

CORNING INC /NY  
Form 11-K  
June 12, 2009

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

FORM 11-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For fiscal year ended December 31, 2008

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File number 1-3247

A. Full title of the plan and the address of the plan, if different from that of the issuer named below:

THE CORNING INCORPORATED  
INVESTMENT PLAN FOR UNIONIZED EMPLOYEES

B. Name of issuer of the securities held pursuant to the plan and the address of its principal executive office:

CORNING INCORPORATED  
ONE RIVERFRONT PLAZA  
CORNING, NY 14831



Documents filed as part of this report:

- (a) Index to financial statements filed as part of this report:

The Statements of Net Assets Available for Benefits as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits for the year ended December 31, 2008 and supplementary information, together with the report thereon of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm dated June 12, 2009. The required financial statement schedules, if any, are included in the supplementary information referred to above and should be read in conjunction with the above financial statements.

- (b) Exhibit:

Exhibit 23 The consent of Insero & Company CPAs, P.C.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Corning Incorporated Benefits Committee has duly caused this annual report to be signed by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THE CORNING INCORPORATED  
INVESTMENT PLAN FOR  
UNIONIZED EMPLOYEES

Date: June 12, 2009

By /s/

DEBORAH G. LAUPER  
Deborah G. Lauper  
Chair  
Corning Incorporated Benefits Committee

**Corning Incorporated**  
**Investment Plan for**  
**Unionized Employees**

**Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedule**

**December 31, 2008 and 2007**

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**Corning Incorporated Investment**

**Plan for Unionized Employees**

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**December 31, 2008 and 2007**

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\* Other schedules required by Section 2520.103-10 of the United States Department of Labor's Rules and Regulations for Reporting and Disclosure under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 have been omitted because they are not applicable.

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To the Corning Incorporated Benefits Committee and

the Participants of the Corning Incorporated Investment Plan for Unionized Employees

We have audited the accompanying statements of net assets available for benefits of the Corning Incorporated Investment Plan for Unionized Employees (the Plan ) as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related statement of changes in net assets available for benefits for the year ended December 31, 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Plan s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the auditing standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net assets available for benefits of Corning Incorporated Investment Plan for Unionized Employees as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the changes in net assets available for benefits for the year ended December 31, 2008, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental schedule of assets (held at end of year) as of December 31, 2008, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the United States Department of Labor s Rules and Regulations for Reporting and Disclosure under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. This supplemental schedule is the responsibility of the Plan s management. The supplemental schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Respectfully Submitted,

Insero & Company CPAs, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Rochester, New York

June 12, 2009





**Corning Incorporated Investment****Plan for Unionized Employees****Statements of Net Assets Available for Benefits****December 31, 2008 and 2007***(in thousands of dollars)*

	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Interest in Corning Incorporated Master Investment Trust at fair value	\$ 219,777	\$ 351,724
Loans to participants	7,150	7,269
Net assets available for benefits at fair value	226,927	358,993
Adjustment from fair value to contract value for interest in Corning Incorporated Master Investment Trust relating to fully benefit-responsive investment contracts	5,991	(356)
Net assets available for benefits	\$ 232,918	\$ 358,637

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



**Corning Incorporated Investment****Plan for Unionized Employees****Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits****Year Ended December 31, 2008***(in thousands of dollars)***Additions to net assets attributed to:**

Investment income	
Interest from participant loans	\$ 524
Contributions	
Employer, net of forfeitures	5,106
Participant	11,272
	16,378
Total additions	16,902
<b>Deductions from net assets attributed to:</b>	
Loss on interest in the Corning Incorporated Master Investment Trust	113,051
Benefits paid directly to participants	29,452
Administrative expenses	118
Total deductions	142,621
Net decrease	(125,719)
<b>Net assets available for benefits</b>	
Beginning of year	358,637
End of year	\$ 232,918

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



## Corning Incorporated Investment

### Plan for Unionized Employees

#### Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### 1. Description of Plan

##### General

The following brief description of the Corning Incorporated Investment Plan for Unionized Employees (the Plan) is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the Plan document and summary plan description for a more complete description of the Plan's provisions.

