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First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc.
Form 10QSB
August 15, 2005

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 000-31957

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

MARYLAND
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

32-0135202
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

100 S. SECOND AVENUE, ALPENA, MICHIGAN 49707
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (989) 356-9041

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports
required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of
1934 during the preceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the
registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such
filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's
classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, Par Value \$0.01	Outstanding at August 8, 2005
(Title of Class)	3,100,021 shares

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format: Yes No

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
FORM 10-QSB
QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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Interim Financial Information required by Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X and Item 303 of Regulation S-B is included in this Form 10-QSB as referenced below:

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When used in this Form 10-QSB or future filings by First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company") with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), in the Company's press releases or other public or stockholder communications, or in oral statements made with the approval of an authorized executive officer, the words or phrases "would be," "will allow," "intends to," "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimate," "project," or similar expressions are intended to identify "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

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The Company wishes to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made, and to advise readers that various factors, including regional and national economic conditions, changes in levels of market interest rates, credit and other risks of lending and investment activities and competitive and regulatory factors, could affect the Company's financial performance and could cause the Company's actual results for future periods to differ materially from those anticipated or projected.

The Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to update any forward-looking statements to reflect occurrences or unanticipated

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events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
 ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	June 30, 2005 ----- (Unaudited)
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Cash on hand and due from banks	\$ 4,119,737
Overnight deposits with FHLB	445,554

Total cash and cash equivalents	4,565,291
Securities AFS	43,909,279
Securities HTM	1,800,000
Loans held for sale	1,403,899
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses of \$1,362,223 and \$1,213,938 as of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively	204,795,111
Foreclosed real estate and other repossessed assets	245,264
Real estate held for investment	344,941
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	4,765,000
Premises and equipment	7,125,593
Accrued interest receivable	1,319,107
Intangible assets	2,704,682
Goodwill	1,049,854
Other assets	2,500,365

Total assets	\$ 276,528,386 =====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities:	
Deposits	\$ 182,747,919
Advances from borrowers for taxes and insurance	342,848
Federal Home Loan Bank advances & Note Payable	54,175,223
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	2,873,320

Total liabilities	240,139,310 -----
Commitments and contingencies	
Stockholders' equity:	
Common stock (\$0.01 par value 20,000,000 shares authorized and \$1.00 par value 20,000,000 authorized, respectively; 3,100,021 and 1,659,480 shares issued and outstanding, respectively).....	31,000
Additional paid-in capital	23,490,134
Retained earnings, restricted	-
Retained earnings	14,400,336
Unallocated ESOP	(1,356,270)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss.....	(176,124)

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Total stockholders' equity	36,389,076
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 276,528,386

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004
	(Unaudited)	
Interest income:		
Interest and fees on loans	\$ 3,255,421	\$2,776,110
Interest and dividends on investments	404,016	432,009
Interest on mortgage-backed securities	63,386	53,278
Total interest income	3,722,823	3,261,397
Interest expense:		
Interest on deposits	1,026,234	845,945
Interest on borrowings	617,737	658,415
Total interest expense	1,643,971	1,504,360
Net interest income	2,078,852	1,757,037
Provision for loan losses	183,000	65,000
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	1,895,852	1,692,037
Non Interest income:		
Service charges and other fees	253,903	245,662
Mortgage banking activities	108,999	106,529
Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments	13,127	95,669
Net gain on sale of premises and equipment, real estate owned and other repossessed assets	(13,958)	16,556
Other	(11,910)	29,843
Insurance & Brokerage Commissions	748,477	715,126
Total other income	1,098,638	1,209,385
Non interest expenses:		
Compensation and employee benefits	1,569,472	1,497,284
SAIF Insurance Premiums	6,408	9,090

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Advertising	34,927	68,574
Occupancy	311,651	331,061
Amortization of intangible assets	80,305	77,824
Service Bureau Charges	84,753	78,845
Insurance & Brokerage Commission Expense	317,704	318,852
Professional Services	81,260	43,146
Donation to First Federal Community Foundation	679,940	-
Other	280,295	323,158
	-----	-----
Other expenses	3,446,715	2,747,834
	-----	-----
Income before income tax expense	(452,225)	153,588
Income tax expense	(151,919)	51,084
	-----	-----
Net income	\$ (300,306)	\$ 102,504
	=====	=====

Per share data:

Basic earnings per share	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.03
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	3,100,021	3,065,203
Diluted earnings per share	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.03
Weighted average number of shares outstanding, including dilutive stock options	3,114,215	3,090,025
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.050	\$ 0.027

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Unallocated ESOP
Balance at December 31, 2004	\$ 1,659,480	\$ 5,356,782	\$14,787,580	\$ -
Merger of Alpena Bancshares, MHC pursuant to reorganization (920,000 shares)	(920,000)	1,127,769	-	-
Exchange of common stock pursuant to reorganization (739,480 shares (\$1.00 par) for 1,366,155 shares (\$0.01 par)	(725,819)	723,997	-	-
Proceeds from stock offering, net of related expenses of \$1,036,653 and issuance of 1,699,869 shares of common stock (\$0.01 par)	16,999	15,945,038	-	-

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Stock donated to First Federal Community Foundation pursuant to conversion (33,997 shares)	340	339,630	-	-
Purchase of shares for ESOP (138,709 shares)	-	-	-	(1,387,090)
Common stock held by ESOP committed to be released (3,082 shares)	-	(3,082)	-	30,820
Net loss for the period	-	-	(158,295)	-
Changes in unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities of subsidiary	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Dividends declared	-	-	(228,949)	-
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance	\$ 31,000	\$ 23,490,134	\$14,400,336	\$ (1,356,270)
	=====	=====	=====	=====

