

ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS INC

Form 10-K

September 26, 2008

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**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, DC 20549**

**Form 10-K**

(Mark One)

- ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For the fiscal year June 30, 2008

or

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For the transition period from        to

**Commission File Number 0-19266**

**Allied Healthcare Products, Inc.**

*[Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter]*

**Delaware**

*(State or other jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or organization)*

**25-1370721**

*(I.R.S. employer  
identification no.)*

**1720 Sublette Avenue**

**St. Louis, Missouri**

*(Address of principal executive offices)*

**63110**

*(zip code)*

**Registrant's telephone number, including area code**

**(314) 771-2400**

**Securities registered pursuant to section 12(b) of the act:**

**Name of**

<b>Title of each class</b>	<b>each exchange on which registered</b>
Common Stock, \$.01	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

**Securities registered pursuant to section 12(g) of the act:**

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes.  No.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes.  No.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes.  No.

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company   
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes.  No.

As of December 31, 2007, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter; the aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was approximately \$33,450,101.

As of September 19, 2008, there were 7,900,077 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value (the Common Stock), outstanding.

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

Proxy Statement to be dated October 10, 2008 (portion) (Part III)

**ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.**

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**SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT UNDER THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION  
REFORM ACT OF 1995**

*Statements contained in this Report, which are not historical facts or information, are forward-looking statements. Words such as believe, expect, intend, will, should, and other expressions that indicate future events and trends identify such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, which could cause the outcome and future results of operations and financial condition to be materially different than stated or anticipated based on the forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include both general economic risks and uncertainties, risks and uncertainties affecting the demand for and economic factors affecting the delivery of health care services, and specific matters which relate directly to the Company's operations and properties as discussed in Items 1, 1A, 3 and 7 in this Report. The Company cautions that any forward-looking statements contained in this report reflect only the belief of the Company or its management at the time the statement was made. Although the Company believes such forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, such assumptions may ultimately prove inaccurate or incomplete. The Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement was made.*

**PART I**

**Item 1. Business**

**General**

Allied Healthcare Products, Inc. (Allied or the Company) manufactures a variety of respiratory products used in the health care industry in a wide range of hospital and alternate site settings, including sub-acute care facilities, home health care and emergency medical care. The Company's product lines include respiratory care products, medical gas equipment and emergency medical products. The Company believes that it maintains significant market shares in selected product lines.

The Company's products are marketed under well-recognized and respected brand names to hospitals, hospital equipment dealers, hospital construction contractors, home health care dealers, emergency medical products dealers and others. Allied's product lines include:

***Respiratory Care Products***

respiratory care/anesthesia products

home respiratory care products

***Medical Gas Equipment***

medical gas system construction products

medical gas system regulation devices

disposable oxygen and specialty gas cylinders

portable suction equipment

***Emergency Medical Products***

respiratory/resuscitation products

trauma and patient handling products

The Company's principal executive offices are located at 1720 Sublette Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri 63110, and its telephone number is (314) 771-2400.

**Table of Contents****Markets and Products**

In fiscal 2008, respiratory care products, medical gas equipment and emergency medical products represented approximately 25%, 55% and 20%, respectively, of the Company's net sales. In fiscal 2007, respiratory care products, medical gas equipment and emergency medical products represented approximately 25%, 58%, and 17%, respectively, of the Company's net sales. The Company operates in a single industry segment and its principal products are described in the following table:

<b>Product</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Principal Brand Names</b>	<b>Primary Users</b>
<b><i>Respiratory Care Products</i></b>			
Respiratory Care/Anesthesia Products	Large volume compressors; ventilator calibrators; humidifiers and mist tents; and CO <sub>2</sub> absorbent	Timeter	Hospitals and sub-acute facilities
Home Respiratory Care Products	O <sub>2</sub> cylinders; pressure regulators; nebulizers; portable large volume compressors; portable suction equipment and disposable respiratory products	Timeter; B&F; Schuco	Patients at home
<b><i>Medical Gas Equipment</i></b>			
Construction Products	In-wall medical gas system components; central station pumps and compressors and headwalls	Chemetron; Oxequip	Hospitals and sub-acute facilities
Regulation Devices	Flowmeters; vacuum regulators; pressure regulators and related products	Chemetron; Oxequip; Timeter	Hospitals and sub-acute facilities
Disposable Cylinders	Disposable oxygen and gas cylinders	Lif-O-Gen	First aid providers and specialty gas distributors
Suction Equipment	Portable suction equipment and disposable suction canisters	Gomco; Allied; Schuco	Hospitals, sub-acute facilities and homecare products
<b><i>Emergency Medical Products</i></b>			
Respiratory/ Resuscitation	Demand resuscitation valves; bag mask resuscitators; emergency transport ventilators, oxygen regulators and SurgeX surge suppressing post valve	LSP; Omni-Tech	Emergency service providers
		LSP	

Trauma and  
Patient Handling Products

Spine immobilization  
products; pneumatic  
anti-shock garments,  
trauma burn kits and Xtra  
backboards

Emergency service  
providers



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### **Respiratory Care Products**

**Market.** Respiratory care products are used in the treatment of acute and chronic respiratory disorders such as asthma, emphysema, bronchitis and pneumonia. Respiratory care products are used in both hospitals and alternate care settings. Sales of respiratory care products are made through distribution channels focusing on hospitals and other sub-acute facilities. Sales of home respiratory care products are made through durable medical equipment dealers through telemarketing, and by contract sales with national chains.

**Respiratory Care/Anesthesia Products.** The Company manufactures and sells a broad range of products for use in respiratory care and anesthesia delivery. These products include large volume air compressors, calibration equipment, humidifiers, croup tents, equipment dryers and a complete line of respiratory disposable products such as oxygen tubing, facemasks, cannulas and ventilator circuits.

**Home Respiratory Care Products.** Home respiratory care products represent one of Allied's potential growth areas. Allied's broad line of home respiratory care products include aluminum oxygen cylinders, oxygen regulators, pneumatic nebulizers, portable suction equipment and the full line of respiratory disposable products.

### **Medical Gas Equipment**

**Market.** The market for medical gas equipment consists of hospitals, alternate care settings and surgery centers. The medical gas equipment group is broken down into three separate categories: construction products, regulation devices and suction equipment, and disposable cylinders.

**Construction Products.** Allied's medical gas system construction products consist of in-wall medical system components, central station pumps and compressors, and headwalls. These products are typically installed during construction or renovation of a health care facility and are built in as an integral part of the facility's physical plant. Typically, the contractor for the facility's construction or renovation purchases medical gas system components from manufacturers and ensures that the design specifications of the health care facility are met.

Allied's in-wall components, including outlets, manifolds, alarms, ceiling columns and zone valves, serve a fundamental role in medical gas delivery systems.

Central station pumps and compressors are individually engineered systems consisting of compressors, reservoirs, valves and controls designed to drive a hospital's medical gas and suction systems. Each system is designed specifically for a given hospital or facility, which purchases pumps and compressors from suppliers. The Company's sales of pumps and compressors are driven, in large part, by its share of the in-wall components market.

The Company's construction products are sold primarily to hospitals, alternate care settings and hospital construction contractors. The Company believes that it holds a major share of the U.S. market for its construction products, that these products are installed in more than three thousand hospitals in the United States and that its installed base of equipment in this market will continue to generate follow-on sales. The Company believes that most hospitals and sub-acute care facility construction spending is for expansion or renovation of existing facilities. Many hospital systems and individual hospitals undertake major renovations to upgrade their operations to improve the quality of care they provide, reduce costs and attract patients and personnel.

**Regulation Devices and Suction Equipment.** The Company's medical gas system regulation products include flowmeters, vacuum regulators and pressure regulators, as well as related adapters, fittings and hoses which measure, regulate, monitor and help transfer medical gases from walled piping or equipment to patients in hospital rooms, operating theaters or intensive care areas. The Company's leadership position in the in-wall components market

provides a competitive advantage in marketing medical gas system regulation devices that are compatible with those components.

Portable suction equipment is typically used when in-wall suction is not available or when medical protocol specifically requires portable suction. The Company also manufactures disposable suction canisters, which are clear containers used to collect the fluids suctioned by in-wall or portable suction systems. The containers have volume calibrations, which allow the medical practitioner to measure the volume of fluids suctioned.

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The market for regulation devices and suction equipment includes hospital and sub-acute care facilities. Sales of these products are made through the same distribution channel as our respiratory care products. The Company believes that it holds a significant share of the U.S. market in both regulation devices and suction equipment.

***Disposable Cylinders.*** Disposable oxygen cylinders are designed to provide oxygen for short periods of time in emergency situations. Since they are not subjected to the same pressurization as standard containers, they are much lighter and less expensive than standard gas cylinders. The Company markets filled disposable oxygen cylinders through industrial safety distributors and similar customers, principally to first aid providers, restaurants, industrial plants and other customers that require oxygen for infrequent emergencies.

## **Emergency Medical Products**

***Market.*** Emergency medical products are used in the treatment of trauma-induced injuries. The Company's emergency medical products provide patient resuscitation or ventilation during cardiopulmonary resuscitation or respiratory distress as well as immobilization and treatment for burns. The Company has seen growth in the trauma care venue for health care services, as the trend continues toward providing health care outside the traditional hospital setting. The Company also expects that other countries will develop trauma care systems in the future, although no assurance can be given that such systems will develop or that they will have a favorable impact on the Company. Sales of emergency medical products are made through specialized emergency medical products distributors to ambulance companies, fire departments and emergency medical systems volunteer organizations.

The emergency medical products are broken down into two categories: respiratory/resuscitator products and trauma patient handling products.

***Respiratory/Resuscitation Products.*** The Company's respiratory/resuscitation products include demand resuscitation valves, portable resuscitation systems, bag masks and related products, emergency transport ventilators, precision oxygen regulators, minilators, multilators and humidifiers.

Demand resuscitation valves are designed to provide 100% oxygen to breathing or non-breathing patients. In an emergency situation, they can be used with a mask or tracheotomy tubes and operate from a standard regulated oxygen system. The Company's portable resuscitation systems provide fast, simple and effective means of ventilating a non-breathing patient during cardiopulmonary resuscitation and 100% oxygen to breathing patients on demand with minimal inspiratory effort. The Company also markets a full line of disposable and reusable bag mask resuscitators, which are available in a variety of adult and child-size configurations. Disposable mouth-to-mask resuscitation systems have the added advantage of reducing the risk of transmission of communicable diseases.

The Company's autovent transport ventilator can meet a variety of needs in different applications ranging from typical emergency medical situations to more sophisticated air and ground transport. Each autovent is accompanied by a patient valve, which provides effective ventilation during cardiopulmonary resuscitation or respiratory distress. When administration of oxygen is required at the scene of a disaster, in military field hospitals or in a multiple-victim incident, Allied's minilators and multilators are capable of providing oxygen to one or a large number of patients.

To complement the family of respiratory/resuscitation products, the Company offers a full line of oxygen product accessories. This line of accessory products includes reusable aspirators, tru-fit masks, disposable cuffed masks and related accessories.

***Trauma and Patient Handling Products.*** The Company's trauma and patient handling products include spine immobilization products, pneumatic anti-shock garments and trauma burn kits. Spine immobilization products include a backboard that is designed for safe immobilization of injury victims and provides a durable and cost effective means

of emergency patient transportation and extrication. The infant/pediatric immobilization board is durable and scaled for children. The half back extractor/rescue vest is useful for both suspected cervical/spinal injuries and for mountain and air rescues. The Company's pneumatic anti-shock garments are used to treat victims experiencing hypovolemic shock. Allied's trauma burn kits contain a comprehensive line of products for the treatment of trauma and burns.

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### **Sales and Marketing**

Allied sells its products primarily to respiratory care/anesthesia product distributors, hospital construction contractors, emergency medical equipment dealers and directly to hospitals. The Company maintains a sales force of 36 sales professionals, all of whom are full-time employees of the Company.

The sales force includes 11 domestic hospital specialists, 11 domestic construction specialists, 3 emergency specialists and 5 international sales representatives. A total of four sales managers lead each of the sales groups. Two product managers are responsible for the marketing activities of our product lines.

The domestic hospital specialists are responsible for sales of all Allied products with the exception of construction products within their territory. The domestic construction specialists are responsible for sales of all Allied construction products within their territory. Sales of products are accomplished through respiratory care/anesthesia distributors for the regulation devices, suction equipment, respiratory care/anesthesia products and disposable cylinders. The homecare products are sold primarily through our own in house telemarketing. Construction products are sold direct to hospital construction contractors and through distributors.

Emergency medical specialists are responsible for sales of respiratory/resuscitation products, trauma and patient handling products. These products are principally sold to ambulance companies, fire departments and emergency medical systems volunteer organizations through specialized emergency medical products distributors.

The international specialists sell all Allied products within their territory. Allied's net sales to foreign markets totaled 19% of the Company's net sales in fiscal 2008, 18% of the Company's net sales in fiscal 2007, and 18% of the Company's net sales in fiscal 2006. International sales are made through a network of dealers, agents and U.S. exporters who distribute the Company's products throughout the world. Allied has market presence in Canada, Mexico, Central and South America, Europe, the Middle East and the Far East.

### **Manufacturing**

Allied's manufacturing processes include fabrication, electro-mechanical assembly operations and plastics manufacturing. A significant part of Allied's manufacturing operations involves electro-mechanical assembly of proprietary products and the Company is vertically integrated in most elements of metal machining and fabrication. Most of Allied's hourly employees are involved in machining, metal fabrication, plastics manufacturing and product assembly.

