DOR BIOPHARMA INC Form 10QSB August 13, 2004

SEC SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

(X) QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2004

() TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO	SECTION 13 OR	15(d) OF THE	SECURITIES
EXCHANGE	E ACT OF 1934.		

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File No. 1-14778

DOR BIOPHARMA, INC.

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 41-1505029

(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification incorporation or organization) Number)

1691 Michigan Ave., Suite 435, Miami, FL 33139 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Issuer's telephone number, including area code (305) 534-3383

Check whether the issuer: (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No []

At August 1, 2004, 42,042,943 shares of the registrant's common stock (par value, \$.001 per share) were outstanding.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one):

Yes [] No [X]

PART I. - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DOR BioPharma, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

		June 30, 2004	 December 31, 2003
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,568,313	\$ 4,117,539
Receivable		-	20,954
Prepaid expenses		75,270	155,844
	_		
Total current assets		4,643,583	4,294,337
Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$152,757 and \$141,650, respectively Licenses and patent costs, net of accumulated		55,361	60,795
amortization of \$568,477		1 076 047	1 906 024
and \$384,333, respectively		1,876,947	1,896,934
Total assets	\$	6,575,891	\$ 6,252,066
Liabilities and stockholders equity Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	455,297	\$ 211,587
Accrued royalties		100,000	320,000
Accrued compensation and			
other expenses		101,140	116,638
Notes Payable		115,948	359,067
T-4-1		770 205	1 007 202
Total current liabilities		772,385	1,007,292

Stockholders equity:		
Series B convertible preferred stock, \$.05 par value. Authorized 200,000 shares; 126,488 issued and outstanding in 2003, at		
liquidation value	-	12,648,768
Common stock, \$.001 par value. Authorized 100,000,000 shares; 42,042,943 and 34,893,765 issued, 41,870,601 and		
34,721,423 outstanding	42,044	34,894
Additional paid-in capital	82,841,870	67,005,276
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(76,612,141)	(73,975,897)
	6,271,773	5,713,041
Less: Cost of 172,342 shares of common stock in treasury	(468,267)	(468,267)
Total stockholders equity	5,803,506	5,244,774
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 6,575,891	\$ 6,252,066

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

DOR BioPharma, Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Consolidated Statement of Operations
(unaudited)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2004 2003

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Grant revenue	\$	- \$	-
Expenses:			
Proprietary research and			
development	990,	013	748,767
General and administrative	498,	894	(177,221)
Total expenses	1,488,	907	571,546
Loss from operations	(1,488,	,907) 	(571,546)
Other income (expense):			
Interest income		132	3,325
Interest expense		901)	(1,096)
Other income		300	5,433
Total other income			
(expense)	15,	.531	7,662
Net loss	\$ (1,473,	376) \$	(563,884)
Preferred stock dividends		-	(233,596)
Net loss applicable to			
common stockholders	\$ (1,473,	376) \$	(797,480)
Basic and diluted net loss			
per share applicable to			
common stockholders	\$ ((0.04) \$	(0.03)
Basic and diluted weighted			
average common shares outstanding	41,870,	601	27,282,768
_	41,870,	601	27,282,768

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

DOR BioPharma, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Statement of Operations (unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2004 2003		Cumulative Period February 15, 1985 (inception) to June 30, 2004			
Grant revenue	\$	66,095	\$	-	\$	249,912
Expenses:						
Cost of revenue Proprietary research and		59,486		-		221,851
development		1,689,524		1,136,668		24,666,248
General and administrative		977,471		1,856,656		21,516,061
Write-off of acquired in-process research and development		-		_		10,181,000
Total expenses	_	2,726,481	_	2,993,324		56,585,160
Loss from operations	_	(2,660,386)		(2,993,324)		(56,335,248)
Other income (expense):						
Interest income		38,843		9,997		3,638,846
Interest expense		(15,173)		(4,108)		(437,394)
Other income		525		5,433		237,025
Equity in joint ventures	_		_			(22,179,091)
Total other income						
(expense)		24,195		11,322	((18,740,614)
Net loss		(2,636,191)		(2,982,002)		(75,075,862)

Preferred stock dividends	(503,195)	(464,624)	(7,763,826)
Net loss applicable to common stockholders	\$ (3,139,386)	\$ (3,446,626)	\$ (82,839,688)
Basic and diluted net loss per share applicable to common stockholders	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.13)	
Basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	39,100,797	27,176,773	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

