

Ladder Capital Corp
Form 10-Q
August 06, 2015
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

Or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number:
001-36299

Ladder Capital Corp
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

80-0925494
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

345 Park Avenue, New York
(Address of principal executive offices)

10154
(Zip Code)

(212) 715-3170
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):
Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant’s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding at July 31, 2015
Class A Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	55,323,173
Class B Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	44,229,175

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LADDER CAPITAL CORP

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this “Quarterly Report”) includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). All statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this Quarterly Report, including statements regarding our future results of operations and financial position, strategy and plans, and our expectations for future operations, are forward-looking statements. The words “anticipate,” “estimate,” “expect,” “project,” “plan,” “intend,” “believe,” “may,” “might,” “will,” “should,” “can have,” “likely” and other words and terms of similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, results of operations, strategy, short-term and long-term business operations and objectives and financial needs. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in our forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results could differ from those expressed in our forward-looking statements. Our future financial position and results of operations, as well as any forward-looking statements are subject to change and inherent risks and uncertainties. You should consider our forward-looking statements in light of a number of factors that may cause actual results to vary from our forward-looking statements including, but not limited to:

risks discussed under the heading “Risk Factors” in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K (the “Annual Report”), as well as our combined consolidated financial statements, related notes, and the other financial information appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report and our other filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”);

- changes in general economic conditions, in our industry and in the commercial finance and the real estate markets;
- changes to our business and investment strategy;
- our ability to obtain and maintain financing arrangements;
- the financing and advance rates for our assets;
- our actual and expected leverage;
- the adequacy of collateral securing our loan portfolio and a decline in the fair value of our assets;
- interest rate mismatches between our assets and our borrowings used to fund such investments;
- changes in interest rates and the market value of our assets;
- changes in prepayment rates on our assets;
- the effects of hedging instruments and the degree to which our hedging strategies may or may not protect us from interest rate and credit risk volatility;
- the increased rate of default or decreased recovery rates on our assets;
- the adequacy of our policies, procedures and systems for managing risk effectively;
- a potential downgrade in the credit ratings assigned to our investments;
- the impact of and changes in governmental regulations, tax laws and rates, accounting guidance and similar matters;
- our ability to maintain our qualification as a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) for U.S. federal income tax purposes and our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to operate in compliance with REIT requirements;
- our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to maintain our and their exemptions from registration under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “Investment Company Act”);
- potential liability relating to environmental matters that impact the value of properties we may acquire or the properties underlying our investments;
- the inability of insurance covering real estate underlying our loans and investments to cover all losses;
- the availability of investment opportunities in mortgage-related and real estate-related instruments and other securities;
- fraud by potential borrowers;
- the availability of qualified personnel;

the degree and nature of our competition;
the market trends in our industry, interest rates, real estate values, the debt securities markets or the general economy;
and
the prepayment of the mortgages and other loans underlying our mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities.

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You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. In addition, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of any of these forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report are made as of the date hereof, and the Company assumes no obligation to update or supplement any forward-looking statements.

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REFERENCES TO LADDER CAPITAL CORP

Ladder Capital Corp is a holding company and its primary assets are a controlling equity interest in Ladder Capital Finance Holdings LLLP (“LCFH” or the “Operating Partnership”) and in each series thereof, directly or indirectly. Unless the context suggests otherwise, references in this report to “Ladder,” “Ladder Capital,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” (1) prior to the February 2014 initial public offering (“IPO”) of the Class A common stock of Ladder Capital Corp and related transactions, to LCFH (“Predecessor”) and its combined consolidated subsidiaries and (2) after our IPO and related transactions, to Ladder Capital Corp and its combined consolidated subsidiaries.

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Part I - Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The combined consolidated financial statements of Ladder Capital Corp and Predecessor and the notes related to the foregoing combined consolidated financial statements are included in this Item 1.

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Combined Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Dollars in Thousands)

	June 30, 2015 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2014
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 102,877	\$ 76,218
Cash collateral held by broker	44,455	42,438
Mortgage loan receivables held for investment, net, at amortized cost	1,740,808	1,521,053
Mortgage loan receivables held for sale	507,710	417,955
Real estate securities, available-for-sale	2,299,335	2,815,566
Real estate held for sale	48,970	—
Real estate and related lease intangibles, net	797,328	768,986
Investments in unconsolidated joint ventures	2,992	6,041
FHLB stock	69,931	72,340
Derivative instruments	1,600	423
Due from brokers	4	4
Accrued interest receivable	20,568	24,658
Other assets	81,972	68,553
Total assets	\$ 5,718,550	\$ 5,814,235
Liabilities and Equity		
Liabilities		
Debt obligations	\$ 3,477,227	\$ 3,572,825
Senior unsecured notes	611,357	610,129
Due to brokers	17,898	—
Derivative instruments	9,165	13,445
Amount payable pursuant to tax receivable agreement	1,339	862
Dividends payable	918	—
Accrued expenses	59,986	91,993
Other liabilities	30,136	19,774
Total liabilities	4,208,026	4,309,028
Commitments and contingencies (Note 18)	—	—
Equity		
Class A common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 600,000,000 shares authorized; 52,958,455 shares issued and outstanding	53	51
Class B common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 46,594,153 shares issued and outstanding	47	—
Additional paid-in capital	739,208	725,538
Retained earnings	61,417	44,187
Accumulated other comprehensive income	5,340	15,656
Total shareholders' equity	806,065	785,432
Noncontrolling interest in operating partnership	697,009	711,674
Noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures	7,450	8,101
Total equity	1,510,524	1,505,207
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 5,718,550	\$ 5,814,235

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined consolidated financial statements.

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Ladder Capital Corp and Predecessor
 Combined Consolidated Statements of Income
 (Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share and Dividend Data)
 (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net interest income				
Interest income	\$59,239	\$45,112	\$115,622	\$81,934
Interest expense	27,487	16,751	54,311	31,593
Net interest income	31,752	28,361	61,311	50,341
Provision for loan losses	150	150	300	300
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	31,602	28,211	61,011	50,041
Other income				
Operating lease income	20,390	12,803	39,537	26,017
Tenant recoveries	2,510	2,142	5,036	4,222
Sale of loans, net	14,524	45,419	44,551	86,721
Realized gain (loss) on securities	11,017	5,376	23,167	7,185
Unrealized gain (loss) on Agency interest-only securities	(51	) 2,782	(1,369	) 1,748
Realized gain on sale of real estate, net	7,278	9,060	14,940	15,753
Fee income	3,833	2,192	7,374	4,501
Net result from derivative transactions	26,787	(25,273	) (12,352	) (51,560
Earnings from investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	164	987	605	1,336
Total other income	86,452	55,488	121,489	95,923
Costs and expenses				
Salaries and employee benefits	15,947	26,483	29,705	46,486
Operating expenses	6,734	3,664	15,537	6,705
Real estate operating expenses	9,628	7,380	19,001	14,982
Real estate acquisition costs	454	—	1,054	—
Fee expense	1,463	713	2,585	1,215
Depreciation and amortization	9,954	7,018	19,677	14,445
Total costs and expenses	44,180	45,258	87,559	83,833
Income before taxes	73,874	38,441	94,941	62,131
Income tax (benefit) expense	5,177	8,199	8,282	13,488
Net income	68,697	30,242	86,659	48,643
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures	684	(46	) 493	145
Net loss attributable to predecessor unitholders	—	—	—	12,628
Net (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest in operating partnership	(35,171	) (17,691	) (43,768	) (36,259
Net income attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$34,210	\$12,505	\$43,384	\$25,157
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$0.68	\$0.26	\$0.86	\$0.51
Diluted	\$0.67	\$0.22	\$0.85	\$0.46

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Weighted average shares outstanding:

Basic	50,335,095	48,909,692	50,161,553	48,909,692
Diluted	50,929,538	97,617,710	98,148,577	97,714,070

Dividends per share of Class A common stock:	\$0.25	\$—	\$0.50	\$—
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined consolidated financial statements.

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Ladder Capital Corp and Predecessor
 Combined Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
 (Dollars in Thousands)
 (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income	\$68,697	\$30,242	\$86,659	\$48,643
Other comprehensive income (loss)				
Unrealized gains on securities, net of tax:				
Unrealized gain (loss) on real estate securities, available for sale (1)	(26,839	) 22,118	4,035	37,722
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) included in net income (2)	(11,776	) (5,700	) (24,146	) (7,509
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(38,615	) 16,418	(20,111	) 30,213
Comprehensive income	30,082	46,660	66,548	78,856
Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures	684	(46	) 493	145
Comprehensive income of combined Class A common shareholders and Predecessor unit holders	\$30,766	\$46,614	\$67,041	\$79,001
Comprehensive (income) attributable to predecessor unitholders	—	—	—	(4,380
Comprehensive (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest in operating partnership	(16,925	) (27,446	) (34,436	) (44,441
Comprehensive income attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$13,841	\$19,168	\$32,605	\$30,180

Amounts are net of provision for (benefit from) of no income taxes and \$4.9 million of income taxes for the three (1) months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$0.8 million and \$5.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Amounts are net of (provision for) benefit of no income taxes and \$(1.2) million for the three months ended June (2)30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$(0.3) million and \$(1.2) million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined consolidated financial statements.

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Ladder Capital Corp and Predecessor
 Combined Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity/Capital
 (Dollars and Shares in Thousands)
 (Unaudited)

	Predecessor's Shareholders' Equity										Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Noncontrolling Interests		Total Shareholders' Equity/Partnership Joint Venture Capital
	Series A Preferred	Series B Preferred	Common LP Units	Class A Common Stock Shares	Class A Common Stock Par	Class B Common Stock Shares	Class B Common Stock Par	Additional Paid-in-Capital	Retained Earnings	Operating Partnership		Consolidated Joint Venture		
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$—	\$—	\$—	51,432	\$51	47,647	\$—	\$725,538	\$44,187	\$15,656	\$711,674	\$8,101	\$1,505,2	
Contributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	74	74	
Distributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(38,423)	(232)	(38,655)	
Amendment of the par value of the Class B shares from no par value per share to \$0.001 per share	—	—	—	—	—	48	—	—	—	—	(48)	—	—	
Equity based compensation	—	—	—	—	—	—	214	—	—	—	7,000	—	7,214	
Grants of restricted stock	—	—	—	726	1	—	(1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Shares acquired to satisfy minimum required federal and state tax withholding on vesting restricted stock and units	—	—	—	(195)	—	(3)	—	(3,739)	—	—	(55)	—	(3,794)	
Forfeitures	—	—	—	(55)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Dividends declared	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(26,154)	—	—	—	(26,154)	
Exchange of noncontrolling interest for common stock	—	—	—	1,050	1	(1,050)	(1)	15,306	—	380	(15,686)	—	—	
Adjustment to tax receivable agreement as a result of the exchange of Class B shares	—	—	—	—	—	—	84	—	—	—	—	—	84	

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Net income	—	—	—	—	43,384	—	43,768	(493)	86,659				
(loss)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
comprehensive	—	—	—	—	—	(10,779)	(9,332)	—	(20,111				
income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
Rebalancing of	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
ownership	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
percentage	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
between	—	—	—	1,806	—	83	(1,889)	—	—				
Company and	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
Operating	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
Partnership	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
Balance,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
June 30, 2015	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$52,958	\$53	46,594	\$47	\$739,208	\$61,417	\$5,340	\$697,009	\$7,450	\$1,510,5

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined consolidated financial statements.