Allied manufactures small metal components from bar stock in a machine shop, which includes automatic screw machines, horizontal lathes and drill presses and computer controlled machining centers. The Company makes larger metal components from sheet metal using computerized punch presses, brake presses and shears. In its plastics manufacturing processes, the Company utilizes both extrusion and injection molding. The Company believes that its production facilities and equipment are in good condition and sufficient to meet planned increases in volume over the next few years and that the conditions in local labor markets should permit the implementation of additional shifts and days operated.

### **Research and Development**

Allied's research and development department group is responsible for the development of new products. This group is staffed with mechanical and electrical engineers.

During fiscal year 2008 the Autovent 4000 family of ventilators were released for production. These ventilators add models with new features to the existing Autovent line.

The research and development group has also completed the design and released to production the EPV100 ventilator. This ventilator has been designed to meet the needs of the mass casualty and pandemic markets.

As part of the agreement relating to the withdrawal of the Baralyme<sup>®</sup> product in August 2004, Abbott Laboratories agreed to pay to Allied up to \$2,150,000 in product development costs to pursue development of a new carbon dioxide absorption product for use in connection with inhalation anesthetics that does not contain potassium hydroxide and does not produce a significant exothermic reaction with currently available inhalation agents. It is

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Allied's intention to pursue development of a new carbon dioxide absorption product. As of June 30, 2008 the Company had spent \$2,050,000 to pursue development of a new carbon dioxide absorbent. As of June 30, 2008 the Company had been reimbursed \$1,525,000 by Abbott. More detailed information concerning this agreement is included in Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

## **Government Regulation**

The Company's products and its manufacturing activities are subject to extensive and rigorous government regulation by federal and state authorities in the United States and other countries. In the United States, medical devices for human use are subject to comprehensive review by the United States Food and Drug Administration (the "FDA"). The Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act ("FDCA"), and other federal statutes and regulations, govern or influence the research, testing, manufacture, safety, labeling, storage, record keeping, approval, advertising and promotion of such products. Noncompliance with applicable requirements can result in warning letters, fines, recall or seizure of products, injunction, refusal to permit products to be imported into or exported out of the United States, refusal of the government to clear or approve marketing applications or to allow the Company to enter into government supply contracts, or withdrawal of previously approved marketing applications and criminal prosecution.

The Company is required to file a premarket notification in the form of a premarket approval ("PMA") with the FDA before it begins marketing a new medical device that offers new technology that is currently not on the market. The Company also must file a premarket notification in the form of a 510(k) with the FDA before it begins marketing a new medical device that utilizes existing technology for devices that are currently on the market. The 510(k) submission process is also required when the Company makes a change or modifies an existing device in a manner that could significantly affect the device's safety or effectiveness.

Compliance with the regulatory approval process in order to market a new or modified medical device can be uncertain, lengthy and, in some cases, expensive. There can be no assurance that necessary regulatory approvals will be obtained on a timely basis, or at all. Delays in receipt or failure to receive such approvals, the loss of previously received approvals, or failure to comply with existing or future regulatory requirements could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Company manufactures and distributes a broad spectrum of respiratory therapy equipment, emergency medical equipment and medical gas equipment. To date, all of the Company's FDA clearances have been obtained through the 510(k) clearance process. These determinations are very fact specific and the FDA has stated that, initially, the manufacturer is best qualified to make these determinations, which should be based on adequate supporting data and documentation. The FDA however, may disagree with a manufacturer's determination not to file a 510(k) and require the submission of a new 510(k) notification for the changed or modified device. Where the FDA believes that the change or modification raises significant new questions of safety or effectiveness, the agency may require a manufacturer to cease distribution of the device pending clearance of a new 510(k) notification. Certain of the Company's medical devices have been changed or modified subsequent to 510(k) marketing clearance of the original device by the FDA. Certain of the Company's medical devices, which were first marketed prior to May 28, 1976, and therefore, grandfathered and exempt from the 510(k) notification process, also have been subsequently changed or modified. The Company believes that these changes or modifications do not significantly affect the devices' safety or effectiveness, or make a major change or modification in the devices' intended uses and, accordingly, submission of new 510(k) notification to the FDA is not required. There can be no assurance, however, that the FDA would agree with the Company's determinations.

In addition, commercial distribution in certain foreign countries is subject to additional regulatory requirements and receipt of approvals that vary widely from country to country. The Company believes it is in compliance with regulatory requirements of the countries in which it sells its products.

The Medical Device Reporting regulation requires that the Company provide information to the FDA on deaths or serious injuries alleged to have been associated with the use of its devices, as well as product malfunctions that would likely cause or contribute to death or serious injury if the malfunction were to recur. The Medical Device Tracking regulation requires the Company to adopt a method of device tracking of certain devices, such as ventilators, which are life-supporting or life-sustaining devices used outside of a device user facility, some of which



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are permanently implantable devices. The regulation requires that the method adopted by the Company will ensure that the tracked device can be traced from the device manufacturer to the person for whom the device is indicated (i.e., the patient). In addition, the FDA prohibits a company from promoting an approved device for unapproved applications and reviews a company's labeling for accuracy. Labeling and promotional activities also are in certain instances, subject to scrutiny by the Federal Trade Commission.

The Company's medical device manufacturing facilities are registered with the FDA, and have received ISO 9001 Certification for the St. Louis facility and certification under the Medical Device Directive (MDD - European) for certain products in 1998. The Company is subject to audit by the FDA, ISO, and European auditors for compliance with the Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP), the ISO and MDD regulations for medical devices. These regulations require the Company to manufacture its products and maintain its products and documentation in a prescribed manner with respect to design, manufacturing, testing and control activities. The Company also is subject to the registration and inspection requirements of state regulatory agencies.

There can be no assurance that any required FDA or other governmental approval will be granted, or, if granted, will not be withdrawn. Governmental regulation may prevent or substantially delay the marketing of the Company's proposed products and cause the Company to undertake costly procedures. In addition, the extent of potentially adverse government regulation that might arise from future administrative action or legislation cannot be predicted. Any failure to obtain, and maintain, such approvals could adversely affect the Company's ability to market its products.

Sales of medical devices outside the United States are subject to foreign regulatory requirements that vary widely from country to country. Medical products shipped to the European Community generally require CE certification. The letters CE are an abbreviation of Conformité Européenne, French for European conformity. Whether or not FDA approval has been obtained, approval of a device by a comparable regulatory authority of a foreign country generally must be obtained prior to the commencement of marketing in those countries. The time required to obtain such approvals may be longer or shorter than that required for FDA approval. In addition, FDA approval may be required under certain circumstances to export certain medical devices.

The Company is also subject to numerous federal, state and local laws relating to such matters as safe working conditions, manufacturing practices, environmental protections, fire hazard control and disposal of hazardous or potentially hazardous substances.

## **Patents, Trademarks and Proprietary Technology**

The company owns and maintains patents on several products it believes is useful to the business and provides the company with an advantage over its competitors. During fiscal 2008 the company continued to pursue patents on the construction alarm, Resuscitimer, Mask Restraint system and the EPV100 ventilator.

The company owns and maintains U.S. trademarks for Allied Healthcare Products, Inc., Chemetron, Gomco, Oxequip, Lif-O-Gen, Life Support Products, Timeter, Vacutron and Schuco, its principal trademarks. Registrations for these trademarks are also owned and maintained in countries where such products are sold and such registrations are considered necessary to preserve Company's proprietary rights therein.

## **Environmental and Safety Regulation**

The Company is subject to federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations that impose limitations on the discharge of pollutants into the environment and establish standards for the treatment, storage and disposal of toxic and hazardous wastes. The Company is also subject to the federal Occupational Safety and Health Act and similar

state statutes. From time to time the Company has been involved in environmental proceedings involving clean up of hazardous waste. There are no such material proceedings currently pending. Costs of compliance with environmental, health and safety requirements have not been material to the Company. The Company believes it is in material compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations.

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The Company has different competitors within each of its product lines. Many of the Company's principal competitors are larger than Allied and the Company believes that most of these competitors have greater financial and other resources. The Company competes primarily on the basis of price, quality and service. The Company believes that it is well positioned with respect to product cost, brand recognition, product reliability, and customer service to compete effectively in each of its markets.

**Employees**

At June 30, 2008, the Company had approximately 371 full-time employees. Approximately 244 employees in the Company's principal manufacturing facility located in St. Louis, Missouri, are covered by a collective bargaining agreement that will expire on May 31, 2009.

**Executive Officers of the Registrant**

This section provides information regarding the executive officers of the Company who are appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Age</b>	<b>Position</b>
Earl R. Refsland	65	Director, President and Chief Executive Officer(1)
Richard A. Setzer	52	Vice President of Sales & Marketing(2)
Eldon P. Rosentrater	54	Vice President of Administration & Corporate Planning(3)
Robert B. Harris	51	Vice President of Operations(4)
Daniel C. Dunn	49	Vice President of Finance, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary & Treasurer(5)

- (1) Mr. Refsland has been Director, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company since September, 1999.
- (2) Mr. Setzer was Vice President Sales and Marketing of the Company since November 1, 2005. He previously held the position of Global Integration Manager for the Health Imaging Division of Eastman Kodak from 2003 to 2005. Prior to that time, Mr. Setzer held the position of Vice President of Sales at Fuji Medical Systems USA from 2002 to 2003. Mr. Setzer resigned from his position with Allied Healthcare Products, Inc. effective August 1, 2008.
- (3) Mr. Rosentrater has been Vice President-Administration/Corporate Planning of the Company since March, 2003. He previously held the position of Vice President Operations from October 1999 to 2003. Prior to that time, Mr. Rosentrater held the positions of Assistant to the President from 1998 to 1999; Director of Information Technologies from 1995 to 1998; Director of Business Development from 1993 to 1995 and Group Product Manager from 1989 to 1993.
- (4) Mr. Harris has been Vice President Operations since July, 2006. He previously held the positions for Command Medical Products, Inc. of Vice President Operations from January 2002 to January 2006 and Director of Operations from October 1999 to December 2001. Prior to that time, Mr. Harris held the position of Plant Manager for Sherwood Medical, a subsidiary of Tyco Healthcare from 1997 to 1999.

- (5) Mr. Dunn has been Vice President Finance, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer since July, 2001. He previously held the position of Director of Finance at MetalTek International from 1998 to 2001. Prior to that time, Mr. Dunn held the position of Corporate Controller at Allied Healthcare Products, Inc. from 1994 to 1998.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

The Company's business, operations and financial condition are subject to various risks and uncertainties. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below, together with all of the other information in this annual report on Form 10-K and in the company's other filings with the SEC, before making any investment decision with respect to the company's securities. The risks and uncertainties described below may not be the only

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ones the company faces. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known by the company or that the company currently deems immaterial may also affect the company's business. If any of these known or unknown risks or uncertainties actually occur or develop, the company's business, financial condition, and results of operations could change.

***The Company participates in a highly competitive environment.***

The medical device industry is characterized by rapid technological change, changing customer needs and frequent new product introductions. Our products may be rendered obsolete as a result of future innovations. We face intense competition from other manufacturers. Some of our competitors may be larger than we are and may have greater financial, technical, research, marketing, sales, distribution and other resources than we do. We believe that price competition will continue among products developed in our markets. Our competitors may develop or market technologies and products that are more effective or commercially attractive than any we are developing or marketing. Our competitors may succeed in obtaining regulatory approval and introducing or commercializing products before we do. Such developments could have a significant negative effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Even if we are able to compete successfully, we may not be able to do so in a profitable manner.

***Decreased availability or increased costs of raw materials could increase the company's costs of producing its products.***

The company purchases raw materials, fabricated components and services from a variety of suppliers. Raw materials such as brass and plastics are considered key raw materials. The Company believes that its relationships with its suppliers are satisfactory and that alternative sources of supply are readily available. From time to time, however, the prices and availability of these raw materials fluctuate due to global market demands, which could impair the company's ability to procure necessary materials, or increase the cost of such materials. Inflationary and other increases in costs of these raw materials have occurred in the past and may recur from time to time. In addition, freight costs associated with shipping and receiving product and sales are impacted by fluctuations in the cost of oil and gas. A reduction in the supply or increase in the cost of those raw materials could impact the company's ability to manufacture its products and could increase the cost of production.

***Changes in third party reimbursement could negatively impact the Company's revenues and profitability.***

The cost of a majority of medical care in the United States is funded by the U.S. Government through the Medicare and Medicaid programs and by private insurance programs, such as corporate health insurance plans. Although the Company does not receive payments for its products directly from these programs, home respiratory care providers and durable medical equipment suppliers, who are the primary customers for several of the Company's products, depend heavily on payments from Medicare, Medicaid and private insurers as a major source of revenues. In addition, sales of certain of the Company's products are affected by the extent of hospital and health care facility construction and renovation at any given time. The federal government indirectly funds a significant percentage of such construction and renovation costs through Medicare and Medicaid reimbursements. In recent years, governmentally imposed limits on reimbursement to hospitals and other health care providers have impacted spending for services, consumables and capital goods. A material decrease from current reimbursement levels or a material change in the method or basis of reimbursing health care providers is likely to adversely affect future sales of the Company's products.

***Our success depends upon the development of new products and product enhancements, which entails considerable time and expense.***

We place a high priority on the development of new products to add to our product portfolio and on the development of enhancements to our existing products. Product development involves substantial expense and we cannot be certain that a completed product will generate sufficient revenue for our business to justify the resources that we devote to research and development related to such product. The time and expense required to develop new products and product enhancements is difficult to predict and we cannot assure you that we will succeed in developing, introducing and marketing new products and product enhancements. Our inability to successfully

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develop and introduce new or enhanced products on a timely basis or at all, or to achieve market acceptance of such products, could materially impair our business.

