Edgar Filing: HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. - Form 10-Q
HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC.
Form 10-Q
May 16, 2011

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## UNITED STATES <br> SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION <br> Washington, D.C. 20549 <br> FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)
p Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2011
or
o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from $\qquad$ to Commission File Number: 0-23636
HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

> Missouri $\begin{gathered}\text { 43-1626350 } \\ \text { (State or other jurisdiction of } \\ \text { of incorporation or organization) }\end{gathered}$ (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) Southwest Longview Boulevard, Lee $\mathbf{s}$ summit, Missouri $\mathbf{6 4 0 8 1}$ (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) (816) 347-8100 (Registrant s telephone number, including area code) N/A

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. p Yes o No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ( $\$ 232.405$ of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). o Yes o No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.:

| Large accelerated | Accelerated | Non-accelerated filer p | Smaller reporting company |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| filer o | filer o | (Do not check if a smaller reporting | o |
|  | company) |  |  |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). o Yes p No
As of May 16, 2011 the registrant had $4,474,033$ shares of common stock, par value $\$ 1.00$ per share, outstanding

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements
HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2011 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2010 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| Loans | \$ | 874,481,187 | \$ | 898,472,463 |
| Allowances for loan losses |  | $(12,402,110)$ |  | (14,564,867) |
| Net loans |  | 862,079,077 |  | 883,907,596 |
| Investment in available-for-sale securities, at fair value |  | 217,542,201 |  | 178,977,550 |
| Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell |  | 142,111 |  | 125,815 |
| Cash and due from banks |  | 37,887,136 |  | 50,853,985 |
| Premises and equipment net |  | 36,953,833 |  | 36,980,503 |
| Other real estate owned and repossessed assets net |  | 15,425,721 |  | 14,009,017 |
| Accrued interest receivable |  | 5,648,193 |  | 5,733,684 |
| Mortgage servicing rights |  | 2,327,929 |  | 2,355,990 |
| Intangible assets net |  | 859,483 |  | 977,509 |
| Cash surrender value life insurance |  | 2,023,088 |  | 2,001,965 |
| Other assets |  | 23,658,468 |  | 24,248,590 |
| Total assets |  | 1,204,547,240 |  | 1,200,172,204 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits: |  |  |  |  |
| Non-interest bearing demand | \$ | 142,194,780 | \$ | 137,749,571 |
| Savings, interest checking and money market |  | 401,326,674 |  | 379,137,539 |
| Time deposits \$100,000 and over |  | 121,960,867 |  | 124,566,760 |
| Other time deposits |  | 300,543,398 |  | 305,208,786 |
| Total deposits |  | 966,025,719 |  | 946,662,656 |
| Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to |  |  |  |  |
| Subordinated notes |  | 49,486,000 |  | 49,486,000 |
| Other borrowed money |  | 51,821,482 |  | 66,985,978 |
| Accrued interest payable |  | 1,604,609 |  | 1,491,503 |
| Other liabilities |  | 4,618,355 |  | 3,989,303 |
| Total liabilities |  | 1,102,601,686 |  | 1,098,683,893 |
| Stockholders equity: |  |  |  |  |

Preferred stock, \$1,000 par value
Authorized and issued 30,255 shares 28,960,361 28,841,242
Common stock, $\$ 1$ par value
Authorized 15,000,000 shares; issued 4,635,891 shares 4,635,891
Surplus
Retained earnings
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax
Treasury stock; 161,858 shares, at cost
Total stockholders equity
Total liabilities and stockholders equity
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)

|  | For the Three Months Ended March 31, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2011 | 2010 |
| INTEREST INCOME |  |  |
| Interest and fees on loans | \$ 12,087,642 | \$ 13,418,476 |
| Interest on debt securities: |  |  |
| Taxable | 1,154,896 | 1,063,979 |
| Nontaxable | 275,808 | 326,202 |
| Interest on federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements |  |  |
| to resell | 37 | 36 |
| Interest on interest-bearing deposits | 20,593 | 13,631 |
| Dividends on other securities | 43,700 | 50,697 |
| Total interest income | 13,582,676 | 14,873,021 |
| INTEREST EXPENSE |  |  |
| Interest on deposits: |  |  |
| Savings, interest checking and money market | 483,691 | 630,753 |
| Time deposit accounts \$100,000 and over | 463,172 | 711,382 |
| Other time deposit accounts | 1,422,802 | 1,998,651 |
| Interest on federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements |  |  |
| to repurchase | 13,355 | 20,540 |
| Interest on subordinated notes | 319,951 | 524,300 |
| Interest on other borrowed money | 399,169 | 676,361 |
| Total interest expense | 3,102,140 | 4,561,987 |
| Net interest income | 10,480,536 | 10,311,034 |
| Provision for loan losses | 1,750,002 | 2,505,000 |
| Net interest income after provision for loan losses | 8,730,534 | 7,806,034 |
| NON-INTEREST INCOME |  |  |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 1,310,491 | 1,296,088 |
| Trust department income | 195,095 | 178,862 |
| Gain on sale of mortgage loans, net | 246,234 | 224,573 |
| Other | 300,260 | 305,933 |
| Total non-interest income | 2,052,080 | 2,005,456 |
| NON-INTEREST EXPENSE |  |  |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 4,677,073 | 4,657,121 |
| Occupancy expense, net | 638,364 | 621,672 |
| Furniture and equipment expense | 506,679 | 492,039 |
| FDIC insurance assessment | 478,747 | 410,178 |


| Legal, examination, and professional fees | 490,504 | 247,290 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Advertising and promotion | 232,175 | 278,189 |
| Postage, printing, and supplies | 268,707 | 288,166 |
| Processing expense | 822,077 | 850,365 |
| Other real estate expense | 492,433 | 506,455 |
| Other | 770,965 | 779,271 |
| Total non-interest expense | $9,377,724$ | $9,130,746$ |
| Income before income taxes | $1,404,890$ | 680,744 |
| Income tax expense | 451,273 | 186,976 |
| Net income | 953,617 | 493,768 |
| Preferred stock dividends | 369,783 | 369,783 |
| Accretion of discount on preferred stock | 119,119 | 119,119 |
| Net income available to common shareholders | $\$ 464,715$ | $\$$ |
| Basic earnings per share | $\$ 4,866$ |  |
| Diluted earnings per share | $\$$ | 0.10 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity and Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

|  |  | Accumulated |  | Other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Preferred | Common |  | Retained Comprehensive Treasury | Stock |  |
| Stock | Stock | Surplus | Earnings | Income | Stock | Equity

## Balance, December 31, 2009

Net loss
(3,551,740)
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities:
Unrealized loss on debt securities available-for-sale, net of tax Defined benefit pension plans: Net gain arising during the year, net of tax Amortization of prior service cost included in net periodic pension cost, net of tax 47,965 47,965 Total other comprehensive loss
Total
comprehensive
loss
Stock based compensation expense 87,310
Accretion of preferred stock discount 476,474
$(476,474)$
Stock dividend Cash dividends declared, preferred stock
Cash dividends
$(1,135,717)$
stock
Balance,
December 31,
2010
\$ 28,841,242 \$ 4,635,891 \$ 28,928,545 \$ 41,857,302 \$ 742,149 \$ (3,516,818) \$ 101,488,311

Net income
953,617
953,617
Change in
unrealized gain on
securities:
Unrealized gain
on debt securities
available-for-sale, net of tax
Defined benefit
pension plans:
Amortization of prior service cost included in net periodic pension cost, net of tax 11,991
Total other
comprehensive
income
Total
comprehensive
income 1,037,344
Stock based compensation expense $21,800 \quad 21,800$
Accretion of preferred stock discount

119,119
$(119,119)$
Cash dividends
declared, preferred stock
$(378,188)$
Cash dividends declared, common stock

## Balance,

March 31, $2011 \$ 28,960,361 \$ 4,635,891 \mathbf{~ 2 8 , 9 5 0 , 3 4 5} \mathbf{\$ 4 2 , 0 8 9 , 8 9 9} \mathbf{\$ 8 2 5 , 8 7 6} \mathbf{\$ ( 3 , 5 1 6 , 8 1 8 )} \mathbf{\$ 1 0 1 , 9 4 5 , 5 5 4}$

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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## HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

## Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:
Provision for loan losses
Depreciation expense
Net amortization of debt securities, premiums, and discounts
Amortization of core deposit intangible assets
Stock based compensation expense
Loss (gain) on sales and dispositions of premises and equipment
Loss on sales and dispositions of other real estate owned and repossessions
Provision for other real estate owned
Decrease in accrued interest receivable
Increase in cash surrender value -life insurance
(Increase) decrease in other assets
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable
Increase in other liabilities
Origination of mortgage loans for sale
Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans
Gain on sale of mortgage loans, net
Decrease in net deferred tax asset
Other, net

Net cash provided by operating activities

Cash flows from investing activities:
Net decrease in loans
Purchase of available-for-sale debt securities
Proceeds from maturities of available-for-sale debt securities
Proceeds from calls of available-for-sale debt securities
Proceeds from sales of FHLB stock
Purchases of premises and equipment
Proceeds from sales of premises and equipment
Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned and repossessions

Net cash (used) provided in investing activities
16,102,329
10,683,563
$(58,387,175)$
12,429,161
$(108,812,450)$

7,278,000
81,462,422

674,800
21,225,800

$$
1
$$

$(491,273)$
230,900

27,769
$(135,298)$

2,563,742
400
1,094,910
$(19,802,647)$
5,750,247

Cash flows from financing activities:
Net increase (decrease) in demand deposits
4,445,210
$(4,161,288)$
Net increase in interest-bearing transaction accounts
Net decrease in time deposits
\$

1,750,002
484,514
232,963
118,026
21,800
667

33,441
160,665
85,491
$(21,123)$
610,551
$(105,155)$
$(18,744)$
629,603
$(101,829)$
516,709
(10,355,738)
$\begin{array}{ll}(12,000,717) & 10,580,311\end{array}$
$(246,234)$
$(224,573)$
7,667
11,991

4,278,348
$5,564,116$
62,690

7,666

| $22,189,135$ | $47,758,283$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| $(7,271,281)$ | $(10,124,530)$ |
| $(1,022,932)$ | $(4,537,574)$ |

## Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 2010

| Net decrease in federal funds purchased and securities sold under |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| agreements to repurchase |  | $(5,189,219)$ |
| Repayment of Federal Home Loan Bank advances | $(15,164,496)$ | $(378,187)$ |
| Cash dividends paid preferred stock | $(223,188)$ | $(473,215)$ |
| Cash dividends paidcommon stock | $2,573,746$ | $22,894,270$ |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | $(12,950,553)$ | $34,208,633$ |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | $50,979,800$ | $24,665,695$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | $\$ 38,029,247$ | $\$ 58,874,328$ |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)
Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 2010

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:
Cash paid during the year for:
Interest
Income taxes
\$2,989,034 \$4,663,816
\$ \$ 200,000
Supplemental schedule of noncash investing and financing activities:
Other real estate and repossessions acquired in settlement of loans
\$4,174,551
\$4,099,478
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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## HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. <br> AND SUBSIDIARIES <br> Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

## (1) Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments that, in the opinion of management, are necessary in order to make those statements not misleading. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions, including the determination of the allowance for loan losses, real estate acquired in connection with foreclosure or in satisfaction of loans, and fair values of investment securities available-for-sale that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Our Company s management has evaluated and did not identify any subsequent events or transactions requiring recognition or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Company s audited consolidated financials statements included in its 2010 Annual Report to Shareholders under the caption Consolidated Financial Statements and incorporated by reference into its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 as Exhibit 13.

On July 1, 2010, our Company paid a special stock dividend of four percent to common shareholders of record at the close of business on May 19, 2010. For all periods presented, share information, including basic and diluted earnings per share have been adjusted retroactively to reflect this change.

The significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of the quarterly financial statements are disclosed in the 2010 Annual Report on form 10-K.

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## HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. <br> AND SUBSIDIARIES <br> Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements <br> (Unaudited)

## (2) Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

A summary of loans, by major class within our Company s loan portfolio, at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are as follows:

Commercial, financial, and agricultural
Real estate construction residential
Real estate construction commercial
Real estate mortgage residential
Real estate mortgage commercial
Installment and other consumer
Unamortized loan origination fees and costs, net

Total loans

The Bank grants real estate, commercial, installment, and other consumer loans to customers located within the communities surrounding Jefferson City, Clinton, Warsaw, Springfield, Branson and Lee s Summit, Missouri. As such, the Bank is susceptible to changes in the economic environment in these communities. The Bank does not have a concentration of credit in any one economic sector. Installment and other consumer loans consist primarily of the financing of vehicles.

At March 31, 2011, loans of \$451,427,000 were pledged at the Federal Home Loan Bank as collateral for borrowings and letters of credit.

Allowance for loan losses
The following table provides the balance in the allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and the related loan balance by impairment methodology. Loans evaluated under ASC 310-10-35 include loans on non-accrual status, which are individually evaluated for impairment, troubled debt restructurings, and other impaired loans deemed to have similar risk characteristics. All other loans are collectively evaluated for impairment under ASC 450-20. Although the allowance for loan losses is comprised of specific and general allocations, the entire allowance is available to absorb credit losses.

