Home Federal Bancorp, Inc. of Louisiana Form 10-Q May 12, 2014

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

# FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

T QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly periodMarch 31, 2014 ended: or

G TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

to

02-0815311

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

For the transition period from

Commission file 001-35019 number:

# HOME FEDERAL BANCORP, INC. OF LOUISIANA (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Louisiana (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

624 Market Street, Shreveport, Louisiana (Address of principal executive offices)

71101 (Zip Code)

(318) 222-1145

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. TYes G No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). TYes G No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One):

Large accelera	ated filer		G	Accelerated
filer	G			
Non-accelerated	filer	G	Smaller reporting	
company	Т			
(Do not check if	a smaller reporting comp	oany)		

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). G Yes T No

Shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share, outstanding as of May 9, 2014: The registrant had 2,238,181 shares of common stock outstanding.

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SIGNATURES

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (Unaudited)

		March 31, 2014			June 30, 2013
			(Dollars In Tho	ousands	5)
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Includes					
Interest-Bearing					
Deposits with Other Banks of \$123 and \$1,028 for					
March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013,					
	\$	6,649		\$	3,685
Respectively) Securities Available-for-Sale	φ	40,094		φ	47,961
Securities Held-to-Maturity		1,113			1,465
Loans Held-for-Sale		6,795			3,464
Loans Receivable, Net of Allowance for Loan		0,795			5,404
Losses					
of \$2,346 and \$2,240, Respectively		218,731			206,079
Accrued Interest Receivable		914			774
Premises and Equipment, Net		7,814			6,559
Bank Owned Life Insurance		6,161			6,030
Deferred Tax Asset		813			775
Other Assets		440			363
Ould Assets		- <del>-</del>			505
Total Assets	\$	289,524		\$	277,155
		,			
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
LIABILITIES					
Deposits	\$	229,246		\$	211,922
Advances from Borrowers for Taxes and					
Insurance		222			277
Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank of					
Dallas		17,454			21,662
Other Bank Borrowings					500
Other Accrued Expenses and Liabilities		623			812
Total Liabilities		247,545			235,173
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Preferred Stock – 10,000,000 Shares of \$.01 Par					
Value					
Authorized; None Issued and Outstanding					
		34			32
		54			52

Common Stock – 40,000,000 Shares of \$.01 Par				
Value				
Authorized; 3,062,386 Shares Issued and				
2,243,047 Shares Outstanding at March 31,				
2014;				
2,351,950 Shares Outstanding at June 30,				
2013				
Additional Paid-in Capital	32,675		32,218	
Treasury Stock, at Cost – 819,339 shares at				
March 31, 2014;				
710,436 at June 30, 2013	(15,486	)	(13,168	)
Unearned ESOP Stock	(1,590	)	(1,676	)
Unearned RRP Trust Stock	(609	)	(863	)
Retained Earnings	26,974		25,395	
Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)				
Income	(19	)	44	
Total Stockholders' Equity	41,979		41,982	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 289,524		\$ 277,155	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			Months Ended ch 31,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(In Thousands, Exc	cept per Share Data	.)
INTEREST INCOME				
Loans, Including Fees	\$ 2,968	\$ 2,880	\$ 8,979	\$ 8,564
Investment Securities	1	5	4	20
Mortgage-Backed Securities	235	383	780	1,314
Other Interest-Earning Assets	2	2	10	10
Total Interest Income	3,206	3,270	9,773	9,908
INTEREST EXPENSE				
Deposits	522	543	1,652	1,693
Federal Home Loan Bank Borrowings	37	1	125	4
Other Bank Borrowings		76	14	263
Total Interest Expense	559	620	1,791	1,960
Net Interest Income	2,647	2,650	7,982	7,948
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	30	214	118	441
Net Interest Income after				
Provision for Loan Losses	2,617	2,436	7,864	7,507
NON-INTEREST INCOME	100		100	
Gain on Sale of Real Estate	129		129	
Gain on Sale of Loans	360	655	1,240	1,992
Gain on Sale of Securities	1		35	215
Income on Bank Owned Life Insurance	43	44	131	141
Other Income	94	71	264	273
Total Non-Interest Income	627	770	1,799	2,621
NON INTEDECT EXDENCE				
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE	1 474	1 402	4 204	4.069
Compensation and Benefits	1,474 202	1,403	4,204	4,068
Occupancy and Equipment		148	634 252	540
Data Processing Audit and Examination Fees	152 57	126 52	353	313
Franchise and Bank Shares Tax	85	84	163 263	158 224
	62 83	61	195	181
Advertising Legal Fees	82 82	151	320	398
Logar rees	28	25	92	87
Deposit Insurance Premium	28 39	32	92	87 95
Other Expense	123	125	381	338
Total Non-Interest Expense	2,304	2,207	6,712	
1 otar non-interest Expense	2,304	2,207	0,/12	6,402
Income Before Income Taxes	940	999	2,951	3,726
	240	777	2,931	5,720

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX				
EXPENSE	302	323	955	1,231
Net Income	\$ 638	\$ 676	\$ 1,996	\$ 2,495
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:				
Basic	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.96	\$ 1.04
Diluted	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.94	\$ 1.01
DIVIDENDS DECLARED	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.18

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended farch 31, 2013 (In T	]	Nine Months Ended arch 31, 2013
Net Income	\$638	\$676	\$1,996	\$2,495
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax Unrealized Holding Gain (Loss) on Securities Available-for-Sale, Net of Tax of \$28 and \$27 in 2014, respectively, and \$121 and \$240 in 2013, respectively	(55	) (234	) (53	) (466 )
Reclassification Adjustment for Gain Included in Net Income, Net of Tax of \$0 and \$5 in 2014, respectively, and \$7 and \$69 in 2013, respectively		(14	) (10	) (134 )
Net Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(55	) (248	) (63	) (600 )
Total Comprehensive Income	\$583	\$428	\$1,933	\$1,895

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013 (Unaudited)

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Unearned ESOP Stock	Unearned RRP Trust Stock (In The	Retained	Treasury Sto	Cor	CCUMULAT Other nprehens Income (Loss)	sive	Total ockholde Equity	ers'
BALANCE – June 30, 2012	\$32	\$ 31,199	\$(1,792)	\$(1,114	) \$22,897	\$ (2,706	)\$	1,372	\$	49,888	
Net Income					2,495					2,495	
Changes in Unrealized Gain on Securities Available-for- Sale, Net of Tax Effects								(600	)	(600	
								(000	)		)
RRP Shares Earned				251						251	
Stock Options Vested		125								125	
Common Stock Issuance for Stock Option Exercises	;	742								742	
ESOP Compensation Earned		62	87							149	
Acquisition of											
Treasury Stock						(10,244	)			(10,244	. )
Dividends Declared	1				(492	)				(492	)
BALANCE – Marc 31, 2013	<sup>.</sup> h \$32	\$ 32,128	\$(1,705)	\$(863	) \$24,900	\$ (12,950	)\$	772	\$	42,314	
BALANCE – June 30, 2013	\$32	\$ 32,218	\$(1,676)	\$(863	) \$25,395	\$ (13,168	)\$	44	\$	41,982	

Net Income					1,996					1,996	
Changes in Unrealized Gain on Securities Available-for- Sale, Net of Tax								(62)	Ň	(62	Ň
Effects								(63	)	(63	)
RRP Shares Earned				254						254	
Stock Options Vested		122								122	
Common Stock Issuance for Stock Option Exercises	2	270								272	
FROD											
ESOP Compensation Earned		65	86							151	
Acquisition of Treasury Stock						(2,318	)			(2,318	)
Dividends Declared					(417 )					(417	)
BALANCE – March 31, 2014	\$34	\$ 32,675	\$(1,590)	\$(609 ) \$	\$26,974 \$	(15,486	)\$	(19	)\$	41,979	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	M 2014	arch	hs Ended n 31, 2013 usands)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Income	¢1.006		\$2.405	
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net	\$1,996		\$2,495	
Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities				
Net Amortization and Accretion on Securities	50		13	
Gain on Sale of Securities	(35	)	(215	
Gain on Sale of Loans	(1,240	)	(1,991	
Amortization of Deferred Loan Fees	(65	)	(1,77)	
Depreciation of Premises and Equipment	223	)	156	,
ESOP Expense	151		149	
Stock Option Expense	122		125	
Recognition and Retention Plan Expense	157		157	
Deferred Income Tax	(5	)	(120	)
Provision for Loan Losses	118	)	441	)
Increase in Cash Surrender Value on Bank Owned Life Insurance	(131	)	(141	)
Gain on Sale of Real Estate	(129	)		,
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	(	,		
Loans Held-for-Sale – Originations	(49,753	)	(84,719	
Loans Held-for-Sale – Sale and Principal Repayments	47,661	,	93,693	
Accrued Interest Receivable	(140	)	37	
Other Operating Assets	(78	)	329	
Other Operating Liabilities	(93	)	(623	)
		,	× ·	
Net Cash (Used In) Provided by Operating Activities	(1,191	)	9,589	
			,	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Loan Originations and Purchases, Net of Principal Collections	(12,812	)	(28,480	)
Deferred Loan Fees Collected	108		81	
Acquisition of Premises and Equipment	(1,914	)	(1,270	)
Proceeds from Sale of Real Estate	566	ĺ		
Activity in Available-for-Sale Securities:				
Proceeds from Sales of Securities	13,019		34,638	
Principal Payments on Mortgage-Backed Securities	8,029		11,282	
Purchases of Securities	(13,292	)	(31,515	)
Activity in Held-to-Maturity Securities:				
Redemption Proceeds	488		107	
Purchases of Securities	(136	)	(646	)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(5,944	)	(15,803	)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (Unaudited)