***We are dependent on adequate protection of our patent and proprietary rights.***

We rely on patents, trade secrets, trademarks, copyrights, know-how, license agreements and contractual provisions to establish and protect our intellectual property rights. However, these legal means afford us only limited protection and may not adequately protect our rights or remedies to gain or keep any advantages we may have over our competitors.

We cannot assure you that others may not independently develop the same or similar technologies or otherwise obtain access to our technology and trade secrets. Our competitors, many of which have substantial resources and may make substantial investments in competing technologies, may apply for and obtain patents that will prevent, limit, or interfere with our ability to manufacture or market our products. Further, while we do not believe that any of our products or processes interfere with the rights of others, third parties may nonetheless assert patent infringement claims against us in the future.

Costly litigation may be necessary to enforce patents issued to us, to protect trade secrets or know-how we own, to defend us against claimed infringement of the rights of others or to determine the ownership, scope, or validity of our proprietary rights and the rights of others.

Any claim of infringement against us may involve significant liabilities to third parties, could require us to seek licenses from third parties, and could prevent us from manufacturing, selling, or using our products. The occurrence of this litigation or the effect of an adverse determination in any of this type of litigation could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

***Our business of the manufacturing, marketing, and sale of medical devices involves the risk of liability claims and such claims could seriously harm our business, particularly if our insurance coverage is inadequate.***

Our business exposes us to potential product liability claims that are inherent in the testing, production, marketing and sale of medical devices. Like other participants in the medical device market, we are from time to time involved in lawsuits, claims and proceedings alleging product liability and related claims such as negligence. If any current or future product liability claims become substantial, our reputation could be damaged significantly, thereby harming our business. We may be required to pay substantial damage awards as a result of any successful product liability claims. Any product liability claim against us, whether with or without merit, could result in costly litigation, and divert the time, attention, and resources of our management.

As a result of our exposure to product liability claims, we currently carry product liability insurance covering our products with policy limits per occurrence and in the aggregate that we have deemed to be sufficient. Our insurance may not cover certain product liability claims or our liability for any claims may exceed our coverage limits. Therefore, we cannot predict whether this insurance is sufficient, or if not, whether we will be able to obtain sufficient insurance to cover the risks associated with our business or whether such insurance will be available at premiums that are commercially reasonable. In addition, these insurance policies must be renewed annually. Although we have been able to obtain liability insurance, such insurance may not be available in the future on acceptable terms, if at all. A successful claim against us or settlement by us with respect to uninsured liabilities or in excess of our insurance coverage, or our inability to maintain insurance in the future, or any claim that results in significant costs to or adverse publicity against us, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

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***The Company is subject to substantial domestic and international government regulation, including regulatory quality standards applicable to its manufacturing and quality processes. Failure by the Company to comply with these standards could have an adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations.***

The FDA regulates the approval, manufacturing, and sales and marketing of many of the Company's products in the U.S. Significant government regulation also exists in Canada, Japan, Europe, and other countries in which the Company conducts business. As a device manufacturer, the Company is required to register with the FDA and is subject to periodic inspection by the FDA for compliance with the FDA's Quality System Regulation (QSR) requirements, which require manufacturers of medical devices to adhere to certain regulations, including testing, quality control and documentation procedures. In addition, the federal Medical Device Reporting regulations require the Company to provide information to the FDA whenever there is evidence that reasonably suggests that a device may have caused or contributed to a death or serious injury or, if a malfunction were to occur, could cause or contribute to a death or serious injury. Compliance with applicable regulatory requirements is subject to continual review and is rigorously monitored through periodic inspections by the FDA. In the European Community, the Company is required to maintain certain ISO certifications in order to sell its products and must undergo periodic inspections by notified bodies to obtain and maintain these certifications. Failure to comply with current governmental regulations and quality assurance guidelines could lead to temporary manufacturing shutdowns, product recalls or related field actions, product shortages or delays in product manufacturing. Efficacy or safety concerns, an increase in trends of adverse events in the marketplace, and/or manufacturing quality issues with respect to the Company's products could lead to product recalls or related field actions, withdrawals, and/or declining sales.

***Our products may be subject to product recalls even after receiving FDA clearance or approval, which would harm our reputation and our business.***

The FDA and similar governmental authorities in other countries in which our products are sold, have the authority to request and, in some cases, require the recall of our products in the event of material deficiencies or defects in design or manufacture. A government-mandated or voluntary recall by us could occur as a result of component failures, manufacturing errors or design defects. Any recall of product would divert managerial and financial resources, harm our reputation with our customers and damage our business.

***The Company is exposed to certain credit risks, resulting primarily from customer sales.***

Substantially all of the Company's receivables are due from homecare providers, distributors, hospitals, and contractors. The Company's customers are located throughout the U.S. and around the world. The Company records an estimated allowance for uncollectible amounts based primarily on the Company's evaluation of the payment pattern, financial condition, cash flows, and credit history of its customers as well as current industry and economic conditions. The Company's inability to collect on its trade accounts receivable could substantially reduce the Company's income and have a material adverse effect on its financial condition and results of operations.

***The market price of our common stock may fluctuate widely.***

The market price of our common stock could be subject to significant fluctuations in response to quarter-to-quarter variation in our operating results, announcements of new products or services by us or our competitors, and other events or factors. For example, a shortfall in net sales or net income, or an increase in losses could have an immediate and significant adverse effect on the market price and volume fluctuations that have particularly affected the market prices of many micro and small capitalization companies and that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of these companies. These fluctuations, as well as general economic and market conditions, may adversely affect the market price for our common stock.





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***If a natural or man-made disaster strikes our manufacturing facilities, we may be unable to manufacture certain products for a substantial amount of time and our revenue could decline.***

The Company has one principal manufacturing operation. In the event that this facility, located in St. Louis, Missouri, were severely damaged or destroyed as a result of a natural or man-made disaster, the Company would be forced to relocate production to other facilities and/or rely on third-party manufacturers. Such an event could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition. Although we have insurance for damage to our property and the interruption of our business, this insurance may not be sufficient in scope or amount to cover all of our potential losses and may not continue to be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all.

***Requirements associated with the evaluation of internal controls required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 have required and will require significant company resources and management attention.***

The Company is subject to the reporting requirements of federal securities laws, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Among other requirements, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires that the Company maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. The Company has, and expects to continue to, expend significant management time and resources maintaining documentation and testing internal control over financial reporting. While management's evaluation as of June 30, 2008 resulted in the conclusion that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of that date, the Company cannot predict the outcome of testing in future periods. If we are not able to continue to comply with the requirements of Section 404 in a timely manner, we could be subject to scrutiny by regulatory authorities, such as the SEC or the NASDAQ National Market, and the trading price of our stock could decline. Moreover, effective internal controls are necessary for us to produce reliable financial reports and are important in helping us to prevent financial fraud. If we cannot provide reliable financial reports or prevent fraud, our business and operating results could be harmed, investors could lose confidence in our reported financial information, and the trading price of our stock could drop significantly.

***If we are unable to hire or retain key employees, it could have a negative impact on our business.***

Our failure to attract and retain skilled personnel could hinder the management of our business, our research and development, our sales and marketing efforts, and our manufacturing capabilities. However, there is no assurance that we will continue to be able to hire or retain key employees. We compete to hire new employees, and then must train them and develop their skills and competencies. Our operating results could be adversely affected by increased costs due to increased competition for employees, higher employee turnover or increased employee benefit costs. Any unplanned turnover could deplete our institutional knowledge base and erode our competitive advantage.

**Item 1B. *Unresolved Staff Comments***

Not applicable.

**Item 2. *Properties***

The Company's headquarters are located in St. Louis, Missouri and the Company maintains manufacturing facilities in Missouri and New York. Set forth below is certain information with respect to the Company's manufacturing facilities at June 30, 2008.

<b>Location</b>	<b>Square Footage (Approximate)</b>	<b>Owned/Leased</b>	<b>Activities/Products</b>
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St. Louis, Missouri	270,000	Owned	Headquarters; medical gas equipment; respiratory care products; emergency medical products
Stuyvesant Falls, New York	30,000	Owned	CO <sub>2</sub> absorbent

In addition, the Company owns a 16.8-acre parcel of undeveloped land in Stuyvesant Falls, New York.

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**Item 3. *Legal Proceedings***

Product liability lawsuits are filed against the Company from time to time for various injuries alleged to have resulted from defects in the manufacture and/or design of the Company's products. . Several such proceedings are currently pending, which are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company. The Company maintains comprehensive general liability insurance coverage which it believes to be adequate for the continued operation of its business, including coverage of product liability claims.

In addition, from time to time the Company's products may be subject to product recalls in order to correct design or manufacturing flaws in such products. The Company intends to continue to conduct business in such a manner as to avert any FDA action seeking to interrupt or suspend manufacturing or require any recall or modification of products.

**Item 4. *Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders***

None

**Table of Contents****PART II****Item 5. *Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities***

Allied Healthcare Products, Inc. trades on the NASDAQ National Market under the symbol AHPI. As of September 12, 2008, there were 185 record owners of the Company's Common Stock. The following tables summarize information with respect to the high and low closing prices for the Company's Common Stock as listed on the NASDAQ National market for each quarter of fiscal 2008 and 2007, respectively. The Company currently does not pay any dividend on its Common Stock.

**Common Stock Information**

<b>2008</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>
September quarter	\$ 6.76	\$ 5.05
December quarter	\$ 7.25	\$ 5.85
March quarter	\$ 7.25	\$ 6.00
June quarter	\$ 7.27	\$ 6.00
<b>2007</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>
September quarter	\$ 5.72	\$ 5.00
December quarter	\$ 5.37	\$ 5.07
March quarter	\$ 6.19	\$ 5.05
June quarter	\$ 6.95	\$ 6.05

**Table of Contents****Item 6. Selected Consolidated Financial Data**

	2008	Year ended June 30,			2004
		2007	2006	2005	
	(In thousands, except per share data)				
<b>Consolidated Statement of Operations Data</b>					
Net sales	\$ 56,364	\$ 56,501	\$ 57,546	\$ 56,120	\$ 59,103
Cost of sales	43,006	42,028	43,293	41,669	42,748
Gross profit	13,358	14,473	14,253	14,451	16,355
Selling, general and administrative expenses	12,085	12,052	12,113	11,843	12,660
Income from operations	1,273	2,421	2,140	2,608	3,695
Interest expense	20			123	550
Interest income	(138)	(111)	(53)		
Other, net	60	(24)	37	43	8
Income before provision for income taxes	1,331	2,556	2,156	2,442	3,136
Provision for income taxes(1)	449	914	507	101	1,261
Net income	\$ 882	\$ 1,642	\$ 1,649	\$ 2,341	\$ 1,875
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.24
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.23
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	7,884	7,876	7,841	7,822	7,816
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	8,120	8,085	8,066	8,081	7,985

	2008	2007	June 30,		2004
			2006	2005	
	(In thousands)				
<b>Consolidated Balance Sheet Data</b>					
Working capital	\$ 18,291	\$ 17,269	\$ 14,644	\$ 12,250	\$ 10,992
Total assets	52,258	51,318	49,330	46,097	47,029
Short-term debt(2)					1,245
Long-term debt (net of current portion)(2)					2,366
Stockholders equity	43,339	42,485	40,660	38,862	36,453

(1) See Note 5 to the June 30, 2008 Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of the Company's effective tax rate.

(2) See Note 3 to the June 30, 2008 Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

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**Item 7. *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations***

**Critical Accounting Policies**

In preparing financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company evaluates estimates and judgments on an ongoing basis, including those related to bad debts, inventory valuations, property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, income taxes, and contingencies and litigation. Estimates and judgments are based on historical experience and on various other factors that may be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The following areas are considered to be the Company's most significant accounting policies:

***Revenue recognition:***

Revenue is recognized for all sales, including sales to agents and distributors, at the time products are shipped and title has transferred, provided that a purchase order has been received or a contract executed, there are not uncertainties regarding customer acceptance, the sales price is fixed and determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. Sales discounts, returns and allowances are included in net sales, and the provision for doubtful accounts is included in selling, general and administrative expenses. Additionally, it is the Company's practice to include revenues generated from freight billed to customers in net sales with corresponding freight expense included in cost of sales in the consolidated statement of operations.

The sales price is fixed by Allied's acceptance of the buyer's firm purchase order. The sales price is not contingent, or subject to additional discounts. Allied's standard shipment terms are F.O.B. shipping point as stated in Allied's Terms and Conditions of Sale. The customer is responsible for obtaining insurance for and bears the risk of loss for product in-transit. Additionally, sales to customers do not include the right to return merchandise without the prior consent of Allied. In those cases where returns are accepted, product must be current and restocking fees must be paid by the respective customer. A provision has been made for estimated sales returns and allowances. These estimates are based on historical analysis of credit memo data and returns.

