

NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST INC
Form 424B5
July 21, 2003

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Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5)
Registration No. 333-105733

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT
(To Prospectus dated June 6, 2003)

NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST, INC.

Common Stock

We have entered into a standby equity distribution agreement with BNY Capital Markets, Inc., or BNYCMI, relating to shares of our common stock, par value \$.01 per share, offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. In accordance with the terms of the standby equity distribution agreement, we may offer and sell up to \$50,000,000 of shares of our common stock from time to time through BNYCMI as our agent for the offer and sale of the shares. Sales of the shares will be made at market prices prevailing at the time of sale. BNY Capital Markets, Inc. will receive from us a commission equal to 1% of the sales price of all shares sold through it as agent under the standby equity distribution agreement.

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NXL." On July 18, 2003, the last reported sales price of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange was \$22.10 per share.

Investing in our common stock involves risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 4 of the accompanying prospectus.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

BNY CAPITAL MARKETS, INC.

The date of this prospectus supplement is July 21, 2003

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. We have not, and BNYCMI has not, authorized anyone to provide you with different or additional information. If anyone provides you with different or additional information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and BNYCMI is not, making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. The information appearing in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein and therein is accurate only as of their respective dates or on other dates which are specified in those documents. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since those dates.

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This prospectus supplement is not complete without, and may not be delivered or used except in connection with, the accompanying prospectus. You should read this entire prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, as well as the information incorporated herein and therein by reference, before making an investment decision.

When used in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, except where the context otherwise requires, the terms "we", "our", "us" and "the company" refer to New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. and, where appropriate, its subsidiaries.

THE COMPANY

We are one of the nation's largest owners and managers of community and neighborhood shopping centers. As of March 31, 2003, we owned 393 properties in 35 states. Our properties include 354 community and neighborhood shopping centers with approximately 49.5 million square feet of gross leasable area, and 39 other related retail real estate assets with approximately 2.9 million square feet of gross leasable area. The occupancy rate of our properties was approximately 89% as of March 31, 2003.

We are a self-administered and self-managed equity real estate investment trust, which we refer to as a REIT, that is incorporated in Maryland. We maintain our principal executive offices at 1120 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10036, where our telephone number is (212) 869-3000.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We expect to use net proceeds from the sale of shares of common stock under the standby equity distribution agreement for general corporate purposes, including working capital, reduction of the amounts outstanding under our outstanding \$350 million unsecured revolving credit facility and our \$155 million unsecured term loan facility, and the acquisition of properties. As of March 31, 2003, we had drawn approximately \$255 million under the revolving credit facility, and \$155 million under the term loan facility. Our \$350 million unsecured

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revolving credit facility currently bears interest at LIBOR plus 105 basis points and matures in April 2005, with a one-year extension option. Our \$155 million unsecured term loan facility currently bears interest at LIBOR plus 115 basis points and matures in December 2003. An affiliate of BNYCMI, the agent for this offering, is a lender under our revolving credit facility and our term loan facility. This affiliate will receive its proportionate share of the amount of the facilities to be repaid with the proceeds of the sale of the shares of common stock.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We have entered into a standby equity distribution agreement, dated as of July 21, 2003, with BNY Capital Markets, Inc., or BNYCMI, under which we may issue and sell up to \$50,000,000 of shares of our common stock from time to time through BNYCMI, as our agent for the offer and sale of the shares. The sales, if any, of the shares of common stock under this standby equity distribution agreement will be made in "at the market" offerings as defined in Rule 415 of the Securities Act of 1933, including sales made directly on the New York Stock Exchange, the existing trading market for our common stock, or sales made to or through a market maker or through an electronic communications network. In addition, the shares of common stock may be offered and sold by such other methods, including privately negotiated transactions, as we and BNYCMI agree to in writing.

From time to time during the term of the standby equity distribution agreement, we may deliver an issuance notice to BNYCMI specifying the length of the selling period (not to exceed 20 trading days), the amount of common stock to be sold (the aggregate sales price of such shares not to exceed \$10,000,000 during any selling period without BNYCMI's prior written consent) and the minimum price below which sales may not be made. Upon receipt of an issuance notice from us, and subject to the terms and conditions of the standby equity distribution agreement, BNYCMI has agreed to use its commercially reasonable efforts consistent with its normal trading and sales practices to sell such shares

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on such terms. We or BNYCMI may suspend the offering of shares of common stock at any time upon proper notice to the other, upon which the selling period will immediately terminate. Settlement for sales of common stock will occur on the later of: (i) the trading day immediately following the last day of the selling period and (ii) the third trading day following the date on which any sales were made.

We will pay BNYCMI a commission equal to 1% of the sales price of all shares sold through it as agent under the standby equity distribution agreement. We have also agreed to reimburse BNYCMI for its reasonable documented out-of-pocket expenses up to a maximum of \$50,000, including fees and expenses of counsel, in connection with the standby equity distribution agreement.

We will deliver to the New York Stock Exchange copies of this prospectus supplement pursuant to the rules of the exchange. We will report at least quarterly the number of shares of common stock sold through BNYCMI, as agent, in at-the-market offerings, the net proceeds to us and the compensation paid by us to BNYCMI in connection with such sales of common stock.

BNYCMI and its affiliates may, from time to time, engage in transactions with, and perform services for, us in the ordinary course of our business.

In connection with the sale of the common stock hereunder, BNYCMI may be deemed to be an "underwriter" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, and the compensation paid to BNYCMI may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts. We have agreed to indemnify BNYCMI against certain civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.

The offering of common stock pursuant to the standby equity distribution agreement will terminate upon the earlier of (1) the sale of all shares of common stock subject to the standby equity distribution agreement, (2) the second anniversary of the date of the standby equity distribution agreement and (3) termination of the standby equity distribution agreement by either BNYCMI or us. The standby equity distribution agreement may be terminated by BNYCMI or us at any time upon 10 days notice, and by BNYCMI in certain circumstances, including certain bankruptcy events relating to us or any material subsidiary, our failure to maintain a listing of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange or the occurrence of a material adverse change in our company.

We have agreed not to directly or indirectly sell, offer to sell, contract to sell, grant any option to sell or otherwise dispose of, shares of our common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of our common stock, warrants or any rights to purchase or acquire our common stock for a period beginning on the third trading day prior to the delivery of any issuance notice and ending on the third trading day following the settlement date for the applicable issuance notice, without the prior written consent of BNYCMI. This consent may be given at any time without public notice. The restriction described in this paragraph does not apply to sales of:

shares we offer or sell pursuant to the standby equity distribution agreement;

shares we issue in connection with acquisitions;

shares we issue upon conversion of convertible securities, redemption of partnership units, or the exercise of warrants, options or other rights; or

shares and options to purchase shares we issue, in either case, pursuant to any employee or director stock option or benefit plan, stock purchase or ownership plan or dividend reinvestment plan.

LEGAL MATTERS

Hogan & Hartson L.L.P. will pass upon the legality of the shares of our common stock offered by this prospectus supplement. Pillsbury Winthrop LLP, New York, New York, will act as counsel to the agent.

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PROSPECTUS

\$1,000,000,000

NEW PLAN EXCEL REALTY TRUST, INC.

Debt Securities
Preferred Stock
Depositary Shares
Common Stock
Warrants
Rights

Corporate Headquarters:

1120 Avenue of the Americas
New York, New York 10036
(212) 869-3000

We will provide specific terms of these securities in supplements to this prospectus.
You should read this prospectus and any supplement carefully before you invest.

Investing in our securities involves risks. You should carefully read the risk factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NXL."

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission, nor have these organizations determined that this prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus is dated June 6, 2003.

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we filed with the SEC utilizing a "shelf" registration process. Under this process, New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc. (which we generally refer to as we, us or the "Company" in this prospectus) may offer and sell any combination of the securities described in this prospectus in one or more offerings up to a total dollar amount of \$1,000,000,000. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities we may offer. Each time we offer securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement and attach it to this prospectus. The prospectus supplement will contain specific information about the terms of the securities being offered at that time. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. You should read both this prospectus and any prospectus supplement, together with any additional information you may need to make your investment decision.

A WARNING ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus and the information incorporated by reference herein contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such statements are based on assumptions and expectations which may not be realized and are inherently subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which cannot be predicted with accuracy and some of which might not even be anticipated. Future events and actual results, performance, transactions or achievements, financial and otherwise, may differ materially from the results, performance, transactions or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties and other factors that might cause such differences, some of which could be material, include, but are not limited to: changes in the global political environment; national and local economic, business and real estate and other market conditions, including the ability of the general economy to recover timely from the current economic downturn; the competitive environment in which we operate; property management risks; financing risks, such as the inability to obtain debt or equity financing on favorable terms; possible future downgrades in our credit rating; the level and volatility of interest rates; financial stability of tenants, including the ability of tenants to pay rent, the decision of tenants to close stores and the effect of bankruptcy laws; the rate of revenue increases versus expense increases; the ability to maintain our status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes; governmental approvals, actions and initiatives; environmental/safety requirements and costs; risks of real estate acquisition and development, including the failure of acquisitions to close and pending developments and redevelopments to be completed on time and within budget; risks of disposition strategies, including the failure to complete sales on a timely basis and the failure to reinvest sale proceeds in a manner that generates favorable returns; risks of joint venture activities; as well as other risks identified in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002, and, from time to time, in the other reports we file with the SEC or in other documents that we publicly disseminate. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

WHERE TO FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy materials we have filed with the SEC at the SEC's public reference room at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of its public reference room. Our SEC filings also are available to the public on the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. You may read and copy our SEC filings at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005. In addition, we maintain an Internet website that contains information about us at <http://www.newplan.com>.

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We have filed with the SEC a "shelf" registration statement on Form S-3 under the Securities Act of 1933, relating to the securities that may be offered by this prospectus. This prospectus is a part of that registration statement, but does not contain all of the information in the registration statement. For more detail concerning the Company and any securities offered by this prospectus, you may examine the registration statement and the exhibits filed with it at the locations listed in the previous paragraph.

INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN INFORMATION BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to "incorporate by reference" in this prospectus certain information we file with the SEC, which means that we may disclose important information in this prospectus by referring you to the document that contains the information. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be a part of this prospectus, and the information we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below and any future filings we make with the SEC under Section 13(a),

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13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, until the offering of securities covered by this prospectus is completed:

our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002, as amended by Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A filed with the SEC on April 3, 2003;

our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2003; and

our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 17, 2003 and May 19, 2003.

You may request a copy of these filings, and any exhibits we have specifically incorporated by reference as an exhibit in this prospectus, at no cost by writing or telephoning our General Counsel at:

New Plan Excel Realty Trust, Inc.
1120 Avenue of the Americas
New York, New York 10036
(212) 869-3000

Readers should rely on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this prospectus or in the applicable supplement to this prospectus. Readers should not assume that the information in this prospectus and the applicable supplement is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front cover of the document.

ABOUT THE COMPANY

We are one of the nation's largest owners and managers of community and neighborhood shopping centers. As of March 31, 2003, we owned 393 properties in 35 states. Our properties include 354 community and neighborhood shopping centers with approximately 49.5 million square feet of gross leasable area, and 39 other related retail real estate assets with approximately 2.9 million square feet of gross leasable area. The occupancy rate of our properties (excluding properties under redevelopment) was approximately 89% as of March 31, 2003.

Our strategy is to own and manage a high quality portfolio of commercial retail properties, a majority of which are community and neighborhood shopping centers, that will provide increasing cash flow while protecting investor capital and providing potential for capital appreciation. We seek to implement this strategy by:

aggressively managing, and where appropriate, redeveloping and upgrading our properties;

making selective acquisitions of well-located neighborhood and community shopping centers, either on an individual basis or in portfolio transactions;

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effecting non-strategic asset dispositions and recycling the capital created by those transactions; and

continuing to maintain a strong and flexible financial position to facilitate growth.

As of March 31, 2003, we had approximately 372 employees and 20 offices (consisting of six regional offices and 14 satellite field offices) coast-to-coast. Our principal executive offices are located at 1120 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10036, where our telephone number is (212) 869-3000.

RISK FACTORS

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You should consider carefully the risks incorporated in this prospectus by reference to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002 and the other information contained in this prospectus before deciding to invest in our securities.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise described in the supplement to this prospectus used to offer specific securities, we intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of securities under this prospectus for general business purposes, which may include opportunistic acquisitions of neighborhood and community shopping centers, including individual properties, portfolios and companies, some of which may be significant, the expansion, redevelopment and improvement of certain properties in our portfolio, and the repayment of outstanding indebtedness.

EARNINGS RATIOS

Our historical ratio of earnings to fixed charges for each of the periods indicated were as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2003	Years Ended December 31,				Five Months Ended December 31, 1998	Year Ended July 31, 1998
	2002	2001	2000	1999		
2.3	1.2	1.7	1.8	2.3	2.4	2.4

For purposes of computing these ratios, earnings have been calculated by adding fixed charges, excluding capitalized interest, to income from continuing operations before adjustment for minority interests in consolidated partnerships and undistributed income from equity investees. Fixed charges consist of interest costs, whether expensed or capitalized, the interest component of rental expense, if any, and amortization of debt discounts and issue costs, whether expensed or capitalized.

The ratio of earnings to fixed charges and preferred stock dividend requirements of the Company for the periods in which the Company had preferred shares outstanding, were as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2003	Years Ended December 31,				Five Months Ended December 31, 1998	Year Ended July 31, 1998
	2002	2001	2000	1999		
1.9	(a)	1.4	1.5	1.8	1.9	2.1

(a)

Due to impairment of real estate charge of \$88.2 million in 2002, the coverage ratio was less than 1:1. We would require additional earnings of \$6.2 million to achieve a coverage of 1:1.

For purposes of computing these ratios, earnings have been calculated by adding fixed charges (excluding preferred stock dividends) to income from continuing operations before adjustments for minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries and income or loss from equity in income of unconsolidated ventures. Fixed charges consist of interest costs, whether expensed or capitalized, preferred stock dividend requirements, the interest component of rental expense, if any, and amortization of debt discounts and issue costs, whether expensed or capitalized.

DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

The following description sets forth certain general provisions of the debt securities that may be offered by means of this prospectus. The particular terms of the debt securities being offered and the extent to which the general provisions described below apply will be described in a prospectus supplement relating to the debt securities.

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Any senior debt securities offered by means of this prospectus will be issued under one or more senior debt securities indentures, as amended or supplemented from time to time (the "Senior Debt Securities Indenture"), between the Company and a trustee to be selected by the Company. Subordinated debt securities will be issued under a separate subordinated debt securities indenture, as amended or supplemented from time to time (the "Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture"), between the Company and a trustee to be selected by the Company. The Senior Debt Securities Indenture and the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture are referred to herein individually as the "Indenture" and collectively as the "Indentures." A form of Senior Debt Securities Indenture and a form of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture have been filed as exhibits to the Registration Statement of which this prospectus is a part and will be available for inspection at the respective corporate trust offices of the trustees or as described above under "Where to Find Additional Information." The Indentures are and will be subject to and governed by the Trust Indenture Act of 1939. The description of the Indentures set forth below assumes that the Company has entered into both of the Indentures. The Company will execute and deliver one or both of the Indentures when and if it issues debt securities. The statements made hereunder relating to the Indentures and the debt securities to be issued thereunder are summaries of certain provisions thereof and do not purport to be complete and are subject to, and are qualified in their entirety by reference to, all provisions of the Indentures and such debt securities. Unless otherwise specified, all section references appearing herein are to sections of the Indentures, and capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings set forth in the Indentures.

General

The debt securities offered by means of this prospectus will be direct, unsecured obligations of the Company. Senior debt securities will rank equally with other senior unsecured and unsubordinated debt of the Company that may be outstanding from time to time, and will rank senior to all subordinated debt securities of the Company that may be outstanding from time to time. Subordinated debt securities will be subordinated in right of payment to the prior payment in full of the senior debt of the Company, as described under " Subordination" below.

Each Indenture provides that debt securities may be issued without limit as to aggregate principal amount, in one or more series, in each case as established from time to time in or pursuant to authority granted by a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company or as established in one or more indentures supplemental to the Indenture. All debt securities of one series need not be issued at the same time and, unless otherwise provided, a series may be reopened, without the consent of the holders of the debt securities of such series, for issuances of additional debt securities of such series (Section 301 of each Indenture).

Each Indenture provides that there may be more than one trustee thereunder, each with respect to one or more series of debt securities. Any trustee under either Indenture may resign or be removed with respect to one or more series of debt securities, and a successor trustee will be appointed by the Company, by or pursuant to a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors, to act with respect to such series (Section 608 of each Indenture). In the event that two or more persons are acting as trustee with respect to different series of debt securities, each such trustee will be a trustee of a trust under the applicable Indenture separate and apart from the trust administered by any other trustee thereunder, and, except as otherwise indicated herein or therein, any action described to be taken by the trustee

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may be taken by each such trustee with respect to, and only with respect to, the one or more series of debt securities for which it is trustee under the Indenture (Section 609 of each Indenture).