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Ladder Capital Corp and Predecessor
 Combined Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity/Capital
 (Dollars and Shares in Thousands)

	Predecessor's Partners' Capital			Shareholders' Equity					Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Noncontrol Operating Partnership
	Series A Preferred Units	Series B Preferred Units	Common Units	Class A Common Stock LP Units Shares	Class B Common Stock Par	Class B Common Stock Shares	Class B Common Stock Par	Additional Paid- in-Capital			Retained Earnings
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$825,985	\$290,847	\$59,565	\$—	\$—	—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—
Contributions	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Distributions	—	(369)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(47,926)
Equity based compensation	—	290	—	—	—	—	332	—	—	13,829
Issuance of common stock (IPO)	—	—	—	16,925	16	—	259,021	—	—	—
Shares acquired to satisfy minimum required federal and state tax withholding on vesting restricted stock and units	—	—	—	—	—	(10)	—	—	—	(125)
Forfeitures	—	—	—	(40)	—	(6)	—	—	—	—
Offering costs	—	—	—	—	—	—	(20,523)	—	—	—
Reorganization transactions	(828,577)	(291,680)	(60,441)	1,180,698	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exchange of capital for common stock	—	—	—	(483,306)	34	—	468,694	—	14,874	—
Exchange of predecessor LP Units for common stock	—	—	—	(697,096)	—	48,537	—	—	—	697,096
Exchange of noncontrolling interest for common stock	—	—	—	874	1	(874)	12,502	—	324	(12,827)
Adjustment to tax receivable agreement as a result of the exchange of	—	—	—	—	—	—	152	—	—	—

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Class B shares												
Net income (loss)	(7,471)	(2,631)	(2,526)	—	—	—	—	—	44,187	—	66,437	
Other comprehensive income	10,063	3,543	3,402	—	—	—	—	—	—	488	520	
Rebalancing of ownership percentage between Company and Operating Partnership	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,360	—	(30)	(5,330)	
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	51,432	\$51	47,647	\$—	725,538	\$44,187	\$15,656	\$711,670

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined consolidated financial statements.

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Ladder Capital Corp and Predecessor
 Combined Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
 (Dollars in Thousands)
 (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$86,659	\$48,643
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	19,677	14,445
Unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments	(5,351	) 16,785
Unrealized (gain) loss on Agency interest-only securities	1,369	(1,748
Provision for loan losses	300	300
Amortization of equity based compensation	7,214	6,553
Amortization of deferred financing costs included in interest expense	2,899	2,625
Amortization of premium on mortgage loan financing	(431	) (306
Amortization of above- and below-market lease intangibles	803	345
Accretion/amortization of discount, premium and other fees on loans	(5,608	) (3,613
Accretion/amortization of discount, premium and other fees on securities	47,808	40,820
Realized gain on sale of mortgage loan receivables held for sale	(44,551	) (86,721
Realized gain on real estate securities	(23,167	) (7,185
Realized gain on sale of real estate, net	(14,940	) (15,753
Origination of mortgage loan receivables held for sale	(1,132,259	) (1,291,510
Repayment of mortgage loan receivables held for sale	542	782
Proceeds from sales of mortgage loan receivables held for sale	1,086,513	1,727,178
Accrued interest receivable	4,090	(3,477
Earnings on investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	(605	) (1,336
Distributions from operations of investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	282	1,604
Deferred tax asset	(755) —
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Other assets	(1,912	) (27,884
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(28,513	) 11,727
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	64	432,274
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Reduction (addition) of cash collateral held by broker for derivatives	5,442	(8,004
Purchase of derivative instruments	—	(7
Purchases of real estate securities	(353,828	) (510,746
Repayment of real estate securities	114,848	122,764
Proceeds from sales of real estate securities	726,986	196,481
Purchase of FHLB stock	—	(7,790
Sale of FHLB stock	2,409	—
Origination and purchases of mortgage loan receivables held for investment	(653,662	) (575,327
Repayment of mortgage loan receivables held for investment	439,216	78,642
Reduction (addition) of cash collateral held by broker	(7,459	) (1,471
Addition of deposits received for loan originations	1,809	2,418
Title deposits included in other assets	(10,604) 1,660

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Distributions of return of capital from investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	3,372	3,157	
Purchases of real estate	(140,234) —	
Capital improvements of real estate	(1,390	) (623)
Proceeds from sale of real estate	63,778	64,902	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	190,683	(633,944)

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	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Deferred financing costs	(1,308) (2,282
Proceeds from borrowings under debt obligations	8,807,532	7,433,122
Repayment of borrowings under debt obligations	(8,902,700	) (7,419,456
Cash dividends paid to Class A common shareholders	(25,237) —
Partners' capital distributions	—	(369
Capital distributed to noncontrolling interests in operating partnership	(38,423	) (40,442
Capital contributed by noncontrolling interests in consolidated joint ventures	74	—
Capital distributed to noncontrolling interests in consolidated joint ventures	(232	) (1,218
Payment of liability assumed in exchange for shares for the minimum withholding taxes on vesting restricted stock	(3,794) —
Issuance of common stock	—	259,037
Common stock offering costs	—	(20,498
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(164,088	) 207,894
Net increase (decrease) in cash	26,659	6,224
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	76,218	78,742
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$102,877	\$84,966
Supplemental information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$52,390	\$29,266
Cash paid for income taxes	\$19,688	\$11,417
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities:		
Securities purchased, not settled	\$(17,898	) \$(16,866
Securities sold, not settled	\$—	\$33,434
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activities:		
Exchange of capital for common stock	\$—	\$483,568
Exchange of predecessor LP Units for common stock	\$—	\$697,097
Exchange of noncontrolling interest for common stock	\$15,688	\$—
Change in deferred tax asset related to change in tax receivable agreement	\$561	\$—

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined consolidated financial statements.

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Ladder Capital Corp and Predecessor
Notes to Combined Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Ladder Capital Corp is an internally-managed real estate investment trust (“REIT”) that is a leader in commercial real estate finance. As the general partner of Ladder Capital Finance Holdings LLLP (“LCFH,” “Predecessor” or the “Operating Partnership”), Ladder Capital Corp, through LCFH and its subsidiaries, operates the Ladder Capital business. As of June 30, 2015, Ladder Capital Corp has a 53.2% economic interest in LCFH and controls the management of LCFH as a result of its ability to appoint its board members. As a result, Ladder Capital Corp consolidates the financial results of LCFH and records noncontrolling interest for the economic interest in LCFH held by the Continuing LCFH Limited Partners (as defined below). In addition, Ladder Capital Corp is subject to federal, state and local income taxes due to its corporate structure. Other than the noncontrolling interest in the Operating Partnership and federal, state and local income taxes, there are no material differences between Ladder Capital Corp’s combined consolidated financial statements and LCFH’s consolidated financial statements.

The IPO Transactions

Ladder Capital Corp was formed as a Delaware corporation on May 21, 2013. The Company conducted an initial public offering (“IPO”) which closed on February 11, 2014. The Company used the net proceeds from the IPO to purchase newly issued limited partnership units (“LP Units”) from LCFH. In connection with the IPO, Ladder Capital Corp also became a holding corporation and the general partner of, and obtained a controlling interest in, LCFH. Ladder Capital Corp’s only business is to act as the general partner of LCFH, and, as such, Ladder Capital Corp indirectly operates and controls all of the business and affairs of LCFH and its subsidiaries through its ability to appoint the LCFH board. The proceeds received by LCFH in connection with the sale of the LP Units have been and will be used for loan origination, real estate businesses and for general corporate purposes.

Ladder Capital Corp consolidates the financial results of LCFH and its subsidiaries. The ownership interest of certain existing owners of LCFH, who owned LP Units and an equivalent number of shares of Ladder Capital Corp Class B common stock as of the completion of the IPO (the “Continuing LCFH Limited Partners”) and continue to hold equivalent units in the Series of LCFH (as described below) and Ladder Capital Corp Class B common stock, is reflected as a noncontrolling interest in Ladder Capital Corp’s combined consolidated financial statements.

Immediately prior to the closing of the IPO on February 11, 2014, LCFH effectuated certain transactions intended to simplify its capital structure (the “Reorganization Transactions”). Prior to the Reorganization Transactions, LCFH’s capital structure consisted of three different classes of membership interests (Series A and Series B Participating Preferred Units and Class A Common Units), each of which had different capital accounts. The net effect of the Reorganization Transactions was to convert the multiple-class structure into LP Units, a single new class of units in LCFH, and an equal number of shares of Class B common stock of Ladder Capital Corp. The conversion of all of the different classes of LCFH occurred in accordance with conversion ratios for each class of outstanding units based upon the liquidation value of LCFH, as if it had been liquidated upon the IPO, with such value determined by the \$17.00 price per share of Class A common stock sold in the IPO. The distribution of LP Units per class of outstanding units was determined pursuant to the distribution provisions set forth in LCFH’s amended and restated Limited Liability Limited Partnership Agreement (the “Amended and Restated LLLP Agreement”). In addition, in connection with the IPO, certain of LCFH’s existing investors (the “Exchanging Existing Owners”) received 33,672,192 shares of Ladder Capital Corp Class A common stock in lieu of any or all LP Units and shares of Ladder Capital Corp Class B

common stock that would otherwise have been issued to such existing investors in the Reorganization Transactions, which resulted in Ladder Capital Corp, or a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ladder Capital Corp, owning one LP Unit for each share of Class A Common Stock so issued to the Exchanging Existing Owners.

The IPO resulted in the issuance by Ladder Capital Corp of 15,237,500 shares of Class A common stock to the public, including 1,987,500 shares of Class A common stock offered as a result of the exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option, and net proceeds to Ladder Capital Corp of \$238.5 million (after deducting fees and expenses associated with the IPO). In addition, in connection with the IPO, the Company granted 1,687,513 shares of restricted Class A common stock to members of management, certain directors and certain employees. As a result, the equivalent number of LP Units were issued by LCFH to Ladder Capital Corp.

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Pursuant to the Amended and Restated LLLP Agreement, and subject to the applicable minimum retained ownership requirements and certain other restrictions, including notice requirements, from time to time, Continuing LCFH Limited Partners (or certain transferees thereof) had the right to exchange their LP Units for shares of Ladder Capital Corp's Class A common stock on a one-for-one basis.

As a result of the Company's acquisition of LP Units of LCFH and LCFH's election under Section 754 of Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the Company expects to benefit from depreciation and other tax deductions reflecting LCFH's tax basis for its assets. Those deductions will be allocated to the Company and will be taken into account in reporting the Company's taxable income.

As a result of the transactions described above, at the time of the IPO:

Ladder Capital Corp became the general partner of LCFH and, through LCFH and its subsidiaries, operates the Ladder Capital business. Accordingly, Ladder Capital Corp had a 51.0% economic interest in LCFH (which has since increased), and Ladder Capital Corp has a majority voting interest and controls the management of LCFH;

50,597,205 shares of Ladder Capital Corp's Class A common stock were outstanding (comprised of 15,237,500 shares issued to the investors in the IPO, 33,672,192 shares issued to the Exchanging Existing Owners and 1,687,513 shares issued to certain directors, officers, and employees in connection with the IPO), and 48,537,414 shares of Ladder Capital Corp's Class B common stock were outstanding. Class B common stock has no economic interest but rather voting interest in the Company. At the time of the IPO, 99,134,619 LP Units of LCFH were outstanding, of which 50,597,205 LP Units were held by Ladder Capital Corp and its subsidiaries and 48,537,414 units were held by the Continuing LCFH Limited Partners; and

LP Units became exchangeable on a one-for-one basis for shares of Ladder Capital Corp Class A common stock. In connection with an exchange, a corresponding number of shares of Ladder Capital Corp Class B common stock were required to be provided and canceled. LP units and Ladder Capital Corp Class B common stock could not be legally separated. However, the exchange of LP Units for shares of Ladder Capital Corp Class A common stock would not affect the exchanging owners' voting power since the votes represented by the canceled shares of Ladder Capital Corp Class B common stock would be replaced with the votes represented by the shares of Class A common stock for which such LP Units were exchanged.

The Company accounted for the Reorganization Transactions as an exchange between entities under common control and recorded the net assets and shareholders' equity of the contributed entities at historical cost.

The Reorganization Transactions and the IPO are collectively referred to as the "IPO Transactions."

The REIT Structuring Transactions

In anticipation of the Company's election to be subject to tax as a REIT beginning with its 2015 taxable year (the "REIT Election"), we effected an internal realignment as of December 31, 2014 that we believe permits us to operate as a REIT, subject to the risk factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K (the "Annual Report") (see "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Taxation as a REIT"). As part of this realignment, LCFH and certain of its wholly-owned subsidiaries were serialized in order to segregate our REIT-qualified assets and income from our non-REIT-qualified assets and income. Pursuant to such serialization, all assets and liabilities of LCFH and each such subsidiary were identified as taxable REIT subsidiary ("TRS") assets and liabilities (e.g., our conduit securitization and condominium sales businesses) and REIT assets and liabilities (e.g., balance sheet loans, real estate and most securities), and were allocated on our internal books and records into two pools within LCFH or such subsidiary, Series TRS and Series REIT (collectively, the "Series"), respectively.