The Plan is a defined contribution profit-sharing plan established in January 1984 and is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), as amended.

##### Administration

The Plan is administered by the Corning Incorporated Benefits Committee (the Committee), which is appointed by the Board of Directors of Corning Incorporated (the Company). The Committee administers the Plan in accordance with its terms and applicable laws and has all necessary and appropriate powers to carry out the provisions of the Plan.

##### Trustee and Recordkeeper

The Plan's assets are held by JPMorgan Chase Bank, as trustee (the Trustee). The recordkeeper is Affiliated Computer Services, Inc.

##### Eligibility

The Plan covers all union represented employees of participating unions which contract with the Company. An employee is eligible for participation in the Plan upon reaching the age of 18 and completing one year of eligible service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an employee who has attained age 18 and is scheduled on a normal basis to work at least 16 hours a week shall be immediately eligible. As of December 31, 2008, the union employees at the following locations participated in the Plan:

Blacksburg, Virginia

Canton, New York

Corning Valley, New York

Danville, Virginia

Erwin, New York

Harrodsburg, Kentucky

Oneonta, New York

Wilmington, North Carolina



## Corning Incorporated Investment

### Plan for Unionized Employees

#### Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### Participant Accounts

Each participant's account is credited with the participant's contribution and allocations of (a) the Company's contribution and (b) Plan earnings, and charged for withdrawals and administrative expenses. Trustee and investment management fees are deducted from the earnings credited to participants' accounts. A flat monthly fee is charged to each participant's account to subsidize administrative expenses of the Plan and is determined by the plan administrator. Investment management fees are pro-rated among the investment funds as of the last business day of each month. The benefit to which a participant is entitled is the benefit that can be provided from the participant's vested balance.

#### Vesting

Participants are vested immediately in their contributions plus actual earnings thereon. Company contributions to the Plan are fully vested after three years of service. All Company contributions become fully vested upon total and permanent disability, death or retirement.

#### Contributions Employer

The Company makes matching contributions as a percentage of a participant's first 5% of eligible pay contributed according to years of service as of December 31 of the prior year as follows:

Less than 19 years of service	50%
19 but less than 24 years of service	75%
24 or more years of service	100%

With respect to all employees eligible to participate in the Plan, beginning in January of the year the participant is expected to reach ten years of vested service and irrespective of whether such employee has elected to contribute to the Plan, the Company contributes weekly or monthly (based on employee's pay frequency) a supplemental contribution to the Plan equal to 1.175% of such employee's eligible compensation.

Forfeiture balances of terminated participants' nonvested accounts are used to reduce future employer contributions to the Plan.

#### Contributions Participants

Generally, participants may contribute up to 75% of their eligible compensation to the Plan on a before-tax basis, after-tax basis or any combination of the two.

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The maximum amount a participant could contribute to the Plan on a before-tax basis in 2008 was \$15,500. The Plan permits employees who have attained age 50 or older during a given year to contribute additional before-tax amounts up to the prescribed Internal Revenue Code ( IRC ) limitation for catch-up contributions.

Participants may elect to have their contributions invested in any of the thirteen Plan investment options listed below.

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## **Corning Incorporated Investment**

### **Plan for Unionized Employees**

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **December 31, 2008 and 2007**

Stable Value Fund

Vanguard Total Bond Market Index Fund

Vanguard Inflation-Protected Securities Fund

Vanguard Balanced Index Fund

Vanguard Value Index Fund

Vanguard Institutional Index Fund

Fidelity Contrafund

T. Rowe Price Institutional Large-Cap Growth Fund

Vanguard Small-Cap Index Fund

Vanguard Mid-Cap Index Fund

Vanguard Explorer Fund

Fidelity Diversified International Fund

Corning Common Stock Fund

Contributions into the Corning Common Stock Fund are limited to 20% of a participant's contributions. Participants are allowed to transfer their accumulated contributions between Plan investment funds.

#### **Administrative Expenses**

Plan expenses can be paid by the Plan or the Company.