DOR BioPharma, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2004 2003				Cumulative Period February 15, 1985 (inception) to June 30, 2004		
Operating activities:							
Net loss	\$	(2,636,191)	\$	(2,982,002)	\$	(75,075,862)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used in operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		203,150		164,340		2,337,894	
Gain on sale of marketable securities				-		(110,244)	
Non-cash stock compensation		104,528		1,010,414		2,228,082	
Equity in (earnings) losses of joint ventures		-		-		22,179,091	

Amortization of fair			2 207 546
value of warrants	-	(5.422)	3,307,546
Gain on sale of assets	225	(5,433)	21,747
Write-off patent issuance			400.065
Write off of acquired	-	-	499,065
Write-off of acquired research and			
development			10,181,000
Change in operating	-	-	10,161,000
assets and liabilities:			
Receivable from related			
party	20,954	_	_
Prepaid expenses	80,574	43,020	(75,270)
Accounts payable and	,	,	
accrued expenses	8,212	(129,633)	627,774
Accrued compensation	-	(96,760)	29,000
•			
Total adjustments	417,643	985,948	41,225,685
Net cash used by			
operating activities	(2,218,548)	(1,996,054)	(33,850,177)
Investing activities:			
G 1 1 11			
Cash received in			1 202 100
acquisition of CTD, net	(172 201)	- (202.224)	1,392,108
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs	(172,281)	(302,224)	1,392,108 (1,997,832)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint	(172,281)	(302,224)	(1,997,832)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures	- (172,281) -	(302,224)	·
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold	- (172,281) -	(302,224)	(1,997,832)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and	-	(302,224)	(1,997,832) (5,274,391)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment	(172,281) - (5,673)	(302,224)	(1,997,832)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and	-	- (302,224) - -	(1,997,832) (5,274,391)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets	-	- (302,224)	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities	-	- (302,224) - - -	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities Proceeds from sale of	-	- (302,224) - - -	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725) 108,197 (11,004,080)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities	-	- (302,224)	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725) 108,197
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities Proceeds from sale of	-	- (302,224)	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725) 108,197 (11,004,080)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	-	- (302,224)	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725) 108,197 (11,004,080)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities Proceeds from sale of marketable securities Net cash used by	- (5,673)	- - -	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725) 108,197 (11,004,080) 11,114,324
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	-	(302,224)	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725) 108,197 (11,004,080)
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities Proceeds from sale of marketable securities Net cash used by investing activities	- (5,673)	- - -	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725) 108,197 (11,004,080) 11,114,324
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities Proceeds from sale of marketable securities Net cash used by investing activities:	- (5,673)	- - -	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725) 108,197 (11,004,080) 11,114,324
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities Proceeds from sale of marketable securities Net cash used by investing activities: Net proceeds from	- (5,673)	- - -	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725) 108,197 (11,004,080) 11,114,324
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities Proceeds from sale of marketable securities Net cash used by investing activities: Net proceeds from issuance (costs incurred	- (5,673)	- - -	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725) 108,197 (11,004,080) 11,114,324
acquisition of CTD, net Patent issuance costs Investment in joint ventures Purchases of leasehold improvements and equipment Proceeds from assets sold Purchases of marketable securities Proceeds from sale of marketable securities Net cash used by investing activities: Net proceeds from	- (5,673)	- - -	(1,997,832) (5,274,391) (1,893,725) 108,197 (11,004,080) 11,114,324

Proceeds from exercise of options	61,972	140,494	666,281
Proceeds from borrowings under line of			
credit Repayment of amounts	-	-	1,150,913
due under line of credit, notes payable and capital			
lease obligations Repayment of note	(254,783)	(307,728)	(1,689,187)
payable issued in exchange for legal			
services Purchase and retirement	-	-	(71,968)
of common stock	-	-	(130,000)
Purchase of common stock for treasury			(468,267)
XX . 1			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	2,847,275	(281,860)	45,973,889
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	450,773	(2,580,138)	4,568,313
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	4,117,540	4,147,164	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 4,568,313	\$ 1,567,026	\$ 4,568,313
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow:			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 15,173	\$ 4,108	
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activites:		_	
Issuance of preferred stock dividends in kind	\$ 171,535	\$ 464,624	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

DOR BioPharma, Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)
Notes to Consolidated
Financial Statements

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of DOR BioPharma, Inc. ("we" or "us") were prepared under the rules and regulations for reporting on Form 10-QSB. Accordingly, we omitted some information and footnote disclosures normally accompanying the annual financial statements. You should read these interim financial statements and notes in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and their notes included in our annual report on Form 10-KSB, as amended, for the year ended December 31, 2003. In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements include all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results of operations, financial position and cash flows for the interim periods. All adjustments were of a normal recurring nature. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full fiscal year. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation, specifically; the severance expense that was presented as a separate line item in the statement of operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2003, are now reported as a component of general and administrative costs.