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HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC.<br>AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements<br>(Unaudited)

The following is a summary of the allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are as follows:


Allowance for loan losses:

Balance, beginning of $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}\text { year } & \$ & 2,931 & \$ 2,067 & \$ & 1,339 & \$ & 3,922 & \$ & 3,458 & \$ & 231 & \$ & 617 & \$ & 14,565\end{array}$

Additions:
Provision for

| loan losses | 93 | 410 | 17 | 227 | 827 | 45 | 131 | 1,750 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Deductions:

## Loans charged

off on loans
(61)
(61)
(42)
(5) (56)

4,138

Net loans

| charged off | 767 | 1,486 | 1,031 | 576 | 53 | 3,913 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Balance, end of <br> year | $\$$ | 2,257 | $\$$ | 991 | $\$$ | 1,356 | $\$$ | 3,118 | $\$$ | 3,709 | $\$$ | 223 | $\$$ | 748 | $\$$ | 12,402 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| impairment | \$ | 1,121 | \$ | 42 | \$ | 114 | \$ | 533 | \$ | 1,927 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | 3,737 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment |  | 1,136 |  | 949 |  | 1,242 |  | 2,585 |  | 1,782 |  | 223 |  | 748 |  | 8,665 |
| Total | \$ | 2,257 | \$ | 991 | \$ | 1,356 | \$ | 3,118 | \$ | 3,709 | \$ | 223 | \$ | 748 | \$ | 12,402 |

Loans

## outstanding:

Individually

| evaluated for <br> impairment <br> Collectively | $\$ 3,834$ | $\$ 1,940$ | $\$ 10,030$ | $\$$ | 6,905 | $\$ 27,099$ | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$ 49,808$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| evaluated for <br> impairment | 122,531 | 27,603 | 42,244 | 196,685 | 403,899 | 31,711 |  | 824,673 |  |
| Total | $\$ 126,365$ | $\$ 29,543$ | $\$ 52,274$ | $\$ 203,590$ | $\$ 430,998$ | $\$ 31,711$ | $\$$ | $\$ 874,481$ |  |

December 31, 2010

## Allowance for loan losses:

Balance, beginning of $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllll}\text { year } & \$ & 2,773 & \$ & 348 & \$ & 1,740 & \$ & 3,488 & \$ & 4,693 & \$ & 380 & \$ 1,375 & \$ 14,797\end{array}$

Additions:
Provision for $\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { loan losses } & 1,908 & 2,622 & 4,133 & 4,740 & 2,577 & 32 & \text { (758) } & 15,254\end{array}$

Deductions:

Loans charged

| off | 1,903 | 933 | 4,556 | 4,534 | 3,841 | 422 | 16,189 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Less recoveries <br> on loans | $(153)$ | $(30)$ | $(22)$ | $(228)$ | $(29)$ | $(241)$ | $(703)$ |
| Net loans <br> charged off | 1,750 | 903 | 4,534 | 4,306 | 3,812 | 181 | 15,486 |

Balance, end of $\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}\text { year } & \$ & 2,931 & \$ 2,067 & \$ & 1,339 & \$ & 3,922 & \$ & 3,458 & \$ & 231 & \$ & 617 & \$ 14,565\end{array}$

Individually evaluated for $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}\text { impairment } & \$ 1,737 & \$ & 1,553 & \$ & 201 & \$ & 1,117 & \$ & 1,768 & \$ & \$ & \$ & 6,376\end{array}$ Collectively evaluated for

| impairment |  | 1,194 |  | 514 | 1,138 |  | 2,805 |  | 1,690 |  | 231 |  | 617 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total | $\$$ | 2,931 | $\$ 2,067$ | $\$ 1,339$ | $\$$ | 3,922 | $\$$ | 3,458 | $\$$ | 231 | $\$$ | 617 | $\$$ |
|  |  | 14,565 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Loans

outstanding:
Individually

| evaluated for <br> impairment <br> Collectively <br> evaluated for | $\$ 23,660$ | $\$ 3,586$ | $\$ 11,783$ | $\$ 8,040$ | $\$ 29,076$ | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$ 56,145$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| impairment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Loans, or portions of loans, are charged off to the extent deemed uncollectible. Loan charge-offs reduce the allowance for loan losses, and recoveries of loans previously charged off are added back to the allowance. Once the fair value for a collateral dependent loan has been determined, any impaired amount is typically charged off unless the loan has other income streams to support repayment. For impaired loans which have other income streams to support repayment, a specific reserve is established for the amount determined to be impaired.

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HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC.<br>AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements<br>(Unaudited)

## Impaired loans

Impaired loans totaled $\$ 50,027,707$ and $\$ 56,270,543$ at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 respectively, and are comprised of loans on non-accrual status and loans which have been classified as troubled debt restructurings. The categories of impaired loans at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are as follows:

|  | March 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | December 31, <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Non-accrual loans | $\$ 47,523,846$ | $\$ 50,586,887$ |
| Troubled debt restructurings continuing to accrue interest | $2,503,861$ | $5,683,656$ |
| Total impaired loans | $\$ 50,027,707$ | $\$ 56,270,543$ |

At March 31, 2011, loans classified as trouble debt restructurings (TDR) totaled $\$ 19,799,004$, of which $\$ 17,295,143$ were on non-accrual status and $\$ 2,503,861$ were on accrual status. At December 31, 2010, loans classified as TDR totaled $\$ 22,080,431$, of which $\$ 16,396,775$ were on non-accrual status and $\$ 5,683,656$ was on accrual status. Reserves allocated to troubled debt restructurings were $\$ 1,418,000$ and $\$ 1,359,000$ at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

Interest income recognized on loans in non-accrual status and contractual interest that would be recorded had the loans performed in accordance with their original contractual terms is as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ |
| Contractual interest due on non-accrual loans | $\$ 606,436$ | $\$ 507,241$ |
| Interest income recognized on loans in non-accrual status | 38 | 13,354 |
| Net reduction in interest income | $\$ 606,398$ | $\$ 493,887$ |

The specific reserve component of our Company s allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 was determined by using fair values of the underlying collateral obtained through independent appraisals and internal evaluations, or by discounting the total expected future cash flows. The recorded investment varies from the unpaid principal balance primarily due to partial charge-offs taken resulting from current appraisals received. The amount recognized as interest income on impaired loans continuing to accrue interest, primarily related to troubled debt restructurings, was $\$ 35,849$ and $\$ 165,005$, for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and March 31, 2010, respectively. Average recorded investment in impaired loans is calculated on a monthly basis during the period.

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## HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. <br> AND SUBSIDIARIES <br> Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements <br> (Unaudited)

The following table provides additional information about impaired loans at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 , respectively, segregated between loans for which an allowance has been provided and loans for which no allowance has been provided:

|  | Recorded <br> Investment | Principal <br> Balance | Average <br> Related <br> Allowance | Interest <br> Income |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Investment |  |  |  |  | | Recognized |
| :---: |

Real estate construction

| commercial |  | $8,297,388$ | $9,393,368$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Real estate | residential | $2,463,735$ | $2,950,560$ |  |
| Real estate | commercial | $12,939,973$ | $14,869,833$ |  |
| Consumer |  | 125,858 | 132,688 |  |
|  |  | $\$ 26,038,437$ | $\$ 30,331,681$ | $\$$ |

With an allowance recorded:
Commercial, financial and Agricultural

| $\$ 3,217,995$ | $\$ 3,260,009$ | $\$ 1,737,159$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1,816,276$ | $1,848,593$ | $1,552,406$ |
|  |  |  |
| $3,485,517$ | $4,740,517$ | 201,147 |
| $5,576,292$ | $5,669,041$ | $1,117,141$ |
| $16,136,025$ | $16,215,862$ | $1,767,893$ |

Total
$\$ 30,232,106 \quad \$ 31,734,022 \quad \$ 6,375,746$
Total impaired loans
$\$ 56,270,543 \quad \$ 62,065,703 \quad \$ 6,375,746$

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## HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. <br> AND SUBSIDIARIES <br> Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements <br> (Unaudited)

It is our Company s policy to discontinue the accrual of interest income on loans when management believes that the borrower s financial condition, after consideration of business conditions and collection efforts, is such that the collection of interest is doubtful, or upon which principal or interest has been in default for a period of 90 days or more and the asset is not both well secured and in the process of collection. Subsequent interest payments received on such loans are applied to principal if any doubt exists as to the collectability of such principal; otherwise, such receipts are recorded as interest income on a cash basis.
Age Analysis of Past Due and Non-Accrual Loans

| Current or |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Less Than |  |
| 30 Days | 30-89 Days |
| Past Due | Past Due |

March 31, 2011
Commercial, Financial, and Agricultural \$ 121,793,421
\$ 479,658
\$383,926
\$ 3,707,518
\$126,364,523
Real Estate Construction
Residential
Real Estate Construction
Commercial
Real Estate Mortgage
Residential
Real Estate Mortgage
Commercial
Installment and Other
Consumer
31,267,207
217,734
6,739
219,840
31,711,520

Total
\$823,292,659
\$3,274,017
\$390,665
\$47,523,846
\$874,481,187

December 31, 2010
Commercial, Financial, and Agricultural
Real Estate Construction
Residential
Real Estate Construction
Commercial
Real Estate Mortgage
Residential
Real Estate Mortgage
Commercial 409,906,845
1,557,599
Installment and Other Consumer
\$127,315,586
\$ 534,865
\$
\$ 3,532,016
\$131,382,467
28,200,876
47,400
45,511,088
474,934
3,585,898
31,834,174
$10,066,888 \quad 56,052,910$
199,386,784 2,775,654 5,672,050 207,834,488

31,784,217
356,812
32,916
27,604,178
439,068,622

125,857
32,299,802

Total
The following table provides information about the credit quality of the loan portfolio using our Company s internal rating system reflecting management s risk assessment. Loans are placed on watch status when (1) one or more weaknesses which could jeopardize timely liquidation exits; or (2) the margin or liquidity of an asset is sufficiently tenuous that adverse trends could result in a collection problem. Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified may have a well defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the repayment of the debt. Such loans are characterized by the distinct possibility that our Company may sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. Loans are placed on non-accrual status when (1) deterioration in the financial condition of the borrower exists such that payment of full principal and interest is not expected, or (2) payment of principal or interest has been in default for a period of 90 days or more and the asset is not both well secured and in the process of collection.

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## HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. <br> AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

|  | Real Estate | Real Estate | Installment <br> and <br> other |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial | Construction | Mortgage | Consumer | Total |

At March 31, 2011

| Watch | $\$ 20,683,503$ | $\$ 16,981,786$ | $\$ 36,479,225$ | $\$ 448,373$ | $\$ 74,592,887$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Substandard | $4,243,957$ | $3,417,666$ | $23,192,968$ |  | 349,332 | $31,203,923$ |
| Non-accrual | $3,707,518$ | $11,970,139$ | $31,626,349$ |  | 219,840 | $47,523,846$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\$ 28,634,978$ | $\$ 32,369,591$ | $\$ 91,298,542$ | $\$ 1,017,545$ | $\$ 153,320,656$ |  |

At December 31, 2010

| Watch | $\$ 21,981,367$ | $\$ 16,919,978$ | $\$ 44,234,865$ | $\$ 564,489$ | $\$ 83,700,699$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Substandard | $2,840,703$ | $5,000,571$ | $17,058,382$ | 441,514 | $25,341,170$ |  |
| Non-accrual | $3,532,016$ | $13,652,786$ | $33,276,228$ | 125,857 | $50,586,887$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\$ 28,354,086$ | $\$ 35,573,335$ | $\$ 94,569,475$ | $\$ 1,131,860$ | $\$ 159,628,756$ |  |

## (3) Real Estate Acquired in Settlement of Loans

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2011 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2010 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial | \$ 67,421 | \$ 67,421 |
| Real estate mortgage construction | 12,145,547 | 13,229,199 |
| Real estate mortgage | 8,801,850 | 6,254,221 |
| Total | \$21,014,818 | \$ 19,550,841 |
| Less valuation allowance for other real estate owned | $(6,319,098)$ | $(6,158,433)$ |
| Total | \$ 14,695,720 | \$13,392,408 |
| Balance at December 31, 2010 |  | \$ 19,550,841 |
| Additions |  | 4,773,157 |
| Net reductions |  | $(3,309,180)$ |
| Total other real estate owned |  | \$21,014,818 |
| Less valuation allowance for other real estate owned |  | $(6,319,098)$ |
| Balance at March 31, 2011 |  | \$ 14,695,720 |

Activity in the valuation allowance for other real estate owned in settlement of loans for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 is summarized as follows:

Three Months Ended March
31,
2011 2010

Balance, beginning of period
\$ 6,158,433
\$
Provision for other real estate owned
160,665
Charge-offs
Balance, end of period
\$ 6,319,098
\$

# HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. <br> AND SUBSIDIARIES <br> Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements <br> (Unaudited) 

## (4) Investment Securities

A summary of investment securities by major category, at fair value, consisted of the following at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

| U.S. treasury | $\$ 1,023,047$ | $\$ 1,027,891$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Government sponsored enterprises | $74,048,988$ | $53,341,551$ |
| Asset-backed securities | $110,102,728$ | $90,176,241$ |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | $32,367,438$ | $34,431,867$ |
|  |  |  |
| Total available for sale securities | $\$ 217,542,201$ | $\$ 178,977,550$ |

All of our Company s investment securities are classified as available for sale, as discussed in more detail below. Asset backed securities include agency mortgage-backed securities, which are guaranteed by government sponsored entities and government agencies such as the FHLMC, FNMA and GNMA.

Investment securities which are classified as restricted equity securities primarily consist of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock and our Company s interest in statutory trusts. These securities are reported at cost in other assets in the amount of $\$ 5,467,150$ and $\$ 6,141,950$, as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities classified as available-for-sale at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are as follows:

|  | Gross |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amortized | unrealized |
| cost | gains |

Gross
unrealized losses Fair value

March 31, 2011
U.S Treasury
Government sponsored enterprises
Asset-backed securities
Obligations of states and political
subdivisions

Total available for sale securities

| $\$ 999,837$ | $\$ 23,210$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $74,337,601$ | 214,476 |
| $108,585,817$ | $1,930,789$ |
|  |  |
| $31,821,706$ | 643,768 |

\$
503,089
\$ 1,023,047
74,048,988
110,102,728

98,036
32,367,438
\$215,744,96
\$2,812,243
\$ 1,015,003
\$217,542,201
December 31, 2010

| U.S Treasury | $\$ 999,823$ | $\$ 28,068$ | $\$$ |  | $\$, 027,891$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Government sponsored enterprises | $53,516,545$ | 327,051 |  | 502,045 | $53,341,551$ |
| Asset-backed securities | $88,634,760$ | $1,905,377$ |  | 363,896 | $90,176,241$ |
| Obligations of states and political |  |  |  |  |  |
| subdivisions | $34,146,782$ | 555,240 | 270,155 | $34,431,867$ |  |

Total available for sale securities $\$ 177,297,910 \quad \$ 2,815,736 \quad \$ 1,136,096 \quad \$ 178,977,550$

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## HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. <br> AND SUBSIDIARIES <br> Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements <br> (Unaudited)

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities classified as available-for-sale at March 31, 2011, by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without prepayment penalties.

|  | Amortized <br> cost | Fair <br> value |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Due in one year or less | $\$ 9,723,451$ | $\$ 9,768,796$ |
| Due after one year through five years | $78,372,238$ | $78,405,212$ |
| Due after five years through ten years | $16,956,579$ | $17,151,461$ |
| Due after ten years | $2,106,876$ | $2,114,004$ |
|  | $107,159,144$ | $107,439,473$ |
| Asset-backed securities | $108,585,817$ | $110,102,728$ |
| Total | $\$ 215,744,961$ | $\$ 217,542,201$ |

Debt securities with carrying values aggregating approximately $\$ 157,393,000$ and $\$ 148,099,000$ at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively, were pledged to secure public fund deposits, federal funds purchased lines, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, borrowing capacity at the Federal Reserve, and for other purposes as required or permitted by law.

Gross unrealized losses on debt securities and the fair value of the related securities, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, were as follows:

| At March 31, 2011 | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | FairUnrealizkalvestment Value Losses Positions |  |  | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Government sponsored enterprises | \$34,004,890 | \$ (503,089) | \$ | \$ | 33 | \$34,004,890 | $(503,089)$ |
| Asset-backed securities | 36,498,689 | $(413,878)$ |  |  | 36 | 36,498,689 | \$ (413,878) |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | 4,336,922 | $(98,036)$ |  |  | 15 | 4,336,922 | $(98,036)$ |
|  | \$74,840,501 | \$ $(1,015,003)$ | \$ | \$ | 84 | \$74,840,501 | \$(1,015,003) |

Less than 12 months
12 months or more

Total
Number
of Fair Unrealized FairUnrealizbenvestment Fair Losses Value Losses Positions Value Losses

## 12 months

 or moreTotal

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| At December 31, 2010 | Fair <br> Value | Unrealized Losses | Number of <br> FairUnrealidedestment Value Losses Positions |  |  | Fair <br> Value | Unrealized Losses |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Government sponsored enterprises | \$20,504,526 | \$ (502,045) | \$ | \$ | 19 | \$20,504,526 |  | $(502,045)$ |
| Asset-backed securities | 21,177,793 | $(363,896)$ |  |  | 20 | 21,177,793 | \$ | $(363,896)$ |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | 8,038,946 | $(270,155)$ |  |  | 29 | 8,038,946 |  | $(270,155)$ |
|  | \$49,721,265 | \$(1,136,096) | \$ | \$ | 68 | \$49,721,265 |  | ,136,096) |

Our Company s available for sale portfolio consisted of approximately 361 securities at March 31, 2011. None of these securities had been in the loss position for 12 months or longer. The $\$ 1,015,000$ unrealized loss included in other comprehensive income at March 31, 2011 was caused by interest rate increases. Because the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates and not credit quality these investments were not considered other-than-temporarily impaired.

