

BANCFIRST CORP /OK/  
Form 10-Q  
November 04, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2016

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 0-14384

BancFirst Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

Oklahoma 73-1221379  
(State or other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer  
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

101 N. Broadway, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102-8405  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)  
(405) 270-1086

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

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(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (sec. 232-405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of “accelerated filer and large accelerated filer” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of October 31, 2016 there were 15,708,383 shares of the registrant’s Common Stock outstanding.

## PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements.

## BANCFIRST CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands)

	September 30, 2016  (unaudited)	December 31, 2015  (see Note 1)
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 174,061	\$ 203,364
Interest-bearing deposits with banks	1,532,095	1,394,813
Federal funds sold	500	—
Securities (fair value: \$473,785 and \$553,010, respectively)	473,738	552,949
Loans held for sale	9,685	13,725
Loans (net of unearned interest)	4,307,827	4,232,048
Allowance for loan losses	(48,061 )	(41,666 )
Loans, net of allowance for loan losses	4,259,766	4,190,382
Premises and equipment, net	126,415	126,813
Other real estate owned	4,038	7,984
Intangible assets, net	13,898	15,695
Goodwill	54,042	54,042
Accrued interest receivable and other assets	135,299	133,062
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 6,783,537</b>	<b>\$ 6,692,829</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Deposits:		
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 2,477,107	\$ 2,409,769
Interest-bearing	3,547,842	3,563,589
<b>Total deposits</b>	<b>6,024,949</b>	<b>5,973,358</b>
Short-term borrowings	4,000	500
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	28,898	31,502
Junior subordinated debentures	31,959	31,959
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>6,089,806</b>	<b>6,037,319</b>
Stockholders' equity:		
Senior preferred stock, \$1.00 par; 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued	—	—
Cumulative preferred stock, \$5.00 par; 900,000 shares authorized; none issued	—	—
Common stock, \$1.00 par, 20,000,000 shares authorized; shares issued and	15,695	15,597

outstanding: 15,695,083 and 15,597,446, respectively		
Capital surplus	111,012	102,865
Retained earnings	565,039	535,521
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of income tax of \$1,252		
and \$962, respectively	1,985	1,527
Total stockholders' equity	693,731	655,510
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$6,783,537	\$6,692,829

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## BANCFIRST CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
<b>INTEREST INCOME</b>				
Loans, including fees	\$51,647	\$47,342	\$152,888	\$139,781
Securities:				
Taxable	1,242	1,291	3,913	4,148
Tax-exempt	248	249	746	730
Federal funds sold	1	—	1	—
Interest-bearing deposits with banks	1,968	1,009	5,622	3,137
Total interest income	55,106	49,891	163,170	147,796
<b>INTEREST EXPENSE</b>				
Deposits	3,149	2,522	9,321	7,602
Short-term borrowings	2	1	5	3
Junior subordinated debentures	524	492	1,569	1,474
Total interest expense	3,675	3,015	10,895	9,079
Net interest income	51,431	46,876	152,275	138,717
Provision for loan losses	2,940	1,424	9,847	4,029
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	48,491	45,452	142,428	134,688
<b>NONINTEREST INCOME</b>				
Trust revenue	2,685	2,295	7,752	6,837
Service charges on deposits	16,033	14,910	46,228	42,574
Securities transactions (includes accumulated other comprehensive income reclassifications of \$(85), \$0, \$15 and \$3,912, respectively)	(146 )	—	(111 )	7,121
Income from sales of loans	863	545	2,120	1,534
Insurance commissions	4,372	4,427	11,762	11,615
Cash management	2,853	1,906	7,903	5,611
Gain on sale of other assets	2	27	61	108
Other	1,265	1,214	3,886	3,935
Total noninterest income	27,927	25,324	79,601	79,335
<b>NONINTEREST EXPENSE</b>				
Salaries and employee benefits	30,591	28,746	89,956	84,145
Occupancy, net	3,217	3,051	9,115	8,586
Depreciation	2,556	2,488	7,653	7,401
Amortization of intangible assets	560	444	1,721	1,333
Data processing services	1,178	1,132	3,567	3,428
Net expense (income) from other real estate owned	162	51	(944 )	181
Marketing and business promotion	1,779	1,640	5,258	4,720
Deposit insurance	641	820	2,335	2,482
Other	8,520	7,980	24,554	24,428

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Total noninterest expense	49,204	46,352	143,215	136,704
Income before taxes	27,214	24,424	78,814	77,319
Income tax expense	9,232	8,794	26,760	26,877
Net income	\$17,982	\$15,630	\$52,054	\$50,442
<b>NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE</b>				
Basic	\$1.15	\$1.01	\$3.34	\$3.25
Diluted	\$1.13	\$0.98	\$3.28	\$3.18
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>				
Unrealized (losses) gains on securities, net of tax of \$423, \$(91), \$(296) and \$(507), respectively	(670 )	145	467	803
Reclassification adjustment for losses (gains) included in net income, net of tax of \$(33), \$0, \$6 and \$1,513, respectively	52	—	(9 )	(2,399 )
Other comprehensive (losses) gains, net of tax of \$390, \$(91), \$(290) and \$1,006, respectively	(618 )	145	458	(1,596 )
Comprehensive income	\$17,364	\$15,775	\$52,512	\$48,846

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## BANCFIRST CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
<b>COMMON STOCK</b>				
Issued at beginning of period	\$ 15,560	\$ 15,562	\$ 15,597	\$ 15,504
Shares issued	135	29	198	87
Shares acquired and canceled	—	—	(100 )	—
Issued at end of period	\$ 15,695	\$ 15,591	\$ 15,695	\$ 15,591
<b>CAPITAL SURPLUS</b>				
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 105,676	\$ 99,202	\$ 102,865	\$ 96,841
Common stock issued	3,767	749	5,634	2,065
Tax effect of stock options	1,204	395	1,247	686
Stock-based compensation arrangements	365	489	1,266	1,243
Balance at end of period	\$ 111,012	\$ 100,835	\$ 111,012	\$ 100,835
<b>RETAINED EARNINGS</b>				
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 552,991	\$ 517,028	\$ 535,521	\$ 492,776
Net income	17,982	15,630	52,054	50,442
Dividends on common stock (\$0.38, \$0.36, \$1.10 and \$1.04 per share, respectively)	(5,934 )	(5,620 )	(17,113 )	(16,180 )
Common stock acquired and canceled	—	—	(5,423 )	—
Balance at end of period	\$ 565,039	\$ 527,038	\$ 565,039	\$ 527,038
<b>ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>				
Unrealized gains on securities:				
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 2,603	\$ 2,452	\$ 1,527	\$ 4,193
Net change	(618 )	145	458	(1,596 )
Balance at end of period	\$ 1,985	\$ 2,597	\$ 1,985	\$ 2,597
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 693,731	\$ 646,061	\$ 693,731	\$ 646,061