Allied does not provide installation services for its products. Most products shipped are ready for immediate use by the customer. The Company's in-wall medical system components, central station pumps and compressors, and headwalls do require installation by the customer. These products are typically purchased by a third-party contractor who is ultimately responsible for installation services. Accordingly, the customer purchase order or contract does not require customer acceptance of the installation prior to completion of the sale transaction and revenue recognition. Allied's standard payment terms are net 30 days from the date of shipment, and payment is specifically not subject to customer inspection of acceptance, as stated in Allied's Terms and Conditions of Sale. The buyer becomes obligated to pay Allied at the time of shipment. Allied requires credit applications from its customers and performs credit reviews to determine the creditworthiness of new customers. Allied requires letters of credit, where warranted, for international transactions. Allied also protects its legal rights under mechanics lien laws when selling to contractors.

Allied does offer limited warranties on its products. The standard warranty period is one year; however, most claims occur within the first six months. The Company's cost of providing warranty service for its products for the years ended June 30, 2008, June 30, 2007, and June 30, 2006 was \$62,954, \$118,967, and \$114,181, respectively. The related liability for warranty service amounted to \$86,343 and \$112,907 at June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

***Inventory reserve for obsolete and excess inventory:***

Inventory is recorded net of a reserve for obsolete and excess inventory which is determined based on an analysis of inventory items with no usage in the preceding year and for inventory items for which there is greater than two years usage on hand. This analysis considers those identified inventory items to determine, in management's best estimate, if parts can be used beyond one year, if there are alternate uses or at what values



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such parts may be disposed for. At June 30, 2008 and 2007, inventory is recorded net of a reserve for obsolete and excess inventory of \$1.3 million and \$1.1 million, respectively.

***Income taxes:***

The Company accounts for income taxes under SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. Under SFAS No. 109, the deferred tax provision is determined using the liability method, whereby deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based upon temporary differences between the financial statement and income tax bases of assets and liabilities using presently enacted tax rates. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized.

***Accounts receivable net of allowances:***

Accounts receivable are recorded net of an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is determined based on an analysis of past due accounts including accounts placed with collection agencies, and an allowance for returns and credits, which is based on historical analysis of credit memo data and returns. At June 30, 2008 and 2007, accounts receivable is recorded net of allowances of \$0.3 and \$0.5 million, respectively.

***Goodwill:***

At June 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company has goodwill of \$15,979,830, resulting from the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations. During fiscal 2002, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ( SFAS ) No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, which establishes new accounting and reporting standards for purchase business combinations and goodwill. As provided by SFAS No. 142, the Company ceased amortizing goodwill on July 1, 2001.

The Company conducts a formal impairment test of goodwill on an annual basis and between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the Company below its carrying value. The annual impairment test did not indicate an impairment of goodwill at June 30, 2008 or June 30, 2007.

Allied operates as one reporting unit and prepares its annual goodwill impairment test in that manner. None of our product lines constitute a business, as that term is defined in EITF 98-3. Most of our products are produced in one facility, and we do not produce separate financial statements for any part of our business. The goodwill impairment test is performed at June 30th of each year.

The results of these annual impairment reviews are highly dependent on management's projection of future results of the Company and there can be no assurance that at the time such future reviews are completed a material impairment charge will not be recorded.

***Self-insurance:***

The Company maintains a self-insurance program for a portion of its health care costs. Self-insurance costs are accrued based upon the aggregate of the liability for reported claims and the estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported. As of June 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company had \$300,000 and \$325,000 respectively, of accrued liabilities related to health care claims. In order to establish the self-insurance reserves, the Company utilized actuarial estimates of expected claims based on analyses of historical data.

**Significant Factors Affecting Past and Future Operating Results**

On August 27, 2004, Allied Healthcare Products, Inc. ( Allied ) entered into an agreement with Abbott Laboratories ( Abbott ) pursuant to which Allied agreed to cease production of its product Baralyme<sup>®</sup> and to effect the withdrawal of Baralyme<sup>®</sup> product held by distributors. The agreement permits Allied to pursue the development of a new carbon dioxide absorbent product. Baralyme<sup>®</sup>, a carbon dioxide absorbent product, has been used safely and effectively in connection with inhalation anesthetics since its introduction in the 1920s. In recent years, the number of inhalation anesthetics has increased, giving rise to concerns regarding the use of Baralyme<sup>®</sup> in conjunction with these newer inhalation anesthetics if Baralyme<sup>®</sup> has been allowed, contrary to recommended

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practice, to become desiccated. The agreement also provides that, for a period of eight years, Allied will not manufacture, distribute, promote, market, sell, commercialize or donate any Baralyme<sup>®</sup> product or similar product based upon potassium hydroxide and will not develop or license any new carbon dioxide absorbent product containing potassium hydroxide.

In consideration of the foregoing, Abbott agreed to pay Allied an aggregate of \$5,250,000 of which \$1,530,000 was paid on September 30, 2004 and the remainder payable in four equal annual installments of \$930,000 due on July 1, 2005 through July 1, 2008. The installment due on July 1, 2008 was received by Allied on June 19, 2008. Therefore, there are no further payments due from Abbott as of June 30, 2008.

The payments received from Abbott are being recognized into income, as net sales, over the eight-year term of the agreement. Allied has no further obligations under this agreement which would require the Company to repay these amounts or otherwise impact this accounting treatment. During the year ended June 30, 2008, \$465,000 was recognized into income as net sales.

A reconciliation of deferred revenue resulting from the agreement with Abbott, with the amounts received under the agreement, and amounts recognized as net sales for fiscal years 2008 and 2007 is as follows:

	<b>Twelve Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
Beginning balance	\$ 2,402,500	\$ 1,937,500
Payment Received from Abbott Laboratories	930,000	930,000
Revenue recognized as net sales	(465,000)	(465,000)
	2,867,500	2,402,500
Less Current portion of deferred revenue	(690,000)	(465,000)
	\$ 2,177,500	\$ 1,937,500

In 2004, Allied's sales of Baralyme<sup>®</sup> were approximately \$2.0 million and contributed approximately \$0.6 million in pre-tax earnings and cash flow from operations. The majority of the \$5,250,000 Allied has received from Abbott will be recognized into income over the eight-year term of the agreement. The net cash flow realized by Allied under the agreement with Abbott is substantially equivalent to the net cash flow Allied would have expected to realize from continued manufacture and sales of Baralyme<sup>®</sup> during the initial five years of the period.

**Results of Operations**

Allied manufactures and markets respiratory products, including respiratory care products, medical gas equipment and emergency medical products. Set forth below is certain information with respect to amounts and percentages of net sales attributable to respiratory care products, medical gas equipment and emergency medical products for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006.

**Year ended**

	<b>June 30, 2008</b>	
	<b>Net Sales</b>	<b>% of Total Net Sales</b>
	<b>Dollars in thousands</b>	
Respiratory care products	\$ 14,248	25.3%
Medical gas equipment	30,744	54.5%
Emergency medical products	11,372	20.2%
Total	\$ 56,364	100.0%

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	<b>Year ended June 30, 2007</b>	
	<b>Net Sales</b>	<b>% of Total Net Sales</b>
	<b>Dollars in thousands</b>	
Respiratory care products	\$ 13,899	24.6%
Medical gas equipment	32,775	58.0%
Emergency medical products	9,827	17.4%
Total	\$ 56,501	100.0%

	<b>Year ended June 30, 2006</b>	
	<b>Net Sales</b>	<b>% of Total Net Sales</b>
	<b>Dollars in thousands</b>	
Respiratory care products	\$ 14,242	24.7%
Medical gas equipment	33,142	57.6%
Emergency medical products	10,162	17.7%
Total	\$ 57,546	100.0%

The following table sets forth, for the fiscal periods indicated, the percentage of net sales represented by the various income and expense categories reflected in the Company's consolidated statement of operations.

	<b>Year ended June 30,</b>		
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales	76.3	74.4	75.2
Gross profit	23.7	25.6	24.8
Selling, general and administrative expenses	21.4	21.3	21.0
Income from operations	2.3	4.3	3.8
Interest expense	0.0	0.0	0.0
Interest income	0.2	0.2	0.1
Other, net	0.1	0.0	0.1
Income before provision for income taxes	2.4	4.5	3.8
Provision for income taxes	0.8	1.6	0.9

Net income	1.6%	2.9%	2.9%
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***Fiscal 2008 Compared to Fiscal 2007***

Net sales for fiscal 2008 of \$56.4 million were \$0.1 million or 0.2% less than net sales of \$56.5 million in fiscal 2007. Domestically, sales decreased by \$0.7 million dollars. Internationally, sales increased by \$0.6 million dollars. International business is dependent upon hospital construction projects, and the development of medical facilities in those regions in which the Company operates. Domestic sales for fiscal 2008 include approximately \$1.7 million for the recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories, as discussed below. For 2007, domestic sales included approximately \$1.0 million for the recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories.

The decrease in net sales for the year is primarily the result of shipping performance. Orders for the Company's products for the year ended June 30, 2008 of \$54.4 million were \$0.4 million or 0.7% higher than orders for the year

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ended June 30, 2007 of \$54.0 million. Customer purchase order releases of \$53.8 million were unchanged from fiscal 2007. However, slight delays in production did lead to a slight decrease in sales for the year.

Sales for the year ended June 30, 2007 included \$465,000 for the recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories to cease production and distribution of Baralyme®. Sales for the year ended June 30, 2007 also included recognition as sales of \$584,000 reimbursement by Abbott Laboratories in product development cost to pursue development of new carbon dioxide absorption product as a result of the agreement to cease production and distribution of Baralyme®. In total, domestic sales for 2007 included approximately \$1,049,000 for recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories.

Sales for the year ended June 30, 2008 included \$465,000 for the recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories to cease production and distribution of Baralyme®. Sales for the year ended June 30, 2008 also included recognition as sales of \$1,196,000 reimbursement by Abbott Laboratories in product development cost to pursue development of new carbon dioxide absorption product as a result of the agreement to cease production and distribution of Baralyme®. In total, domestic sales for 2008 included approximately \$1,661,000 for recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories.

Allied continues to sell Carbolime®, a carbon dioxide absorbent with a different formulation than Baralyme®. For the year ended June 30, 2008 the Company had carbon dioxide absorbent sales of Carbolime®, of \$1.9 million dollars, compared with \$2.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2007 and \$2.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Respiratory care products sales in fiscal 2008 of \$14.2 million were \$0.3 million, or 2.2% higher than sales of \$13.9 million in the prior year. Included in the sales for respiratory care products is an approximately \$0.7 million increase in the amount recognized resulting from the agreement to cease the production and distribution of Baralyme®. The amount recognized as sales increased to approximately \$1.7 million or \$0.7 million more than in the prior year. Respiratory care products also include the Company's efforts in the Homecare market. The Company continues to develop systems and personnel to improve our telemarketing efforts, has increased inventory levels to improve customer service levels, and continues to emphasize measures to reduce cost.

Medical gas equipment sales, which include construction products, of \$30.7 million in fiscal 2008 were \$2.1 million, or 6.4% lower than prior year levels of \$32.8 million. Internationally, sales of Medical gas equipment in fiscal 2008 were \$0.3 million more than in the prior year. The decrease in sales, of \$2.3 million, took place in the domestic market. Price competition in this market is significant, however, the Company does not believe this represents a loss of market share.

Emergency medical product sales in fiscal 2008 of \$11.4 million were \$1.6 million or 16.3% higher than fiscal 2007 sales of \$9.8 million. International sales of Emergency medical products increased by \$0.5 million, while domestic sales increased by \$1.1 million. Also, orders for the Company's Emergency Products were \$1.1 million higher than the prior year. The Company believes that demand for these products have been favorably impacted by emergency preparedness, including Federal Homeland Security funding for emergency responders.

International sales, which are included in the product lines discussed above, increased \$0.6 million, or 5.9%, to \$10.8 million in fiscal 2008 compared to sales of \$10.2 million in fiscal 2007. As discussed above, the Company's international shipments are dependent on hospital construction projects and the expansion of medical care in those regions. In fiscal 2008, international shipments of Medical Gas equipment, including construction products, increased by \$0.3 million dollars. The increase in international sales also included a \$0.5 million increase in the sale of Emergency care products. These increases were offset by a \$0.2 million decrease in the sale of Respiratory care products.

Gross profit in fiscal 2008 was \$13.4 million, or 23.7% of sales, compared to a gross profit of \$14.5 million, or 25.6% of sales in fiscal 2007. Increases in material cost negatively impacted gross margins during fiscal 2008. Material cost was approximately 2.0% higher than in the prior year. Labor costs are approximately 3.8% higher than in the prior year due to contractual increases with the bargaining unit. The decrease in gross profit as a percent of sales is also partially due to lower production levels versus the prior year related to a decrease in inventory levels for the year. Lower production levels result in less effective utilization of the Company's manufacturing capacity and the fixed expenses associated with that capacity. Cost of sales for the year ended June 30, 2007 includes



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approximately \$0.6 million in cost incurred in product development cost to pursue development of a new carbon dioxide absorption product as a result of the agreement with Abbott Laboratories to cease production and distribution of Baralyme®. Cost of sales for the year ended June 30, 2008 includes approximately \$1.0 million in cost incurred in product development cost to pursue development of a new carbon dioxide absorption product.

The Company invested \$1.1 million in capital expenditures in fiscal 2008, \$0.6 million in fiscal 2007, and \$1.0 million in fiscal 2006 for manufacturing equipment and computer systems, which continue to decrease production costs and improve efficiencies for several product lines. The Company continues to control cost and actively pursue methods to reduce its cost.

Selling, General, and Administrative ( SG&A ) expenses for fiscal 2008 were \$12.1 million, unchanged from SG&A expenses of \$12.1 million in fiscal 2007. Legal expenses decreased by approximately \$0.2 million, as open product liability claims were settled in the prior year. This decrease has been offset by a \$0.2 million increase in auditing and accounting professional fees from the prior year as a result of the IRS examination of the Company's U.S. income tax returns for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2005 and 2006, and the increased cost of Sarbanes-Oxley compliance.