NET LOSS PER SHARE

Net loss per share is presented in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 128 for the current and prior periods. We had a net loss for all periods presented, which resulted in diluted and basic earnings per share being the same for all of those periods presented. The potential impact of warrants and stock options outstanding was not included in the calculation because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

We have stock-based employee compensation plans. SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," encourages, but does not require, companies to record compensation cost for stock-based employee compensation plans at fair value. We have chosen to continue using the intrinsic value method prescribed in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations, in accounting for our stock option plans.

We have potential common stock equivalents related to our outstanding stock options. These potential common stock equivalents were not included in diluted loss per share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive. Accordingly, basic and diluted loss per common share and the weighted average number of shares used in the computations are the same for each of the periods presented. There were options to purchase 8.4 million and 3.9 million shares of our common stock outstanding at June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Had compensation cost been determined based upon the fair value at the grant date for awards under the stock option plans based on the provisions of SFAS No. 123, our pro forma net loss and net loss per share would have been as follows for the six months ended June 30:

	2004	2003
Net loss applicable to common stockholders as reported	\$ (3,139,386)	\$ (3,446,626)

Stock-based compensation as reported		-		880,414
Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value				
based method		(1,028,554)	_	(460,714)
Pro forma net loss	\$	(4,167,940)	\$	(3,026,926)
Net loss per share:				
as reported, basic and diluted	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.13)
	_			
pro forma, basic and diluted	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.11)

The fair value of options in accordance with SFAS 123 was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the following weighted-average assumptions: dividend yield 0%, expected life of four years, volatility of 105% and 105% in 2004 and 2003, respectively, and average risk-free interest rates of 4.0% and 4.5% in 2004 and 2003, respectively.

In 2003, we granted options to employees and directors that were conditional upon stockholder approval of an amendment to our 1995 omnibus option plan, which occurred September 15, 2003. Accordingly, a measurement date did not exist until that approval occurred, and on a quarterly basis through the measurement date, we recorded expense or reversal of expense based on the difference between the exercise price and the current market price. This resulted in a charge of \$880,414 being recorded in the first six months of 2003.

LICENSES AND PATENT COSTS

Patent costs, principally legal fees, are capitalized and, upon issuance of the patent, are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the patent or the regulatory life. Licenses of technology with alternative future use are capitalized and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life or the regulatory life. Licenses of technology with no alternative future use are expensed as incurred. The useful lives of our licenses and patent costs at June 30, 2004 ranged from 11 to 16 years. The following is a summary of License and Patent assets:

	Weighted Average Amortization		Accumulated	
June 30, 2004	Period	Cost	Amortization	Net
	·			
Patents and Licenses	11.40 years \$	2,445,424	\$ 568,477	\$ 1,876,947

Weighted Average

	Amortization		Accumulated		
December 31, 2003	Period	Cost	Amortization	Net	
Patents and Licenses	11.85 years	\$ 2,281,267	\$ 384,333	\$ 1,896,934	

Aggregate amortization expense for the six months ended June 30, 2004 was \$184,143.

Estimated amortization for the years ending December 31:

2004	\$300,000
2005	135,000
2006	135,000
2007	135,000
2008	135,000

IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

Equipment, leasehold improvements, licenses and patent costs, and amortizable intangible assets are reviewed for impairment yearly and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If the sum of the expected undiscounted cash flows is less than the carrying value of the related asset or group of assets, a loss is recognized for the difference between the fair value and the carrying value of the related asset or group of assets. Such analyses necessarily involve the making of significant judgments.

STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

On June 17, 2004, we purchased certain shares from a minority holder in our Enteron subsidiary. In exchange for the holder's shares, we issued warrants for the purchase of 200,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.58 and \$11,141 in cash. In connection with this transaction the Company recorded a charge of approximately \$105,000 which is recorded as a General and Administrative expense.

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 9, 2004, we accepted the resignation of Ralph M. Ellison, M.D. as President, Chief Executive Officer, and a Director. Dr. Ellison was appointed CEO in March 2003 and resigned for personal reasons. The company anticipates a payments of approximately \$200,000 in severence costs over the next two quarters, and will take a charge for the entire amount in the third quarter for these severence costs.