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In connection with this serialization, the Amended and Restated LLLP Agreement was amended and restated, effective as of December 5, 2014 and again as of December 31, 2014 (the “Third Amended and Restated LLLP Agreement”). Pursuant to the Third Amended and Restated LLLP Agreement, as of December 31, 2014: all assets and liabilities of LCFH were allocated on LCFH’s internal books and records to either Series REIT or Series TRS of LCFH;

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the Company serves as general partner of LCFH and of Series REIT of LCFH;

LC TRS I LLC (“LC TRS I”), a Delaware limited liability company wholly-owned by Series REIT of LCFH, serves as the general partner of Series TRS of LCFH;

each outstanding LP Unit was exchanged for one Series REIT LP Unit (which is entitled to receive profits and losses derived from REIT assets and liabilities) and one Series TRS LP Unit (which is entitled to receive profits and losses derived from TRS assets and liabilities) (collectively, “Series Units”);

as a result, Ladder Capital Corp owned, directly and indirectly, an aggregate of 51.9% of Series REIT of LCFH, and, through such ownership, the right to receive 51.9% of the profits and distributions of Series TRS;

the limited partners of LCFH owned the remaining 48.1% of each of Series REIT and Series TRS of LCFH;

Series REIT of LCFH, in turn, owns, directly or indirectly, 100% of the REIT series of each of its serialized subsidiaries as well as certain wholly-owned REIT subsidiaries;

Series TRS of LCFH owns, directly or indirectly, 100% of the TRS series of each of its serialized subsidiaries as well as certain wholly-owned TRSs;

Series TRS LP Units are exchangeable for an equal number of shares (“TRS Shares”) of LC TRS I (a “TRS Exchange”);

in order to effect the exchange of Series Units for shares of Class A common stock of the Company on a one-for-one basis (the “Class A Exchange”), holders are required to surrender (i) one share of the Company’s Class B common stock, (ii) one Series REIT LP Unit, and (iii) either one Series TRS LP Unit or one TRS Share; and

Series REIT and Series TRS have separate boards, officers, books and records, bank accounts, and tax identification numbers.

Each Series of LCFH also signed a separate joinder agreement, agreeing effective as of 11:59:59 pm on December 31, 2014 (the “Effective Time”), to assume and pay when due (i) any and all liabilities of LCFH incurred or accrued by LCFH as of the Effective Time and (ii) any and all obligations of LCFH arising under contracts, bonds, notes, guarantees, leases or other agreements to which LCFH was a party as of the Effective Time (collectively, the “Agreements”), regardless of whether such obligations arise under the applicable Agreement at, prior to, or after the Effective Time, in each case, with the same force and effect as if each Series had been a signatory to such Agreements on the date thereof.

Also in connection with the planned REIT Election, the Company’s certificate of incorporation was amended and restated, effective as of February 27, 2015, following approval by our shareholders (the “Charter Amendment”), to, among other things, impose ownership limitations and transfer restrictions to facilitate our compliance with the REIT requirements. To qualify as a REIT under the Code, our stock must be beneficially owned by 100 or more persons during at least 335 days of a taxable year of 12 months or during a proportionate part of a shorter taxable year (other than the first year for which an election to be a REIT has been made). Also, not more than 50% of the value of the outstanding shares of our capital stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer “individuals” (as defined to include certain entities such as private foundations) during the last half of a taxable year (other than the first taxable year for which an election to be a REIT has been made). Finally, a person actually or constructively owning 10% or more of the vote or value of the outstanding shares of our capital stock could lead to a level of affiliation between the Company and one or more of its tenants that could disqualify our revenues from the affiliated tenants and possibly jeopardize or otherwise adversely impact our qualification as a REIT.

To facilitate satisfaction of these requirements for qualification as a REIT, the Charter Amendment contains provisions restricting the ownership and transfer of shares of all classes or series of our capital stock. Including ownership limitations in a REIT's charter is the most effective mechanism to monitor compliance with the above-described provisions of the Code. The Charter Amendment provides that, subject to certain exceptions and the constructive ownership rules, no person may own, or be deemed to own by virtue of the attribution provisions of the Code, in excess of (i) 9.8% in value of the outstanding shares of all classes or series of our capital stock or (ii) 9.8% in value or number (whichever is more restrictive) of the outstanding shares of any class of our common stock.

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In addition, our Tax Receivable Agreement with the Continuing LCFH Limited Partners (the “TRA Members”) was amended and restated in connection with our REIT Election, effective as of December 31, 2014 (the “TRA Amendment”), in order to preserve a portion of the potential tax benefits currently existing under the Tax Receivable Agreement that would otherwise be reduced in connection with our REIT Election. The TRA Amendment provides that, in lieu of the existing tax benefit payments under the Tax Receivable Agreement for the 2015 taxable year and beyond, LC TRS I will pay to the TRA Members 85% of the amount of the benefits, if any, that LC TRS I realizes or under certain circumstances (such as a change of control) is deemed to realize as a result of (i) the increases in tax basis resulting from the TRS Exchanges by the TRA Members, (ii) any incremental tax basis adjustments attributable to payments made pursuant to the TRA Amendment, and (iii) any deemed interest deductions arising from payments made by LC TRS I under the TRA Amendment. Under the TRA Amendment, LC TRS I expects to benefit from the remaining 15% of cash savings in income tax that it realizes, which is in the same proportion realized by the Company under the existing Tax Receivable Agreement. The purpose of the TRA Amendment was to preserve the benefits of the Tax Receivable Agreement to the extent possible in a REIT, although, as a result, the amount of payments made to the TRA Members under the TRA Amendment is expected to be less than would be made under the prior Tax Receivable Agreement. The TRA Amendment continues to share such benefits in the same proportions and otherwise has substantially the same terms and provisions as the prior Tax Receivable Agreement. See Note 2 and Note 16 for further discussion of the Tax Receivable Agreement.

As of March 4, 2015, the Company has made the necessary TRS and check-the-box elections and intends to elect to be taxed as a REIT on its tax return for the year ended December 31, 2015, expected to be filed in September 2016.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting and Principles of Combination and Consolidation

The accompanying combined consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”). In the opinion of management, the unaudited financial information for the interim periods presented in this report reflects all normal and recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of results of operations, financial position and cash flows. The interim combined consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited combined consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, which are included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K (“Annual Report”), as certain disclosures would substantially duplicate those contained in the audited combined consolidated financial statements have not been included in this interim report. Operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of operating results for an entire fiscal year. The interim combined consolidated financial statements have been prepared, without audit, and do not necessarily include all information and footnotes necessary for a fair statement of our combined consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with GAAP.

The combined consolidated financial statements include the Company’s accounts and those of its subsidiaries which are majority-owned and/or controlled by the Company and variable interest entities for which the Company has determined itself to be the primary beneficiary, if any. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. The combined consolidated financial statements of the Company are comprised of the consolidation of LCFH and its wholly-owned and majority owned subsidiaries, prior to the IPO Transactions, and the consolidated financial statements of Ladder Capital Corp, subsequent to the IPO Transactions.

Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 810 — Consolidation (“ASC 810”), provides guidance on the identification of entities for which control is achieved through means other than voting rights (“variable interest entities” or “VIEs”) and the determination of which business enterprise, if any, should consolidate the VIEs. Generally, the consideration of whether an entity is a VIE applies when either: (1) the equity investors (if any) lack one or more of

the essential characteristics of a controlling financial interest; (2) the equity investment at risk is insufficient to finance that entity's activities without additional subordinated financial support; or (3) the equity investors have voting rights that are not proportionate to their economic interests and the activities of the entity involve or are conducted on behalf of an investor with a disproportionately small voting interest. The Company consolidates VIEs in which it is considered to be the primary beneficiary. The primary beneficiary is defined by the entity having both of the following characteristics: (1) the power to direct the activities that, when taken together, most significantly impact the variable interest entity's performance; and (2) the obligation to absorb losses and right to receive the returns from the VIE that would be significant to the VIE. As of June 30, 2015, the Company does not have investments in VIEs.

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Noncontrolling interests in consolidated subsidiaries are defined as “the portion of the equity (net assets) in the subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to a parent.” Noncontrolling interests are presented as a separate component of capital in the combined consolidated balance sheets. In addition, the presentation of net income attributes earnings to shareholders/unitholders (controlling interest) and noncontrolling interests.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the combined consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the balance sheets and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of resulting changes are reflected in the combined consolidated financial statements in the period the changes are deemed to be necessary. Significant estimates made in the accompanying combined consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to the following:

- valuation of real estate securities;
- allocation of purchase price for acquired real estate;
- impairment, and useful lives, of real estate;
- useful lives of intangible assets;
- valuation of derivative instruments;
- valuation of deferred tax asset;
- amounts payable pursuant to the Tax Receivable Agreement;
- determination of effective yield for recognition of interest income;
- adequacy of provision for loan losses;
- determination of other than temporary impairment of real estate securities and investments in unconsolidated joint ventures;
- certain estimates and assumptions used in the accrual of incentive compensation and calculation of the fair value of equity compensation issued to employees;
- determination of the effective tax rate for income tax provision; and
- certain estimates and assumptions used in the allocation of revenue and expenses for our segment reporting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all investments with original maturities of three months or less, at the time of acquisition, to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash accounts at several financial institutions, which are insured up to a maximum of \$250,000 per account as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and at various times during the years, balances exceeded the insured limits.

Cash Collateral Held by Broker

The Company maintains accounts with brokers to facilitate financial derivative and repurchase agreement transactions in support of its loan and securities investments and risk management activities. Based on the value of the positions in these accounts and the associated margin requirements, the Company may be required to deposit additional cash into these broker accounts. The cash collateral held by broker is considered restricted cash.

Restricted Cash

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As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, included in other assets on the Company's combined consolidated balance sheets are \$35.0 million and \$24.4 million, respectively, of tenant security deposits, deposits related to real estate sales and acquisitions and required escrow balances on credit facilities, which are considered restricted cash.

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Debt Issuance Costs

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2015-03, Interest – Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs (“ASU 2015-03”), which requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. Beginning April 1, 2015, the Company elected to early adopt ASU 2015-03 and appropriately retrospectively applied the guidance to its senior unsecured notes, to all periods presented. Unamortized debt issuance costs of \$8.2 million are included in senior unsecured notes as of June 30, 2015, and unamortized debt issuance costs of \$9.4 million are included in senior unsecured notes as of December 31, 2014 (previously included in other assets on the combined consolidated balance sheets). This new guidance is framed around how to account for costs related to term debt and it does not address how to present fees paid to lenders or other costs to secure revolving lines of credit, which are, at the outset, not associated with an outstanding borrowing. At the June 18, 2015 Emerging Issues Task Force meeting, the SEC observer stated that, given the absence of authoritative guidance within ASU 2015-03 for debt issuance costs related to revolving debt arrangements, the SEC staff would not object to an entity deferring and presenting such costs as an asset and subsequently amortizing them ratably over the term of the revolving debt arrangement. The Company considers its repurchase facilities, borrowings under credit agreement and revolving credit facility to be revolving debt arrangements. Refer to Note 7, Debt Obligations and Note 8, Senior Unsecured Notes.

Revision

The Company had previously incorrectly included due to broker and due from broker amounts, which represent amounts related to purchases and sales of securities that had not settled as of the end of the period, as cash provided by (used in) operating activities rather than as non-cash investing activities. These transactions generally settle in three business days. Management evaluated the impact of the correction to the previously issued financial statements and concluded the effect was not material. However, for comparative purposes, the Company has revised the amounts in the prior quarter.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, FASB issued ASU 2015-10, Technical Corrections and Improvements (“ASU 2015-10”). The amendments in this update cover a wide range of topics in the codification and are generally categorized as follows: amendments related to differences between original guidance and the codification; guidance clarification and reference corrections; simplification, and minor improvements. The amendments are effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted, but not required. As the objectives of this standard are to clarify the codification, correct unintended application of guidance, eliminate inconsistencies and to improve the codification’s presentation of guidance, the adoption of this standard is not expected to have a significant effect on current accounting practice or create a significant administrative cost on most entities. The Company anticipates adopting this update in the quarter ending March 31, 2016 and does not expect the adoption to have a material impact on the Company’s combined consolidated financial statements.