Interest income in fiscal 2008 was \$0.1 million, unchanged from fiscal 2007.

The Company had income of \$1.3 million before taxes for fiscal 2008, compared to income of \$2.6 million before taxes for fiscal 2007. The Company recorded an income tax provision of \$0.4 million in fiscal 2008, compared to an income tax provision of \$0.9 million in fiscal 2007.

For further discussion of the Company's income tax calculation please refer to Note 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements section included in this Form 10-K.

Net income in fiscal 2008 was \$0.9 million or \$0.11 per basic and diluted earnings per share, down from net income of \$1.6 million, or \$0.21 per basic and \$0.20 per diluted earnings per share in fiscal 2007. In 2008, the weighted number of shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share was 7,883,659 and the weighted number of shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share was 8,119,776. In 2007, the weighted number of shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share was 7,875,982 and the weighted number of shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share was 8,085,375.

***Fiscal 2007 Compared to Fiscal 2006***

Net sales for fiscal 2007 of \$56.5 million were \$1.0 million or 1.7% less than net sales of \$57.5 million in fiscal 2006. Domestically, sales decreased by \$0.7 million dollars. Internationally, sales decreased by \$0.3 million dollars. International business is dependent upon hospital construction projects, and the development of medical facilities in those regions in which the Company operates. Domestic sales for fiscal 2007 include approximately \$1.0 million for the recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories, as discussed below. For 2006, domestic sales included approximately \$0.7 million for the recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories.

The overall decrease in net sales for the year is primarily the result of lower customer orders than in the prior year. Orders for the Company's products for the year ended June 30, 2007 of \$54.0 million were \$0.8 million or 1.5% lower than orders for the year ended June 30, 2006 of \$54.8 million. However, customer purchase order releases were \$1.3 million lower than in fiscal 2006, leading to the majority of the decrease in sales for the year. Purchase order release lead times depend on the scheduling practices of the individual customers. Orders during 2007 were negatively impacted by price competition.

Sales for the year ended June 30, 2006 included \$465,000 for the recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories to cease production and distribution of Baralyme®. Sales for the year ended June 30, 2006 also included recognition as sales of \$271,000 reimbursement by Abbott Laboratories in product development cost to pursue development of new carbon dioxide absorption product as a result of the agreement to cease production and distribution of Baralyme®. In total, domestic sales for 2006 included approximately \$736,000 for recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories.

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Sales for the year ended June 30, 2007 included \$465,000 for the recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories to cease production and distribution of Baralyme®. Sales for the year ended June 30, 2007 also included recognition as sales of \$584,000 reimbursement by Abbott Laboratories in product development cost to pursue development of new carbon dioxide absorption product as a result of the agreement to cease production and distribution of Baralyme®. In total, domestic sales for 2007 included approximately \$1,049,000 for recognition into sales of payments resulting from the agreement with Abbott Laboratories.

Allied continues to sell Carbolime®, a carbon dioxide absorbent with a different formulation than Baralyme®. For the year ended June 30, 2007 the Company had carbon dioxide absorbent sales of Carbolime®, of \$2.0 million dollars, compared with \$2.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2006 and \$2.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Respiratory care products sales in fiscal 2007 of \$13.9 million were \$0.3 million, or 2.1% less than sales of \$14.2 million in the prior year. The decline in sales is attributable to the company's line of homecare products. The Company continues to develop systems and personnel to improve our telemarketing efforts, has increased inventory levels to improve customer service levels, and continues to emphasize measures to reduce cost. Also included in the sales for respiratory care products is an approximately \$0.3 million increase in the amount recognized resulting from the agreement to cease the production and distribution of Baralyme®. The amount recognized as sales increased to approximately \$1.0 million or \$0.3 million more than in the prior year.

Medical gas equipment sales of \$32.8 million in fiscal 2007 were \$0.3 million, or 0.9% lower than prior year levels of \$33.1 million. Internationally, sales of Medical gas equipment in fiscal 2007 were \$0.2 million less than in the prior year. The remainder of the decrease in sales, or \$0.1 million, took place in the domestic market.

Emergency medical product sales in fiscal 2007 of \$9.8 million were \$0.4 million or 3.9% less than fiscal 2006 sales of \$10.2 million. International sales of Emergency medical products increased by \$0.1 million, while domestic sales decreased by \$0.5 million. However, orders for the Company's Emergency Products were \$0.5 million higher than the prior year. The Company believes that demand for these products have been favorably impacted by emergency preparedness, including Federal Homeland Security funding for emergency responders.

International sales, which are included in the product lines discussed above, decreased \$0.3 million, or 2.9%, to \$10.2 million in fiscal 2007 compared to sales of \$10.5 million in fiscal 2006. As discussed above, the Company's international shipments are dependent on hospital construction projects and the expansion of medical care in those regions. In fiscal 2007, international shipments of Medical Gas equipment, including construction products, decreased by \$0.2 million dollars. In fiscal 2007, international shipments of Respiratory care decreased by \$0.2 million dollars. These decreases were offset by a \$0.1 million increase in the sale of Emergency care products.

Gross profit in fiscal 2007 was \$14.5 million, or 25.6% of sales, compared to a gross profit of \$14.3 million, or 24.8% of sales in fiscal 2006. Despite competitive pricing pressures, Allied was able to selectively increase prices during 2007. These increases, combined with programs to cut costs, resulted in improved margins for Allied. The Company's gross profit was also favorably impacted by a decrease in the cost of providing medical insurance to its employees. Employee medical cost included in the cost of sales decreased by approximately \$0.5 million over the prior year. The Company's gross profit also did benefit from an approximately \$0.1 million decrease in worker's compensation and property insurance expense due to the improved safety performance of the Company. Cost of sales for the year ended June 30, 2006 includes approximately \$0.3 million in cost incurred in product development cost to pursue development of a new carbon dioxide absorption product as a result of the agreement with Abbott Laboratories to cease production and distribution of Baralyme®. Cost of sales for the year ended June 30, 2007 includes approximately \$0.6 million in cost incurred in product development cost to pursue development of a new carbon dioxide absorption product.

The Company invested \$0.4 million in capital expenditures in fiscal 2005, \$1.0 million in fiscal 2006, and \$0.6 million in fiscal 2007 for manufacturing equipment and computer systems, which continue to decrease production costs and improve efficiencies for several product lines. The Company continues to control cost and actively pursue methods to reduce its cost.

Selling, General, and Administrative ( SG&A ) expenses for fiscal 2007 were \$12.1 million, unchanged from SG&A expenses of \$12.1 million in fiscal 2006. Personnel cost, including salaries and benefits, were approximately

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\$0.2 million lower in fiscal 2007 than in the prior year. This decrease is due to employee turnover and a decrease in medical cost, staffing has not been changed. This decrease was partially offset by a \$0.1 million increase in legal cost and a \$0.1 million increase in research and development cost.

Interest income in fiscal 2007 was \$0.1 million, unchanged from fiscal 2006.

The Company had income of \$2.6 million before taxes for fiscal 2007, compared to income of \$2.2 million before taxes for fiscal 2006. The Company recorded an income tax provision of \$0.9 million in fiscal 2007, compared to an income tax provision of \$0.5 million in fiscal 2006. During the fourth quarter of 2006 the Company recorded a favorable tax adjustment of \$0.3 million resulting from the favorable settlement of prior year state tax contingencies.

For further discussion of the Company's income tax calculation please refer to Note 5 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements section included in this Form 10-K.

Net income in fiscal 2007 was \$1.6 million or \$0.21 per basic and \$0.20 per diluted earnings per share, unchanged from net income of \$1.6 million, or \$0.21 per basic and \$0.20 per diluted earnings per share in fiscal 2006. In 2007, the weighted number of shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share was 7,875,982 and the weighted number of shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share was 8,085,375. In 2006, the weighted number of shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share was 7,840,858 and the weighted number of shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share was 8,066,311.

**Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The following table sets forth selected information concerning Allied's financial condition at June 30:

<b>Dollars in thousands</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 6,149	\$ 3,639	\$ 2,696
Working Capital	\$ 18,291	\$ 17,269	\$ 14,644
Total Debt	\$	\$	\$
Current Ratio	3.71:1	3.50:1	3.03:1

The Company's working capital was \$18.3 million at June 30, 2008 compared to \$17.3 million at June 30, 2007. Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$2.5 million and other current assets increased \$0.1 million. Accounts payable decreased \$0.4 million and deferred income taxes decreased \$0.4 million. During fiscal 2008, these increases in working capital were offset by a decrease in accounts receivable. Accounts receivable decreased to \$6.4 million at June 30, 2008, down \$0.9 million from \$7.3 million at June 30, 2007. Accounts receivable as measured in days sales outstanding ( DSO ) decreased to 34 DSO down from 45 DSO in the prior year. Inventory decreased by \$1.0 million, deferred revenue increased \$0.2 million and accrued liabilities increased \$0.5 million.

The Company's working capital was \$17.3 million at June 30, 2007 compared to \$14.6 million at June 30, 2006. Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$0.9 million. Inventory increased by \$1.5 million as a result of an effort by the Company to increase inventory levels of key items to improve customer service levels. Other current assets increased \$0.1 million and accrued liabilities decreased \$0.3 million. During fiscal 2007, these increases in working capital were offset by a decrease in accounts receivable. Accounts receivable decreased to \$7.3 million at June 30, 2007, down \$0.1 million from \$7.4 million at June 30, 2006. This decrease is due to a decrease in sales. Accounts receivable as measured in days sales outstanding ( DSO ) decreased to 45 DSO down from 46 DSO in the prior year.

The net increase in cash for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 was \$2.5 million. The net increase in cash for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 was \$0.9 million. The net increase in cash for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 was \$2.4 million. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$3.7 million for fiscal 2008. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$1.5 million and \$3.3 million for fiscal 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Cash flows provided by operating activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 consisted of a net income of \$0.9 million, supplemented by \$1.2 million in non-cash charges to operations for amortization and depreciation.

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Changes in working capital and deferred tax accounts favorably impacted cash flow from operations by \$1.6 million. Cash flow was used to make capital expenditures of \$1.1 million.

Cash flows provided by operating activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 consisted of a net income of \$1.6 million, supplemented by \$1.2 million in non-cash charges to operations for amortization and depreciation. Changes in working capital and deferred tax accounts, primarily inventory, unfavorably impacted cash flow from operations by \$1.4 million. Cash flow was used to make capital expenditures of \$0.6 million.

Cash flows provided by operating activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 consisted of a net income of \$1.6 million, supplemented by \$1.1 million in non-cash charges to operations for amortization and depreciation. Changes in working capital and deferred tax accounts favorably impacted cash flow from operations by \$0.6 million. Cash flow was used to make capital expenditures of \$1.0 million.

On April 24, 2002, the Company entered into a credit facility arrangement with LaSalle Bank National Association (the Bank). The credit facility was amended on September 26, 2002, September 26, 2003, August 25, 2004, and September 1, 2005.

The revolving credit facility provides for a borrowing base of 80% of eligible accounts receivable plus the lesser of 50% of eligible inventory or \$7.0 million, subject to reserves as established by the Bank. The maximum borrowing under the revolving credit facility is \$10 million. At June 30, 2008, \$9.5 million was available under the revolving credit facility. The credit facility calls for a 0.25% commitment fee payable quarterly based on the average daily unused portion of the revolving credit facility. The revolving credit facility also provides for a commitment guaranty of up to \$5.0 million for letters of credit and requires a per annum fee of 2.50% on outstanding letters of credit. At June 30, 2008, the Company had no letters of credit outstanding. Any outstanding letters of credit decreases the amount available for borrowing under the revolving credit facility.

On September 1, 2005, the Bank and the Company agreed to an amendment of the credit facility. In conjunction with these amendments to the Company's credit facility, the Bank extended the maturity on the Company's revolving credit facility from April 24, 2007 to September 1, 2008. The amendment allowed for automatic renewals and the maturity of the facility is now September 1, 2009. The entire credit facility continues to accrue interest at the Bank's prime rate. The prime rate was 5.00% on June 30, 2008. The interest rate on prime rate loans may increase from prime to prime plus 0.75% if the ratio of the Company's funded debt to EBITDA exceeds 2.5. The amended credit facility also provides the Company with a rate of LIBOR plus 1.75%, at the Company's option. The optional LIBOR rate may increase from LIBOR plus 1.75% to LIBOR plus 2.75% based on the Company's fixed charge coverage ratio. The 90-day LIBOR rate was 2.79% at June 30, 2008.

The credit facility requires lockbox arrangement, which provide for all receipts to be swept daily to reduce borrowings outstanding under the credit facility. This arrangement, combined with the existence of a Material Adverse Effect (MAE) clause in the credit facility, cause the revolving credit facility to be classified as a current liability, per guidance in the FASB's Emerging Issues Task Force Issue 95-22, Balance Sheet Classification of Borrowings Outstanding under Revolving Credit Agreements that Include Both a Subjective Acceleration Clause and a Lock-Box Arrangement. However, the Company does not expect to repay, or be required to repay, within one year, the balance of the revolving credit facility classified as a current liability. The MAE clause, which is a typical requirement in commercial credit agreements, allows the lender to require the loan to become due if it determines there has been a material adverse effect on the Company's operations, business, properties, assets, liabilities, condition or prospects. The classification of the revolving credit facility as a current liability is a result only of the combination of the two aforementioned factors: the lockbox arrangement and the MAE clause. However, the revolving credit facility does not expire or have a maturity date within one year. Additionally, the Bank has not notified the Company of any indication of a MAE at June 30, 2008.