#### **Payment of Benefits**

Benefit payments are made upon retirement (i.e., at least age 55 with five years of service), or in the event of a participant's total and permanent disability, death or other termination of employment. A retired participant can elect to receive distributions in a lump sum, installments, or intermittent withdrawals. The Plan also provides for withdrawals by participants prior to termination.

**Participant Loans**

Participants are eligible to obtain loans from the Plan. Loans are limited to one loan per participant with a repayment term not to exceed 4.5 years, except for primary residence loans in which the term may not exceed ten years. The maximum amount of any loan is the lesser of one-half of the vested account balance or \$50,000 (with a \$1,000 minimum). The interest rate on a loan is established by the Committee. Participants are charged a fee on all loans, which reduces the loan proceeds.

**2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Basis of Accounting**

The accompanying financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of net assets available for benefits and changes therein. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making estimates, actual results reported in future periods could differ from those estimates.

## **Corning Incorporated Investment**

### **Plan for Unionized Employees**

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2008 and 2007**

#### **Basis of Allocation from the Corning Incorporated Master Investment Trust**

The Plan has a specific interest in the Corning Incorporated Master Investment Trust (the Master Trust ) in which another plan sponsored by the Company also participates. The Plan's specific interest in the Master Trust is credited or charged for contributions, transfers and benefit payments relating to its participants. Realized gains and losses and changes in net unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments, income from investments and expenses are allocated to the Plan based on the Plan's specific interest in the net assets of the Master Trust. At December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Plan's percentage interest in the net assets of the Master Trust were approximately 15% and 16%, respectively.

#### **Valuation of Master Trust Investments**

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability at the measurement date. See note 5 for further discussion of fair value measurements.

Interest is accrued by the Master Trust as earned, and dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Investment contracts held by a defined-contribution plan are required to be reported at fair value. However, contract value is prescribed as the relevant measurement attribute for that portion of the net assets available for benefits of a defined-contribution plan attributable to fully benefit-responsive investment contracts because contract value is the amount participants would receive if they were to initiate permitted transactions under the terms of the Plan. The Plan invests in investment contracts through the Master Trust. The Statements of Net Assets Available for Benefits presents the fair value of the investment in the Master Trust as well as the adjustment of the investment in the Master Trust from fair value to contract value relating to investment contracts. The Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits is prepared on a contract value basis.

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded by the Master Trust on a trade-date basis. Realized gains and losses for security transactions are reported using the average cost method. Unrealized gains and losses represent the difference between the cost and fair value of securities. Net depreciation includes unrealized and realized gains and losses on investments bought and sold as well as held during the year.

#### **Payment of Benefits**

Benefits are recorded when paid.

#### **Risks and Uncertainties**

The Plan's investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as changes in interest rates, credit risks and market returns. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of these investments, it is at least reasonably

possible that changes in valuations in the near term would materially affect participants' account balances and the amounts of such investments reported in the Plan's financial statements.

## Corning Incorporated Investment

### Plan for Unionized Employees

#### Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2008 and 2007

#### 3. Investment Contracts (in thousands)

As part of the Stable Value Fund, the Plan invests, through the Master Trust, in fully benefit-responsive investment contracts. The Stable Value Fund contains both traditional Guaranteed Insurance Contracts ( GIC s) and synthetic GICs. Traditional GICs and synthetic GICs are intended to deliver a positive rate of return to the Stable Value Fund. Traditional GICs achieve this by a contracted fixed return. The synthetic GICs seek to achieve this over time through the crediting rate process described below.

The Plan has fully benefit-responsive investment contracts held by the Master Trust. Dwight Asset Management Company ( Dwight ) maintains the contributions to the Stable Asset Fund in a general account of the Master Trust. The Dwight account within the Master Trust is credited with earnings on the underlying investments and charged for participant withdrawals and administrative expenses. GIC issuers are contractually obligated to repay the principal and a specified interest rate that is guaranteed to the Plan. There are no reserves against contract value for credit risk of the contract issuer or otherwise.