In May 2015, FASB issued ASU 2015-08, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Pushdown Accounting - Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 115 (“ASU 2015-08”). The amendments in ASU 2015-08 amend various SEC paragraphs included in the FASB’s Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) to reflect the issuance of Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 115 (“SAB 115”). SAB 115 rescinds portions of the interpretive guidance included in the SEC’s Staff Accounting Bulletins series and brings existing guidance into conformity with ASU 2014-17, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Pushdown Accounting, which provides an acquired entity with an option to apply pushdown accounting in its separate financial statements upon occurrence of an event in which an acquirer obtains control of the acquired entity. The Company has adopted the amendments in ASU 2015-08, effective

May 8, 2015, as the amendments in the update are effective upon issuance. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's combined consolidated financial statements.

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In April 2015, FASB issued ASU 2015-03, Interest – Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs (“ASU 2015-03”). The amended guidance requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs is not affected by the amendments in this ASU. The amendments in this ASU are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption of this ASU is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. Entities must apply the new guidance on a retrospective basis, wherein the balance sheet of each individual period presented should be adjusted to reflect the period-specific effects of applying the new guidance. Upon transition, an entity is required to comply with the applicable disclosures for a change in an accounting principle. The Company elected to early adopt this update in the quarter ended June 30, 2015. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company’s combined consolidated financial statements.

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810): Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis (“ASU 2015-02”). This ASU makes changes to the VIE model and voting interest (“VOE”) model consolidation guidance. The main provisions of the ASU include the following: i) adding a requirement that limited partnerships and similar legal entities must provide partners with either substantive kick-out rights or substantive participating rights over the general partner to qualify as a VOE rather than a VIE; ii) eliminating the presumption that the general partner should consolidate a limited partnership; iii) eliminating certain conditions that need to be met when evaluating whether fees paid to a decision maker or service provider are considered a variable interest; iv) excluding certain fees paid to decision makers or service providers when evaluating which party is the primary beneficiary of a VIE; and v) revising how related parties are evaluated under the VIE guidance. Lastly, the ASU eliminates the indefinite deferral of FAS 167, which allowed reporting entities with interests in certain investment funds to follow previous guidance in FIN 46 (R). However, the ASU permanently exempts reporting entities from consolidating registered money market funds that operate in accordance with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act. The ASU is effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Entities may apply this ASU either using a modified retrospective approach by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity as of the beginning period of adoption or retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Early adoption is also permitted provided that the ASU is applied from the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. The Company anticipates adopting this update in the quarter ending March 31, 2016 and does not expect the adoption to have a material impact on the Company’s combined consolidated financial statements.

In August 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-15, Presentation of Financial Statements — Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties About an Entity’s Ability to Continue as a Going Concern (“ASU 2014-15”). The guidance in ASU 2014-15 sets forth management’s responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity’s ability to continue as a going concern as well as required disclosures. ASU 2014-15 indicates that, when preparing interim and annual financial statements, management should evaluate whether conditions or events, in the aggregate, raise substantial doubt about the entity’s ability to continue as a going concern for one year from the date the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. This evaluation should include consideration of conditions and events that are either known or are reasonably knowable at the date the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued, and, if applicable, whether it is probable that management’s plans to address the substantial doubt will be implemented and, if so, whether it is probable that the plans will alleviate the substantial doubt. ASU 2014-15 is effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and interim periods and annual periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. The Company anticipates adopting this update in the quarter ending March 31, 2017 and does not expect the adoption to have a material impact on the Company’s combined consolidated financial statements.

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In August 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-14, Receivables-Trouble Debt Restructurings by Creditor (ASC Subtopic 310-40): Classification of Certain Government-Guaranteed Mortgage Loans Upon Foreclosure (“ASU 2014-14”). The guidance in ASU 2014-14 requires that a mortgage loan be derecognized and that a separate other receivable be recognized upon foreclosure if the following conditions are met: (1) the loan has a government guarantee that is not separable from the loan before foreclosure; (2) at the time of foreclosure, the creditor has the intent to convey the real estate property to the guarantor and make a claim on the guarantee, and the creditor has the ability to recover under that claim; and (3) at the time of foreclosure, any amount of the claim that is determined on the basis of the fair value of the real estate is fixed. Upon foreclosure, the separate other receivable should be measured based on the amount of the loan balance (principal and interest) expected to be recovered from the guarantor. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2014, and the interim periods within those fiscal years. An entity should adopt the amendments in ASU 2014-14 using either a prospective transition method or a modified retrospective transition method. Early adoption, including adoption in an interim period, is permitted if the entity already has adopted ASU 2014-4. The Company adopted this update in the quarter ended March 31, 2015, and the adoption did not have a material effect on the Company’s combined consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In August 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-13, Consolidation (Topic 810): Measuring the Financial Assets and the Financial Liabilities of a Consolidated Collateralized Financing Entity (“ASU 2014-13”). For entities that consolidate a collateralized financing entity within the scope of this update, an option to elect to measure the financial assets and the financial liabilities of that collateralized financing entity using either the measurement alternative included in ASU 2014-13 or Topic 820 on fair value measurement is provided. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and the interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period. The Company anticipates adopting this update in the quarter ending March 31, 2016 and does not expect the adoption to have a material effect on the Company’s combined consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In June 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-12, Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period, a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (“ASU 2014-12”). ASU 2014-12 requires that a performance target that affects vesting of share-based payment awards and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. Compensation cost should be recognized in the period in which it becomes probable that the performance target will be achieved and should represent the compensation cost attributable to the periods for which the requisite service has already been rendered. If the performance target becomes likely to be achieved before the end of the requisite service period, the remaining unrecognized compensation cost should be recognized prospectively over the remaining requisite service period. The total amount of compensation cost recognized during and after the requisite service period should reflect the number of awards that are expected to vest and should be adjusted to reflect those awards that ultimately vest. The requisite service period ends when the employee can cease rendering service and still be eligible to vest in the award if the performance target is achieved. ASU 2014-12 is effective for all entities for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. An entity may apply the amendments in ASU 2014-12 either (i) prospectively to all awards granted or modified after the effective date or (ii) retrospectively to all awards with performance targets that are outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest annual period presented in the financial statements and to all new or modified awards thereafter. The Company anticipates adopting this update in the quarter ending March 31, 2016 and does not expect the adoption to have a material impact on the Company’s combined consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

In June 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-11, Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings and Disclosures (“ASU 2014-11”). The pronouncement changes the accounting for repurchase-to-maturity transactions and linked repurchase financings to secured borrowing accounting, which is consistent with the accounting for other

repurchase agreements. The pronouncement also requires two new disclosures. The first disclosure requires an entity to disclose information on transfers accounted for as sales in transactions that are economically similar to repurchase agreements. The second disclosure provides increased transparency about the types of collateral pledged in repurchase agreements and similar transactions accounted for as secured borrowings. The pronouncement is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2014. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company adopted this update in the quarter ended March 31, 2015, and the adoption did not have a material effect on the Company's combined consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

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In May 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-9, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) (“ASU 2014-9”). ASU 2014-9 is a comprehensive new revenue recognition model requiring a company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount reflecting the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. In adopting ASU 2014-9, companies may use either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach. Additionally, this guidance requires improved disclosures regarding the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. ASU 2014-9 is effective for the first interim period within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and early adoption is not permitted. The Company anticipates adopting this update in the quarter ending March 31, 2018 and does not expect the adoption to have a material impact on the Company’s combined consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

3. MORTGAGE LOAN RECEIVABLES

June 30, 2015 (\$ in thousands)

	Outstanding Face Amount	Carrying Value	Weighted Average Yield (1)	Remaining Maturity (years)
Mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost	\$1,758,362	\$1,744,208	7.74	% 1.71
Provision for loan losses	N/A	(3,400)		
Total mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost	1,758,362	1,740,808		
Mortgage loan receivables held for sale	507,425	507,710	4.30	% 8.39
Total	\$2,265,787	\$2,248,518		

(1) June 30, 2015 rates are used to calculate weighted average yield for floating rate loans.

As of June 30, 2015, \$385.4 million, or 22.1%, of the carrying value of our mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost, were at fixed interest rates and \$1.4 billion, or 77.9%, of the carrying value of our mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost, were at variable interest rates, linked to LIBOR, some of which include interest rate floors. As of June 30, 2015, \$507.7 million, or 100.0%, of the carrying value of our mortgage loan receivables held for sale, were at fixed interest rates.

December 31, 2014 (\$ in thousands)

	Outstanding Face Amount	Carrying Value	Weighted Average Yield (1)	Remaining Maturity (years)
Mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost	\$1,536,923	\$1,524,153	7.33	% 1.96
Provision for loan losses	N/A	(3,100)		
Total mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost	1,536,923	1,521,053		
Mortgage loan receivables held for sale	417,955	417,955	4.31	% 9.72
Total	1,954,878	1,939,008		

(1) December 31, 2014 rates are used to calculate weighted average yield for floating rate loans.

As of December 31, 2014, \$231.9 million, or 15.2%, of the carrying value of our mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost, were at fixed interest rates and \$1.3 billion, or 84.8%, of the carrying value of our mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost, were at variable interest rates, linked to LIBOR, some of which include interest rate floors. As of December 31, 2014, \$418.0 million, or 100%, of the carrying value of our mortgage loan receivables held for sale, were at fixed interest rates.

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The following table summarizes mortgage loan receivables by loan type (\$ in thousands):

	June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Outstanding Face Amount	Carrying Value	Outstanding Face Amount	Carrying Value
Mortgage loan receivables held for sale				
First mortgage loan	\$507,425	\$507,710	\$417,955	\$417,955
Total mortgage loan receivables held for sale	507,425	507,710	417,955	417,955
Mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost				
First mortgage loan	1,479,519	1,467,235	1,373,476	1,361,754
Mezzanine loan	278,843	276,973	163,447	162,399
Total mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost	1,758,362	1,744,208	1,536,923	1,524,153
Provision for loan losses	N/A	(3,400	) N/A	(3,100
Total	\$2,265,787	\$2,248,518	\$1,954,878	\$1,939,008

For the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 the activity in our loan portfolio was as follows (\$ in thousands):

	Mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost	Mortgage loan receivables held for sale
Balance December 31, 2014	\$ 1,521,054	\$417,955
Origination of mortgage loan receivables	653,662	1,132,259
Repayment of mortgage loan receivables	(439,216	) (542
Proceeds from sales of mortgage loan receivables	—	(1,086,513
Realized gain on sale of mortgage loan receivables	—	44,551
Transfer between held for investment and held for sale	—	—
Accretion/amortization of discount, premium and other fees	5,608	—
Loan loss provision	(300) —
Balance June 30, 2015	\$ 1,740,808	\$507,710
	Mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost	Mortgage loan receivables held for sale
Balance December 31, 2013	\$ 539,078	\$440,490
Origination of mortgage loan receivables	575,327	1,291,510
Repayment of mortgage loan receivables	(78,642	) (782
Proceeds from sales of mortgage loan receivables	—	(1,727,178
Realized gain on sale of mortgage loan receivables	—	86,721
Transfer between held for investment and held for sale	(12,000) 12,000
Accretion/amortization of discount, premium and other fees	2,655	958

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Loan loss provision	(300) —
Balance June 30, 2014	\$ 1,026,118	\$ 103,719

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the transfers of financial assets via sales of loans have been treated as sales under ASC Topic 860 — Transfers and Servicing.

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The Company evaluates each of its loans for potential losses at least quarterly. Its loans are typically collateralized by real estate directly or indirectly. As a result, the Company regularly evaluates the extent and impact of any credit deterioration associated with the performance and/or value of the underlying collateral property, as well as the financial and operating capability of the borrower. Specifically, a property's operating results and any cash reserves are analyzed and used to assess (i) whether cash flow from operations is sufficient to cover the debt service requirements currently and into the future, (ii) the ability of the borrower to refinance the loan at maturity, and/or (iii) the property's liquidation value. The Company also evaluates the financial wherewithal of any loan guarantors as well as the borrower's competency in managing and operating the properties. In addition, the Company considers the overall economic environment, real estate sector, and geographic sub-market in which the collateral property is located. Such impairment analyses are completed and reviewed by asset management personnel, who utilize various data sources, including (i) periodic financial data such as property occupancy, tenant profile, rental rates, operating expenses, the borrowers' business plan, and capitalization and discount rates, (ii) site inspections, and (iii) current credit spreads and other market data. As a result of this analysis, the Company has concluded that none of its loans are individually impaired as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

However, based on the inherent risks shared among the loans as a group, it is probable that the loans had incurred an impairment due to common characteristics and inherent risks in the portfolio. Therefore, the Company has recorded a reserve, based on a targeted percentage level which it seeks to maintain over the life of the portfolio, as disclosed in the tables below. Historically, the Company has not incurred losses on any originated loans. At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there was \$4.2 million and \$4.2 million, respectively, of unamortized discounts included in our mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost on our combined consolidated balance sheets.

