UNITED BANCORP INC /OH/ Form 10-O August 14, 2008

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

(Mark	One)	
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	FORM 10-Q
(Mar	k One)
[X]	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008
	OR
[]	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT
	For the transition period from to
	Commission File Number: 0-16540
	UNITED BANCORP, INC. (EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)
	Ohio 34-1405357 te or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer Identification No. rporation or organization)
	201 South Fourth Street, Martins Ferry, Ohio 43935-0010

(Address of principal executive offices)

(740) 633-0445 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer []	Accelerated filer	[]
Non-accelerated filer []	Smaller reporting company	[X
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)		

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)

Yes [] No [X]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date: As of August 12, 2008, 5,017,274 shares of the small business issuer's common stock, \$0.01 par value, were issued and outstanding.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA)

	JUNE 30, 2008	DECEMBE 200
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 5 , 193	\$ 4,6
Interest-bearing demand deposits	10,763	7 , 6
Cash and cash equivalents	15 , 956	12 , 3
Available-for-sale securities	137,072	165,3
Held-to-maturity securities	16,158	16,1
Loans, net of allowance for loan losses of \$2,870 and \$2,447 at	•	· I
June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively	231,562	232,1
Premises and equipment	7,130	7,0
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	4,684	4,6
Foreclosed assets held for sale, net	501	, 5
Accrued interest receivable	2,991	3,1
Deferred federal income taxes	484	1
Bank-owned life insurance	8,875	9,2
Other assets	1,574	5
Total assets	\$426 , 987	\$451 , 3
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		=-
LIABILITIES		
Deposits		
Demand	\$143,731	\$146,0
Savings	30,029	27,8
Time	148,156	156,6
Total deposits	321,916	330,4
Short-term borrowings	 6,586	 19 , 6
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	59,490	58,9
Trade date security purchases	55 , 450	3,0
Subordinated debentures	4,000	4,0
Interest payable, deferred taxes and other liabilities	2,525	
interest payable, deferred taxes and other frabilities		1,4
Total liabilities	394 , 517	417,4
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock, no par value, authorized 2,000,000 shares; no shares issued		
Common stock, \$1 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares; issued June 30, 2008 - 5,190,304 shares and December 31, 2007 -		
5,178,869 shares	5,190	5 , 1
Additional paid-in capital	26,993	28,0
Retained earnings	8 , 062	7,1
Stock held by deferred compensation plan; 123,039 and 108,322	0,002	′, -
shares at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively	(1,217)	(1,0
Unearned ESOP compensation	(2,931)	(2,9
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,831)	(2, 3
Accumulated other complehensive loss	(1,031)	()

Treasury stock, at cost
June 30, 2008 - 173,030 shares, December 31, 2007 - 190,266

	=======	=====
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$426 , 987	\$451 , 3
Total stockholders' equity	32,470	33,8
shares	(1,796) 	(1,9

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

	JUNE 30,		REE MONTHS ENDED SIX MONTHS JUNE 30, JUNE 30		
		2007	2008	20	
			dited)		
Interest and dividend income					
Loans, including fees		\$4 , 602		\$9,	
Taxable securities		1,447		2,	
Non-taxable securities		463			
Federal funds sold	11	57	12		
Dividends on Federal Home Loan Bank stock and other	36 	79 	134		
Total interest and dividend income		6,648			
Interest expense					
Deposits					
Demand	414		1,093	1,	
Savings	35	30	65		
Time	1,531	2,055	3,238	4,	
Borrowings	537	548	1,264	1,	
Total interest expense	2,517	3,601	5,660	7,	
Net interest income	3 , 964	3,047		5,	
Provision for loan losses	395	191			
Net interest income after provision for loan losses				5,	
Noninterest income					
Service charges on deposit accounts	511	457	1,002		
Realized gains on sales of securities					
Realized gains (losses) on sales of loans	45	(3)	59		
Realized gains on sales of other real estate and					
repossessed assets		62	3		
Other income	202	267	450		

Total noninterest income	758	783	1,514	1,
Noninterest expense				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,608	1,485	3,087	2,
Occupancy and equipment	341	292	661	
Professional services	182	165	372	
Insurance	105	89	208	
Franchise and other taxes	118	88	238	
Advertising	79	92	174	
Stationery and office supplies	86	52	151	
Provision for losses on foreclosed real estate			155	
Other expenses		464	933	
Total noninterest expense		2,727	5 , 979	 5,
Income before federal income taxes	1,325	912	2,453	1,
Federal income taxes	300			
Net income	\$1,025	\$ 764		\$1 ,
	=====	=====	======	===
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE				
Basic	\$ 0.22			\$ 0
Diluted	===== \$ 0.22			=== \$ 0
	=====	=====	======	===
DIVIDENDS PER COMMON SHARE	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.26	\$ 0
	=====	======	======	===

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (IN THOUSANDS)

	THREE MON' JUNE	SIX MONTHS E JUNE 30,		
	2008	2008 2007		20
		dited)		
Net income Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: Unrealized holding losses on securities during the	\$ 1,025	\$ 764	\$ 1,928	\$ 1
period, net of tax benefits of \$1,146, \$1,064, \$686 and \$944 for each respective period Reclassification adjustment for realized gains	(2,225)	(2,066)	(1,331)	(1
included in income, net of taxes Amortization of prior service costs and actuarial losses, net of tax effects of \$2 and \$4 in the				
respective 2007 periods		5		

	======	======	======	===
Accumulated comprehensive loss	\$(1,831)	\$(3,736)	\$(1,831)	\$(3
	======	======	======	===
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$(1,200)	\$(1,297)	\$ 597	\$