The supplement to this prospectus relating to the series of debt securities being offered will contain information on the specific terms thereof, including:

- (1) the title of such debt securities;
- (2) the classification of such debt securities as senior debt securities or subordinated debt securities;
- (3) the aggregate principal amount of such debt securities and any limit on such aggregate principal amount;
- (4) the percentage of the principal amount of such debt securities that will be issued and, if other than the entire principal amount thereof, the portion of the principal amount thereof payable upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof;
- (5) the terms and conditions, if any, upon which such debt securities may be convertible into other securities of the Company and the terms and conditions upon which such conversion will be effected, including, without limitation, whether such debt securities are convertible into Common Stock or Preferred Stock, the initial conversion price or rate (or manner of calculation thereof), the portion that is convertible or the method by which any such portion shall be determined, the conversion period, provisions as to whether conversion will be at the option of the holders or the Company, the events requiring an adjustment of the conversion price and

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provisions affecting conversion in the event of the redemption of such debt securities, and any applicable limitations on the ownership or transferability of the Common Stock or Preferred Stock into which such debt securities are convertible;

(6) the date or dates, or the method for determining such date or dates, on which the principal of such debt securities will be payable;

(7) the rate or rates (which may be fixed or variable), or the method by which such rate or rates shall be determined, at which such debt securities will bear interest, if any;

(8) the date or dates, or the method for determining such date or dates, from which any such interest will accrue, the date or dates on which any such interest will be payable, the regular record dates for the interest payment dates, or the method by which the regular record dates are to be determined, the person to whom such interest will be payable, and the basis upon which interest shall be calculated if other than that of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months;

(9) the place or places other than or in addition to New York City where the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest and Additional Amounts, if any, on such debt securities will be payable, such debt securities may be surrendered for conversion or registration of transfer or exchange and notices or demands to or upon the Company in respect of such debt securities and the applicable Indenture may be served;

(10) the date or dates on which, or period or periods within which, the price or prices at which and the terms and conditions upon which such debt securities may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at the option of the Company, if the Company is to have such an option;

(11) the obligation, if any, of the Company to redeem, repay or purchase such debt securities pursuant to any sinking fund or analogous provision or at the option of a holder thereof, and the date or dates on which, or period or periods within which, the price or prices at which and the terms and conditions upon which such debt securities will be redeemed, repaid or purchased, in whole or in part, pursuant to such obligation;

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(12) if other than U.S. dollars, the currency or currencies in which such debt securities are denominated and payable, which may be a foreign currency or units of two or more foreign currencies or a composite currency or currencies, and the terms and conditions relating thereto;

(13) whether the amount of payments of principal of (and premium, if any) or interest, if any, on such debt securities may be determined with reference to an index, formula or other method (which index, formula or method may, but need not be, based on a currency, currencies, currency unit or units or composite currency or currencies) and the manner in which such amounts shall be determined;

(14) whether such debt securities will be issued in the form of one or more global securities and whether such global securities are to be issuable in a temporary global form or permanent global form;

(15) any additions to, modifications of or deletions from the terms of such debt securities with respect to the events of default and notice and waiver thereof or covenants set forth in the applicable Indenture;

(16) whether the principal of (and premium, if any) or interest or Additional Amounts, if any, on such debt securities are to be payable, at the election of the Company or a holder, in one or more currencies other than that in which such debt securities are payable in the absence of the making of such an election, the period or periods within which, and the terms and conditions upon which, such election may be made, and the time and manner of, and identity of the exchange rate agent with responsibility for, determining the exchange rate between the currency or currencies in which such debt securities are payable in the absence of making such an election and the currency or currencies in which such debt securities are to be payable upon the making of such an election;

(17) whether such debt securities will be issued in certificated or book-entry form;

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(18) whether such debt securities will be in registered or bearer form and, if in registered form, the denominations thereof if other than \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof and, if in bearer form, the denominations thereof and terms and conditions relating thereto;

(19) the applicability, if any, of the defeasance and covenant defeasance provisions of Article XIV of the applicable Indenture;

(20) if such debt securities are to be issued upon the exercise of warrants, the time, manner and place for such debt securities to be authenticated and delivered;

(21) whether and under what circumstances the Company will pay Additional Amounts as contemplated in the applicable Indenture on such debt securities in respect of any tax, assessment or governmental charge and, if so, whether the Company will have the option to redeem such debt securities in lieu of making such payment;

(22) the name of the applicable trustee and the address of its corporate trust office; and

(23) any other terms of such debt securities not inconsistent with the provisions of the applicable Indenture (Section 301).

Debt securities offered by means of this prospectus may be original issue discount securities, in that they provide for less than the entire principal amount thereof to be payable upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof. If they are original issue discount securities, the special U.S. federal income tax, accounting and other considerations applicable to such securities will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Except as set forth under "Certain Covenants Senior Debt Securities Indenture Limitations on Incurrence of Debt" below, neither Indenture contains any other provisions that would limit the ability

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of the Company to incur indebtedness or that would afford holders of debt securities protection in the event of a highly leveraged or similar transaction involving the Company or in the event of a change of control. However, restrictions on ownership and transfers of the Company's Common Stock and Preferred Stock designed to preserve its status as a REIT may act to prevent or hinder a change of control. See "Description of Common Stock" and "Description of Preferred Stock."

A significant number of the Company's properties are owned through subsidiaries. The rights of the Company and its creditors, including holders of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus, to participate in the assets of such subsidiaries upon the liquidation or recapitalization of such subsidiaries or otherwise will be subject to the prior claims of such subsidiaries' respective secured and unsecured creditors (except to the extent that claims of the Company itself as a creditor may be recognized).

Denominations, Interest, Registration and Transfer

Unless otherwise described in the applicable prospectus supplement, the debt securities of any series offered by means of this prospectus will be issuable in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof and those in bearer form will be issuable in denominations of \$5,000 (Section 302 of each Indenture).

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest and any Additional Amounts on any series of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus will be payable at the corporate trust office of the applicable trustee or an office or agency established by the Company in accordance with the Indenture, provided that, at the option of the Company, payment of interest may be made by check mailed to the address of the person entitled thereto as it appears in the security register for the relevant debt securities or by wire transfer of funds to such person at an account maintained within the United States (Sections 301, 305, 306, 307 and 1002 of each Indenture).

Any interest not punctually paid or duly provided for on any interest payment date with respect to a debt security offered by means of this prospectus ("Defaulted Interest") will forthwith cease to be payable to the holder on the applicable regular record date and may either be paid to the person in whose name such debt security is registered at the close of business on a special record date (the "Special Record Date") for the payment of such Defaulted Interest to be fixed by the applicable trustee, notice whereof shall be given to the holder of such debt security not less than 10 days prior to such Special Record Date, or may be paid at any time in any other lawful manner, all as more completely described in the applicable Indenture (Section 307 of each Indenture).

Subject to certain limitations imposed upon debt securities issued in book-entry form, the debt securities of any series offered by means of this prospectus will be exchangeable for other debt securities of the same series and of a like aggregate principal amount and tenor of different authorized denominations upon surrender of such debt securities at the corporate trust office of the applicable trustee or at an office or agency established by the Company in accordance with the Indenture. In addition, subject to certain limitations imposed upon debt securities issued in book-entry form, the debt securities of any series offered by means of this prospectus may be surrendered for conversion or registration of transfer or exchange thereof at the corporate trust office of the trustee referred to above. Every debt security surrendered for conversion, registration of transfer or exchange shall be duly endorsed or accompanied by a written instrument of transfer. No service charge will be made for any registration of transfer or exchange of any debt securities, but the Company may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith (Section 305 of each Indenture). If the applicable prospectus supplement refers to any transfer agent (in addition to the trustee) initially designated by the Company with respect to any series of debt securities, the Company may at any time rescind the designation of any such transfer agent or approve

a change in the location through which any such transfer agent acts, except that the Company will be required to maintain a transfer agent in each place of payment for such series. The Company may at any time designate additional transfer agents with respect to any series of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus (Section 1002).

Neither the Company nor the trustee for any series of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus will be required to (i) issue, register the transfer of or exchange debt securities of any series during a period beginning at the opening of business 15 days before any selection of debt securities of that series to be redeemed and ending at the close of business on the day of mailing of the relevant notice of redemption; (ii) register the transfer of or exchange any debt security, or portion thereof, called for redemption, except the unredeemed portion of any debt security being redeemed in part; or (iii) issue, register the transfer of or exchange any debt security which has been surrendered for repayment at the option of the holder, except the portion, if any, of such debt security not to be so repaid (Section 305 of each Indenture).

Certain Covenants

Senior Debt Securities Indenture Limitations on Incurrence of Debt. Under the Senior Debt Securities Indenture, the Company will not, and will not permit any subsidiary to, incur any Debt (as defined in the Indenture and described below) other than intercompany debt if, immediately after giving effect to the incurrence of such additional Debt and the application of the proceeds thereof, the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding Debt of the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles is greater than 65% of the sum of (i) the Company's Total Assets (as defined in the Indenture and described below) as of the end of the fiscal quarter covered in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K or Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as the case may be, most recently filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (or, if such filing is not permitted under the Exchange Act, with the trustee) prior to the incurrence of such additional Debt, and (ii) the increase in the Company's Total Assets from the end of such quarter including, without limitation, any increase resulting from the incurrence of such additional Debt (such increase, together with the Company's Total Assets, being referred to as "Adjusted Total Assets" herein) (Section 1004 of the Senior Debt Securities Indenture).

In addition to the foregoing limitations on the incurrence of Debt, the Company will not, and will not permit any subsidiary to, incur any Secured Debt if, immediately after giving effect to the incurrence of such additional Secured Debt and the application of the proceeds thereof, the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding Secured Debt of the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis is greater than 40% of Adjusted Total Assets (Section 1004 of the Senior Debt Securities Indenture).

In addition to the foregoing limitations on the incurrence of Debt, the Company will not, and will not permit any subsidiary to, incur any Debt other than intercompany debt if Consolidated Income Available for Debt Service (as defined in the Indenture and described below) for any 12 consecutive calendar months within the 15 calendar months immediately preceding the date on which such additional Debt is to be incurred would have been less than 1.5 times the Maximum Annual Service Charge (as defined in the Indenture and described below) on the Debt of the Company and all subsidiaries to be outstanding immediately after the incurrence of such additional Debt. In determining whether that limit would be exceeded, the Senior Debt Securities Indenture requires that calculations be made on a pro forma basis, assuming that debt incurred, repaid, retired or acquired, and that increases or decreases in Total Assets, occurred at the beginning of the 12-month period (Section 1004 of the Senior Debt Securities Indenture).

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The Company will at all times maintain an Unencumbered Total Asset Value in an amount not less than 100% of the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding Debt of the Company and its subsidiaries that is not Secured Debt (Section 1004 of the Senior Debt Securities Indenture).

As used herein,

"Consolidated Income Available for Debt Service" for any period means Consolidated Net Income (as defined in the Indenture and described below) of the Company and its subsidiaries plus amounts which have been deducted for (a) interest on Debt of the Company and its subsidiaries, (b) provision for taxes of the Company and its subsidiaries based on income, (c) amortization of debt discount, (d) property depreciation and amortization, (e) the effect of any noncash charge resulting from a change in accounting principles in determining Consolidated Net Income for such period, (f) provisions for losses from sales or joint ventures, (g) increases in deferred taxes and other non-cash items, and (h) charges for early extinguishment of debt, and less amounts which have been added in determining Consolidated Net Income for such period for (i) provisions for gains from sales or joint ventures and (ii) decreases in deferred taxes and other non-cash items.

"Consolidated Net Income" for any period means the amount of net income (or loss) of the Company and its subsidiaries for such period determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

"Debt" of the Company or any subsidiary means any indebtedness of the Company or any subsidiary, whether or not contingent, in respect of (i) borrowed money or evidenced by bonds, notes, debentures or similar instruments, (ii) indebtedness secured by any mortgage, pledge, lien, charge, encumbrance or any security interest existing on property owned by the Company or any subsidiary, (iii) reimbursement obligations, contingent or otherwise, in connection with letters of credit or amounts representing the balance deferred and unpaid of the purchase price of any property except any such balance that constitutes an accrued expense or trade payable or (iv) any lease of property by the Company or any subsidiary as lessee which is reflected on the Company's consolidated balance sheet as a capitalized lease in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, in the case of items of indebtedness under (i) through (iii) above to the extent that any such items (other than reimbursement obligations in connection with letters of credit) would appear as a liability on the Company's consolidated balance sheet in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and also includes, to the extent not otherwise included, any obligation by the Company or any subsidiary to be liable for, or to pay, as obligor, guarantor or otherwise (other than for purposes of collection in the ordinary course of business), indebtedness of another person (other than the Company or any subsidiary) (it being understood that Debt shall be deemed to be incurred by the Company or any subsidiary whenever the Company or such subsidiary shall create, assume, guarantee or otherwise become liable in respect thereof).

"Maximum Annual Service Charge" as of any date means the maximum amount which may become payable in any period of 12 consecutive calendar months from such date for interest on, and required amortization of, Debt. The amount payable for amortization shall include the amount of any sinking fund or other analogous fund for the retirement of Debt and the amount payable on account of principal on any such Debt which matures serially other than at the final maturity date of such Debt.

"Secured Debt" means, without duplication, Debt that is secured by a mortgage, trust deed, deed of trust, deed to secure Debt, security agreement, pledge, conditional sale or other title retention agreement, capitalized lease, or other like agreement granting or conveying security title to or a security interest in real property or other tangible asset(s).

"Total Assets" as of any date means the sum of (i) Undepreciated Real Estate Assets and (ii) all other assets of the Company and its subsidiaries determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (but excluding accounts receivable and intangibles).

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"Undepreciated Real Estate Assets" as of any date means the cost of real estate assets of the Company and its subsidiaries on such date, before depreciation and amortization, determined on a consolidated basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

"Unencumbered Total Asset Value" as of any date means the sum of Total Assets which are unencumbered by any mortgage, lien, charge, pledge or security interest.

These covenants may not apply to any issuance of Subordinated Debt Securities.

Existence. Except as described under " Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets" below, the Company is required to do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect its corporate existence and franchises; provided, however, that the Company is not obligated to preserve any right or franchise if it determines that the preservation thereof is no longer desirable in the conduct of its business

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and that the loss thereof is not disadvantageous in any material respect to the holders of the debt securities issued under the Indenture (Section 1005 of each Indenture).

Maintenance of Properties. The Company will cause all of its material properties used or useful in the conduct of its business or the business of any subsidiary to be maintained and kept in good condition, repair and working order and supplied with all necessary equipment and will cause to be made all necessary repairs, renewals, replacements, betterments and improvements thereof, all as in the judgment of the Company may be necessary so that the business carried on in connection therewith may be properly and advantageously conducted at all times (Section 1006 of each Indenture).

Insurance. The Company will, and will cause each of its subsidiaries to, keep all of its insurable properties adequately insured against loss or damage with insurers of recognized responsibility in commercially reasonable amounts and types. (Section 1007 of each Indenture).

Payment of Taxes and Other Claims. The Company will pay or discharge or cause to be paid or discharged, before the same shall become delinquent, (i) all material taxes, assessments and governmental charges levied or imposed upon it or any subsidiary or upon the income, profits or property of the Company or any subsidiary, and (ii) all material lawful claims for labor, materials and supplies which, if unpaid, might by law become a lien upon the property of the Company or any subsidiary, unless such lien would not have a material adverse effect upon such property; provided, however, that the Company shall not be required to pay or discharge or cause to be paid or discharged any such tax, assessment, charge or claim (i) whose amount, applicability or validity is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings or (ii) for which the Company has set apart and maintains an adequate reserve (Section 1008 of each Indenture).

Provision of Financial Information. If the Company is required to file reports with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company will file such reports by the required date and, within 15 days of such date, deliver copies of all such reports to the trustees for and transmit a copy to each holder of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus. If the Company is not required to file reports with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company will deliver to the applicable trustee and transmit to each holder of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus reports that contain substantially the same kind of information that would have been included in annual and quarterly reports filed with the SEC had the Company been required to file such reports such information to be delivered or transmitted within 15 days after the same would have been required to be filed with the SEC had the Company been required to file such reports. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Company is not required to file reports with the SEC because information about the Company is contained in the reports filed by another entity with the SEC, the delivery to the trustee for the debt securities offered by means of this prospectus of the reports filed by such entity with the SEC and the transmittal by mail to all holders of such debt securities of each annual and quarterly report filed with the SEC by such entity within the time periods set forth in the preceding sentence shall be deemed to satisfy the obligations of the Company to provide financial information under the applicable provisions of the Indenture.