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## BANCFIRST CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income	\$52,054	\$50,442
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Provision for loan losses	9,847	4,029
Depreciation and amortization	9,374	8,734
Net amortization of securities premiums and discounts	161	747
Realized securities losses (gains)	111	(7,121 )
Gain on sales of loans	(2,120 )	(1,534 )
Cash receipts from the sale of loans originated for sale	143,044	132,957
Cash disbursements for loans originated for sale	(136,903 )	(134,396 )
Deferred income tax benefit	(3,069 )	(1,029 )
Gain on other assets	(1,294 )	(76 )
Increase in interest receivable	73	8
Decrease in interest payable	(22 )	(64 )
Amortization of stock-based compensation arrangements	1,266	1,243
Other, net	(1,684 )	4,797
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$70,838	\$58,737
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net increase in federal funds sold	(500 )	—
Purchases of held for investment securities	(806 )	(1,085 )
Purchases of available for sale securities	(78,592 )	(41,424 )
Proceeds from maturities, calls and paydowns of held for investment securities	5,039	1,344
Proceeds from maturities, calls and paydowns of available for sale securities	153,620	53,285
Proceeds from sales of available for sale securities	426	8,576
Net change in loans	(82,782 )	(113,740 )
Purchases of premises, equipment and computer software	(7,845 )	(9,535 )
Proceeds from the sale of other assets	8,740	4,324
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,700 )	(98,255 )
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net change in deposits	51,591	(206,113 )
Net increase/(decrease) in short-term borrowings	3,500	(205 )
Issuance of common stock, net	7,079	2,838
Common stock acquired	(5,523 )	—
Cash dividends paid	(16,806 )	(15,836 )
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	39,841	(219,316 )
Net increase/(decrease) in cash, due from banks and interest-bearing deposits	107,979	(258,834 )
Cash, due from banks and interest-bearing deposits at the beginning of the period	1,598,177	1,913,895
Cash, due from banks and interest-bearing deposits at the end of the period	\$1,706,156	\$1,655,061



SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 10,919	\$ 9,142
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$ 26,200	\$ 26,531
Noncash investing and financing activities:		
Unpaid common stock dividends declared	\$ 5,922	\$ 5,609

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BANCFIRST CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(1) DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of BancFirst Corporation and its subsidiaries (the “Company”) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America (U.S. GAAP) and general practice within the banking industry. A summary of significant accounting policies can be found in Note (1) to the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of BancFirst Corporation, Council Oak Partners, LLC, BancFirst Insurance Services, Inc. and BancFirst and its subsidiaries. The principal operating subsidiaries of BancFirst are Council Oak Investment Corporation, Council Oak Real Estate, Inc. and BancFirst Agency, Inc. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Assets held in a fiduciary or agency capacity are not assets of the Company and, accordingly, are not included in the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements and notes are presented in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q. The information contained in the financial statements and footnotes included in BancFirst Corporation’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, should be referred to in connection with these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements. Operating results for the interim periods disclosed herein are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year or any future period.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements contained herein reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to provide a fair statement of the financial position and results of operations of the Company for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal and recurring nature. There have been no significant changes in the accounting policies of the Company since December 31, 2015, the date of the most recent annual report.

Reclassifications

Certain items in prior financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on previously reported cash flows, stockholders’ equity or comprehensive income.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States inherently involves the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the related disclosures. These estimates relate principally to the determination of the allowance for loan losses, income taxes, the fair value of financial instruments and the valuation of intangibles. Such estimates and assumptions may change over time and actual amounts realized may differ from those reported.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2016-15, “Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments.” ASU 2016-15 is intended to reduce the diversity in practice around how certain transactions are classified within the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-15 will be effective on January 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted with retrospective applications. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of ASU 2016-15 on its financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, “Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments.” ASU 2016-13 requires a financial asset measured at amortized cost basis to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected. The measurement of expected credit losses is based on relevant information about past events, including historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the collectability of the reported amount. ASU 2016-13 requires enhanced disclosures related to the significant estimates and judgements used in estimating credit losses, as well as the credit quality and underwriting standards of an organization’s portfolio. In addition, ASU 2016-13 amends the accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. ASU 2016-13 will be effective on January 1, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of ASU 2016-13 on its financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, “Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting.” Under ASU 2016-09 all excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies related to share-based payment awards should be recognized as income tax expense or benefit in the income statement during the period in which they occur. Previously, such amounts were recorded in the pool of excess tax benefits included in additional paid-in capital, if such pool was available. Because excess tax benefits are no longer recognized in additional paid-in capital, the assumed proceeds from applying the treasury stock method when computing earnings per share should exclude the amount of excess tax benefits that would have previously been recognized in additional paid-in capital. Additionally, excess tax benefits should be classified along with other income tax cash flows as an operating activity rather than a financing activity, as was previously the case. ASU 2016-09 also provides that an entity can make an entity-wide accounting policy election to either estimate the number of awards that are expected to vest (current GAAP) or account for forfeitures when they occur. ASU 2016-09 changes the threshold to qualify for equity classification (rather than as a liability) to permit withholding up to the maximum statutory tax rates (rather than the minimum as was previously the case) in the applicable jurisdictions. ASU 2016-09 will be effective on January 1, 2017 and is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company’s financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, “Leases - (Topic 842).” ASU 2016-02 requires that lessees recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by leases. The amendments are effective for annual periods, and interim reporting periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. Adoption of ASU 2016-02 is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company’s financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, “Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10).” ASU 2016-01 require all equity investments (except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting or those that result in consolidation of the investee) to be measured at fair value with changes in the fair value recognized through net income. In addition, the amendment will require an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments. The amendments are effective for annual periods, and interim reporting periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is not permitted. Adoption of ASU 2016-01 is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company’s financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, “Presentation of Financial Statements – Going Concern (Topic 205-40).” ASU 2014-15 provides guidance on management’s responsibility in evaluating whether there is substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern and related footnote disclosures. For each reporting period, management will be required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern within one year from the date the financial statements are issued. The amendments are effective for annual periods, and interim reporting periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. Adoption of ASU 2014-15 is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company’s financial statements.

## (2) RECENT DEVELOPMENTS, INCLUDING MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS

On October 8, 2015, the Company completed its acquisition of CSB Bancshares Inc. and its subsidiary bank, Bank of Commerce, with locations in Yukon, Mustang and El Reno, Oklahoma. Bank of Commerce had approximately \$196 million in total assets, \$147 million in loans, \$175 million in deposits and \$22 million in equity capital. The

acquisition was accounted for under the acquisition method and the Company acquired 100% of the voting interest. Bank of Commerce operated as a subsidiary of BancFirst Corporation until it was merged into BancFirst on November 13, 2015. As a result of the acquisition, the Company recorded a core deposit intangible of approximately \$7.1 million and goodwill of approximately \$9.4 million. The effect of this acquisition was included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company from the date of acquisition forward. The acquisition did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements. The acquisition of CSB Bancshares Inc. and its subsidiary bank, Bank of Commerce complemented the Company's community banking strategy by adding two communities to its banking network throughout Oklahoma.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2016, the Company had gains on the sale of other real estate owned totaling \$1.2 million that is included in net expense (income) from other real estate owned in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

## (3) SECURITIES

The following table summarizes securities held for investment and securities available for sale:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
	(Dollars in thousands)	
Held for investment, at cost (fair value: \$4,601 and \$8,850, respectively)	\$4,554	\$8,789
Available for sale, at fair value	469,184	544,160
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$473,738</b>	<b>\$552,949</b>

The following table summarizes the amortized cost and estimated fair values of securities held for investment:

	Gross		Estimated	
	Amortized		Fair	
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
	(Dollars in thousands)			
<b>September 30, 2016</b>				
Mortgage backed securities (1)	\$273	\$ 21	\$ —	\$ 294
States and political subdivisions	3,781	28	(2 )	3,807
Other securities	500	—	—	500
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$4,554</b>	<b>\$ 49</b>	<b>\$ (2 )</b>	<b>\$ 4,601</b>
<b>December 31, 2015</b>				
Mortgage backed securities (1)	\$347	\$ 25	\$ —	\$ 372
States and political subdivisions	7,942	36	—	7,978
Other securities	500	—	—	500
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$8,789</b>	<b>\$ 61</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 8,850</b>

The following table summarizes the amortized cost and estimated fair values of securities available for sale:

	Gross		Estimated	
	Amortized		Fair	
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
	(Dollars in thousands)			
<b>September 30, 2016</b>				
U.S. treasuries	\$204,350	\$ 1,773	\$ —	\$206,123
U.S. federal agencies	192,271	494	(117 )	192,648
Mortgage backed securities (1)	20,467	379	(561 )	20,285
States and political subdivisions	42,412	1,354	(62 )	43,704
Other securities (2)	6,447	125	(148 )	6,424
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$465,947</b>	<b>\$ 4,125</b>	<b>\$ (888 )</b>	<b>\$469,184</b>
<b>December 31, 2015</b>				

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U.S. treasuries	\$328,965	\$ 776	\$ (45 )	\$329,696
U.S. federal agencies	131,522	527	(153 )	131,896
Mortgage backed securities (1)	21,973	425	(543 )	21,855
States and political subdivisions	49,521	1,447	(48 )	50,920
Other securities (2)	9,689	249	(145 )	9,793
Total	\$541,670	\$ 3,424	\$ (934 )	\$544,160

(1) Primarily consists of FHLMC, FNMA, GNMA and mortgage backed securities through U.S. agencies.

(2) Primarily consists of equity securities.

Realized gains are reported as securities transactions within the noninterest income section of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. In January 2015, Council Oak Investment Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of BancFirst, recognized a pretax gain of approximately \$1.7 million from the sale of one of its equity investments. In June 2015, Council Oak Partners, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, recognized a pretax gain of approximately \$5.3 million from the sale of one of its equity investments.

The maturities of securities held for investment and available for sale are summarized in the following table using contractual maturities. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities due to obligations that are called or prepaid. For purposes of the maturity table, mortgage-backed securities, which are not due at a single maturity date, have been presented at their contractual maturity.

	September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Estimated		Estimated	
	Amortized Fair		Amortized Fair	
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
	(Dollars in thousands)			
<b>Held for Investment</b>				
Contractual maturity of debt securities:				
Within one year	\$1,637	\$1,646	\$5,168	\$5,174
After one year but within five years	2,162	2,179	2,800	2,829
After five years but within ten years	736	756	795	319
After ten years	19	20	26	528
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$4,554</b>	<b>\$4,601</b>	<b>\$8,789</b>	<b>\$8,850</b>
<b>Available for Sale</b>				
Contractual maturity of debt securities:				
Within one year	\$205,834	\$206,093	\$272,820	\$272,779
After one year but within five years	178,939	181,187	178,617	180,145
After five years but within ten years	6,608	7,088	8,483	9,075
After ten years	68,119	68,392	75,522	75,853
<b>Total debt securities</b>	<b>459,500</b>	<b>462,760</b>	<b>535,442</b>	<b>537,852</b>
<b>Other securities</b>	<b>6,447</b>	<b>6,424</b>	<b>6,228</b>	<b>6,308</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$465,947</b>	<b>\$469,184</b>	<b>\$541,670</b>	<b>\$544,160</b>

The following table is a summary of the Company's book value of securities that were pledged as collateral for public funds on deposit, repurchase agreements and for other purposes as required or permitted by law:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
	(Dollars in thousands)	
<b>Book value of pledged securities</b>	<b>\$419,481</b>	<b>\$493,540</b>

**(4) LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES**

The following is a schedule of loans outstanding by category:

September 30, 2016      December 31, 2015



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	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Commercial and financial:				
Commercial and industrial	\$792,335	18.39 %	\$795,803	18.80 %
Oil & gas production and equipment	75,627	1.76	87,304	2.06
Agriculture	136,150	3.16	150,620	3.56
State and political subdivisions:				
Taxable	39,160	0.91	17,605	0.42
Tax-exempt	39,930	0.93	33,575	0.79
Real estate:				
Construction	402,901	9.35	403,664	9.54
Farmland	191,218	4.44	184,707	4.36
One to four family residences	845,360	19.62	821,251	19.41
Multifamily residential properties	59,967	1.39	65,477	1.55
Commercial	1,410,730	32.75	1,356,430	32.05
Consumer	277,671	6.45	283,636	6.70
Other (not classified above)	36,778	0.85	31,976	0.76
Total loans	\$4,307,827	100.00 %	\$4,232,048	100.00 %

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The Company's commercial and industrial loan category includes a small percentage of loans to companies that provide ancillary services to the oil and gas industry, such as transportation, preparation contractors and equipment manufacturers. The balance of these loans at September 30, 2016 was approximately \$54 million.

The Company's loans are mostly to customers within Oklahoma and over 65% of the loans are secured by real estate. Credit risk on loans is managed through limits on amounts loaned to individual borrowers, underwriting standards and loan monitoring procedures. The amounts and types of collateral obtained, if any, to secure loans are based upon the Company's underwriting standards and management's credit evaluation. Collateral varies, but may include real estate, equipment, accounts receivable, inventory, livestock and securities. The Company's interest in collateral is secured through filing mortgages and liens, and in some cases, by possession of the collateral.

Accounting policies related to appraisals, nonaccruals and charge-offs are disclosed in Note (1) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

#### Nonperforming and Restructured Assets

The following is a summary of nonperforming and restructured assets:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
	(Dollars in thousands)	
Past due 90 days or more and still accruing	\$ 1,906	\$ 1,841
Nonaccrual	31,014	30,096
Restructured	1,842	15,143
Total nonperforming and restructured loans	34,762	47,080
Other real estate owned and repossessed assets	4,339	8,214
Total nonperforming and restructured assets	\$ 39,101	\$ 55,294

Had nonaccrual loans performed in accordance with their original contractual terms, the Company would have recognized additional interest income of approximately \$1.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and approximately \$1.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Restructured loans at December 31, 2015 consisted primarily of one relationship restructured in prior periods to defer certain principal payments. This relationship was re-evaluated and removed from restructured loans in 2016 due to sustained improvement in financial condition, performance and the commercially reasonable nature of its structure. The Company charges interest on principal balances outstanding during deferral periods. As a result, the current and future financial effects of the recorded balance of loans considered to be restructured were not considered to be material.

Loans are segregated into classes based upon the nature of the collateral and the borrower. These classes are used to estimate the credit risk component in the allowance for loan losses. The following table is a summary of amounts included in nonaccrual loans, segregated by class of loans. Residential real estate refers to one-to-four family real estate.