		onths Ended arch 31,	
	2014	2013	
	(In T	housands)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Deposits	\$17,324	\$(18,368	)
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank Advances	401,850	162,400	
Repayments of Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank	(406,057	) (156,123	; )
Net Decrease in Advances from Borrowers for Taxes and Insurance	(55	) (40	)
Dividends Paid	(417	) (492	)
Acquisition of Treasury Stock	(2,113	) (10,085	)
Proceeds from Stock Options Exercised	67	583	
Proceeds from other Bank Borrowings	300	1,500	
Repayment of Other Bank Borrowings	(800	) 1,000	
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Financing Activities	10,099	(21,625	)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,964	(27,839	)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF PERIOD	3,685	34,863	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF PERIOD	\$6,649	\$7,024	
SUPPLEMENTARY CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
Interest Paid on Deposits and Borrowed Funds	\$1,797	\$ 1,979	
Income Taxes Paid	884	1,353	
Market Value Adjustment for Loss on Securities Available-for-Sale	(95	) (909	)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Summary of Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Home Federal Bancorp, Inc. of Louisiana (the "Company") and its subsidiary, Home Federal Bank ("Home Federal Bank" or the "Bank"). These consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with instructions for Form 10-Q and Regulation S-X and do not include information or footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, in the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements have been included. The results of operations for the nine month period ended March 31, 2014, are not necessarily indicative of the results which may be expected for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014.

The Company follows accounting standards set by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB"). The FASB sets generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") that we follow to ensure we consistently report our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. References to GAAP issued by the FASB in these footnotes are to the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (the "Codification" or the "ASC").

In accordance with the subsequent events topic of the ASC, the Company evaluates events and transactions that occur after the balance sheet date for potential recognition in the financial statements. The effect of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence of conditions that existed at the balance sheet date are recognized in the financial statements as of March 31, 2014. In preparing these financial statements, the Company evaluated the events and transactions that occurred through the date these financial statements were issued.

# Use of Estimates

In preparing consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relate to the allowance for loan losses.

# Nature of Operations

Home Federal Bancorp, Inc. of Louisiana, a Louisiana corporation, is the fully public stock holding company for Home Federal Bank located in Shreveport, Louisiana. The Bank is a federally chartered, stock savings and loan association and is subject to federal regulation by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency. The Company is a savings and loan holding company regulated by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Services are provided to the Bank's customers by four full-service banking offices and one agency office, located in Caddo and Bossier Parishes, Louisiana. The area served by the Bank is primarily the Shreveport-Bossier City metropolitan area; however, loan and deposit customers are found dispersed in a wider geographical area covering much of northwest Louisiana. As of March 31, 2014, the Bank had one wholly-owned subsidiary, Metro Financial Services, Inc., which previously engaged in the sale of annuity contracts and does not currently engage in a significant amount of business.

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances due from banks, and federal funds sold, all of which mature within ninety days.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 1. Summary of Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Securities

The Company classifies its debt and equity investment securities into one of three categories: held-to-maturity, available-for-sale, or trading. Investments in nonmarketable equity securities and debt securities, in which the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity, are classified as held-to-maturity and carried at amortized cost. Investments in debt securities that are not classified as held-to-maturity and marketable equity securities that have readily determinable fair values are classified as either trading or available-for-sale securities. Securities that are acquired and held principally for the purpose of selling in the near term are classified as available-for-sale.

Trading account and available-for-sale securities are carried at fair value. Unrealized holding gains and losses on trading securities are included in earnings while net unrealized holding gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are excluded from earnings and reported in other comprehensive income. Purchase premiums and discounts are recognized in interest income using the interest method over the term of the securities. Declines in the fair value of held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities below their cost that are deemed to be other than temporary are reflected in earnings as realized losses. In estimating other-than-temporary impairment losses, management considers (1) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and (3) the intent and ability of the Bank to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value. Gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date and are determined using the specific identification method.

# Loans Held-for-Sale

Loans originated and intended for sale in the secondary market are carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value in the aggregate. Net unrealized losses, if any, are recognized through a valuation allowance by charges to income.

#### Loans

Loans receivable are stated at unpaid principal balances, less allowances for loan losses and unamortized deferred loan fees. Net nonrefundable fees (loan origination fees, commitment fees, discount points) and costs associated with lending activities are being deferred and subsequently amortized into income as an adjustment of yield on the related interest earning assets using the interest method. Interest income on contractual loans receivable is recognized on the accrual method. Unearned discount on property improvement and automobile loans is deferred and amortized on the interest method over the life of the loan.

# Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is established as losses are estimated to have occurred through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance for loan losses is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based upon management's periodic review of the collectibility of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of the underlying collateral and prevailing economic conditions. The evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 1. Summary of Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Allowance for Loan Losses (continued)

A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information or events, it is probable that the Bank will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal and interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. When a loan is impaired, the measurement of such impairment is based upon the present value of expected future cash flows or the fair value of the collateral of the loan. If the present value of expected future cash flows or fair value of the collateral is less than the recorded investment in the loan, the Bank will recognize the impairment by creating a valuation allowance with a corresponding charge against earnings.

An allowance is also established for uncollectible interest on loans classified as substandard. The allowance is established by a charge to interest income equal to all interest previously accrued and income is subsequently recognized only to the extent that cash payments are received. When, in management's judgment, the borrower's ability to make periodic interest and principal payments is back to normal, the loan is returned to accrual status.

It should be understood that estimates of future loan losses involve an exercise of judgment. While it is possible that in particular periods the Company may sustain losses which are substantial relative to the allowance for loan losses, it is the judgment of management that the allowance for loan losses reflected in the accompanying statements of condition is adequate to absorb possible losses in the existing loan portfolio.

#### Off-Balance Sheet Credit Related Financial Instruments

In the ordinary course of business, the Bank has entered into commitments to extend credit. Such financial instruments are recorded when they are funded.

# Foreclosed Assets

Assets acquired through, or in lieu of, loan foreclosure are held-for-sale and are transferred to other real estate owned at the lower of cost or current fair value minus estimated cost to sell as of the date of foreclosure. Cost is defined as the lower of the fair value of the property or the recorded investment in the loan. Subsequent to foreclosure, valuations are periodically performed by management and the assets are carried at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

#### Premises and Equipment

Land is carried at cost. Buildings and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

#### Income Taxes

The Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary file a consolidated Federal income tax return on a fiscal year basis. Each entity pays its pro-rata share of income taxes in accordance with a written tax-sharing agreement.

The Company accounts for income taxes on the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded based on the difference between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes, computed using enacted tax rates. A valuation allowance, if needed, reduces deferred tax assets to the expected amount most likely to be realized. Realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of a sufficient level of future taxable income and recoverable taxes paid in prior years. Although realization is not assured, management believes it is more likely than not that all of the deferred tax assets will be realized. Current taxes are measured by applying the provisions of enacted tax laws to taxable income to determine the amount of taxes receivable or payable.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 1. Summary of Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Taxes (continued)

While the Bank is exempt from Louisiana income tax, it is subject to the Louisiana Ad Valorem Tax, commonly referred to as the Louisiana Shares Tax, which is based on stockholders' equity and net income.

Comprehensive Income

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that recognized revenue, expenses, gains and losses be included in net income. Although certain changes in assets and liabilities, such as unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities, are reported as a separate component of the equity section of the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, such items, along with net income, are components of comprehensive income.