At June 30, 2008 the Company had no aggregate indebtedness, including capital lease obligations, short-term debt and long-term debt.

Under the terms of the credit facility, the Company is required to be in compliance with certain financial covenants pertaining to stockholders' equity, capital expenditures and net income. Additionally, the terms of the credit facility restrict the Company from the payment of dividends on any class of its stock. The Company was in compliance with all of the financial covenants associated with its credit facility at June 30, 2008.



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The following table summarizes the Company's contractual obligations at June 30, 2008:

<b>Contractual Obligations</b>	<b>Payments Due By Period</b>				<b>More than 5 years</b>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>Less than 1 year</b>	<b>1-3 years</b>	<b>3-5 years</b>	
Long-Term Debt					
Capital Lease Obligations					
Operating Leases	\$ 462,867	\$ 174,325	\$ 278,546	\$ 9,996	
Unconditional Purchase Obligations					
Other Long-Term Obligations					
<b>Total Contractual Cash Obligations</b>	<b>\$ 462,867</b>	<b>\$ 174,325</b>	<b>\$ 278,546</b>	<b>\$ 9,996</b>	<b>\$</b>

Capital expenditures, net of capital leases, were \$1.1 million, \$0.6 million and \$1.0 million in fiscal 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively. The Company believes that cash flows from operations and available borrowings under its credit facilities will be sufficient to finance fixed payments and planned capital expenditures of \$3.4 million in 2009. Cash flows from operations may be negatively impacted by decreases in sales, market conditions, and adverse changes in working capital.

In the event that economic conditions were to severely worsen for a protracted period of time, we believe that our borrowing capacity under our credit facilities will provide sufficient financial flexibility. The Company would have options available to ensure liquidity in addition to increased borrowing. Capital expenditures, which are budgeted at \$3.4 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, could be postponed. At June 30, 2008, the Company had no bank debt. Based on the Company's current level of debt, and performance, debt would bear interest at the Bank's prime rate. The Company's agreement with the Bank does include provisions for higher interest rates at higher debt levels and different levels of Company performance.

During 2006, 2007 and 2008, increases in raw material cost had a negative impact on the Company's earnings. These increases resulted in fourth quarter of 2006 material cost being 7.3% higher than in the prior year. This increase was led by a 77% jump in the price of copper during that period. Copper is a major component of brass, which is used in many Allied products. Since 2006, copper prices have stabilized, but have not returned to historical levels.

The Company makes its foreign sales in dollars and, accordingly, sales proceeds are not affected by exchange rate fluctuations, although the effect on its customers does impact the pace of incoming orders.

**Seasonality and Quarterly Results**

In past fiscal years, the Company has experienced moderate seasonal increases in net sales during its second and third fiscal quarters (October 1 through March 31) which in turn have affected net income. Such seasonal variations were likely attributable to an increase in hospital equipment purchases at the beginning of each calendar year (which coincides with many hospitals' fiscal years) and an increase in the severity of influenza during winter months.

The following table sets forth selected operating results for the eight quarters ended June 30, 2008. The information for each of these quarters is unaudited, but includes all normal recurring adjustments which the Company considers

necessary for a fair presentation thereof. These operating results, however, are not necessarily indicative of results for any future period. Further, operating results may fluctuate as a result of the timing of orders, the Company's product and customer mix, the introduction of new products by the Company and its competitors,

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and overall trends in the health care industry and the economy. While these patterns have an impact on the Company's quarterly operations, the Company is unable to predict the extent of this impact in any particular period.

	<b>Three months ended,</b>							
	<b>June 30, 2008</b>	<b>March 31, 2008</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2007</b>	<b>Sept. 30, 2007</b>	<b>June 30, 2007</b>	<b>March 31, 2007</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2006</b>	<b>Sept. 30, 2006</b>
	<b>Dollars in thousands, except per share data</b>							
Net sales	\$ 14,692	\$ 13,944	\$ 13,626	\$ 14,102	\$ 14,046	\$ 13,704	\$ 14,274	\$ 14,477
Gross profit	4,115	3,164	2,912	3,167	3,984	3,452	3,517	3,520
Income from operations	1,019	151	(21)	124	1,219	448	425	329
Net income	689	100	6	87	869	278	293	202
Basic earnings per share	0.09	0.01		0.01	0.11	0.04	0.04	0.03
Diluted earnings per share	0.08	0.01		0.01	0.11	0.03	0.04	0.03

Earnings per share is computed independently for each of the quarters presented. Therefore, the sum of the quarterly amounts will not necessarily equal the total for the year.

**Litigation and Contingencies**

The Company becomes, from time to time, a party to personal injury litigation arising out of incidents involving the use of its products. The Company believes that any potential judgments resulting from such claims over its self-insured retention will be covered by the Company's product liability insurance.

**Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

Allied does not have any off balance sheet arrangements.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations (FAS 141(R)). FAS 141(R) requires that the fair value of the purchase price of an acquisition including the issuance of equity securities be determined on the acquisition date; requires that all assets, liabilities, noncontrolling interests, contingent consideration, contingencies, and in-process research and development costs of an acquired business be recorded at fair value at the acquisition date; requires that acquisition costs generally be expensed as incurred; requires that restructuring costs generally be expensed in periods subsequent to the acquisition date; and requires that changes in deferred tax asset valuation allowances and acquired income tax uncertainties after the measurement period impact income tax expense. FAS 141(R) also broadens the definition of a business combination and expands disclosures related to business combinations. FAS 141(R) will be applied prospectively to business combinations occurring after the beginning of the Company's fiscal year 2010, except that business combinations consummated prior to the effective date must apply FAS 141(R) income tax requirements immediately upon adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FAS 141(R) on its financial position, results of operations, and cash flows, and does not anticipate any material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (FIN 48), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. FIN 48 requires financial statement recognition of the impact of a tax position if a position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. Additionally, FIN 48 provides guidance on measurement, derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, transition, and disclosure requirements for uncertain tax positions. In May 2007, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position FIN No. 48-1, Definition of Settlement in FASB Interpretation No. 48 (FSP FIN 48-1). This FSP provides guidance on how a company should determine whether a tax position is effectively settled for the purpose of recognizing previously unrecognized tax benefits. The provisions of FIN 48 and FSP FIN 48-1 were effective on July 1, 2007. See Note 5 Income Taxes of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for information on the adoption of these pronouncements.

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In November 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 151, *Inventory Costs*. SFAS No. 151 requires the allocation of fixed production overhead costs be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities and unallocated overhead costs recognized as an expense in the period incurred. In addition, other items such as abnormal freight, handling costs and wasted materials require treatment as current period charges rather than a portion of the inventory cost. SFAS No. 151 is effective for inventory costs incurred during periods beginning after June 15, 2005. Adoption of SFAS No. 151 did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 does not require any new fair value measurements, but provides guidance on how to measure fair value by providing a fair value hierarchy used to classify the source of the information. This statement is effective for us beginning July 1, 2008. We are currently assessing the potential impact that adoption of SFAS No. 157 will have on our financial statements.

**Item 7A. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk***

At June 30, 2008, the Company did not have any debt outstanding. The revolving credit facility bears an interest rate using the commercial bank's floating reference rate or LIBOR as the basis, as defined in the loan agreement, and therefore is subject to additional expense should there be an increase in market interest rates.

The Company had no holdings of derivative financial or commodity instruments at June 30, 2008. Allied Healthcare Products has international sales; however these sales are denominated in U.S. dollars, mitigating foreign exchange rate fluctuation risk.

**Item 8. *Financial Statements and Supplementary Data***

The following described consolidated financial statements of Allied Healthcare Products, Inc. are included in response to this item:

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

Consolidated Statement of Operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

Consolidated Balance Sheet for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Schedule of Valuation and Qualifying Accounts and Reserves for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

All other schedules are omitted because they are not applicable or the required information is shown in the financial statements or notes thereto.

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**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders  
Allied Healthcare Products, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Allied Healthcare Products, Inc. and subsidiaries (collectively, the Company) as of June 30, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended June 30, 2008. In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we also have audited the related financial statement schedule of valuation and qualifying accounts and reserves for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006. These consolidated financial statements and the financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal controls over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Allied Healthcare Products, Inc. and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2008 and 2007, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended June 30, 2008, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule referred to above, when considered in relation to the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

As discussed in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements, on July 1, 2007, the Company adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48 related to accounting for uncertainty in income taxes.

/s/ RubinBrown LLP  
St. Louis, Missouri  
September 26, 2008

Table of Contents**ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**

	<b>Year ended June 30,</b>		
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Net sales	\$ 56,364,111	\$ 56,500,974	\$ 57,545,589
Cost of sales	43,006,007	42,028,125	43,292,746
Gross profit	13,358,104	14,472,849	14,252,843
Selling, general and administrative expenses	12,084,971	12,051,500	12,112,624
Income from operations	1,273,133	2,421,349	2,140,219
Other (income) expenses:			
Interest expense	20,150		
Interest income	(138,269)	(110,790)	(52,988)
Other, net	60,005	(23,841)	37,758
	(58,114)	(134,631)	(15,230)
Income before provision for income taxes	1,331,247	2,555,980	2,155,449
Provision for income taxes	448,748	914,400	506,845
Net income	\$ 882,499	\$ 1,641,580	\$ 1,648,604
Basic income per share:	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.21
Diluted income per share:	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.20
Weighted average shares outstanding Basic	7,883,659	7,875,982	7,840,858
Weighted average shares outstanding Diluted	8,119,776	8,085,375	8,066,311

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,149,015	\$ 3,638,870
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$300,000 and \$460,000, respectively	6,441,683	7,251,767
Inventories, net	12,046,450	12,999,472
Other current assets	394,975	275,254
Total current assets	25,032,123	24,165,363
Property, plant and equipment, net	10,542,573	10,677,000
Goodwill	15,979,830	15,979,830
Other assets, net	703,328	496,127
Total assets	\$ 52,257,854	\$ 51,318,320
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,590,804	\$ 3,040,313
Other accrued liabilities	2,960,334	2,508,820
Deferred income taxes	500,238	882,001
Deferred revenue	690,000	465,000
Total current liabilities	6,741,376	6,896,134
Deferred revenue	2,177,500	1,937,500
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 4 and 9)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock; \$0.01 par value; 1,500,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding		
Series A preferred stock; \$0.01 par value; 200,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding		
Common stock; \$0.01 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 10,188,569 and 10,187,069 shares issued at June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, respectively; 7,885,077 and 7,883,577 shares outstanding at June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007, respectively	101,886	101,871
Additional paid-in capital	47,524,084	47,441,163
Retained earnings	16,444,436	15,673,080
Less: treasury stock, at cost; 2,303,492 shares at June 30, 2008 and 2007	(20,731,428)	(20,731,428)
Total stockholders' equity	43,338,978	42,484,686



Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 52,257,854	\$ 51,318,320
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See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY**

	<b>Common Stock</b>	<b>Additional Paid-in Capital</b>	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Treasury Stock</b>	<b>Total</b>
Balance, July 1, 2005	\$ 101,331	\$ 47,109,143	\$ 12,382,896	\$ (20,731,428)	\$ 38,861,942
Issuance of common stock	225	87,675			87,900
Stock based compensation		61,364			61,364
Net income for the year ended June 30, 2006			1,648,604		1,648,604
Balance, June 30, 2006	101,556	47,258,182	14,031,500	(20,731,428)	40,659,810
Issuance of common stock	315	109,199			109,514
Stock based compensation		73,782			73,782
Net income for the year ended June 30, 2007			1,641,580		1,641,580
Balance, June 30, 2007	101,871	47,441,163	15,673,080	(20,731,428)	42,484,686
Issuance of common stock	15	6,098			6,113
Stock based compensation		76,823			76,823
Cumulative effect of adoption of FIN 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes			(111,143)		(111,143)
Net income for the year ended June 30, 2008			882,499		882,499
Balance, June 30, 2008	\$ 101,886	\$ 47,524,084	\$ 16,444,436	\$ (20,731,428)	\$ 43,338,978

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

	<b>Year ended June 30,</b>		
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 882,499	\$ 1,641,580	\$ 1,648,604
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	1,229,753	1,230,775	1,060,241
Stock based compensation	76,823	73,782	61,364
Provision for doubtful accounts and sales returns and allowances	(212,278)	(376)	(61,945)
Deferred tax provision (benefit)	(389,052)	(53,467)	48,406
Loss (gain) on disposition of equipment	42,915	(307)	15,904
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	1,030,061	177,964	(151,611)
Inventories	953,022	(1,508,167)	(715,755)
Other current assets	(119,721)	(50,401)	(56,422)
Accounts payable	(449,509)	(168,386)	1,098,100
Deferred revenue	465,000	465,000	465,000
Other accrued liabilities	164,966	(325,675)	(106,268)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,674,479	1,482,322	3,305,618
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(1,135,447)	(649,290)	(1,014,969)
Purchase of intangible asset	(35,000)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,170,447)	(649,290)	(1,014,969)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Borrowings under revolving credit agreements			346,000
Payments under revolving credit agreements			(346,000)
Stock options exercised	3,438	81,090	64,125
Excess tax benefit from exercise of stock options	2,675	28,424	23,775
Net cash provided by financing activities	6,113	109,514	87,900
Net increase in cash and equivalents	2,510,145	942,546	2,378,549
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	3,638,870	2,696,324	317,775
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 6,149,015	\$ 3,638,870	\$ 2,696,324
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Cash paid during the year for:			

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Interest	\$	8,934	\$		\$
Income taxes	\$	616,382	\$	917,126	\$ 575,943

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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**ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. Organization**

Allied Healthcare Products, Inc. (the Company or Allied ) is a manufacturer of respiratory products used in the health care industry in a wide range of hospital and alternate site settings, including post-acute care facilities, home health care and trauma care. The Company s product lines include respiratory care products, medical gas equipment and emergency medical products.