September 30,	December 31,
------------------	-----------------

2016      2015  
(Dollars in  
thousands)

## Real estate:

Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$274	\$ 261
Non-residential real estate other	5,910	3,957
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	829	656
Residential real estate all other	4,694	1,833
Commercial and financial:		
Non-consumer non-real estate	4,849	10,159
Consumer non-real estate	472	312
Other loans	9,008	9,381
Acquired loans	4,978	3,537
Total	\$31,014	\$ 30,096

The following table presents an age analysis of past due loans, segregated by class of loans:

Age Analysis of Past Due Loans							Accruing
	30-59	60-89	90 Days	Total	Current	Total	Loans 90
	Days	Days	and	Past	Loans	Loans	Days or
	Past	Past	Greater	Due	Loans	Loans	More
	Due	Due	Past	Loans	Loans	Loans	Past Due
	(Dollars in thousands)						
As of September 30, 2016							
Real estate:							
Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$3,899	\$704	\$506	\$5,109	\$521,548	\$526,657	\$269
Non-residential real estate other	504	86	1,995	2,585	1,126,466	1,129,051	91
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	2,278	895	1,029	4,202	327,619	331,821	468
Residential real estate all other	1,952	526	1,459	3,937	730,581	734,518	469
Commercial and financial:							
Non-consumer non-real estate	5,203	1,522	465	7,190	989,351	996,541	196
Consumer non-real estate	2,020	758	456	3,234	278,381	281,615	270
Other loans	1,208	235	8,199	9,642	138,276	147,918	—
Acquired loans	473	1,023	460	1,956	157,750	159,706	143
Total	\$17,537	\$5,749	\$14,569	\$37,855	\$4,269,972	\$4,307,827	\$1,906
As of December 31, 2015							
Real estate:							
Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$441	\$179	\$183	\$803	\$502,094	\$502,897	\$—
Non-residential real estate other	1,149	108	568	1,825	1,108,935	1,110,760	521
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	2,840	636	648	4,124	328,477	332,601	493
Residential real estate all other	2,842	609	824	4,275	672,414	676,689	193
Commercial and financial:							
Non-consumer non-real estate	2,278	161	187	2,626	982,136	984,762	152
Consumer non-real estate	2,237	772	349	3,358	265,511	268,869	278
Other loans	3,565	295	1,761	5,621	156,995	162,616	132
Acquired loans	1,052	71	918	2,041	190,813	192,854	72
Total	\$16,404	\$2,831	\$5,438	\$24,673	\$4,207,375	\$4,232,048	\$1,841
Impaired Loans							

Loans are considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable the Company will be unable to collect the full amount of scheduled principal and interest payments in accordance with the original contractual terms of the loan agreement. If a loan is impaired, a specific valuation allowance may be allocated, if necessary, so that the loan is reported, net of allowance for loss, at the present value of future cash flows using the loan's existing rate, or the fair value of collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral.



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The following table presents impaired loans, segregated by class of loans. No material amount of interest income was recognized on impaired loans subsequent to their classification as impaired.

	Impaired Loans			
	Recorded			Average
	Unpaid	Investment	Related	Recorded
	Principal	with	Allowance	Investment
	Balance	Allowance	Allowance	Investment
	(Dollars in thousands)			
As of September 30, 2016				
Real estate:				
Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$ 728	\$ 645	\$ 48	\$ 531
Non-residential real estate other	8,049	6,001	335	5,653
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	1,545	1,353	108	1,019
Residential real estate all other	5,704	5,465	1,428	6,007
Commercial and financial:				
Non-consumer non-real estate	11,644	6,255	1,470	7,347
Consumer non-real estate	898	863	235	909
Other loans	10,440	9,008	1,851	9,191
Acquired loans	7,265	5,344	—	4,015
Total	\$ 46,273	\$ 34,934	\$ 5,475	\$ 34,672
As of December 31, 2015				
Real estate:				
Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$ 507	\$ 383	\$ 14	\$ 446
Non-residential real estate other	21,068	19,052	357	19,655
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	1,401	1,209	81	1,125
Residential real estate all other	2,498	2,235	242	1,958
Commercial and financial:				
Non-consumer non-real estate	13,897	10,312	2,062	11,786
Consumer non-real estate	738	715	181	652
Other loans	10,722	9,513	331	10,335
Acquired loans	6,295	4,248	—	4,564
Total	\$ 57,126	\$ 47,667	\$ 3,268	\$ 50,521

### Credit Risk Monitoring and Loan Grading

The Company considers various factors to monitor the credit risk in the loan portfolio including volume and severity of loan delinquencies, nonaccrual loans, internal grading of loans, historical loan loss experience and economic conditions.

An internal risk grading system is used to indicate the credit risk of loans. The loan grades used by the Company are for internal risk identification purposes and do not directly correlate to regulatory classification categories or any financial reporting definitions.

The general characteristics of the risk grades are disclosed in Note (5) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The following table presents internal loan grading by class of loans:

	Internal Loan Grading Grade					Total
	1	2	3	4	5	
(Dollars in thousands)						
As of September 30, 2016						
Real estate:						
Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$432,000	\$78,484	\$15,602	\$571	\$—	\$526,657
Non-residential real estate other	941,523	166,984	14,607	5,937	—	1,129,051
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	291,611	31,830	6,918	1,462	—	331,821
Residential real estate all other	604,144	113,822	11,347	5,205	—	734,518
Commercial and financial:						
Non-consumer non-real estate	807,385	162,879	21,309	4,968	—	996,541
Consumer non-real estate	261,859	16,461	2,499	796	—	281,615
Other loans	138,497	5,464	1,505	2,452	—	147,918
Acquired loans	102,002	32,236	20,145	5,323	—	159,706
Total	\$3,579,021	\$608,160	\$93,932	\$26,714	—	\$4,307,827
As of December 31, 2015						
Real estate:						
Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$417,529	\$76,749	\$8,304	\$315	\$—	\$502,897
Non-residential real estate other	945,993	156,159	4,580	4,028	—	1,110,760
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	295,265	29,793	6,315	1,228	—	332,601
Residential real estate all other	554,007	111,879	9,109	1,694	—	676,689
Commercial and financial:						
Non-consumer non-real estate	821,394	140,384	12,687	10,297	—	984,762
Consumer non-real estate	251,994	14,433	1,779	662	1	268,869
Other loans	153,416	5,851	872	2,477	—	162,616
Acquired loans	165,305	12,566	11,049	3,858	76	192,854
Total	\$3,604,903	\$547,814	\$54,695	\$24,559	\$77	\$4,232,048

#### Allowance for Loan Losses Methodology

The allowance for loan losses (“ALL”) methodology is disclosed in Note (5) to the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.



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The following table details activity in the ALL by class of loans for the period presented. Allocation of a portion of the allowance to one category of loans does not preclude its availability to absorb losses in other categories.