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HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC.<br>AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements<br>(Unaudited)

Our Company s available for sale portfolio consisted of approximately 333 securities at December 31, 2010. None of these securities had been in the loss position for 12 months or longer. The $\$ 1,136,000$ unrealized loss included in other comprehensive income at December 31, 2010 was caused by interest rate increases. Because the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates and not credit quality these investments were not considered other-than-temporarily impaired.

During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, there were no proceeds from sales of securities and no components of investment securities gains and losses which have been recognized earnings.

## (5) Intangible Assets

A summary of other intangible assets at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively is as follows:

March 31, 2011

| Gross <br> Carrying <br> Amount | Accumulated <br> Amortization | Net |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amount |  |  |

December 31, 2010

| Gross |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carrying | Accumulated | Net |
| Amount | Amortization | Amount |

Amortizable intangible assets:
Core deposit intangible
\$4,795,224 $\$(3,935,741) \quad \$ 859,483$
$\$ 7,060,224 \quad \$(6,082,715)$
\$ 977,509
Mortgage
servicing rights
3,089,572
$(761,643) \quad 2,327,929$
Total intangible assets $\$ 7,884,796 \quad \$(4,697,384) \quad \$ 3,187,412 \quad \$ 10,127,592 \quad \$(6,794,093) \quad \$ 3,333,499$

Changes in the net carrying amount of other intangible assets for the three months ended March 31, 2011 are as follows:

|  | Core Deposit Intangible Asset | Mortgage Servicing Rights |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at December 31, 2010 | \$ 977,509 | \$2,355,990 |
| Additions |  | 121,188 |
| Amortization | $(118,026)$ | $(149,239)$ |
| Balance at March 31, 2011 | \$ 859,483 | \$2,327,939 |
| Mortgage servicing rights (M periodically reviewed for impair December 31, 2010, no tempora of expected cash flows, as furthe others totaled approximately $\$ 300$ respectively. Included in other n March 31, 2011 and 2010 of $\$ 180$ | the life of the fair value. At M MSRs is based ts. Mortgage lo and December for the three m | hey are <br> 31, 2011 and present value rviced for 10, nded |

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HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC.<br>AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements<br>(Unaudited)

The aggregate amortization expense of intangible assets subject to amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

| Aggregate amortization expense | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| Core deposit intangible asset | $\$ 118,026$ | $\$ 150,519$ |
| Mortgage servicing rights | 149,239 | 134,874 |

Our Company s amortization expense on intangible assets in any given period may be different from the estimated amounts depending upon the acquisition of intangible assets, changes in mortgage interest rates, prepayment rates and other market conditions. The following table shows the estimated future amortization expense based on existing asset balances and the interest rate environment as of March 31, 2011 for the next five years:

|  | Core Deposit <br> Intangible <br> Asset | Mortgage <br> Servicing <br> Rights |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | $\$ 316,737$ | $\$ 424,822$ |
| 2012 | 408,062 | 444,000 |
| 2013 | 134,684 | 361,000 |
| 2014 |  | 294,000 |
| 2015 |  | 239,000 |

## (6) Income Taxes

Our Company follows ASC Topic 740, Income Taxes, which addresses the accounting for uncertain tax positions. At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, our Company had $\$ 221,000$ of gross unrecognized tax benefits that if recognized would affect the effective tax rate. Our Company believes that during 2011 it is reasonably possible that there would be a reduction of $\$ 221,000$ in gross unrecognized tax benefits as a result of the lapse of statute of limitations for the 2007 tax year. At March 31, 2011, total interest accrued on unrecognized tax benefits was approximately $\$ 37,000$. As of March 31, 2011, there were no federal or state income tax examinations in process.

The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based upon the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred tax assets are deductible, management believes it is more likely than not our Company will realize the benefits of these temporary differences at March 31, 2011 and, therefore, has not established a valuation reserve.

Income taxes as a percentage of earnings before income taxes as reported in the consolidated financial statements were $32.1 \%$ for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to $27.5 \%$ for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2011 reflects a decrease in tax-exempt income as a percentage of total taxable income.

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# HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. <br> AND SUBSIDIARIES <br> Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements <br> (Unaudited) 

## (7) Employee Benefit Plans

Employee benefits charged to operating expenses are summarized in the table below.

|  | For the Three Months Ended <br> March 31, |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ |
|  |  |  |
| Payroll taxes | 314,529 | 321,967 |
| Medical plans | 442,319 | 404,852 |
| 401k match | 67,599 | 80,012 |
| Pension plan | 227,593 | 216,299 |
| Profit-sharing | 23,000 | 72,470 |
| Other | 41,563 | 41,328 |
|  |  |  |
| Total employee benefits | $\$ 1,116,603$ | $\$ 1,136,928$ |

Our Company s profit-sharing plan includes a matching 401 k portion, in which our Company matches the first $3 \%$ of eligible employee contributions. Our Company made annual contributions in an amount up to $6 \%$ of income before income taxes and before contributions to the profit-sharing and pension plans for all participants, limited to the maximum amount deductible for Federal income tax purposes, for each of the years shown. In addition, employees were able to make additional tax-deferred contributions.

## Pension

Our Company also provides a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan for all full-time employees. An employer is required to recognize the funded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan as an asset or liability in its balance sheet and to recognize changes in that funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income. Under our Company s funding policy for the defined benefit pension plan, contributions are made to a trust as necessary to provide for current service and for any unfunded accrued actuarial liabilities over a reasonable period. To the extent that these requirements are fully covered by assets in the trust, a contribution might not be made in a particular year. Our Company made a $\$ 554,000$ contribution to the defined benefit plan in 2010, and the minimum required contribution for 2011 is estimated to be $\$ 997,000$. Our Company has contributed $\$ 529,000$ to the plan for the year.

The following items are components of net pension cost for the periods indicated:

|  | Estimated <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ | Actual <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Service cost benefits earned during the year | $\$ 930,691$ | $\$ 844,178$ |
| Interest costs on projected benefit obligations | 603,903 | 556,047 |
| Expected return on plan assets | $(702,852)$ | $(613,982)$ |
| Amortization of prior service cost | 78,628 | 78,628 |
| Net periodic pension expense | $\$ 910,370$ | $\$ 864,871$ |
| Pension expense three month ended March 31, (actual) | $\$ 227,593$ | $\$ 216,299$ |

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HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC.<br>AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements<br>(Unaudited)

## (8) Stock Compensation

Our Company s stock option plan provides for the grant of options to purchase up to 486,720 shares of our Company s common stock to officers and other key employees of our Company and its subsidiaries. All options have been granted at exercise prices equal to fair value and vest over periods ranging from four to five years, except options issued in 2008 to acquire $\$ 10,294$ shares that vested immediately.

The following table summarizes our Company s stock option activity:

|  | Number <br> of <br> Shares | Weighted <br> Average <br> Exercise <br> Price | Weighted <br> Average <br> Contractual <br> Term <br> (in years) | Aggregate <br> Intrinsic <br> Value <br> (000) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outstanding at January 1, 2011 <br> Granted <br> Exercised | 250,491 | $\$ 25.42$ |  |  |
| Forfeited <br> Expired |  |  |  |  |
| Outstanding at March 31, 2011 | 250,491 | $\$ 25.42$ | 4.3 | $\$$ |
| Exercisable at March 31, 2011 | 211,243 | $\$ 25.52$ | 3.9 | $\$$ |

Total stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was $\$ 22,000$ and $\$ 29,000$, respectively. As of March 31, 2011, the total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock awards was $\$ 134,000$ and the related weighted average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately three years.

## (9) Comprehensive Income

Activity in other comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 is shown in the Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity and Comprehensive Income. The first component of other comprehensive income is the unrealized holding gains and losses on available for sale securities. Our Company did not have any other-than temporary impairment (OTTI) as required to be reported under current accounting guidance for OTTI on debt securities during the periods reported. Under this guidance, credit-related losses on debt securities with OTTI are recorded in current earnings, while the noncredit- related portion of the overall gain or loss in fair value is recorded in other comprehensive income. The second component of other comprehensive income is pension gains and losses that arise during the period but are not recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost, and corresponding adjustments when these gains and losses are subsequently amortized to net periodic benefit cost.

## (10) Preferred Stock

On December 19, 2008, our Company announced its participation in the U.S. Treasury Department s Capital Purchase Program (CPP), a voluntary program that provides capital to financially healthy banks. This program is designed to attract broad participation by banking institutions to help stabilize the financial system by encouraging lending. Our Company has used the funds received, as discussed below, to continue to provide loans to its customers and to look for ways to deploy additional funds to benefit the communities in our Company s market area.

Participating in this program included our Company s issuance of 30,255 shares of senior preferred stock (with a par value of $\$ 1,000$ per share) and a ten year warrant to purchase approximately 265,471 shares of common stock (see
below for additional information) to the U.S. Department of Treasury in exchange for $\$ 30,255,000$. The proceeds received were allocated between the preferred stock and the common stock warrant based upon their relative fair values. This resulted in

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HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC.<br>AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

the recording of a discount on the preferred stock upon issuance that reflects the value allocated to the warrant. The discount on the preferred stock will be accreted over five years, consistent with managements estimate of the life of the preferred stock. Such accretion will be treated as additional dividends on the preferred stock. The allocated carrying values of the senior preferred stock and common stock warrant at March 31, 2011 were $\$ 28,960,000$ and $\$ 2,382,000$, respectively.

The preferred shares carry a $5 \%$ cumulative dividend for the first five years and $9 \%$ thereafter if not redeemed. The preferred shares are redeemable after three years at par plus accrued dividends, or before three years if our Company raises Tier 1 capital in an amount equal to the preferred stock issued. The preferred stock generally does not have any voting rights, subject to an exception in the event our Company fails to pay dividends on the preferred stock for six or more quarterly periods, whether or not consecutive. Under such circumstances, the Treasury will be entitled to vote to elect two directors to the board until all unpaid dividends have been paid or declared and set apart for payment. Our Company is prohibited from paying any dividends with respect to shares of common stock unless all accrued and unpaid dividends are paid in full on the senior preferred stock for all past dividend periods. The Treasury Department may also transfer the senior preferred stock to a third party at any time.

The common stock warrant is exercisable immediately with a ten year term, in whole or in part, at an exercise price of $\$ 17.10$ per share. The preferred stock and warrant are classified as stockholders equity in the consolidated balance sheet and qualify, for regulatory capital purposes, as Tier I capital. For the three months ended March 31, 2011, our Company had declared and paid $\$ 378,000$ of dividends and amortized $\$ 119,000$ of accretion of the discount on preferred stock.

## (11) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares that were outstanding during the year. The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are as follows:

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HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC.<br>AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements<br>(Unaudited)

|  | For the Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2011 |  | 2010 |
| Basic earnings per common share: |  |  |  |  |
| Net income | \$ | 953,617 | \$ | 493,768 |
| Less: |  |  |  |  |
| Preferred stock dividends |  | 369,783 |  | 369,783 |
| Accretion of discount on preferred stock |  | 119,119 |  | 119,119 |
| Net income available to common shareholders | \$ | 464,715 | \$ | 4,866 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ | 0.10 | \$ | 0.00 |
| Diluted earnings per common share: |  |  |  |  |
| Net income | \$ | 953,617 | \$ | 493,768 |
| Less: |  |  |  |  |
| Preferred stock dividends |  | 369,783 |  | 369,783 |
| Accretion of discount on preferred stock |  | 119,119 |  | 119,119 |
| Net income available to common shareholders | \$ | 464,715 | \$ | 4,866 |
| Average shares outstanding |  | 4,474,033 |  | 4,474,033 |
| Effect of dilutive stock options |  |  |  |  |
| Average shares outstanding including dilutive stock options |  | 4,474,033 |  | 4,474,033 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ | 0.10 | \$ | 0.00 |

Under the treasury stock method, outstanding stock options are dilutive when the average market price of our Company s common stock, when combined with the effect of any unamortized compensation expense, exceeds the option price during the period, except when our Company has a loss from continuing operations available to common shareholders. In addition, proceeds from the assumed exercise of dilutive options along with the related tax benefit are assumed to be used to repurchase common shares at the average market price of such stock during the period.