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there was one loan on non-accrual status with an amortized cost of \$4.6 million and an unamortized discount of \$3.5 million included in our mortgage loan receivables held for investment, at amortized cost on our combined consolidated balance sheets. This loan was not originated by the Company. Instead it was credit impaired at the time of acquisition, which was reflected in Ladder's purchase price.

Provision for Loan Losses (\$ in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Provision for loan losses at beginning of period	\$3,250	\$2,650	\$3,100	\$2,500
Provision for loan losses	150	150	300	300
Charge-offs	—	—	—	—
Provision for loan losses at end of period	\$3,400	\$2,800	\$3,400	\$2,800

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4. REAL ESTATE SECURITIES

Commercial mortgage-backed securities (“CMBS”), CMBS interest-only securities, GN construction securities and GN permanent securities are classified as available-for-sale and reported at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in the current period in other comprehensive income. Government National Mortgage Association (“GNMA”) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp (“FHLMC”) securities (collectively, “Agency interest-only securities”), are recorded at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in current period earnings. The following is a summary of the Company’s securities at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

June 30, 2015

Asset Type	Outstanding Face Amount	Amortized Cost Basis	Gross Unrealized		Carrying Value	# of Securities	Weighted Average			Remaining Duration (years)
			Gains	Losses			Rating (2)	Coupon	Yield	
CMBS(3)	\$1,834,181	\$1,858,247	\$11,866	\$(3,094)	\$1,867,019	119	AAA	3.28%	2.72%	3.48
CMBS interest-only(3)	6,742,719	(1)344,990	1,697	(948)	345,739	43	AAA	0.92%	3.53%	3.49
GNMA interest-only(4)	959,515	(1)44,059	—	(2,237)	41,822	27	AA+	0.81%	4.40%	5.38
GN construction securities(3)	33,206	33,964	613	(359)	34,218	4	AA+	3.88%	3.59%	9.10
GN permanent securities(3)	10,004	10,272	265	—	10,537	10	AA+	5.67%	4.95%	4.22
Total	\$9,579,625	\$2,291,532	\$14,441	\$(6,638)	\$2,299,335					

December 31, 2014

Asset Type	Outstanding Face Amount	Amortized Cost Basis	Gross Unrealized		Carrying Value	# of Securities	Weighted Average			Remaining Duration (years)
			Gains	Losses			Rating (2)	Coupon	Yield	
CMBS(3)	\$2,247,565	\$2,277,995	\$28,453	\$(1,038)	\$2,305,410	145	AAA	3.31%	2.60%	4.23
CMBS interest-only(3)	7,239,503	(1)376,085	2,973	(723)	378,335	41	AAA	1.04%	4.88%	3.45
GNMA interest-only(4)	1,400,141	(1)67,544	1,035	(1,937)	66,642	34	AA+	0.85%	5.90%	4.50
GN construction securities(3)	27,538	28,178	503	(275)	28,406	4	AA+	3.89%	3.56%	9.42
GN permanent securities(3)	36,232	36,515	258	—	36,773	11	AA+	5.49%	4.94%	1.32
Total	\$10,950,979	\$2,786,317	\$33,222	\$(3,973)	\$2,815,566					

(1)

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The amounts presented represent the principal amount of the mortgage loans outstanding in the pool in which the interest-only securities participate.

- (2) Represents the weighted average of the ratings of all securities in each asset type, expressed as an S&P equivalent rating. For each security rated by multiple rating agencies, the highest rating is used. Ratings provided were determined by third party rating agencies as of a particular date, may not be current and are subject to change (including the assignment of a “negative outlook” or “credit watch”) at any time.

- (3) CMBS, CMBS interest-only securities, GN construction securities, and GN permanent securities are classified as available-for-sale and reported at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in the current period in other comprehensive income.

- (4) Agency interest-only securities are recorded at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in current period earnings.

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The following is a breakdown of the carrying value of the Company's securities by remaining maturity based upon expected cash flows at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

June 30, 2015

Asset Type	Within 1 year	1-5 years	5-10 years	After 10 years	Total
CMBS(1)	\$520,346	\$773,880	\$572,793	\$—	\$1,867,019
CMBS interest-only(1)	180	341,541	4,018	—	345,739
GNMA interest-only(2)	18	15,350	25,832	622	41,822
GN construction securities(1)	—	1,198	33,020	—	34,218
GN permanent securities(1)	—	9,020	1,517	—	10,537
Total	\$520,544	\$1,140,989	\$637,180	\$622	\$2,299,335

December 31, 2014

Asset Type	Within 1 year	1-5 years	5-10 years	After 10 years	Total
CMBS(1)	\$474,357	\$814,702	\$1,016,351	\$—	\$2,305,410
CMBS interest-only(1)	391	370,993	6,951	—	378,335
GNMA interest-only(2)	1,356	42,105	23,181	—	66,642
GN construction securities(1)	—	507	5,183	22,716	28,406
GN permanent securities(1)	25,915	9,334	1,524	—	36,773
Total	\$502,019	\$1,237,641	\$1,053,190	\$22,716	\$2,815,566

CMBS, CMBS interest-only securities, GN construction securities, and GN permanent securities are classified as (1) available-for-sale and reported at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in the current period in other comprehensive income.

(2) Agency interest-only securities are recorded at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in current period earnings.

There were \$0.9 million and \$1.4 million in unrealized losses on securities recorded as other than temporary impairments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, included in realized gain on securities in the combined consolidated statements of income. There were \$1.6 million in unrealized losses on securities recorded as other than temporary impairments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. For cash flow statement purposes, all receipts of interest from interest-only real estate securities are treated as part of cash flows from operations.

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5. REAL ESTATE AND RELATED LEASE INTANGIBLES, NET

Acquisitions

The purchase price for certain of the Company's 2015 acquisitions, aggregating \$35.5 million, was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon their preliminary estimated fair values, which are based on management's best estimates to date. The Company is in the process of finalizing its assessment of the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company acquired the following properties (\$ in thousands):

Acquisition Date	Type	Primary Location(s)	Purchase Price	Ownership Interest (1)
January 2015	Net Lease	Jacksonville, NC	\$7,878	100.0%
January 2015	Net Lease	Iberia, MO	1,328	100.0%
January 2015	Net Lease	Isle, MN	1,078	100.0%
January 2015	Net Lease	Pine Island, MN	1,142	100.0%
January 2015	Net Lease	Kings Mountain, NC	21,241	100.0%
February 2015	Net Lease	Village of Menomonee Falls, WI	17,050	100.0%
February 2015	Net Lease	Rockland, MA	7,315	100.0%
February 2015	Net Lease	Crawfordsville, IA	6,000	100.0%
February 2015	Net Lease	Boardman Township, OH	5,400	100.0%
March 2015	Net Lease	Hilliard, OH	6,384	100.0%
March 2015	Net Lease	Weathersfield Township, OH	5,200	100.0%
March 2015	Net Lease	Rotterdam, NY	12,000	100.0%
March 2015	Net Lease	Wheaton, MO	970	100.0%
March 2015	Net Lease	Paynesville, MN	1,254	100.0%
March 2015	Net Lease	Loveland, CO	5,600	100.0%
March 2015	Net Lease	Battle Lake, MN	1,098	100.0%
March 2015	Net Lease	Yorktown, TX	1,207	100.0%
March 2015	Net Lease	St. Francis, MN	1,117	100.0%
May 2015	Net Lease	Red Oak, IA	1,185	100.0%
May 2015	Net Lease	Zapata, TX	1,150	100.0%
June 2015	Net Lease	Aurora, MN	952	100.0%
June 2015	Net Lease	Canyon Lake, TX	1,377	100.0%
June 2015	Net Lease	Wheeler, TX	1,075	100.0%
June 2015	Other	Grand Rapids, MI	9,300	97.0%
June 2015	Other	Grand Rapids, MI	6,300	97.0%
June 2015	Net Lease	Bridgeport, IL	1,186	100.0%
June 2015	Net Lease	Peoria, IL	1,226	100.0%
June 2015	Net Lease	Pleasanton, TX	1,316	100.0%
June 2015	Net Lease	Wayne, NJ	9,700	100.0%
June 2015	Net Lease	Warren, MN	1,055	100.0%
June 2015	Net Lease	Tremont, IL	1,150	100.0%
Totals			\$140,234	

(1) Properties were consolidated as of acquisition date.

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The purchase prices were allocated to the net assets acquired during the six months ended June 30, 2015, as follows (\$ in thousands):

	Purchase Price Allocation
Land	\$16,506
Building	113,242
Intangibles	10,486
Total purchase price	\$140,234

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, there were no acquisitions of properties.

Sales

The Company sold the following properties during the six months ended June 30, 2015 (\$ in thousands):

Sales Date	Type	Primary Location(s)	Net Sales Proceeds	Net Book Value	Realized Gain/(Loss)	Properties	Units
May 2015	Net Lease	Plattsmouth, NE	\$8,440	\$7,983	\$457	1	—
May 2015	Net Lease	Worthington, MN	8,793	8,321	472	1	—
May 2015	Net Lease	Loveland, CO	6,249	5,600	649	1	—
Various	Condominium	Las Vegas, NV	22,939	13,517	9,422	—	50
Various	Condominium	Miami, FL	17,357	13,417	3,940	—	57
Totals			\$63,778	\$48,838	\$14,940		

The Company sold the following properties during the six months ended June 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

Sales Date	Type	Primary Location(s)	Net Sales Proceeds	Net Book Value	Realized Gain/(Loss)	Properties	Units
5/16/2014	Net Lease	Tilton, NH	\$8,426	\$6,743	\$1,683	1	1
6/25/2014	Office	Richmond, VA	16,794	15,643	1,151	1	1
Various	Condominium	Las Vegas, NV	35,395	23,313	12,082	—	75
Various	Condominium	Miami, FL	4,338	3,501	837	—	16
Totals			\$64,953	\$49,200	\$15,753		

Real Estate Held for Sale

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement to sell one single-tenant retail property, subject to a long-term net lease obligation. The Company expects the sale of this property to occur on or before October 15, 2015 and has designated this property as real estate held for sale in the combined consolidated statements of financial condition. The real estate held for sale, recorded at carrying value, is \$49.0 million as of June 30, 2015. There was no real estate designated as real estate held for sale as of December 31, 2014.

Real Estate Sold or Classified as Held for Sale

On January 1, 2014, the Company early adopted ASU 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity, and as the properties sold or classified as real estate held for sale in the six months ended June 30, 2015 will not represent a strategic shift (as the Company is not entirely exiting markets or property types), they have not been reflected as part of discontinued operations.