	ALL Balance at beginning of period (Dollars in thousands)	Charge- offs	Recoveries	Net charge-offs	Provisions charged to operations	Balance at end of period
<b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2016</b>						
<b>Real estate:</b>						
Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$4,896	\$(1 )	\$ —	\$( 1 )	\$ 214	\$5,109
Non-residential real estate other	10,302	(5 )	1	(4 )	285	10,583
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	3,203	(58 )	10	(48 )	52	3,207
Residential real estate all other	8,293	(10 )	8	(2 )	212	8,503
<b>Commercial and financial:</b>						
Non-consumer non-real estate	13,441	(1,053 )	31	(1,022 )	(385 )	12,034
Consumer non-real estate	2,749	(374 )	61	(313 )	443	2,879
Other loans	3,377	(18 )	2	(16 )	812	4,173
Acquired loans	305	(41 )	2	(39 )	1,307	1,573
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$46,566</b>	<b>\$(1,560)</b>	<b>\$ 115</b>	<b>\$( 1,445 )</b>	<b>\$ 2,940</b>	<b>\$48,061</b>
<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016</b>						
<b>Real estate:</b>						
Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$4,661	\$(11 )	\$ —	\$( 11 )	\$ 459	\$5,109
Non-residential real estate other	9,921	(9 )	3	(6 )	668	10,583
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	3,148	(157 )	48	(109 )	168	3,207
Residential real estate all other	6,725	(147 )	19	(128 )	1,906	8,503
<b>Commercial and financial:</b>						
Non-consumer non-real estate	11,754	(2,358 )	77	(2,281 )	2,561	12,034
Consumer non-real estate	2,642	(729 )	137	(592 )	829	2,879
Other loans	2,648	(300 )	15	(285 )	1,810	4,173
Acquired loans	167	(58 )	18	(40 )	1,446	1,573
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$41,666</b>	<b>\$(3,769)</b>	<b>\$ 317</b>	<b>\$( 3,452 )</b>	<b>\$ 9,847</b>	<b>\$48,061</b>

	ALL				Balance	
	Balance				at	
	beginning	Charge-	Recoveries	Net	Provisions	Balance
	of	offs	charge-offs	charge-offs	charged to	at
	period	Recoveries	charge-offs	operations	end of	period
	(Dollars in thousands)					
<b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2015</b>						
Real estate:						
Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$4,503	\$—	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 36	\$4,539
Non-residential real estate other	9,880	(708 )	1	(707 )	814	9,987
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	3,110	(28 )	15	(13 )	(26 )	3,071
Residential real estate all other	6,485	(48 )	4	(44 )	168	6,609
Commercial and financial:						
Non-consumer non-real estate	13,713	(2,180)	38	(2,142 )	86	11,657
Consumer non-real estate	2,499	(152 )	35	(117 )	160	2,542
Other loans	2,431	(20 )	6	(14 )	134	2,551
Acquired loans	—	(38 )	—	(38 )	52	14
Total	\$42,621	\$(3,174)	\$ 99	\$ (3,075 )	\$ 1,424	\$40,970
<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015</b>						
Real estate:						
Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$4,406	\$(1 )	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 133	\$4,539
Non-residential real estate other	9,616	(708 )	2	(706 )	1,077	9,987
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	2,948	(124 )	29	(95 )	218	3,071
Residential real estate all other	6,269	(123 )	13	(110 )	450	6,609
Commercial and financial:						
Non-consumer non-real estate	12,771	(2,349)	76	(2,273 )	1,159	11,657
Consumer non-real estate	2,404	(382 )	90	(292 )	430	2,542
Other loans	2,359	(283 )	15	(268 )	460	2,551
Acquired loans	116	(232 )	28	(204 )	102	14
Total	\$40,889	\$(4,202)	\$ 254	\$ (3,948 )	\$ 4,029	\$40,970

The following table details the amount of ALL by class of loans for the period presented, detailed on the basis of the impairment methodology used by the Company.

ALL		ALL	
September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
Individually	Collectively	Individually	Collectively
evaluated	evaluated	evaluated	evaluated
for	for	for	for

	impairment	impairment	impairment	impairment
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Real estate:				
Non-residential real estate owner occupied.	\$633	\$ 4,476	\$323	\$ 4,338
Non-residential real estate other	880	9,703	323	9,598
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	460	2,747	399	2,749
Residential real estate all other	2,190	6,313	839	5,886
Commercial and financial:				
Non-consumer non-real estate	3,445	8,589	3,365	8,389
Consumer non-real estate	580	2,299	445	2,197
Other loans	1,812	2,361	291	2,357
Acquired loans	—	1,573	—	167
Total	\$10,000	\$ 38,061	\$5,985	\$ 35,681

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The following table details the loans outstanding by class of loans for the period presented, on the basis of the impairment methodology used by the Company.

	Loans September 30, 2016			December 31, 2015		
	Individual evaluated for impairment (Dollars in thousands)	Collectively evaluated for impairment	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality	Individual evaluated for impairment	Collectively evaluated for impairment	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality
<b>Real estate:</b>						
Non-residential real estate owner occupied	\$ 16,173	\$ 510,484	\$ —	\$ 8,619	\$ 494,278	\$ —
Non-residential real estate other	20,544	1,108,507	—	8,608	1,102,152	—
Residential real estate permanent mortgage	8,380	323,441	—	7,543	325,058	—
Residential real estate all other	16,552	717,966	—	10,803	665,886	—
<b>Commercial and financial:</b>						
Non-consumer non-real estate	26,278	970,263	—	22,983	961,779	—
Consumer non-real estate	3,212	278,403	—	2,416	266,453	—
Other loans	2,219	145,699	—	2,323	160,293	—
Acquired loans	—	134,238	25,468	—	177,871	14,983
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$93,358</b>	<b>\$4,189,001</b>	<b>\$ 25,468</b>	<b>\$63,295</b>	<b>\$4,153,770</b>	<b>\$ 14,983</b>
Transfers from Loans						

Transfers from loans to other real estate owned and repossessed assets are non-cash transactions, and are not included in the statements of cash flow. Transfers from loans to other real estate owned and repossessed assets during the periods presented, are summarized as follows:

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2016	2015
Other real estate owned	\$2,453	\$3,155
Repossessed assets	1,117	794
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$3,570</b>	<b>\$3,949</b>

## (5) INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following is a summary of intangible assets:

	Gross		Net
	Carrying	Accumulated	Carrying
	Amount	Amortization	Amount
	(Dollars in thousands)		
As of September 30, 2016			
Core deposit intangibles	\$17,447	\$ (6,151 )	\$11,296
Customer relationship intangibles	5,699	(3,331 )	2,368
Mortgage servicing intangibles	486	(252 )	234
Total	\$23,632	\$ (9,734 )	\$13,898
As of December 31, 2015			
Core deposit intangibles	\$20,333	\$ (7,586 )	\$12,747
Customer relationship intangibles	5,699	(3,061 )	2,638
Mortgage servicing intangibles	538	(228 )	310
Total	\$26,570	\$ (10,875 )	\$15,695

The following is a summary of goodwill by business segment:

	Metropolitan Banks	Community Banks	Other Financial Services	Executive, Operations & Support	Consolidated
(Dollars in thousands)					
Nine months ended September 30, 2016					
Balance at beginning and end of period	\$8,078	\$ 40,050	\$ 5,464	\$ 450	\$ 54,042

Additional information for intangible assets can be found in Note (7) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

#### (6) STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company adopted a nonqualified incentive stock option plan (the "BancFirst ISOP") in May 1986. The Company amended the BancFirst ISOP to increase the number of shares to be issued under the plan to 3,200,000 shares in May 2016. At September 30, 2016, 215,735 shares were available for future grants. The BancFirst ISOP will terminate on December 31, 2019. The options are exercisable beginning four years from the date of grant at the rate of 25% per year for four years. Options expire at the end of fifteen years from the date of grant. Options outstanding as of September 30, 2016 will become exercisable through the year 2023. The option price must be no less than 100% of the fair value of the stock relating to such option at the date of grant.