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Additional Covenants. Any additional material covenants of the Company contained in an Indenture for a series of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus, or any deletions from or modifications of the covenants described above, will be described in the prospectus supplement relating thereto.

Merger, Consolidation or Sale

The Company may merge with or into, consolidate with, or sell, lease or convey all or substantially all of its assets to, any other corporation, limited partnership, limited liability company, company, real estate investment trust or business trust, provided that (a) either the Company shall be the continuing corporation or other entity, or the successor corporation or other entity (if other than the Company) formed by or resulting from any such merger or consolidation or which shall have received the transfer of such assets shall expressly assume all of the obligations of the Company under the Indentures; (b) immediately after giving effect to such transaction and treating any indebtedness that becomes an obligation of the Company or any subsidiary as a result thereof as having been incurred by the Company or such subsidiary at the time of such transaction, no event of default under the Indentures, and no event that, after notice or the lapse of time, or both, would become such an event of default, shall have occurred and be continuing; and (c) an officer's certificate and legal opinion covering such conditions shall be delivered to the trustees (Sections 801 and 803 of each Indenture).

Events of Default, Notice and Waiver

Each Indenture provides that the following events are "Events of Default" with respect to any series of debt securities issued thereunder: (a) default for 30 days in the payment of any installment of interest or Additional Amounts on any debt security of such series; (b) default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any debt security of such series when due; (c) default in making any sinking fund payment as required for any debt security of such series; (d) default in the performance of any other covenant of the Company contained in the applicable Indenture (other than a covenant added to such Indenture solely for the benefit of a series of debt securities issued thereunder other than such series), continued for 60 days after written notice as provided in such Indenture; (e) a default in the payment of recourse indebtedness of the

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Company which results in such indebtedness in an aggregate principal amount exceeding \$5,000,000 becoming or being declared due and payable prior to the date on which it would otherwise have become due and payable, but only if such indebtedness is not discharged or such acceleration is not rescinded or annulled within a specified period of time; (f) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization, or court appointment of a receiver, liquidator or trustee of the Company, any Significant Subsidiary of the Company or the property of the Company or any such Significant Subsidiary; (g) a default in the conversion of securities of that series, continued for 15 days after written notice as provided in the Indenture; and (h) any other Event of Default provided with respect to a particular series of debt securities (Section 501 of each Indenture). The term "Significant Subsidiary" means each significant subsidiary of the Company as defined in Regulation S-X promulgated under the Securities Act. The prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of debt securities may contain information relating to deletions from, modifications of or additions to this list of events of default.

If an Event of Default under either Indenture with respect to debt securities of any series offered by means of this prospectus at the time outstanding occurs and is continuing, then in every such case the trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of that series may declare the principal amount (or, if the debt securities of that series are original issue discount securities, such portion of the principal amount as may be specified in the terms thereof) of all of the outstanding debt securities of that series to be due and payable immediately by written notice thereof to the Company (and to the applicable trustee if given by the holders). However, at any time after such a declaration of acceleration with respect to debt securities of such series (or of all debt

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securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be) has been made, but before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained by the applicable trustee, the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of outstanding debt securities of such series (or of all debt securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be) may rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences if (a) the Company shall have deposited with the applicable trustee all required payments of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, and any Additional Amounts, on the debt securities of such series (or of all debt securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be), plus certain fees, expenses, disbursements and advances of the trustee and (b) all Events of Default, other than the non-payment of accelerated principal (or specified portion thereof), with respect to debt securities of such series (or of all debt securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be) have been cured or waived as provided in the applicable Indenture (Section 502 of each Indenture). Each Indenture also provides that the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of any series (or of all debt securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be) may waive any past default with respect to such series and its consequences, except a default (x) in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest or Additional Amounts on any debt security of such series or (y) in respect of a covenant or provision contained in the applicable Indenture that cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the holders of all outstanding debt securities affected thereby (Section 513 of each Indenture).

Each trustee is required to give notice to the holders of debt securities within 90 days of a default under the applicable Indenture; provided, however, that the trustee may withhold notice to the holders of any series of debt securities of any default with respect to such series (except a default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any) or interest payable on any debt security of such series or in the payment of any sinking fund installment in respect of any debt security of such series) if specified responsible officers of the trustee consider such withholding to be in the interest of such holders (Section 601 of each Indenture).

Each Indenture provides that no holders of debt securities of any series offered by means of this prospectus may institute any proceedings, judicial or otherwise, with respect to the applicable Indenture or for any remedy thereunder, except in the case of failure of the trustee thereunder, for 60 days, to act after it has received a written request to institute proceedings in respect of an Event of Default from the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of such series, as well as an offer of indemnity reasonably satisfactory to it (Section 507 of each Indenture). This provision will not prevent, however, any holder of such debt securities from instituting suit for the enforcement of payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on, and any Additional Amounts payable with respect to, such debt securities at the respective due dates thereof (Section 508 of each Indenture).

Subject to provisions in each Indenture relating to its duties in case of default, each trustee is under no obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under the applicable Indenture at the request or direction of any holders of any series of debt securities offered by means of this prospectus then outstanding under such Indenture, unless such holders shall have offered to the applicable trustee reasonable security or indemnity (Section 602 of each Indenture). The holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the applicable outstanding debt securities of any series (or of all debt securities then outstanding under the applicable Indenture, as the case may be) shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee, or of exercising any trust or power conferred upon the trustee. However, the trustee may refuse to follow any direction which is in conflict with any law or the applicable Indenture, which may involve the trustee in personal liability or which may be unduly prejudicial to the holders of debt securities of such series not joining therein (Section 512 of each Indenture).

Within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year, the Company must deliver to each trustee a certificate, signed by one of several specified officers, as to his or her knowledge of the Company's compliance with all conditions and covenants of the applicable Indenture and, in the event of any noncompliance, specifying such noncompliance and the nature and status thereof (Section 1010 of each Indenture).

Modification of the Indentures

Modifications and amendments of each Indenture may be made with the consent of the holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of all debt securities outstanding under the Indenture which are affected by such modification or amendment; provided, however, that no such modification or amendment may, without the consent of the holder of each such debt security affected thereby, (a) change the stated maturity of the principal of (or premium, if any), or any installment of principal of or interest on, any such debt security; (b) reduce the principal amount of, or the rate or amount of interest on, or any Additional Amounts payable in respect of, or any premium payable on redemption of, or change any obligation of the Company to pay any Additional Amounts set forth in the Indenture relating to, any such debt security, or reduce the amount of principal of an original issue discount security or indexed security that would be due and payable upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof or would be provable in bankruptcy, or adversely affect any right of repayment of the holder of any such debt security; (c) change the place of payment, or the coin or currency, for payment of principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on, or any Additional Amounts payable with respect to any such debt security; (d) impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to any such debt security; (e) reduce the above-stated percentage of outstanding debt securities of any series necessary to modify or amend the applicable Indenture, to waive compliance with certain provisions thereof or certain defaults and consequences thereunder or to reduce the quorum or voting requirements set forth in such Indenture; or (f) modify any of the foregoing provisions or any of the provisions relating to the waiver of certain past defaults or certain covenants, except to increase the required percentage to effect such action or to provide that certain other provisions may not be modified or waived without the consent of the holder of such debt security (Section 902 of each Indenture).

The holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of any series of debt securities outstanding under either Indenture have the right to waive compliance by the Company with certain covenants in the applicable Indenture with respect to that series of debt securities (Section 1012 of each Indenture).

Modifications and amendments of each Indenture may be made by the Company and the applicable trustee without the consent of any holder of debt securities issued thereunder for any of the following purposes: (i) to evidence the succession of another person to the Company as obligor under the applicable Indenture; (ii) to add to the covenants of the Company for the benefit of the holders of all or any series of debt securities or to surrender any right or power conferred upon the Company in the Indenture; (iii) to add Events of Default for the benefit of the holders of all or any series of debt securities; (iv) to add or change any provisions of the applicable Indenture to facilitate the issuance of, or to liberalize certain terms of, debt securities in bearer form, or to permit or facilitate the issuance of debt securities in uncertificated form, provided that such action shall not adversely affect the interests of the holders of the debt securities of any series in any material respect; (v) to change or eliminate any provisions of the applicable Indenture, provided that any such change or elimination shall become effective only when there are no debt securities outstanding of any series issued thereunder created prior thereto which are entitled to the benefit of such provision; (vi) to secure the debt securities of the securities; (vii) to establish the form or terms of debt securities of any series, including the provisions and procedures, if applicable, for the conversion of such debt securities into Common Stock or Preferred Stock of the Company; (viii) to provide for the acceptance of appointment by a successor

trustee or facilitate the administration of the trusts under the applicable Indenture by more than one trustee; (ix) to cure any ambiguity, defect or inconsistency in the applicable Indenture; or (x) to supplement any of the provisions of the applicable Indenture to the extent necessary to permit or facilitate defeasance and discharge of any series of such debt securities, provided that such action will not adversely affect the interests of the holders of the debt securities of any series in any material respect (Section 901 of each Indenture).

Each Indenture provides that in determining whether the holders of the requisite principal amount of outstanding debt securities of a series have given any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent or waiver thereunder or whether a quorum is present at a meeting of holders of debt securities, (i) the principal amount of an original issue discount security that will be deemed to be outstanding will be the amount of the principal thereof that would be due and payable as of the date of such determination upon declaration of acceleration of the maturity thereof, (ii) the principal amount of a debt security denominated in a foreign currency that will be deemed outstanding will be the U.S. dollar equivalent, determined on the issue date for such debt security, of the principal amount (or, in the case of an original issue discount security, the

U.S. dollar equivalent on the issue date of such debt security of the amount determined as provided in (i) above), (iii) the principal amount of an indexed security that will be deemed outstanding will be the principal amount of such indexed security on the issue date, unless otherwise provided with respect to such indexed security pursuant to Section 301 of the applicable Indenture, and (iv) debt securities owned by the Company or any other obligor upon the debt securities or any Affiliate of the Company or of such other obligor will be disregarded (Section 101 of each Indenture).

Each Indenture contains provisions for convening meetings of the holders of debt securities of a series (Section 1501 of each Indenture). A meeting may be called by the trustee, by the Company, pursuant to a resolution adopted by its Board of Directors, or by the holders of not less than 10% in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of such series, in any such case upon satisfaction of any conditions and upon notice given as provided in the applicable Indenture (Section 1502 of each Indenture). Except for any consent that must be given by the holder of each debt security affected by certain modifications and amendments of the applicable Indenture, any resolution presented at a meeting or adjourned meeting duly reconvened at which a quorum is present may be adopted by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of that series; provided, however, that, except as referred to above, any resolution with respect to any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action that may be made, given or taken by the holders of a specified percentage, which is less than a majority, in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of a series may be adopted at a meeting or adjourned meeting duly reconvened at which a quorum is present by the affirmative vote of the holders of such specified percentage in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of that series. Any resolution passed or decision taken at any meeting of holders of debt securities of any series duly held in accordance with the Indenture will be binding on all holders of debt securities of that series. The quorum at any meeting called to adopt a resolution, and at any reconvened meeting, will be persons holding or representing a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of a series; provided, however, that if any action is to be taken at such meeting with respect to a consent or waiver which may be given by the holders of not less than a specified percentage in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of a series, the persons holding or representing such specified percentage in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of such series will constitute a quorum (Section 1504 of each Indenture).

Notwithstanding the provisions described above, if any action is to be taken at a meeting of holders of debt securities of any series with respect to any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action that the applicable Indenture expressly provides may be made, given or taken by the holders of a specified percentage in principal amount of all outstanding debt

securities affected thereby, or of the holders of such series and one or more additional series: (i) there shall be no minimum quorum requirement for such meeting and (ii) the principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of such series that vote in favor of such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action shall be taken into account in determining whether such request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action has been made, given or taken under the applicable Indenture (Section 1504 of each Indenture).

Discharge, Defeasance and Covenant Defeasance

The Company may discharge certain obligations to holders of any series of debt securities that have not already been delivered to the trustee for cancellation and that either have become due and payable or will become due and payable within one year (or scheduled for redemption within one year) by irrevocably depositing with the applicable trustee, in trust, funds in such currency or currencies, currency unit or units or composite currency or currencies in which such debt securities are payable in an amount sufficient to pay the entire indebtedness on such debt securities in respect of principal (and premium, if any) and interest and Additional Amounts payable to the date of such deposit (if such debt securities have become due and payable) or to the stated maturity or date of redemption or repayment, as the case may be (Section 401 of each Indenture).

Each Indenture provides that, if the provisions of Article XIV of such Indenture are made applicable to the debt securities of or within any series pursuant to Section 301 of such Indenture, the Company may elect either (a) to defease and be discharged from any and all obligations with respect to such debt securities (except for the obligation to pay Additional Amounts, if any, upon the occurrence of certain events of tax, assessment or governmental charge with respect to payments on such debt securities and the obligations to register the transfer or exchange of such debt securities, to replace temporary or mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen debt securities, to maintain an office or agency in respect of such debt securities and to hold moneys for payment in trust) ("defeasance") (Section 1402 of each Indenture) or (b) to be released from its obligations with respect to such debt securities under Sections 1004 to 1009, inclusive, of the applicable Indenture (being the restrictions described under " Certain Covenants" above) or, if provided pursuant to Section 301 of such Indenture, its obligations with respect to any other covenant, and any omission to comply with such obligations will not constitute a default or an Event of Default with respect to such debt securities ("covenant defeasance") (Section 1403 of each Indenture), in either case upon the irrevocable deposit by the Company with the applicable trustee, in trust, of an amount, in such currency or currencies, currency unit or units or composite currency or currencies in which such debt securities are payable at stated maturity, or Government Obligations (as defined in the Indenture and described below), or both,

applicable to such debt securities which through the scheduled payment of principal and interest in accordance with their terms will provide money in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on such debt securities, and any mandatory sinking fund or analogous payments thereon, on the scheduled due dates therefor (Section 1404 of each Indenture).

Such a trust may be established only if, among other things, the Company has delivered to the applicable trustee an opinion of counsel (as specified in the applicable Indenture) to the effect that the holders of such debt securities will not recognize income, gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of such defeasance or covenant defeasance and will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the same amounts, in the same manner and at the same times as would have been the case if such defeasance or covenant defeasance had not occurred (Section 1404 of each Indenture).

"Government Obligations" means securities which are (i) direct obligations of the United States of America or the government which issued the foreign currency in which the debt securities of a particular series are payable, for the payment of which its full faith and credit is pledged or (ii) obligations of a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an agency or instrumentality of the United States or such government which issued the foreign currency in which the debt securities of

such series are payable, the payment of which is unconditionally guaranteed as a full faith and credit obligation by the United States or such other government, which, in either case, are not callable or redeemable at the option of the issuer thereof, and will also include a depository receipt issued by a bank or trust company as custodian with respect to any such Government Obligation or a specific payment of interest on or principal of any such Government Obligation held by such custodian for the account of the holder of a depository receipt, provided that (except as required by law) such custodian is not authorized to make any deduction from the amount payable to the holder of such depository receipt from any amount received by the custodian in respect of the Government Obligation or the specific payment of interest on or principal of the Government Obligation evidenced by such depository receipt (Section 101 of each Indenture).

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, if after the Company has deposited funds and/or Government Obligations to effect defeasance or covenant defeasance with respect to debt securities of any series, (a) the holder of a debt security of such series is entitled to, and does, elect pursuant to Section 301 of the applicable Indenture or the terms of such debt security to receive payment in a currency, currency unit or composite currency other than that in which such deposit has been made in respect of such debt security, or (b) a Conversion Event (as defined in the Indenture and described below) occurs in respect of the currency, currency unit or composite currency in which such deposit has been made, the indebtedness represented by such debt security shall be deemed to have been, and will be, fully discharged and satisfied through the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on such debt security as they become due out of the proceeds yielded by converting the amount so deposited in respect of such debt security into the currency, currency unit or composite currency in which such debt security becomes payable as a result of such election or such cessation of usage based on the applicable market exchange rate (Section 1405 of each Indenture). "Conversion Event" means the cessation of use of (i) a currency, currency unit or composite currency both by the government of the country which issued such currency and for the settlement of transactions by a central bank or other public institutions of or within the international banking community, (ii) the ECU both within the European Monetary System and for the settlement of transactions by public institutions of or within the European Communities or (iii) any currency unit or composite currency other than the ECU for the purposes for which it was established (Section 101 of each Indenture). Unless otherwise provided in the applicable prospectus supplement, all payments of principal of (and premium, if any) and interest on any debt security that is payable in a foreign currency that ceases to be used by its government of issuance shall be made in U.S. dollars. In the event the Company effects covenant defeasance with respect to any debt securities and such debt securities are declared due and payable because of the occurrence of any Event of Default other than the Event of Default described in clause (d) under "Events of Default, Notice and Waiver" with respect to Sections 1004 to 1009, inclusive, of the applicable Indenture (which Sections would no longer be applicable to such debt securities) or described in clause (g) under "Events of Default, Notice and Waiver" with respect to any other covenant as to which there has been covenant defeasance, the amount in such currency, currency unit or composite currency in which such debt securities are payable, and Government Obligations on deposit with the applicable trustee, will be sufficient to pay amounts due on such debt securities at the time of their stated maturity but may not be sufficient to pay amounts due on such debt securities at the time of the acceleration resulting from such Event of Default. However, the Company would remain liable to make payment of such amounts due at the time of acceleration.

