1,196	942
Accrued and other long-term liabilities	(62	) (16
Income taxes	(91	) (238
Net cash provided by operating activities	703	1,096
Investing activities		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(641	) (755
Sales of investments in auction rate securities	68	143
Other	5	(20
Net cash used in investing activities	(568	) (632
Financing activities		
Treasury stock purchases	(883	) (1,956
Dividends paid	(227	) (207
Proceeds from issuance of debt	350	646
Deferred financing costs	(3	) (8
Interest rate hedge payment	—	(48
Long-term debt payments	—	(400
Proceeds from financing obligations	7	12
Capital lease and financing obligation payments	(87	) (69
Proceeds from stock option exercises	50	47
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	3	2
Net cash used in financing activities	(790	) (1,981
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(655	) (1,517
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,205	2,277
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$550	\$760
Supplemental information:		
Interest paid, net of capitalized interest	\$207	\$205
Income taxes paid	490	512
Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities		
Property and equipment acquired through capital lease and financing obligations	\$60	\$57
See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements		





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## KOHL'S CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

## 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for fiscal year end financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. For further information, refer to the financial statements and related footnotes included in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 28, 2012 (Commission File No. 1-11084) as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 16, 2012.

Due to the seasonality of our business, results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for a full fiscal year. In addition, quarterly results of operations may be impacted by the timing and amount of sales and costs associated with the opening of new stores.

We operate as a single business unit.

We have corrected the presentation of \$37 million of short-term deferred tax assets that were recorded as long-term deferred tax liabilities as of both January 28, 2012 and October 29, 2011.

## 2. Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following non-callable and unsecured senior debt:

Maturing	October 27, 2012		January 28, 2012		October 29, 2011	
	Effective Rate	Out-standing	Effective Rate	Out-standing	Effective Rate	Out-standing
	(Dollars in Millions)					
2017	6.31	% \$650	6.31	% \$650	6.31	% \$650
2021	4.81	% 650	4.81	% 650	4.81	% 650
2023	3.25	% 350	—	—	—	—
2029	7.36	% 200	7.36	% 200	7.36	% 200
2033	6.05	% 300	6.05	% 300	6.05	% 300
2037	6.89	% 350	6.89	% 350	6.89	% 350
Total senior debt	5.63	% 2,500	6.01	% 2,150	6.01	% 2,150
Unamortized debt discount		(8 )		(9 )		(9 )
Long-term debt		\$2,492		\$2,141		\$2,141

In September 2012, we issued \$350 million of 3.25% notes with semi-annual interest payments beginning February 2013. The notes mature on February 1, 2023.

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## 3. Fair Value Measurements

ASC No. 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," requires fair value measurements be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Financial instruments with unadjusted, quoted prices listed on active market exchanges.

Level 2: Financial instruments lacking unadjusted, quoted prices from active market exchanges, including over-the-counter traded financial instruments. The prices for the financial instruments are determined using prices for recently traded financial instruments with similar underlying terms as well as directly or indirectly observable inputs, such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3: Financial instruments that are not actively traded on a market exchange. This category includes situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the financial instrument. The prices are determined using significant unobservable inputs or valuation techniques.

Our cash and cash equivalents are classified as a Level 1 pricing category. The carrying value of our cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because maturities are three months or less.

Our long-term investments consist primarily of investments in auction rate securities ("ARS"). The par value of our long-term investments was \$124 million as of October 27, 2012, \$193 million as of January 28, 2012 and \$195 million as of October 29, 2011. The estimated fair value of these securities was \$90 million as of October 27, 2012, \$153 million as of January 28, 2012 and \$158 million as of October 29, 2011.

All ARS are classified as a Level 3 pricing category. The fair value for our ARS were based on third-party pricing models which utilized a discounted cash flow model for each of the securities as there was no recent activity in the secondary markets in these types of securities. This model used a combination of observable inputs which were developed using publicly available market data obtained from independent sources and unobservable inputs that reflect our own estimates of the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the investments. Observable inputs include interest rate currently being paid, maturity and credit ratings.