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007 (IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	_	2008	_	2007
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income	\$	1,928	\$	1,482
Items not requiring (providing) cash				
Depreciation and amortization		272		249
Provision for loan losses		563		374
Provision for losses on foreclosed assets		155		
Increase in value of bank-owned life insurance		(114)		(195)
Federal Home Loan Bank stock dividends		(60)		(68)
Realized gains on sales of securities				(1)
Gain on called securities		(25)		
Amortization of premiums and discounts on securities, net		40		61
Realized (gains) losses on sales of loans		(59)		4
Proceeds from sale of loans		2,460		3,438
Loans originated for sale		(2,401)		(3,442)
Realized gain on sale of real estate owned		(3)		(12)
Deferred income taxes		510		(129)
Amortization of mortgage servicing rights		43		
Net change in accrued interest receivable and other assets				
Net change in accrued expenses and other liabilities		(2,519)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		299		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Securities available for sale:				
Sales, maturities, prepayments and calls		72,311		12,155
Purchases		(46,107)		(35,797)
Securities held to maturity:				
Maturities, prepayments and calls				1,060
Net change in loans		(89)		4,222
Purchases of premises and equipment		(325)		(77)
Proceeds from sale of real estate owned		3		55
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		25 , 793		(18,382)

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, (IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	2008	2007
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	÷ (0 550)	*4.6.4.04
Net change in deposits	\$ (8,572)	
Net change in FHLB advances and other borrowings	(12,854)	
Net change in short-term borrowings		(372)
Principal payments on long-term debt		(/
Treasury stock (purchased) issued		(600)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		259
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(1,308)	(1,303)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(22,461)	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,631	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	12,324	14,554
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 15,955	
	=======	======
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOWS INFORMATION		
Interest paid on deposits and borrowings	\$ 2,748	
Federal income taxes paid	====== \$ 150	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	======	======
Transfers from loans to real estate and other repossessed assets	\$ 131	\$ 315
		======
Unrealized losses on securities designated as available for sale, net of related tax effects	\$ (1,331)	¢ (1 933)
or retaced cay erreccs	۶ (1,551) =======	
Recognition of mortgage servicing rights	\$ 30	\$ 55
	======	

See Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements

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UNITED BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These interim financial statements are prepared without audit and reflect all adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the financial position of United Bancorp, Inc. ("Company") at June 30, 2008, and its results of operations and cash flows for the six and three month periods presented. All such adjustments are normal and recurring in nature. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and, therefore, do not purport to contain all the necessary financial disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that might otherwise be necessary in the circumstances and should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2007 included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K. Reference is made to the accounting policies of the Company described in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements contained in its Annual Report on Form 10-K. Except for the adoption of EITF 06-4, as described in "Recent Accounting Pronouncements," the Company has consistently followed these policies in preparing this Form 10-Q. The results of operations for the six and three months ended June 30, 2008, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of United Bancorp, Inc. ("United" or "the Company") and its wholly-owned subsidiary, The Citizens Savings Bank of Martins Ferry, Ohio ("the Bank" or "Citizens"). For periods prior to July 1, 2007, the consolidated financial statements include the Company and its two wholly-owned subsidiaries, Citizens and The Community Bank. Effective July 1, 2007, the Company merged The Community Bank into The Citizens Savings Bank and now operates that market area as The Community Bank, a division of The Citizens Savings Bank and operates The Citizens Bank, a division of The Citizens Savings Bank. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Company's revenues, operating income, and assets are almost exclusively derived from banking. Accordingly, all of the Company's banking operations are considered by management to be aggregated in one reportable operating segment. Customers are mainly located in Athens, Belmont, Carroll, Fairfield, Harrison, Hocking, and Tuscarawas Counties and the surrounding localities in northeastern, east-central and southeastern Ohio, and include a wide range of individuals, businesses and other organizations. The Citizens Bank division conducts its business through its main office in Martins Ferry, Ohio and nine branches in Bridgeport, Colerain, Dellroy, Dover, Jewett, New Philadelphia, St. Clairsville, Sherrodsville, and Strasburg, Ohio. The Community Bank division conducts its business through its main office in Lancaster, Ohio and six offices in Amesville, Glouster, Lancaster, and Nelsonville, Ohio. The Company's primary deposit products are checking, savings, and term certificate accounts, and its primary lending products are residential mortgage, commercial, and installment loans. Substantially all loans are secured by specific items of collateral including business assets, consumer assets and real estate and are not considered

UNITED BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

"sub prime" type loans. Commercial loans are expected to be repaid from cash flow from operations of businesses. Real estate loans are secured by both residential and commercial real estate. Net interest income is affected by the relative amount of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and the interest received or paid on these balances. The level of interest rates paid or received by the Company can be significantly influenced by a number of environmental factors, such as governmental monetary policy, that are outside of management's control.

USE OF ESTIMATES

To prepare financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management makes estimates and assumptions based on available information. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the disclosures provided and future results could differ. The allowance for loan losses and fair values of financial instruments are particularly subject to change.

ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

The allowance for loan losses is a valuation allowance for probable incurred credit losses, increased by the provision for loan losses and decreased by charge-offs less recoveries. Management estimates the allowance balance required based on past loan loss experience, the nature and volume of the portfolio, information about specific borrower situations and estimated collateral values, economic conditions and other factors. Allocations of the allowance may be made for specific loans, but the entire allowance is available for any loan that, in management's judgment, should be charged-off. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed. The Company accounts for impaired loans in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 114, "Accounting for Creditors for Impairment of a Loan." SFAS 114 requires that impaired loans be measured based upon the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate or, as an alternative, at the loan's observable market price or fair value of the collateral. A loan is defined under SFAS No. 114 as impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that a creditor will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. In applying the provisions of SFAS No. 114, the Company considers its investment in one-to-four family residential loans and consumer installment loans to be homogenous and therefore excluded from separate identification for evaluation of impairment. With respect to the Company's investment in nonresidential and multi-family residential real estate loans, and its evaluation of impairment thereof, such loans are generally collateral dependent and, as a result, are carried as a practical expedient at the fair value of the collateral.