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	For Six Ju
	2005
	(Unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ (158,295)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization.....	398,214
Provision for Loan Loss.....	262,258
Amortization and accretion on securities.....	79,998
Originations of loans held for sale	(9,096,285)
Principal amount of loans sold.....	8,788,046
Purchase of real estate held for sale.....	(30,416)
Proceeds from sale of real estate.....	246,340
Loss on sale of real estate held for investment.....	1,893
Change in accrued interest receivable.....	(284,412)
Change in other assets.....	52,698
Change in accrued expenses and other liabilities.....	461,146
Stock donated to charitable foundation.....	339,970
Shares held by ESOP committed to be released.....	27,738

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Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,088,893	-----
Net (Increase) decrease in loans	(9,669,432)	
Proceeds from maturity of available-for-sale securities.....	5,545,075	
Proceeds from sale of real estate owned, other repossessed assets.....	(216,357)	
Purchase of securities available for sale.....	(9,526,425)	
Purchase of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock.....	(98,900)	
Purchase of InsuranCenter of Alpena.....	(111,173)	
Purchase of premises and equipment	(578,923)	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(14,656,135)	-----
Net Increase (decrease) in deposits	258,771	
Dividend paid on common stock	(228,949)	
Net increase (decrease) in advances from borrowers.....	298,258	
Additions to advances from Federal Home Loan Bank and Notes Payable.....	6,500,000	
Repayments of Federal Home Loan Bank advances and Notes Payable.....	(8,215,000)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	-	
Net proceeds from stock offering.....	15,962,037	
Merger of Alpena Bancshares, MHC.....	207,769	
Cash paid for fractional shares in conversion.....	(1,822)	
Purchase of shares for ESOP.....	(1,387,090)	-----
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	13,393,974	-----
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents.....	(173,268)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period.....	4,738,559	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period.....	\$ 4,565,291	=====
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$ -	=====
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 3,249,174	=====

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and include the accounts of First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiary, First Federal of Northern Michigan (the "Bank") and its wholly owned subsidiaries Financial Service and Mortgage Corporation ("FSMC") and the InsuranCenter of Alpena ("ICA"). FSMC invests in real estate that includes leasing, selling, developing, and maintaining real estate properties. ICA is a licensed insurance agency engaged in the business of property, casualty and health insurance. All

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significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidation.

These interim financial statements are prepared without audit and reflect all adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position of the Company at June 30, 2005, and its results of operations and statement of cash flows for the periods presented. All such adjustments are normal and recurring in nature. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not purport to contain all the necessary financial disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles that might otherwise be necessary and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of the Company included in the Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2004. Results for the six months ended June 30, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2005.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our accounting and reporting policies are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and conform to general practices within the banking industry. We consider accounting policies that require significant judgment and assumptions by management that have, or could have, a material impact on the carrying value of certain assets or on income to be critical accounting policies. Changes in underlying factors, assumptions or estimates could have a material impact on our future financial condition and results of operations. Based on the size of the item or significance of the estimate, the following accounting policies are considered critical to our financial results.

Allowance for Loan Losses. The allowance for loan losses is calculated with the objective of maintaining an allowance sufficient to absorb estimated probable loan losses. Management's determination of the adequacy of the allowance is based on periodic evaluations of the loan portfolio and other relevant factors. However, this evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires an estimate of the loss content for each risk rating and for each impaired loan, an estimate of the amounts and timing of expected future cash flows, and an estimate of the value of collateral.

We have established a systematic method of periodically reviewing the credit quality of the loan portfolio in order to establish an allowance for losses on loans. The allowance for losses on loans is based on our current judgments about the credit quality of individual loans and segments of the loan portfolio. The allowance for losses on loans is established through a provision for loan losses based on our evaluation of the losses inherent in the loan portfolio, and considers all known internal and external factors that affect loan collectibility as of the reporting date. Our evaluation, which includes a review of all loans on which full collectibility may not be reasonably assured, considers among other matters, the estimated net realizable value or the fair value of the underlying collateral, economic conditions, historical loan loss experience, our knowledge of inherent losses in the portfolio that are probable and reasonably estimable and other factors that warrant recognition in providing an appropriate loan loss allowance. Management believes this is a critical accounting policy because this evaluation involves a high degree of complexity

and requires us to make subjective judgments that often require assumptions or estimates about various matters. Historically, we believe our estimates and assumptions have proven to be relatively accurate

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The analysis of the allowance for loan losses has two components: specific and general allocations. Specific allocations are made for loans that are determined to be impaired. Impairment is measured by determining the present value of expected future cash flows or, for collateral-dependent loans, the fair value of the collateral adjusted for market conditions and selling expenses. The general allocation is determined by segregating the remaining loans by type of loan, risk weighting (if applicable) and payment history. We also analyze delinquency trends, which have remained stable, general economic conditions and geographic and industry concentrations. This analysis establishes factors that are applied to the loan groups to determine the amount of the general reserve. The principal assumption used in deriving the allowance for loan losses is the estimate of loss content for each risk rating.