The following options to purchase shares during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 were not included in the respective computations of diluted earnings per share because the exercise price of the option, when combined with the effect of the unamortized compensation expense, was greater than the average market price of the common shares and were considered anti-dilutive.

```
Three Months Ended
March 31,
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
Anti-dilutive shares & option shares & 250,491 & 250,491 \\
Anti-dilutive shares & warrant shares & 265,471 & 265,471
\end{tabular}

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HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. \\ AND SUBSIDIARIES \\ Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements \\ (Unaudited)
}

\section*{(12) Fair Value Measurements}

Our Company uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities. The FASB ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, defines fair value, establishes a framework for the measurement of fair value, and enhances disclosures about fair value measurements. The standard applies whenever other standards require (permit) assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value but does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. In this standard, FASB clarified the principle that fair value should be based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability. In support of this principle, the standard establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the information used to develop those assumptions. As of the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, there were no transfers into or out of Level 2.

The fair value hierarchy is as follows:
Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These might include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3 Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and significant to the fair value. These may be internally developed using our Company s best information and assumptions that a market participant would consider.
ASC Topic 820 also provides guidance on determining fair value when the volume and level of activity for the asset or liability has significantly decreased and on identifying circumstances when a transaction may not be considered orderly.

Our Company is required to disclose assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis separate from those measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. Nonfinancial assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis would include foreclosed real estate, long-lived assets, and core deposit intangible assets, which are reviewed when circumstances or other events indicate that impairment may have occurred.
Valuation methods for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis
Following is a description of our Company s valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on a recurring basis:
Available-for-sale securities
Available-for-sale securities are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Available-for-sale securities is the only balance sheet category our Company is required, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), to carry at fair value on a recurring basis. Securities classified as available for sale are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs. For these securities, our Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, the U.S. Treasury yield curve, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the bond s terms and conditions, among other things.

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March 31, 2011
U.S. treasury

Government sponsored enterprises
\$ 1,023,047
\$
\(\begin{aligned} \$ 1,023,047 & \$ \\ 74,048,988 & \\ 110,102,728 & \\ 32,367,438 & \end{aligned}\)
32,367,438

Total
\$217,542,201
\$217,542,201
\$

December 31, 2010
U.S. treasury

Asset-backed securities
Obligations of states and political subdivisions
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
\(\$ 1,027,891\) & \(\$\) & \(\$ 1,027,891\) \\
\(53,341,551\) & & \(53,341,551\) \\
\(90,176,241\) & & \(90,176,241\) \\
\(34,431,867\) & & \(34,431,867\)
\end{tabular}

Total
\$178,977,550
\$178,977,550
\$
53,341,551
90,176,241
34,431,867

Valuation methods for instruments measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis
Following is a description of our Company s valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis:

\section*{Impaired Loans}

Our Company does not record loans at fair value on a recurring basis other than loans that are considered impaired. The net carrying value of impaired loans is generally based on fair values of the underlying collateral obtained through independent appraisals or internal evaluations, or by discounting the total expected future cash flows. Once the fair value of the collateral has been determined and any impairment amount calculated, a specific reserve allocation is made. Because many of these inputs are not observable, the measurements are classified as Level 3. As of March 31, 2011, our Company identified \(\$ 23.7\) million in impaired loans that had specific allowances for losses aggregating \(\$ 3.7\) million. Related to these loans, there was \(\$ 3.1\) million in charge-offs recorded during 2011.
Other Real Estate Owned and Repossessed Assets
Other real estate owned and repossessed assets consist of loan collateral which has been repossessed through foreclosure. This collateral is comprised of commercial and residential real estate and other non-real estate property,
including autos, manufactured homes, and construction equipment. Other real estate owned assets are recorded as held for sale initially at the lower of the loan balance or fair value of the collateral less estimated selling costs. Our Company relies on external appraisals and assessment of property values by our internal staff. In the case of non-real estate collateral, reliance is placed on a variety of sources, including external estimates of value and judgment based on experience and expertise of internal specialists. Subsequent to foreclosure, valuations are updated periodically, and the assets may be written down to reflect a new cost basis. Because many of these inputs are not observable, the measurements are classified as Level 3.

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\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Description & Fair Value & 1) & & & (Level 3) & & Losses)* \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{March 31, 2011} \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Impaired loans:} \\
\hline Commercial, financial, \& agricultural & \$ 748,760 & \$ & \$ & \$ & 748,760 & \$ & \((784,866)\) \\
\hline Real estate construction residential & 129,982 & & & & 129,982 & & \((1,492,875)\) \\
\hline Real estate construction commercial & 1,693,247 & & & & 1,693,247 & & \\
\hline Real estate mortgage residential & 3,720,279 & & & & 3,720,279 & & \((716,984)\) \\
\hline Real estate mortgage commercial & 13,700,752 & & & & 13,700,752 & & \((156,313)\) \\
\hline Total & \$ 19,993,020 & \$ & \$ & \$ & 19,993,020 & \$ & \((3,151,038)\) \\
\hline Other real estate owned and repossessed assets & \$ 15,425,721 & \$ & \$ & \$ & 15,425,721 & \$ & \((811,412)\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{December 31, 2010} \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Impaired loans:} \\
\hline Commercial, financial, \& agricultural & \$ 1,480,836 & \$ & \$ & \$ & 1,480,836 & \$ & \((1,634,544)\) \\
\hline Real estate construction residential & 263,870 & & & & 263,870 & & \((863,399)\) \\
\hline Real estate construction commercial & 3,284,371 & & & & 3,284,371 & & \((4,496,156)\) \\
\hline Real estate mortgage residential & 4,459,151 & & & & 4,459,151 & & \((3,971,927)\) \\
\hline Real estate mortgage commercial & 14,368,132 & & & & 14,368,132 & & \((3,626,892)\) \\
\hline Total & \$ 23,856,360 & \$ & \$ & \$ & 23,856,360 & & (14,592,918) \\
\hline Other real estate owned and repossessed assets & \$ 14,009,017 & \$ & \$ & \$ & 14,009,017 & & \((3,528,011)\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total gains (losses) reported for other real estate owned and repossessed assets includes charge offs, valuation write downs, and net losses taken during the periods reported.

\section*{(13) Fair Value of Financial Instruments}

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

\section*{Loans}

The fair value of loans is estimated based on present values using applicable risk-adjusted spreads to the U. S. Treasury curve to approximate current interest rates applicable to each category of such financial instruments. The net carrying amount of impaired loans is generally based on the fair values of collateral obtained through independent appraisals or internal evaluations, or by discounting the total expected future cash flows. This method of estimating fair value does not incorporate the exit-price concept of fair value prescribed by ASC Topic 820.

\section*{Investment Securities}

A detailed description of the fair value measurement of the debt instruments in the available for sale sections of the investment security portfolio is provided in the Fair Value Measurement section above. A schedule of investment securities by category and maturity is provided in the notes on Investment Securities.

\section*{Federal Funds Sold, Cash, and Due from Banks}

For federal funds sold, cash, and due from banks, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value, as such instruments reprice in a short time period.

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\section*{Mortgage Servicing Rights}

The fair value of mortgage servicing rights is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows utilizing servicing rate, constant prepayment rate, servicing cost, and discount rate factors.

\section*{Accrued Interest Receivable and Payable}

For accrued interest receivable and payable, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value because of the short maturity for these financial instruments.

\section*{Deposits}

The fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, such as noninterest-bearing demand, NOW accounts, savings, and money market, is equal to the amount payable on demand. The fair value of time deposits is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows. The discount rate is estimated using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.
Securities Sold under Agreements to Repurchase and Interest-bearing Demand Notes to U.S. Treasury
For securities sold under agreements to repurchase and interest-bearing demand notes to U.S. Treasury, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value, as such instruments reprice in a short time period.

\section*{Other Borrowings}

The fair value of subordinated notes and other borrowings, Federal Home Loan borrowings, is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows. The discount rate is estimated using the rates currently offered for other borrowed money of similar remaining maturities.

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}

A summary of the carrying amounts and fair values of our Company \(s\) financial instruments for the periods stated is as follows:
\begin{tabular}{lrrrrrrr} 
Assets: & \(\$ 862,079,077\) & \(\$\) & \(866,484,000\) & \(\$\) & \(883,907,596\) & \(\$\) & \(889,291,000\) \\
Loans & & \(217,542,201\) & & \(217,542,201\) & \(178,977,550\) & \(178,977,550\) \\
Investment in debt securities & & & & & \\
Federal fund sold and securities & 142,111 & & 142,111 & 125,815 & 125,815 \\
purchased under agreements to resell & & \(37,887,136\) & \(37,887,136\) & \(50,853,985\) & \(50,853,985\) \\
Cash and due from banks & \(2,327,929\) & \(2,998,000\) & \(2,355,990\) & \(3,027,000\) \\
Mortgage servicing rights & \(5,648,193\) & \(5,648,193\) & \(5,733,684\) & \(5,733,684\) \\
Accrued interest receivable & & & & \\
& \(\$ 1,125,626,647\) & \(\$ 1,130,701,641\) & \(\$ 1,121,954,620\) & \(\$ 1,128,009,034\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Liabilities:}

Deposits:
Demand
NOW
Savings
Money market
Time
March 31, 2011
Carrying Fair
\begin{tabular}{cc} 
December 31, 2010 \\
Carrying & Fair \\
amount & value
\end{tabular}
\(\$ 1,125,626,647 \quad \$ 1,130,701,641 \quad \$ 1,121,954,620 \quad \$ 1,128,009,034\)

Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase
Subordinated notes
Other borrowings
Accrued interest payable
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
\(\$ 142,194,780\) & \(\$\) & \(142,194,780\) & \(\$\) & \(137,749,571\) & \(\$\) \\
\(189,877,607\) & & \(189,877,607\) & & \(160,225,356\) & \\
\(60,453,191\) & \(60,453,191\) & & \(54,722,129\) & & \(54,722,57,129\) \\
\(150,995,876\) & & \(150,995,876\) & & \(164,190,054\) & \\
\(422,504,265\) & \(429,783,000\) & & \(429,775,546\) & \(437,190,054\) \\
& & & & \\
& & & & \\
\(29,045,521\) & \(29,045,521\) & & \(30,068,453\) & & \(30,068,453\) \\
\(49,486,000\) & \(21,698,000\) & \(49,486,000\) & \(21,105,000\) \\
\(51,821,482\) & \(53,954,000\) & \(66,985,978\) & \(69,329,000\) \\
\(1,604,609\) & \(1,604,609\) & & \(1,491,503\) & \(1,491,503\) \\
& & & & \\
\(\$ 1,097,983,331\) & \(\$ 1,079,606,584\) & \(\$ 1,094,694,590\) & \(\$ 1,076,877,066\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Off-Balance Sheet Financial Instruments}

The fair value of commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit are estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements, the likelihood of the counterparties drawing on such financial instruments, and the present creditworthiness of such counterparties. Our Company believes such commitments have been made on terms, which are competitive in the markets in which it operates. See Note 16 for further discussion.

\section*{Limitations}

The fair value estimates provided are made at a point in time based on market information and information about the financial instruments. Because no market exists for a portion of our Company \(s\) financial instruments, fair value
estimates are based on judgments regarding future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the fair value estimates.

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\section*{(14) Pending Litigation}

Our Company and its subsidiaries are defendants in various legal actions incidental to our Company s past and current business activities. At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, our Company s consolidated balance sheets included liabilities for these legal actions of \(\$ 273,000\) and \(\$ 275,000\), respectively. Based on our Company s analysis, and considering the inherent uncertainties associated with litigation, we do not believe that it is reasonably possible that these legal actions will materially adversely affect our Company s consolidated financial statements or results of operations in the near term.

On November 18, 2010, a suit was filed against Hawthorn Bank (the Bank) in the Circuit Court of Jackson County for the Eastern Division of Missouri state court by a customer alleging that the fees associated with the Bank s automated overdraft program in connection with its debit card and ATM cards constitute unlawful interest in violation of Missouri s usury laws. The suit seeks class-action status for Bank customers who have paid overdraft fees on their checking accounts. The Bank has filed for a motion to dismiss the suit. At this early stage of the litigation, it is not possible for management of the Bank to determine the probability of a material adverse outcome or reasonably estimate the amount of any potential loss.

On December 17, 2009, a suit was filed against Hawthorn Bank (the Bank) in Circuit Court of Jackson County for the Eastern Division of Missouri state court by a customer alleging that the Bank had not followed through on its commitment to fund a loan request. A jury found in favor of the customer and as of March 31, 2011, our Company is carrying a liability of \(\$ 273,000\) representing the balance its estimated obligation. Our Company is currently in the early stages of the appeals process and the probable outcome is presently not determinable.

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\section*{Item 2 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition And Results of Operations}

\section*{Forward-Looking Statements}

This report contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business of our Company and its subsidiaries, including, without limitation:
statements that are not historical in nature, and
statements preceded by, followed by or that include the words believes, expects, may, will, should, could, anticipates, estimates, intends or similar expressions.
Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance or results. They involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements due to, among others, the following factors:
competitive pressures among financial services companies may increase significantly,
changes in the interest rate environment may reduce interest margins,
general economic conditions, either nationally or in Missouri, may be less favorable than expected and may adversely affect the quality of our loans and other assets,
increases in non-performing assets in our loan portfolios and adverse economic conditions may necessitate increases to our provisions for loan losses,
costs or difficulties related to the integration of the business of our Company and its acquisition targets may be greater than expected,
legislative or regulatory changes may adversely affect the business in which our Company and its subsidiaries are engaged, including those discussed below in the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010, and
changes may occur in the securities markets.
The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010, or the Dodd-Frank Act, was enacted on July 21, 2010. Provisions of the Act address many issues including, but not limited to, capital, interchange fees, compliance and risk management, debit card overdraft fees, the establishment of a new consumer regulator, healthcare, incentive compensation, expanded disclosures and corporate governance. While many of the new regulations under the Act are expected to primarily impact financial institutions with assets greater than \(\$ 10\) billion, our Company expects these new regulations could reduce our revenues and increase our expenses in the future. Management is currently assessing the impact of the Act and of the regulations anticipated to be promulgated under the Act.

We have described under the caption Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 and in other reports that we file with the SEC from time to time, additional factors that could cause actual results to be materially different from those described in the forward-looking statements. Other factors that we have not identified in this report could also have this effect. You are cautioned not to put undue reliance on any forward-looking statement, which speak only as of the date they were made.

\section*{Overview}

Our Company, Hawthorn Bancshares, Inc., is a community-based, financial institution bank holding company headquartered in Lee s Summit, Missouri. Our Company was incorporated under the laws of the State of Missouri on October 23, 1992 as Exchange National Bancshares, Inc. and changed its name to Hawthorn Bancshares, Inc. in August 2007. Our Company owns all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Union State Bancshares, Inc., which in turn owns all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of Hawthorn Bank. Our Company conducts
operations primarily through our Bank. Our Bank, a state charted bank, had \(\$ 1.20\) billion in assets at March 31, 2011, and 24 full-service banking offices, including its principal office in Jefferson City, Missouri. Our Bank is committed to providing the most up-to-date financial products and services and delivering these products and services to our market area with superior customer service.