Collateral dependent loans which are more than ninety days delinquent are considered to constitute more than a minimum delay in repayment and are evaluated for impairment under SFAS No. 114 at that time.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

MORTGAGE SERVICING ASSETS

A summary of the Company's mortgage servicing assets (included in other assets) as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 is as follows:

	JUNE 30, 2008	JUNE 30, 2007
	(In th	ousands)
Beginning balance Recognition of mortgage servicing rights on sale of loans Amortization during the period	\$439 30 (43)	\$403 55 (34)
Net carrying value	\$426 ====	\$424 ====

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UNITED BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per common share is computed based upon the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, less shares in the ESOP which are unallocated and not committed to be released. At June 30, 2008, the ESOP held 307,274 unallocated shares which were not included in weighted-average common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per common share include the dilutive effect of additional potential common shares issuable under the Company's stock option plans.

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,			SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,				
		2008		2007		2008	2 	007
BASIC Net income (In thousands)	ė	1 025	ė	764	ċ	1 020	ċ	1 400
Net income (in thousands)	ې ===		ې ====	704	ې ===	1,920	ې ===	1,402

Weighted average common

shares outstanding	4,	579 , 773	•	603 , 769		575 , 930		607,900
Basic earnings per common share		0.22		0.17	\$	0.42	\$	0.32
DILUTED Net income (In thousands)	\$	1,025	\$	764	\$	1,928 ======	\$	1,482
Weighted average common shares outstanding for basic earnings per common share Add: Dilutive effects of assumed exercise of stock options					4,	575 , 930	4,	
Average shares and dilutive potential common shares	•	579 , 934	•	605 , 657	•	576,075	•	609,328
Diluted earnings per common share		0.22		0.17		0.42	'	0.32
Number of stock options not considered in computing diluted earnings per share due to antidilutive nature Weighted-average exercise		29,040		14,902				14,902
price of dilutive stock options	\$ ===	10.98		9.85	т.	10.98	\$ ===	9.85

Options to purchase 55,529 shares of common stock at a weighted-average exercise price of \$10.34 per share were outstanding at June 30, 2008, but 29,040 options to purchase common stock were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because the options' exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares. Options to purchase 60,146 shares of common stock at a weighted-average \$10.49 per share were outstanding at June 30, 2007, but 14,902 options to purchase common stock were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because the options' exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

STOCK OPTIONS

The Company maintains a nonqualified stock option plan for directors and officers. The exercise price for options granted under this plan is no less than 100% of the fair market value of the shares on the date of grant, adjusted for stock splits in the form of a dividend.

The Company accounts for its stock option plan in accordance with SFAS No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment," which requires that the cost

related to the fair value of grants of stock options be recognized in the financial statements.

The compensation cost recorded for unvested equity-based awards is based on their grant-date fair value. For the six month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company recorded approximately \$9,000 and \$20,000, respectively, in compensation costs for stock option awards that vested in each period. The Company has approximately \$89,000 of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested equity-based awards granted under its stock incentive plan as of June 30, 2008, which is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period of 6.6 years.

No stock options were granted during the six month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

There are no remaining options available for grant under the Company's 1996 plan as of June 30, 2008. A summary of the status of the Company's stock option plan for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 is presented below:

		2008		2007
	SHARES	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE	SHARES	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE
Outstanding at January 1, Granted Exercised Forfeited	55 , 529 	\$10.34 	69,488 (9,342)	\$10.73 11.65
Outstanding at end of period	55 , 529	\$10.34 =====	60,146 =====	\$10.49 =====
Options exercisable at period-end		\$ =====	394 =====	\$13.65 =====

At the Company's Annual Shareholder meeting that was held on April 16, 2008, a 2008 Stock Incentive Plan was approved by the shareholders. The Plan provides for awards of up to 500,000 common shares in the form of stock options, restricted stock and stock warrants.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

INCOME TAXES

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes," on January 1, 2007.

Previously, the Company had accounted for tax contingencies in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 5, "Accounting for Contingencies." As required by Interpretation 48, which clarifies Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes," the Company recognizes the financial statement benefit of a tax position only after determining that the relevant tax authority would more likely than not sustain the position following an audit. For tax positions meeting the more-likely-than-not threshold, the amount recognized in the financial statements is the largest benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the relevant tax authority. At the adoption date, the Company applied Interpretation 48 to all tax positions for which the statute of limitations remained open. As a result of the implementation of Interpretation 48, the Company was not required to record any liability for unrecognized tax benefits as of January 1, 2007. There have been no material changes in unrecognized tax benefits since January 1, 2007.

The Company is subject to income taxes in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, as well as various state jurisdictions. Tax regulations within each jurisdiction are subject to the interpretation of the related tax laws and regulations and require significant judgment to apply. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for the years before 2004.

The Company will recognize, if applicable, interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements." This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This Statement emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement and should be determined based on assumptions that a market participant would use when pricing an asset or liability. This Statement clarifies that market participant assumptions should include assumptions about risk as well as the effect of a restriction on the sale or use of an asset. Additionally, this Statement establishes a fair value hierarchy that provides the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable data. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, or January 1, 2008 as to the Company, and interim periods within that fiscal year. The Company adopted SFAS No. 157 effective January 1, 2008, as required, without material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

In September 2006, the FASB ratified the Emerging Issues Task Force's (EITF) Issue 06-4, "Accounting for Deferred Compensation and Postretirement Benefit Aspects of Endorsement Split-Dollar Life

Insurance Arrangements," which requires companies to recognize a liability and related compensation costs for endorsement split-dollar life insurance policies that provide a benefit to an employee extending to postretirement periods. The liability should be recognized based on the substantive agreement with the employee. This Issue is effective beginning January 1, 2008. The Issue can be applied as either a change in accounting principle through a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the year of adoption, or a change in accounting principle through retrospective application to all periods. The Company adopted Issue 06-4 effective January 1, 2008, as required. The Company recorded a liability and a corresponding charge to retained earnings totaling \$1.0 million to recognize the commitment obligation under its split-dollar life insurance policies. The Company will recognize expense in 2008 totaling approximately \$133,000 for these policies.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities - Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115." This Statement allows companies the choice to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The objective is to improve financial reporting by providing entities with the opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting provisions. This Statement is expected to expand the use of fair value measurement, which is consistent with the Board's long-term measurement objectives for accounting for financial instruments. This Statement is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007, or January 1, 2008 as to the Company, and interim periods within that fiscal year. The Company adopted SFAS No. 159 effective January 1, 2008, as required, without material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), "Business Combinations," which replaces SFAS No. 141. The Statement applies to all transactions or other events in which one entity obtains control of one or more businesses. It requires all assets acquired, liabilities assumed and any noncontrolling interest to be measured at fair value at the acquisition date. The Statement requires certain costs such as acquisition-related costs that were previously recognized as a component of the purchase price, and expected restructuring costs that were previously recognized as an assumed liability, to be recognized separately from the acquisition as an expense when incurred.