The applicable prospectus supplement may further describe the provisions, if any, permitting such defeasance or covenant defeasance, including any modifications to the provisions described above, with respect to the debt securities of or within a particular series.

Subordination

Upon any distribution to creditors of the Company in a liquidation, dissolution or reorganization, the payment of the principal of and interest on the subordinated debt securities will be subordinated to the extent provided in the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all Senior Debt (as defined in the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture and described below) (Sections 1701 and 1702 of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture), but the obligation of the Company to make payment of the principal of and interest on the subordinated debt securities will not otherwise be affected (Section 1708 of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture). No payment of principal or interest may be made on the subordinated debt securities at any time if a default on Senior Debt exists that permits the holders of such Senior Debt to accelerate its maturity and the default is the subject of judicial proceedings or the Company receives notice of the default (Section 1703 of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture). After all Senior Debt is paid in full and until the subordinated debt securities are paid in full, holders will be subrogated to the rights of holders of Senior Debt to the extent that distributions otherwise payable to holders have been applied to the payment of Senior Debt (Section 1707 of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture). By reason of such subordination, in the event of a distribution of assets upon insolvency, certain general creditors of the Company may recover more, ratably, than holders of the subordinated debt securities.

Senior Debt is defined in the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture as the principal of and interest on, or substantially similar payments to be made by the Company in respect of, the following, whether outstanding at the date of execution of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture or thereafter incurred, created or assumed: (a) indebtedness of the Company for money borrowed or represented by purchase-money obligations, (b) indebtedness of the Company evidenced by notes, debentures, or bonds, or other securities issued under the provisions of an indenture, fiscal agency agreement or other instrument, (c) obligations of the Company as lessee under leases of property either made as part of any sale and leaseback transaction to which the Company is a party or otherwise, (d) indebtedness of partnerships and joint ventures that is included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, (e) indebtedness, obligations and liabilities of others in respect of which the Company is liable contingently or otherwise to pay or advance money or property or as guarantor, endorser or otherwise or which the Company has agreed to purchase or otherwise acquire, and (f) any binding commitment of the Company to fund any real estate investment or to fund any investment in any entity making such real estate investment, in each case other than (1) any such indebtedness, obligation or liability referred to in clauses (a) through (f) above as to which, in the instrument creating or evidencing the same pursuant to which the same is outstanding, it is provided that such indebtedness, obligation or liability is not superior in right of payment to the subordinated debt securities or ranks *pari passu* with the subordinated debt securities, (2) any such indebtedness, obligation or liability which is subordinated to indebtedness of the Company to substantially the same extent as or to a greater extent than the subordinated debt securities are subordinated, (3) any trade accounts payable and (4) the subordinated debt securities (Section 101 of the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture). There are no restrictions in the Subordinated Debt Securities Indenture upon the creation of additional Senior Debt. However, the Senior Debt Securities Indenture contains limitations on incurrence of indebtedness by the Company. See "Certain Covenants Senior Debt Securities Indenture Limitations on Incurrence of Debt."

DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK

The Company has the authority to issue up to 250,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Common Stock"). On March 31, 2003, the Company had approximately 97,000,000 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

The following description of the Common Stock sets forth certain general terms and provisions of the Common Stock to which any prospectus supplement may relate, including a prospectus supplement providing that Common Stock will be issuable upon conversion or exchange of debt securities or preferred stock of the Company or upon the exercise of warrants to purchase Common Stock issued by the Company. The statements below describing the Common Stock are in all respects subject to and qualified in their entirety by reference to the applicable provisions of the Company's Charter and Bylaws and the Maryland General Corporation Law.

Subject to the preferential rights of any other shares or series of capital stock, holders of the Company's Common Stock will be entitled to receive dividends when, as and if authorized and declared by the Board of Directors of the Company, out of funds legally available therefor. Payment and declaration of dividends on the Common Stock and purchases of shares thereof by the Company may be subject to certain restrictions if the Company fails to pay dividends on any of its Preferred Stock. See "Description of Preferred Stock." Upon the distribution of assets in connection with any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, holders of Common Stock will be entitled to share equally and ratably in any assets available for distribution to them, after payment or provision for payment of all known debts and liabilities of the Company and any preferential amounts owing with respect to any outstanding Preferred Stock. Subject to certain provisions of Maryland law and the Company's Charter and Bylaws, each outstanding share of Common Stock entitles the holder to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders, including the election of directors, and, except as otherwise required by law or except as provided with respect to any other class or series of stock (such as the Company's Series D Preferred Stock, the holders of which have the right to vote with the holders of the Company's Common Stock as though part of the same class), the holders of such shares will possess the exclusive voting power. Holders of Common Stock will not have cumulative voting rights in the election of directors, which means that holders of a majority of all of the shares of

or voting with the Company's Common Stock for the election of directors will be able to elect all of the directors to be elected by such holders if they choose to do so and, accordingly, the holders of the remaining Common Stock will be unable to elect any directors. Holders of shares of Common Stock will not have preemptive rights, which means they have no right to acquire any additional shares of Common Stock that may be issued by the Company at a subsequent date. Holders of Common Stock also will have no conversion, sinking fund, redemption, preference or exchange rights. Subject to the provisions of the Company Charter regarding the restrictions on transfer and limitations on ownership of the Common Stock or the Preferred Stock, shares of the Common Stock will have equal dividend, liquidation and other rights. The Common Stock will, when issued, be fully paid and nonassessable and will not be subject to preemptive or other similar rights.

Restrictions on Ownership

With certain exceptions, the Company's Charter provides that no person may own, actually or constructively, more than 9.8% by value of the Company's Common Stock or Preferred Stock. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock."

Shareholder Rights Plan

The Company has a Shareholder Rights Plan under which one preferred share purchase right (a "Right") is attached to each outstanding share of the Company's Common Stock. When exercisable, each Right entitles the registered holder to purchase from the Company one one-thousandth of a share

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of the Company's Series C Junior Participating Preferred Stock ("Series C Preferred Stock") for an exercise price of \$45, subject to certain anti-dilution adjustments. Because of the nature of the dividend, liquidation and voting rights, the value of one one-thousandth of a share of Series C Preferred Stock purchasable upon exercise of each Right should approximate the value of one share of the Company's Common Stock.

The Rights will become exercisable only if a person or group acquires, obtains the right to acquire or announces a tender offer to acquire 15% or more of the Company's Common Stock. Shares of Series C Preferred Stock purchasable upon exercise of the Rights will be entitled, when, as and if declared, to a minimum preferential quarterly dividend payment of \$1.00 per share but will be entitled to an aggregate dividend of 1,000 times the dividend, if any, declared per share of the Company's Common Stock. In the event of liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the holders of the Series C Preferred Stock will be entitled to a minimum liquidation payment of \$1,000 per share (plus any accrued but unpaid dividends), preferential to the Company's Common Stock, but junior to the Company's 8⁵/₈% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, 7.8% Series D Cumulative Voting Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred Stock and Preferred Stock ranking on a parity with such Preferred Stock as to distributions or rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company, but will be entitled to an aggregate payment of 1,000 times the payment made per share of Series C Preferred Stock. Each share of Series C Preferred Stock will have 1,000 votes and will vote together with shares of the Company's Common Stock. Finally, in the event of any merger, consolidation or other transaction in which shares of the Company's Common Stock are exchanged, each share of Series C Preferred Stock will be entitled to receive 1,000 times the amount received per share of the Company's Common Stock. Shares of Series C Preferred Stock are generally not redeemable. The Rights are protected by customary anti-dilution provisions.

Until a person or group acquires or announces a tender offer to acquire 15% or more of the Common Stock, the Rights will be evidenced by the certificates representing shares of Common Stock of the Company and will be transferred with and only with such certificates. The surrender for transfer of any certificate for shares of Common Stock will also constitute the transfer of the Rights associated with the shares represented by such certificate. The Rights will expire on October 8, 2003, unless earlier redeemed or exchanged by the Company or terminated.

In the event that a person becomes an acquiring person or if the Company were the surviving corporation in a merger with an acquiring person or any affiliate or associate of an acquiring person and the Company's Common Stock was not changed or exchanged, each holder of a Right, other than Rights that are or were acquired or beneficially owned by the acquiring person (which Rights will thereafter be void), will thereafter have the right to receive upon exercise that number of shares of the Company's Common Stock having a market value of two times the then current exercise price under the Right. In the event that, after a person has become an acquiring person, the Company were acquired in a merger or other business combination transaction or more than 50% of its assets or earning power were sold, proper provision shall be made so that each holder of a Right shall thereafter have the right to receive, upon the exercise thereof at the then current exercise price under the Right, that number of shares of common stock of the acquiring company which at the time of such transaction would have a market value of two times the then current exercise price under the Right.

At any time after a person becomes an acquiring person and prior to the earlier of one of the events described in the last sentence of the previous paragraph or the acquisition by such acquiring person of 50% or more of the outstanding shares of the Company's Common Stock, the Board of Directors may cause the Company to exchange the Rights (other than Rights owned by an acquiring person which will have become

void), in whole or in part, for that number of shares of the Company's Common Stock having an aggregate value equal to the spread (the excess of the value of the adjustment shares issuable upon the exercise of a Right over the exercise price) per Right (subject to adjustment).

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The Rights may be redeemed in whole, but not in part, at a price of \$.01 per Right by the Board of Directors at any time before the time that an acquiring person has become such. The redemption of the Rights may be made effective at such time, on such basis and with such conditions as the Board of Directors in its sole discretion may establish. Immediately upon any redemption of the Rights, the right to exercise the Rights will terminate and the only right of the holders of Rights will be to receive the redemption price.

The Rights may have certain anti-takeover effects. The Rights will cause substantial dilution to a person or group that acquires more than 15% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company if certain events thereafter occur without the Rights having been redeemed. However, because the Rights are redeemable by the Board of Directors in certain circumstances, the Rights should not interfere with any merger or other business combination approved by the Board of Directors.

Registrar and Transfer Agent

The registrar and transfer agent for the Company's Common Stock is EquiServe Trust Company, N.A.

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DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED STOCK

We are authorized to issue 25,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Preferred Stock"). As of March 31, 2003, 780,000 shares of Preferred Stock were issued and outstanding, consisting of 630,000 shares of 8⁵/₈% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (all of which were redeemed on May 5, 2003 at an aggregate cost of \$158 million, plus accumulated, accrued and unpaid dividends) and 150,000 of 7.8% Series D Cumulative Voting Step-Up Premium Rate Preferred Stock. On April 21, 2003 we completed a public offering of 800,000 shares of 7.625% Series E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock. Each outstanding series of Preferred Stock is traded as depositary shares, each depositary share representing a 1/10 fractional interest of a share of Preferred Stock. As of March 31, 2003, 100,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock had been classified and were reserved for issuance under the Company's shareholder rights plan. See "Description of Common Stock Shareholder Rights Plan."

Under the Company's Charter, shares of Preferred Stock may be issued from time to time, in one or more series as authorized by the Board of Directors. Prior to issuance of shares of each series, the Board of Directors is required by the Maryland General Corporation Law and the Company's Charter to adopt resolutions and file Articles Supplementary (the "Articles Supplementary") with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland, fixing for each such series the designations, powers, preferences and rights of the shares of such series and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereon, including, but not limited to, dividend rights, dividend rate or rates, conversion rights, voting rights, rights and terms of redemption (including sinking fund provisions), the redemption price or prices, and the liquidation preferences as are permitted by Maryland law. The Board of Directors could authorize the issuance of shares of Preferred Stock with terms and conditions which could have the effect of discouraging a takeover or other transaction which holders of some, or a majority, of such shares might believe to be in their best interests or in which holders of some, or a majority, of such shares might receive a premium for their shares over the then market price of such shares.

The following description of the Preferred Stock sets forth certain general terms and provisions of the Preferred Stock to which any supplement to this prospectus may relate. The statements below describing the Preferred Stock are in all respects subject to and qualified in their entirety by reference to the applicable provisions of the Company's Charter (including the applicable Articles Supplementary) and Bylaws and the Maryland General Corporation Law.

General

Subject to limitations prescribed by Maryland law and the Company's Charter and Bylaws, the Board of Directors is authorized to fix the number of shares constituting each series of Preferred Stock and the designations and powers, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights and qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, including such provisions as may be desired concerning voting, redemption, dividends, dissolution or the distribution of assets, conversion or exchange, and such other subjects or matters as may be fixed by

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resolution of the Board of Directors or duly authorized committee thereof. The Preferred Stock will, when issued, be fully paid and nonassessable and will not have, or be subject to, any preemptive or similar rights.

The prospectus supplement relating to the series of Preferred Stock offered thereby will describe the specific terms of such securities, including:

- (1) the title and stated value of such Preferred Stock;
- (2) the number of shares of such Preferred Stock offered, the liquidation preference per share and the offering price of such Preferred Stock;

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- (3) the dividend rate(s), period(s) and/or payment date(s) or method(s) of calculation thereof applicable to such Preferred Stock;
- (4) whether dividends shall be cumulative or non-cumulative and, if cumulative, the date from which dividends on such Preferred Stock shall accumulate;
- (5) the procedures for any auction and remarketing, if any, for such Preferred Stock;
- (6) the provisions for a sinking fund, if any, for such Preferred Stock;
- (7) the provisions for redemption, if applicable, of such Preferred Stock;
- (8) any listing of such Preferred Stock on any securities exchange;
- (9) the terms and conditions, if applicable, upon which such Preferred Stock will be convertible into Common Stock of the Company, including the conversion price (or manner of calculation thereof) and conversion period;
- (10) a discussion of federal income tax considerations applicable to such Preferred Stock;
- (11) any limitations on issuance of any series of Preferred Stock ranking senior to or on a parity with such series of Preferred Stock as to dividend rights and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company;
- (12) in addition to those limitations described below, any other limitations on actual and constructive ownership and restrictions on transfer, in each case as may be appropriate to preserve the status of the Company as a REIT; and
- (13) any other specific terms, preferences, rights, limitations or restrictions of such Preferred Stock.

Rank

Unless otherwise specified in the prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of Preferred Stock, the Preferred Stock will, with respect to dividend rights and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, rank (i) senior to all classes or series of Common Stock of the Company, and to all equity securities ranking junior to such Preferred Stock with respect to dividend rights or rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company; (ii) on a parity with all equity securities issued by the Company the terms of which specifically provide that such equity securities rank on a parity with the Preferred Stock with respect to dividend rights or rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company; and (iii) junior to any equity securities issued by the Company the terms of which specifically provide that such equity securities rank senior to the Preferred Stock with respect to dividend rights or rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company. As used in the Company's Charter for these purposes, the term "equity securities" does not include convertible debt securities.

Dividends

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Unless otherwise specified in the prospectus supplement, the Preferred Stock will have the rights with respect to payment of dividends set forth below.

Holders of shares of the Preferred Stock of each series shall be entitled to receive, when, as and if declared and authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company, out of assets of the Company legally available for payment, cash dividends at such rates and on such dates as will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. Each such dividend shall be payable to holders of record as they appear on the stock transfer books of the Company on such record dates as shall be fixed by the Board of Directors of the Company.

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Dividends on any series of the Preferred Stock may be cumulative or non-cumulative, to be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. Dividends, if cumulative, will accumulate from and after the date set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. If the Board of Directors of the Company fails to declare a dividend payable on a dividend payment date on any series of the Preferred Stock for which dividends are non-cumulative, then the holders of such series of the Preferred Stock will have no right to receive a dividend in respect of the dividend period ending on such dividend payment date, and the Company will have no obligation to pay the dividend accrued for such period, whether or not dividends on such series are declared payable on any future dividend payment date.