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The following table summarizes income from the properties sold or classified as held for sale during the six months ended June 30, 2015, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Operating lease income	\$1,562	\$1,483	\$3,201	\$3,204
Tenant recoveries	1,264	996	2,458	1,995
Depreciation and amortization	(1,355	) (1,389	) (2,565	) (2,387
Income from properties sold	\$1,471	\$1,090	\$3,094	\$2,812

The following table summarizes income from the properties sold or classified as held for sale during the six months ended June 30, 2014, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014
Operating lease income	\$921	\$1,972
Tenant recoveries	304	555
Depreciation and amortization	(808	) (1,622
Income from properties sold	\$417	\$905

The following unaudited pro forma information has been prepared based upon our historical combined consolidated financial statements and certain historical financial information of the acquired properties, which are accounted for as business combinations, and should be read in conjunction with the combined consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. The unaudited pro forma combined consolidated financial information reflects the 2014 acquisition adjustments made to present financial results as though the acquisition of the properties occurred on January 1, 2013 and the 2015 acquisition adjustments made to present financial results as though the acquisition of the properties occurred on January 1, 2014. This unaudited pro forma information may not be indicative of the results that actually would have occurred if these transactions had been in effect on the dates indicated, nor do they purport to represent our future results of operations. (\$ in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015			Six Months Ended June 30, 2015		
	Company Historical	Acquisitions	Consolidated Pro Forma	Company Historical	Acquisitions	Consolidated Pro Forma
Operating lease income	\$20,390	\$718	\$21,108	\$39,537	\$1,530	\$41,067
Net income	68,697	644	69,341	86,659	1,365	88,024
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures	684	9	693	493	19	512
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in operating partnership	(35,171	) (306	) (35,477	) (43,768	) (647	) (44,415
Net income attributable to Class A common shareholders	34,210	347	34,557	43,384	737	44,121

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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014			Six Months Ended June 30, 2014		
	Company Historical	Acquisitions	Consolidated Pro Forma	Company Historical	Acquisitions	Consolidated Pro Forma
Operating lease income	\$12,803	\$817	\$13,620	\$26,017	\$1,632	\$27,649
Net income	30,242	274	30,516	48,643	1,001	49,644
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in consolidated joint ventures	(46	) 10	(36	) 145	20	165
Net (income) loss attributable to predecessor unitholders	—	—	—	12,628	—	12,628
Net (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in operating partnership	(17,691	) (133	) (17,824	) (36,259	) (478	) (36,737
Net income attributable to Class A common shareholders	12,505	150	12,655	25,157	543	25,700

The most significant adjustments made in preparing the unaudited pro forma information were to: (i) include the incremental operating lease income, (ii) include the incremental depreciation, and (iii) adjust for transaction costs associated with the properties acquired as if incurred on January 1, 2014.

Real Estate and Related Lease Intangibles, Net

The following tables present additional detail related to our real estate portfolio (\$ in thousands):

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Land	\$9,447	\$—
Building	30,377	—
In-place leases and other intangibles	14,516	—
Real estate	54,340	—
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(5,370) —
Real estate held for sale	\$48,970	\$—
	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Land	\$124,345	\$122,458
Building	612,845	569,774
In-place leases and other intangibles	124,449	127,359
Real estate	861,639	819,591
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(64,311	) (50,605
Real estate and related lease intangibles, net	\$797,328	\$768,986

The following table presents depreciation and amortization expense on real estate recorded by the Company (\$ in thousands):

Three Months Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,
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	2015	2014	2015	2014
Depreciation expense (1)	\$5,997	\$4,472	\$11,903	\$9,314
Amortization expense	3,911	2,409	7,722	4,857
Total real estate depreciation and amortization expense	\$9,908	\$6,881	\$19,625	\$14,171

Depreciation expense on the combined consolidated statements of income also includes \$46,224 and \$0.1 million of depreciation on corporate fixed assets for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and (1) \$51,411 and \$0.3 million of depreciation on corporate fixed assets for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

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The Company's intangible assets are comprised of in-place leases, favorable leases compared to market leases and other intangibles. At June 30, 2015, gross intangible assets totaled \$139.0 million with total accumulated amortization of \$28.0 million, resulting in net intangible assets of \$111.0 million, including \$6.6 million of unamortized favorable lease intangibles which are included in real estate and related lease intangibles, net on the combined consolidated balance sheets. At December 31, 2014, gross intangible assets totaled \$127.4 million with total accumulated amortization of \$19.9 million, resulting in net intangible assets of \$107.5 million, including \$7.4 million of unamortized favorable lease intangibles which are included in real estate and related lease intangibles, net on the combined consolidated balance sheets. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company recorded an offset against operating lease income of \$0.4 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, for favorable leases, compared to \$0.4 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014.

The following table presents expected amortization expense during the next five years and thereafter related to the acquired in-place lease intangibles for property owned as of June 30, 2015 (\$ in thousands):

Period Ending December 31,	Amount
2015 (last 6 months)	\$8,558
2016	15,090
2017	10,976
2018	9,029
2019	8,781
Thereafter	58,528
Total	\$110,962

There were \$5.0 million and \$3.0 million of unbilled rent receivables included in other assets on the combined consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

There was unencumbered real estate of \$66.7 million and \$85.7 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

The following is a schedule of contractual future minimum rent under leases (excluding property operating expenses paid directly by tenant under net leases or rent escalations under other leases from tenants) at June 30, 2015 (\$ in thousands):

Period Ending December 31,	Amount
2015 (last 6 months)	\$38,431
2016	69,533
2017	65,593
2018	62,880
2019	58,384
Thereafter	514,189
Total	\$809,010

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6. INVESTMENT IN UNCONSOLIDATED JOINT VENTURES

As of June 30, 2015, the Company had an aggregate investment of \$3.0 million in its equity method joint ventures with unaffiliated third parties.

As of June 30, 2015, the Company owned a 10% limited partnership interest in Ladder Capital Realty Income Partnership I LP (“LCRIP I”) to invest in first mortgage loans held for investment and acted as general partner and Manager to LCRIP I. The Company accounts for its interest in LCRIP I using the equity method of accounting as it exerts significant influence but the unrelated limited partners have substantive participating rights, as well as kick-out rights. During the quarter ended June 30, 2015, the last loan held by LCRIP I was repaid. LCRIP I will continue in existence until the fifth anniversary of the date of its closing, April 15, 2016.

As of June 30, 2015, the Company owned a 25% membership interest in Grace Lake JV, LLC (“Grace Lake JV”) which it received in connection with the refinancing of a first mortgage loan on an office building campus in Van Buren Township, MI. The Company accounts for its interest in Grace Lake JV using the equity method of accounting as it has a 25% investment, compared to the 75% investment of its operating partner.

The following is a summary of the Company’s investments in unconsolidated joint ventures, which we account for using the equity method, as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

Entity	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Ladder Capital Realty Income Partnership I LP	\$435	\$3,898
Grace Lake JV, LLC	2,557	2,143
Company’s investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	\$2,992	\$6,041

The following is a summary of the Company’s allocated earnings based on its ownership interests from investment in unconsolidated joint ventures for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (\$ in thousands):

Entity	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Ladder Capital Realty Income Partnership I LP	\$14	\$762	\$116	\$886
Grace Lake JV, LLC	150	225	489	450
Earnings from investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	\$164	\$987	\$605	\$1,336

Ladder Capital Realty Income Partnership I LP

On April 15, 2011, the Company entered into a limited partnership agreement becoming the general partner and acquiring a 10% limited partnership interest in LCRIP I. Simultaneously with the execution of the LCRIP I Partnership Agreement, the Company was engaged as the manager of LCRIP I and is entitled to a fee based upon the average net equity invested in LCRIP I, which is subject to a fee reduction in the event average net equity invested in LCRIP I exceeds \$100.0 million. During the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded \$14,964 and \$94,084, respectively, in management fees, which is reflected in fee income in the combined consolidated statements of income. During the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded \$77,447 and \$228,544, respectively, in management fees, which is reflected in fee income in the combined

consolidated statements of income.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, there were no sales of loans to LCRIP I. It is the Company's policy to defer 10% of the gain on any sale of loans to LCRIP I, representing its 10% limited partnership interest, until such loans are subsequently sold by LCRIP I or repaid.

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The Company is entitled to income allocations and distributions based upon its limited partnership interest of 10% and is eligible for additional distributions of up to 25% if certain return thresholds are met upon asset sale, full prepayment or other disposition. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the return thresholds were met on certain assets that have been fully realized. The Company is obligated to provide LCRIP I 10% of any costs related to the assets held in its portfolio as of June 30, 2015.

Grace Lake JV, LLC

In connection with the origination of a loan in April 2012, the Company received a 25% equity kicker with the right to convert upon a capital event. On March 22, 2013, the loan was refinanced and the Company converted its interest into a 25% limited liability company membership interest in Grace Lake JV, which holds an investment in an office building complex. After taking into account the preferred return of 8.25% and the return of all equity remaining in the property to the Company's operating partner, the Company is entitled to 25% of the distribution of all excess cash flows and all disposition proceeds upon any sale. The Company does not participate in losses from its investment. The Company is not legally required to provide any future funding to Grace Lake JV.

Combined Summary Financial Information for Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

The following is a summary of the combined financial position of the unconsolidated joint ventures in which the Company had investment interests as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Total assets	\$81,625	\$118,762
Total liabilities	76,896	81,073
Partners'/members' capital	\$4,729	\$37,689

The following is a summary of the combined results from operations of the unconsolidated joint ventures for the period in which the Company had investment interests during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (\$ in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Total revenues	\$4,788	\$6,870	\$10,463	\$13,982
Total expenses	3,596	1,963	7,360	4,554
Net income	\$1,192	\$4,907	\$3,103	\$9,428

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7. DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The details of the Company's debt obligations at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are as follows (\$ in thousands):

June 30, 2015

Debt Obligations	Committed Financing	Debt Obligations Outstanding	Committed but Unfunded	Interest Rate at June 30, 2015	Current Term Maturity	Remaining Extension Options	Eligible Collateral (1)	Carrying Amount of Collateral	Fair Value of Collateral
Committed Loan Repurchase Facility	\$450,000	\$172,279	\$277,721	1.94% - 2.69%	10/30/2016	(3)	(6)	\$245,103	\$245,577
Committed Loan Repurchase Facility	400,000	121,984	278,016	2.44% - 3.44%	4/10/2016	(4)	(7)	204,042	204,843
Committed Loan Repurchase Facility	450,000	223,907	226,093	2.44% - 3.19%	5/24/2016	(3)	(6)	376,589	379,171
Total Committed Loan Repurchase Facilities	1,300,000	518,170	781,830					825,734	829,591
Committed Securities Repurchase Facility	300,000	124,202	175,798	0.88% - 1.28%	10/31/2016	N/A	(8)	203,876	203,876
Uncommitted Securities Repurchase Facility	N/A (2)	414,008	N/A (2)	0.50% - 1.68%	Various	N/A	(8)	484,652	484,652
Total Repurchase Facilities	1,600,000	1,056,380	957,628					1,514,262	1,518,119
Borrowings Under Credit Agreement	50,000	12,000	38,000	2.94%	1/24/2016	N/A	(9)	21,286	22,372
Borrowings Under Credit and Security Agreement	46,750	46,750	—	2.04%	10/6/2015	(5)	(10)	54,922	55,000
Revolving Credit Facility	75,000	75,000	—	3.69%	2/11/2017	(3)	N/A (11)	N/A (11)	N/A (11)

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Mortgage Loan Financing FHLB	529,097	529,097	—	4.25% - 2018 - 6.75% 2025	N/A	(12)	690,969	755,462
Financing FHLB	2,265,786	1,758,000	507,786	0.25% - 2015 - 2.74% 2024	N/A	(9)	2,441,194	2,450,305
Total Debt Obligations	\$4,566,633	\$3,477,227	\$1,503,414				\$4,722,633	\$4,801,258

- (1) Collateral includes first mortgage and mezzanine real estate loans and investment grade commercial real estate securities. It does not include the real estate collateralizing such loans and securities.
- (2) Represents uncommitted securities repurchase facilities for which there is no committed amount subject to future advances
- (3) Two additional twelve month periods at Company's option
- (4) Three additional 364 day periods at Company's option
- (5) One additional twelve month period
- (6) First mortgage commercial real estate loans
- (7) First mortgage and mezzanine commercial real estate loans
- (8) Investment grade commercial real estate securities
- (9) First mortgage and mezzanine commercial real estate loans and investment grade commercial real estate securities
- (10) First mortgage commercial real estate loan
- (11) The obligations under the Revolving Credit Facility are guaranteed by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries and secured by equity pledges in certain Company subsidiaries.
- (12) Using undepreciated value of commercial real estate to approximate fair value