#### 2. Securities

The amortized cost and fair value of securities, with gross unrealized gains and losses, follows:

	March 31, 2014							
				Gross		Gross		
	А	mortized	U	nrealized	U	nrealized		Fair
Securities Available-for-Sale		Cost		Gains		Losses		Value
				(In T	Thousand	s)		
Debt Securities						, 		
FHLMC Mortgage-Backed Certificates	\$	325	\$	13	\$		\$	338
FNMA Mortgage-Backed Certificates		15,464		701		101		16,064
GNMA Mortgage-Backed Certificates		24,334		7		649		23,692
Total Debt Securities		40,123		721		750		40,094
Total Securities Available-for-Sale	\$	40,123	\$	721	\$	750	\$	40,094
Securities Held-to-Maturity								
Equity Securities (Non-Marketable)								
8,633 Shares – Federal Home Loan Bank	\$	863	\$		\$		\$	863
630 Shares – First Nationa	ı 1							
Bankers Bankshares, Inc.		250						250
Total Equity Securities		1,113						1,113
Total Securities Held-to-Maturity	\$	\$1,113	\$		\$		\$	1,113
Total Equity Securities	\$		\$		\$		\$	

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 2. Securities (continued)

	June 30, 2013					
	Gross Gross					
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair		
Securities Available-for-Sale	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value		
		(In The	ousands)			
Debt Securities						
FHLMC Mortgage-Backed Certificates	\$397	\$19	\$	\$416		
FNMA Mortgage-Backed Certificates	11,185	775		11,960		
GNMA Mortgage-Backed Certificates	36,312	10	737	35,585		
Total Debt Securities	47,894	804	737	47,961		
Total Securities Available-for-Sale	\$ 47,894	\$804	\$737	\$47,961		
Securities Held-to-Maturity						
-						
Equity Securities (Non-Marketable)						
12,149 Shares – Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 1,215	\$	\$	\$1,215		
630 Shares – First National Bankers Bankshares, Inc.	250			250		
Total Equity Securities	1,465			1,465		
1	-,			-,		
Total Securities Held-to-Maturity	\$1,465	\$	\$	\$1,465		
	<i>41,00</i>	Ψ	Ŷ	<i>41,100</i>		

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities by contractual maturity at March 31, 2014, follows:

	Available-for-Sale		Held-to-	Maturity
	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
		(In Th	ousands)	
Within One Year or Less	\$3	\$3	\$	\$
One through Five Years	282	290		
After Five through Ten Years	184	189		
Over Ten Years	39,654	39,612		
Total	\$40,123	\$40,094	\$	\$

For the nine months ended March 31, 2014, proceeds from the sale of securities available-for-sale amounted to \$13.0 million. Gross realized gains amounted to \$35,000 for the nine months ended March 31, 2014.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 2. Securities (continued)

The following tables show information pertaining to gross unrealized losses on securities available-for-sale at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013 aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position. There were no unrealized losses on securities held-to-maturity at March 31, 2014 or June 30, 2013.

	2000 110	March in Twelve nths Fair	31, 2014 Over Twe Gross Unrealized	ve Months Fair	
Securities Available-for-Sale:	Losses	Value (In Th	Losses ousands)	Value	
Debt Securities Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$101	\$1,879	\$649	\$23,550	
Total Securities Available-for-Sale	\$101	\$1,879	\$649	\$23,550	

	June 30, 2013 Less Than Twelve					
	Mo	nths	Over Twe	lve Months		
	Gross		Gross			
	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value (In Th	Unrealized Losses nousands)	Fair Value		
Securities Available-for-Sale						
Debt Securities						
Mortgage-Backed Securities	\$737	\$27,875	\$	\$		
Total Securities Available-for-Sale	\$737	\$27,875	\$	\$		

The Company's investment in equity securities consists primarily of FHLB stock and shares of First National Bankers Bankshares, Inc. ("FNBB"). Management monitors its investment portfolio to determine whether any investment securities which have unrealized losses should be considered other than temporarily impaired.

At March 31, 2014, securities with a carrying value of \$10.5 million were pledged to secure public deposits, and securities and mortgage loans with a carrying value of \$100.1 million were pledged to secure FHLB advances.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 3. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable are summarized as follows:

	March 31, 2014 (In Thousands)	June 30, 2013
Loans Secured by Mortgages on Real Estate		
One- to Four-Family Residential	\$ 82,315	\$ 73,243
Commercial	49,834	51,169
Multi-Family Residential	19,587	19,587
Land	17,577	15,589
Construction	13,464	16,937
Equity and Second Mortgage	2,538	2,305
Equity Lines of Credit	13,368	12,592
Total Mortgage Loans	198,683	191,422
Commercial Loans	22,242	16,776
Consumer Loans		
Loans on Savings Accounts	350	259
Automobile and Other Consumer Loans	110	128
Total Consumer and Other Loans	460	387
Total Loans	221,385	208,585
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses	(2,346)	(2,240)
Unamortized Loan Fees	(308 )	(266)
Net Loans Receivable	\$ 218,731	\$ 206,079

Following is a summary of changes in the allowance for loan losses:

		Nine Months Ended March 31,			
	2014 (In 7				
Balance - Beginning of Period Provision for Loan Losses	\$2,240	\$1,698			
Loan Charge-Offs	118 (12	441 ) (15	)		
Balance - End of Period	\$2,346	\$2,124			

Credit Quality Indicators

The Company segregates loans into risk categories based on the pertinent information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public

information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans according to credit risk. Loans classified as substandard or identified as special mention are reviewed quarterly by management to evaluate the level of deterioration, improvement, and impairment, if any, as well as assign the appropriate risk category.

Loans excluded from the scope of the quarterly review process above are generally identified as pass credits until: (a) they become past due; (b) management becomes aware of deterioration in the credit worthiness of the borrower; or (c) the customer contacts the Company for a modification. In these circumstances, the loan is specifically evaluated for potential classification and the need to allocate reserves or charge-off. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Special Mention - Loans identified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 3. Loans Receivable (continued)

Credit Quality Indicators (continued)

Substandard - Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and payment capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful - Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loss - This classification includes those loans which are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as loans is not warranted. Even though partial recovery may be possible in the future, it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off these basically worthless loans. Accordingly, these loans are charged-off before period end.

The following tables present the grading of loans, segregated by class of loans, as of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013:

March 31, 2014 Real Estate Loans:	Pass	Special Mention (In Thous	Substandard sands)	Doubtful	Total
One- to Four-Family Residential	\$81,848	\$396	\$ 71	\$	\$82,315
Commercial	49,505	329			49,834
Multi-Family Residential	19,587				19,587
Land	17,577				17,577
Construction	13,464				13,464
Equity and Second Mortgage	2,538				2,538
Equity Lines of Credit	13,252	89		27	13,368
Commercial Loans	22,242				22,242
Consumer Loans	460				460
Total	\$220,473	\$814	\$ 71	\$27	\$221,385

June 30, 2013	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard (In Thousands	Doubtful )	Total
Real Estate Loans:					
One- to Four-Family Residential	\$72,595	\$313	\$335	\$	\$73,243
Commercial	49,457		1,712		51,169

Multi-Family Residential	19,587				19,587
Land	15,589				15,589
Construction	16,937				16,937
Equity and Second Mortgage	2,305				2,305
Equity Lines of Credit	12,476	89		27	12,592
Commercial Loans	13,545		3,231		16,776
Consumer Loans	387				387
Total	\$202,878	\$402	\$ 5,278	\$27	\$208,585

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 3. Loans Receivable (continued)

Credit Quality Indicators (continued)

June 30, 2013

Past Due

Due

Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value, and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when contractually due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays or payment shortfalls are generally not classified as impaired. On a case-by-case basis, management determines the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls, taking into consideration all of the circumstances related to the loan, including: the length of the payment delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record, and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed.

The following tables present an aging analysis of past due loans, segregated by class of loans, as of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013:

March 31, 2014 Real Estate		-59 Days st Due	60-89 Days Past Due	Greater Than 90 Days (In Thous	Total Past Due ands)	Current	Total Loans Receivable	Investment >90 Days and Accruing
Loans:								
One- to								
Four-Family								
Residential	\$	151	\$89	\$267	\$507	\$81,808	\$82,315	\$196
Commercial	Ψ			φ <u>2</u> 07		49,834	49,834	
Multi-Family						.,	.,	
Residential						19,587	19,587	
Land						17,577	17,577	
Construction						13,464	13,464	
Equity and Second								
Mortgage						2,538	2,538	
Equity Lines of								
Credit		60	27		87	13,281	13,368	
Commercial								
Loans						22,242	22,242	
Consumer Loans						460	460	
Total	\$	211	\$116	\$267	\$594	\$220,791	\$221,385	\$196
								Recorded Investment > 90
			60-89	Greater	_		Total	Days
	30	)-59 Days	Days Past	Than 90	Total		Loans	and

Days

Past Due

Current

Receivable

Accruing

Recorded

	(In Thousands)								
Real Estate									
Loans:									
One- to									
Four-Family									
Residential	\$ 1,437	\$925	\$622	\$2,984	\$70,259	\$73,243	\$236		
Commercial					51,169	51,169			
Multi-Family									
Residential					19,587	19,587			
Land					15,589	15,589			
Construction					16,937	16,937			
Equity and Second									
Mortgage					2,305	2,305			
Equity Lines of									
Credit			27	27	12,565	12,592			
Commercial									
Loans					16,776	16,776			
Consumer Loans					387	387			
Total	\$ 1,437	\$925	\$649	\$3,011	\$205,574	\$208,585	\$236		
Credit Commercial Loans Consumer Loans	\$ 				16,776 387	16,776 387			

Loans, for which the terms have been modified, and for which the borrower is experiencing financial difficulties are considered troubled debt restructurings and designated as impaired. There were no troubled debt restructurings as of March 31, 2014 or June 30, 2013.