ITEM 2 MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis provides information to explain our results of operations and financial condition. You should also read our unaudited consolidated interim financial statements and their notes included in this Form 10-QSB, and the our audited consolidated financial statements and their notes and other information included in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, as amended, for the year ended December 31, 2003. This report

contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which are subject to the safe-harbor created by that Section. Forward-looking statements within this Form 10-QSB are identified by words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "may," "will" "plans" and other similar expression;, however, these words are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. In addition, any statements that refer to expectations, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to significant risks, uncertainties and other factors, including those identified in Exhibit 99.1 "Risk Factors" filed with this Form 10-QSB, which may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. Except aw expressly required by the federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events, or circumstances *or developments* occurring subsequent to the filing of this Form 10-QSB with the SEC or for any other reason and you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. You should carefully review and consider the various disclosures the Company makes in this report and our other reports filed with the SEC that attempt to advise interested parties of the risks, uncertainties and other factors that may affect our business.

Overview:

We are a biopharmaceutical company focused on the development of biodefense vaccines and oral therapeutic products intended for areas of unmet medical need.

Through our Biodefense Division, we are working to develop biomedical countermeasure vaccines for ricin toxin and botulinum toxin, both of which are considered bioterrorism threats by the Centers for Disease Control (CDC). With the recent passage of Project Bioshield Act 2004, which is legislation that offers incentives for companies to develop countermeasures to the CDC-identified bioterror threats including the creation of a Strategic National Stockpile, we hope to provide the U.S. Government with qualified vaccines for procurement and inclusion in the Strategic National Stockpile.

Through our Biotherapeutics Division, we are developing oral therapeutic products to treat unmet medical needs. Our lead product, orBec® (oral beclomethasone dipropionate), has recently completed enrollment in a multicenter, pivotal phase III clinical trial for the treatment of acute intestinal graft-vs-host disease, a form of serious and life-threatening gastrointestinal inflammation. Data from the pivotal clinical trial are expected in the fourth quarter of 2004. If the data are statistically and clinically significant, we plan to file a New Drug Application (NDA) with the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in the first quarter of 2005. OrBec® is a highly potent, topically-active glucocorticoid. The indication has previously been designated fast track status and received Orphan Drug Designation by the FDA.

Plan of Operation:

Our business strategy is to (1) enhance the value of in-licensed technologies through research and development, specifically preclinical and clinical testing towards regulatory approval; (2) solicit and apply for support for our biodefense vaccine development programs in the form of government grants; (3) identify and acquire rights to new therapeutic compounds; (4) market biodefense vaccine products directly to the U.S. and European military and governmental agencies and; (5) sell or out-license therapeutic products that have reached an advanced state of development or no longer meet our strategic criteria.

orBec® (Oral Beclomethasone dipropionate)

As announced on July 14, 2004, we have completed enrollment in our Phase III pivotal clinical trial for our lead product orBec®, and the treatment phase will conclude in September 2004. We expect to release data from this trial in the fourth quarter of 2004. If the data from this trial are statistically and clinically significant, we plan to file an NDA with the FDA in the first quarter of 2005. Since our program involves a single pivotal trial, the filing of an NDA will be dependent upon the results of this Phase III trial. OrBec® is being developed to treat post-allogeneic bone marrow

transplant-related Graft-versus-Host Disease with gastrointestinal involvement.

RiVax (Ricin Toxin Vaccine)

With respect to our ricin vaccine program, work to date has been funded by us through a sponsored research agreement with the University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center (UT Southwestern), as well as a \$2.6 million National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID) grant previously awarded to UT Southwestern. It is our intent to fund further development of the vaccine through government research grants and/or a strategic partnership with a commercial partner; however, in the event that neither of these funding strategies is available, we will consider other options, including additional funding from us. Currently the vaccine is being developed for intramuscular delivery; there is however a parallel development program, which was funded through a Phase I Small Business Innovations Research grant (SBIR), in which oral and nasal administration of the vaccine candidate is being explored. Our academic development partners, UT Southwestern, intend to initiate a Phase I clinical trial for the injected vaccine in healthy human volunteers this year. The ultimate goal of the RiVax program is to develop a qualified countermeasure for ricin toxin, and to solicit a procurement contract from the U.S. Government for addition of the vaccine to the Strategic National Stockpile pursuant to the new legislation Project Bioshield Act 2004.