Through our branch network, our Bank provides a broad range of commercial and personal banking services, including certificates of deposit, individual retirement and other time deposit accounts, checking and other demand deposit accounts, interest checking accounts, savings accounts, and money market accounts. We also provide a wide range of lending

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services, including real estate, commercial, installment, and other consumer loans. Other financial services that we provide include automatic teller machines, trust services, credit related insurance, and safe deposit boxes. The geographic areas in which we provide our products and services include the communities in and surrounding Jefferson City, Clinton, Warsaw, Springfield, Branson and Lee s Summit, Missouri. The products and services are offered to customers primarily within these geographical areas.

Our Company s primary source of revenue is net interest income derived primarily from lending and deposit taking activities. A secondary source of revenue is investment income. Our Company also derives income from trust, brokerage, credit card and mortgage banking activities and service charge income.

\section*{CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES}

The following accounting policies are considered most critical to the understanding of our Company s financial condition and results of operations. These critical accounting policies require management s most difficult, subjective and complex judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain. Because these estimates and judgments are based on current circumstances, they may change over time or prove to be inaccurate based on actual experiences. In the event that different assumptions or conditions were to prevail, and depending upon the severity of such changes, the possibility of a materially different financial condition and/or results of operations could reasonably be expected. The impact and any associated risks related to our critical accounting policies on our business operations is discussed throughout Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, where such polices affect our reported and expected financial results.

\section*{Allowance for Loan Losses}

We have identified the accounting policy related to the allowance for loan losses as critical to the understanding of our Company s results of operations, since the application of this policy requires significant management assumptions and estimates that could result in materially different amounts to be reported if conditions or underlying circumstances were to change. Further discussion of the methodology used in establishing the allowance and the impact of any associated risks related to these policies on our business operations is discussed in the Lending and Credit Management section below. Many of the loans are deemed collateral dependent for purposes of the measurement of the impairment loss, thus the fair value of the underlying collateral and sensitivity of such fair values due to changing market conditions, supply and demand, condition of the collateral and other factors can be volatile over periods of time. Such volatility can have an impact on the financial performance of our Company.

\section*{Other Real Estate Owned and Repossessed Assets}

Other real estate owned and repossessed assets consist of loan collateral which has been repossessed through foreclosure. This collateral is comprised of commercial and residential real estate and other non-real estate property, including autos, manufactured homes, and construction equipment. Other real estate owned assets are initially recorded as held for sale at the lower of the loan balance or fair value of the collateral less estimated selling costs. Any adjustment is recorded as a charge-off against the allowance for loan losses. Our Company relies on external appraisals and assessment of property values by internal staff. In the case of non-real estate collateral, reliance is placed on a variety of sources, including external estimates of value and judgment based on experience and expertise of internal specialists. Subsequent to foreclosure, valuations are updated periodically, and the assets may be written down to reflect a new cost basis. The write-downs are recorded as other real estate expense. Our Company establishes a valuation allowance related to other real estate owned on an asset-by-asset basis. The valuation allowance is created during the holding period when the fair value less cost to sell is lower than the cost of a parcel of other real estate.

\section*{Valuation of Investment Securities}

At the time of purchase, debt securities are classified into one of two categories: available-for-sale or held-to-maturity. Held-to-maturity securities are those securities which our Company has the positive intent and ability to hold until maturity. All debt securities not classified as held-to-maturity are classified as available-for-sale. Our Company s securities are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at fair value. Changes in fair value, excluding certain losses associated with other-than-temporary impairment, are reported in other comprehensive income, net of taxes, a component of stockholders equity. Securities are periodically evaluated for other-than-temporary impairment in accordance with guidance provided in the FASB ASC Topic 320, Investments Debt and Equity Securities. For those securities with other-than-temporary impairment, the entire loss in fair value is required to be recognized in current
earnings if our Company intends to sell the securities or believes it more likely than not that it will be required to sell the security before the anticipated recovery.

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If neither condition is met, but our Company does not expect to recover the amortized cost basis, our Company determines whether a credit loss has occurred, which is then recognized in current earnings. The amount of the total other-than-temporary impairment related to all other factors is recognized in other comprehensive income. Premiums and discounts are amortized using the interest method over the lives of the respective securities, with consideration of historical and estimated prepayment rates for mortgage-backed securities, as an adjustment to yield. Dividend and interest income are recognized when earned. Realized gains and losses for securities classified as available-for-sale are included in earnings based on the specific identification method for determining the cost of securities sold.

\section*{Income Taxes}

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset / liability method by recognizing the amount of taxes payable or refundable for the current period and deferred tax assets and liabilities for future tax consequences of events that been that have been recognized in an entity s financial statements or tax returns. Judgment is required in addressing our Company s future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our consolidated financial statements or tax returns such as realization of the effects of temporary differences, net operating loss carry forward, and changes in tax laws or interpretations thereof. A valuation allowance is established when in the judgment of management, it is more likely than not that such deferred tax assets will not become realizable. In this case, our Company would adjust the recorded value of our deferred tax asset, which would result in a direct charge to income tax expense in the period that the determination was made. Given the sensitivity of our Company s financial performance to changes in net interest margins and increasing reserves associated with loan losses and other real estate owned, sustained negative financial performance could provide sufficient negative evidence to necessitate a deferred tax asset valuation allowance. In addition, our Company is subject to the continuous examination of our tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service and other taxing authorities. Our Company accrues for interest related to income taxes in income tax expense. Total interest expense recognized was \(\$ 4,000\) and \(\$ 9,000\) as of March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. As of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, total accrued interest was \(\$ 37,000\) and \(\$ 31,000\), respectively.

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\section*{SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA}

The following table presents selected consolidated financial information for our Company as of and for each of the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. The selected consolidated financial data should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements of our Company, including the accompanying notes, presented elsewhere herein.

\section*{Selected Financial Data}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{(In thousands, except per share data)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Three Months Ended March 31,} \\
\hline & 2011 & 2010 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Per Share Data} \\
\hline Basic earnings per common share & \$ 0.10 & \$ \\
\hline Diluted earnings per common share & 0.10 & \\
\hline Dividends paid on preferred stock & 378 & 378 \\
\hline Amortization of discount on preferred stock & 119 & 119 \\
\hline Dividends paid on common stock & 224 & 473 \\
\hline Book value per common share & 16.31 & 18.38 \\
\hline Market price common stock & 9.03 & 11.69 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Selected Ratios} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{(Based on average balance sheets)} \\
\hline Return on average total assets & 0.32\% & 0.16\% \\
\hline Return on average common stockholders equity & 2.56\% & 0.02\% \\
\hline Average common stockholders equity to average total assets & 6.10\% & 6.37\% \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{(Based on end-of-period data)} \\
\hline Efficiency ratio (1) & 74.80\% & 74.10\% \\
\hline Period-end stockholders equity to period-end assets & 8.46\% & 8.53\% \\
\hline Period-end common stockholders equity to period-end assets & 6.06\% & 6.27\% \\
\hline Total risk-based capital ratio & 17.29 & 16.68 \\
\hline Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio & 14.51 & 14.19 \\
\hline Leverage ratio & 11.12 & 11.20 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(1) Efficiency ratio is calculated as non-interest expense as a percent of revenue. Total revenue includes net interest and non-interest income.

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\section*{RESULTS OF OPERATIONS ANALYSIS}

Our Company has prepared all of the consolidated financial information in this report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). In preparing the consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, our Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. There can be no assurances that actual results will not differ from those estimates.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{(Dollars in thousands)} & \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Three months ended March} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
\$ \\
Change \\
11- 10
\end{tabular}}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
\% \\
Change \\
11-10
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline & & 2011 & & 2010 & & & \\
\hline Net interest income & \$ & 10,481 & \$ & 10,311 & \$ & 170 & 1.6\% \\
\hline Provision for loan losses & & 1,750 & & 2,505 & & (755) & (30.1) \\
\hline Noninterest income & & 2,052 & & 2,006 & & 46 & 2.3 \\
\hline Noninterest expense & & 9,378 & & 9,131 & & 247 & 2.7 \\
\hline Income before income taxes & & 1,405 & & 681 & & 724 & 106.3 \\
\hline Income tax expense & & 451 & & 187 & & 264 & 141.2 \\
\hline Net income & \$ & 954 & \$ & 494 & \$ & 460 & 93.1\% \\
\hline Less: preferred dividends & & 370 & & 370 & & & \\
\hline and accretion of discount & & 119 & & 119 & & & \\
\hline Net income available to common shareholders & \$ & 465 & \$ & 5 & \$ & 460 & 9,200.0\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Our Company s consolidated net income of \$954,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 increased \(\$ 460,000\) compared to net income of \(\$ 494,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Our Company recorded preferred stock dividends and accretion on preferred stock of \(\$ 489,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011, resulting in \(\$ 465,000\) of net income available for common shareholders compared to net income of \(\$ 5,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Diluted earnings per share increased from \(\$ 0.00\) per common share to \(\$ 0.10\) per common share. Although the provision for loan losses decreased \(\$ 755,000\), or \(30.1 \%\), from March 31, 2010 to March 31, 2011, net income continued to be negatively impacted by the higher provisions our Company has been experiencing during this current economy. Our Company s net interest income increased to \(\$ 10,481,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 10,311,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The annualized return on average assets was \(0.32 \%\), the annualized return on average common stockholders equity was \(2.56 \%\), and the efficiency ratio was \(74.8 \%\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Net interest margin increased from \(3.61 \%\) to \(3.84 \%\). Net interest income, on a tax equivalent basis, increased \(\$ 144,000\), or \(1.4 \%\), for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2011.

Total assets at March 31, 2011 were \(\$ 1,204,547,000\) compared to \(\$ 1,200,172,000\) at December 31, 2010, an increase of \(\$ 4,375,000\), or \(0.4 \%\). On July 1, 2010, our Company distributed a four percent stock dividend for the second consecutive year to common shareholders of record at the close of business May 19, 2010. For all periods presented, share information, including basic and diluted earnings per share, have been adjusted retroactively to reflect the change.

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\section*{Average Balance Sheets}

The following table presents average balance sheets, net interest income, average yields of earning assets, average costs of interest bearing liabilities, net interest spread and net interest margin on a fully taxable equivalent basis for each of the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and March 31, 2010.
(Dollars In thousands)
Average
Balance

The Three Months Ended March 31,
\begin{tabular}{lcl} 
2011 & & \\
Interest & Rate & \\
Income/ & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Earned/ \\
Expense(1)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Average \\
Paid(1)
\end{tabular} \\
Balance
\end{tabular}

2010
\begin{tabular}{cc} 
Interest & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Rate \\
Income/ \\
Expense(
\end{tabular} \\
Paid(1)
\end{tabular}

ASSETS
Loans: (2) (4)
Commercial
Real estate construction residential
Real estate construction commercial
Real estate mortgage residential
Real estate mortgage commercial
Consumer
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrrrr}
\(\$ 128,986\) & \(\$\) & 1,737 & \(5.46 \%\) & \(\$ 148,251\) & \(\$ 1,994\) & \(5.45 \%\) \\
32,317 & 417 & 5.23 & 38,744 & 508 & 5.32 \\
55,288 & & 604 & 4.43 & 77,268 & 657 & 3.45 \\
& & & & & & & \\
205,345 & 2,915 & 5.76 & 231,757 & 3,250 & 5.69 \\
& & & & & \\
432,766 & 5,908 & 5.54 & 448,632 & 6,344 & 5.73 \\
30,767 & 535 & 7.05 & 36,397 & 696 & 7.76
\end{tabular}

Investment in securities:
(3)
U.S. treasury
Government sponsored enterprises
Asset backed securities
State and municipal
Restricted Investments
Federal funds sold
Interest bearing deposits in other financial institutions

Total interest earning assets
All other assets
Allowance for loan losses
\(1,123,767\)
98,967
\((14,577)\)

13,742
4.96

1,179,282 15,058
5.18

Total assets
\$ 1,208,157
\$ 1,258,212
LIABILITIES AND
STOCKHOLDERS
EQUITY
\(\begin{array}{lrrrlrrrrr}\text { NOW accounts } & \$ 189,883 & \$ & 275 & 0.59 \% & \$ & 176,736 & \$ & 276 & 0.63 \% \\ \text { Savings } & 57,155 & & 34 & 0.24 & 49,286 & 32 & 0.26 \\ \text { Money market } & 157,871 & & 174 & 0.45 & 169,496 & 323 & 0.77 \\ & 123,428 & & 463 & 1.52 & & 136,170 & & 711 & 2.12\end{array}\)

Time deposits of \(\$ 100,000\) and over
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Other time deposits & 302,249 & & 1,424 & 1.91 & 326,958 & 1,999 & 2.48 \\
\hline Total time deposits & 830,586 & & 2,370 & 1.16 & 858,646 & 3,341 & 1.58 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Federal funds purchased and securities sold under} \\
\hline agreements to repurchase & 29,993 & & 13 & 0.18 & 33,734 & 21 & 0.25 \\
\hline Subordinated notes & 49,486 & & 399 & 3.27 & 49,486 & 524 & 4.29 \\
\hline Other borrowed money & 56,929 & & 320 & 2.28 & 77,638 & 676 & 3.53 \\
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{Total interest bearing} \\
\hline liabilities & 966,994 & & 3,102 & 1.30 & 1,019,504 & 4,562 & 1.81 \\
\hline Demand deposits & 134,203 & & & & 123,096 & & \\
\hline Other liabilities & 4,430 & & & & 7,071 & & \\
\hline Total liabilities & 1,105,627 & & & & 1,149,671 & & \\
\hline Stockholders equity & 102,530 & & & & 108,541 & & \\
\hline Total liabilities and stockholders equity & \$ 1,208,157 & & & & \$ 1,258,212 & & \\
\hline Net interest income (FTE) & & \$ & 10,640 & & & \$ 10,496 & \\
\hline Net interest spread & & & & 3.66\% & & & 3.37\% \\
\hline Net interest margin & & & & 3.84\% & & & 3.61\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(1) Interest income and yields are presented on a fully taxable equivalent basis using the Federal statutory income tax rate of \(35 \%\), net of nondeductible interest expense. Such adjustments totaled \(\$ 160,000\) and \(\$ 185,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011and 2010, respectively.
(2) Non-accruing loans are included in the average amounts outstanding.

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(3) Average balances based on amortized cost.
(4) Fees and costs on loans are included in interest income.

\section*{Comparison of the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010}

Financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2010 included an increase in net interest income, on a tax equivalent basis, of \(\$ 144,000\), or \(1.4 \%\). Average interest-earning assets decreased \(\$ 55,515,000\), or \(4.7 \%\) to \(\$ 1,123,767,000\) at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 1,179,282,000\) at March 31, 2010 and average interest bearing liabilities decreased \(\$ 52,510,000\), or \(5.2 \%\), to \(\$ 966,994,000\) at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 1,019,504,000\) at March 31, 2010.

Average loans outstanding decreased \(\$ 95,580,000\) or \(9.7 \%\) to \(\$ 885,469,000\) at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 981,049,000\) for at March 31, 2010. See the Lending and Credit Management section of this discussion for further discussion of changes in the composition of our lending portfolio.
The following is a summary of the changes in average loan balance by major class within our Company s loan portfolio:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{(Dollars in thousands)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Three Months Ended March 31,} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\$ \\
\text { Change } \\
\text { 11- } 10
\end{gathered}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\% \\
\text { Change } \\
\text { 11- } 10
\end{gathered}
\]} \\
\hline & 2011 & 2010 & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Average loans:} \\
\hline Commercial & \$128,986 & \$148,251 & \$ \((19,265)\) & (13.0)\% \\
\hline Real estate construction residential & 32,317 & 38,744 & \((6,427)\) & (16.6) \\