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December 31, 2014

Debt Obligations	Committed Financing	Debt Obligations Outstanding	Committed but Unfunded	Interest Rate at December 31, 2014	Current Term Maturity	Remaining Extension Options	Eligible Collateral (1)	Carrying Amount of Collateral	Fair Value of Collateral
Committed Loan Repurchase Facility	\$450,000	\$147,796	\$302,204	2.42% - 2.66%	10/30/2016	(3)	(6)	\$278,530	\$279,921
Committed Loan Repurchase Facility	250,000	138,711	111,289	2.41% - 3.04%	4/10/2016	(4)	(7)	144,858	145,749
Committed Loan Repurchase Facility	450,000	222,516	227,484	2.42% - 3.16%	5/26/2015	(3)	(6)	378,573	380,344
Total Committed Loan Repurchase Facilities	1,150,000	509,023	640,977					801,961	806,014
Committed Securities Repurchase Facility	300,000	174,853	125,147	0.87% - 1.27%	4/30/2015	N/A	(8)	214,617	214,617
Uncommitted Securities Repurchase Facility	N/A (2)	747,789	N/A (2)	0.50% - 1.66%	Various	N/A	(8)	861,456	861,456
Total Repurchase Facilities	1,450,000	1,431,665	766,124					1,878,034	1,882,087
Borrowings Under Credit Agreement	50,000	11,000	39,000	2.91%	1/24/2016	N/A	(9)	—	—
Borrowings Under Credit and Security Agreement	46,750	46,750	—	2.01%	10/6/2015	(5)	(10)	54,775	55,000
Revolving Credit Facility	75,000	25,000	50,000	3.66% - 5.75%	2/11/2017	(3)	N/A (11)	N/A (11)	N/A (11)
Mortgage Loan Financing	447,410	447,410	—	4.25% - 6.75%	2018 - 2024	N/A	(12)	591,613	637,271
	1,900,000	1,611,000	289,000			N/A	(9)	2,068,988	2,073,955

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FHLB			0.30%	-	2015	-
Financing			2.74%		2024	
Total Debt	\$3,969,160	\$3,572,825	\$1,144,124			
Obligations					\$4,593,410	\$4,648,311

- (1) Collateral includes first mortgage and mezzanine real estate loans and investment grade commercial real estate securities. It does not include the real estate collateralizing such loans and securities.
- (2) Represents uncommitted securities repurchase facilities for which there is no committed amount subject to future advances
- (3) Two additional twelve month periods at Company's option
- (4) One additional 364 day period at Company's option
- (5) One additional twelve month period
- (6) First mortgage commercial real estate loans
- (7) First mortgage and mezzanine commercial real estate loans
- (8) Investment grade commercial real estate securities
- (9) First mortgage and mezzanine commercial real estate loans and investment grade commercial real estate securities
- (10) First mortgage commercial real estate loan
- (11) The obligations under the Revolving Credit Facility are guaranteed by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries and secured by equity pledges in certain Company subsidiaries.
- (12) Using undepreciated value of commercial real estate to approximate fair value

Committed Loan and Securities Repurchase Facilities

The Company has entered into multiple committed master repurchase agreements in order to finance its lending activities. The Company has entered into three committed master repurchase agreements, as outlined in the table above, with multiple counterparties totaling \$1.3 billion of credit capacity. Assets pledged as collateral under these facilities are limited to whole mortgage loans or participation interests in mortgage loans collateralized by first liens on commercial properties. The Company also has a term master repurchase agreement with a major U.S. bank to finance CMBS totaling \$300.0 million. The Company's repurchase facilities include covenants covering net worth requirements, minimum liquidity levels, and maximum leverage ratios. The Company believes it was in compliance with all covenants as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

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The Company has the option to extend some of the current facilities subject to a number of conditions, including satisfaction of certain notice requirements, no event of default exists, and no margin deficit exists, all as defined in the repurchase facility agreements. The lenders have sole discretion with respect to the inclusion of collateral in these facilities, to determine the market value of the collateral on a daily basis, to be exercised on a good faith basis, and have the right to require additional collateral, a full and/or partial repayment of the facilities (margin call), or a reduction in unused availability under the facilities, sufficient to rebalance the facilities if the estimated market value of the included collateral declines.

On April 29, 2014, the Company amended the terms of its master repurchase agreement with a major U.S. bank to finance loans the Company originates to temporarily increase financing capacity on its facility from \$300.0 million to \$450.0 million to enable the financing of one of its assets. The increase in capacity terminated in accordance with its terms. On October 30, 2014, the Company amended the terms of this master repurchase agreement to increase the financing capacity from \$300.0 million to \$450.0 million, to temporarily increase financing capacity on its facility from \$450.0 million to \$650.0 million to enable the financing of one of its assets and to remove the concentration limit on balance sheet financing. The temporary increase in capacity has since terminated in accordance with its terms. On December 31, 2014, the Series of LCFH were also added as additional guarantors.

On June 17, 2014, the Company amended the terms of its master repurchase agreement with a major U.S. bank to finance loans the Company originates to increase the maximum advance rate available on all classes of assets.

On June 30, 2014, the Company amended its master repurchase agreement with a major U.S. insurance company to finance loans the Company originates to extend the maturity date of the facility to December 31, 2014. The Company terminated this master repurchase agreement effective November 30, 2014.

On December 31, 2014, the Company amended the terms of its master repurchase agreement with a major U.S. bank to finance loans the Company originates to, among other items, permit the financing of mezzanine debt and amend the leverage covenant to be consistent with those in most of our other credit facilities. The Series of LCFH were also added as additional guarantors.

On February 19, 2015, the Company executed an amendment and extension of one of its credit facilities with a major banking institution, providing for, among other things, extending the maximum term of the facility to May 24, 2018, limiting the recourse exposure to the Company and modifying the pricing terms of the facility.

On April 10, 2015, the Company executed an amendment and extension of one of its credit facilities with a major banking institution, providing for, among other things, the extension of the maximum term of the facility to April 10, 2019 and increasing the maximum funding capacity of the facility to \$400.0 million.

Uncommitted Securities Repurchase Facilities

The Company has also entered into multiple master repurchase agreements with several counterparties collateralized by real estate securities. The borrowings under these agreements have typical advance rates between 65% and 95% of the fair value of collateral.

Borrowings under Credit Agreement

On January 24, 2013, the Company entered into a \$50.0 million credit agreement with one of its multiple committed financing counterparties in order to finance its securities and lending activities (the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement terminates on January 24, 2016 with no further extension options. Interest on the Credit Agreement is London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 275 basis points per annum payable monthly in arrears. LCFH is

subject to customary affirmative covenants and negative covenants, including limitations on the assumption or incurrence of additional liens or debt, restrictions on certain payments or transfers of assets, and restrictions on the amendment of contracts or documents related to the assets under pledge. Under the credit agreement, LCFH is subject to customary financial covenants relating to maximum leverage, minimum tangible net worth, and minimum liquidity consistent with our other credit facilities. The Company's ability to borrow under this credit agreement is dependent on, among other things, LCFH's compliance with the financial covenants. The Company believes it was in compliance with all covenants as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

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Borrowings under Credit and Security Agreement

On October 31, 2014, the Company entered into a credit and security agreement (the “Credit and Security Agreement”) with a major banking institution to finance one of its assets in the amount of \$46.8 million and an interest rate of LIBOR plus 185 basis points. The Company is subject to customary affirmative and negative covenants under this agreement, including prohibitions on additional indebtedness or liens, restrictions on fundamental changes, and limitations to underlying loan actions or modifications. There are no financial covenants applicable to this agreement.

Revolving Credit Facility

On February 11, 2014, the Company entered into a revolving credit facility (the “Revolving Credit Facility”). The Revolving Credit Facility provides for an aggregate maximum borrowing amount of \$75.0 million, including a \$25.0 million sublimit for the issuance of letters of credit. The Revolving Credit Facility is available on a revolving basis to finance the Company’s working capital needs and for general corporate purposes. The Revolving Credit Facility has a three-year maturity, which maturity may be extended by two twelve-month periods subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions, including the absence of default. Interest on the Revolving Credit Facility is one-month LIBOR plus 3.50% per annum payable monthly in arrears.

The obligations under the Revolving Credit Facility are guaranteed by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries. The Revolving Credit Facility is secured by a pledge of the shares of (or other ownership or equity interests in) certain subsidiaries to the extent the pledge is not restricted under existing regulations, law or contractual obligations.

LCFH is subject to customary affirmative covenants and negative covenants, including limitations on the incurrence of additional debt, liens, restricted payments, sales of assets and affiliate transactions. In addition, under the Revolving Credit Facility, LCFH is required to comply with financial covenants relating to minimum net worth, maximum leverage, minimum liquidity, and minimum fixed charge coverage, consistent with our other credit facilities. The Company’s ability to borrow under the Revolving Credit Facility is dependent on, among other things, LCFH’s compliance with the financial covenants. The Revolving Credit Facility contains customary events of default, including non-payment of principal or interest, fees or other amounts, failure to perform or observe covenants, cross-default to other indebtedness, the rendering of judgments against the Company or certain of our subsidiaries to pay certain amounts of money and certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency.

Mortgage Loan Financing

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company executed 20 term debt agreements to finance properties in its real estate portfolio. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company executed one term debt agreement to finance such real estate. These nonrecourse debt agreements are fixed rate financing at rates, ranging from 4.25% to 6.75%, maturing in 2018, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024 and 2025. These loans have carrying amounts of \$529.1 million and \$447.4 million, net of unamortized premiums of \$7.1 million and \$5.3 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, representing proceeds received upon financing greater than the contractual amounts due under the agreements. The premiums are being amortized over the remaining life of the respective debt instruments using the effective interest method. The Company recorded \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million of premium amortization, which decreased interest expense, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. The Company recorded \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million of premium amortization, which decreased interest expense, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. The loans are collateralized by real estate and related lease intangibles, net, of \$691.0 million and \$591.6 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank (“FHLB”)

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On July 11, 2012, Tuebor, a wholly-owned consolidated subsidiary, became a member of the FHLB and subsequently drew its first secured funding advances from the FHLB. On June 26, 2015, Tuebor's advance limit was increased to the lesser of \$2.9 billion, 40% of Ladder Capital Corp's total assets or 150% of Ladder Capital Corp's total equity.

As of June 30, 2015, Tuebor had \$1.8 billion of borrowings outstanding (with an additional \$507.8 million of committed term financing available from the FHLB), with terms of overnight to nine years, interest rates of 0.25% to 2.74%, and advance rates of 48.8% to 95.2% of the collateral. As of June 30, 2015, collateral for the borrowings was comprised of \$1.6 billion of CMBS and U.S. Agency Securities and \$704.6 million of first mortgage commercial real estate loans.

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As of December 31, 2014, Tuebor had \$1.6 billion of borrowings outstanding (with an additional \$289.0 million of committed term financing available from the FHLB), with terms of overnight to 10 years, interest rates of 0.30% to 2.74%, and advance rates of 50.0% to 95.2% of the collateral. As of December 31, 2014, collateral for the borrowings was comprised of \$1.6 billion of CMBS and U.S. Agency Securities and \$451.8 million of first mortgage commercial real estate loans.

Tuebor is subject to state regulations which require that dividends (including dividends to the Company as its parent) may only be made with regulatory approval. However, there can be no assurance that we would obtain such approval if sought. Largely as a result of this restriction, approximately \$378.8 million of the member's capital were restricted from transfer to Tuebor's parent without prior approval of state insurance regulators at June 30, 2015.

Combined Maturity of Debt Obligations

The following schedule reflects the Company's contractual payments under all borrowings by maturity (\$ in thousands):

Period ending December 31,	Borrowings by Maturity (1)(2)
2015 (last 6 months)	\$1,448,702
2016	1,037,702
2017	455,958
2018	78,323
2019	28,517
Thereafter	1,040,453
Total	\$4,089,655

(1) Contractual payments under current maturities, some of which are subject to extensions.

(2) Includes \$611.4 million of the Company's senior unsecured notes. Refer to Note 8.

The Company's debt facilities are subject to covenants which require the Company to maintain a minimum level of total equity. Largely as a result of this restriction, approximately \$900.3 million of the total equity is restricted from payment as a dividend by the Company at June 30, 2015.

8. SENIOR UNSECURED NOTES

In April 2015, FASB issued ASU 2015-03, which requires that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. Beginning April 1, 2015, the Company elected to early adopt ASU 2015-03 and appropriately retrospectively applied the guidance to its senior unsecured notes, to all periods presented. Unamortized debt issuance costs of \$8.2 million are included in senior unsecured notes as of June 30, 2015, and unamortized debt issuance costs of \$9.4 million are included in senior unsecured notes as of December 31, 2014 (previously included in other assets on the combined consolidated balance sheets).

On September 19, 2012, LCFH issued \$325.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 7.375% Senior Notes due October 1, 2017 (the "2017 Notes"). The 2017 Notes require interest payments semi-annually in cash in arrears on April 1 and October 1 of each year, beginning on September 19, 2012. The 2017 Notes are unsecured and are subject to incurrence-based covenants, including limitations on the incurrence of additional debt, restricted payments, liens, sales of assets, affiliate transactions and other covenants typical for financings of this type.