BT-VACC (Botulinum Toxin Vaccine)

Our botulinum vaccine program is focused on the development of an orally- or nasally-delivered, multivalent vaccine to potentially prevent botulism. We have previously demonstrated that our vaccine candidate for botulinum neurotoxin serotype A has shown efficacy in animals after nasal inoculation. Oral administration of the same antigen has shown promising results. We are continuing to evaluate both the oral and nasal route of delivery of this antigen, and our intent is to file an Investigational New Drug application for the purposes of conducting a Phase I clinical trial in healthy volunteers. In order to advance the development of a potential oral or nasal multivalent botulinum vaccine, we recently entered into a collaboration with the U.S. Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases (USAMRIID). Under this agreement, USAMRIID will provide Dr. Lance Simpson of Thomas Jefferson University (TJU) with previously manufactured antigens for testing oral and nasal administration in animals. The collaboration with USAMRIID and TJU may expedite the development of an alternate route of delivery for the vaccine, potentially truncating the time to clinical testing. We are pursuing the funding of future work through federal grants, and we are continuing to discuss partnerships for the purpose of selecting a manufacturer. The ultimate goal of our BT-VACC program is to develop a preventative countermeasure for the biothreat botulinum toxin, and to solicit a procurement contract from the U.S. Government for addition of the vaccine to the Strategic National Stockpile.

Critical Accounting Policies:

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate these estimates and judgments. Currently, the most significant estimate or judgment that we make is whether to capitalize or expense patent and license costs. We make this judgment based on whether the technology has alternative future uses, as defined in SFAS 2, "Accounting for Research and Development Costs." Based on this consideration, we have capitalized all outside legal and filing costs incurred in the procurement and defense of patents, as well as amounts paid in licensing additional methods of vaccine delivery through the Southern Research Institute patents, and amounts paid to University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center giving us the option to license certain patents related to a vaccine protecting against ricin toxin. These intangible assets are reviewed for impairment annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If the sum of the expected undiscounted cash flows is less than the carrying value of the related asset or group of assets, a loss is recognized for the difference between the fair value and the carrying value of the related asset or group of assets.

Results of Operations:

We are a development stage company and to date have not generated any revenues from operating activities.

For the three months ended June 30 2004, we had a net loss of \$1,473,376, which represented an increase in net loss of \$909,492, or 161%, as compared to a net loss of \$563,884 for the same period in 2003. After giving effect to dividends on preferred stock, which were paid-in-kind in the form of additional shares of preferred stock, net loss available to common stockholders increased \$675,896, or 85%, to \$1,473,376, or \$0.04 per share, for the three months ended June 30, 2004, compared to \$797,480, or \$0.03 per share, for the same period of the prior year. For the six months ended June 30, 2004, we had a net loss of \$2,636,191, which represented a decrease in net loss of \$345,811, or 12%, as compared to a net loss of \$2,982,002 for the same period in 2003. After giving effect to dividends on preferred stock, which were paid-in-kind in the form of additional shares of preferred stock, net loss available to common stockholders decreased \$307,240, or 9%, to \$3,139,386, or \$0.08 per share, for the three months ended June 30, 2004, compared to \$3,446,626, or \$0.13 per share, for the same period of the prior year.

Research and development expenses increased \$241,246, or 32%, to \$990,013, for the three months ended June 30, 2004, compared to \$748,767 for the corresponding period ended June 30, 2003. Research and development expenses increased \$552,856, or 48%, to a \$1,689,524, for the six months ended June 30, 2004, compared to \$1,136,668 for the corresponding period ended June 30, 2003. The second quarter of 2004 increase resulted from payments due to study sites as we completed enrollment in our phase III clinical trial, as well as a toxicology study for safety in ricin. The year to date increase includes the addition of our ricin and botulinum programs.

General and administrative expenses increased \$676,115, to \$498,894 for the three months ended June 30, 2004, as compared to a credit of \$177,221 for the three months ended June 30, 2003. General and administrative expenses decreased \$879,185, to \$977,471, or 47%, for the six months ended June 30, 2004, as compared to \$1,856,656 for the six months ended June 30, 2003. The increase in the second quarter of 2004 was due to \$104,528 non-cash charge for the purchase of shares in a subsidiary from one of its minority stockholders, as well as a stock compensation credit of \$599,165 for the three months ended June 30, 2003. This expense resulted from non-cash charges associated with options granted to employees, directors, and consultants that did not have a measurement date until approval by stockholders at our 2003 annual meeting of stockholders. The year to date decrease resulted primarily from a 2003 stock compensation expense of \$880,414.