Mortgage Servicing Rights. We sell to investors a portion of our originated one- to four-family residential real estate mortgage loans. When we acquire mortgage servicing rights through the origination and sale of mortgage loans with servicing rights retained, we allocate a portion of the total cost of the mortgage loans to the mortgage servicing rights based on their relative fair value. As of June 30, 2005, we were servicing loans sold to others totaling \$138.2 million. We amortize capitalized mortgage servicing rights as a reduction of servicing fee income in proportion to, and over the period of, estimated net servicing income by use of a method that approximates the level-yield method. We periodically evaluate capitalized mortgage servicing rights for impairment using a model that takes into account several variables including expected prepayment speeds and prevailing interest rates. If we identify impairment, we charge the amount of the impairment to earnings by establishing a valuation allowance against the capitalized mortgage servicing rights asset. The primary risk of material changes to the value of the servicing rights resides in the potential volatility in the economic assumptions used, particularly the prepayment speed. We monitor this risk and adjust the valuation allowance as necessary to adequately record any probable impairment in the portfolio. Management believes the estimation of these variables makes this a critical accounting policy. For purposes of measuring impairment, the mortgage servicing rights are stratified based on financial asset type and interest rates. In addition, we obtain an independent third-party valuation of the mortgage servicing portfolio on a quarterly basis. In general, the value of mortgage servicing rights increases as interest rates rise and decreases as interest rates fall. This is because the estimated life and estimated income from a loan increase as interest rates rise and decrease as interest rates fall. The key economic assumptions made in determining the fair value of the mortgage servicing rights at June 30, 2005 included the following:

Annual constant prepayment speed (CPR):	9.99%
Weighted average life remaining (in months):	46.4
Discount rate used:	8.00%

At the June 30, 2005, we calculated the value of our mortgage servicing rights to be \$1.6 million. The book value of our mortgage servicing rights as of June 30, 2005 was \$796,000 which was \$804,000 less than the independent valuation and \$64,000 lower than the December 31, 2004 value. Because the fair value exceeded the book value, there was no need to establish a valuation allowance.

Impairment of Intangible Assets. Goodwill arising from business acquisitions represents the value attributable to unidentifiable intangible elements in the business acquired. The fair value of goodwill is dependent upon many factors, including our ability to provide quality, cost-effective services in the face of competition. Because of these many factors, management believes this is a critical accounting policy.

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A significant portion of our intangible assets, including goodwill, relates to the acquisition premiums recorded with the purchase of the InsuranCenter of Alpena ("ICA") and certain branches over the last several years. A decline in earnings as a result of business or market conditions or a run-off of insurance customers over sustained periods could lead to an impairment of goodwill that could adversely affect earnings in future periods. Intangible assets are reviewed periodically for impairment by comparing the fair value of the intangible asset to the book value of the intangible asset. If the book value is in excess of the fair value, impairment is indicated and the intangibles must be written down to their fair value.

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In connection with our acquisition in 2003 of ICA, we allocated the excess of the purchase price paid over the fair value of net assets acquired to intangible assets, including goodwill. These intangible assets included the ICA customer list and a third-party contract to which ICA is a party. From the date of acquisition through April 30, 2005 we amortized the value assigned to the customer list and contract over a period of 20 years. On May 1, 2005 the former owner of ICA resigned, however the Bank has entered into a 10 year consulting contract with the former owner. As a result, the amortization period for these intangible assets was reduced to a 10 year period beginning May 1, 2005. Goodwill is not amortized. The impairment test of goodwill and identified intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life, performed as of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 in accordance with SFAS No. 142, did not indicate that an impairment charge was required. Based upon managements' review on June 30, 2005, it was determined that there was no impairment of the customer list, the Blue Cross contract or to the true goodwill. If, through testing, we determine that there is impairment based, for example, on significant runoff of the customer list or material changes to the third party contract, then we may need to reduce the recorded value of those intangible assets, which would increase expense and reduce our earnings.

In connection with branch offices that were acquired over the last decade, we assigned the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired to a core deposit intangible. The core deposit intangible is tested periodically for impairment. Our original estimates related to the expected life of the deposits have proven to be relatively accurate as evidenced by the fact that no impairment has been recorded. If we determine through testing that a significant portion of the acquired customers no longer do business with us, then the asset would be deemed to be impaired thereby requiring a charge to earnings to the extent appropriate given all of the known factors. We amortize core deposit intangibles over a period of between 10 and 15 years.

NOTE 2--REORGANIZATION.

On April 1, 2005, the Company completed the second-step mutual-to-stock conversion of Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C., in which shares of common stock representing Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C.'s ownership interest in the Company were sold to investors. As a result of the conversion and stock offering, Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C. ceased to exist and its net assets of \$207,000 were transferred into First Federal of Northern Michigan. The Company was succeeded by First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc., a Maryland corporation and new holding company for First Federal of Northern Michigan. As a result, First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. became wholly owned by public stockholders.

The plan of conversion and reorganization of Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C. and the issuance and contribution of cash and common stock to First Federal

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Community Foundation, a charitable foundation established by the Company, were approved by the stockholders of the Company and the members of Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C. on March 23, 2005.

First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. accepted orders to purchase 1,699,869 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share. As a part of the conversion, public stockholders of the Company as of the consummation date received 1.8477 shares of First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. common stock in exchange for each of their existing shares of Company common stock. Cash was issued in lieu of any fractional shares. The share exchange occurred on April 1, 2005.

As a result of the consummation of the offering, the existing publicly traded shares of the predecessor company, Alpena Bancshares, Inc., have ceased trading. First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc.'s common stock began trading on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "FFNM" on April 4, 2005. All references to the number of shares outstanding for purposes of calculating per share amounts are revised to give retroactive recognition to the exchange ratio applied in the conversion.

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NOTE 3--DIVIDENDS.

Payment of dividends on the common stock is subject to determination and declaration by the Board of Directors and depends upon a number of factors, including capital requirements, regulatory limitations on the payment of dividends, the Company's results of operations and financial condition, tax considerations and general economic conditions.

On June 14, 2005, the Company declared a cash dividend on its common stock, payable on or about July 22, 2005, to shareholders of record as of June 30, 2005, equal to \$0.05 per share. The dividend on all shares outstanding totaled \$155,001.