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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 3. Loans Receivable (continued)

Credit Quality Indicators (continued)

The change in the allowance for loan losses by loan portfolio class and recorded investment in loans for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

			Real Est	tate Loans						
	1-4 Family		Multi-			Home Equity Loans and Lines	Commerc	ciaConsu	mer	
March 31,		1.0	· 115 · 1	<b>T</b> 1	<b>C</b> ( )	of	т	т	<b>T</b> ( 1	
2014	Residentia	al Commerc	1alFamily	Land	Construct		Loans	Loans	Total	
Allowance for loan losses:					(III Thousand					
Beginning	¢ 1 0 <b>00</b>	<b>\$ 22</b> 0	¢ 100	¢ 107	<b>•</b> 146	¢ 0 <b>5</b>	¢ 110	<b>.</b>	<b>* • • •</b> • •	
Balances	\$ 1,023	\$ 338	\$ 103	\$ 127	\$ 146	\$ 85	\$ 412	\$6	\$ 2,240	
Charge-Offs Recoveries							(12)	)	(12	)
Current										
Provision	187	48	(12)	33	(23)	3	(122)	) 4	118	
Ending			( )		()		( )	, -		
Balances	\$ 1,210	\$ 386	\$ 91	\$ 160	\$ 123	\$88	\$ 278	\$ 10	\$ 2,346	
Evaluated for										
Impairment:										
Individually Collectively	 1,210	 386	 91	 160	123	88	 278	 10	2,346	
Concentrery	1,210	500	71	100	123	00	270	10	2,340	
Loans Receivable:										
Ending										
Balances -	* ~ • • • •	*	* * * * * * *	÷ . – – – –		* • * * * * *	* • • • • • •	*	* * * * * * * *	_
Total	\$ 82,315	\$ 49,834	\$ 19,587	\$ 17,577	\$ 13,464	\$ 15,906	\$ 22,242	\$ 460	\$ 221,385	)
Ending Balances:										
Evaluated for										
Impairment:										
Individually	467	329				116			912	
Collectively		\$ 49,505	\$ 19,587	\$ 17,577	\$ 13,464	\$ 15,790	\$ 22,242	\$ 460	\$ 220,473	3

June 30, 2013 Allowance for loan losses:		Commercial	Multi- Family	Land	Constructio (In Thousand	n of Credit	Commercia Loans	Consumer Loans	Total
Beginning									
Balances	\$ 306	\$ 185	\$ 205	\$ 270	\$ 311	\$ 110	\$ 281	\$ 30	\$ 1,698
Charge-Offs						(16)			(16)
Recoveries									
Current									
Provision	717	153	(102)	(143	) (165 )	(9)	131	(24)	558
Ending Balances	\$ 1,023	\$ 338	\$ 103	\$ 127	\$ 146	\$ 85	\$ 412	\$ 6	\$ 2,240
Evaluated for Impairment:									
Individually Collectively	1,023	338	103	127	 146	85	412		2,240
Conectivery	1,025	330	105	127	140	05	412	0	2,240
Loans Receivable: Ending Balances - Total	\$ 73,243	\$ 51,169	\$ 19,587	\$ 15,589	9 \$ 16,937	\$ 14,897	\$ 16,776	\$ 387	\$ 208,585
Ending Balances:	\$ 7 <i>3</i> , <b>2</b> 13	<i>ф</i> 01,107	¢ 17,007	ф 10,00.	φ 10,957	ф <b>1</b> ,0 <i>5</i> 7	φ 10,770	<i>Q U U U U</i>	¢ 200,000
Evaluated for Impairment:									
Individually	648	1,712				116	3,231		5,707
Collectively	\$ 72,595	\$ 49,457	\$ 19,587	\$ 15,589	9 \$ 16,937	\$ 14,781	\$ 13,545	\$ 387	\$ 202,878

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 3. Loans Receivable (continued)

#### Credit Quality Indicators (continued)

The change in the allowance for loan losses by loan portfolio class for the nine months ended March 31, 2013, was as follows:

			Real Est	ate Loans						
						Home				
						Equity Loans				
	1-4					and				
	Family		Multi-			Lines	Commerc	ia <b> C</b> onsur	ner	
March 31,	•					of				
2013	Residenti	alCommerci	al Family	Land	Construct (In Thousan		Loans	Loans	Total	
Allowance for le	oan losses:				(	)				
Beginning										
Balances	\$ 306	\$ 185	\$205	\$270	\$ 311	\$110	\$ 281	\$30	\$1,698	
Charge-Offs						(10	)		(15	)
Recoveries										
Current Provision	610	149	(110	(120	) (150	) (10	) 114	(24	141	
Ending	010	149	(110	) (138	) (150	) (10	) 114	(24	) 441	
Balances	\$ 916	\$ 334	\$95	\$ 132	\$ 161	\$85	\$ 395	\$6	\$2,124	
Evaluated for										
Impairment:										
Individually										
Collectively	916	334	95	132	161	85	395	6	2,124	
Loans										
Receivable:										
Ending Balance	S									
- Total	\$ 67,352	\$ 51,450	\$19,976	\$15,899	\$ 15,298	\$12,828	\$ 15,600	\$404	\$198,807	
Ending Balances:										
Evaluated for										
Impairment:										
Individually	768	972				116	3,704		5,560	
Collectively	\$ 66,584	\$ 50,478	\$19,976	\$15,899	\$ 15,298	\$12,712	\$ 11,896	\$404	\$193,247	

The following tables present loans individually evaluated for impairment, segregated by class of loans, as of March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013:

March 31, 2014	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment With No Allowance	Recorded Investmen N With Allowance (In Thou	Recorded Investment	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment
Real Estate Loans:						
One- to Four-Family	<b>•</b> • • <b>• •</b>	<b>•</b> • • <b>• •</b>	¢	<b>.</b>	<i>ф</i>	¢ 40 <b>7</b>
Residential	\$467	\$ 467	\$	\$467	\$	\$487
Commercial	329	329		329		344
Multi-Family Residential						
Land						
Construction						
Equity and Second Mortgage						
Equity Lines of Credit	116	116		116		116
Commercial Loans						
Consumer Loans						
Total	\$ 912	\$ 912	\$	\$912	\$	\$947
June 30, 2013 Real Estate Loans:	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment With No Allowance	Recorded Investment With Allowance (In Tho	Total Recorded Investment usands)	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment
One- to Four-Family						
Residential	\$648	\$648	\$	\$648	\$	\$650
Commercial	1,712	1,712		1,712		1,151
Multi-Family Residential						
Land						
Construction						
Equity and Second Mortgage						
Equity Lines of Credit	116	116		116		116
Commercial Loans	3,231	3,231		3,231		3,534
Consumer Loans						
Total	\$5,707	\$5,707	\$	\$5,707	\$	\$5,451

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 3. Loans Receivable (continued)

Credit Quality Indicators (continued)

The Bank has no commitments to loan additional funds to borrowers whose loans were previously in non-accrual status. Loans totaling \$98,000 and \$413,000 were in non-accrual status at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively. If the non-accrual loans had been accruing interest at their original contracted rates, approximate gross interest income that would have been recorded for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, was \$2,700 and \$13,000, respectively.

#### 4. Deposits

Deposits at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013 consist of the following classifications:

	М	arch 31, 2014	Ju	une 30, 2013
		(In Thousands)		
Non-Interest Bearing	\$	32,476	\$	26,027
NOW Accounts		26,977		24,625
Money Markets		43,703		39,482
Passbook Savings		11,846		9,524
		115,002		99,658
Certificates of Deposit		114,244		112,264
Total Deposits	\$	229,246	\$	211,922

#### 5. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per common share are computed based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding and common share equivalents that would arise from the exercise of dilutive securities. Earnings per share for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 were calculated as follows:

	Three Mont N	hs Ended Iarch 31,	Nine Months Ended March 31,		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(In Tho	usands, Except I	Per Share Data	)	
Net income	\$638	\$ 676	\$1,996	\$ 2,495	
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	2,030	2,180	2,081	2,400	
Effect of dilutive common stock equivalents	52	67	50	68	
Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	2,082	2,247	2,131	2,468	
Basic earnings per share	\$0.31	\$ 0.31	\$0.96	\$ 1.04	
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.31	\$ 0.30	\$0.94	\$ 1.01	

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, there were outstanding options to purchase 236,935 and 275,162 shares, respectively, at a weighted average exercise price of \$13.90 and \$13.25 respectively, per share, and for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, there were outstanding options to purchase 243,964 and 294,533 shares, respectively, at a weighted average exercise price of \$13.85 and \$13.20 per share, respectively. For the quarter and nine months ended March 31, 2014, 51,356 and 49,551 options, respectively were included in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 5. Earnings Per Share (continued)