Interest income for the three months ending June 30, 2004 was \$22,132, an increase of \$18,807, or 566%, as compared to \$3,325 for the same period in 2003. Interest income for the six months ending June 30, 2004 was \$38,843, an increase of \$28,846, or 289%, as compared to \$9,997 for the same period in 2003. Both of these increases were due to higher cash balances in 2004, as well as an increased interest rate on investment instruments.

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY:

On June 30, 2004, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$4,568,313, compared to \$4,117,539 at December 31, 2003. Our working capital was \$3,871,198 at June 30, 2004, compared to \$3,287,045 at December 31, 2003.

For the first six months of 2004, our cash outflows decreased by \$69,347, or 3%, to \$2,651,285 compared to \$2,720,632 for the same period in 2003. The overall decrease resulted primarily from an decrease in our patent issuance costs of \$129,943, partially offset by an increase in prepaid expenses of \$37,554.

On March 12, 2004, we completed a private placement of 4,113,924 shares of common stock at \$0.79 per share for total net proceeds of \$3,040,086. In addition, each investor received a warrant to purchase 0.25 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.87 per share along with each share of common stock purchased in the placement. We also paid a commission to our placement agent of \$162,500 in cash and warrants to purchase 257,120 shares of

common stock at an exercise price of \$0.87 per share.

Based on our current rate of cash outflows, we believe that our cash of \$4,568,313 at June 30, 2004 will not be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for working capital and capital expenditures for the next 12 months. We anticipate that we will seek additional capital in the private and/or public equity markets, strategic partnerships, or other alternative financing sources to support our operations, to respond to competitive pressures, and to support new strategic partnership expenditures. If we receive additional funds through the issuance of equity or equity-linked securities, stockholders may experience significant dilution and these equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of our common stock. The terms of any debt financing may contain restrictive covenants which limit our ability to pursue certain courses of action. Further, we may not be able to obtain additional financing when needed, or to do so on acceptable terms. If we are unable to obtain additional financing when needed, or to do so on acceptable terms, we may be unable to develop our products, take advantage of business opportunities, respond to competitive pressures or continue our operations.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Our Chief Executive Officer and Controller (our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, respectively) concluded, based on an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures performed by our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Controller, that as of June 30, 2004 our disclosure controls, and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

Any control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable (not absolute) assurance that its objectives will be met. Furthermore, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected.

There was not any change in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30,2004 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Changes in Securities and Small Business Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

On June 17, 2004 we purchased the certain shares from a minority holder in our Enteron subsidiary. In exchange for the holder's shares, we issued warrants for the purchase of 200,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.58 and \$11,141 in cash. In connection with this transaction the Company recorded a charge of approximately \$105,000 which is recorded as a General and Administrative expense.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

An annual meeting of stockholders was held on June 11, 2003.

Our stockholders voted as follows with respect to a proposal to elect eight directors to serve until the next annual meeting of stockholders or until their successors are duly elected and qualified:

		AUTHORITY
DIRECTORS	FOR	WITHHELD
Alexander M.		
Haig Jr.	25,763,890	558,965
Steve H. Kanzer	25,791,041	532,814
Ralph M. Ellison	25,766,127	556,728
Larry Kessel	25,791,041	532,814
Arthur Asher		
Kornbluth	25,791,041	532,814
Evan		
Myrianthopoulos	25,791,027	532,828
Peter Salomon	25,791,034	532,821
James Kuo	25,791,041	532,814
Stuart Sedlack	21,791,025	532,830

The Company's stockholders voted as follows with respect to a proposal to ratify the appointment of Sweeney, Gates & Co. as our independent auditors for the year ending December 31, 2004.

FOR AGAINST ABSTENTIONS BROKER NON-VOTES

26,046,933 231,846 44,076 n/a

Item 6 - Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act

- 31.1 rule 13(a)-14(a) (under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
 - Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Exchange Act
- 31.2 rule 13(a)-14(a) (under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002).
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99.1 Risk Factors

(b) Reports on Form 8-K:

We did not file any reports on Form 8-K during the three months ended June 30, 2004.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DOR BioPharma, Inc

AugustBy: /s/ Geoff 13, Green 2004

> President and Acting Chief Executive Officer

> > 17

AugustBy: /s/ William 13, Milling 2004

> Controller (principal financial and accounting officer)