Unobservable inputs include expected redemption date and discount rate. We assumed a seven-year redemption period in valuing our ARS. We intend to hold our ARS until maturity or until we can liquidate them at par value. Based on our other sources of income, we do not believe we will be required to sell them before recovery of par value. In some cases, holding the security until recovery may mean until maturity, which ranges from 2016 to 2041. The weighted-average maturity date is 2034. The discount rate was calculated using the closest match available for other insured asset backed securities. Discount rates ranged from 2.91% to 13.41%. The weighted-average discount rate was 7.72%. A market failure scenario was employed as recent successful auctions of these securities were very limited.

Assuming a longer redemption period and a higher discount rate would result in a lower fair market value. Similarly, assuming a shorter redemption period and a lower discount rate would result in a higher fair market value.

The following table presents a rollforward of our long-term investments:

	Nine Months Ended	
	October 27, 2012	October 29, 2011
	(In Millions)	
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 153	\$ 277
Sales	(68	) (143
Unrealized gains	5	24
Balance at end of quarter	\$ 90	\$ 158

Our senior debt is classified as a Level 1 pricing category and had an estimated fair market value of \$2.9 billion at October 27, 2012, \$2.4 billion at January 28, 2012 and \$2.5 billion at October 29, 2011.



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## 4. Share-Based Compensation

We currently grant share-based compensation, including options to purchase shares of our common stock and nonvested stock to employees and outside directors, pursuant to the Kohl's Corporation 2010 Long-Term Compensation Plan. Annual grants of stock options and nonvested stock are generally made to eligible employees in the first quarter of the fiscal year. Grants to newly-hired and promoted employees and other discretionary grants are made periodically throughout the remainder of the year. Grants of stock options and nonvested stock are generally made to eligible outside directors upon their initial election to the Board of Directors and annually upon each such director's re-election.

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was used to estimate the fair value of each option award during the first nine months of the respective fiscal year based on the following assumptions:

	2012	2011
Dividend yield	2.6%	1.8%
Volatility	33.7%	33.0%
Risk-free interest rate	1.0%	2.1%
Expected life in years	5.5	5.5
Weighted average fair value at grant date	\$11.84	\$14.60

The following table summarizes our stock option activity for the first nine months of 2012 and 2011:

	2012		2011	
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
	(Shares in Thousands)			
Balance at beginning of year	16,564	\$53.41	17,869	\$53.17
Granted	1,387	49.15	1,008	52.61
Exercised	(1,218)	) 40.17	(1,098)	) 43.20
Forfeited/expired	(832)	) 60.80	(854)	) 62.27
Balance at end of quarter	15,901	\$53.66	16,925	\$53.32

The following table summarizes our nonvested stock activity for the first nine months of 2012 and 2011:

	2012		2011	
	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
	(Shares in Thousands)			
Balance at beginning of year	1,946	\$51.11	1,116	\$49.30
Granted	1,001	49.00	1,175	52.35
Vested	(482)	) 49.89	(283)	) 49.61
Forfeited	(149)	) 49.93	(37)	) 51.35
Balance at end of quarter	2,316	\$50.53	1,971	\$51.04

Share-based compensation expense for both stock options and nonvested stock awards totaled \$13 million for the three months ended October 27, 2012, \$14 million for the three months ended October 29, 2011, \$37 million for the nine months ended October 27, 2012 and \$43 million for the nine months ended October 29, 2011. At October 27, 2012, we had approximately \$169 million of unrecognized share-based compensation expense (before forfeitures and capitalization), which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.4 years.



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## 5. Contingencies

We are involved in various legal matters arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the outcome of such proceedings and litigation will not have a material adverse impact on our consolidated financial statements.