\hline Real estate construction commercial & 55,288 & 77,268 & \((21,980)\) & (28.4) \\
\hline Real estate mortgage residential & 205,345 & 231,757 & \((26,412)\) & (11.4) \\
\hline Real estate mortgage commercial & 432,766 & 448,632 & \((15,866)\) & (3.5) \\
\hline Consumer & 30,767 & 36,397 & \((5,630)\) & (15.5) \\
\hline Total & \$885,469 & \$981,049 & \$ 95,580\()\) & (9.7)\% \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Average investment securities and federal funds sold increased \(\$ 37,872,000\) or \(23.6 \%\) to \(\$ 198,436,000\) at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 160,564,000\) at March 31, 2010. Average interest bearing deposits in other financial institutions increased \(\$ 3,094,000\) to \(\$ 34,035,000\) at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 30,941,000\) at March 31, 2010. See the Liquidity Management section below for further discussion.

The overall decrease in average interest bearing liabilities was due to a decrease in time deposits and other borrowed money. Average time deposits decreased \(\$ 28,060,000\), or \(3.3 \%\), to \(\$ 830,586,000\) at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 858,646,000\) at March 31, 2010. Average other borrowed money decreased \(\$ 20,709,000\) or \(26.7 \%\) to \(\$ 56,929,000\) at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 77,638,000\) at March 31, 2010. The decrease in 2011 reflects a net decrease in Federal Home Loan Bank advances.

\section*{Rate and volume analysis}

The following table summarizes the changes in net interest income on a fully taxable equivalent basis, by major category of interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities, indentifying changes related to volumes and rates for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2010. The change in interest due to the combined rate/volume variance has been allocated to rate and volume changes in proportion to the absolute dollar amounts of change in each.

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\begin{tabular}{lrrr} 
& \multicolumn{2}{c}{ Three Monthes Ended March 31, } \\
2011 vs. 2010 \\
Change due to \\
Average \\
Rate
\end{tabular}
(1) Interest income and yields are presented on a fully taxable equivalent basis using the Federal statutory income tax rate of \(35 \%\), net of
nondeductible interest expense. Such adjustments totaled \(\$ 160,000\) and \(\$ 185,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.
(2) Non-accruing loans are included in the average amounts outstanding.
(3) Fees and costs on loans are included in interest income.

Net interest income on a fully taxable equivalent basis increased \(\$ 144,000\), or \(1.4 \%\), to \(\$ 10,640,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 10,496,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Measured as a percentage of average earning assets, the net interest margin (expressed on a fully taxable equivalent basis) increased from \(3.61 \%\) for the three months ended March 31, 2010 to \(3.84 \%\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Our Company s net interest spread increased to \(3.66 \%\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011 from \(3.37 \%\) for the three months ended March 31, 2010.

While our Company was able to decrease the rate paid on interest bearing liabilities to \(1.30 \%\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011 from \(1.81 \%\) for the three months ended March 31, 2010, this decrease was partially offset by the decrease in the rates earned on interest bearing assets from 5.18\% in 2010 to \(4.96 \%\) in 2011.

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Non-interest Income and Expense
Non-interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 were as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{(Dollars in thousands)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Three Months Ended March 31,} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\$ \\
Change
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\% \\
Change
\end{tabular} \\
\hline & 2011 & 2010 & 11-10 & 11-10 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Non-interest Income} \\
\hline Service charges on deposit accounts & \$ 1,311 & \$ 1,296 & \$ 15 & 1.2\% \\
\hline Trust department income & 195 & 179 & 16 & 8.9 \\
\hline Gain on sales of mortgage loans, net & 246 & 225 & 21 & 9.3 \\
\hline Other & 300 & 306 & (6) & (2.0) \\
\hline Total non-interest income & \$2,052 & \$2,006 & \$46 & 2.3\% \\
\hline Non-interest income as a \% of total revenue * & 16.4\% & 16.3\% & & \\
\hline Total revenue per full time equivalent employee & \$ 37.0 & \$ 35.8 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
* Total revenue is calculated as net interest income plus non-interest income

Noninterest income increased \(\$ 46,000\) or \(2.3 \%\) to \(\$ 2,052,000\) for the three months ended March 31,2011 compared to \(\$ 2,006,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The increase was primarily the result of a \(\$ 21,000\) increase in the gains on sales of mortgage loans, a \(\$ 16,000\) increase in trust department income, and a \(\$ 15,000\) increase in service charges on deposit accounts. During the first three months of 2011, our Company experienced a slight increase in refinancing activity impacting both volumes of loans sold and gains recognized compared to the first three months of 2010 . Our Company was servicing \(\$ 300,773,000\) of mortgage loans at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 298,325,000\) at December 31, 2010, and \(\$ 271,284,000\) at March 31, 2010. Our Company had no sales of debt securities during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.
Non-interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 were as follows:
(Dollars in thousands)
Non-interest Expense
\begin{tabular}{lrrrr} 
Salaries & \(\$ 3,560\) & \(\$ 3,520\) & \(\$ 40\) & \(1.1 \%\) \\
Employee benefits & 1,117 & 1,137 & \((20)\) & \((1.8)\) \\
Occupancy expense, net & 638 & 622 & 16 & 2.6 \\
Furniture and equipment expense & 507 & 492 & 15 & 3.0 \\
FDIC insurance assessment & 479 & 410 & 69 & 16.8 \\
Legal, examination, and professional fees & 491 & 247 & 244 & 98.8 \\
Advertising and promotion & 232 & 278 & \((46)\) & \((16.5)\) \\
Postage, printing, and supplies & 269 & 288 & \((19)\) & \((6.6)\) \\
Processing expense & 822 & 850 & \((28)\) & \((3.3)\) \\
Other real estate expense & 492 & 507 & \((15)\) & \((3.0)\) \\
Other & 771 & 780 & \((9)\) & \((1.2)\) \\
Total non-interest expense & \(\$ 9,378\) & \(\$ 9,131\) & \(\$ 247\) & \(2.7 \%\)
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{lcc} 
Efficiency ratio* & \(74.8 \%\) & \(74.1 \%\) \\
Salaries and benefits as a \% of total non-interest & \(49.9 \%\) & \(51.0 \%\) \\
expense * & 339 & 344
\end{tabular}

Noninterest expense increased \(\$ 247,000\), or \(2.7 \%\), to \(\$ 9,378,000\) for the first three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 9,131,000\) for the first three months ended March 31, 2010. The increase was primarily a result of a \$244,000,

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or \(98.8 \%\), increase in legal, examination, and professional fees. The increase in legal, examination, and professional fees included a \(\$ 35,000\) increase in legal fees, \(\$ 55,000\) increase in audit fees, and a \(\$ 157,000\) increase in consulting fees. The increase in the legal fees primarily relates to fees incurred on pending litigation. See Note 14 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for further explanation. The increase in audit fees reflects a review of our Company s loan files for Home Loan Mortgage Act compliance, and the increase in consulting fees was primarily due to a human resource best practices and profitability consulting project.

\section*{Income taxes}

Income taxes as a percentage of earnings before income taxes as reported in the consolidated financial statements were \(32.1 \%\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to \(27.5 \%\) for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2011 reflects a decrease in tax-exempt income as a percentage of total taxable income.

\section*{Lending and Credit Management}

Interest earned on the loan portfolio is a primary source of interest income for our Company. Net loans represented \(71.6 \%\) of total assets as of March 31, 2011 compared to \(73.7 \%\) as of December 31, 2010.

Lending activities are conducted pursuant to an established loan policy approved by our Bank s Board of Directors. The Bank s credit review process is comprised of a regional loan committee with an established approval limit. In addition, a senior loan committee reviews all credit relationships in aggregate over an established dollar amount. The senior loan committee meets weekly and is comprised of senior managers of the Bank.
A summary of loans, by major class within our Company s loan portfolio as of the dates indicated are as follows:
\begin{tabular}{lrcrc} 
& \multicolumn{2}{c}{ March 31, } & \multicolumn{2}{c}{ December 31, } \\
(In thousands) & \multicolumn{2}{c}{ 2011 } & 2010 \\
& Amount & \% & Amount & \% \\
Commercial, financial, and agricultural & \(\$ 126,365\) & \(14.5 \%\) & \(\$ 131,382\) & \(14.6 \%\) \\
Real estate construction residential & 29,543 & 3.4 & 31,834 & 3.5 \\
Real estate construction commercial & 52,274 & 6.0 & 56,053 & 6.2 \\
Real estate mortgage residential & 203,590 & 23.3 & 207,835 & 23.1 \\
Real estate mortgage commercial & 430,998 & 49.2 & 439,069 & 48.9 \\
Installment loans to individuals & 31,534 & 3.6 & 32,132 & 3.6 \\
Deferred fees and costs, net & 177 & & 167 & \\
& & & & \(100 \%\)
\end{tabular}

Our Company s loan portfolio decreased \(\$ 23,991,000\), or \(2.7 \%\) from December 31, 2010 to March 31, 2011, primarily due to repayments, charge-offs and transfers to other real estate owned. During the first three months of 2011 our Company experienced reduced loan demand, thus loan pay-downs and payoffs exceeded new originations. This decrease was seen throughout our Company s loan portfolio. Gross loans charged-off of \(\$ 4,138,000\) and \(\$ 4,175,000\) of assets transferred from loans to other real estate owned and repossessed assets contributed to this decline.

During the current down-turn in the economy, management continues to focus on the improvement of asset quality. Management has tightened underwriting standards and is focused on lending to credit worthy borrowers with the capacity to service the debts. Where appropriate, management actively works with existing borrowers to modify loan terms and conditions in order to assist the borrowers in servicing their debt obligations to our Company. The decrease in lending activities in the real estate construction market also reflects the slowdown in the housing industry and residential construction industry as well as foreclosures on various residential construction properties. Construction lending will continue to be closely monitored.

Our Company does not participate in extending credit to sub-prime residential real estate markets. Our Company extends credit to its local community market through traditional real estate mortgage products.

Our Company does not lend funds for the type of transactions defined as highly leveraged by bank regulatory authorities or for foreign loans. Additionally, our Company does not have any concentrations of loans exceeding 10\% of total loans which are not otherwise disclosed in the loan portfolio composition table. Our Company does not have any

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interest-earning assets which would have been included in nonaccrual, past due, or restructured loans if such assets were loans.

Our Company generally does not retain long-term fixed rate residential mortgage loans in its portfolio. Fixed rate loans conforming to standards required by the secondary market are offered to qualified borrowers, but are not funded until our Company has a non-recourse purchase commitment from the secondary market at a predetermined price. During the quarter our Company sold \(\$ 12,049,000\) of loans to investors. At March 31, 2011our Company was servicing approximately \(\$ 300,773,000\) of loans sold to the secondary market.

Real estate mortgage loans retained in our Company s portfolio generally include provisions for rate adjustments at one to three year intervals. Commercial loans and real estate construction loans generally have maturities of less than one year. Installment loans to individuals are primarily fixed rate loans with maturities from one to five years.

Management along with senior loan committee, and internal loan review, formally review all loans in excess of certain dollar amounts (periodically established) at least annually. Currently, loans in excess of \$2,000,000 in aggregate and all adversely classified credits identified by management as containing more than usual risk are reviewed. In addition, loans below the above scope are reviewed on a sample basis. On a monthly basis, the senior loan committee reviews and reports to the Board of Directors past due, classified, and watch list loans in order to classify or reclassify loans as loans requiring attention, substandard, doubtful, or loss. During this review, management also determines which loans should be considered impaired. Management follows the guidance provided in the FASB s ASC Topic 310, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan, in identifying and measuring loan impairment. If management determines that it is probable that all amounts due on a loan will not be collected under the original terms of the loan agreement, the loan is considered to be impaired. These loans are evaluated individually for impairment, and in conjunction with current economic conditions and loss experience, allowances are estimated based on the fair value as further discussed below. Loans not individually evaluated are aggregated and reserves are recorded using a consistent methodology that considers historical loan loss experience by loan type, delinquencies, current economic conditions, loan risk ratings and industry concentration. Management believes, but there can be no assurance, that these procedures keep management informed of potential problem loans. Based upon these procedures, both the allowance and provision for loan losses are adjusted to maintain the allowance at a level considered adequate by management for probable losses inherent in the loan portfolio.

\section*{Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses}

The provision for loan losses decreased \(\$ 755,000\) or \(30.1 \%\) to \(\$ 1,750,000\) for three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 2,505,000\) for three months ended March 31, 2010.

The current economy has contributed to the deterioration of collateral values. The economic downturn and elevated unemployment rates in our market area have impaired the ability for certain of our customers to make payments on our loans in accordance with contractual terms.

Our Company has taken an active approach to obtain current appraisals and has adjusted the provision to reflect the amounts management determined necessary to maintain the allowance for loan losses at a level adequate to cover probable losses in the loan portfolio. Due to charge offs taken during 2011, the allowance for loan losses decreased to \(\$ 12,402,000\) or \(1.4 \%\) of loans outstanding at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 14,565,000\) or \(1.6 \%\) of loans outstanding at December 31, 2010, and \(\$ 14,658,000\) or \(1.5 \%\) of loans outstanding at March 31, 2010.

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The following table summarizes loan loss experience for the years indicated:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{(Dollars in thousands)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Three Months Ended March 31,} \\
\hline & 2011 & 2010 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Analysis of allowance for loan losses:} \\
\hline Balance beginning of year & \$14,565 & \$14,797 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Net loan charge-offs:} \\
\hline Commercial, financial, and agricultural & 767 & 491 \\
\hline Real estate construction residential & 1,486 & 281 \\
\hline Real estate construction commercial & & 80 \\
\hline Real estate mortgage residential & 1,031 & 1,728 \\
\hline Real estate mortgage commercial & 576 & 18 \\
\hline Installment loans to individuals & 53 & 46 \\
\hline Total net charge-offs & 3,913 & 2,644 \\
\hline Provision for loan losses & 1,750 & 2,505 \\
\hline Balance at March 31, & \$12,402 & \$14,658 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{As shown in the table above, our Company experienced net loan charge-offs of \$3,913,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 2,644,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The \(\$ 1,269,000\) net increase was primarily due to a \(\$ 1,205,000\) increase in net charge offs on real estate construction residential properties, a \(\$ 558,000\) increase in real estate mortgage commercial properties, partially offset by a \(\$ 697,000\) decrease in net charge offs on real estate mortgage residential properties from March 31, 2010 to March 31, 2011, respectively} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{The increase in net charge-offs for 2011 was primarily due to charge offs taken on two credits that management had specifically reserved \(\$ 2,000,000\) as of December 31,2010 . Since these two credits were fully reserved as of} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{December 31, 2010, no additional provision for these credits was required during the first quarter of 2011, and as a result, total net charge-offs exceeded the provision for loan losses during the first quarter of 2011. The ratio of annualized total net loan charge-offs to total average loans was \(0.44 \%\) at March 31, 2011 compared to \(1.63 \%\) at December 31, 2010.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Nonperforming loans, defined as loans on nonaccrual status, loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing, and restructured loans totaled \(\$ 50,418,000\) or \(5.77 \%\) of total loans at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 56,303,000\) or \(6.27 \%\) of total loans at December 31, 2010.} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

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The following table summarizes our Company s nonperforming assets at the dates indicated:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline (Dollars in thousands) & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { March 31, } \\
2011
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { December 31, } \\
2010
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Nonaccrual loans:} \\
\hline Commercial, financial, and agricultural & \$ 3,708 & \$ 3,532 \\
\hline Real estate construction residential & 1,940 & 3,586 \\
\hline Real estate construction commercial & 10,030 & 10,067 \\
\hline Real estate mortgage residential & 4,637 & 5,672 \\
\hline Real estate mortgage commercial & 26,989 & 27,604 \\
\hline Installment loans to individuals & 220 & 126 \\
\hline Total nonaccrual loans & 47,524 & 50,587 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Loans contractually past due 90 days or more and still accruing:} \\
\hline Commercial, financial, and agricultural & 383 & 8 \\
\hline Real estate construction residential & & \\
\hline Real estate construction commercial & & \\
\hline Real estate mortgage residential & & \\
\hline Real estate mortgage commercial & 7 & 25 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Installment loans to individuals} \\
\hline Total loans contractually past -due 90 days or more and still accruing & 390 & 33 \\
\hline Troubled debt restructurings accruing & 2,504 & 5,683 \\
\hline Total nonperforming loans & 50,418 & 56,303 \\
\hline Other real estate & 14,696 & 13,393 \\
\hline Repossessions & 730 & 616 \\