NOTE 4--1996 STOCK OPTION PLAN AND 1996 RECOGNITION AND RETENTION PLAN

As a result of the completion of the second-step conversion and the 1.8477 share exchange ratio in connection with the stock offering, at June 30, 2005 the Company had outstanding stock options for 48,800 shares with a weighted exercise price of \$5.69 compared to outstanding options for 23,711 shares at a weighted exercise price of \$10.60 at December 31, 2004. During the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Board of Directors granted no options nor were there any options for shares exercised. At June 30, 2005, options had exercise prices ranging between \$5.21 - \$7.44 per share and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.22 years.

For the six months ended June 30, 2005, options for 1,848 shares (after application of the 1.8477 share exchange ratio as a result of the stock conversion) were vested. The expense associated with those vested options would have been \$1,040 had the Company elected to adopt FAS 148.

During the six months ended June 30, 2005 the Company did not award any shares under the Recognition and Retention Plan ("RRP"). Shares of common stock granted under the RRP and shares of common stock issued pursuant to the exercise of stock options under the stock option plan may be acquired by the Company through open market purchases, from authorized but unissued shares of common stock or from reacquired shares held by the Company as treasury stock.

NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING

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The Company's principal activities include banking through its wholly owned subsidiary, First Federal of Northern Michigan (the Bank), and the sale of insurance products through its indirect wholly owned subsidiary, ICA, purchased in 2003. The Bank provides financial products including retail and commercial loans as well as retail and commercial deposits. ICA received commissions from the sale of various insurance products including health, life, and property. The segments were determined based on the nature of the products provided to customers.

The financial information for each operating segment is reported on the basis used internally to evaluate performance and allocate resources. The allocations have been consistently applied for all periods presented. Revenues and expenses between affiliates have been transacted at rates that unaffiliated parties would pay. The only transaction between the segments thus far relates to a deposit on behalf of ICA included in the Bank. The interest income and interest expense for this transaction has been eliminated. All other transactions are with external customers. The performance measurement of the operating segments is based on the management structure of the Company and is not necessarily comparable with similar information for any other financial institution. The information presented is also not necessarily indicative of the segment's financial condition and results of operations if they were independent entities.

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NOTE 5 - SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2005		
	Bank	ICA	Eliminations
	-----	-----	-----
INTEREST INCOME	\$ 3,723	\$ 1	\$ (1)
INTEREST EXPENSE	1,645	-	(1)
	-----	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME - Before provision for loan losses	2,078	1	-
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	183	-	-
	-----	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME - After provision for loan losses	1,895	1	-
OTHER INCOME	349	750	-
OPERATING EXPENSES	2,729	718	-
	-----	-----	-----
INCOME - Before federal income tax	(485)	33	-
FEDERAL INCOME TAX	(162)	10	-
	-----	-----	-----
NET INCOME	\$ (323)	\$ 23	\$ -
	=====	=====	=====
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	\$ 164	\$ 32	\$ -
	=====	=====	=====
ASSETS	\$ 273,344	\$ 3,533	\$ (349)
	=====	=====	=====
EXPENDITURES RELATED TO LONG-LIVED ASSETS:			
Goodwill	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intangible assets	-	-	-
Property and equipment	249	-	-

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	\$ 249	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL	=====	=====	=====

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2004		
	Bank	ICA	Eliminations
	-----	-----	-----
INTEREST INCOME	\$ 3,262	\$ 1	\$ (1)
INTEREST EXPENSE	1,505	-	(1)
	-----	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME - Before provision for loan losses	1,757	1	-
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	65	-	-
	-----	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME - After provision for loan losses	1,692	1	-
OTHER INCOME	485	723	-
OPERATING EXPENSES	2,082	666	-
	-----	-----	-----
INCOME - Before federal income tax	95	58	-
FEDERAL INCOME TAX	31	20	-
	-----	-----	-----
NET INCOME	\$ 64	\$ 38	\$ -
	=====	=====	=====
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	\$ 226	\$ 31	\$ -
	=====	=====	=====
ASSETS	\$ 253,196	\$ 3,452	\$ (616)
	=====	=====	=====
EXPENDITURES RELATED TO LONG-LIVED ASSETS:			
Goodwill	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intangible assets	47	-	-
Property and equipment	794	13	-
	-----	-----	-----
TOTAL	\$ 841	\$ 13	\$ -
	=====	=====	=====

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	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2005		
	Bank	ICA	Eliminations
	-----	-----	-----
INTEREST INCOME	\$ 7,228	\$ 4	\$ (4)
INTEREST EXPENSE	3,247	-	(4)
	-----	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME - Before provision for loan losses	3,981	4	-
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	262	-	-
	-----	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME - After provision for loan losses	3,719	4	-
OTHER INCOME	714	1,484	-

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OPERATING EXPENSES	4,735	1,424	-
	-----	-----	-----
INCOME - Before federal income tax	(302)	64	-
FEDERAL INCOME TAX	(101)	21	-
	-----	-----	-----
NET INCOME	\$ (201)	\$ 43	\$ -
	=====	=====	=====
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	\$ 324	\$ 64	\$ -
	=====	=====	=====
ASSETS	\$ 273,317	\$ 3,533	\$ (349)
	=====	=====	=====
EXPENDITURES RELATED TO LONG-LIVED ASSETS:			
Goodwill	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intangible assets	-	-	-
Property and equipment	589	9	-
	-----	-----	-----
TOTAL	\$ 589	\$ 9	\$ -
	=====	=====	=====