The following table presents the components of weighted average outstanding shares for purposes of calculating earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				Nine Months Ended March 31,			
	2014		2013		2014		2013	
	(In Tho			Гhou	usands)			
Average common shares issued	3,062		3,062		3,062		3,062	
Average unearned ESOP shares	(160	)	(171	)	(163	)	(174	)
Average unearned RRP shares	(55	)	(69	)	(61	)	(75	)
Average treasury shares	(817	)	(642	)	(757	)	(413	)
Weighted average shares outstanding	2,030		2,180		2,081		2,400	

#### 6. Stock-Based Compensation

Recognition and Retention Plan

On August 10, 2005, the shareholders of the Company approved the establishment of the Home Federal Bancorp, Inc. of Louisiana 2005 Recognition and Retention Plan and Trust Agreement (the "2005 Recognition Plan") as an incentive to retain personnel of experience and ability in key positions. The aggregate number of shares of the Company's common stock subject to award under the 2005 Recognition Plan totaled 63,547 shares. As the shares were acquired for the 2005 Recognition Plan, the purchase price of these shares was recorded as a contra equity account. As the shares are distributed, the contra equity account is reduced. During the nine months ended March 31, 2014, 561 shares vested and were released from the 2005 Recognition Plan Trust and 1,125 shares remained in the 2005 Recognition Plan Trust at March 31, 2014.

On December 23, 2011, the shareholders of the Company approved the establishment of the Home Federal Bancorp, Inc. of Louisiana 2011 Recognition and Retention Plan and Trust Agreement (the "2011 Recognition Plan", together with the 2005 Recognition Plan, the "Recognition Plan") as an incentive to retain personnel of experience and ability in key positions. The aggregate number of shares of the Company's common stock available for award under the 2011 Recognition Plan totaled 77,808 shares. At March 31, 2014, 50,124 shares remained in the 2011 Recognition Plan Trust.

Recognition Plan shares are earned by recipients at a rate of 20% of the aggregate number of shares covered by the Recognition Plan award over five years. Generally, if the employment of an employee or service as a non-employee director is terminated prior to the fifth anniversary of the date of grant of Recognition Plan share award, the recipient shall forfeit the right to any shares subject to the award that have not been earned. In the case of death or disability of the recipient or a change in control of the Company, the Recognition Plan awards will be vested and shall be distributed as soon as practicable thereafter.

The Recognition Plan cost is recognized over the five year vesting period. During the nine months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recognized \$157,000 in expense related to the Recognition Plans.

#### Stock Option Plan

On August 10, 2005, the shareholders of the Company approved the establishment of the Home Federal Bancorp, Inc. of Louisiana 2005 Stock Option Plan (the "2005 Option Plan") for the benefit of directors, officers, and other key employees. The aggregate number of shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 2005 Option Plan totaled 158,868. Both incentive stock options and non-qualified stock options may be granted under the 2005 Option Plan. As of March 31, 2014, 49,041 options were outstanding under the 2005 Option Plan and 2,133 were available for future grant.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# 6. Stock-Based Compensation (continued)

Stock Option Plan (continued)

On December 23, 2011, the shareholders of the Company approved the establishment of the Home Federal Bancorp, Inc. of Louisiana 2011 Stock Option Plan (the "2011 Option Plan", together with the 2005 Option Plan, the "Option Plans") for the benefit of directors, officers, and other key employees. The aggregate number of shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 2011 Option Plan totaled 194,522. Both incentive stock options and non-qualified stock options may be granted under the 2011 Option Plan. As of March 31, 2014, 169,234 options had been granted under the 2011 Option Plan of which 3,516 options had been exercised 3,112 had been forfeited and 28,400 were available for future grant.

Under the Option Plans, the exercise price of each option cannot be less than the fair market value of the underlying common stock as of the date of the option grant and the maximum term is ten years. Incentive stock options and non-qualified stock options granted under the Option Plans become vested and exercisable at a rate of 20% per year over five years, commencing one year from the date of the grant, with an additional 20% vesting on each successive anniversary of the date the option was granted. No vesting shall occur after an employee's employment or service as a director is terminated. In the event of the death or disability of an employee or director or change in control of the Company, the unvested options shall become vested and exercisable. The Company accounts for the Option Plans under the guidance of FASB ASC Topic 718, Compensation – Stock Compensation.

7. Related Party Transactions

Certain directors and executive officers were indebted to the Bank in the approximate aggregate amounts of \$2.5 million and \$2.2 million at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively.

# 8. Fair Value Disclosures

The following disclosure is made in accordance with the requirements of ASC 825, Financial Instruments. Financial instruments are defined as cash and contractual rights and obligations that require settlement, directly or indirectly, in cash. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values have been estimated using the present value of future cash flows or other valuation techniques. The results of these techniques are highly sensitive to the assumptions used, such as those concerning appropriate discount rates and estimates of future cash flows, which require considerable judgment. Accordingly, estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could realize in a current settlement of the underlying financial instruments.

ASC 825 excludes certain financial instruments and all nonfinancial instruments from its disclosure requirements. These disclosures should not be interpreted as representing an aggregate measure of the underlying value of the Company.

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating fair values of financial instruments:

Cash and Cash Equivalents The carrying amount approximates the fair value of cash and cash equivalents.

#### Securities to be Held-to-Maturity and Available-for-Sale

Fair values for investment securities, including mortgage-backed securities, are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices of comparable instruments. The carrying values of restricted or non-marketable equity securities approximate their fair values. The carrying amount of accrued investment income approximates its fair value.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 8. Fair Value Disclosures (continued)

#### Mortgage Loans Held-for-Sale

Because these loans are normally disposed of within ninety days of origination, their carrying value closely approximates the fair value of such loans.

#### Loans Receivable

For variable-rate loans that re-price frequently and with no significant changes in credit risk, fair value approximates the carrying value. Fair values for other loans are estimated using the discounted value of expected future cash flows. Interest rates used are those being offered currently for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality. The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable approximates its fair value.

#### **Deposit Liabilities**

The fair values for demand deposit accounts are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date, that is, their carrying amounts. Fair values for other deposit accounts are estimated using the discounted value of expected future cash flows. The discount rate is estimated using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar maturities.

#### Advances from Federal Home Loan Bank

The carrying amount of short-term borrowings approximates their fair value. The fair value of long-term debt is estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on current incremental borrowing rates for similar borrowing arrangements.

# Off-Balance Sheet Credit-Related Instruments

Fair values for outstanding mortgage loan commitments to lend are based on fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining term of the agreements, customer credit quality, and changes in lending rates.

The fair value of interest rate floors and caps contained in some loan servicing agreements and variable rate mortgage loan contracts are considered immaterial within the context of fair value disclosure requirements. Accordingly, no fair value estimate is provided for these instruments.

The carrying amount and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments were as follows:

	March	31, 2014	June	30, 2013		
	Carrying	Estimated	Carrying	Estimated		
	Value	Fair Value	Value	Fair Value		
	(In Thousands)					
Financial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6,649	\$6,649	\$3,685	\$3,685		
Securities Available-for-Sale	40,094	40,094	47,961	47,961		
Securities to be Held-to-Maturity	1,113	1,113	1,465	1,465		
Loans Held-for-Sale	6,795	6,795	3,464	3,464		
Loans Receivable	218,731	221,859	206,079	206,055		

Financial Liabilities				
Deposits	229,246	226,770	211,922	211,130
Advances from FHLB	17,454	17,770	21,662	22,045
Off-Balance Sheet Items				
Mortgage Loan Commitments	249	249	291	291

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 8. Fair Value Disclosures (continued)

The estimated fair values presented above could be materially different than net realizable value and are only indicative of the individual financial instrument's fair value. Accordingly, these estimates should not be considered an indication of the fair value of the Company taken as a whole.

The Company follows the guidance of FASB ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 affirms a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 was issued to establish a uniform definition of fair value. The definition of fair value is market-based as opposed to company-specific, and includes the following:

- •Defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability, in either case, through an orderly transaction between market participants at a measurement date and establishes a framework for measuring fair value;
- •Establishes a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date;
- •Nullifies the guidance in EITF 02-3, which required the deferral of profit at inception of a transaction involving a derivative financial instrument in the absence of observable data supporting the valuation technique;
- •Eliminates large position discounts for financial instruments quoted in active markets and requires consideration of the company's creditworthiness when valuing liabilities; and
- Expands disclosures about instrument that are measured at fair value.