SFAS No. 141(R) applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008 and may not be applied before that date.

Concurrent with SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), the FASB recently issued SFAS No. 160, "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an Amendment of ARB 51." SFAS No. 160 amends ARB 51 to establish accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest (formerly known as minority interest) in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. A subsidiary, as defined by SFAS No. 160, includes a variable interest entity that is consolidated by a primary beneficiary.

UNITED BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

A noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary, previously reported in the statement of financial position as a liability or in the mezzanine section outside of permanent equity, will be included within consolidated equity as a separate line item upon the adoption of SFAS No. 160. Further, consolidated net income will be reported at amounts that include both the parent (or primary beneficiary) and the noncontrolling interest with separate disclosure on the face of the consolidated statement of income of the amounts attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest.

SFAS No. 160 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008.

NOTE 2: ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

The activity in the allowance for loan losses was as follows:

	THREE MON'	-	-	CHS ENDED
	2008	2007	2008	2007
		(In thou	ısands)	
Beginning balance Provision for loan losses Loans charged-off Recoveries of previous charge-offs	\$2,540 395 (141)	\$2,382 191 (458)	\$2,447 563 (263)	\$2,345 374 (653)
Ending balance	\$2,870 =====	\$2 , 188	\$2,870 =====	\$2,188 =====

Impaired loans totaled \$4.6 million and \$3.4 million at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively. An allowance for loan losses of \$950,000 and \$673,000 relates to impaired loans of \$3.5 million and \$2.3 million, at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively. At June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, impaired loans of \$1.1 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, had no related allowance for loan losses.

Interest income of approximately \$100,000 and \$500 was recognized on average impaired loans of \$3.9 million and \$2.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Interest income was recognized on impaired loans on a cash basis for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

At June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, accruing loans delinquent 90 days or more (including impaired loans of \$1.3 at June 30, 2008 and \$1.7 million at December 31, 2007) totaled \$1.8 million and \$2.6 million, respectively. Non-accruing loans at June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 (including impaired loans of \$3.2 million at June 30, 2008 and \$1.7 million at December 31, 2007) were \$4.5 million and \$1.8 million, respectively.

UNITED BANCORP, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

NOTE 3: BENEFIT PLANS

Pension expense includes the following:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,			
	2008	2007	2008	2007
		(In thou	sands)	
Service cost Interest cost Expected return on assets Amortization of prior service cost, transition liability, net gain and	\$ 118 90 (118)	\$ 65 46 (54)	\$ 59 45 (59)	\$ 130 92 (108)
plan amendment	30 	15 	15 	30
Pension expense	\$ 120 ====	\$ 72 ====	\$ 60 ====	\$ 144 =====

During the six months ended June, 2008, the Company recorded expense of approximately \$28,000 as certain participants in the Company's defined benefit plan were paid lump sum distributions from the plan. During 2008 it is anticipated that Company will incur approximately \$231,000 of additional settlement accounting expense under the provisions of SFAS No. 88.

NOTE 4: OFF-BALANCE SHEET ACTIVITIES

Some financial instruments, such as loan commitments, credit lines, letters of credit and overdraft protection, are issued to meet customer financing needs. These are agreements to provide credit or to support the credit of others, as long as conditions established in the contracts are met, and usually have expiration dates. Commitments may expire without being used. Off-balance sheet risk to credit loss exists up to the face amount of these instruments, although material losses are not anticipated. The same credit policies are used to make such commitments as are used for loans, including obtaining collateral at exercise of the commitment.

A summary of the notional or contractual amounts of financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk at the indicated dates is as follows:

JUNE 30,	DECEMBER 31,
2008	2007

(Unaudited)
(In thousands)

Commitments to extend credit \$42,125 \$44,692 Standby letters of credit 720 565

UNITED BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

NOTE 5: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements." SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 has been applied prospectively as of the beginning of the period.

SFAS No. 157 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. SFAS No. 157 also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- LEVEL 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- LEVEL 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- LEVEL 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying balance sheet, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 securities include highly liquid government agency bonds and mortgage-backed securities. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. Level 2 securities include certain collateralized mortgage and debt obligations and certain municipal securities. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy and include other less liquid securities.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying balance sheet measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the SFAS No. 157 fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2008:

	FAIR VALUE	QUOTED PRICES IN ACTIVE MARKETS FOR IDENTICAL ASSETS (LEVEL 1)	SIGNIFICANT OTHER OBSERVABLE INPUTS (LEVEL 2)	SIGNIFICANT UNOBSERVABLE INPUTS (LEVEL 3)
		(In the	ousands)	
Available-for-sale securities	\$137 , 072	\$	\$137,072	\$

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and the level within the SFAS No. 157 fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2008.

		FAIR VALUE ME	ASUREMENTS USING	
	FAIR VALUE	QUOTED PRICES IN ACTIVE MARKETS FOR IDENTICAL ASSETS (LEVEL 1)	SIGNIFICANT OTHER OBSERVABLE INPUTS (LEVEL 2)	SIGNIFICANT UNOBSERVABLE INPUTS (LEVEL 3)
		(In the	ousands)	
Impaired loans	\$1,826	\$	\$	\$1,826

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discusses the financial condition of the Company as of June 30, 2008, as compared to December 31, 2007, and the results of operations for the six and three month periods ended June 30, 2008, compared to the same periods in 2007. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the interim condensed consolidated financial statements and related footnotes included herein.

INTRODUCTION

The Company's net interest margin of 3.96% for the six months ended June 30, 2008, generated an increase of approximately \$1.5 million in net interest income over the same period in 2007. As a result, the Company has experienced an improvement in earnings per share of 31% for the six months ended June 30, 2008.