For the Six Months Ended
June 30, 2005

	Bank	ICA	Eliminations
	-----	-----	-----
INTEREST INCOME	\$ 6,353	\$ 3	\$ (3)
INTEREST EXPENSE	2,952	-	(3)
	-----	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME - Before provision for loan losses	3,401	3	-
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	146	-	-
	-----	-----	-----
NET INTEREST INCOME - After provision for loan losses	3,255	3	-
OTHER INCOME	869	1,477	-
OPERATING EXPENSES	4,132	1,340	-
	-----	-----	-----
INCOME - Before federal income tax	(8)	140	-
FEDERAL INCOME TAX	(3)	47	-
	-----	-----	-----
NET INCOME	\$ (5)	\$ 93	\$ -
	=====	=====	=====
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	\$ 357	\$ 62	\$ -
	=====	=====	=====
ASSETS	\$ 253,196	\$ 3,452	\$ (616)
	=====	=====	=====
EXPENDITURES RELATED TO LONG-LIVED ASSETS:			
Goodwill	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intangible assets	47	-	-
Property and equipment	934	19	-
	-----	-----	-----
TOTAL	\$ 981	\$ 19	\$ -
	=====	=====	=====

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RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS -

In March 2004, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 105, Application of Accounting Principles to Loan Commitments, which provides guidance regarding loan commitments that are accounted for as derivative instruments. In this SAB, the Securities and Exchange Commission determined that an interest rate lock commitment should generally be valued at zero at inception. The rate locks will continue to be adjusted for changes in value resulting from changes in market interest rates. This standard did not have a material effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("Statement No. 123R"), which requires entities to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). The cost is recognized as an expense over the period during which the employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award, which is usually the vesting period. The scope of Statement No. 123R includes the recognition and retention plan and the stock option plan we expect to adopt following the stock offering. For shares awarded under the recognition and retention plan, we will recognize the grant-date fair value of the shares as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the applicable vesting period, which is the same accounting required prior to Statement No. 123R. For options granted under the stock option plan, we will recognize the grant-date fair value of the options as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the applicable vesting period. This accounting treatment differs significantly from the previous accounting for fixed stock options under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," which generally required expense recognition only when the exercise price of the option was less than the market price of the underlying stock on the grant date. As required by Statement No. 123R, we will estimate the fair value of our stock options on each grant date, using an appropriate valuation approach such as the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Statement No. 123R did not change existing accounting principles applicable to employee stock ownership plans. The provisions of this Statement will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this new Standard will have on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows, although the effect is not expected to be material.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS -

Frozen Pension Plan. On April 29, 2005 the Board of Directors voted to freeze the defined contribution retirement plan as to current participants and excluded from the plan any new employees hired after July 1, 2004. This change took place effective July 1, 2005 and is expected to save the Company in excess of \$139,000 for the remaining 6 months of calendar year 2005.

Discretionary Profit Sharing Contribution. In lieu of the retirement benefit from the frozen pension plan, the Company has announced that it will implement a discretionary profit sharing contribution of 4% of July 1, 2005 - December 31, 2005 wages for each employee as of December 1, 2005. For calendar year 2005 this benefit is expected to cost the Company an estimated \$68,000.

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PART E - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion compares the consolidated financial condition of the Company at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, and the results of operations for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements and footnotes included herein.

OVERVIEW

Operating results decreased by \$402,800 to a net loss of \$300,300 for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, from net income of \$102,500 for the quarter ended June 30, 2004. The Bank's return on average assets (ROA) for the twelve months ended June 30, 2005 was 25 basis points compared to 36 basis points for the same period one year earlier. Management uses ROA as a tool to measure the performance of the Bank. ROA is reviewed on a trailing twelve-month basis each month by management and the Board of Directors. The depreciation in earnings are primarily a result of our contribution of cash and stock to First Federal Community Foundation, a reduction in income generated from mortgage banking activities, and the increase in provision for loan losses.

CONTRIBUTION TO FIRST FEDERAL COMMUNITY FOUNDATION - On April 1, 2005 the Company made a one-time contribution of cash and common stock to First Federal Community Foundation totaling \$679,940. This contribution was pursuant to the plan of conversion and reorganization which was approved on March 23, 2005.

MORTGAGE BANKING - The Company generated lower income from mortgage banking activity for the six month period ended June 30, 2005 when compared to the same period in 2004. The volume of mortgage loan originations declined from \$31.2 million through the second quarter of 2004, of which \$13.5 million were sold, to \$27.6 million through the second quarter of 2005, of which \$10.4 million were sold. This decrease in mortgage loans sold contributed to an overall decrease of \$22,000 in mortgage banking activities from \$250,000 through the second quarter 2004 to \$228,000 through the second quarter 2005.

PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES - The Bank's provision for loan losses increased \$118,000 from \$65,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2004 to \$183,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2005, the Company's net interest margin (NIM), which represents net interest income divided by average interest earning assets, increased from 3.05% for the quarter ended June 30, 2004 to 3.21% for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, a 16 basis point increase. The increase is primarily a result of lower cost of funds associated with FHLB advances. Through the second quarter of 2005, the Bank was able to reduce the overall cost of funds from 2.90% as of June 30, 2004 to 2.87% as of June 30, 2005, a reduction in the cost of funds of 3 basis points. As the cost of funds decreased, the Bank also saw the yield on interest earning assets increase from 5.73% at June 30, 2004 to 5.81% at June 30, 2005, an 8 basis point increase in the overall yield to the Bank. This increase can be attributed to the net effect of 2 items: the yield on the non-mortgage portfolio which increased 56 basis points from 6.11% at June 30, 2004 to 6.67% at June 30, 2005, and the yield on the mortgage loan portfolio which decreased 46 basis points from 6.60% at June 30, 2004 to 6.14% at June 30 2005. Compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2004, the Bank saw an increase in average interest earning assets of \$30.9 million.