If any shares of the Preferred Stock of any series are outstanding, no full dividends shall be declared or paid or set apart for payment on the Preferred Stock of the Company of any other series ranking, as to dividends, on a parity with or junior to the Preferred Stock of such series for any period unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for such payment on the Preferred Stock of such series for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period or (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends for the then current dividend period have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for such payment on the Preferred Stock of such series. When dividends are not paid in full (or a sum sufficient for such full payment is not so irrevocably set apart) upon the shares of Preferred Stock of any series and the shares of any other series of preferred stock ranking on a parity as to dividends with the Preferred Stock of such series, all dividends declared upon shares of Preferred Stock of such series and any other series of preferred stock ranking on a parity as to dividends with such Preferred Stock shall be declared pro rata so that the amount of dividends declared per share on the Preferred Stock of such series and such other series of preferred stock shall in all cases bear to each other the same ratio that accrued and unpaid dividends per share on the shares of Preferred Stock of such series (which shall not include any accumulation in respect of unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods if such Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend) and such other series of preferred stock bear to each other. No interest, or sum of money in lieu of interest, shall be payable in respect of any dividend payment or payments on Preferred Stock of such series which may be in arrears.

Except as provided in the immediately preceding paragraph, unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends on the Preferred Stock of such series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period and (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends on the Preferred Stock of such series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for the then current dividend period, no dividends (other than in Common Stock or other capital stock ranking junior to the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends and upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company) shall be declared or paid or set aside for payment or other distribution shall be declared or made upon the Common Stock or any other capital stock of the Company ranking junior to or on a parity with the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, nor shall any Common Stock or any other capital stock of the Company ranking junior to or on a parity with the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends or upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company be redeemed, purchased or otherwise acquired for any consideration (or any moneys be paid to or made available for a sinking fund for the redemption of any shares of any such stock) by the Company (except by conversion into or exchange for other capital stock of the Company ranking junior to the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends and upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, and except for a redemption or purchase or other acquisition of shares of Common Stock made for purposes of an

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employee benefit plan of the Company or any subsidiary or as provided for under the Company's Charter to protect the Company's status as a REIT).

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Any dividend payment made on shares of a series of Preferred Stock shall first be credited against the earliest accrued but unpaid dividend due with respect to shares of such series which remains payable.

If for any taxable year, the Company elects to designate as "capital gains dividends" (as defined in Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code) any portion of the total dividends (within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code) paid or made available for the year to holders of all classes of capital stock, then the portion of the "capital gain dividends" that will be allocable to the holders of Preferred Stock will be the total amount of "capital gain dividends" multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the total dividends paid or made available to the holders of shares of Preferred Stock for the year and the denominator of which shall be the total dividends for the year.

Redemption

If so described in the applicable prospectus supplement, the shares of Preferred Stock will be subject to mandatory redemption or redemption at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, in each case upon the terms, at the times and at the redemption prices set forth in such prospectus supplement.

The prospectus supplement relating to a series of Preferred Stock that is subject to mandatory redemption will specify the number of shares of such Preferred Stock that shall be redeemed by the Company in each year commencing after a date to be specified, at a redemption price per share to be specified, together with an amount equal to all accrued and unpaid dividends thereon (which shall not, if such Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, include any accumulation in respect of unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods) to the date of redemption. The redemption price may be payable in cash or other property, as described in the applicable prospectus supplement. If the redemption price for Preferred Stock of any series is payable only from the net proceeds of the issuance of capital stock of the Company, the terms of such Preferred Stock may provide that, if no such capital stock shall have been issued or to the extent the net proceeds from any issuance are insufficient to pay in full the aggregate redemption price then due, such Preferred Stock shall automatically and mandatorily be converted into shares of the applicable capital stock of the Company pursuant to conversion provisions specified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends on all shares of any series of Preferred Stock shall have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period and (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends on the Preferred Stock of any series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for the then current dividend period, no shares of any series of Preferred Stock shall be redeemed unless all outstanding shares of Preferred Stock of such series are simultaneously redeemed; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not prevent the purchase or acquisition of shares of Preferred Stock of such series pursuant to a purchase or exchange offer made on the same terms to holders of all outstanding shares of Preferred Stock of such series, and, unless (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, full cumulative dividends on all outstanding shares of any series of Preferred Stock have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for all past dividend periods and the then current dividend period and (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, full dividends on the Preferred Stock of any series have been or contemporaneously are declared and paid or declared and a

sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment for the then current dividend period, the Company shall not purchase or otherwise acquire directly or indirectly any shares of Preferred Stock of such series (except by conversion into or exchange for capital stock of the Company ranking junior to the Preferred Stock of such series as to dividends and upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company).

If fewer than all of the outstanding shares of Preferred Stock of any series are to be redeemed, the number of shares to be redeemed will be determined by the Company and such shares may be redeemed pro rata from the holders of record of such shares in proportion to the number of such shares held by such holders (with adjustments to avoid redemption of fractional shares) or any other equitable method determined by the Company that will not result in violation of the ownership limitations set forth in the Charter.

Notice of redemption will be mailed at least 30 days but not more than 60 days before the redemption date to each holder of record of a share of Preferred Stock of any series to be redeemed at the address shown on the stock transfer books of the Company. Each notice shall state: (i) the redemption date; (ii) the number of shares and series of the Preferred Stock to be redeemed; (iii) the redemption price; (iv) the place or places where certificates for such Preferred Stock are to be surrendered for payment of the redemption price; (v) that dividends on the shares to be redeemed will cease to accrue on such redemption date; and (vi) the date upon which the holder's conversion rights, if any, as to such shares shall terminate. If fewer than all the shares of Preferred Stock of any series are to be redeemed, the notice mailed to each such holder thereof shall also specify the number of shares of Preferred Stock to be redeemed from each such holder. If notice of redemption of any shares of

Preferred Stock has been given and if the funds necessary for such redemption have been irrevocably set apart by the Company in trust for the benefit of the holders of any shares of Preferred Stock so called for redemption, then from and after the redemption date dividends will cease to accrue on such shares of Preferred Stock, such shares of Preferred Stock shall no longer be deemed outstanding and all rights of the holders of such shares will terminate, except the right to receive the redemption price.

In addition, and the foregoing to the contrary notwithstanding, the shares of Preferred Stock will be issued subject to the terms and provisions of the Charter providing for a purchase option in favor of the Company in respect of those shares, in order to protect the Company's status as a REIT. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock."

Liquidation Preference

Upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the affairs of the Company, then, before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any Common Stock or any other class or series of capital stock of the Company ranking junior to the Preferred Stock in the distribution of assets upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the holders of each series of Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive out of assets of the Company legally available for distribution to stockholders liquidating distributions in the amount of the liquidation preference per share (set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement and Articles Supplementary), plus an amount equal to all dividends accrued and unpaid thereon (which shall not include any accumulation in respect of unpaid dividends for prior dividend periods if such Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend). After payment of the full amount of the liquidating distributions to which they are entitled, the holders of Preferred Stock will have no right or claim to any of the remaining assets of the Company. In the event that, upon any such voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the legally available assets of the Company are insufficient to pay the amount of the liquidating distributions on all outstanding shares of Preferred Stock and the corresponding amounts payable on all shares of other classes or series of capital stock of the Company ranking on a parity with the Preferred Stock in the distribution of assets upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, then the holders of the Preferred Stock and all other such classes or

series of capital stock shall share ratably in any such distribution of assets in proportion to the full liquidating distributions to which they would otherwise be respectively entitled.

If liquidating distributions shall have been made in full to all holders of shares of Preferred Stock, the remaining assets of the Company shall be distributed among the holders of any other classes or series of capital stock ranking junior to the Preferred Stock upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, according to their respective rights and preferences and in each case according to their respective number of shares. For such purposes, the consolidation or merger of the Company with or into any other corporation, or the sale, lease, transfer or conveyance of all or substantially all of the property or business of the Company, shall not be deemed to constitute a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company.

Voting Rights

Holders of the Preferred Stock will not have any voting rights, except as set forth below or as indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement and Articles Supplementary.

Whenever dividends on any shares of Preferred Stock shall be in arrears for six or more quarterly periods, whether or not consecutive, the number of directors then constituting the Board of Directors of the Company, if not then previously increased by reason of a similar arrearage with respect to any series of Preferred Stock with like rights, will automatically be increased by two and the holders of each series of Preferred Stock (voting separately as a class with all other series of Preferred Stock upon which like voting rights have been conferred and are exercisable) will be entitled to vote for the election of two additional directors of the Company at a special meeting of the shares of Preferred Stock of any series so in arrears or at the next annual meeting of stockholders, and at each subsequent annual meeting at which their successors are to be elected, until (i) if such series of Preferred Stock has a cumulative dividend, all dividends accumulated on such shares of Preferred Stock for the past dividend periods and the then current dividend period shall have been fully paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment or (ii) if such series of Preferred Stock does not have a cumulative dividend, four consecutive quarterly dividends shall have been fully paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof irrevocably set apart for payment; whereupon, in either such case, either such directors shall resign or their term of office shall expire, and the number of directors constituting the Board of Directors shall be decreased accordingly.

Unless provided otherwise for any series of Preferred Stock, so long as any shares of Preferred Stock remain outstanding, the Company shall not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least $66\frac{2}{3}\%$ of the shares of each series of Preferred Stock outstanding at

the time, given in person or by proxy, either in writing or at a meeting (such series voting separately as a class), (i) authorize or create, or increase the authorized or issued amount of, any class or series of capital stock ranking senior to such series of Preferred Stock with respect to payment of dividends or the distribution of assets upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company or reclassify any authorized capital stock of the Company into any such shares, or create, authorize or issue any obligation or security convertible into or evidencing the right to purchase any such shares; or (ii) amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the Company's Charter (including the Articles Supplementary for such series of Preferred Stock), whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, so as to materially and adversely affect any right, preference, privilege or voting power of such series of Preferred Stock or the holders thereof; provided, however, that any increase in the amount of the authorized Preferred Stock or the creation or issuance of any other series of Preferred Stock, or any increase in the amount of authorized shares of such series or any other series of Preferred Stock, in each case ranking on a parity with or junior to the Preferred Stock of such series with respect to payment of dividends and the distribution of assets upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, shall not be deemed to materially and adversely affect such rights, preferences, privileges or voting powers.

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The foregoing voting provisions will not apply if, at or prior to the time when the act with respect to which such vote would otherwise be required shall be effected, all outstanding shares of such series of Preferred Stock shall have been redeemed or called for redemption upon proper notice and sufficient funds shall have been irrevocably deposited in trust to effect such redemption.

Conversion Rights

The terms and conditions, if any, upon which shares of any series of Preferred Stock are convertible into Common Stock will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement relating thereto. Such terms will include the number of shares of Common Stock into which the Preferred Stock is convertible, the conversion price (or manner of calculation thereof), the conversion period, provisions as to whether conversion will be at the option of the holders of the Preferred Stock or the Company, the events requiring an adjustment of the conversion price and provisions affecting conversion in the event of the redemption of such Preferred Stock.

Restrictions on Ownership

With certain exceptions, the Company's Charter provides that no person may own, actually or constructively, more than 9.8% by value of the Company's Common Stock or Preferred Stock. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock."

Transfer Agent

The registrar and transfer agent for a particular series of Preferred Stock will be set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

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DESCRIPTION OF DEPOSITARY SHARES

General

The Company may issue receipts for depositary shares, each of which depositary receipts will represent a fractional interest of a share of a particular series of Preferred Stock, as specified in the applicable prospectus supplement. Shares of Preferred Stock of each series represented by depositary shares will be deposited under a separate Deposit Agreement among the Company, the depositary named therein and the holders from time to time of the depositary receipts. Subject to the terms of the Deposit Agreement, each owner of a depositary receipt will be entitled, in proportion to the fractional interest of a share of a particular series of Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares evidenced by such depositary receipt, to all the rights and preferences of the Preferred Stock represented by such depositary shares (including dividend, voting, conversion, redemption and liquidation rights).

The depositary shares will be evidenced by depositary receipts issued pursuant to the applicable Deposit Agreement. Immediately following the issuance and delivery of the Preferred Stock by the Company to the preferred stock depositary, the Company will cause the preferred stock depositary to issue, on behalf of the Company, the depositary receipts. Copies of the applicable form of Deposit Agreement and depositary receipt may be obtained from the Company upon request, and the statements made hereunder relating to the Deposit Agreement and the depositary receipts to be issued thereunder are summaries of certain provisions thereof and do not purport to be complete and are subject to, and

qualified in their entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the applicable Deposit Agreement and related depositary receipts.

Dividends and Other Distributions

The preferred stock depositary will distribute all cash dividends or other cash distributions received in respect of the Preferred Stock to the record holders of depositary receipts evidencing the related depositary shares in proportion to the number of such depositary receipts owned by such holders, subject to certain obligations of holders to file proofs, certificates and other information and to pay certain charges and expenses to the preferred stock depositary.

In the event of a distribution other than in cash, the preferred stock depositary will distribute property received by it to the record holders of depositary receipts entitled thereto, subject to certain obligations of holders to file proofs, certificates and other information and to pay certain charges and expenses to the preferred stock depositary, unless the preferred stock depositary determines that it is not feasible to make such distribution, in which case the preferred stock depositary may, with the approval of the Company, sell such property and distribute the net proceeds from such sale to such holders.

No distribution will be made in respect of any depositary share to the extent that it represents any Preferred Stock converted into other securities.

Withdrawal of Stock

Upon surrender of the depositary receipts at the corporate trust office of the preferred stock depositary (unless the related depositary shares have previously been called for redemption or converted into other securities), the holders thereof will be entitled to delivery at such office, to or upon such holder's order, of the number of whole or fractional shares of the Preferred Stock and any money or other property represented by the depositary shares evidenced by such depositary receipts. Holders of depositary receipts will be entitled to receive whole or fractional shares of the related Preferred Stock on the basis of the proportion of Preferred Stock represented by each depositary share as specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, but holders of such shares of Preferred Stock will

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not thereafter be entitled to receive depositary shares therefor. If the depositary receipts delivered by the holder evidence a number of depositary shares in excess of the number of depositary shares representing the number of shares of Preferred Stock to be withdrawn, the preferred stock depositary will deliver to such holder at the same time a new depositary receipt evidencing such excess number of depositary shares.

Redemption of Depositary Shares

Whenever the Company redeems shares of Preferred Stock held by the preferred stock depositary, the preferred stock depositary will redeem as of the same redemption date the number of depositary shares representing shares of the Preferred Stock so redeemed, provided the Company shall have paid in full to the preferred stock depositary the redemption price of the Preferred Stock to be redeemed plus an amount equal to any accrued and unpaid dividends thereon to the date fixed for redemption. The redemption price per depositary share will be equal to the corresponding proportion of the redemption price and any other amounts per share payable with respect to the Preferred Stock. If fewer than all the depositary shares are to be redeemed, the depositary shares to be redeemed will be selected pro rata (as nearly as may be practicable without creating fractional depositary shares) or by any other equitable method determined by the Company that will not result in a violation of the ownership restrictions in the Company's Charter applicable to owners of the Company's Common Stock and Preferred Stock. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock."

From and after the date fixed for redemption, all dividends in respect of the shares of Preferred Stock so called for redemption will cease to accrue, the depositary shares so called for redemption will no longer be deemed to be outstanding and all rights of the holders of the depositary receipts evidencing the depositary shares so called for redemption will cease, except the right to receive any moneys payable upon such redemption and any money or other property to which the holders of such depositary receipts were entitled upon such redemption and surrender thereof to the preferred stock depositary.

Voting of the Preferred Stock

Upon receipt of notice of any meeting at which the holders of the Preferred Stock are entitled to vote, the preferred stock depositary will mail the information contained in such notice of meeting to the record holders of the depositary receipts evidencing the depositary shares which represent such Preferred Stock. Each record holder of depositary receipts evidencing depositary shares on the record date (which will be the same date as the record date for the Preferred Stock) will be entitled to instruct the preferred stock depositary as to the exercise of the voting

rights pertaining to the amount of Preferred Stock represented by such holder's depositary shares. The preferred stock depositary will vote the amount of Preferred Stock represented by such depositary shares in accordance with such instructions, and the Company will agree to take all reasonable action which may be deemed necessary by the preferred stock depositary in order to enable the preferred stock depositary to do so. The preferred stock depositary will abstain from voting the amount of Preferred Stock represented by such depositary shares to the extent it does not receive specific instructions from the holders of depositary receipts evidencing such depositary shares. The preferred stock depositary shall not be responsible for any failure to carry out any instruction to vote, or for the manner or effect of any such vote made, as long as any such action or non-action is in good faith and does not result from negligence or willful misconduct of the preferred stock depositary.