We believe the Company's positive results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2008 are a result of several factors, including: (1) reductions by the Federal Reserve in prior periods of short term interest rates; (2) enhanced service charge income on deposit accounts; and (3) the operational efficiencies gained from the full integration of our two subsidiary banks. As a result of previous reductions in short term interest rates by the Federal Reserve, we are projecting the Company's net interest margin to reflect continued improvements in 2008. In addition, the increases in service charge income on deposit accounts for the six months ended June 30, 2008 reflects the continuing positive impact of the Company's courtesy overdraft and merchant check capture programs, which programs are expected to enhance revenues for the remainder of 2008. Finally, the Company's management team has worked aggressively to fully integrate the operations of the Company's subsidiary commercial banks, which merged under one charter in July 2007. With the operational efficiencies gained from the full integration of our two subsidiary banks and the streamlining of our management and operational support positions, which has reduced time and money spent on duplicated efforts, we anticipate a continuation of solid earnings improvement throughout 2008.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

When used in this document, the words or phrases "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimated," "projected" or similar expressions are intended to identify "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties including changes in economic conditions in the Bank's market areas, changes in policies by regulatory agencies, fluctuations in interest rates, demand for loans in the Bank's market areas and competition, that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical earnings and those presently anticipated or projected. Factors listed above could affect the Company's financial performance and could cause the Company's actual results for future periods to differ materially from any statements expressed with respect to future periods.

The Company is not aware of any trends, events or uncertainties that will have or are reasonably likely to have a material effect on its financial condition, results of operations, liquidity or capital resources except as discussed herein. The Company is not aware of any current recommendation by regulatory authorities that would have such effect if implemented.

The Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to publicly revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date such statements were made or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL

CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Management makes certain judgments that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and footnotes. These estimates, assumptions and judgments are based on information available as of the date of the financial statements, and as this information changes, the financial statements could reflect different estimates, assumptions, and judgments.

The procedures for assessing the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses reflect our evaluation of credit risk after careful consideration of all information available to management. In developing this assessment, management must rely on estimates and exercise judgment regarding matters where the ultimate outcome is unknown, such as economic factors, developments affecting companies in specific industries and issues with respect to single borrowers. Depending on changes in circumstances, future assessments of credit risk may yield materially different results, which may require an increase or a decrease in the allowance for loan losses.

The allowance is regularly reviewed by management and the board to determine whether the amount is considered adequate to absorb probable losses. This evaluation includes specific loss estimates on certain individually reviewed loans, statistical loss estimates for loan pools that are based on historical loss experience, and general loss estimates that are based on the size, quality and concentration characteristics of the various loan portfolios, adverse situations that may affect a borrower's ability to repay and current economic and industry conditions. Also considered as part of that judgment is a review of the Bank's trend in delinquencies and loan losses, and economic factors.

The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level believed adequate by management to absorb probable loan losses inherent in the loan portfolio. Management's evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is an estimate based on management's current judgment about the credit quality of the loan portfolio. While the Company strives to reflect all known risk factors in its evaluation, judgment errors may occur.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

EARNING ASSETS - LOANS

At June 30, 2008, gross loans were \$234.4 million, compared to \$234.6 million at year-end 2007, a slight decrease of \$212,000. Management attributes the decrease in loans to the sluggish loan demand in the markets served.

Installment loans represented 17.2% of total loans at June 30, 2008, and 17.8% at December 31, 2007. This indirect lending type of financing carries somewhat more risk than real estate lending, however; it also provides for higher yields. The targeted lending areas encompass four metropolitan areas, minimizing the risk to changes in economic conditions in the communities housing the Company's 17 branch locations.

Commercial and commercial real estate loans comprised 58.4% of total loans at June 30, 2008 compared to 57.3% at December 31, 2007. Commercial and commercial real estate loans have increased \$2.4 million, or 1.8% since December 31, 2007. The Company has originated and purchased participations in loans from other banks for out-of-area commercial and commercial real estate loans to benefit from consistent economic growth outside the Company's primary market area, but all within the state of Ohio.

UNITED BANCORP, INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL

CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Real estate loans were 24.4% of total loans at June 30, 2008 and 24.9% at year-end 2007. Real estate loans decreased by 2.3% or \$1.3 million from December 31, 2007. Real estate lending for the six months of 2008 has been slow with respect to the Company's adjustable-rate mortgage products. As of June 30, 2008, the Bank has approximately \$35.8 million in fixed-rate loans that it services for a fee that is typically 25 basis points. At June 30, 2008, the Company did not hold any loans for sale.

The allowance for loan losses represents the amount which management and the Board of Directors estimates is adequate to provide for probable losses inherent in the loan portfolio. The allowance balance and the provision charged to expense are reviewed by management and the Board of Directors monthly using a risk evaluation model that considers borrowers' past due experience, economic conditions and various other circumstances that are subject to change over time. Management believes the current balance of the allowance for loan losses is adequate to absorb probable incurred credit losses associated with the loan portfolio. Net charge-offs for the six months ended June 30, 2008 were approximately \$140,000, or 5.7%, of the beginning balance in the allowance for loan losses.

EARNING ASSETS - SECURITIES AND FEDERAL FUNDS SOLD

The securities portfolio is comprised of U.S. Government agency-backed securities, tax-exempt obligations of states and political subdivisions and certain other investments. The Company does not hold any collateralized mortgage-backed securities other than those issued by U.S. government agencies, or derivative securities. The quality rating of obligations of state and political subdivisions within Ohio is no less than Aaa, Aa or A, with all out-of-state bonds rated at AAA. Board policy permits the purchase of certain non-rated bonds of local schools, townships and municipalities, based on their estimated levels of credit risk. Securities available for sale at June 30, 2008 decreased approximately \$28.3 million, or 17.1%, from year-end 2007 totals. With the overall decreasing interest rate environment, the Company has experienced a high level of called bond activity during the first six months of 2008. While the Company has plans to reinvest a portion of these funds in other available-for-sale securities, there is lag between the time when bonds are called and the right investment opportunity is available to the Company. Proceeds from the called securities were used to repay wholesale borrowings, which decreased approximately \$13.0 million from year end 2007 totals.