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FINANCIAL CONDITION

ASSETS: Total assets increased \$13.7 million, or 5.2%, to \$276.5 million at June 30, 2005 from \$262.8 million at December 31, 2004. Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$173,000, or 3.7%, to \$4.6 million at June 30, 2005 from \$4.7 million at December 31, 2004. Investment securities available for sale increased \$3.7 million, or 8.7%, in the first six months of 2005. The increase in bonds beyond premium amortizations and discount accretions was the result \$225,000 of unrealized loss on available for sale securities, \$655,000 of mortgage-backed securities payments received, and net investing activities of \$4.7 million in agency securities. Net loans receivable increased \$9.4 million, or 4.8%, to \$204.8 million at June 30, 2005 from \$195.4 million at December 31, 2004. The growth of net loans was attributable primarily to growth in the commercial loan portfolios. The mortgage portfolio saw a slight increase of \$2.2 million or 2.0%.

LIABILITIES: Deposits increased \$259,000, or .01%, to \$182.7 million at June 30, 2005 from \$182.5 million at December 31, 2004. Borrowings, consisting mainly of Federal Home Loan Bank advances, decreased \$1.8 million, or 3.0%, to \$54.2 million at June 30, 2005 from \$56.0 million at December 31, 2004. The Bank, through an infusion of capital of \$11.5 million from the Company, paid down overnight advances as a temporary alternative to purchasing low-yielding investment securities, but also borrowed as needed to fund the \$9.4 million loan growth experienced for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, resulting in the net decrease of borrowed funds of \$1.8 million for the first six months of 2005.

EQUITY: Stockholders' equity increased by \$14.6 million, or 67.1%, to \$36.4 million at June 30, 2005 from \$21.8 million at December 31, 2004. The increase in stockholders' equity reflects the issuance of 1,699,869 new shares at \$10.00 per share in the second step conversion of stock and reorganization, less costs of conversion.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

GENERAL: Net income decreased by \$499,800 to a loss of \$300,300 for the three months ended June 30, 2005 from a profit of \$199,500 for the same period ended June 30, 2004. The loss for the three month period was primarily due to the one-time contribution of cash and stock to First Federal Community Foundation, the increase in net interest margin (NIM), the decrease in mortgage banking activities, and the increase in provision for loan loss.

INTEREST INCOME: Interest income was \$3.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$3.2 million for the comparable period in 2004. The increase in interest income for the three month period over the prior year was due to an increase in average balances of commercial loans, and an increase in yield in adjustable rate loans. Adjustable rate commercial loans, which are tied to the prime rate, generated an additional \$105,000 in interest income for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the same quarter a year ago, due in part to an increase in average balance of \$2.9 million and in part to an increase in the prime rate of 225 basis points from 4.00% at June 30, 2004 to 6.25% at June 30, 2005. An increase in yield on other adjustable rate loans, consisting primarily of adjustable mortgage and home equity line of credit (HELOC) loans also contributed to the increase in interest income for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the same period one year ago.

INTEREST EXPENSE: Interest expense was \$1.6 million for the three month period ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$1.5 million for the same period in 2004. The 9.3% increase in interest expense was attributable to an increased cost of funds on interest-bearing deposits for the period ended June 30, 2005 compared to June

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30, 2004. The average balance of interest-bearing deposits increased by \$23.6 million or 15.6% when compared to June 30, 2004 and the cost of those deposits increased by 11 basis points. While the average balance of FHLB borrowings decreased from \$57.3 million for the period ended June 30, 2004 to \$51.0 million for the period ended June 30, 2005, the cost of those borrowings increased by 24 basis points, due primarily to rate increases which were offset in part by maturing long-term advances which were replaced by relatively lower cost of funds advances.

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NET INTEREST INCOME: Net interest income increased to \$2.1 million for the three month period ended June 30, 2005 compared to \$1.7 million for the same period in 2004. For the three months ended June 30, 2005, average interest-earning assets increased \$26.9 million, or 11.8%, when compared to the same period in 2004. Average interest-bearing liabilities increased \$17.2 million, or 8.2%, for the same period. The yield on average interest-earning assets increased to 5.86% for the three month period ended June 30, 2005 from 5.67% for the same period ended in 2004 as the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities increased to 2.88% from 2.85% for the three month period ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004, respectively. The increase in yields on interest earning assets exceeded the impact of the increase in the cost of funds creating an increase in the net interest margin of 25 basis points to 3.28% for the three month period ended June 30, 2005, from 3.05% for same period in 2004.

PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES: The allowance for loan losses is established through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance for loan losses is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based upon management's periodic review of the collectibility of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. The provision for loan losses amounted to \$183,000 for the three month period ended June 30, 2005 and \$65,000 for the comparable period in 2004. The increase in the provision is the result of a specific charge-off of a portion of a commercial loan. Historically, the Bank has had a relatively low experience of delinquencies and non-performing commercial loans as compared to the Bank's other loan portfolios. This first commercial charge-off resulted in an increase to the delinquency factors applied to the entire commercial loan portfolio.

NON INTEREST INCOME: Other income was \$1.1 million for the three month period ended June 30, 2005, a decrease of \$110,800 or 9.2%, from the same period in 2004. The primary reason for the decrease was an \$82,500 decrease in gain on sale of available for sale securities from the three month period ended June 30, 2004 to the same period in 2005.

NON INTEREST EXPENSE: Other expenses were \$3.4 million for the three month period ended June 30, 2005, a \$698,900 or 25.4% increase from the same period in 2004. The increase was primarily due to the \$679,940 one-time contribution to the First Federal Community Foundation.