Liquidation Preference

In the event of the liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary, the holders of each depositary receipt will be entitled to the fraction of the liquidation

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preference accorded each share of Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares evidenced by such depositary receipt, as set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Conversion of Preferred Stock

The depositary shares, as such, are not convertible into Common Stock or any other securities or property of the Company. Nevertheless, if so specified in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to an offering of depositary shares, the depositary receipts may be surrendered by holders thereof to the preferred stock depositary with written instructions to the preferred stock depositary to instruct the Company to cause conversion of the Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares evidenced by such depositary receipts into whole shares of Common Stock, other shares of Preferred Stock of the Company or other shares of stock, and the Company has agreed that upon receipt of such instructions and any amounts payable in respect thereof, it will cause the conversion thereof utilizing the same procedures as those provided for delivery of Preferred Stock to effect such conversion. If the depositary shares evidenced by a depositary receipt are to be converted in part only, a new depositary receipt or receipts will be issued for any depositary shares not to be converted. No fractional shares of Common Stock will be issued upon conversion, and if such conversion would result in a fractional share being issued, an amount will be paid in cash by the Company equal to the value of the fractional interest based upon the closing price of the Common Stock on the last business day prior to the conversion.

Amendment and Termination of Deposit Agreement

The form of depositary receipt evidencing the depositary shares which represent the Preferred Stock and any provision of the Deposit Agreement may at any time be amended by agreement between the Company and the preferred stock depositary. However, any amendment that materially and adversely alters the rights of the holders of depositary receipts or that would be materially and adversely inconsistent with the rights granted to the holders of the related Preferred Stock will not be effective unless such amendment has been approved by the existing holders of at least 66²/₃% of the depositary shares evidenced by the depositary receipts then outstanding. No amendment shall impair the right, subject to certain exceptions in the Depositary Agreement, of any holder of depositary receipts to surrender any depositary receipt with instructions to deliver to the holder the related Preferred Stock and all money and other property, if any, represented thereby, except in order to comply with law. Every holder of an outstanding depositary receipt at the time any such amendment becomes effective shall be deemed, by continuing to hold such receipt, to consent and agree to such amendment and to be bound by the Deposit Agreement as amended thereby.

The Deposit Agreement may be terminated by the Company upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice to the preferred stock depositary if (i) such termination is necessary to preserve the Company's status as a REIT or (ii) a majority of each series of Preferred Stock affected by such termination consents to such termination, whereupon the preferred stock depositary shall deliver or make available to each holder of depositary receipts, upon surrender of the depositary receipts held by such holder, such number of whole or fractional shares of Preferred Stock as are represented by the depositary shares evidenced by such depositary receipts together with any other property held by the preferred stock depositary with respect to such depositary receipts. The Company has agreed that if the Deposit Agreement is terminated to preserve the Company's status as a REIT, then the Company will use its best efforts to list the Preferred Stock issued upon surrender of the related depositary shares on a national securities exchange. In addition, the Deposit Agreement will automatically terminate if (i) all outstanding depositary shares shall have been redeemed, (ii) there shall have been a final distribution in respect of the related Preferred Stock in connection with any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company and such distribution shall have been distributed to the holders of depositary receipts evidencing the depositary shares representing such Preferred Stock or (iii) each share of the related

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Preferred Stock shall have been converted into securities of the Company not so represented by depositary shares.

Charges of Preferred Stock Depositary

The Company will pay all transfer and other taxes and governmental charges arising solely from the existence of the Deposit Agreement. In addition, the Company will pay the fees and expenses of the preferred stock depositary in connection with the performance of its duties under the Deposit Agreement. However, holders of depositary receipts will pay the fees and expenses of the preferred stock depositary for any duties requested by such holders to be performed which are outside of those expressly provided for in the Deposit Agreement.

Resignation and Removal of Depositary

The preferred stock depositary may resign at any time by delivering to the Company notice of its election to do so, and the Company may at any time remove the preferred stock depositary, any such resignation or removal to take effect upon the appointment of a successor preferred stock depositary. A successor preferred stock depositary must be appointed within 60 days after delivery of the notice of resignation or removal and must be a bank or trust company having its principal office in the United States and having a combined capital and surplus of at least \$10,000,000.

Miscellaneous

The preferred stock depositary will forward to holders of depositary receipts any reports and communications from the Company which are received by the preferred stock depositary with respect to the related Preferred Stock.

Neither the preferred stock depositary nor the Company will be liable if it is prevented from or delayed in, by law or any circumstances beyond its control, performing its obligations under the Deposit Agreement. The obligations of the Company and the preferred stock depositary under the Deposit Agreement will be limited to performing their duties thereunder in good faith and without negligence (in the case of any action or inaction in the voting of Preferred Stock represented by the depositary shares), gross negligence or willful misconduct, and the Company and the preferred stock depositary will not be obligated to prosecute or defend any legal proceeding in respect of any depositary receipts, depositary shares or shares of Preferred Stock represented thereby unless satisfactory indemnity is furnished. The Company and the preferred stock depositary may rely on written advice of counsel or accountants, or information provided by persons presenting shares of Preferred Stock represented thereby for deposit, holders of depositary receipts or other persons believed in good faith to be competent to give such information, and on documents believed in good faith to be genuine and signed by a proper party.

In the event the preferred stock depositary shall receive conflicting claims, requests or instructions from any holders of depositary receipts, on the one hand, and the Company, on the other hand, the preferred stock depositary shall be entitled to act on such claims, requests or instructions received from the Company.

Restrictions on Ownership

Holders of depositary receipts will be subject to the ownership restrictions of the Company's Charter which provides, with certain exceptions, that no person may own, actually or constructively, more than 9.8% by value of the Company's Common Stock or Preferred Stock. See "Restrictions on Ownership of Capital Stock."

DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS

The Company may offer by means of this prospectus warrants for the purchase of its debt securities, Preferred Stock, depositary shares or Common Stock. The Company may issue warrants separately or together with any other securities offered by means of this prospectus, and the warrants may be attached to or separate from such securities. Each series of warrants will be issued under a separate warrant agreement (each, a "Warrant Agreement") to be entered into between the Company and a warrant agent specified therein. The warrant agent will act solely as an agent of the Company in connection with the warrants of such series and will not assume any obligation or relationship of agency or trust for or with any holders or beneficial owners of warrants.

The applicable prospectus supplement will describe the following terms, where applicable, of the warrants in respect of which this prospectus is being delivered: (1) the title and issuer of such warrants; (2) the aggregate number of such warrants; (3) the price or prices at which such warrants will be issued; (4) the currencies in which the price or prices of such warrants may be payable; (5) the designation, amount and terms of the securities purchasable upon exercise of such warrants; (6) the designation and terms of the other securities with which such warrants are issued and the number of such warrants issued with each such security; (7) if applicable, the date on and after which such warrants and the securities purchasable upon exercise of such warrants will be separately transferable; (8) the price or prices at which and currency or currencies in which the securities purchasable upon exercise of such warrants may be purchased; (9) the date on which the right to exercise such warrants shall commence and the date on which such right shall expire; (10) the minimum or maximum amount of such warrants which may be exercised at any one time; (11) information with respect to book-entry procedures, if any; (12) a discussion of material federal income tax considerations; and (13) any other material terms of such warrants, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exchange and exercise of such warrants.

DESCRIPTION OF RIGHTS

The Company may issue rights to its shareholders for the purchase of shares of Common Stock. Each series of rights will be issued under a separate rights agreement (a "Rights Agreement") to be entered into between the Company and a bank or trust company, as rights agent, all as set forth in the prospectus supplement relating to the particular issue of rights. The rights agent will act solely as an agent of the Company in connection with the certificates relating to the rights of such series and will not assume any obligation or relationship of agency or trust for or with any holders of rights certificates or beneficial owners of rights. The Rights Agreement and the rights certificates relating to each series of rights will be filed with the SEC and incorporated by reference as an exhibit to the Registration Statement of which this prospectus is a part.

The applicable prospectus supplement will describe the terms of the rights to be issued, including the following, where applicable: (1) the date for determining the shareholders entitled to the rights distribution; (2) the aggregate number shares of Common Stock purchasable upon exercise of such rights and the exercise price; (3) the aggregate number of rights being issued; (4) the date, if any, on and after which such rights may be transferable separately; (5) the date on which the right to exercise such rights shall commence and the date on which such right shall expire; (6) any special United States federal income tax consequences; and (7) any other terms of such rights, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the distribution, exchange and exercise of such rights.

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RESTRICTIONS ON OWNERSHIP OF CAPITAL STOCK

For the Company to continue to qualify as a REIT under the federal tax code, its shares of stock must be beneficially owned by 100 or more persons during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months or during a proportionate part of a shorter taxable year. Also, not more than 50% of the value of the outstanding shares of stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals (as defined in the federal tax code to include certain entities such as qualified pension plans) during the last half of a taxable year (other than the first year for which an election to be a REIT has been made). See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations."

The Company's Charter, subject to certain exceptions, contains certain restrictions on the number of shares of stock of the Company that a person may own. The Charter prohibits any person from acquiring or holding, directly or indirectly, shares of the Company's stock in excess of 9.8% (by value or by number of shares, whichever is more restrictive, except only by value in the case of any outstanding Preferred Stock) of the outstanding shares of each class or series of stock of the Company (except in the case of the Series A Preferred Stock and the Series D Preferred Stock, where the prohibition relates to the stated percentage of all outstanding Equity Stock (as defined in the Indenture and explained below) of the Company) (the "Ownership Limit"). The number and value of shares of the outstanding Common Stock and Preferred Stock (collectively, the "Equity Stock") is required to be determined in good faith, which determination shall be conclusive for all purposes hereof.

The Company's Board of Directors, upon receipt of a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service or an opinion of counsel or other evidence satisfactory to the Board of Directors and upon at least 15 days' written notice from a transferee prior to the proposed transfer that, if consummated, would result in the intended transferee beneficially owning shares in excess of the Ownership Limit, and upon such other conditions as the Board of Directors may direct, may exempt a person from the Ownership Limit (an "Excepted Holder"). In order to be considered by the Board of Directors as an Excepted Holder, a person also must not own, directly or indirectly, an interest in a tenant of the Company (or a tenant of any entity owned or controlled by the Company) that would cause the Company to own, directly or indirectly, more than a 9.9% interest in such a tenant. The person seeking an exemption must represent to the satisfaction of the Board of Directors that it will not violate the aforementioned restriction. The person also must agree that any violation or attempted violation of the foregoing restriction will result in the automatic transfer of the share of stock causing such violation to the Company (as defined below).

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The Company Charter further prohibits (a) any person from beneficially or constructively owning shares of stock of the Company that would result in the Company being "closely held" under Section 856(h) of the federal tax code or otherwise cause the Company to fail to qualify as a REIT and (b) any person from transferring shares of stock of the Company if such transfer would result in shares of stock of the Company being owned by fewer than 100 persons. Any person who acquires or attempts or intends to acquire beneficial or constructive ownership of shares of stock of the Company that will or may violate any of the foregoing restrictions on transferability and ownership, or any person who would have owned shares of the stock of the Company that resulted in a transfer of shares to the Company, is required to give notice immediately to the Company and provide the Company with such other information as the Company may request in order to determine the effect of such transfer on the Company's status as a REIT. The foregoing restrictions on transferability and ownership will not apply if the Company's Board of Directors determines that it is no longer in the best interests of the Company to attempt to qualify, or to continue to qualify, as a REIT.

If any transfer of shares of stock of the Company occurs which, if effective, would result in any person beneficially or constructively owning shares of stock of the Company in excess or in violation of the above transfer or ownership limitations (a "Purported Transferee"), then that number of shares of stock of the Company the beneficial or constructive ownership of which otherwise would cause such

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person to violate such limitations (rounded to the nearest whole share) shall be automatically transferred to a trust (the "Trust") for the exclusive benefit of one or more charitable beneficiaries (the "Charitable Beneficiary"), and the Purported Transferee shall not acquire any rights in such shares. Such automatic transfer shall be deemed to be effective as of the close of business on the Business Day (as defined in the Company's Charter) prior to the date of such violative transfer. Shares of stock held in the Trust shall be issued and outstanding shares of stock of the Company. The Purported Transferee shall not benefit economically from ownership of any shares of stock held in the Trust, shall have no rights to dividends and shall not possess any rights to vote or other rights attributable to the shares of stock held in the Trust. The trustee of the Trust shall have all voting rights and rights to dividends or other distributions with respect to shares of stock held in the Trust, which rights shall be exercised for the exclusive benefit of the Charitable Beneficiary. Any dividend or other distribution prior to the discovery by the Company that shares of stock have been transferred to the trustee of the Trust shall be paid by the recipient of such dividend or distribution to the trustee upon demand, and any dividend or other distribution authorized but unpaid shall be paid when due to the trustee. Any dividend or distribution so paid to the trustee shall be held in trust for the Charitable Beneficiary. The Purported Transferee shall have no voting rights with respect to shares of stock held in the Trust and, subject to Maryland law, effective as of the date that such shares of stock have been transferred to the Trust, the trustee of the Trust shall have the authority (at the trustee's sole discretion) (i) to rescind as void any vote cast by a Purported Transferee prior to the discovery by the Company that such shares have been transferred to the Trust and (ii) to recast such vote in accordance with the desires of the trustee of the Trust acting for the benefit of the Charitable Beneficiary. However, if the Company has already taken irreversible corporate action, then the trustee shall not have the authority to rescind and recast such vote.

The trustee of the Trust may transfer the shares of stock held in the Trust to a person, designated by the trustee, whose ownership of the shares will not violate the Ownership Limitation or other limitations set forth in the Company Charter. Upon such sale, the interest of the Charitable Beneficiary in the shares sold shall terminate and the trustee shall distribute the net proceeds of the sale to the Purported Transferee and to the Charitable Beneficiary as follows. The Purported Transferee shall receive the lesser of (i) the price paid by the Purported Transferee for the shares or, if the Purported Transferee did not give value for the shares in connection with the event causing the shares to be held in the Trust (e.g., a gift, devise or other such transaction), the Market Price (as defined in the Company's Charter) of such shares on the day of the event causing the shares to be held in the Trust and (ii) the price per share received by the trustee from the sale or other disposition of the shares held in the Trust. Any net sale proceeds in excess of the amount payable to the Purported Transferee shall be paid immediately to the Charitable Beneficiary. If, prior to the discovery by the Company that shares of stock have been transferred to the Trust, such shares are sold by a Purported Transferee, then (i) such shares shall be deemed to have been sold on behalf of the Trust and (ii) to the extent that the Purported Transferee received an amount for such shares that exceeds the amount that such Purported Transferee was entitled to receive pursuant to the aforementioned requirement, such excess shall be paid to the trustee of the Trust upon demand.

In addition, shares of stock held in the Trust shall be deemed to have been offered for sale to the Company, or its designee, at a price per share equal to the lesser of (i) the price per share in the transaction that resulted in such transfer to the Trust (or, in the case of a devise or gift, the Market Price at the time of such devise or gift) and (ii) the Market Price on the date the Company, or its designee, accepts such offer. The Company shall have the right to accept such offer for a period of 90 days after the later of (i) the date of the purported transfer resulting in a transfer to the Trust and (ii) the date that the Board of Directors determines in good faith that such transfer occurred. Upon such a sale to the Company, the interest of the Charitable Beneficiary in the shares sold shall terminate and the trustee of the Trust shall distribute the net proceeds of the sale to the Purported Transferee.

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All certificates representing shares of the Common Stock and the Preferred Stock will bear a legend referring to the restrictions described above.

Every owner of more than 5% (or such lower percentage as required by the federal tax code or the regulations promulgated thereunder) of the number or value of outstanding shares of Equity Stock of the Company, shall, within 30 days after January 1 of each year, give written notice to the Company stating the name and address of such owner, the number of shares of each class and series of stock of the Company which the owner constructively or beneficially owns and a description of the manner in which such shares are held. Each such owner shall provide to the Company such additional information as the Company may request in order to determine the effect, if any, of such beneficial ownership on the Company's status as a REIT and to ensure compliance with the Ownership Limit. In addition, each stockholder shall upon demand be required to provide to the Company such information as the Company may reasonably request in order to determine the Company's status as a REIT and to comply with the requirements of any taxing authority or governmental authority or to determine such compliance.

These ownership limits could delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control of the Company that might involve a premium price for the Equity Stock or otherwise be in the best interest of the Company's stockholders.

BOOK-ENTRY SECURITIES

The securities offered by means of this prospectus may be issued in whole or in part in book-entry form, meaning that beneficial owners of the securities will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the securities, except in the event the book-entry system for the securities is discontinued. Securities issued in book entry form will be evidenced by one or more global securities that will be deposited with, or on behalf of, a depository identified in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to the securities. The Depository Trust Company is expected to serve as depository. Unless and until it is exchanged in whole or in part for the individual securities represented thereby, a global security may not be transferred except as a whole by the depository for the global security to a nominee of such depository or by a nominee of such depository to such depository or another nominee of such depository or by the depository or any nominee of such depository to a successor depository or a nominee of such successor. Global securities may be issued in either registered or bearer form and in either temporary or permanent form. The specific terms of the depository arrangement with respect to a class or series of securities that differ from the terms described here will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, the Company anticipates that the following provisions will apply to depository arrangements.