On August 1, 2014, LCFH issued \$300.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.875% senior notes due 2021 (the “2021 Notes”). The 2021 Notes require interest payments semi-annually in cash in arrears on February 1 and August 1 of each year, beginning on February 1, 2015. The 2021 Notes will mature on August 1, 2021. The 2021 Notes are unsecured and are subject to incurrence-based covenants, including limitations on the incurrence of additional debt, restricted payments, liens, sales of assets, affiliate transactions and other covenants typical for financings of this type.

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On December 17, 2014, the Company retired \$5.4 million of principal of the 2017 Notes for a repurchase price of \$5.6 million recognizing a \$0.1 million loss on extinguishment of debt. The remaining \$319.6 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Senior Notes is due October 2, 2017.

LCFH issued the 2021 Notes and the 2017 Notes (collectively, the “Notes”) with Ladder Capital Finance Corporation (“LCFC”), as co-issuers on a joint and several basis. LCFC is a 100% owned finance subsidiary of LCFH with no assets, operations, revenues or cash flows other than those related to the issuance, administration and repayment of the Notes. Ladder Capital Corp and certain subsidiaries of LCFH currently guarantee the obligations under the Notes and the indenture.

9. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is based upon market quotations, broker quotations, counterparty quotations or pricing services quotations, which provide valuation estimates based upon reasonable market order indications and are subject to significant variability based on market conditions, such as interest rates, credit spreads and market liquidity. The fair value of the mortgage loan receivables held for sale is based upon a securitization model utilizing market data from recent securitization spreads and pricing.

Fair Value Summary Table

The carrying values and estimated fair values of the Company’s financial instruments, which are both reported at fair value on a recurring basis (as indicated) or amortized cost/par, at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are as follows (\$ in thousands):

June 30, 2015

	Outstanding Face Amount	Amortized Cost Basis	Fair Value	Fair Value Method	Weighted Average Yield %	Remaining Maturity/Duration (years)
Assets:						
CMBS(1)	\$ 1,834,181	\$ 1,858,247	\$ 1,867,019	Internal model, third-party inputs	2.72 %	3.48
CMBS interest-only(1)	6,742,719	(9) 344,990	345,739	Internal model, third-party inputs	3.53 %	3.49
GNMA interest-only(2)	959,516	(9) 44,059	41,822	Internal model, third-party inputs	4.40 %	5.38
GN construction securities(1)	33,206	33,964	34,218	Internal model, third-party inputs	3.59 %	9.10
GN permanent securities(1)	10,004	10,272	10,537	Internal model, third-party inputs	4.95 %	4.22
Mortgage loan receivable held for investment, at amortized cost	1,758,362	1,740,808	1,760,986	Discounted Cash Flow(5)	7.74 %	1.71

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Mortgage loan receivable held for sale	507,425	507,710	517,337	Discounted Cash Flow(6)	4.30	%	8.39
FHLB stock(7)	69,931	69,931	69,931	(7)	3.50	%	N/A
Nonhedge derivatives(1)(8)	351,700	N/A	1,600	Counterparty quotations	N/A		0.91
Liabilities:							
Repurchase agreements - short-term	751,296	751,296	751,296	Discounted Cash Flow(3)	1.59	%	0.40
Repurchase agreements - long-term	305,084	305,084	305,084	Discounted Cash Flow(4)	1.26	%	1.37
Borrowings under credit agreement	12,000	12,000	12,000	Discounted Cash Flow(10)	2.94	%	0.08
Borrowings under credit and security agreement	46,750	46,750	46,750	Discounted Cash Flow(10)	2.04	%	1.27
Revolving credit facility	75,000	75,000	75,000	Discounted Cash Flow(10)	3.69	%	0.08
Mortgage loan financing	523,055	529,097	533,688	Discounted Cash Flow(4)	4.85	%	8.22
Borrowings from the FHLB	1,758,000	1,758,000	1,764,072	Discounted Cash Flow	0.76	%	1.57
Senior unsecured notes	619,555	619,555	624,087	Broker quotations, pricing services	6.65	%	4.11
Nonhedge derivatives(1)(8)	1,017,900	N/A	9,165	Counterparty quotations	N/A		1.80

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December 31, 2014

	Outstanding Face Amount	Amortized Cost Basis	Fair Value	Fair Value Method	Weighted Average Yield %	Remaining Maturity/Duration (years)
Assets:						
CMBS(1)	\$ 2,247,565	\$ 2,277,995	\$ 2,305,409	Broker quotations, pricing services	2.60 %	4.23
CMBS interest-only(1)	7,239,503	(9) 376,085	378,335	Broker quotations, pricing services	4.88 %	3.45
GNMA interest-only(2)	1,400,141	(9) 67,543	66,642	Broker quotations, pricing services	5.90 %	4.50
GN construction securities(1)	27,538	28,178	28,406	Broker quotations, pricing services	3.56 %	9.42
GN permanent securities(1)	36,232	36,515	36,773	Broker quotations, pricing services	4.94 %	1.32
Mortgage loan receivable held for investment, at amortized cost	1,536,923	1,521,053	1,540,388	Discounted Cash Flow(5)	7.33 %	1.96
Mortgage loan receivable held for sale	417,955	417,955	421,991	Discounted Cash Flow(6)	4.31 %	9.72
FHLB stock(7)	72,340	72,340	72,340	(7)	3.50 %	N/A
Nonhedge derivatives(1)(8)	125,050	N/A	424	Counterparty quotations	N/A	3.45
Liabilities:						
Repurchase agreements - short-term	1,331,603	1,331,603	1,331,603	Discounted Cash Flow(3)	1.32 %	0.23
Repurchase agreements - long-term	100,062	100,062	100,062	Discounted Cash Flow(3)	1.89 %	1.59
Borrowings under credit agreement	11,000	11,000	11,000	Discounted Cash Flow(10)	2.91 %	1.07
Borrowings under credit and security agreement	46,750	46,750	46,750	Discounted Cash Flow(10)	2.01 %	1.77
Revolving credit facility	25,000	25,000	25,000	Discounted Cash Flow(10)	3.66 %	2.12

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Mortgage loan financing	442,753	447,410	455,846	Discounted Cash Flow(4)	4.85 %	8.47
Borrowings from the FHLB	1,611,000	1,611,000	1,616,373	Discounted Cash Flow	0.79 %	2.05
Senior unsecured notes	619,555	619,555	611,745	Broker quotations, pricing services	6.65 %	4.61
Nonhedge derivatives(1)(8)	1,428,700	N/A	13,446	Counterparty quotations	N/A	1.41

(1) Measured at fair value on a recurring basis with the net unrealized gains or losses recorded as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) in equity

(2) Measured at fair value on a recurring basis with the net unrealized gains or losses recorded in current period earnings

(3) Fair value for repurchase agreement liabilities is estimated to approximate carrying amount primarily due to the short interest rate reset risk (30 days) of the financings and the high credit quality of the assets collateralizing these positions. If the collateral is determined to be impaired, the related financing would be revalued accordingly. There are no impairments on any positions.

(4) For the mortgage loan financing, the carrying value approximates the fair value discounting the expected cash flows at current market rates. If the collateral is determined to be impaired, the related financing would be revalued accordingly. There are no impairments on any positions.

(5) Fair value for floating rate mortgage loan receivables, held for investment is estimated to approximate the outstanding face amount given the short interest rate reset risk (30 days) and no significant change in credit risk. Fair value for fixed rate mortgage loan receivables, held for investment is measured using a hypothetical securitization model utilizing market data from recent securitization spreads and pricing.

(6) Fair value for mortgage loan receivables, held for sale is measured using a hypothetical securitization model utilizing market data from recent securitization spreads and pricing.

(7) Fair value of the FHLB stock approximates outstanding face amount as the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary is restricted from trading the stock and can only put the stock back to the FHLB, at the FHLB's discretion, at par.

(8) The outstanding face amount of the nonhedge derivatives represents the notional amount of the underlying contracts.

(9) Represents notional outstanding balance of underlying collateral

(10) Fair value for borrowings under credit agreement, credit and security agreement and revolving credit facility is estimated to approximate carrying amount primarily due to the short interest rate reset risk (30 days) of the financings and the high credit quality of the assets collateralizing these positions.

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The following table summarizes the Company's financial assets and liabilities, which are both reported at fair value on a recurring basis (as indicated) or amortized cost/par, at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (\$ in thousands):

June 30, 2015

Financial Instruments Reported at Fair Value on Combined Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition	Outstanding Face Amount	Fair Value			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:					
CMBS(1)	\$1,834,181	\$—	\$—	\$1,867,019	\$1,867,019
CMBS interest-only(1)	6,742,719	(3) —	—	345,739	345,739
GNMA interest-only(2)	959,516	(3) —	41,822	—	41,822
GN construction securities(1)	33,206	—	34,218	—	34,218
GN permanent securities(1)	10,004	—	10,537	—	10,537
Nonhedge derivatives(4)	351,700	—	1,600	—	1,600
		\$—	\$88,177	\$2,212,758	\$2,300,935
Liabilities:					
Nonhedge derivatives(4)	1,017,900	\$—	\$9,165	\$—	\$9,165
Financial Instruments Not Reported at Fair Value on Combined Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition					
		Fair Value			
	Outstanding Face Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:					
Mortgage loan receivable held for investment	\$1,758,362	\$—	\$—	\$1,760,986	\$1,760,986
Mortgage loan receivable held for sale	507,425	—	—	517,337	517,337
FHLB stock	69,931	—	—	69,931	69,931
		\$—	\$—	\$2,348,254	\$2,348,254
Liabilities:					
Repurchase agreements (short-term)	751,296	\$—	\$39,465	\$711,831	\$751,296
Repurchase agreements (long-term)	305,084	—	—	305,084	305,084
Borrowings under credit agreement	12,000	—	—	12,000	12,000
Borrowings under credit and security agreement	46,750	—	—	46,750	46,750
Revolving credit facility	75,000	—	—	75,000	75,000
Mortgage loan financing	523,055	—	—	533,688	533,688
Borrowings from the FHLB	1,758,000	—	—	1,764,072	1,764,072
Senior unsecured notes	619,555	—	—	624,087	624,087
		\$—	\$39,465	\$4,072,512	\$4,111,977

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- (1) Measured at fair value on a recurring basis with the net unrealized gains or losses recorded as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) in equity.
- (2) Measured at fair value on a recurring basis with the net unrealized gains or losses recorded in current period earnings.
- (3) Represents notional outstanding balance of underlying collateral.
Measured at fair value on a recurring basis with the net unrealized gains or losses recorded in current period
- (4) earnings. The outstanding face amount of the nonhedge derivatives represents the notional amount of the underlying contracts.

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December 31, 2014

Financial Instruments Reported at Fair Value on Combined Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition	Outstanding Face Amount	Fair Value			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:					
CMBS(1)	\$2,247,565	\$—	\$—	\$2,305,409	\$2,305,409
CMBS interest-only(1)	7,239,503	(3) —	—	378,335	378,335
GNMA interest-only(2)	1,400,141	(3) —	66,642	—	66,642
GN construction securities(1)	27,538	—	28,406	—	28,406
GN permanent securities(1)	36,232	—	36,773	—	36,773
Nonhedge derivatives(4)	125,050	—	424	—	424
		\$—	\$132,245	\$2,683,744	\$2,815,989
Liabilities:					
Nonhedge derivatives(4)	1,428,700	—	13,446	—	13,446
Financial Instruments Not Reported at Fair Value on Combined Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition	Outstanding Face Amount	Fair Value			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:					
Mortgage loan receivable held for investment	1,536,923	—	—	1,540,388	1,540,388
Mortgage loan receivable held for sale	417,955	—	—	421,991	421,991
FHLB stock	72,340	—	—	72,340	72,340
		\$—	\$—	\$2,034,719	\$2,034,719
Liabilities:					
Repurchase agreements (short-term)	1,331,603	—	68,357	1,263,246	1,331,603
Repurchase agreements (long-term)	100,062	—	—	100,062	100,062
Borrowings under credit agreement	11,000	—	—	11,000	11,000
Borrowings under credit and security agreement	46,750	—	—	46,750	46,750
Revolving credit facility	25,000	—	—	25,000	25,000