INCOME TAXES: Federal income taxes decreased to a benefit of \$152,000 for the three month period ended June 30, 2005 compared to an expense of \$51,000 for the same period in 2004. The decrease for the three month period was attributable to a decline in pre-tax income.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

GENERAL: Net income decreased \$246,400 to a loss of \$158,300 for the six months ended June 30, 2005 from a profit of \$88,100 for the same period ended June 30, 2004. While net interest income was higher than the same period one year earlier by \$465,200, non-interest income was lower by \$149,100. Non-interest expense increased \$687,000 primarily due to the \$679,940 one-time contribution to the First Federal Community Foundation. The income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2005 decreased by \$124,500 as compared to the same period in 2004.

INTEREST INCOME: Interest income was \$7.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$6.4 million for the comparable period in 2004. The increase of \$875,000, or 13.8%, in interest income for the six month period from the prior year was due to an increase in average balances of commercial loans, and an increase in yield in adjustable rate loans. Adjustable rate commercial loans, which are tied to the prime rate, generated an additional \$235,900 in interest income for the period ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the same period a year ago, due in part to an increase in average balance of \$4.65 million and in part to an increase

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in prime rate of 225 basis points from 4.0% at June 30, 2004 to 6.25% at June 30, 2005. An increase in yield on other adjustable rate loans, consisting primarily of adjustable mortgage and home equity line of credit loans also contributed to the increase in interest income for the quarter ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the same period one year ago.

INTEREST EXPENSE: Interest expense was \$3.2 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2005 compared to \$2.9 million for the same period in 2004. The 9.97% increase in interest expense was attributable to an increased cost of funds on interest-bearing deposits for the period ended June 30, 2005 compared to June 30, 2004. The average balance of interest-bearing deposits increased by \$23.9 million or 16.1% when compared to June 30, 2004 and the cost of those deposits increased by 10 basis points. The average balance of FHLB borrowings increased from \$52.7 million for the period ended June 30, 2004 to \$53.1 million for the period ended June 30, 2005, while the cost of those borrowings decreased by 19 basis points, due primarily to maturing advances which were replaced by lower cost of funds advances.

NET INTEREST INCOME: Net interest income increased by \$581,400 for the six month period ended June 30, 2005 compared to the same period in 2004. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, average interest-earning assets increased \$30.9 million, or 14.1% when compared to the same period in 2004. Average interest-bearing liabilities increased \$24.2 million, or 11.9% for the same period. The yield on average interest-earning assets increased to 5.81% for the six month period ended June 30, 2005 from 5.73% for the same period ended in 2004 while the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities declined to 2.87% from 2.90% for the six month period ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004, respectively. The net result of the 8 basis point increase in asset yields and 3 basis point decrease in the cost of funds was a net interest rate margin increase of 16 basis points to 3.21% for the six month period ended June 30, 2005, from 3.05% for same period in 2004.

DELINQUENT LOANS AND NONPERFORMING ASSETS. The following table sets forth information regarding loans delinquent 90 days or more and real estate

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owned/other repossessed assets of the Bank at the dates indicated. As of the dates indicated, the Bank did not have any material restructured loans within the meaning of SFAS 15.

	JUNE 30, 2005 -----	(Dollars in th
Total non-accrual loans (1)	\$ 1,051	-----
Accrual loans delinquent 90 days or more:		
One- to four-family residential	1,114	
Other real estate loans	106	
Consumer/Commercial	320	

Total accrual loans delinquent 90 days or more	\$ 1,540	-----
Total nonperforming loans (2)	2,591	
Total real estate owned-Residential Mortgages (3)	183	
Total real estate owned-Consumer and other (3)	62	
	=====	
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 2,836	=====
Total nonperforming loans to loans receivable	1.27%	
Total nonperforming assets to total assets	1.03%	

- (1) For the Six months ended June 30, 2005 and the twelve months ended December 31, 2004, the interest that would have been reported was \$ 36,877 and \$75,307 respectively were these loans not in non-accrual status.
- (2) All the Bank's loans delinquent more than 90 days are classified as nonperforming.
- (3) Represents the net book value of property acquired by the Bank through foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure. Upon acquisition, this property is recorded at the lower of its fair market value or the principal balance of the related loan.

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PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES: The provision for loan losses amounted to \$262,300 for the six month period ended June 30, 2005 and \$146,000 for the comparable period in 2004. At June 30, 2005, the percent of nonperforming loans increased to 127 basis points from 87 basis points at December 31, 2004. As a percent of total assets, nonperforming loans increased to 103 basis points at June 30, 2005 from 66 basis points at December 31, 2004.

NON INTEREST EXPENSE: Non interest expense was \$6.2 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2005, a \$687,000 or 12.55% increase from the same period in 2004. The increase was primarily due to the \$679,940 one-time contribution to the First Federal Community Foundation.

INCOME TAXES: Federal income taxes decreased to a benefit of \$79,900 for the six

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month period ended June 30, 2005 compared to an expense of \$44,600 for the same period in 2004. The decrease for the six month period was attributable to a decrease in pre-tax income.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's primary sources of funds are deposits, FHLB advances, and proceeds from principal and interest payments and prepayments on loans and mortgage-backed and investment securities. While maturities and scheduled amortization of loans and mortgage-backed securities are a predictable source of funds, deposit flows and mortgage prepayments are greatly influenced by general interest rates, economic conditions and competition.