Upon the issuance of a global security, the depository for the global security or its nominee will credit on its book-entry registration and transfer system the respective principal amounts of the individual securities represented by such global security to the accounts of persons that have accounts with such depository, who are called "participants." Such accounts shall be designated by the underwriters, dealers or agents with respect to the securities or by the Company if the securities are offered and sold directly by the Company. Ownership of beneficial interests in a global security will be limited to the depository's participants or persons that may hold interests through such participants. Ownership of beneficial interests in the global security will be shown on, and the transfer of that ownership will be effected only through, records maintained by the applicable depository or its nominee (with respect to beneficial interests of participants) and records of the participants (with respect to beneficial interests of persons who hold through participants). The laws of some states require that certain purchasers of securities take physical delivery of such securities in definitive form. Such limits and laws may impair the ability to own, pledge or transfer beneficial interest in a global security.

So long as the depository for a global security or its nominee is the registered owner of such global security, such depository or nominee, as the case may be, will be considered the sole owner or holder of the securities represented by such global security for all purposes under the applicable Indenture or other instrument defining the rights of a holder of the securities. Except as provided below or in the applicable prospectus supplement, owners of beneficial interest in a global security will not be entitled to have any of the individual securities of the series represented by such global security registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of any such securities in definitive form and will not be considered the owners or holders thereof under the applicable Indenture or other instrument defining the rights of the holders of the securities.

Payments of amounts payable with respect to individual securities represented by a global security registered in the name of a depository or its nominee will be made to the depository or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered owner of the global security representing such securities. None of the Company, its officers and directors or any trustee, paying agent or security registrar for an individual series of securities will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests in

the global security for such securities or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests.

The Company expects that the depository for a series of securities offered by means of this prospectus or its nominee, upon receipt of any payment of principal, premium, interest, dividend or other amount in respect of a permanent global security representing any of such securities, will immediately credit its participants' accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the principal amount of such global security for such securities as shown on the records of such depository or its nominee. The Company also expects that payments by participants to owners of beneficial interests in such global security held through such participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the account of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name." Such payments will be the responsibility of such participants.

If a depository for a series of securities is at any time unwilling, unable or ineligible to continue as depository and a successor depository is not appointed by the Company within 90 days, the Company will issue individual securities of such series in exchange for the global security representing such series of securities. In addition, the Company may, at any time and in its sole discretion, subject to any limitations described in the applicable prospectus supplement relating to such securities, determine not to have any securities of such series represented by one or more global securities and, in such event, will issue individual securities of such series in exchange for the global security or securities representing such series of securities.

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MATERIAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion describes the material federal income tax considerations relating to the taxation of the Company as a REIT, and the ownership and disposition of the securities offered under this Prospectus. A prospectus supplement will contain information about additional federal income tax considerations, if any, relating to a particular offering.

Because this is a summary that is intended to address only federal income tax consequences relating to the ownership and disposition of the securities offered under this prospectus, it may not contain all the information that may be important to you. As you review this discussion, you should keep in mind that:

the tax consequences to you may vary depending on your particular tax situation;

special rules that are not discussed below may apply to you if, for example, you are:

a tax-exempt organization,

a broker-dealer,

a non-U.S. person,

a trust, estate, regulated investment company, real estate investment trust, financial institution, insurance company or S corporation,

subject to the alternative minimum tax provisions of the Code,

holding the securities as part of a hedge, straddle, conversion or other risk-reduction or constructive sale transaction,

holding the securities through a partnership or similar pass-through entity,

a person with a "functional currency" other than the U.S. dollar,

a U.S. expatriate, or

otherwise subject to special tax treatment under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code");

this summary does not address state, local or non-U.S. tax considerations;

this summary deals only with investors that hold the securities offered under this prospectus as a "capital asset," within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code; and

this discussion is not intended to be, and should not be construed as, tax advice.

You are urged both to review the following discussion and to consult with your own tax advisor to determine the effect of ownership and disposition of our the securities offered under this prospectus on your individual tax situation, including any state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences.

The information in this section is based on the Code, current, temporary and proposed regulations, the legislative history of the Code, current administrative interpretations and practices of the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"), and court decisions. The reference to IRS interpretations and practices includes IRS practices and policies as endorsed in private letter rulings, which are not binding on the IRS except with respect to the taxpayer that receives the ruling. In each case, these sources are relied upon as they exist on the date of this Prospectus. Future legislation, regulations, administrative interpretations and court decisions could change current law or adversely affect existing interpretations of current law. Any change could apply retroactively. We have not received any rulings from the IRS concerning our qualification as a REIT. Accordingly, even if there is no change in the applicable law, no assurance can be provided that the statements made in the following discussion, that do not bind

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the IRS or the courts, will not be challenged by the IRS or will be sustained by a court if so challenged.

Each prospective investor is advised to consult with his or her own tax advisor to determine the impact of his or her personal tax situation on the anticipated tax consequences of the ownership and sale of the securities offered under this prospectus. This includes the federal, state, local, foreign and other tax consequences of the ownership and sale of the securities offered under this prospectus and the potential changes in applicable tax laws.

Taxation of the Company as a REIT

General. We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Code. A REIT generally is not subject to federal income tax on the income that it distributes to stockholders if it meets the applicable REIT distribution requirements and other requirements for qualification as a REIT.

We believe that each of the Company's predecessor companies, New Plan Realty Trust and Excel Realty Trust, Inc., was organized and operated, commencing with the taxable years ended July 31, 1972 and December 31, 1987, respectively, in a manner so as to qualify for taxation as a REIT under the Code. We believe that our company is currently organized, and since the merger of the predecessor companies, has operated in a manner as to qualify for taxation as a REIT under the Code, and we intend to continue to operate in such a manner. There can be no assurance, however, that we qualify or will remain qualified as a REIT.

The sections of the Code and the corresponding regulations that govern the federal income tax treatment of a REIT and its stockholders are highly technical and complex. The following discussion is qualified in its entirety by the applicable Code provisions, rules and regulations

promulgated thereunder, and administrative interpretations thereof.

Qualification and taxation as a REIT depend upon our ability to meet on a continuing basis, through actual annual (or in some cases quarterly) operating results, the various requirements under the Code, as described in this Prospectus, with regard to, among other things, the sources of our gross income, the composition and values of our assets, our distribution levels, and our diversity of stock ownership. Given the complex nature of the REIT qualification requirements, the ongoing importance of factual determinations, and the possibility of future changes in our circumstances, no assurance can be given that we have satisfied such requirements or will continue to do so. For a discussion of the tax consequences of the failure to qualify as a REIT, see "Taxation of the Company as a REIT Failure to Qualify."

In any year in which we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal corporate income taxes on that portion of our REIT taxable income that we distribute currently to stockholders but our stockholders will generally be taxed on dividends that they receive at ordinary income rates other than dividends designated by us as capital gain dividends or qualified dividend income. This differs from non-REIT C corporations, which generally are subject to federal corporate income taxes but whose stockholders are currently taxed on dividends they receive at capital gains rates. In general, income earned by a REIT and distributed to its stockholders will be subject to less federal income taxation than if such income were earned by a non-REIT C corporation, subjected to corporate income tax, and then distributed to shareholders and subjected to tax at capital gain rates.

While we are generally not subject to corporate income taxes on income that we distribute currently to stockholders, we will be subject to federal income tax as follows.

1. We will be taxed at regular corporate rates on any "REIT taxable income." REIT taxable income is the taxable income of the REIT subject to specified adjustments, including a deduction for dividends paid.

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2. Under some circumstances, we may be subject to the "alternative minimum tax" due to our items of tax preference and alternative minimum tax adjustments.

3. If we have net income from the sale or other disposition of "foreclosure property" that is held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business, or other nonqualifying income from foreclosure property, we will be subject to tax at the highest corporate rate on this income.

4. Our net income from "prohibited transactions" will be subject to a 100% tax. In general, prohibited transactions are sales or other dispositions of property, other than foreclosure property, held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business.

5. If we fail to satisfy either the 75% gross income test or the 95% gross income test discussed below, but nonetheless maintain our qualification as a REIT because other requirements are met, we will be subject to a tax equal to the gross income attributable to the greater of either (1) the amount by which 75% of our gross income exceeds the amount qualifying under the 75% test for the taxable year or (2) the amount by which 90% of our gross income exceeds the amount of our income qualifying under the 95% test for the taxable year, multiplied in either case by a fraction intended to reflect our profitability.

6. We will be subject to a 4% excise tax on the excess of the required distribution over the sum of the amounts actually distributed and amounts retained for which federal income tax was paid, if we fail to distribute during each calendar year at least the sum of:

85% of our REIT ordinary income for the year,

95% of our REIT capital gain net income for the year, and

any undistributed taxable income from prior taxable years.

7. We will be subject to a 100% penalty tax on amounts received by us (or on certain expenses deducted by a taxable REIT subsidiary) if certain arrangements among us, our tenants and/or a taxable REIT subsidiary of ours, as further described below, are not comparable to similar arrangements among unrelated parties.

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8. If we acquire any assets from a taxable C corporation in a carry-over basis transaction, we could be liable for specified tax liabilities inherited from that C corporation with respect to that corporation's "built-in gain" in its assets. Built-in gain is the amount by which an asset's fair market value exceeds its adjusted tax basis at the time we acquire the asset. Applicable Treasury regulations, however, allow us to avoid the recognition of gain and the imposition of corporate level tax with respect to a built-in gain asset acquired in a carry-over basis transaction from a C corporation unless and until we dispose of that built-in gain asset during the 10-year period following its acquisition, at which time we would recognize, and would be subject to tax at the highest regular corporate rate on, the built-in gain.

If we are subject to taxation on our REIT taxable income or are subject to tax due to the sale of a built-in gain asset that was acquired in a carry-over basis from a C corporation, some of the dividends we pay to our stockholders during the following year may be subject to tax at the reduced capital gains rates, rather than tax at ordinary income rates. See "Taxation of U.S. Holders of Our Common Stock, Preferred Stock and Depositary Shares Distributions to Stockholders Qualified Dividend Income."

In addition, notwithstanding our status as a REIT, we may also have to pay certain state and local income taxes, because not all states and localities treat REITs in the same manner that they are treated for federal income tax purposes. Moreover, each of our taxable REIT subsidiaries (as further described below) is subject to federal corporate income tax on its net income.

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Requirements for Qualification As a REIT. The Code defines a REIT as a corporation, trust or association

- (1) that is managed by one or more trustees or directors;
- (2) the beneficial ownership of which is evidenced by transferable shares, or by transferable certificates of beneficial interest;
- (3) that would be taxable as a domestic corporation, but for Sections 856 through 859 of the Code;
- (4) that is neither a financial institution nor an insurance company subject to certain provisions of the Code;
- (5) the beneficial ownership of which is held by 100 or more persons;
- (6) of which not more than 50% in value of the outstanding stock is owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals (as defined in the Code to include certain entities) after applying certain attribution rules;
- (7) that makes an election to be a REIT for the current taxable year or has made such an election for a previous taxable year which has not been terminated or revoked; and
- (8) that meets other tests, described below, regarding the nature of its income and assets.

Conditions (1) through (4), inclusive, must be met during the entire taxable year. Condition (5) must be met during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months, or during a proportionate part of a taxable year of less than 12 months other than the first taxable year for which an election to become a REIT is made. Condition (6) must be met during the last half of each taxable year other than the first taxable year for which an election to become a REIT is made. For purposes of determining stock ownership under condition (6), a supplemental unemployment compensation benefits plan, a private foundation or a portion of a trust permanently set aside or used exclusively for charitable purposes generally is considered an individual. However, a trust that is a qualified trust under Code Section 401(a) generally is not considered an individual, and beneficiaries of a qualified trust are treated as holding shares of a REIT in proportion to their actuarial interests in the trust for purposes of condition (6). We believe that we have issued sufficient shares of stock with sufficient diversity of ownership to allow us to satisfy conditions (5) and (6) above. In addition, Article VII of our charter contains restrictions regarding the transfer of shares of our stock that are intended to assist us in continuing to satisfy the share ownership requirements described in (5) and (6) above. These restrictions, however, may not ensure that we will be able to satisfy these share ownership requirements. If we fail to satisfy these share ownership requirements, we will

fail to qualify as a REIT.

If we comply with regulatory rules pursuant to which we are required to send annual letters to holders of stock requesting information regarding the actual ownership of the stock, and we do not know, or exercising reasonable diligence would not have known, whether we failed to meet requirement (6) above, we will be treated as having met the requirement.

In addition, we must satisfy all relevant filing and other administrative requirements established by the IRS that must be met to elect and maintain REIT status, use a calendar year for federal income tax purposes, and comply with the recordkeeping requirements of the Code and regulations promulgated thereunder.

To qualify as a REIT, we cannot have at the end of any taxable year any undistributed earnings and profits that are attributable to a non-REIT taxable year. If either New Plan Realty Trust or Excel Realty Trust, Inc., whose businesses were combined in a merger transaction on September 28, 1998 to form the Company, failed to qualify as a REIT throughout the duration of its existence, it might have had undistributed earnings and profits from a non-REIT year. If that were the case and either of the

Company's predecessor companies did not distribute such earnings and profits prior to the merger transaction, the Company might not qualify as a REIT. The Company believes that each of the predecessor companies qualified as a REIT and that, in any event, neither of the predecessor companies had any undistributed earnings and profits from a non-REIT year at the time of the merger transaction. Because we believe that we have qualified as a REIT at all times since the merger, we do not believe that we have any undistributed earnings and profits that are attributable to a non-REIT taxable year. However, the IRS could determine otherwise.

Qualified REIT Subsidiaries. If a REIT owns a corporate subsidiary that is a "qualified REIT subsidiary," the separate existence of that subsidiary is disregarded for federal income tax purposes. Generally, a qualified REIT subsidiary is a corporation, other than a taxable REIT subsidiary, all of the capital stock of which is owned by the REIT. All assets, liabilities and items of income, deduction and credit of the qualified REIT subsidiary will be treated as assets, liabilities and items of income, deduction and credit of the REIT itself. A qualified REIT subsidiary of ours is not subject to federal corporate income taxation, although it may be subject to state and local taxation in some states. We hold a significant portion of our assets through qualified REIT subsidiaries.

Taxable REIT Subsidiaries. A "taxable REIT subsidiary" is an entity that is taxable as a corporation in which we directly or indirectly own stock and that elects with us to be treated as a taxable REIT subsidiary under Section 856(l) of the Code. In addition, if one of our taxable REIT subsidiaries owns, directly or indirectly, securities representing 35% or more of the vote or value of a subsidiary corporation, that subsidiary will also be treated as a taxable REIT subsidiary of us. However, an entity will not qualify as a taxable REIT subsidiary if it directly or indirectly operates or manages a lodging or health care facility or, generally, provides to another person, under a franchise, license or otherwise, rights to any brand name under which any lodging facility or health care facility is operated. A taxable REIT subsidiary is subject to federal income tax, and state and local income tax where applicable, as a regular C corporation. If dividends are paid by one or more of our taxable REIT subsidiaries to us, then dividends from us to our stockholders, up to the amount of dividends we received from our taxable REIT subsidiaries, will generally be eligible to be subject to tax at reduced capital gains rates, rather than tax at ordinary income rates. See "Taxation of U.S. Holders of Our Common Stock, Preferred Stock and Depositary Shares Distributions to Stockholders Qualified Dividend Income."

Generally, a taxable REIT subsidiary can perform impermissible tenant services without causing us to receive impermissible tenant services income under the REIT income tests. However, several provisions regarding the arrangements between a REIT and its taxable REIT subsidiaries ensure that a taxable REIT subsidiary will be subject to an appropriate level of federal income taxation. For example, a taxable REIT subsidiary is limited in its ability to deduct interest payments made to us. In addition, we will be obligated to pay a 100% penalty tax on some payments that we receive or on certain expenses deducted by the taxable REIT subsidiary if the economic arrangements among us, our tenants and/or our taxable REIT subsidiaries are not comparable to similar arrangements among unrelated parties. Our taxable REIT subsidiaries include ERT Development Corporation and its corporate subsidiaries.