**2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The significant accounting policies followed by Allied are described below.

*Use of estimates*

The policies utilized by the Company in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

*Principles of consolidation*

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and intercompany balances are eliminated.

*Revenue recognition*

Revenue is recognized for all sales, including sales to agents and distributors, at the time products are shipped and title has transferred, provided that a purchase order has been received or a contract executed, there are not uncertainties regarding customer acceptance, the sales price is fixed and determinable and collectibility is reasonably assured. Sales discounts, returns and allowances are included in net sales, and the provision for doubtful accounts is included in selling, general and administrative expenses. Additionally, it is the Company s practice to include revenues generated from freight billed to customers in net sales with corresponding freight expense included in cost of sales in the consolidated statement of operations.

The sales price is fixed by Allied s acceptance of the buyer s firm purchase order. The sales price is not contingent, or subject to additional discounts. Allied s standard shipment terms are F.O.B. shipping point as stated in Allied s Terms and Conditions of Sale. The customer is responsible for obtaining insurance for and bears the risk of loss for product in-transit. Additionally, sales to customers do not include the right to return merchandise without the prior consent of Allied. In those cases where returns are accepted, product must be current and restocking fees must be paid by the respective customer. A provision has been made for estimated sales returns and allowances. These estimates are based on historical analysis of credit memo data and returns.

Allied does not provide installation services for its products. Most products shipped are ready for immediate use by the customer. The Company s in-wall medical system components, central station pumps and compressors, and headwalls do require installation by the customer. These products are typically purchased by a third-party contractor

who is ultimately responsible for installation services. Accordingly, the customer purchase order or contract does not require customer acceptance of the installation prior to completion of the sale transaction and revenue recognition. Allied's standard payment terms are net 30 days from the date of shipment, and payment is specifically not subject to customer inspection or acceptance, as stated in Allied's Terms and Conditions of Sale. The buyer becomes obligated to pay Allied at the time of shipment. Allied requires credit applications from its customers and performs credit reviews to determine the creditworthiness of new customers. Allied requires letters of credit, where warranted, for international transactions. Allied also protects its legal rights under mechanics lien laws when selling to contractors.

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**ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Allied does offer limited warranties on its products. The standard warranty period is one year; however, most claims occur within the first six months. The Company's cost of providing warranty service for its products for the years ended June 30, 2008, June 30, 2007, and June 30, 2006 was \$62,954, \$118,967, and \$114,181, respectively. The related liability for warranty service amounted to \$86,343 and \$112,907 at June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

***Cash and cash equivalents***

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

***Foreign currency transactions***

Allied has international sales which are denominated in U.S. dollars, the functional currency for these transactions.

***Accounts receivable and concentrations of credit risk***

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and generally does not require collateral. The Company maintains reserves for potential credit losses based on past experience and an analysis of current amounts due, and historically such losses have been within management's expectations. The Company's customers can be grouped into three main categories: medical equipment distributors, construction contractors and health care institutions. At June 30, 2008 the Company believes that it has no significant concentration of credit risk.

***Inventories***

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, determined using the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method, or market. If the first-in, first-out method (which approximates replacement cost) had been used in determining cost, inventories would have been \$2,404,262 and \$2,376,958 higher at June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Changes in the LIFO reserve are included in cost of sales. Cost of sales were reduced by \$23,299, \$0, and \$0 in fiscal 2008, 2007, and 2006 respectively, as a result of LIFO liquidations. Costs in inventory include raw materials, direct labor and manufacturing overhead.

Inventory is recorded net of a reserve for obsolete and excess inventory which is determined based on an analysis of inventory items with no usage in the preceding year and for inventory items for which there is greater than two years usage on hand. The reserve for obsolete and excess inventory was \$1,299,483 and \$1,099,864 at June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

***Property, plant and equipment***

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 5 to 35 years. Properties held under capital leases are recorded at the present value of the non-cancelable lease payments over the term of the lease and are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful lives of the assets. Expenditures for repairs, maintenance and renewals are charged to income as incurred. Expenditures, which improve an asset or extend its estimated useful life, are

capitalized. When properties are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in income.



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**ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

***Goodwill***

At June 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company has goodwill of \$15,979,830, resulting from the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations. The Company does not amortize goodwill.

The Company conducts a formal impairment test of goodwill on an annual basis and between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the Company below its carrying value. The annual impairment test did not indicate an impairment of goodwill at June 30, 2008, 2007, or 2006.

Allied operates as one reporting unit and prepares its annual goodwill impairment test in that manner. None of the Company's product lines constitute a business, as that term is defined in Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue 98-3. Most of its products are produced in one facility, and Allied does not produce separate financial statements for any part of its business. The goodwill impairment test is performed at June 30<sup>th</sup> of each year.

The results of these annual impairment reviews are highly dependent on management's projection of future results of the Company and there can be no assurance that at the time such future reviews are completed a material impairment charge will not be recorded.

***Impairment of long-lived assets***

The Company evaluates impairment of long-lived assets under the provisions of SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. SFAS No. 144 provides a single accounting model for long-lived assets to be disposed of and reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Under SFAS No. 144, if the sum of the expected future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) of the long-lived assets is less than the carrying amount of such assets, an impairment loss will be recognized. No impairment losses of long-lived assets or identifiable intangibles were recorded by the Company for fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006.

***Self-insurance***

The Company maintains a self-insurance program for a portion of its health care costs. Self-insurance costs are accrued based upon the aggregate of the liability for reported claims and the estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported. As of June 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company had \$300,000 and \$325,000 respectively, of accrued liabilities related to health care claims. In order to establish the self-insurance reserves, the Company utilized actuarial estimates of expected claims based on analyses of historical data.

***Fair value of financial instruments***

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The carrying amounts for cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

***Income taxes***

The Company accounts for income taxes under SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. Under SFAS No. 109, the deferred tax provision is determined using the liability method, whereby deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based upon temporary differences between the financial statement and income tax bases of assets and liabilities using presently enacted tax rates. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized.

The Company recognizes tax liabilities when, despite the Company's belief that its tax return positions are supportable, the Company believes that certain positions may not be fully sustained upon review by tax authorities. Benefits from tax positions are measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of

**Table of Contents****ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

being realized upon settlement. To the extent the Company deems it necessary to record a liability for its tax positions, the current portion of the liability is included in income taxes payable and the noncurrent portion is included in other liabilities in consolidated balance sheet. If upon the final tax outcome of these matters the ultimate liability is different than the amounts recorded, such differences are reflected in income tax expense in the period in which such determination is made. The Company's federal tax return for the fiscal year 2007 remains subject to examination. The various states in which the Company is subject to income tax are generally open for the tax fiscal years 2004 and after.

The Company classifies interest expenses on taxes payable as interest expense. Penalties are classified as a component of other expenses.

***Research and development costs***

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred and are included in selling, general and administrative expenses. Research and development expenses for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$799,925, \$844,890 and \$693,627 respectively.

***Earnings per share***

Basic earnings per share are based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share are based on the sum of the weighted averaged number of shares of common stock and common stock equivalents outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of basic shares outstanding for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 was 7,883,659, 7,875,982 and 7,840,858 shares, respectively. The weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 was 8,119,776, 8,085,375 and 8,066,311 shares, respectively. The dilutive effect of the Company's employee and director stock option plans are determined by use of the treasury stock method.

***Employee stock-based compensation***

On July 1, 2005 the company adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 123R, Share-Based Payment (SFAS 123R), using the modified prospective transition method which does not require prior periods to be restated. Statement 123R sets accounting requirements for share-based compensation to employees, including employee stock purchase plans, and requires companies to recognize in the statement of operations the grant-date fair value of the stock options and other equity-based compensation.

The fair value of options granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The following table summarizes the weighted average assumptions utilized in the Black-Scholes option pricing model for options granted during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Weighted-average fair value	\$ 3.00	\$ 2.53	\$ 3.48
Weighted-average volatility	40%	41%	51%
Weighted-average expected life (in years)	6.0	6.2	10.0

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Weighted-average risk-free interest rate	3.91%	4.69%	4.45%
Dividend yield	0%	0%	0%

Share-based compensation expense included in the statement of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 was approximately \$77,000, \$74,000 and \$61,000 respectively. Unrecognized shared-based compensation cost related to unvested stock options for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 amounts to approximately \$104,000. The cost is expected to be recognized over the next four fiscal years.

**Table of Contents****ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The following table summarizes stock option exercises for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006.

	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Stock options exercised	1,500	31,500	22,500
Total intrinsic value of stock options exercised	\$ 6,688	\$ 78,210	\$ 65,850
Cash received from stock option exercises	\$ 3,438	\$ 81,090	\$ 64,125
Tax benefit from stock options exercised	\$ 2,675	\$ 28,424	\$ 23,775

Prior to July 1, 2005, the Company accounted for employee stock options in accordance with Accounting Principles Board No. (APB) 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*. Under APB 25, the Company applies the intrinsic value method of accounting. The Company did not recognize compensation expense at the grant date for options granted because the Company grants options at a price equal to the market value at the time of grant.

***New accounting standards***

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* (FAS 141(R)). FAS 141(R) requires that the fair value of the purchase price of an acquisition including the issuance of equity securities be determined on the acquisition date; requires that all assets, liabilities, noncontrolling interests, contingent consideration, contingencies, and in-process research and development costs of an acquired business be recorded at fair value at the acquisition date; requires that acquisition costs generally be expensed as incurred; requires that restructuring costs generally be expensed in periods subsequent to the acquisition date; and requires that changes in deferred tax asset valuation allowances and acquired income tax uncertainties after the measurement period impact income tax expense. FAS 141(R) also broadens the definition of a business combination and expands disclosures related to business combinations. FAS 141(R) will be applied prospectively to business combinations occurring after the beginning of the Company's fiscal year 2010, except that business combinations consummated prior to the effective date must apply FAS 141(R) income tax requirements immediately upon adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FAS 141(R) on its financial position, results of operations, and cash flows, and does not anticipate any material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* (FIN 48), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. FIN 48 requires financial statement recognition of the impact of a tax position if a position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. Additionally, FIN 48 provides guidance on measurement, derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, transition, and disclosure requirements for uncertain tax positions. In May 2007, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position FIN No. 48-1, *Definition of Settlement in FASB Interpretation No. 48* (FSP FIN 48-1). This FSP provides guidance on how a company should determine whether a tax position is effectively settled for the purpose of recognizing previously unrecognized tax benefits. The provisions of FIN 48 and FSP FIN 48-1 were effective on July 1, 2007. See Note 5 Income Taxes of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for information on the adoption of these pronouncements.

In November 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 151, *Inventory Costs*. SFAS No. 151 requires the allocation of fixed production overhead costs be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities and unallocated overhead costs

recognized as an expense in the period incurred. In addition, other items such as abnormal freight, handling costs and wasted materials require treatment as current period charges rather than a portion of the inventory cost. SFAS No. 151 is effective for inventory costs incurred during periods beginning after June 15, 2005. Adoption of SFAS No. 151 did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 does not require any new fair value measurements, but provides guidance on how to measure fair value by providing a fair value hierarchy used to classify the source of

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**ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

the information. This statement is effective for us beginning July 1, 2008. We are currently assessing the potential impact that adoption of SFAS No. 157 will have on our financial statements.

**3. Financing**

On April 24, 2002, the Company entered into a credit facility arrangement with LaSalle Bank National Association (the Bank). The credit facility was amended on September 26, 2002, September 26, 2003, August 25, 2004, and September 1, 2005.

The revolving credit facility provides for a borrowing base of 80% of eligible accounts receivable plus the lesser of 50% of eligible inventory or \$7.0 million, subject to reserves as established by the Bank. The maximum borrowing under the revolving credit facility is \$10 million. At June 30, 2008, \$9.5 million was available under the revolving credit facility. The credit facility calls for a 0.25% commitment fee payable quarterly based on the average daily unused portion of the revolving credit facility. The revolving credit facility also provides for a commitment guaranty of up to \$5.0 million for letters of credit and requires a per annum fee of 2.50% on outstanding letters of credit. At June 30, 2008, the Company had no letters of credit outstanding. Any outstanding letters of credit decreases the amount available for borrowing under the revolving credit facility.

On September 1, 2005, the Bank and the Company agreed to an amendment of the credit facility. In conjunction with these amendments to the Company's credit facility, the Bank extended the maturity on the Company's revolving credit facility from April 24, 2007 to September 1, 2008. The amendment allowed for automatic renewals and the maturity of the facility is now September 1, 2009. The entire credit facility continues to accrue interest at the Bank's prime rate. The prime rate was 5.00% on June 30, 2008. The interest rate on prime rate loans may increase from prime to prime plus 0.75% if the ratio of the Company's funded debt to EBITDA exceeds 2.5. The amended credit facility also provides the Company with a rate of LIBOR plus 1.75%, at the Company's option. The optional LIBOR rate may increase from LIBOR plus 1.75% to LIBOR plus 2.75% based on the Company's fixed charge coverage ratio. The 90-day LIBOR rate was 2.79% at June 30, 2008.