The standard establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy favors the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. The three levels are defined as follows:

- •Level 1 Fair value is based upon quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets in which the Company can participate.
- •Level 2 Fair value is based upon (a) quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; (b) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, that is, markets in which there are few transactions for the asset or liability, the prices are not current, or price quotations vary substantially either over time or among market makers, or in which little information is released publicly; (c) inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability or (d) inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- •Level 3 Fair value is based upon inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability. These inputs reflect the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). These inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances, which include the Company's own data. The Company's own data used to develop unobservable inputs are adjusted if information indicates that market participants would use different assumptions.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

# HOME FEDERAL BANCORP, INC. OF LOUISIANA

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# Fair Value Disclosures (continued)

Fair values of assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis at March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for			Significant	
			Ot	her Observable	
March 31, 2014	Identical Assets (Level 1)		Inputs (Level 2) (In Thousands)		Total
Available-for-Sale					
Debt Securities					
FHLMC Mortgage-Backed Certificates	\$		\$	338	\$ 338
FNMA Mortgage-Backed Certificates				16,064	16,064
GNMA Mortgage-Backed Certificates				23,692	23,692
Total	\$		\$	40,094	\$ 40,094

	Quoted Prices in			Significant	
	Active Markets for		Other Observable		
	Identical Assets			Inputs	
June 30, 2013	(Level 1)			(Level 2)	Total
			(]	In Thousands)	
Available-for-Sale					
Debt Securities					
FHLMC Mortgage-Backed Certificates	\$		\$	416	\$ 416
FNMA Mortgage-Backed Certificates				11,960	11,960
GNMA Mortgage-Backed Certificates				35,585	35,585
Total	\$		\$	47,961	\$ 47,961

<sup>8.</sup> 

# ITEM 2.MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

General

The Company's results of operations are primarily dependent on the results of the Bank, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary. The Bank's results of operations depend, to a large extent, on net interest income, which is the difference between the income earned on its loan and investment portfolios and the cost of funds, consisting of the interest paid on deposits and borrowings. Results of operations are also affected by provisions for loan losses and loan sale activities. Non-interest expense principally consists of compensation and employee benefits, office occupancy and equipment expense, data processing and other expense. Our results of operations are also significantly affected by general economic and competitive conditions, particularly changes in interest rates, government policies and actions of regulatory authorities. Future changes in applicable law, regulations or government policies may materially impact our financial conditions and results of operations.

Home Federal Bank operates from its main office in Shreveport, Louisiana and three full service branch offices and an agency office located in Shreveport and Bossier City, Louisiana. The Company's primary market area is the Shreveport-Bossier City metropolitan area. The Company offers security brokerage and advisory services through a third party provider at its agency office, which also serves as the office for the commercial lending division and as a loan production office. During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, the Bank determined to relocate its agency office from leased property to a building at 222 Florida Street, Shreveport, Louisiana that had been held for sale. The agency office relocation was completed during the quarter ended December 31, 2013. The Bank completed its purchase of a parcel of land during the quarter ended December 31, 2013, located at 7964 East Texas Street, Bossier City, Louisiana, which will serve as the site of a future branch office.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Allowance for Loan Losses. The Company has identified the calculation of the allowance for loan losses as a critical accounting policy, due to the higher degree of judgment and complexity than its other significant accounting policies. Provisions for loan losses are based upon management's periodic valuation and assessment of the overall loan portfolio and the underlying collateral, trends in non-performing loans, current economic conditions and other relevant factors in order to maintain the allowance for loan losses at a level believed by management to represent all known and inherent losses in the portfolio that are both probable and reasonably estimable. Although management uses the best information available, the level of the allowance for loan losses remains an estimate which is subject to significant judgment and short-term change.

Income Taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined using the liability (or balance sheet) method. Under this method, the net deferred tax asset or liability is determined based on the tax effects of the temporary differences between the book and tax bases of the various assets and liabilities and gives current recognition to changes in tax rates and laws. The realization of our deferred tax assets principally depends upon our achieving projected future taxable income. We may change our judgments regarding future profitability due to future market conditions and other factors. We may adjust our deferred tax asset balances if our judgments change.

Discussion of Financial Condition Changes from June 30, 2013 to March 31, 2014

#### General

At March 31, 2014, the Company reported total assets of \$289.5 million, an increase of \$12.4 million, or 4.5%, compared to total assets of \$277.2 million at June 30, 2013. The increase in assets was comprised primarily of increases in loans receivable, net of \$12.7 million, or 6.1%, from \$206.1 million at June 30, 2013, to \$218.7 million at March 31, 2014, loans held-for-sale of \$3.3 million, or 96.2%, from \$3.5 million at June 30, 2013, to \$6.8 million at March 31, 2014, cash and cash equivalents of \$3.0 million, or 80.4%, from \$3.7 million at June 30, 2013 to \$6.6 million at March 31, 2014, and an increase in premises and equipment, net of \$1.3 million, or 19.1%, from \$6.6 million at June 30, 2013 to \$7.8 million at March 31, 2014. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in investment securities of \$8.2 million, or 16.6%, from \$49.4 million at June 30, 2013, to \$41.2 million at March 31, 2014. The increase in loans held-for-sale results primarily from an increase at March 31, 2014 in receivables from financial institutions purchasing the Company's loans held-for-sale.

Discussion of Financial Condition Changes from June 30, 2013 to March 31, 2014 (continued)

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents increased \$3.0 million, or 80.4%, from \$3.7 million at June 30, 2013 to \$6.6 million at March 31, 2014. The \$3.0 million increase in cash and cash equivalents was due to normal increases in demand deposit accounts, partially offset by a decrease in federal funds balances.

#### Loans Receivable, Net

Loans receivable, net, increased by \$12.7 million, or 6.1%, to \$218.7 million at March 31, 2014 compared to \$206.1 million at June 30, 2013. During the nine months ended March 31, 2014, our total loan originations amounted to \$169.8 million compared to \$180.8 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2013. The increase in loans receivable, net, was primarily due to increases in one- to four-family residential loans of \$9.1 million, commercial business loans of \$5.5 million and land loans of \$2.0 million, partially offset by decreases in residential construction loans of \$3.5 million and commercial real estate loans of \$1.3 million.

#### Loans Held-for-Sale

Loans held-for-sale increased \$3.3 million, or 96.2%, from \$3.5 million at June 30, 2013 to \$6.8 million at March 31, 2014. The increase in loans held-for-sale resulted primarily from an increase at March 31, 2014 in receivables from financial institutions purchasing the Company's loans held-for-sale.

#### **Investment Securities**

Investment securities amounted to \$41.2 million at March 31, 2014 compared to \$49.4 million at June 30, 2013, a decrease of \$8.2 million, or 16.6%. The decrease in investment securities was primarily due to the sale of mortgage backed securities in the amount of \$13.0 million, and by principal payments on securities of \$8.0 million, partially offset by the acquisition of \$13.3 million of mortgage-backed securities.

#### Premises and Equipment, Net

Premises and equipment, net, increased \$1.3 million, to \$7.8 million at March 31, 2014, compared to \$6.6 million at June 30, 2013, primarily due to improvements to the new agency office and main office and the acquisition of real estate for future branch office locations.

#### Asset Quality

At March 31, 2014, the Company had \$294,000 of non-performing assets compared to \$649,000 at June 30, 2013. Our non-performing assets at both March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013 consisted of four single family residential loans, two of which were purchased from a local mortgage originator secured by property in our market area that are 90 days or more past due and accruing interest, one single family residential loan we originated that was 90 days or more past due and on non-accrual status, one single family residential loan less than 90 days past due and accruing, and a line of credit totaling \$27,000 that was on non-accrual status. Following the expansion of the Company's mortgage lending operations, the Company has not purchased mortgage loans since fiscal 2008. At March 31, 2014, the Company had one residential mortgage loan classified as substandard in the amount of 71,000 compared to one commercial real

estate loan, two commercial business loans and one residential mortgage loan in the aggregate amount of \$5.3 million at June 30, 2013. The Company had one line of credit classified as doubtful in the amount of \$27,000 at both March 31, 2014 and June 30, 3013.

Discussion of Financial Condition Changes from June 30, 2013 to March 31, 2014 (continued)

#### **Total Liabilities**

The Company's total liabilities amounted to \$247.5 million at March 31, 2014, an increase of approximately \$12.4 million, or 5.3%, compared to total liabilities of \$235.2 million at June 30, 2013. The primary reason for the increase in liabilities was due to an increase in deposits of \$17.3 million, or 8.2%, from \$211.9 million at June 30, 2013 to \$229.2 million at March 31, 2014, partially offset by a decrease in advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank of \$4.2 million, or 19.4%, to \$17.5 million at March 31, 2014 from \$21.7 million at June 30, 2013. Non-interest bearing accounts increased \$6.4 million, or 24.8%, and passbook savings accounts increased \$2.3 million or 24.4%, at March 31, 2014 compared to June 30, 2013. Certificates of Deposit increased \$2.0 million, or 1.8%, from \$112.3 million at June 30, 2013 to \$114.2 million at March 31, 2014. Interest bearing NOW accounts increased \$2.4 million, or 9.6%, from \$24.6 million at June 30, 2013 to \$27.0 million at March 31, 2014. The Company utilizes brokered certificates of deposit as a component of its strategy for lowering Home Federal Bank's overall cost of funds. The brokered certificates of deposit, all of which have maturity dates greater than twelve months, are callable by Home Federal Bank after twelve months pursuant to early redemption provisions. At both March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013, the Company had \$12.7 million in brokered deposits.