## 6. Net Income Per Share

The calculations of the numerator and denominator for basic and diluted net income per share are summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	October 27, 2012	October 29, 2011	October 27, 2012	October 29, 2011
	(In Millions)			
Numerator—Net income	\$215	\$211	\$609	\$711
Denominator—Weighted average shares:				
Basic	233	264	238	276
Impact of dilutive employee stock options	2	1	2	2
Diluted	235	265	240	278
Antidilutive shares	9	12	13	10

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## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

For purposes of the following discussion, all references to "the quarter" and "the third quarter" are for the 13-week fiscal periods ended October 27, 2012 and October 29, 2011 and all references to "year to date" are for the 39-week fiscal periods ended October 27, 2012 and October 29, 2011.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this report, as well as the financial and other information included in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K (our "2011 Form 10-K"). The following discussion may contain forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could materially differ from those discussed in these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to those differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed elsewhere in this report and in our 2011 Form 10-K (particularly in "Risk Factors").

## Executive Summary

Net income was \$215 million (\$0.91 per diluted share) for the quarter compared to \$211 million (\$0.80 per diluted share) in the prior year quarter. Year to date, net income was \$609 million (\$2.54 per diluted share) in 2012 compared to \$711 million (\$2.56 per diluted share) in 2011.

Total sales for the third quarter were \$4.5 billion this year, an increase of 2.6% over the third quarter of 2011. Year to date, total sales were \$12.9 billion, an increase of 1.2% over last year. Comparable store sales increased 1.1% for the quarter and decreased 0.5% year to date. For the quarter, the increase in comparable store sales was driven by higher average unit retail and units per transaction, partially offset by fewer transactions. The decrease in comparable store sales for the year reflects lower units per transaction and fewer transactions, partially offset by higher average unit retail. E-Commerce sales increased 49.6% for the quarter and 41.0% year to date.

Gross margin as a percent of net sales decreased 44 basis points from the third quarter of 2011 and 143 basis points from the first nine months of 2011 as we focused on improving value for our customer during the current year. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of net sales improved, or "leveraged," in both periods. Stores, especially payroll, provided the most significant leverage. Advertising and corporate expenses also leveraged for the quarter.

We operated 1,146 stores as of October 27, 2012 and 1,127 stores as of October 29, 2011. Selling square footage was 83 million at October 27, 2012 and 81 million at October 29, 2011. We opened 21 new stores, including one relocated store, and closed one store during the first nine months of 2012. We plan to open 12 stores in 2013 including nine stores in the Spring and three in the Fall. Substantially all of the new stores will be "small" stores with less than 64,000 square feet of retail space. We remodeled 50 stores this year and expect to remodel 30 stores in 2013. We have temporarily reduced our remodel program until we have final results from tests we are doing in our home and beauty areas. We will make changes to our remodels based on the results of these tests and expect to accelerate our remodel program back to a normalized run rate of 100 stores per year in 2014.

## Results of Operations

## Net Sales

Net sales increased 2.6% from \$4.4 billion in the third quarter of 2011 to \$4.5 billion in the third quarter of 2012. Year to date, net sales increased 1.2% from \$12.8 billion for the first nine months of 2011 to \$12.9 billion for the first nine months of 2012. On a comparable store basis, sales increased 1.1% for the quarter and decreased 0.5% year to date.

We define comparable store sales as sales from stores (including relocated and remodeled stores) open throughout the full current and prior fiscal periods and from E-Commerce.

The sales changes were due to the following:

	Quarter (Dollars in millions)		Year to Date		
	\$	%	\$	%	
Comparable store sales:					
Stores	\$(50)	(1.2)	\$(285)	(2.4)	)%
E-Commerce	98	49.6	228	41.0	
Total	48	1.1	(57)	(0.5)	)
Sales from new stores	66	—	208	—	

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Net sales	\$114	2.6	%	\$151	1.2	%
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Drivers of the changes in comparable store sales were as follows:

	Quarter	Year to Date	
Average unit retail	0.6	% 3.9	%
Units per transaction	1.0	(2.2	)
Average transaction value	1.6	1.7	
Number of transactions	(0.5	) (2.2	)
Comparable store sales	1.1	% (0.5	)%

The increases in average unit retail are the result of changes in our pricing strategy. During the Fall of 2011, we increased our prices as we passed higher apparel costs on to our customers. During 2012, we reduced our prices, but they remained higher than 2011. Year to date, units per transaction and number of transactions declined in part due to insufficient inventory levels in the first several months of the year to meet the sales demand which resulted from the price reductions.