The credit facility requires lockbox arrangement, which provide for all receipts to be swept daily to reduce borrowings outstanding under the credit facility. This arrangement, combined with the existence of a Material Adverse Effect (MAE) clause in the credit facility, cause the revolving credit facility to be classified as a current liability, per guidance in the FASB's Emerging Issues Task Force Issue 95-22, Balance Sheet Classification of Borrowings Outstanding under Revolving Credit Agreements that Include Both a Subjective Acceleration Clause and a Lock-Box Arrangement. However, the Company does not expect to repay, or be required to repay, within one year, the balance of the revolving credit facility classified as a current liability. The MAE clause, which is a typical requirement in commercial credit agreements, allows the lender to require the loan to become due if it determines there has been a material adverse effect on the Company's operations, business, properties, assets, liabilities, condition or prospects. The classification of the revolving credit facility as a current liability is a result only of the combination of the two aforementioned factors: the lockbox arrangement and the MAE clause. However, the revolving credit facility does not expire or have a maturity date within one year. Additionally, the Bank has not notified the Company of any indication of a MAE at June 30, 2008.

At June 30, 2008 the Company had no aggregate indebtedness, including capital lease obligations, short-term debt and long-term debt.

Under the terms of the credit facility, the Company is required to be in compliance with certain financial covenants pertaining to stockholders' equity, capital expenditures and net income. Additionally, the terms of the credit facility restrict the Company from the payment of dividends on any class of its stock. The Company was in compliance with all of the financial covenants associated with its credit facility at June 30, 2008.



**Table of Contents****ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****4. Lease Commitments**

The Company leases certain of its equipment under non-cancelable operating lease agreements. Minimum lease payments under operating leases at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

<b>Fiscal Year</b>		<b>Operating Leases</b>
2009	\$	174,325
2010		160,261
2011		118,285
2012		9,996
2013		
Total minimum lease payments	\$	462,867

Rental expense incurred on operating leases in fiscal 2008, 2007, and 2006 totaled \$303,158, \$295,446 and \$305,734 respectively.

**5. Income Taxes**

The provision for income taxes consists of the following:

	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Current:			
Federal	\$ 720,838	\$ 794,900	\$ 695,218
State	116,962	172,967	(236,779)
Total current	837,800	967,867	458,439
Deferred:			
Federal	(299,045)	(45,016)	62,346
State	(90,007)	(8,451)	(13,940)
Total deferred	(389,052)	(53,467)	48,406
	\$ 448,748	\$ 914,400	\$ 506,845

In 2006, the Company realized a tax benefit of \$0.3 million from the favorable settlement of state tax contingencies.

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A reconciliation of income taxes, with the amounts computed at the statutory federal rate is as follows:

	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Computed tax at federal statutory rate	\$ 452,624	\$ 869,033	\$ 732,853
State income taxes, net of federal tax benefit	17,791	108,581	89,671
Favorable settlement of state tax contingencies			(351,434)
Other, net	(21,667)	(63,214)	35,755
Total	\$ 448,748	\$ 914,400	\$ 506,845

**Table of Contents****ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

The deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recorded on the balance sheet as of June 30, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

	2008		2007	
	Deferred Tax Assets	Deferred Tax Liabilities	Deferred Tax Assets	Deferred Tax Liabilities
Current:				
Bad debts	\$ 40,000	\$	\$ 60,000	\$
Prepaid expenses		47,310		28,364
Deferred revenue	276,000		186,000	
Accrued liabilities	380,599		396,589	
Inventory		1,149,528		1,496,226
	696,599	1,196,838	642,589	1,524,590
Non Current:				
Depreciation		425,332		461,924
Other property basis		13,758		29,305
Intangible assets	16,383		30,790	
Deferred revenue	871,000		775,000	
Accrued pension liability	95,308		76,062	
Stock options	79,363		48,634	
Other	3,164		4,176	
	1,065,218	439,090	934,662	491,229
Valuation Allowance				
Total deferred taxes	\$ 1,761,817	\$ 1,635,928	\$ 1,577,251	\$ 2,015,819

The net long term deferred tax asset of \$626,128 and \$443,433 is included in other assets in the June 30, 2008 and 2007 consolidated balance sheet, respectively.

In 2006, the FASB issued FIN 48, which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. FIN 48 requires that the Company recognize in its financial statements the impact of a tax position, if that position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. The Company adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on July 1, 2007, the beginning of the Company's fiscal year. Upon the adoption of FIN 48 on July 1, 2007, the Company recognized a \$286,549 increase in the liability for unrecognized tax benefits including interest and penalties. The increase was accounted for as a reduction to the July 1, 2007 balance of retained earnings in the amount of \$111,143 and an increase to deferred tax assets of \$175,406. The total liability for unrecognized tax benefits totaled

\$286,549 as of July 1, 2007.

**Table of Contents****ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

Changes in the unrecognized tax benefit during fiscal year 2008 were as follows:

	<b>Unrecognized Tax Benefit</b>
Beginning balance July 1, 2007	\$ 286,549
Tax positions related to prior years:	
Additions	120,708
Settlements	(407,257)
Tax positions related to current year:	
Additions	0
Reductions	0
Lapses in statute of limitations	0
Ending balance June 30, 2008	\$ 0

The addition of \$120,708 and settlement of \$407,257 for prior year tax positions relate to the IRS examination for fiscal years 2005 and 2006. The examination was settled in fiscal 2008 and the Company paid additional federal taxes of \$266,472 and interest of \$53,132. Amended state income tax returns for fiscal 2005 and 2006 will be filed to report the IRS adjustments. State taxes and interest expense related to the amended returns are estimated to be \$64,334, and are included in current liabilities at June 30, 2008. IRS adjustments resulted in an additional liability for unrecognized tax benefits of \$120,708, and an increase to deferred tax assets of \$133,878.

The Company recognizes interest on taxes payable as interest expense and penalties accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of other expenses. Interest expense recognized for the period ended June 30, 2008 was \$34,023. No penalties were incurred in the settlement of the IRS examination. As a result accrued penalties in the amount of \$34,035 were eliminated during the period ended June 30, 2008.

The Company files a federal and multiple state income tax returns. The Company's federal income tax returns are open for fiscal years ending after June 30, 2006. State income tax returns are open for years ending after June 30, 2004.

Management of the Company is not aware of any additional needed liability for unrecognized tax benefits at June 30, 2008.

**6. Retirement Plan**

The Company offers a retirement savings plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to certain eligible salaried employees. Each employee may elect to enter a written salary deferral agreement under which a portion of such employee's pre-tax earnings may be contributed to the plan.

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006, the Company made contributions of \$257,309, \$255,377 and \$251,802 respectively.

## **7. Stockholders Equity**

The Company has established a 1994 Employee Stock Option Plan and a 1999 Incentive Stock Plan (collectively the Employee Plans ). The Employee Plans provide for the granting of options to the Company's executive officers and key employees to purchase shares of common stock at prices equal to the fair market value of the stock on the date of grant. Options to purchase up to 1,550,000 shares of common stock may be granted under the Employee Plans. Options generally become exercisable ratably over a four year period or one-fourth of the shares covered thereby on each anniversary of the date of grant, commencing on the first or second anniversary of the date granted. The right to exercise the options expires in ten years from the date of grant, or earlier if an option holder ceases to be employed by the Company.

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In addition, the Company has established a 1995 Directors Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan and a 2005 Directors Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan (collectively the Directors Plans ). The Directors Plans provide for the granting of options to the Company s directors who are not employees of the Company to purchase shares of common stock at prices equal to the fair market value of the stock on the date of grant. Options to purchase up to 225,000 shares of common stock may be granted under the Directors Plans. Options shall become exercisable with respect to one-fourth of the shares covered thereby on each anniversary of the date of grant, commencing on the second anniversary of the date granted, except for certain options which become exercisable with respect to all of the shares covered thereby one year after the grant date. The right to exercise the options expires in ten years from the date of grant, or earlier if an option holder ceases to be a director of the Company.

A summary of stock option transactions in 2006, 2007 and 2008, respectively, pursuant to the Employee Plans and the Directors Plans is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
June 30, 2005	741,750	\$ 2.64		
Options Granted	35,000	\$ 5.19		
Options Exercised	(22,500)	\$ 2.85		
Options Forfeited or Expired	(12,500)	\$ 8.09		
June 30, 2006	741,750	\$ 2.66	3.8	\$ 2,392,005
June 30, 2006	741,750	\$ 2.66		
Options Granted	51,500	\$ 5.26		
Options Exercised	(31,500)	\$ 2.57		
Options Forfeited or Expired	(29,000)	\$ 5.77		
June 30, 2007	732,750	\$ 2.72	3.2	\$ 2,886,479
June 30, 2007	732,750	\$ 2.72		
Options Granted	6,000	\$ 6.73		
Options Exercised	(1,500)	\$ 2.29		
Options Forfeited or Expired	(21,500)	\$ 7.35		
June 30, 2008	715,750	\$ 2.62	2.3	\$ 3,172,070
Exercisable at June 30, 2008	657,250	\$ 2.37	1.8	\$ 3,073,000

The following table provides additional information for options outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2008:

*Options Outstanding*

<b>Range of Exercise Prices</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Weighted Average Remaining Life</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>
\$1.88	1,250	0.8 years	\$ 1.88
2.00	542,000	1.2 years	\$ 2.00
2.01-4.00	67,500	3.1 years	\$ 3.35
4.01-6.99	105,000	7.7 years	\$ 5.35
\$1.88-6.99	715,750	2.3 years	\$ 2.62



**Table of Contents****ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****Options Exercisable**

<b>Range of Exercise Prices</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price</b>
\$1.88	1,250	\$ 1.88
2.00	542,000	\$ 2.00
2.01-4.00	67,500	\$ 3.35
4.01-6.99	46,500	\$ 5.33
\$4.01-6.99	657,250	\$ 2.37

See Note 2 for discussion of accounting for stock awards and related fair value disclosures.

**8. Supplemental Balance Sheet Information**

	<b>June 30,</b>	
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
<b>Inventories</b>		
Work in progress	\$ 807,358	\$ 742,890
Component parts	8,072,976	8,544,226
Finished goods	4,465,599	4,812,220
Reserve for obsolete and excess inventory	(1,299,483)	(1,099,864)
	\$ 12,046,450	\$ 12,999,472

**Estimated  
Useful  
Life (years)**

<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>			
Machinery and equipment	5-10	\$ 9,697,215	\$ 8,800,972
Buildings	28-35	12,203,870	12,116,193
Land and land improvements	5-7	934,216	934,216
Total property, plant and equipment at cost		22,835,301	21,851,381
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(12,292,728)	(11,174,381)

	\$ 10,542,573	\$ 10,677,000
<b>Other accrued liabilities</b>		
Accrued compensation expense	\$ 1,589,637	\$ 1,446,247
Accrued income tax	374,741	185,651
Customer deposits	676,178	595,223
Other	319,778	281,699
	\$ 2,960,334	\$ 2,508,820

## 9. Commitments and Contingencies

### *Legal Claims*

The Company is subject to various investigations, claims and legal proceedings covering a wide range of matters that arise in the ordinary course of its business activities. The Company intends to continue to conduct

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business in such a manner as to avert any FDA action seeking to interrupt or suspend manufacturing or require any recall or modification of products.

The Company has recognized the costs and associated liabilities only for those investigations, claims and legal proceedings for which, in its view, it is probable that liabilities have been incurred and the related amounts are estimable. Based upon information currently available, management believes that existing accrued liabilities are sufficient and that it is not reasonably possible at this time that any additional liabilities will result from the resolution of these matters that would have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

***Employment Contract***

In March 2007, the Company entered into an employment contract with its chief executive officer. The contract is initially for a three-year term, after which point it is subject to annual renewals. The contract includes termination without cause and change of control provisions, under which the employee is entitled to receive specified severance payments generally equal to two times ending annual salary if terminated without cause or within thirty days after a change in control.

**10. Segment Information**

The Company operates in one segment consisting of the manufacturing, marketing and distribution of a variety of respiratory products used in the health care industry to hospitals, hospital equipment dealers, hospital construction contractors, home health care dealers and emergency medical product dealers. The Company's product lines include respiratory care products, medical gas equipment and emergency medical products. The Company does not have any one single customer that represents more than 10 percent of total sales. Sales by region, and by product, are as follows:

	<b>Sales by Region</b>		
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Domestic United States	\$ 45,592,686	\$ 46,265,621	\$ 47,011,877
Europe	1,390,788	1,404,099	1,206,546
Canada	1,144,070	1,271,561	1,169,090
Latin America	4,923,096	4,420,697	4,378,910
Middle East	397,871	1,016,756	730,094
Far East	2,491,820	2,011,521	2,481,858
Other International	423,780	110,719	567,214
	<b>\$ 56,364,111</b>	<b>\$ 56,500,974</b>	<b>\$ 57,545,589</b>

**Sales by Product**

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	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>
Respiratory care products	\$ 14,248,031	\$ 13,899,027	\$ 14,241,999
Medical gas equipment	30,744,058	32,774,962	33,141,636
Emergency medical products	11,372,022	9,826,985	10,161,954
	\$ 56,364,111	\$ 56,500,974	\$ 57,545,589

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**ALLIED HEALTHCARE PRODUCTS, INC.**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**11. Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited)**