In June 1999, the Company adopted the BancFirst Corporation Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan (the "BancFirst Directors' Stock Option Plan"). Each non-employee director is granted an option for 10,000 shares. The Company amended the BancFirst Directors' Stock Option Plan to increase the number of shares to be issued under the plan to 260,000 shares in May 2016. At September 30, 2016, 40,000 shares were available for future grants. The options are exercisable beginning one year from the date of grant at the rate of 25% per year for four years, and expire at the end of fifteen years from the date of grant. Options outstanding as of September 30, 2016 will become exercisable through the year 2020. The option price must be no less than 100% of the fair value of the stock relating to such option at the date of grant.

The Company currently uses newly issued stock to satisfy stock-based exercises, but reserves the right to use treasury stock purchased under the Company's Stock Repurchase Program (the "SRP") in the future.

The following table is a summary of the activity under both the BancFirst ISOP and the BancFirst Directors' Stock Option Plan:

	Options	Wgted. Avg. Exercise Price	Wgted. Avg. Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
(Dollars in thousands, except option data)				
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016				
Outstanding at December 31, 2015	1,018,149	\$ 40.69		

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Options granted	30,000	58.08		
Options exercised	(195,174 )	29.38		
Options canceled, forfeited, or expired	(30,000 )	55.88		
Outstanding at September 30, 2016	822,975	43.46	9.35 Yrs	\$ 23,910
Exercisable at September 30, 2016	370,350	36.00	6.45 Yrs	\$ 13,521

The following table has additional information regarding options granted and options exercised under both the BancFirst ISOP and the BancFirst Directors' Stock Option Plan:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015
	(Dollars in thousands except per share data)			
Weighted average grant-date fair value per share of options granted	\$ 13.99	\$ 11.89	\$ 11.92	\$ 11.55
Total intrinsic value of options exercised	5,063	1,129	6,733	3,258
Cash received from options exercised	3,859	779	5,735	2,132
Tax benefit realized from options exercised	1,958	437	2,604	1,260

The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model and is based on certain assumptions including risk-free rate of return, dividend yield, stock price volatility and the expected term. The fair value of each option is expensed over its vesting period.

The following table is a summary of the Company's recorded stock-based compensation expense:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Stock-based compensation expense	\$365	\$489	\$1,266	\$1,243
Tax benefit	142	189	490	481
Stock-based compensation expense, net of tax	\$223	\$300	\$776	\$762

The Company will continue to amortize the unearned stock-based compensation expense over the remaining vesting period of approximately seven years. The following table shows the unearned stock-based compensation expense:

	September 30, 2016
	(Dollars in thousands)
Unearned stock-based compensation expense	\$ 3,049

The following table shows the assumptions used for computing stock-based compensation expense under the fair value method during the periods presented:

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	
	2016	2015
Risk-free interest rate	1.46 to 2.02%	1.83 to 2.26%
Dividend yield	2.00%	2.00%
Stock price volatility	20.41 to 21.78%	18.23 to 19.65%
Expected term	10 Yrs	10 Yrs

The risk-free interest rate is determined by reference to the spot zero-coupon rate for the U.S. Treasury security with a maturity similar to the expected term of the options. The dividend yield is the expected yield for the expected term. The stock price volatility is estimated from the recent historical volatility of the Company's stock. The expected term is estimated from the historical option exercise experience.

In May 1999, the Company adopted the BancFirst Corporation Directors' Deferred Stock Compensation Plan (the "BancFirst Deferred Stock Compensation Plan"). The Company amended the BancFirst Deferred Stock Compensation Plan to increase the number of shares to be issued under the plan to 111,110 shares in May 2016. Under the plan,



directors and members of the community advisory boards of the Company and its subsidiaries may defer up to 100% of their board fees. They are credited for each deferral with a number of stock units based on the current market price of the Company’s stock, which accumulate in an account until such time as the director or community board member terminates serving as a board member. Shares of common stock of the Company are then distributed to the terminating director or community board member based upon the number of stock units accumulated in his or her account. The number of shares of common stock distributed from the BancFirst Deferred Stock Compensation Plan was 2,463 during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

A summary of the accumulated stock units is as follows:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Accumulated stock units	68,969	66,376
Average price	\$ 41.12	\$ 39.64

(7)STOCKHOLDERS’ EQUITY

In November 1999, the Company adopted a Stock Repurchase Program (the “SRP”). The SRP may be used as a means to increase earnings per share and return on equity, to purchase treasury stock for the exercise of stock options or for distributions under the Deferred Stock Compensation Plan, to provide liquidity for optionees to dispose of stock from exercises of their stock options and to provide liquidity for stockholders wishing to sell their stock. All shares repurchased under the SRP have been retired and not held

as treasury stock. The timing, price and amount of stock repurchases may be determined by management within the limitations of the SRP. During the third quarter of 2016 the SRP was amended to increase the remaining shares to be purchased to 150,000.

The following table is a summary of the shares under the program. All share repurchased in 2016 were purchased in the first three months of the year:

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2016	2015
Number of shares repurchased	100,000	—
Average price of shares repurchased	\$55.23	—
Shares remaining to be repurchased	150,000	194,723

The Company and BancFirst are subject to risk-based capital guidelines issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (“FDIC”). These guidelines are used to evaluate capital adequacy and involve both quantitative and qualitative evaluations of the Company’s and BancFirst’s assets, liabilities and certain off-balance-sheet items calculated under regulatory practices. Failure to meet the minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory or discretionary actions by the regulatory agencies that could have a direct material effect on the Company’s financial statements. Management believes that as of September 30, 2016, the Company and BancFirst met all capital adequacy requirements to which they are subject. The actual and required capital amounts and ratios are shown in the following table:

	Actual		Required For Capital Adequacy Purposes		With Capital Conservation Buffer		To Be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
(Dollars in thousands)								
As of September 30, 2016:								
Total Capital								
(to Risk Weighted Assets)-								
BancFirst Corporation	\$708,421	15.06%	\$376,350	8.00%	\$405,752	8.625%	N/A	N/A
BancFirst	643,237	13.69%	375,916	8.00%	405,284	8.625%	\$469,895	10.00%
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital								
(to Risk Weighted Assets)-								
BancFirst Corporation	\$629,360	13.38%	\$211,697	4.50%	\$241,099	5.125%	N/A	N/A
BancFirst	575,176	12.24%	211,453	4.50%	240,821	5.125%	\$305,432	6.50%
Tier 1 Capital								
(to Risk Weighted Assets)-								
BancFirst Corporation	\$660,360	14.04%	\$282,262	6.00%	\$311,665	6.625%	N/A	N/A
BancFirst	595,176	12.67%	281,937	6.00%	311,305	6.625%	\$375,916	8.00%
Tier 1 Capital								
(to Total Assets)-								
BancFirst Corporation	\$660,360	9.89%	\$267,195	4.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BancFirst	595,176	8.92%	266,755	4.00%	N/A	N/A	\$333,444	5.00%

As of September 30, 2016, the most recent notification from the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City and the FDIC categorized BancFirst as “well capitalized” under the regulatory framework from prompt corrective action. The Company’s trust preferred securities have continued to be included in Tier 1 capital as the Company’s total assets do not exceed \$15 billion. There are no conditions or events since the most recent notifications of BancFirst’s capital category that management believes would materially change its category under capital requirements existing as of the report date.