Liquidity represents the amount of an institution's assets that can be quickly and easily converted into cash without significant loss. The most liquid assets are cash, short-term U.S. Government securities, U.S. Government agency securities and certificates of deposit. The Company is required to maintain sufficient levels of liquidity as defined by the OTS regulations. This requirement may be varied at the direction of the OTS. Regulations currently in effect require that the Company must maintain sufficient liquidity to ensure its safe and sound operation. The Company's objective for liquidity is to be above 20%. Liquidity as of June 30, 2005 was \$82.2 million, or 42.4%, compared to \$83.4 million, or 47.6% at December 31, 2004. The levels of these assets are dependent on the Company's operating, financing, lending and investing activities during any given period. The liquidity calculated by the Company includes additional borrowing capacity available with the FHLB. This borrowing capacity is based on the FHLB stock owned by the Bank along with pledged collateral. As of June 30, 2005, the Bank had unused borrowing capacity totaling \$41.8 million at the FHLB based on the FHLB stock ownership.

The Company intends to retain for its portfolio certain originated residential mortgage loans (primarily adjustable rate, balloon and shorter term fixed rate mortgage loans) and to generally sell the remainder in the secondary market. The Company will from time to time participate in or originate commercial real estate loans, including real estate development loans. During the six month period ended June 30, 2005 the Company originated \$27.6 million in residential mortgage loans, of which \$17.2 million were retained in portfolio while the remainder were sold in the secondary market or are being held for sale. This compares to \$31.3 million in originations during the first six months of 2004 of which \$17.8 million were retained in portfolio. The Company also originated \$19.2 million of commercial loans and \$6.1 million of consumer loans in the first six months of 2005 compared to \$16.6 million of commercial loans and \$9.5 million of consumer loans for the same period in 2004. Of total loans receivable, excluding loans held for sale, mortgage loans comprised 54.5% and 56.1%, commercial loans 33.0% and 31.0% and consumer loans 12.5% and 13.0% at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively.

At June 30, 2005, the Company had outstanding loan commitments of \$51.9 million. These commitments included \$14.5 million for permanent one-to-four family dwellings, \$8.5 million for non-residential loans, \$2.6 million of undisbursed loan proceeds for construction of one-to-four family dwellings, \$8.5 million of undisbursed lines of credit on home equity loans, \$1.4 million of unused credit card lines and \$12.4 million of unused commercial lines of credit, \$2.2 million of undisbursed, Commercial construction, \$105,000 of unused Letters of Credit and \$1.7 million in unused bounce protection.

Deposits are a primary source of ; funds for use in lending and for other general business purposes. At June 30, 2005 deposits funded 66.1% of the

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Company's total assets compared to 69.4% at December 31, 2004. Certificates of deposit scheduled to mature in less than one year at June 30, 2005 totaled \$60.9 million. Management believes that a significant portion of such deposits will remain with the Company. The Bank monitors the deposit rates offered by competition in the area and sets rates that take into account the prevailing market conditions along with the Bank's liquidity position. Moreover, management believes that the growth in assets is not expected to require significant in-flows of liquidity. As such, the Bank does not expect to be a market leader in rates paid for liabilities. Borrowings may be used to compensate for seasonal or other reductions in normal sources of funds or for deposit outflows at more than projected levels. Borrowings may also be used on a longer-term basis to support increased lending or investment activities. At June 30, 2005 the Company had \$53.0 million in FHLB advances. FHLB borrowings as a percentage of total assets were 19.2% at June 30, 2005 as compared to 20.8% at December 31, 2004. The Company has sufficient available collateral to obtain additional advances of \$6.2 million. When this is combined with current FHLB stock ownership the Company could obtain up to an additional \$41.8 million in advances from the FHLB.

Stockholders' equity at June 30, 2005 was \$36.4 million, or 13.2% of total assets, compared to \$21.8 million, or 8.3% of total assets, at December 31, 2004 (See "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity"). The Bank is subject to certain capital-to-assets levels in accordance with the OTS regulations. The Bank exceeded all regulatory capital requirements at June 30, 2005. The following table summarizes the Bank's actual capital with the regulatory capital requirements and with requirements to be "Well Capitalized" under prompt corrective action provisions, as of June 30, 2005:

	Actual		Regulatory Minimum	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Capital Requirements:				
Tangible equity capital	\$31,921	11.70%	\$ 4,094	1.50%
Tier 1 (Core) capital	\$31,921	11.70%	\$10,916	4.00%
Total risk-based capital	\$33,355	17.91%	\$14,895	8.00%
Tier 1 risk-based capital	\$31,921	17.14%	\$ 7,448	4.00%

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
FORM 10-QSB
QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

PART E - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 3 - CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Company evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d - 15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this

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report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified by the SEC's rules and forms and in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Company (or its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in its periodic SEC filings.

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over the financial reporting during the Company's second quarter of fiscal year 2005 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
FORM 10-QSB
QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 - Legal Proceedings:

There are no material legal proceedings to which the Company is a party or of which any of its property is subject. From time to time the Company is a party to various legal proceedings incident to its business,

Item 2 - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds:

No equity securities were sold during the quarter ended June 30, 2005 that were not registered under the Securities Act. No repurchases of common stock were made during the quarter.

Of the net proceeds of approximately \$16.0 million from the sale of common stock \$4.5 million were invested in federal agency obligations, \$8.4 million were used to fund loans and deposit withdrawals, and the remaining \$3.1 million were used to pay down variable rate FHLB advances until the proceeds could be more effectively deployed.

Item 3 - Defaults upon Senior Securities:
Not applicable.

Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders:
Not applicable

Item 5 - Other Information:
Not applicable

Item 6 - Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

Exhibit 31.1 Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 31.2 Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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Exhibit 32.1 Statement of Chief Executive Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.2 Statement of Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
FORM 10-QSB
QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.

By: /a/Martin A. Thomson

Martin A. Thomson
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 12, 2005

By: /s/Amy E. Essex

Amy E. Essex, Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: August 12, 2005

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EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
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Exhibit 31.1	Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 31.2	Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 32.1	Statement of Chief Executive Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 32.2	Statement of Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002