\hline Total nonperforming assets & \$ 65,844 & \$ 70,312 \\
\hline Loans & \$874,481 & \$898,472 \\
\hline Allowance for loan losses to loans & 1.42\% & 1.62 \\
\hline Nonperforming loans to loans & 5.77\% & 6.27 \\
\hline Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans & 24.60\% & 25.87 \\
\hline Nonperforming assets to loans and foreclosed assets & 7.40\% & 7.71 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{It is our Company s policy to discontinue the accrual of interest income on loans when management believes that the borrower s financial condition, after consideration of business conditions and collection efforts, is such that the collection of interest is doubtful, or upon which principal or interest has been in default for a period of 90 days or more and the asset is not both well secured and in the process of collection. Subsequent interest payments received on such loans are applied to principal if any doubt exists as to the collectibles of such principal; otherwise, such receipts are recorded as interest income on a cash basis. Interest on nonaccrual loans, which would have been recorded under the original terms of the loans, was approximately \(\$ 606,000\) and \(\$ 507,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Approximately \(\$ 100\) and \(\$ 13,000\) was actually recorded as interest income on such loans for} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

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the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.
Total non-accrual loans at March 31, 2011 decreased \(\$ 3,063,000\) from December 31, 2010. The decrease resulted mainly from a decrease of \(\$ 1,646,000\) and \(\$ 1,035,000\), respectively, in real estate construction residential and in real estate mortgage residential non-accrual loans. During the first quarter of 2011 our Company charged off three significant loan relationships and is continuing to see an increase in foreclosures.

Loans past due 90 days and still accruing interest increased \(\$ 357,000\) from December 31, 2010 to March 31, 2011. Foreclosed real estate and other repossessions increased \(\$ 1,417,000\) to \(\$ 15,426,000\) from December 31, 2010 to March 31, 2011.

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The increase in the levels of charge offs has contributed to the decrease in the ratio of allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans from \(25.87 \%\) at December 31, 2010 to \(24.60 \%\) at March 31, 2011. As mentioned previously, management charged off approximately, \(\$ 2,000,000\) of loans during the first quarter that were fully reserved as of December 31, 2010. As a result, the allowance for loan losses to loans outstanding declined from \(1.62 \%\) at December 31, 2010 to \(1.42 \%\) at March 31, 2011.

At March 31, 2011, loans classified as troubled debt restructurings (TDR) totaled \(\$ 19,799,000\), of which \(\$ 17,295,000\) was on non-accrual status and \(\$ 2,504,000\) was on accrual status. At December 31, 2010, loans classified as TDR totaled \(\$ 22,080,000\), of which \(\$ 16,397,000\) was on non-accrual status and \(\$ 5,683,000\) was on accrual status. Our Company has experienced an increase in its loan delinquencies much like the rest of the banking industry as current economic conditions negatively impact our borrowers ability to keep their debt payments current. The following table summarizes our Company s TDR s at the dates indicated:
(Dollars in thousands)

March 31,
2011
Number
of
contracts

\section*{Accruing TDRs}

Commercial, financial and
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline agricultural & 3 & \$ & 126 & \$ & 19 & 3 & \$ & 128 & \$ & 20 \\
\hline Real estate construction & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline commercial & & & & & & 1 & & 1,716 & & 95 \\
\hline Real estate mortgage residential & 19 & & 2,268 & & 32 & 20 & & 2,364 & & 82 \\
\hline Real estate mortgage commercial & 1 & & 110 & & & 4 & & 1,475 & & 14 \\
\hline Total & 23 & \$ & 2,504 & \$ & 51 & 28 & \$ & 5,683 & \$ & 211 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TDRs Non-accruals
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Commercial, financial and agricultural & 4 & \$ 789.00 & \$ 18 & 5 & \$ & 871.00 & \$ 76 \\
\hline Real estate construction commercial & 2 & 1,195 & & 2 & & 1,210 & \\
\hline Real estate mortgage residential & 7 & 1,246 & 76 & 6 & & 1,092 & 67 \\
\hline Real estate mortgage commercial & 7 & 14,065 & 1,273 & 5 & & 13,224 & 1,005 \\
\hline Total & 20 & \$ 17,295 & \$1,367 & 18 & \$ & 16,397 & \$ 1,148 \\
\hline Total TDRs & 43 & \$ 19,799 & \$ 1,418 & 46 & \$ & 22,080 & \$ 1,359 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The allowance for loan losses is available to absorb probable loan losses regardless of the category of loan to be charged off. The allowance for loan losses consists of asset-specific reserves, and reserves based on expected loss
estimates.
The asset-specific component applies to loans evaluated individually for impairment and is based on management s best estimate of proceeds from liquidating collateral. The majority of our nonperforming loans are secured by real estate collateral. The actual timing and amount of repayments and the ultimate realizable value of the collateral may differ from management s estimate.

The expected loss component is determined by applying percentages to pools of loans by asset type. These percentages are determined by using historical loss percentages. These expected loss estimates are sensitive to changes in delinquency status, realizable value of collateral, and other risk factors.

The unallocated portion of the allowance is based on management \(s\) evaluation of conditions that are not directly reflected in the determination of the asset-specific component and the expected loss component discussed above. The evaluation of inherent loss with respect to these qualitative conditions is subject to a higher degree of uncertainty because they may not be identified with specific problem credits or portfolio segments. Conditions evaluated in connection with the unallocated portion of the allowance include general economic and business conditions affecting our key lending areas, credit quality trends (including trends in substandard loans expected to result from existing conditions), collateral values, specific industry conditions within portfolio segments, bank regulatory examination results, and findings of our internal loan review department.

Management believes that based on detailed analysis of each credit risk inherent to our loan portfolio and the value of any associated collateral, that the allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2011 is sufficient to cover probable losses.

The underlying assumptions, estimates and assessments used by management to determine these components are continually evaluated and updated to reflect management s current view of overall economic conditions and relevant factors

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impacting credit quality and inherent losses. Changes in such estimates could significantly impact the allowance and provision for credit losses. Our Company could experience credit losses that are different from the current estimates made by management.
The following table is a summary of the allocation of the allowance for loan losses as of the dates indicated:
\begin{tabular}{lcc} 
& \begin{tabular}{c} 
December \\
31,
\end{tabular} \\
(Dollars in thousands) & \(\mathbf{2 0 1 1}\) & \(\mathbf{2 0 1 0}\) \\
Allocation of allowance for loan losses at end of period: & & \\
Commercial, financial, and agricultural & \(\$ 2,257\) & \(\$ 2,931\) \\
Real estate construction & & \\
Real estate construction commercial & 1,356 & 2,067 \\
Real estate mortgage & residential & 3,118 \\
Real estate mortgage commercial & 3,709 & 3,339 \\
Installment loans to individuals & 223 & 3,458 \\
Unallocated & 748 & 231 \\
& & 617 \\
Total & \(\$ 12,402\) & \(\$ 14,565\)
\end{tabular}

Our Company s allocation for loan losses decreased \$2,163,000 from December 31, 2010 to March 31, 2011. The decline of the allowance for loan losses was primarily seen in the allocation for real estate construction residential loans and the allocation of commercial, financial, and agricultural loans as they decreased \(\$ 1,076,000\), and \(\$ 674,000\), respectively, resulting from charge offs taken on two loans that were fully reserved for at December 31, 2010. Also contributing to this overall decrease in the allowance was an \(\$ 804,000\) decrease in the real estate mortgage residential allocation due to a loan that was reserved for at December 31, 2010 was foreclosed on and sold during the first three months of 2011.
The following table is a summary of the general and specific allocations within the allowance for loan losses:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline (Dollars in thousands) & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { March 31, } \\
2011
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { December } \\
\text { 31, } \\
2010
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Allocation of allowance for loan losses:} \\
\hline Specific reserve allocation for impaired loans & \$ 3,737 & \$ 6,376 \\
\hline General reserve allocation for all other non-impaired loans & 8,665 & 8,189 \\
\hline Total & \$12,402 & \$ 14,565 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Management has established procedures that result in specific allowance allocations for any estimated incurred loss. For loans not considered impaired, a general allowance allocation is computed using factors developed over time based on actual loss experience. The specific and general allocations represent management s best estimate of probable losses contained in the loan portfolio at the evaluation date. Although the allowance for loan losses is comprised of specific and general allocations, the entire allowance is available to absorb any credit losses.

The asset-specific reserve component of our allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2011 was determined by using fair values of the underlying collateral through independent appraisals or internal evaluations, or by discounting the total expected future cash flows. The expected loss component of our allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2011 was determined by calculating historical loss percentages for various loan categories over the previous eleven quarters. Management determined that the previous eleven quarters were reflective of the loss characteristics of our Company s
loan portfolio during the recent economic downturn. These historical loss percentages were then applied to the various categories of loans to determine an expected loss requirement for the current portfolio. At March 31, 2011, the asset-specific reserve component decreased \(\$ 2,638,000\) due to a comparable decrease in the volume of impaired loans as well as the charge-off of two credits during the first quarter that management had specifically reserved approximately \(\$ 2,000,000\) as of December 31, 2010. During the same period, the general reserve component increased from \(\$ 8,189,000\) at December 31, 2010 to \(\$ 8,664,000\) at March 31, 2011 due to usage of a historical loss experience reflective of our Company s loss characteristics.

The net carrying value of impaired loans is generally based on the fair values of collateral obtained through independent appraisals or internal evaluations, or by discounting the total expected future cash flows. Once the impairment amount is calculated, a specific reserve allocation is recorded. At March 31, 2011, \(\$ 3,737,000\) of our Company s allowance for loan losses was allocated to impaired loans totaling approximately \(\$ 50,028,000\) compared to \(\$ 6,376,000\) of our Company s allowance for loan losses allocated to impaired loans totaling approximately \(\$ 56,271,000\) at December 31, 2010. Based upon

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detailed analysis of all impaired loans, management has determined that \(\$ 26,297,000\), or \(53 \%\), of impaired loans require no reserve allocation at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 26,038,000\), or \(46 \%\), at December 31, 2010.

As of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 approximately \(\$ 28,351,000\) and \(\$ 19,239,000\), respectively, of loans not included in the nonaccrual table above or identified by management as being impaired were classified by management as potential problem loans having more than normal risk which raised doubts as to the ability of the borrower to comply with present loan repayment terms. The \(\$ 9,112,000\) increase in classified loans is the result of several borrowers who have experienced cash flow problems and as well as some deterioration in collateral value. Management believes the general allowance was sufficient to cover the risks and probable losses related to such loans at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

At March 31, 2011, management determined that \(\$ 11,654,000\) of the \(\$ 12,402,000\) total allowance for loan comprised of the asset-specific and expected loss components and \(\$ 748,000\) was unallocated. This is compared to \(\$ 13,948,000\) of the \(\$ 14,565,000\) total allowance for loan losses allocated to the asset-specific and expected loss components and \(\$ 617,000\) that was unallocated at December 31, 2010. The increase in the portion of the allowance for loan losses related to non asset-specific reserves is the result of management analyzing and assessing this portion of the allowance for loan losses on a detailed level by homogeneous loan categories for loans not considered impaired. Such analysis measured reserve requirements based on historical loss experiences of loans in those individual categories. Such reserve methodology considers the loss experience for certain types of loans and loan grades for the past eleven quarters.

\section*{Liquidity and Capital Resources}

\section*{Liquidity Management}

The role of liquidity management is to ensure funds are available to meet depositors withdrawal and borrowers credit demands while at the same time maximizing profitability. This is accomplished by balancing changes in demand for funds with changes in the supply of those funds. Liquidity to meet the demands is provided by maturing assets, short-term liquid assets that can be converted to cash and the ability to attract funds from external sources, principally depositors. Due to the nature of services offered by our Company, management prefers to focus on transaction accounts and full service relationships with customers. Management believes it has the ability to increase deposits at any time by offering rates slightly higher than the market rate.

Our Company s Asset/Liability Committee (ALCO), primarily made up of senior management, has direct oversight responsibility for our Company s liquidity position and profile. A combination of daily, weekly and monthly reports provided to management detail the following: internal liquidity metrics, composition and level of the liquid asset portfolio, timing differences in short-term cash flow obligations, available pricing and market access to the financial markets for capital and exposure to contingent draws on our Company s liquidity.

Our Company has a number of sources of funds to meet liquidity needs on a daily basis. Our Company s most liquid assets are comprised of available for sale investment securities, federal funds sold, and securities purchased under agreements to resell, and excess reserves held at the Federal Reserve as follows:
\begin{tabular}{lrr} 
& March 31, & \begin{tabular}{c} 
December 31, \\
2010
\end{tabular} \\
(dollars in thousands) & \(\mathbf{2 0 1 1}\) & \\
Federal funds sold & \(\$ 142\) & \(\$ 126\) \\
Federal Reserve excess reserves & 19,133 & 29,286 \\
Available for sale investments securities & 217,542 & 178,978 \\
Total & \(\$ 236,817\) & \(\$ 208,390\)
\end{tabular}

Federal funds sold and resale agreements normally have overnight maturities and are used for general daily liquidity purposes. The fair value of the available for sale investment portfolio was \(\$ 217,542,000\) at March 31, 2011 and included an unrealized net gain of \(\$ 1,797,000\). The portfolio includes maturities of approximately \(\$ 15,989,000\) over the next twelve months, which offer resources to meet either new loan demand or reductions in our Company s
deposit base.

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Our Company pledges portions of its investment securities portfolio to secure public fund deposits, federal funds purchased lines, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, borrowing capacity at the Federal Reserve Bank, and for other purposes as required or permitted by law.
At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, total investment securities pledged for these purposes were as follows:
\begin{tabular}{lrr} 
(dollars in thousands) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
March 31, \\
\(\mathbf{2 0 1 1}\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
December 31, \\
\(\mathbf{2 0 1 0}\)
\end{tabular} \\
Investment securities pledged for the purpose of securing: & & \\
Federal Reserve Bank borrowings & \(\$ 2,561\) & \(\$ 3,262\) \\
Repurchase agreements & 33,133 & 45,929 \\
Other deposits & 121,699 & 98,908 \\
Total pledged, at fair value & \(\$ 157,393\) & \(\$ 148,099\)
\end{tabular}

At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, our Company s unpledged securities in the available for sale portfolio totaled approximately \(\$ 60,150,000\) and \(\$ 30,879,000\), respectively.

Liquidity is also available from our Company s base of core customer deposits, defined as demand, interest, checking, savings, and money market deposit accounts. At March 31, 2011, such deposits totaled \$543,521,000 and represented \(56.3 \%\) of our Company s total deposits. These core deposits are normally less volatile and are often tied to other products of our Company through long lasting relationships. Time deposits and certificates of deposit of \(\$ 100,000\) and over totaled \(\$ 422,504,000\) at March 31, 2011. These accounts are normally considered more volatile and higher costing representing 43.7\% of total deposits at March 31, 2011.
\begin{tabular}{lcc} 
(dollars in thousands) & \begin{tabular}{c} 
March 31, \\
\(\mathbf{2 0 1 1}\)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
December 31, \\
\(\mathbf{2 0 1 0}\)
\end{tabular} \\
Core deposit base: & & \\
Non-interest bearing demand & \(\$ 142,195\) & \(\$ 137,750\) \\
Interest checking & 189,877 & 160,225 \\
Savings and money market & 211,449 & 218,912 \\
Total & \(\$ 543,521\) & \(\$ 516,887\)
\end{tabular}

Other components of liquidity are the level of borrowings from third party sources and the availability of future credit. Our Company s outside borrowings are comprised of securities sold under agreements to repurchase, FHLB advances, and subordinated notes as follows:
\begin{tabular}{lcc} 
& \begin{tabular}{c} 
March 31, \\
(dollars in thousands)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
December 31, \\
\(\mathbf{2 0 1 1}\)
\end{tabular} \\
Borrowings: & & \\
Federal funds purchased & \(\$\) & \(\$\) \\
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase & 29,046 & 30,068 \\
FHLB advances & 51,821 & 66,986 \\
Subordinated notes & 49,486 & 49,486 \\
Total & \(\$ 130,353\) & \(\$ 146,540\)
\end{tabular}