SOURCES OF FUNDS - DEPOSITS

The Company's primary source of funds is core deposits from retail and business customers. These core deposits include all categories of interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits, excluding certificates of deposit greater than \$100,000. For the period ended June 30, 2008, total core deposits decreased approximately \$7.2 million, or 2.5%. The Company's interest-bearing demand deposits decreased \$2.1 million, or 1.7%, noninterest-bearing demand deposits decreased \$365,000, or 1.7%, while certificates of deposit under \$100,000 decreased by \$7.1 million, or 6.0%. The Company's savings accounts increased \$2.2 million or 8.0% from December 31, 2007 totals.

The Company has a strong deposit base from public agencies, including local school districts, city and township municipalities, public works facilities and others that may tend to be more seasonal in nature resulting from the receipt and disbursement of state and federal grants. These entities have maintained fairly static balances with the Company due to various funding and disbursement

timeframes.

Certificates of deposit greater than \$100,000 are not considered part of core deposits and as such are used to balance rate sensitivity as a tool of funds management. At June 30, 2008, certificates of deposit greater than \$100,000 decreased \$1.4 million, or 3.6%, from year-end 2007 totals.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

SOURCES OF FUNDS - SECURITIES SOLD UNDER AGREEMENTS TO REPURCHASE AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Other interest-bearing liabilities include securities sold under agreements to repurchase, sweep accounts, federal funds purchased, Treasury, Tax and Loan notes payable and Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") advances. In the first six months of 2008, the Company continued to utilize the FHLB programs to manage interest rate risk and liquidity positions. The majority of the Company's repurchase agreements are with local school districts and city and county governments. As a result of the Company's use of cash flow from called available for sale securities in 2008, total borrowings, including federal funds purchased, decreased approximately \$12.5 million, or 15.1% from year-end 2007 totals.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

NET INCOME

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$0.42, compared with \$0.32 for the six months ended June 30, 2007, an increase of 31.3%. In dollars, the Company's net income was \$1,928,000 an increase of \$446,000, or 30.1%, for the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007.

NET INTEREST INCOME

Net interest income, by definition, is the difference between interest income generated on interest-earning assets and the interest expense incurred on interest-bearing liabilities. Various factors contribute to changes in net interest income, including volumes, interest rates and the composition or mix of interest-earning assets in relation to interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest income increased 24.8%, or \$1,489,000, for the six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to the same period in 2007, due primarily to the effects of decreasing interest rates in the economy, which resulted in a lower cost of funds during the six months ended June 30, 2008. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, the Company's net interest margin increased 80 basis points over the same period in 2007. The primarily reason for the net interest margin increase is the decrease of 55 basis points in the Company's cost of funds from 3.21% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 to 2.66% for the same period in 2008.

Total interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2008, was \$13.1 million, an increase of \$67,000, or 0.5%, compared to the same period in 2007.

Total interest expense was \$5.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, a decrease of 20.1%, or \$1.4 million, compared to the six-month period ended

June 30, 2007. A majority of the Company's cost of funds is tied to the short end of the yield curve and with the short-term rates decreasing dramatically since September 2007, the Company's cost of funds has decreased in the first six months of 2008.

PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES

The provision for loan losses was \$563,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$374,000 for the same period in 2007. The increase in loan loss provision for the six-month period ended June 30, 2008, was predicated upon the increase in nonperforming loans and consideration of the economic challenges facing the banking industry.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

NONINTEREST INCOME

Total noninterest income is comprised of bank related fees and service charges, as well as other income producing services provided, gains on sales of loans in the secondary market, gains and losses on sales of repossessed assets, ATM income, early redemption penalties for certificates of deposit, safe deposit rental income, internet bank service fees, earnings on bank-owned life insurance and other miscellaneous items.

Noninterest income for the six months ended June 30, 2008 was \$1,514,000, an increase of \$71,000, or 4.9%, compared to \$1,443,000 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2007. During the six-months ended June 30, 2008, the increase in noninterest income was primarily driven by an increase of \$49,000 related to a our merchant capture program that was introduced in late 2007, a \$66,000 increase in customer service fees on deposit accounts and a \$21,000 increase in income related to brokerage services, which were offset by a \$71,000 decrease in gains on sales of repossessed assets.

NONINTEREST EXPENSE

Noninterest expense was \$6.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008 an increase of \$650,000, or 12.2%, over the six months ended June 30, 2007. Salaries and employee benefit expense increased approximately \$182,000, or 6.3%, for the period ended June 30, 2008 over the same period in 2007. This increase was primarily due to normal merit increases, increased incentive awards and ESOP expenses. Professional fees increased \$68,000 for the first six months of 2008 over the same period in 2007. Legal fees for loan collection efforts increased approximately \$52,000 for the first six months of 2008. It is anticipated this trend will continue for the remainder of 2008. Occupancy expense increased \$57,000, or 9.4% for the period ended June 30, 2008 over the same period in 2007. Increased depreciation expense on computer hardware and software and related service maintenance was the primary reason for the increase. The provision for losses on foreclosed real estate increased by \$155,000 due to management's estimate of the net realizable value of a parcel of real estate, requiring the write-down.

Other noninterest expense increased \$63,000, or 7.2%, for the period ended June 30, 2008 over the same period in 2007. No one item accounted for a majority of the increase in other noninterest expense.

FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

The provision for federal income taxes was \$525,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2008, an increase of \$275,000, or 11.0%, over the same period in 2007. The increase was due primarily to the increase in pretax income of \$721,000, or 41.6%. The effective tax rate was 21.4% and 14.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007

NET INCOME

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$0.22 compared with \$0.17 for the three months ended June 30, 2007, an increase of 29.4%. In dollars, the Company's net income was \$1,025,000, an increase of \$261,000, or 34.2%, for the three months ended June 30, 2008, compared to the same quarter in 2007.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

NET INTEREST INCOME

Net interest income, by definition, is the difference between interest income generated on interest-earning assets and the interest expense incurred on interest-bearing liabilities. Various factors contribute to changes in net interest income, including volumes, interest rates and the composition or mix of interest-earning assets in relation to interest-bearing liabilities. Net interest income increased 30.1%, or \$917,000, for the three months ended June 30, 2008 compared to the same period in 2007, due primarily to the effects of decreasing interest rates in the economy, which resulted in a lower cost of funds during the three months ended June 30, 2008. During the three months ended June 30, 2008, the Company's net interest margin increased 90 basis points over the same period in 2007. The primary reason for the increase in the net interest margin was a decrease in the Company's cost of funds of 113 basis points from 3.52% for the three months ended June 30, 2007 to 2.39% for the same period in 2008.

PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES

The provision for loan losses was \$395,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$191,000 for the same period in 2007. The increase in loan loss provision for the three-month period ended June 30, 2008, was predicated upon the increase in nonperforming loans and consideration of the economic challenges facing the banking industry.

NONINTEREST INCOME

Total noninterest income is made up of bank related fees and service charges, as well as other income producing services provided, gains on sales of loans in the secondary market, gains and losses on sales of repossessed assets, ATM income, early redemption penalties for certificates of deposit, safe deposit rental income, internet bank service fees, earnings on bank-owned life insurance and other miscellaneous items.

Noninterest income for the three months ended June 30, 2008 was \$758,000, a

decrease of \$25,000 or 3.2%, compared to \$783,000 for the same three-month period ended June 30, 2007. During the three-months ended June 30, 2008, the decrease in noninterest income was primarily driven by a decrease of \$62,000 related to a gain on the sale of other real estate and repossessed assets in 2007.

NONINTEREST EXPENSE

Noninterest expense was \$3.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, an increase of \$275,000, or 10.1%, over the three months ended June 30, 2007. Salaries and employee benefit expense increased \$123,000, or 8.3%, for the period ended June 30, 2008 over the same period in 2007. This increase was primarily due to normal merit increases, increased incentive award and ESOP expenses. Professional fees, mainly collection expenses, increased \$17,000 for the second quarter of 2008 over the same period in 2007. It is anticipated this trend will continue for the remainder of 2008. Occupancy and equipment increased \$49,000 or 16.8% for the second quarter of 2008 over the same period in 2007. Increased depreciation expense on computer hardware and software and related service maintenance was the primary reason for the increase. Stationary and office supplies increased \$34,000 for the second quarter of 2008 over the same period in 2007. This was due to reorganization of some of the branch offices filing systems.

FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

The provision for federal income taxes was \$300,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2008, an increase of \$152,000, or 50.7%, over the same period in 2007. The increase in tax expense was due primarily to a \$413,000, or 45.3%, increase in pretax income. The effective tax rate was 22.6% and 16.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Internal capital growth, through the retention of earnings, is the primary means of maintaining capital adequacy for the Company. Shareholders' equity at June 30, 2008, totaled \$32.5 million compared to \$33.9 million at December 31, 2007, a \$1.4 million decrease. This decrease was due primarily to a \$1.0 million charge to retained earnings from the adoption of EITF Issue 06-4, as previously discussed in Note 1. Total shareholders' equity in relation to total assets was 7.6% at June 30, 2008 and 7.5% at December 31, 2007. In 2001, our shareholders approved an amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation to create a class of preferred shares with 2,000,000 authorized shares. This enables the Company, at the option of the Board of Directors, to issue series of preferred shares in a manner calculated to take advantage of financing techniques which may provide a lower effective cost of capital to the Company. The amendment also provides greater flexibility to the Board of Directors in structuring the terms of equity securities that may be issued by the Company. Although this preferred stock is a financial tool, it has not been utilized to date.

The Company has a Dividend Reinvestment Plan ("The Plan") for shareholders under which the Company's common stock will be purchased by the Plan for participants with automatically reinvested dividends. The Plan does not represent a change in the Company's dividend policy or a guarantee of future dividends.

The Company is subject to the regulatory requirements of The Federal Reserve System as a bank holding company. The Bank is subject to regulations of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the State of Ohio, Division of Financial Institutions. The most important of these various regulations address capital adequacy.

The minimums related to such capital requirements are:

	TOTAL	TIER 1	TIER 1
	CAPITAL TO	CAPITAL TO	CAPITAL TO
	RISK-WEIGHTED	RISK-WEIGHTED	AVERAGE
	ASSETS	ASSETS	ASSETS
Well capitalized	10.00%	6.00%	5.00%
Adequately capitalized	8.00%	4.00%	4.00%
Undercapitalized	6.00%	3.00%	3.00%

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table illustrates the Company's well-capitalized classification at June 30, 2008.

	JUNE 30, 2008
	(Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)
Tier 1 capital Total risk-based capital Risk-weighted assets Average total assets	\$ 38,257 41,135 264,921 440,752
Total risk-based capital ratio Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio Tier 1 capital to average assets	8.68% 14.44% 15.53%

LIQUIDITY

Management's objective in managing liquidity is maintaining the ability to continue meeting the cash flow needs of its customers, such as borrowings or deposit withdrawals, as well as its own financial commitments. The principal sources of liquidity are net income, loan payments, maturing securities and sales of securities available for sale, federal funds sold and cash and deposits with banks. Along with its liquid assets, the Company has additional sources of liquidity available to ensure that adequate funds are available as needed. These include, but are not limited to, the purchase of federal funds, the ability to

borrow funds under line of credit agreements with correspondent banks, a borrowing agreement with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati and the adjustment of interest rates to obtain depositors. Management feels that it has the capital adequacy and profitability to meet the current and projected liquidity needs of its customers.

INFLATION

Substantially all of the Company's assets and liabilities relate to banking activities and are monetary in nature. The consolidated financial statements and related financial data are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). U.S. GAAP currently requires the Company to measure the financial position and results of operations in terms of historical dollars, with the exception of securities available for sale, certain impaired loans and certain other real estate and loans that may be measured at fair value. Changes in the value of money due to rising inflation can cause purchasing power loss.