The synthetic GICs are constructed from underlying high-quality, intermediate term fixed income securities owned by the Plan which are paired with a wrap contract purchased from a financial institution. A synthetic GIC credits an interest rate based on a defined reset formula for a specified period of time. Investment gains and losses are amortized over the expected duration through the calculation of the interest rate applicable to the Plan on a prospective basis. Synthetic GICs provide for a variable crediting rate, which typically resets at least quarterly, and the issuer of the wrap contract provides assurance that future adjustments to the crediting rate can not result in a crediting rate less than zero. The crediting rate is primarily based on the current yield-to-maturity of the covered investments, plus or minus amortization of the difference between the market value and contract value of the covered investments over the duration of the covered investments at the time of computation. The crediting rate is most impacted by the change in the annual effective yield to maturity of the underlying securities, but is also affected by the differential between the contract value and the market value of the covered investments. This difference is amortized over the duration of the covered investments. Depending on the change in duration from reset period to reset period, the magnitude of the impact to the crediting rate of the contract to market difference is heightened or lessened.

## Corning Incorporated Investment

### Plan for Unionized Employees

#### Notes to Financial Statements

##### December 31, 2008 and 2007

Both traditional GICs and synthetic GICs are carried at fair value on the Statements of Net Assets Available for Benefits and at contract value on the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Benefits. Certain events limit the ability of the Plan to transact at contract value with the insurance companies and financial institution issuers of a traditional or synthetic GIC. Such events include the following: (i) amendments to the plan documents (including complete or partial plan termination or merger with another plan) (ii) changes to the Plan's prohibition on competing investment options or deletion of equity wash provisions (iii) bankruptcy of the plan sponsor or other plan sponsor events (e.g. divestitures or spin-offs of a subsidiary) which cause a significant withdrawal from the Plan or (iv) the failure of the trust to qualify for exemption from federal income taxes or any required prohibited transaction exemption under ERISA. The plan administrator does not believe that the occurrence of an event that would limit the Plan's ability to transact at contract value with participants is probable.

The traditional and synthetic GICs do not permit the insurance companies to terminate the agreements prior to the scheduled maturity date. However, the synthetic GICs generally impose conditions on both the Plan and the issuer. If an event of default under a synthetic GIC occurs and is not cured, the non-defaulting party may terminate the contract. The following may cause the Plan to be in default: a breach of material obligation under the contract; a material misrepresentation; or a material amendment to the Plan agreement. The synthetic GIC issuer may be in default if it breaches a material obligation under the investment contract; makes a material misrepresentation; has a decline in its long term credit rating below a threshold set forth in the contract; is acquired or reorganized and the successor issuer does not satisfy the investment or credit guidelines applicable to issuers.

If, in the event of default of an issuer, the Plan were unable to obtain a replacement investment contract, withdrawing plans may experience losses if the value of the Plan's assets no longer covered by the contract is below contract value. The Plan may seek to add additional issuers over time to diversify the Plan's exposure to such risk, but there is no assurance that the Plan will be able to do so. The combination of the default of an issuer and an inability to obtain a replacement agreement could render the Plan unable to achieve its objective of maintaining a stable contract value.

The terms of a GIC generally provide for settlement of payments only upon termination of the contract or total liquidation of the covered investments. Generally, payments will be made pro-rata, based on the percentage of investments covered by each issuer. Contract termination occurs whenever the contract value or market value of the covered investments reaches zero or upon certain events of default. If the contract terminates due to issuer default (other than a default occurring because of a decline in its rating), the issuer will generally be required to pay to the Plan the excess, if any, of contract value over market value on the date of termination. If a synthetic GIC terminates due to a decline in the ratings of the issuer, the issuer may be required to pay to the Plan the cost of acquiring a replacement contract (i.e. replacement cost) within the meaning of the contract. If the contract terminates when the market value equals zero, the issuer will pay the excess of contract value over market value to the Plan to the extent necessary for the Plan to satisfy outstanding contract value withdrawal requests. Contract termination also may occur by either party upon election and notice.