#### Shareholders' Equity

Shareholders' equity was \$42.0 million at both March 31, 2014 and June 30, 2013. The primary changes within shareholders' equity from June 30, 2013, were dividends paid of \$417,000, acquisition of treasury stock of \$2.3 million, and a decrease in the Company's accumulated other comprehensive income of \$63,000. These decreases in shareholders' equity were partially offset by net income of \$2.0 million, proceeds from the issuance of common stock from the exercise of stock options of \$272,000, and the vesting of restricted stock awards, stock options and release of employee stock ownership plan shares totaling \$527,000.

The Bank is required to meet minimum capital standards promulgated by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ("OCC"). At March 31, 2014, Home Federal Bank's regulatory capital was well in excess of the minimum capital requirements.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three and Nine month Periods Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

#### General

Net income amounted to \$638,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to \$676,000 for the same period in 2013, a decrease of \$38,000 or 5.6%. The decrease was primarily due to a \$143,000 or 18.6%, decrease in non-interest income, a \$97,000 or 4.4%, increase in non-interest expense and a \$3,000, or 0.1% decrease in net interest income, partially offset by a \$184,000 or 86.0% decrease in the provision for loan losses, and a \$21,000 or 6.5% decrease in income tax expense for the 2014 period compared to the same period in 2013.

Net income amounted to \$2.0 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 compared to net income of \$2.5 million for the same period in 2013, a decrease of \$499,000, or 20.0%. The decrease was primarily due to an \$822,000, or 31.4%, decrease in non-interest income, and a \$310,000, or 4.8%, increase in non-interest expense, partially offset by a \$323,000, or 73.2%, decrease in the provision for loan losses, an increase of \$34,000, or 0.4%, in net interest income and a \$276,000 or 22.4% decrease in income tax expense.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three and Nine month Periods Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (continued)

#### Net Interest Income

Net interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$2.6 million, a decrease of \$3,000, or 0.1%, in comparison to \$2.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The decrease in net interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2014, was primarily due to a \$64,000, or 2.0%, decrease in total interest income, partially offset by a decrease of \$61,000, or 9.8%, in aggregate interest expense on borrowings and deposits primarily due to an overall decrease in rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities. The Company's average interest rate spread was 3.71% for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to 3.80% for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The Company's net interest margin was 3.92% for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to 4.03% for the quarter ended March 31, 2013. The decrease in the average interest rate spread on a comparative quarterly basis was primarily the result of a decrease of 22 basis points in average yield on interest-earning assets. The decrease in net interest margin was primarily the result of a higher average volume of interest earning assets for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 compared to 4 higher average volume of interest earning assets for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 compared to the prior year quarterly period.

Net interest income for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 was \$8.0 million, an increase of \$34,000, or 0.4%, in comparison to the nine months ended March 31, 2013. The increase in net interest income for the nine month period was primarily due to a \$169,000, or 8.6% decrease in interest expense on borrowings and deposits due to an overall decline in the average cost of funds partially offset by a \$135,000, or 1.4%, decrease in total interest income. The Company's average interest rate spread was 3.68% for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, compared to 3.80% for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, compared to 3.80% for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, compared to 4.08% for the nine months ended March 31, 2013. The decrease in net interest margin and average interest rate spread on a comparative nine month basis is attributable primarily to a decrease of 29 basis points in average yield on interest earning assets for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 compared to the prior year nine month period.

#### Provision for Losses on Loans

Based on an analysis of historical experience, the volume and type of lending conducted by Home Federal Bank, the status of past due principal and interest payments, general economic conditions, particularly as such conditions relate to our market area and other factors related to the collectability of Home Federal Bank's loan portfolio, a provision for loan losses of \$30,000 and \$118,000 was made during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014, respectively, compared to a \$214,000 and \$441,000 provision made during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2013, respectively. The allowance for loan losses was \$2.3 million, or 1.1% of total loans, at March 31, 2014, compared to \$2.1 million, or 1.1%, of total loans at March 31, 2013. At March 31, 2014, Home Federal Bank had five non-performing loans in the aggregate amount of 294,000 and no other non-performing assets or troubled-debt restructurings. At March 31, 2013, Home Federal had five non-performing loans in the aggregate amount of \$768,000 and no other non-performing assets or troubled debt restructurings. There can be no assurance that the loan loss allowance will be sufficient to cover losses on non-performing assets in the future.

#### Non-interest Income

Total non-interest income amounted to \$627,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, a decrease of \$143,000 or 18.6% compared to \$770,000 for the same period in 2013. The decrease was due to decreases of \$295,000 in gain on sale of loans held for sale, partially offset by \$129,000 in gain on sale of real estate and an increase of \$23,000 in

other non-interest income.

Total non-interest income amounted to \$1.8 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, a decrease of \$822,000, or 31.4%, compared to \$2.6 million for the same period in 2013. The decrease was primarily due to decreases of \$752,000 in gain on sale of loans held for sale, \$180,000 in gain on sale of investments, \$10,000 in income on bank owned life insurance and \$9,000 in other non-interest income, partially offset by \$129,000 in gain on sale of real estate.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three and Nine Month Periods Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (continued)

The \$129,000 gain on sale of real estate during both the three and nine month periods was due to the disposition of a lot in Bossier City, Louisiana that had been held for a possible branch location site.

#### Non-interest Expense

Total non-interest expense increased \$97,000, or 4.4%, for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to the prior year period. The increase in non-interest expense for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, compared to the same period in 2013, is primarily attributable to increases of \$71,000 in compensation and benefits expense, \$54,000 in occupancy and equipment expense, \$26,000 in data processing expense, \$7,000 in deposit insurance premiums and \$5,000 in audit and examination fees. These increases were partially offset by decreases of \$69,000 in legal fees and \$2,000 in other non-interest expenses.

Total non-interest expense increased \$310,000, or 4.8%, for the nine months ended March 31, 2014 compared to the prior year period. The increase in non-interest expense for the nine months ended March 31, 2014, compared to the same period in 2013, is primarily attributable to increases of \$136,000 in compensation and benefits expense, \$94,000 in occupancy and equipment expense, \$40,000 in data processing, \$39,000 in franchise and bank shares taxes, \$94,000 in other non-interest expenses and \$14,000 in advertising expense. These increases were partially offset by a decrease of \$78,000 in legal fees.

The increase in compensation and benefits expense for the three and nine month periods was a result of normal compensation increases including stock options and recognition and retention plan expense and the hiring of additional commercial and residential loan officers. The aggregate compensation expense recognized by the Company for its Stock Option, ESOP and Recognition and Retention Plans amounted to \$145,000 and \$430,000 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014, compared to \$147,000 and \$431,000 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014, compared to \$147,000 and \$431,000 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2013, respectively.

The Louisiana bank shares tax is assessed on the Bank's equity and earnings. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recognized franchise and bank shares tax expense of \$85,000 and \$263,000, respectively, compared to \$84,000 and \$224,000 for the same periods in 2013.

#### Income Taxes

Income taxes amounted to \$302,000 and \$955,000 for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2014, respectively, resulting in effective tax rates of 32.1% and 32.4%, respectively. Income taxes amounted to \$323,000 and \$1.2 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2013, respectively, resulting in effective tax rates of 32.3% and 33.0%, respectively.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three and Nine Month Periods Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (continued)

Average Balances, Net Interest Income, Yields Earned and Rates Paid. The following tables show for the periods indicated the total dollar amount of interest from average interest-earning assets and the resulting yields, as well as the interest expense on average interest-bearing liabilities, expressed both in dollars and rates, and the net interest margin. Tax-exempt income and yields have not been adjusted to a tax-equivalent basis. All average balances are based on monthly balances. Management does not believe that the monthly averages differ significantly from what the daily averages would be.