By line of business, Men's, Footwear, and Children's all outperformed the company average for the quarter. Footwear was the strongest category led by athletic shoes. Men's had strong sales in casual sportswear and pants, basics and active wear. Toys was the strongest category in the Children's business. Home reported slightly higher comparable store sales on strength in bedding, electrics and bath. In the Women's business, active, contemporary and classic sportswear and intimates reported the strongest sales growth. As we expected, the juniors' business was again challenging. In Accessories, sterling silver jewelry was the strongest category, while handbags, small leather accessories and bath and beauty also outperformed the company.

Year-to-date, Men's was the strongest line of business and was led by basics and casual sportswear and pants. Footwear also reported an increase in year-to-date comparable store sales on increases in both women's and athletic shoes. Accessories were essentially flat and were led by sterling silver. Women's, Home and Children's reported low single-digit comparable store sales declines. Women's had strength in active and fitness apparel and contemporary sportswear. Juniors was challenging. In Children's, toys was the strongest category. Bath and bedding were the strongest Home categories.

From a regional perspective, all regions were slightly positive to slightly negative for the quarter with no significant variations between the regions. The South Central region was the strongest region. Year to date, the Midwest and South Central reported the strongest comparable store sales with slightly positive increases. Comparable stores sales in the Northeast, Mid-Atlantic, Southeast and West regions declined low single-digits year to date.

Private and exclusive brand penetration increased approximately 150 basis points to 53% of sales for the quarter and approximately 220 basis points to 54% year to date. Most of the penetration increase was a result of new exclusive brands which include Jennifer Lopez, Marc Anthony, Princess Vera Wang and Rock & Republic. FILA Sport, Lauren Conrad, and Chaps also generated notably higher penetration for the quarter.

E-Commerce sales increased approximately 50% for the quarter to \$295 million and 41% to \$782 million year to date. The sales growth is primarily due to an increase in the number of on-line transactions. The increases are the result of our investments in this business including digital marketing to drive traffic to the site and the availability of additional merchandise offerings.

## Gross Margin

(Dollars in Millions)	2012	2011	Increase/(Decrease)		
			\$	%	
Quarter	\$1,712	\$1,688	\$24	1	%
Year to date	4,878	5,002	(124	) (2	)%
Gross margin as a percent of sales					
Quarter	38.1	% 38.6	%		

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Year to date 37.7 % 39.1 %

Gross margin includes the total cost of products sold, including product development costs, net of vendor payments other than reimbursement of specific, incremental and identifiable costs; inventory shrink; markdowns; freight expenses associated with moving merchandise from our vendors to our distribution centers; shipping and handling expenses of E-Commerce sales; and terms cash discount. Our gross margin may not be comparable with that of other retailers because we include distribution

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center costs in selling, general and administrative expenses while other retailers may include these expenses in cost of merchandise sold.

The following table summarizes the changes in gross margin as a percent of sales:

	Quarter		Year to Date	
2011 Gross Margin	38.57	%	39.13	%
Increase (decrease) due to:				
Merchandise Margin:				
Stores	(0.32	)%	(1.29	)%
E-Commerce	0.05	%	0.04	%
E-Commerce shipping	(0.17	)%	(0.17	)%
Total Decrease	(0.44	)%	(1.42	)%
2012 Gross Margin	38.13	%	37.71	%

The decreases in store merchandise margin reflect higher apparel costs, especially in the first six months of 2012, which were only partially offset by higher selling prices. The decreases in gross margin attributable to E-Commerce shipping reflect larger shipping losses as well as growth in this business.