**Corning Incorporated Investment****Plan for Unionized Employees****Notes to Financial Statements****December 31, 2008 and 2007**

The traditional GICs and synthetic GICs are fully benefit-responsive, meaning that regardless of the participants contributions or withdrawals from the contracts, the insurance carriers are still obligated to guarantee contract value to the Plan participants, contract value is the relevant measurement attribute for that portion of the net assets available for benefits attributable to the GICs and synthetic GICs. Contract value represents contributions made under the contract, plus earnings, less participant withdrawals and administrative expenses. Participants may direct the withdrawal or transfer of all or a portion of their investment at contract value.

The fair value of the GICs and synthetic GICs amounted to approximately \$495,076 and \$513,091 as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and have been included with the fixed income funds in the Master Trust. Contract value for the investment contracts amounted to approximately \$531,555 and \$510,083 as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
Average yields for GICs and Synthetic GICs		
Based on actual earnings	5.6%	5.3%
Based on interest rate credited to participants	4.1%	5.0%

**4. Investments (in thousands)**

The following presents the Master Trust's investments, at fair value, at December 31:

	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
Fixed Income Funds	\$ 495,076	\$ 513,091
Mutual Funds	613,997	966,275
Collective Trust Fund	35,676	29,948
Short-Term Investment Funds	72,743	14,278
Corning Common Stock	247,287	675,013
Non Interest Bearing Cash	155	
Receivable for Securities Sold	266	
Accrued Investment Manager Fees	(23)	(333)
	<b>\$ 1,465,177</b>	<b>\$ 2,198,272</b>





**Corning Incorporated Investment**

**Plan for Unionized Employees**

**Notes to Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2008 and 2007**

The only investment that represents 5% or more of net assets available for benefits as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 was the Plan's interest in the Master Trust.

During 2008, the Master Trust's investments (including gains and losses on investments bought and sold, as well as held during the year) depreciated in value, as follows:

Mutual Funds	\$ (353,562)
Corning Common Stock	(378,300)
	\$ (731,862)

During 2008, the Master Trust's investments earned interest and dividends in the amount of \$49,188. For 2008, investment expenses totaled \$789.

At December 31, 2008, forfeited nonvested accounts totaled \$731, which are included in the Master Trust.

**5. Fair Value Measurements**

On January 1, 2008, the Plan adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS 157). SFAS 157 defines the fair value as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required to be recorded at fair value, the Plan considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, such as inherent risk, transfer restrictions, and risk of nonperformance.

SFAS 157 also establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under SFAS 157 are described below:

- Level 1      Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.
  
- Level 2      Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;

Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;

Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;

Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

**Corning Incorporated Investment**

**Plan for Unionized Employees**

**Notes to Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2008 and 2007**

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2008 and 2007.

*Common stock and mutual funds:* Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

*Collective trust funds and short-term investment funds:* Valued at the net asset value ( NAV ) of shares held by the plan at year end.

*Fixed income funds:* These funds include both money market funds and guaranteed investment contracts. Money market funds are valued at the NAV of shares held by the plan at year end. Guaranteed investment contracts are valued at fair value by discounting the related cash flows based on current yields of similar instruments with comparable durations considering the credit-worthiness of the issuer (See Note 3).

*Participant loans:* Valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

While the Plan believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Plan's assets at fair value as of December 31, 2008 (in thousands):

Assets within the Master Trust:	Assets at Fair Value as of December 31, 2008			Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	

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Fixed Income Funds	\$	\$ 461,558	\$ 33,518	\$ 495,076
Mutual Funds	613,997			613,997
Collective Trust Fund		35,676		35,676
Short-Term Investment Funds		72,743		72,743
Common Stocks	247,287			247,287
Participant Loans			7,150	7,150
<b>Total Assets at Fair Value</b>	<b>\$ 861,284</b>	<b>\$ 569,977</b>	<b>\$ 40,668</b>	<b>\$ 1,471,929</b>

**Corning Incorporated Investment****Plan for Unionized Employees****Notes to Financial Statements****December 31, 2008 and 2007****Level 3 Gains and Losses**

The table below sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of the Plan's level 3 assets for the year ended December 31, 2008 (in thousands):