Management's opinion is that movements in interest rates affect the financial condition and results of operations to a greater degree than changes in the rate of inflation. It should be noted that interest rates and inflation do affect each other, but do not always move in correlation with each other. The Company's ability to match the interest sensitivity of its financial assets to the interest sensitivity of its liabilities in its asset/liability management may tend to minimize the effect of changes in interest rates on the Company's performance.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

ITEM 3 OUANTITATIVE AND OUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There has been no significant change from disclosures included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company, under the supervision, and with the participation, of its management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to the requirements of Exchange Act Rule 13a-15e. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2008, in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Company (including its consolidated subsidiary) required to be included in the Company's periodic SEC filings.

There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2008 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

UNITED BANCORP, INC.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to the Company's business.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from risk factors as previously disclosed in Part 1 Item 1A of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, filed on March 31, 2008.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

			(c)	(d)
			Total Number of	Maximum Number or
			Shares (or Units)	Approximate Dolla
	(a)		Purchased as Part	Value) of Shares (
	Total Number of	(b)	Of Publicly	Units) that May Yet
	Shares (or Units)	Average Price Paid	Announced Plans	Purchased Under the P
Period	Purchased	Per Share (or Unit)	Or Programs	or Programs
Month #1				
4/1/2008 to				
4/30/2008				\$882,320
Month #2				
5/1/2008 to				
5/31/2008				\$882 , 320
Month #3				
6/1/2008 to				
6/30/2008				\$882 , 320

United Bancorp maintains a stock repurchase program publicly announced by a press release issued on November 21, 2006, under which its Board of Directors authorized management to cause the Company to purchase up to \$2.0 million of its common shares over a two-year period. Such authorization will expire on November 21, 2008.

The Company maintains the United Bancorp, Inc. Affiliate Banks Directors and Officers Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Plan"), which is an unfunded deferred compensation plan. Amounts deferred pursuant to the Plan remain unrestricted assets of the Company, and the right to participate in the Plan is limited to members of the Board of Directors and Company officers. Under the Plan, eligible participants may defer fees and up to 50% of their annual incentive award payable to them by the Company, which are used to acquire common shares which are credited to a participant's respective account. Except in the event of certain emergencies, no distributions are to be made from any account as long as the participant continues to be an employee or member of the Board of Directors. Upon termination of service, the aggregate number of shares credited to the participant's account are distributed to him or her along with any cash proceeds credited to the account which have not yet been invested in the Company's stock. On April 28, 2008, the Company purchased a total of 2,236 common shares for participant accounts for the aggregate purchase price of \$26,618. No

underwriting fees, discounts, or commissions are paid in connection with the Plan. The shares allocated to participant accounts have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933 in reliance upon the exemption provided by Section 4(2) thereof.

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

On June 27, 2008, UBCP was added to the Russell Microcap Index after the Russell Investment Group reconstituted its comprehensive set of U.S. and global equity indexes. Russell indexes are widely used by investment managers and institutional investors for both index funds and as benchmarks for passive and active investment strategies. UBCP will hold its membership until Russell reconstitutes its indexes in June 2009.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

On Wednesday April 16, 2008, United Bancorp, Inc. held its annual meeting of shareholders, at which meeting the following matters were voted upon:

 Proposal to elect three nominees to Class II of the Corporation's Board of Directors.

The results of the voting on this proposal are as follows:

DIRECTOR	FOR	WITHHELD
Michael J. Arciello	4,179,615	46,677
Terry A. McGhee	4,189,917	36 , 375
Samuel J. Jones	4,187,847	38,445

2. Proposal to approve the United Bancorp, Inc. 2008 Stock Incentive Plan.

The results of the voting on this proposal, which was approved, are as follows:

FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN	BROKER NONVOTE
2,515,477	487,591	40,358	1,182,866

3. Proposal to amend Section 8 of the Amended Code of Regulations to eliminate the classified board structure to require all directors to stand for election to the Board of Directors annually.

The results of the voting on this proposal, which was approved, are as

follows:

FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN	BROKER NONVOTE
4,818,532	73,907	33 , 852	0

4. Proposal to amend Section 34 of the Amended Code of Regulations to eliminate certain shareholder super-voting requirements regarding the number and classification of directors, and to authorize the Board of Directors to amend the Regulations as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code.

The results of the voting on this proposal, which was approved, are as follows:

FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN	BROKER NONVOTE
2,846,146	158,584	38,696	1,182,866

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UNITED BANCORP, INC. PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- EX-3.1 Amended Articles of Incorporation of United Bancorp, Inc. (1)
- EX-3.2 Amended Code of Regulations of United Bancorp, Inc. (2)
- EX-4.0 Instruments Defining the Rights of Security Holders (See Exhibits 3.1 and 3.2)
- EX 10.0 United Bancorp, Inc. 2008 Stock Incentive Plan(3)
- EX 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a) Certification CEO
- EX 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a) Certification CFO
- EX 32.1 Section 1350 Certification CEO
- EX 32.2 Section 1350 Certification CFO
- (1) Incorporated by reference to Appendix B to the registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March

14, 2001.

- (2) Incorporated by reference to Appendix C to the registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 14, 2001.
- (3) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10 to registrant's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 22, 2008

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

/s/ United Bancorp, Inc.

Date: August 12, 2008 By: /s/ James W. Everson

James W. Everson Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 12, 2008 By: /s/ Randall M. Greenwood

Randall M. Greenwood Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

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EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
3.1	Amended Articles of Incorporation of United Bancorp, Inc. incorporated by reference to Appendix B to the registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 14, 2001.
3.2	Amended Code of Regulations of United Bancorp, Inc. incorporated by reference to Appendix C to the registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 14, 2001.
4.0	Instruments Defining the Rights of Security Holders (See Exhibits 3.1 and 3.2)
10.0	United Bancorp, Inc. 2008 Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated by

	reference to Exhibit 10 to registrant's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 22, 2008.
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification - Principal Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification - Principal Financial Officer
32.1	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as enacted pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley act of 2002.
32.2	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as enacted pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.