Income Tests. In order to maintain qualification as a REIT, we must satisfy two gross income requirements, which are applied on an annual basis. First, at least 75% of our gross income, excluding gross income from prohibited transactions, for each taxable year must be derived directly or indirectly from investments relating to real property or mortgages on real property or from some types of temporary investments. Investments relating to real property or mortgages on real property include "rents from real property," gains on the disposition of real estate, dividends paid by another REIT and interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property or on interests in real property. Second, at least 95% of our gross income, excluding gross income from prohibited transactions, for each taxable

year must be derived from sources that qualify for purposes of the 75% test, and from (1) dividends, (2) interest, (3) some payments under interest rate hedging instruments and (4) gain from the sale or disposition of stock, securities, or some hedging instruments.

Rents we receive will qualify as "rents from real property" in satisfying the gross income requirements for a REIT described above only if several conditions are met. These conditions relate to the identity of the tenant, the computation of the rent payable, and the nature of the property leased. First, the amount of rent must not be based in whole or in part on the income or profits of any person. However, an amount received or accrued generally will not be excluded from rents from real property solely by reason of being based on a fixed percentage of percentages of receipts or sales. Second, rents we receive from a "related party tenant" will not qualify as rents from real property in satisfying the gross income tests unless the tenant is a taxable REIT subsidiary, at least 90% of the property is leased to unrelated tenants and the rent paid by the taxable REIT subsidiary is substantially comparable to the rent paid by the unrelated tenants for comparable space. A tenant is a related party tenant if the REIT, or an actual or constructive owner of 10% or more of the REIT, actually or constructively owns 10% or more of the tenant. Third, if rent attributable to personal property, leased in connection with a lease of real property, is greater than 15% of the total rent received under the lease, then the portion of rent attributable to the personal property will not qualify as rents from real property.

Generally, for rents to qualify as "rents from real property" for purposes of the gross income tests, we are only allowed to provide services that are both "usually or customarily rendered" in connection with the rental of real property and not otherwise considered "rendered to the occupant." Income received from any other service will be treated as "impermissible tenant service income" unless the service is provided through an independent contractor that bears the expenses of providing the services and from whom we derive no revenue or through a taxable REIT subsidiary, subject to specified limitations. The amount of impermissible tenant service income we receive is deemed to be the greater of the amount actually received by us or 150% of our direct cost of providing the service. If the impermissible tenant service income with respect to a property exceeds 1% of our total income from that property, then all of the income from that property will fail to qualify as rents from real property. If the total amount of impermissible tenant service income from a property does not exceed 1% of our total income from that property, the income will not cause the rent paid by tenants of that property to fail to qualify as rents from real property, but the impermissible tenant service income itself will not qualify as rents from real property.

Unless we determine that the resulting nonqualifying income under any of the following situations, taken together with all other nonqualifying income earned by us in the taxable year, will not jeopardize our status as a REIT, we do not and do not intend to:

charge rent for any property that is based in whole or in part on the income or profits of any person, except by reason of being based on a fixed percentage or percentages of receipts or sales, as described above;

rent any property to a related party tenant, including a taxable REIT subsidiary;

derive rental income attributable to personal property other than personal property leased in connection with the lease of real property, the amount of which is less than 15% of the total rent received under the lease; or

directly perform services considered to be noncustomary or rendered to the occupant of the property.

We monitor the activities at our properties and believe that we have not provided services that will cause us to fail to meet the income tests. We intend to continue to monitor any services provided at, and the nonqualifying income arising from, each of our properties.

ERT Development Corporation, a taxable REIT subsidiary of ours, performs certain activities that cannot be performed by us, such as developing properties held by us in the ordinary course of business and earning fees relating to those activities that would not qualify as "good income" under the 75% and 95% tests. Our share of any dividends received from ERT Development Corporation, other taxable REIT subsidiaries, and from other corporations in which we own an interest will qualify for purposes of the 95% gross income test but not for purposes of the 75% gross income test. We do not anticipate that we will receive sufficient dividends from those entities to cause us to exceed the limit on nonqualifying income under the 75% gross income test.

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"Interest" generally will be nonqualifying income for purposes of the 75% or 95% gross income tests if it depends in whole or in part on the income or profits of any person. However, interest based on a fixed percentage or percentages of receipts or sales may still qualify under the gross income tests. We have received interest payments from ERT Development Corporation and other sources that will constitute qualifying income for purposes of the 95% gross income test but not the 75% gross income test. We do not anticipate that these amounts of interest will affect our ability to qualify under the 75% gross income test.

If we fail to satisfy one or both of the 75% or 95% gross income tests for any taxable year, we may nevertheless qualify as a REIT for that year if we are entitled to relief under the Code. These relief provisions generally will be available if our failure to meet the tests is due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect, we attach a schedule of the sources of our income to our federal income tax return and any incorrect information on the schedule is not due to fraud with intent to evade tax. It is not possible, however, to state whether in all circumstances we would be entitled to the benefit of these relief provisions. For example, if we fail to satisfy the gross income tests because nonqualifying income that we intentionally incur exceeds the limits on nonqualifying income, the IRS could conclude that the failure to satisfy the tests was not due to reasonable cause. If these relief provisions are inapplicable to a particular set of circumstances, we will fail to qualify as a REIT. Even if these relief provisions apply, a tax would be imposed based on the amount of nonqualifying income.

In addition to the 75% and 95% gross income tests, our predecessor companies had to meet a 30% gross income test for our taxable years that ended prior to January 1, 1998. The 30% gross income test required that short-term gain from the sale or other disposition of stock or securities, gain from prohibited transactions and gain on the sale or other disposition of real property held for less than four years, apart from involuntary conversions and sales of foreclosure property, represent less than 30% of a company's gross income, including gross income from prohibited transactions. We believe that our predecessor companies met the 30% gross income test for relevant years that ended prior to January 1, 1998. The 30% gross income test is not applicable for taxable years starting on or after January 1, 1998.

Prohibited Transactions Tax. Any gain realized by us on the sale of any property held as inventory or other property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business, including our share of this type of gain realized by any partnership or limited liability company that is treated as a partnership for income tax purposes, will be treated as income from a prohibited transaction that is subject to a 100% penalty tax. Under existing law, whether property is held as inventory or primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of a trade or business is a question of fact that depends on all the facts and circumstances of a particular transaction. However, we will not be treated as a dealer in real property for the purpose of the 100% tax if (i) we have held the property for at least four years for the production of rental income, (ii) capitalized expenditures on the property in the four years preceding sale are less than 30% of the net selling price of the property, and (iii) we either (a) have seven or fewer sales of property (excluding certain property obtained through foreclosure) for the year of sale or (b) the aggregate tax basis of property sold during the year of sale is 10% or less of the aggregate tax basis of all of our assets as of the beginning of the taxable year and substantially all of the marketing and development expenditures with respect to the property sold are made through an

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independent contractor from whom we derive no income. The sale of more than one property to one buyer as part of one transaction constitutes one sale.

We intend to hold our properties for investment with a view to long-term appreciation, to engage in the business of acquiring, developing, owning and operating properties, and to make sales of properties as are consistent with our investment objectives. However, not all of our sales will satisfy the "safe harbor" requirements described above. While we acquire and hold our properties with an investment objective and do not believe they constitute dealer property, we cannot provide any assurance that the IRS might not contend sales of our property are sales of dealer property and are subject to the 100% penalty tax.

In addition, we own parcels of land that are located adjacent to particular properties that are not necessarily required for use within the shopping center located at the property (referred to as "outparcels"). We may sell one or more of these outparcels from time to time. We believe that our infrequent sales of outparcels should not result in the outparcels being considered inventory or as held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of our trade or business, but there is a risk that the IRS could contend otherwise, in which event the profit from such sales allocable to us would be subject to the 100% tax. If we determine that the anticipated level of activity with respect to the outparcels would be sufficient to cause such sales to be subject to 100% tax, we will hold and sell such parcels through a taxable REIT subsidiary. The taxable REIT subsidiary would be subject to a corporate level tax on its taxable income attributable to land sales, thereby reducing the amount of cash available for distribution by us.

Asset Tests. At the close of each quarter of our taxable year, we must satisfy six tests relating to the nature of our assets.

1.

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At least 75% of the value of our total assets must be represented by "real estate assets," cash, cash items, and government securities. Our assets for purposes of these tests include our allocable share of all assets held by the entities in which we own an interest that are partnerships for income tax purposes, and the subsidiaries of these partnerships that are partnerships for income tax purposes, as well as stock or debt instruments held for less than one year purchased with the proceeds of an offering of shares or long term debt.

2. Not more than 25% of our total assets may be represented by securities, other than those in the 75% asset class.
3. Except for securities in taxable REIT subsidiaries, and the securities in the 75% asset class described in paragraph 1 above, the value of any one issuer's securities owned by us may not exceed 5% of the value of our total assets.
4. Except for securities in taxable REIT subsidiaries and the securities in the 75% asset class described in paragraph 1 above, we may not own more than 10% of any one issuer's outstanding voting securities.
5. Except for securities of taxable REIT subsidiaries and the securities in the 75% asset class described in paragraph 1 above, we may not own more than 10% of the total value of the outstanding securities of any one issuer, other than securities that qualify for the "straight debt" exception discussed below.
6. Not more than 20% of the value of our total assets may be represented by the securities of one or more taxable REIT subsidiaries.

Until July 1, 2001, we owned 100% of the non-voting preferred stock and none of the voting common stock of ERT Development Corporation. In addition, we owned notes issued by ERT Development Corporation. In July 2001, we acquired the voting common stock of ERT Development Corporation and, in 2002, all outstanding loans owed by ERT Development Corporation to the

Company were converted to equity. ERT Development Corporation has made an election to be treated as a taxable REIT subsidiary effective as of January 1, 2001. We believe that the securities of ERT Development Corporation comprised less than 5% of our total assets and that we owned less than 10% of the voting securities of ERT Development Corporation for all periods before January 1, 2001. For all periods prior to January 1, 2001, there can be no assurance, however, that the IRS might not contend (1) that the value of the securities of ERT Development Corporation held by us (excluding any loans secured by mortgages that qualify as "real estate assets") exceeded the 5% value limitation, (2) that the non-voting stock of ERT Development owned by us should be considered "voting stock" for purposes of the asset tests, or (3) that we otherwise should be considered to have owned more than 10% of the voting stock of ERT Development Corporation.

We believe that the aggregate value of our securities in ERT Development Corporation, together with all other assets that do not qualify for purposes of the 75% test, does not exceed 25% of the total value of our assets. We cannot ensure, however, that the IRS will not contend that our share of the aggregate value of these assets exceeds the 25% value limitation.

In addition, we believe that the value of the securities we hold of ERT Development Corporation, together with any securities that we hold of the other taxable REIT subsidiaries, does not exceed, in the aggregate, 20% of the total value of our assets. We cannot ensure, however, that the IRS will not contend that the aggregate value of such securities exceeds the 20% value limitation for taxable REIT subsidiaries.

Securities, for the purposes of the asset tests, may include debt we hold from other issuers. However, debt we hold in an issuer will not be taken into account for purposes of the 10% value test if the debt securities meet the straight debt safe harbor and either (i) the issuer is an individual, (ii) the only securities of the issuer that we hold are straight debt or (iii) if the issuer is a partnership, we hold at least a 20 percent profits interest in the partnership. Debt will meet the "straight debt" safe harbor if the debt is a written unconditional promise to pay on demand or on a specified date a sum certain in money, the debt is not convertible, directly or indirectly, into stock, and the interest rate and the interest payment dates of the debt are not contingent on the profits, the borrower's discretion or similar factors.

With respect to each issuer in which we currently own an interest that does not qualify as a REIT, a qualified REIT subsidiary or a taxable REIT subsidiary and is not an equity interest in an entity treated as a partnership for income tax purposes, we believe that our pro rata share of

the value of such securities, including unsecured debt, of any such issuer does not exceed 5% of the total value of our assets and that we comply with the 10% voting securities limitation and 10% value limitation (taking into account the "straight debt" exception with respect to certain issuers). With respect to our compliance with each of these asset tests, however, we cannot provide any assurance that the IRS might not disagree with our determinations.

After initially meeting the asset tests after the close of any quarter, we will not lose our status as a REIT if we fail to satisfy the asset tests at the end of a later quarter solely by reason of changes in the relative values of our assets. If the failure to satisfy the asset tests results from an increase in the value of our assets after the acquisition of securities or other property during a quarter, the failure can be cured by a disposition of sufficient non-qualifying assets within 30 days after the close of that quarter. We intend to maintain adequate records of the value of our assets to ensure compliance with the asset tests and to take any available action within 30 days after the close of any quarter as may be required to cure any noncompliance with the asset tests. We cannot ensure that these steps always will be successful. If we fail to cure the noncompliance with the asset tests within this 30-day period, we could fail to qualify as a REIT.

Annual Distribution Requirements. To qualify as a REIT, we generally must distribute dividends (other than capital gain dividends) to our stockholders in an amount at least equal to

1. the sum of (a) 90% of our REIT taxable income, computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction and our net capital gain, and (b) 90% of our net income after tax, if any, from foreclosure property, *minus*
2. the sum of certain items of noncash income.

Distributions must generally be made during the taxable year to which they relate. Distributions may be made in the following year in two circumstances. First, if we declare a dividend in October, November, or December of any year with a record date in one of these months and pay the dividend on or before January 31 of the following year, we will be treated as having paid the dividend on December 31 of the year in which the dividend was declared. Second, distributions may be made in the following year if the dividends are declared before we timely file our tax return for the year and if made before the first regular dividend payment made after such declaration. To the extent that we do not distribute all of our net capital gain or distribute at least 90%, but less than 100% of our REIT taxable income, as adjusted, we will be subject to tax on the undistributed amount at regular corporate tax rates.

Furthermore, we will incur a 4% nondeductible excise tax on the excess of the required distribution over the sum of the amounts actually distributed and amounts retained for which federal income tax was paid if we fail to distribute during a calendar year (or, in the case of distributions with declaration and record dates falling in the last three months of the calendar year, by the end of January following such calendar year) at least the sum of (1) 85% of our REIT ordinary income for such year, (2) 95% of our REIT capital gain net income for such year, and (3) any undistributed taxable income from prior periods.

We may elect to retain rather than distribute all or a portion of our net capital gains and pay the tax on the gains. In that case, we may elect to have our stockholders include their proportionate share of the undistributed net capital gains in income as long-term capital gains and receive a credit for their share of the tax paid by us. For purposes of the 4% excise tax described above, any retained amounts would be treated as having been distributed.

We believe that we have made, and intend to continue to make, timely distributions sufficient to satisfy the annual distribution requirements. It is possible, however, that we, from time to time, may not have sufficient cash or other liquid assets to meet these requirements. In that event, we may have to arrange for short-term, or possibly long-term, borrowings to permit the payments of required dividends.

Under some circumstances, we may be able to rectify a failure to meet the distribution requirement for a year by paying deficiency dividends to stockholders in a later year, which may be included in our deduction for dividends paid for the earlier year. Thus, we may be able to avoid being taxed on amounts distributed as deficiency dividends. However, we will be required to pay interest based upon the amount of any deduction taken for deficiency dividends.

Recordkeeping Requirements. We are required to comply with applicable recordkeeping requirements. Failure to comply could result in monetary fines.

Failure to Qualify. If we fail to qualify for taxation as a REIT in any taxable year and the relief provisions do not apply, we will be subject to tax, including any applicable alternative minimum tax, on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. Distributions to stockholders in any year in which we fail to qualify will not be required and, if made, will not be deductible by us. Unless we are entitled to relief under specific statutory provisions, we also will be disqualified from taxation as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost. We cannot state whether in all circumstances we would be entitled to this statutory relief.

Tax Aspects of Our Investments in Partnerships

General. We have an interest in one or more partnerships or limited liability companies that may involve special tax considerations. These tax considerations include the following:

1. the allocations of income and expense items of the subsidiary partnerships or limited liability companies, which could affect the computation of our taxable income;
2. the status of each subsidiary partnership and limited liability company as a partnership (as opposed to an association taxable as a corporation) for income tax purposes; and
3. the taking of actions by any of the subsidiary partnerships or limited liability companies that could adversely affect our qualification as a REIT.

We believe that each of the subsidiary partnerships and limited liability companies, other than our limited liability companies that have made an election to be treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes and have also made an election to be treated as a taxable REIT subsidiary of ours, will be treated for income tax purposes as partnerships (and not as associations taxable as corporations). If one or more of these subsidiary partnerships or limited liability companies were to be treated as a corporation, it would be subject to an entity level tax on its income. In such a situation, the character of our assets and items of gross income would change, which could preclude us from satisfying the asset tests and possibly the income tests, and in turn prevent us from qualifying as a REIT.

Ownership of Partnership Interests by a REIT. A REIT that is a partner in an entity treated as a partnership for income tax purposes will be deemed to own its proportionate share of the assets of the partnership and will be deemed to earn its proportionate