	<b>Level 3 Assets</b>	
	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2008</b>	
	<b>Guaranteed Investment Contract</b>	<b>Participant Loans</b>
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 57,364	\$ 7,269
Realized Gains/(Losses), net	2,433	
Unrealized Gains/(Losses) Relating to Instruments Still Held at the Reporting Date, net	668	
Purchases, Sales, Issuances and Settlements, net	(26,947)	(119)
Balance, End of Year	<b>\$ 33,518</b>	<b>\$ 7,150</b>

**6. Plan Termination**

Although the Company has not expressed any intent to do so, it has the right to terminate the Plan subject to the provisions of ERISA and the IRC. In the event of Plan termination, all amounts credited to participants' accounts will become 100% vested and will be distributed to participants in accordance with Plan provisions.

**7. Tax Status**

The Plan received a favorable determination letter dated November 5, 2003 from the Internal Revenue Service indicating that it meets the requirements of Section 401(a) and 501(a) of the IRC and has qualified status as an employee retirement plan. The Plan has been amended since receiving the determination letter. However, the plan administrator and the Plan's benefits counsel believe that the Plan is designed and is currently being operated in compliance with the applicable provisions of the IRC.

**8. Related Parties (in thousands)**

Certain Plan investments are shares of the money market account managed by the Trustee. Transactions with this investment qualify as party-in-interest transactions. Participant loans also qualify as party-in-interest transactions.

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The Master Trust held common stock issued by the Company amounting to \$247,287 and \$675,013 as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

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**Corning Incorporated Investment****Plan for Unionized Employees****Notes to Financial Statements****December 31, 2008 and 2007****9. Subsequent Event**

Effective January 1, 2009, the Plan was amended to implement the addition of the Barclays Global Investors, N.A. (BGI) MSCI ACWI ex-US Index Fund to the Plan's existing investment fund options.

**10. Reconciliation of Financial Statements to Form 5500 (in thousands)**

The following is a reconciliation of the financial statements at December 31, 2008 and 2007 and for the year ended December 31, 2008 to the Form 5500:

	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
Net assets available for benefits per the financial statements	\$ 232,918	\$ 358,637
Amounts allocated to withdrawing participants	(145)	(451)
Adjustment from contract value to fair value for interest in Corning Incorporated Master Investment Trust relating to fully benefit-responsive investment contracts	(5,991)	356
Net assets available for benefits per the Form 5500	\$ 226,782	\$ 358,542
Benefits paid directly to participants per the financial statements	\$ 29,452	
Add: Amounts allocated to withdrawing participants at December 31, 2008	145	
Less: Amounts allocated to withdrawing participants at December 31, 2007	(451)	
Benefits paid to participants per the Form 5500	\$ 29,146	
Net decrease in net assets available for benefits per the financial statements	\$ (125,719)	
Change in amounts allocated to withdrawing participants	306	
Change in adjustment from contract value to fair value for interest in Corning Incorporated Master Investment Trust relating to fully benefit-responsive investment contracts	(6,347)	
Net loss per the Form 5500	\$ (131,760)	





**Corning Incorporated Investment**

**Plan for Unionized Employees**

**Schedule of Assets (Held at End of Year)**

**December 31, 2008**

*(in thousands of dollars)*

	<b>Identity of Issuer, Borrower, Lessor or Similar Party</b>	<b>Description of Investment Including Maturity Date, Rate of Interest, Collateral, Par, or Maturity Value</b>	<b>Current Value</b>
*	Participant loans	Maturity dates ranging from 2009 through 2018 and interest rates ranging from 4.75% - 10.50%	\$7,150

\* Denotes Party-in-interest

**Exhibit 23**

**CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statement (No. 333-82926 and No. 333-26049) on Form S-8 of Corning Incorporated of our report dated June 12, 2009, relating to the financial statements and supplemental schedule of the Corning Incorporated Investment Plan for Unionized Employees, which appears in this Annual Report on Form 11-K of the Corning Incorporated Investment Plan for Unionized Employees for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Respectfully Submitted,

Insero & Company CPAs, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Rochester, New York

June 12, 2009