#### Basel III Capital Rules

Under the Basel III Capital Rules, in order to avoid limitations on capital distributions, including dividend payments and certain discretionary bonus payments to executive officers, a banking organization must hold a capital conservation buffer composed of CET1 capital above its minimum risk-based capital requirements. The implementation of the capital conservation buffer began on January 1, 2016 at the 0.625% level and will be phased in over a four-year period (increasing by that amount on each subsequent January 1, until it reaches 2.5% on January 1, 2019). Management believes that, as of September 30, 2016, the Company and BancFirst would meet all capital adequacy requirements under the Basel III Capital Rules on a fully phased-in basis as if such requirements were currently in effect.

## (8) NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

Basic and diluted net income per common share based on weighted-average shares outstanding are calculated as follows:

	Income	Shares	Per Share
	(Numerator)		(Denominator)
	(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)		
<b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2016</b>			
<b>Basic</b>			
Income available to common stockholders	\$ 17,982	15,631,094	\$ 1.15
Dilutive effect of stock options	—	291,115	
<b>Diluted</b>			
Income available to common stockholders plus assumed			
exercises of stock options	\$ 17,982	15,922,209	\$ 1.13
<b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2015</b>			
<b>Basic</b>			
Income available to common stockholders	\$ 15,630	15,581,593	\$ 1.01
Dilutive effect of stock options	—	324,531	
<b>Diluted</b>			
Income available to common stockholders plus assumed			
exercises of stock options	\$ 15,630	15,906,124	\$ 0.98
<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016</b>			
<b>Basic</b>			
Income available to common stockholders	\$ 52,054	15,571,990	\$ 3.34
Dilutive effect of stock options	—	290,790	
<b>Diluted</b>			
Income available to common stockholders plus assumed			
exercises of stock options	\$ 52,054	15,862,780	\$ 3.28
<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015</b>			
<b>Basic</b>			
Income available to common stockholders	\$ 50,442	15,542,027	\$ 3.25
Dilutive effect of stock options	—	329,964	
<b>Diluted</b>			
Income available to common stockholders plus assumed			
exercises of stock options	\$ 50,442	15,871,991	\$ 3.18

The following table shows the number and average exercise price of options that were excluded from the computation of diluted net income per common share for each period because the options' exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares:

## Average

	Shares	Exercise Price
Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	141,565	\$ 60.63
Three Months Ended September 30, 2015	145,261	60.51
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016	183,314	59.74
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	165,927	58.33

**(9) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

Accounting standards define fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or the price paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market available to the entity in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

FASB ASC Topic 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for valuation inputs that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset and liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation. This category includes certain impaired loans, foreclosed assets, other real estate, goodwill and other intangible assets.

#### Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

A description of the valuation methodologies and key inputs used to measure financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy, is set forth below. These valuation methodologies were applied to the following categories of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities.

#### Securities Available for Sale

Securities classified as available for sale are reported at fair value. U.S. Treasuries are valued using Level 1 inputs. Other securities available for sale including U.S. federal agencies, registered mortgage backed securities and state and political subdivisions are valued using prices from an independent pricing service utilizing Level 2 data. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, the U.S. Treasury yield curve, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information and the bond's terms and conditions, among other things. The Company also invests in private label mortgage backed securities and equity securities classified as available for sale for which observable information is not readily available. These securities are reported at fair value utilizing Level 3 inputs. For these securities, management determines the fair value based on replacement cost, the income approach or information provided by outside consultants or lead investors.

The Company reviews the prices for Level 1 and Level 2 securities supplied by the independent pricing service for reasonableness and to ensure such prices are aligned with traditional pricing matrices. In general, the Company does not purchase investment portfolio securities that are esoteric or that have complicated structures. The Company's portfolio primarily consists of traditional investments including U.S. Treasury obligations, federal agency mortgage pass-through securities, general obligation municipal bonds and a small amount of municipal revenue bonds. Pricing for such instruments is fairly generic and is easily obtained. For in-state bond issues that have relatively low issue sizes and liquidity, the Company utilizes the same parameters for pricing mentioned in the preceding paragraph adjusted for the specific issue. From time to time, the Company will validate, on a sample basis, prices supplied by the independent pricing service by comparison to prices obtained from third party sources.

#### Derivatives

Derivatives are reported at fair value utilizing Level 2 inputs. The Company obtains dealer and market quotations to value its oil and gas swaps and options. The Company utilizes dealer quotes and observable market data inputs to substantiate internal valuation models.

#### Loans Held For Sale

The Company originates mortgage loans to be sold. At the time of origination, the acquiring bank has already been determined and the terms of the loan, including interest rate, have already been set by the acquiring bank, allowing the Company to originate the loan at fair value. Mortgage loans are generally sold within 30 days of origination. Loans held for sale are valued using Level 2 inputs. Gains or losses recognized upon the sale of the loans are determined on a specific identification basis.

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The following table summarizes financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of the periods presented, segregated by the level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value:

	Level 1 Inputs (Dollars in thousands)	Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs	Total Fair Value
<b>September 30, 2016</b>				
Securities available for sale:				
U.S. Treasury	\$206,123	\$—	\$—	\$ 206,123
U.S. federal agencies	—	192,648	—	192,648
Mortgage-backed securities	—	5,469	14,816	20,285
States and political subdivisions	—	43,704	—	43,704
Other securities	—	—	6,424	6,424
Derivative assets	—	1,017	—	1,017
Derivative liabilities	—	665	—	665
Loans held for sale	—	9,685	—	9,685
<b>December 31, 2015</b>				
Securities available for sale:				
U.S. Treasury	\$329,696	\$—	\$—	\$ 329,696
U.S. federal agencies	—	131,896	—	131,896
Mortgage-backed securities	—	7,039	14,816	21,855
States and political subdivisions	—	50,920	—	50,920
Other securities	—	3,485	6,308	9,793
Derivative assets	—	1,946	—	1,946
Derivative liabilities	—	989	—	989
Loans held for sale	—	13,725	—	13,725

The changes in Level 3 assets measured at estimated fair value on a recurring basis during the periods presented were as follows:

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015
	(Dollars in thousands)	
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$21,124	\$28,459
Purchases	763	609
Settlements	(7 )	(1,679 )
Sales	(426 )	(8,593 )
(Losses) gains included in earnings	(111 )	7,121
Total unrealized losses	(103 )	(4,029 )
Balance at the end of the period	\$21,240	\$21,888

The Company's policy is to recognize transfers in and transfers out of Levels 1, 2 and 3 as of the end of the reporting period. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company did not transfer any securities



between levels in the fair value hierarchy.

#### Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

Certain financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis; that is, the instruments are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances (for example, when there is evidence of impairment). These financial assets and financial liabilities are reported at fair value utilizing Level 3 inputs.

Impaired loans are reported at the fair value of the underlying collateral if repayment is dependent on liquidation of the collateral. In no case does the fair value of an impaired loan exceed the fair value of the underlying collateral. The impaired loans are adjusted to fair value through a specific allocation of the allowance for loan losses or a direct charge-down of the loan.