The following table summarizes gross margin by channel:

	Quarter			Year to Date		
	Stores	E-Commerce	Total Kohl's	Stores	E-Commerce	Total Kohl's
2012						
Merchandise margin	38.7	%	39.6	%	38.7	%
Shipping impact	—		(9.1	)%	(0.6	)%
Gross margin	38.7	%	30.5	%	38.1	%
2011						
Merchandise margin	39.0	%	39.2	%	39.0	%
Shipping impact	—		(9.7	)%	(0.4	)%
Gross margin	39.0	%	29.5	%	38.6	%
Increase (Decrease)						
Merchandise margin	(32	)	45	bp	(27	)
		bp				bp
Shipping impact	—		53	bp	(17	)
						bp
Gross margin	(32	)	98	bp	(44	)
		bp				bp

E-Commerce decreased our gross margin rate by approximately 60 basis points for both the quarter and year to date periods in 2012. This business currently has a lower gross margin than our stores due to the mix of products sold on-line and free or related shipping promotions. As our E-Commerce business grows, it also has a more significant impact on our overall gross margin results.

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## Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

(Dollars in Millions)	2012	2011	Increase / (Decrease)		
			\$	%	
Quarter	\$1,077	\$1,071	\$6	0.6	%
Year to date	3,055	3,066	(11	) (0.4	)%
SG&A as a percent of net sales					
Quarter	24.0	% 24.5	%		
Year to date	23.6	% 24.0	%		

Selling, general and administrative expenses (“SG&A”) include compensation and benefit costs (including stores, headquarters, buying and merchandising and distribution centers); rent expense and other occupancy and operating costs of our retail, distribution and corporate facilities; freight expenses associated with moving merchandise from our distribution centers to our retail stores and among distribution and retail facilities; advertising expenses, offset by vendor payments for reimbursement of specific, incremental and identifiable costs; net revenues from our Kohl’s credit card operations; and other administrative costs. SG&A also includes the costs incurred prior to new store openings, such as advertising, hiring and training costs for new employees, processing and transporting initial merchandise, and rent expense. We do not include depreciation and amortization in SG&A. The classification of these expenses varies across the retail industry.

Store payroll expenses as a percent of sales decreased, or “leveraged,” during both periods due to continued implementation of electronic signs and strong payroll management. Fixed costs generally were flat as a percentage of sales during both periods. Corporate operations reported significant leverage in both periods, primarily due to lower incentive costs. Remodel costs were also lower in the year-to-date period as we remodeled 50 stores this year and 100 stores last year.

Distribution centers did not leverage in either period due to growth in our E-Commerce business. Information technology costs also did not leverage due to continued investments in our technology infrastructure.

Net revenues from our credit card operations decreased \$1 million for the quarter and increased \$30 million year to date. Higher average receivables contributed to higher revenues in both periods. Year to date, a more favorable revenue sharing percentage pursuant to the current Capital One program agreement also contributed to the increase in net credit card revenues. Offsetting these increases in both periods were higher costs associated with a new credit card servicing platform.

Advertising leveraged for the quarter, but not year to date. The decrease in the quarter is primarily due to incremental spending in 2011 to support the Jennifer Lopez and Marc Anthony brand launches.

## Depreciation and Amortization

(Dollars in Millions)	2012	2011	Increase		
			\$	%	
Quarter	\$210	\$202	\$8	4	%
Year to date	620	583	37	6	%

Amortization of computer hardware and software costs contributed to the increase in both periods. Depreciation related to new and remodeled stores also contributed to the year-to-date increase.

## Operating Income

(Dollars in Millions)	2012	2011	Increase (Decrease)		
			\$	%	
Quarter	\$425	\$415	\$10	2	%
Year to date	1,203	1,353	(150	) (11	)%
Operating income as a percent of sales					
Quarter	9.5	% 9.5	%		
Year to date	9.3	% 10.6	%		

As a result of the above factors, operating income as a percent of net sales decreased approximately 10 basis points for the quarter and 130 basis points year to date.



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Interest Expense, Net

(Dollars in Millions)

Increase