Federal funds purchased are overnight borrowings obtained mainly from upstream correspondent banks with which our Company maintains approved credit lines. As of March 31, 2011, under agreements with these unaffiliated banks, the Bank may borrow up to \(\$ 15,200,000\) in federal funds on an unsecured basis and \(\$ 7,600,000\) on a secured basis. There were no federal funds purchased outstanding at March 31, 2011. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are generally borrowed overnight and are secured by a portion of our Company s investment portfolio. At March 31, 2011 there was \(\$ 29,046,000\) in repurchase agreements. Our Company may periodically borrow additional short-term funds from the Federal Reserve Bank through the discount window; although no such borrowings were outstanding at the year end. The Bank is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Des Moines (FHLB). As a member of the FHLB, the Bank has access to credit products of the FHLB. As of March 31, 2011, the Bank had \$51,821,000 in outstanding borrowings with the FHLB. In addition, our Company has \(\$ 49,486,000\) in outstanding subordinated notes issued to wholly-owned grantor trusts, funded by preferred securities issued by the trusts.

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Our Company pledges certain assets, including loans and investment securities to the Federal Reserve Bank, FHLB, and other correspondent banks as security to establish lines of credit and borrow from these entities. Based on the type and value of collateral pledged, our Company may draw advances against this collateral. The following table reflects collateral value of assets pledged, borrowings, and letters of credit outstanding, in addition to the estimated future funding capacity available to our Company at March 31, 2011:
\begin{tabular}{lccc} 
(dollars in thousands) & FHLB & \begin{tabular}{c} 
Federal \\
Reserve
\end{tabular} & Other \\
Collateral value pledged & \(\$ 267,232\) & \(\$ 2,502\) & \(\$ 20,345\) \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Advances outstanding \\
Letters of credit issued
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{rl} 
& \((91,821)\)
\end{tabular} & & \\
Total & \(\$ 215,315\) & \(\$ 2,502\) & \(\$ 20,345\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Sources and Uses of Funds}

As our Company sees loan demand decline and overnight borrowing rates remain at historic lows, management has expanded the investment portfolio to keep excess cash minimized. A deposit reclassification program was implemented in January of 2011 that lowered the Federal Reserve account requirement, improving liquidity, and enabling our Company to lower cash balances maintained at the Federal Reserve and invest in higher yielding securities.

Cash and cash equivalents were \(\$ 38,029,000\) at March 31, 2011 compared to \(\$ 50,980,000\) at December 31, 2010. The \(\$ 12,951,000\) decrease resulted from changes in the various cash flows produced by operating, investing, and financing activities of our Company, as shown in the accompanying consolidated statement of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Cash flow provided from operating activities consists mainly of net income adjusted for certain non-cash items. Operating activities provided cash flow of \(\$ 4,278,000\) for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

Investing activities consisting mainly of purchases, sales and maturities of available for sale securities, and changes in the level of the loan portfolio, used total cash of \(\$ 19,803,000\). The cash outflow primarily consisted of \(\$ 58,387,000\) of purchases of investment securities, partially offset by a \(\$ 16,102,000\) decrease in the loan portfolio, \(\$ 19,707,000\) in proceeds from maturities, calls, and pay-downs of investment securities, and \(\$ 2,564,000\) in proceeds from sales of other real estate owned and repossessions.

Financing activities provided cash flow of \(\$ 2,574,000\), resulting primarily from a net \(\$ 26,634,000\) increase in demand deposits and interest-bearing transaction accounts, partially offset by \(\$ 15,164,000\) of repayments of FHLB advances, a decrease of \(\$ 1,023,000\) of federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase, and a \(\$ 7,271,000\) decrease in time deposits. Future short-term liquidity needs arising from daily operations are not expected to vary significantly during 2011.

In the normal course of business, our Company enters into certain forms of off-balance sheet transactions, including unfunded loan commitments and letters of credit. These transactions are managed through our Company s various risk management processes. Management considers both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet transactions in its evaluation of our Company s liquidity. In the section entitled, Commitments, Contractual Obligations, and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements, below we disclose that our Company had \(\$ 97,885,000\) in unused loan commitments and standby letters of credit as of March 31, 2011. While this commitment level would be difficult to fund given our Company s current liquidity resources, we know that the nature of these commitments are such that the likelihood of such a funding demand is very low.

Our Company is a legal entity, separate and distinct from the Bank, which must provide its own liquidity to meet its operating needs. Our Company s ongoing liquidity needs primarily include funding its operating expenses and paying cash dividends to its common and preferred shareholders. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and

2010, respectively, our Company paid cash dividends to its common and preferred shareholders totaling \(\$ 602,000\) and \(\$ 851,000\). A large portion of our Company s liquidity is obtained from the Bank in the form of dividends. For the first three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, the Bank did not declare or pay dividends. At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, our Company had cash and cash equivalents totaling \(\$ 11,890,000\) and \(\$ 12,449,000\), respectively.

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\section*{Capital Management}

Our Company and our Bank are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by federal and state banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory, and possibly additional discretionary, actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on our Company s consolidated financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines, our Company and our Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The capital amounts and classification of our Company and our Bank are subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk-weightings, and other factors.

Quantitative measures established by regulations to ensure capital adequacy require our Company and our Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios (set forth in the following table) of total and Tier I capital to risk-weighted assets, and of Tier I capital to adjusted-average assets. Management believes, as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, our Company and our Bank each met all capital adequacy requirements to which they were subject.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Actual} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Minimum \\
Capital requirements
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Well-Capitalized Capital Requirements} \\
\hline & Amount & Ratio & Amount & Ratio & Amount & Ratio \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{March 31, 2011} \\
\hline Total capital (to risk-weighted assets): & & & & & & \\
\hline Company & \$159,836 & 17.29\% & \$73,959 & 8.00\% & & \\
\hline Hawthorn Bank & 131,900 & 14.53 & 72,631 & 8.00 & \$90,789 & 10.00\% \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Tier I capital (to risk-weighted assets):} \\
\hline Company & \$134,187 & 14.51 & \$36,979 & 4.00\% & & \\
\hline Hawthorn Bank & 120,544 & 13.28 & 36,315 & 4.00 & \$54,473 & 6.00\% \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Tier I capital (to adjusted average assets):} \\
\hline Company & \$134,187 & 11.12 & \$36,212 & 3.00\% & & \\
\hline Hawthorn Bank & 120,544 & 10.16 & 35,611 & 3.00 & \$59,352 & 5.00\% \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{December 31, 2010} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Total capital (to risk-weighted assets):} \\
\hline Company & \$159,510 & 17.05\% & \$74,863 & 8.00\% & & \\
\hline Hawthorn Bank & 130,361 & 14.18 & 73,548 & 8.00 & \$91,834 & 10.00\% \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Tier I capital (to risk-weighted assets):} \\
\hline Company & \$133,349 & 14.25 & \$37,431 & 4.00\% & & \\
\hline Hawthorn Bank & 118,837 & 12.93 & 36,774 & 4.00 & \$55,161 & 6.00\% \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Tier I capital (to adjusted average assets):} \\
\hline Company & \$133,349 & 11.00 & \$36,360 & 3.00\% & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{lllllll} 
Hawthorn Bank & 118,837 & 9.99 & 35,685 & 3.00 & \(\$ 59,475\) & \(5.00 \%\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk Interest Sensitivity}

Market risk arises from exposure to changes in interest rates and other relevant market rate or price risk. Our Company faces market risk in the form of interest rate risk through transactions other than trading activities. Our Company uses financial modeling techniques to measure interest rate risk. These techniques measure the sensitivity of future earnings due to changing interest rate environments. Guidelines established by our Company s Asset/Liability Committee and approved by the Board of Directors are used to monitor exposure of earnings at risk. General interest rate movements are used to develop sensitivity as our Company feels it has no primary exposure to specific points on the yield curve. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 our Company utilized a 300 basis point immediate and gradual move in interest rates (both upward and downward) applied to both a parallel and proportional yield curve.

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The following table represents estimated interest rate sensitivity and periodic and cumulative gap positions calculated as of March 31, 2011:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline (Dollars in thousands) & & Year 1 & & ear 2 & & Year 3 & Year 4 & Year 5 & Over 5 years or no stated Maturity & & Total \\
\hline ASSETS & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Investment securities & \$ & 3,848 & \$ & 2,577 & \$ & 21,879 & \$ 24,726 & \$35,847 & \$ 128,665 & \$ & 217,542 \\
\hline Interest-bearing deposits & & 19,133 & & & & & & & & & 19,133 \\
\hline Other restricted investments & & 5,467 & & & & & & & & & 5,467 \\
\hline Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline resell & & 142 & & & & & & & & & 142 \\
\hline Loans & & 471,240 & & 71,251 & & 53,154 & 32,831 & 19,221 & 26,784 & & 874,481 \\
\hline Total & & 499,830 & & 73,828 & & 75,033 & \$ 57,557 & \$55,068 & \$ 155,449 & & ,116,765 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{LIABILITIES}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Savings, Now deposits & \$ & \$ & \$177,085 & \$ & & \$ & & \$ & \$ & 177,085 \\
\hline Rewards checking, & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Super Now, money market deposits & 224,454 & & & & & & & & & 224,454 \\
\hline Time deposits & 288,658 & 62,681 & 55,721 & & 6,731 & & 8,501 & & & 422,292 \\
\hline Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline repurchase & 29,046 & & & & & & & & & 29,046 \\
\hline Subordinated notes & 49,486 & & & & & & & & & 49,486 \\
\hline Other borrowed money & 33,481 & 8,281 & 10,059 & & & & & & & 51,821 \\
\hline Total & \$ 625,125 & \$ 70,962 & \$242,865 & \$ & 6,731 & & 8,501 & \$ & \$ & 954,184 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Interest-sensitivity
GAP
\begin{tabular}{lllllllll} 
Periodic GAP & \(\$(125,295)\) & \(\$ 102,866\) & \(\$(67,832)\) & \(\$ 50,826\) & \(\$ 46,567\) & \(\$ 155,449\) & \(\$\) & 162,581 \\
Cumulative GAP & \(\$(125,295)\) & \(\$(22,429)\) & \(\$(90,261)\) & \(\$(39,435)\) & \(\$ 7,132\) & \(\$ 162,581\) & \(\$\) & 162,581
\end{tabular}

Ratio of interest-earnings assets
to interest-bearing
liabilities
\begin{tabular}{llllllll} 
Periodic GAP & 0.80 & 2.45 & 0.72 & 8.55 & 6.48 & NM & 1.17 \\
Cumulative GAP & 0.80 & 0.97 & 0.90 & 0.96 & 1.01 & 1.17 & 1.17
\end{tabular}

\section*{Effects of Inflation}

The effects of inflation on financial institutions are different from the effects on other commercial enterprises since financial institutions make few significant capital or inventory expenditures which are directly affected by changing prices. Because bank assets and liabilities are virtually all monetary in nature, inflation does not affect a financial institution as much as do changes in interest rates. The general level of inflation does underlie the general level of most interest rates, but interest rates do not increase at the rate of inflation as do prices of goods and services. Rather, interest rates react more to changes in the expected rate of inflation and to changes in monetary and fiscal policy.

Inflation does have an impact on the growth of total assets in the banking industry, often resulting in a need to increase capital at higher than normal rates to maintain an appropriate capital to asset ratio. In the opinion of management, inflation did not have a significant effect on our Company s operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

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\section*{Item 4. Controls and Procedures}

Our Company s management has evaluated, with the participation of our principal executive and principal financial officers, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a \(15(\mathrm{e})\) or \(15 \mathrm{~d} \quad 15(\mathrm{e})\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as of March 31, 2011. Based upon and as of the date of that evaluation, our principal executive and principal financial officers concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file and submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported as and when required. It should be noted that any system of disclosure controls and procedures, however well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the system are met. In addition, the design of any system of disclosure controls and procedures is based in part upon assumptions about the likelihood of future events. Because of these and other inherent limitations of any such system, there can be no assurance that any design will always succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

There has been no change in our Company s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2011 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

\section*{Impact of New Accounting Standards}

In April 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2011-02, A Creditor s Determination of Whether a Restructuring is a Troubled Debt Restructuring. The provisions of ASU No. 2011-02 provide a creditor additional guidance in determining whether a restructuring constitutes a troubled debt restructuring by concluding that both the following conditions exist (1) a creditor has granted a concession, and (2) the borrower is experiencing financial difficulties. A provision in ASU No. 2011-02 also ends the FASB s deferral of the additional disclosures about troubled debt restructurings as required by ASU No. 2010-20. The provisions of ASU No. 2011-02 will be effective for our Company s reporting period ending September 30, 2011 and requires retrospective application to all restructurings occurring during 2011 along with additional required disclosures. The adoption of ASU No. 2011-02 is not expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In July 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-20 Receivables (ASC Topic 310): Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses. This ASU requires expanded credit risk disclosures intended to provide investors with greater transparency regarding the allowance for credit losses and the credit quality of financing receivables. Under this ASU, companies are required to provide more information about the credit quality of their financing receivables in the disclosures to financial statements, such as aging information, credit quality indicators, changes in the allowance for credit losses, and the nature and extent of troubled debt restructurings and their effect on the allowance for credit losses. Both new and existing disclosures must be disaggregated by portfolio segment or class based on the level of disaggregation that management uses when assessing its allowance for credit losses and managing its credit exposure. The disclosures as of the end of a reporting period are effective for annual periods ending on or after December 15, 2010. The disclosures about activity that occurs during a reporting period is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2010. The interim disclosures required by this update are reported in the notes to our Company s consolidated financial statements.

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\section*{PART II OTHER INFORMATION}

Item 1. Legal Proceedings
None
Item 1A. Risk Factors
None
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds
None
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities
None
Item 4. (Removed and Reserved)
None
Item 5. Other Information
None
Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No. Description
3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation of our Company (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to our Company s current report on Form 8-K on August 9, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.1.1 Certificate of Designations of Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series 2008, dated December 17, 2008 (filed as Exhibit 3.1.1 to our Company s current report on Form 8-K on December 23, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of our Company (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to our Company s current report on Form 8-K on June 8, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.1 Specimen certificate representing shares of our Company s \(\$ 1.00\) par value common stock (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to our Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999 (Commission file number 0-23636) and incorporated herein by reference).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 4.2 & Specimen certificate representing shares of our Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series 2008 (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Company s current report on Form 8-K on December 23, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference). \\
\hline 4.3 & Warrant to purchase shares of our Company s \(\$ 1.00\) par value Common Stock, dated December 19, 2008 (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to our Company s current report on Form 8-K on December 23, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference). \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
31.1 Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer of our Company pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2 Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of our Company pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1 Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer of our Company pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of our Company pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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\section*{SIGNATURES}

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

\section*{HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC.}

\section*{Date}

May 16, 2011

May 16, 2011

\author{
/s/ David T. Turner \\ David T. Turner. Smith, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) \\ /s/ Richard G. Rose \\ Richard G. Rose, Chief Financial Officer (Principal \\ Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)
}

\section*{Table of Contents}

\author{
HAWTHORN BANCSHARES, INC. \\ INDEX TO EXHIBITS \\ March 31, 2011 Form 10-Q
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\hline
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