	Three Months Ended March 31,								
		2014			2013				
			Average	2		Averag	e		
	Average		Yield/	Average		Yield/	1		
	Balance	Interest	Rate	Balance	Interest	Rate			
			(Dollars	in thousands)					
Interest-earning assets:									
Investment securities	\$43,010	\$236	2.19	% \$55,851	\$388	2.78	%		
Loans receivable	224,019	2,969	5.30	201,100	2,880	5.73			
Interest-earning deposits	2,940	2	0.26	6,352	2	0.12			
Total interest-earning assets	269,969	3,207	4.75	263,303	3,270	4.97			
Non-interest-earning assets	22,069			15,781					
Total									
assets	\$292,038			\$279,084					
Interest-bearing liabilities:									
Savings									
accounts	11,603	6	0.19	7,948	4	0.22			
NOW									
accounts	26,941	57	0.85	21,776	42	0.77			
Money market									
accounts	45,230	35	0.31	38,533	35	0.37			
Certificate									
accounts	113,963	424	1.49	110,439	462	1.67			
Total									
deposits	197,737	522	1.06	178,696	543	1.22			
FHLB									
advances	17,357	37	0.85	33,567	77	0.91			
Total interest-bearing liabilities	215,094	559	1.04	% 212,263	620	1.17	%		
Non-interest-bearing liabilities:									
Non-interest bearing demand accounts	32,816			23,258					
Other									
liabilities	907			879					
Total									
liabilities	248,817			236,400					
Total Stockholders' Equity(1)	43,221			42,684					
Total liabilities and equity	\$292,038			\$279,084					

Net interest-earning assets	\$54,875			\$51,040			
Net interest income; average interest rate spread(2)		\$2,648	3.71	%	\$2,650	3.80	%
Net interest margin(3)			3.92	%		4.03	%
Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities	2		125.51	%		124.05	%

(1) Includes retained earnings and accumulated other comprehensive loss.

(2) Interest rate spread represents the difference between the weighted-average yield on interest-earning assets and the weighted-average

rate on interest-bearing liabilities.

(3) Net interest margin is net interest income divided by net average interest-earning assets.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three and Nine Month Periods Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (continued)

	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2014 2013								
Interest-earning assets:	Average Balance	Interest	Average Yield/ Rate (Dollars	e Average Balance In Thousands)	Interest	Average Yield/ Rate	e		
Investment securities	\$48,080	\$784	2.17	% \$60,601	\$1,334	2.94	%		
Loans receivable	218,796	8,979	5.47	193,450	8,564	5.90			
Interest-earning deposits	5,072	10	0.25	5,917	10	0.22			
Total interest-earning assets	271,948	9,773	4.79	259,968	9,908	5.08			
Non-interest-earning assets	20,336	,		15,647					
Total assets	\$292,284			\$275,615					
Interest-bearing liabilities:	. ,			. ,					
Savings accounts	10,851	17	0.21	7,140	14	0.26			
NOW accounts	26,445	194	0.98	19,719	118	0.80			
Money market accounts	43,617	114	0.35	40,363	131	0.43			
Certificate accounts	114,022	1,328	1.55	108,357	1,430	1.76			
Total deposits	194,935	1,653	1.13	175,579	1,693	1.29			
Other bank borrowings	333	14	5.70						
FHLB advances	19,060	125	0.88	28,773	267	1.24			
Total interest-bearing liabilities	214,328	1,792	1.11	% 204,352	1,960	1.28	%		
Non-interest-bearing liabilities:									
Non-interest bearing demand accounts	32,898			23,691					
Other									
liabilities	1,304			1,352					
Total									
liabilities	248,530			229,395					
Total Stockholders' Equity(1)	43,754			46,220					
Total liabilities and equity	\$292,284			\$275,615					
Net interest-earning assets	\$57,620			\$55,616					
Net interest income; average interest rate									
spread(2)		\$7,981	3.68	%	\$7,948	3.80	%		
Net interest margin(3)			3.91	%		4.08	%		
Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities			126.88	%		127.22	%		

(1) Includes retained earnings and accumulated other comprehensive loss.

(2) Interest rate spread represents the difference between the weighted-average yield on interest-earning assets and the weighted-average rate on interest-bearing liabilities.

(3)

Net interest margin is net interest income divided by net average interest-earning assets.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three and Nine Month Periods Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (continued)

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Home Federal Bank maintains levels of liquid assets deemed adequate by management. The Bank adjusts its liquidity levels to fund deposit outflows, repay its borrowings and to fund loan commitments. Home Federal Bank also adjusts liquidity as appropriate to meet asset and liability management objectives.

Home Federal Bank's primary sources of funds are deposits, amortization and prepayment of loans and mortgage-backed securities, maturities of investment securities and other short-term investments, loan sales and earnings and funds provided from operations. While scheduled principal repayments on loans and mortgage-backed securities are a relatively predictable source of funds, deposit flows and loan prepayments are greatly influenced by general interest rates, economic conditions and competition. The Bank sets the interest rates on its deposits to maintain a desired level of total deposits. In addition, Home Federal Bank invests excess funds in short-term interest-earning accounts and other assets, which provide liquidity to meet lending requirements. Home Federal Bank's deposit accounts with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas amounted to \$123,000 at March 31, 2014.

A significant portion of Home Federal Bank's liquidity consists of securities classified as available-for-sale and cash and cash equivalents. Home Federal Bank's primary sources of cash are net income, principal repayments on loans and mortgage-backed securities and increases in deposit accounts. If Home Federal Bank requires funds beyond its ability to generate them internally, borrowing agreements exist with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas which provides an additional source of funds. At March 31, 2014, Home Federal Bank had \$17.5 million in advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas and had \$105.9 million in additional borrowing capacity. Additionally, at March 31, 2014, Home Federal Bank was a party to a Master Purchase Agreement with First National Bankers Bank whereby Home Federal Bank may purchase Federal Funds from First National Bankers Bank in an amount not to exceed \$16.7 million. There were no amounts purchased under this agreement as of March 31, 2014.

At March 31, 2014, Home Federal Bank had outstanding loan commitments of \$24.9 million to originate loans. At March 31, 2014, certificates of deposit scheduled to mature in less than one year totaled \$49.0 million. Based on prior experience, management believes that a significant portion of such deposits will remain with us, although there can be no assurance that this will be the case. In addition, the cost of such deposits could be significantly higher upon renewal in a rising interest rate environment. Home Federal Bank intends to utilize its high levels of liquidity to fund its lending activities. If additional funds are required to fund lending activities, Home Federal Bank intends to sell its securities classified as available-for-sale as needed.

Home Federal Bank is required to maintain regulatory capital sufficient to meet tangible, core and risk-based capital ratios of at least 1.5%, 3.0% and 8.0%, respectively. At March 31, 2014, Home Federal Bank exceeded each of its capital requirements with ratios of 14.22%, 14.22% and 23.27%, respectively.

**Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements** 

At March 31, 2014, the Company did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined by Securities and Exchange Commission rules.

Impact of Inflation and Changing Prices

The financial statements and related financial data presented herein have been prepared in accordance with instructions to Form 10-Q, which require the measurement of financial position and operating results in terms of historical dollars, without considering changes in relative purchasing power over time due to inflation.

Unlike most industrial companies, virtually all of the Company's assets and liabilities are monetary in nature. As a result, interest rates generally have a more significant impact on a financial institution's performance than does the effect of inflation.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements and information relating to the Company that are based on the beliefs of management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to management. In addition, in those and other portions of this document, the words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "except," "intend," "she and similar expressions, or the negative thereof, as they relate to the Company or the Company's management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements reflect the current views of the Company with respect to future looking events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary from those described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated, expected or intended. The Company does not intend to update these forward-looking statements.

# HOME FEDERAL BANCORP, INC. OF LOUISIANA

# ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable.

# ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosures Controls and Procedures. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our President and Chief Operating Officer (together, the co-principal executive officers) and our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer, the President and Chief Operating Officer and the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the applicable time periods specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II

# ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is not involved in any pending legal proceedings other than routine legal proceedings occurring in the ordinary course of business, which involve amounts in the aggregate believed by management to be immaterial to the financial condition of the Company.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Not applicable.

# ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

(a)Not applicable.(b)Not applicable.(c)Purchases of Equity Securities

The Company's repurchases of its common stock made during the quarter ended March 31, 2014 are set forth in the table below:

Period	Total	Average	Total	Maximum
	Number of	Price Paid	Number of	Number of
	Shares	per Share	Shares	Shares that
	Purchased		Purchased	May Yet

			as Part of Publicly	Be Purchased
			Announced	Under the
			Plans or	Plans or
			Programs	Programs
				(a)(b)
January 1, 2014 – January 31, 2014	6,957	\$17.64	6,957	117,498
February 1, 2014– February 28, 2014	389	17.85	389	117,109
March 1, 2014– March 31, 2014				117,109
Total	7,346	\$17.65	7,346	117,109

Notes to this table:

- (a)On January 24, 2013, the Company announced by press release a repurchase program to repurchase up to 120,000 shares, or approximately 5.0% of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock. The repurchase program does not have an expiration date.
- (b)On January 28, 2014, the Company announced by press release a repurchase program to repurchase up to 115,000 shares, or approximately 5.0% of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock. The repurchase program does not have an expiration date.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following Exhibits are filed as part of this report:

No.	Description
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Co-Principal Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Co-Principal Executive Officer
31.3	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer
32.0	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definitions Linkbase Document.

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

#### HOME FEDERAL BANCORP, INC. OF LOUISIANA

Date: May 12, 2014

By:

/s/Clyde D. Patterson Clyde D. Patterson Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Duly authorized officer and principal financial and accounting officer)