Foreclosed assets, upon initial recognition, are measured and adjusted to fair value through a charge-off to the allowance for possible loan losses based upon the fair value of the foreclosed asset.

Other real estate owned is revalued at fair value subsequent to initial recognition, with any losses recognized in net expense from other real estate owned.

The following table summarizes assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. The fair value represents end of period values, which approximate fair value measurements that occurred on various measurement dates throughout the period. The related losses represent the amounts recognized during the period regardless of whether the asset is still held at period end:

	Total Fair Value	
	Level 3	Losses
	(Dollars in thousands)	
As of and for the Year-to-date Period Ended September 30, 2016		
Impaired loans (less specific allowance)	\$ 29,459	\$ —
Foreclosed assets	1,117	2
Other real estate owned	3,034	146
As of and for the Year-to-date Period Ended December 31, 2015		
Impaired loans (less specific allowance)	\$ 44,399	\$ —
Foreclosed assets	1,097	—
Other real estate owned	4,604	128

#### Estimated Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company is required under current authoritative accounting guidance to disclose the estimated fair value of their financial instruments that are not recorded at fair value. For the Company, as for most financial institutions, substantially all of its assets and liabilities are considered financial instruments. A financial instrument is defined as cash, evidence of an ownership interest in an entity or a contract that creates a contractual obligation or right to deliver or receive cash or another financial instrument from a second entity. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

**Cash and Cash Equivalents Include:** Cash and Due from Banks, Federal Funds Sold and Interest-Bearing Deposits

The carrying amount of these short-term instruments is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

#### Securities Held for Investment

For securities held for investment, which are generally traded in secondary markets, fair values are based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes, if available. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities making adjustments for credit or liquidity if applicable.

#### Loans

For certain homogeneous categories of loans, such as some residential mortgages, fair values are estimated using the quoted market prices for securities backed by similar loans, adjusted for differences in loan characteristics. The fair values of other types of loans are estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities.

#### Deposits

The fair values of transaction and savings accounts are the amounts payable on demand at the reporting date. The fair values of fixed-maturity certificates of deposit are estimated using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.

#### Short-term Borrowings

The amounts payable on these short-term instruments are reasonable estimates of fair value.

#### Junior Subordinated Debentures

The fair values of junior subordinated debentures are estimated using the rates that would be charged for junior subordinated debentures of similar remaining maturities.

## Loan Commitments and Letters of Credit

The fair values of commitments are estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the terms of the agreements. The fair values of letters of credit are based on fees currently charged for similar agreements.

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments that are reported at amortized cost in the Company's consolidated balance sheets, segregated by the level of valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value, are as follows:

	September 30, 2016 Carrying		December 31, 2015 Carrying	
	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value
(Dollars in thousands)				
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>				
Level 2 inputs:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,706,656	\$1,706,656	\$1,598,177	\$1,598,177
Securities held for investment	3,943	3,990	8,289	8,350
Level 3 inputs:				
Securities held for investment	611	611	500	500
Loans, net of allowance for loan losses	4,259,766	4,325,916	4,190,382	4,222,153
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>				
Level 2 inputs:				
Deposits	6,024,949	6,085,613	5,973,538	6,028,012
Short-term borrowings	4,000	4,000	500	500
Junior subordinated debentures	31,959	34,757	31,959	33,793
<b>OFF-BALANCE SHEET FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS</b>				
Loan commitments		1,824		1,681
Letters of credit		428		464

## Non-financial Assets and Non-financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

The Company has no non-financial assets or non-financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Certain non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis include intangible assets (excluding mortgage service rights, which are valued semi-annually) and other non-financial long-lived assets measured at fair value and adjusted for impairment. These items are evaluated at least annually for impairment. The overall levels of non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis were not considered to be significant to the Company at September 30, 2016 or December 31, 2015.

(10) DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL  
INSTRUMENTS

The Company enters into oil and gas swaps and options contracts to accommodate the business needs of its customers. Upon the origination of an oil or gas swap or option contract with a customer, the Company simultaneously enters into an offsetting contract with a counterparty to mitigate the exposure to fluctuations in oil and gas prices. These derivatives are not designated as hedged instruments and are recorded on the Company's consolidated balance sheet at fair value.

The Company utilizes dealer quotations and observable market data inputs to substantiate internal valuation models. The notional amounts and estimated fair values of oil and gas derivative positions outstanding are presented in the following table:

Oil and Natural Gas Swaps and Options	Notional Units	September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
		Notional Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Notional Amount	Estimated Fair Value
(Notional amounts and dollars in thousands)					
<b>Oil</b>					
Derivative assets	Barrels	61	\$ 190	86	\$ 604
Derivative liabilities	Barrels	(61 )	(131 )	(86 )	(378 )
<b>Natural Gas</b>					
Derivative assets	MMBTUs	2,540	827	3,920	1,342
Derivative liabilities	MMBTUs	(2,540)	(534 )	(3,920)	(611 )
<b>Total Fair Value</b>					
Derivative assets	Included in Other assets	1,017		1,946	
Derivative liabilities	Included in Other liabilities	(665 )		(989 )	

The following table is a summary of the Company's recognized income related to the activity, which was included in other noninterest income:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015
Derivative income	\$ 3	\$ 78	\$ 14	\$ 270

The Company's credit exposure on oil and gas swaps and options varies based on the current market prices of oil and natural gas. Other than credit risk, changes in the fair value of customer positions will be offset by equal and opposite changes in the counterparty positions. The net positive fair value of the contracts is the profit derived from the activity and is unaffected by market price movements. The Company's share of total profit is approximately 35%.

Customer credit exposure is managed by strict position limits and is primarily offset by first liens on production while the remainder is offset by cash. Counterparty credit exposure is managed by selecting highly rated counterparties (rated A- or better by Standard and Poor's) and monitoring market information.

The following table is a summary of the Company's net credit exposure relating to oil and gas swaps and options with bank counterparties:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
	(Dollars in thousands)	
Credit exposure	\$ —	\$ 37

#### Balance Sheet Offsetting

Derivatives may be eligible for offset in the consolidated balance sheet and/or subject to master netting arrangements. The Company's derivative transactions with upstream financial institution counterparties and bank customers are generally executed under International Swaps and Derivative Association ("ISDA") master agreements which include "right of set-off" provisions. In such cases there is generally a legally enforceable right to offset recognized amounts and there may be an intention to settle such amounts on a net basis. Nonetheless, the Company does not generally offset such financial instruments for financial reporting purposes.

#### (11) SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company evaluates its performance with an internal profitability measurement system that measures the profitability of its business units on a pre-tax basis. The four principal business units are metropolitan banks, community banks, other financial services and executive, operations and support. Metropolitan and community banks offer traditional banking products such as commercial and retail lending and a full line of deposit accounts. Metropolitan banks consist of banking locations in the metropolitan Oklahoma City and Tulsa areas. Community banks consist of banking locations in communities throughout Oklahoma. Other financial services are specialty product business units including guaranteed small business lending, residential mortgage lending, trust services, securities brokerage, electronic banking and insurance. The executive, operations and support groups represent executive management, operational support and corporate functions that are not allocated to the other business units.

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The results of operations and selected financial information for the four business units are as follows:

	Metropolitan Community Banks		Other Financial Services	Executive, & Support Operations		Eliminations	Consolidated
	(Dollars in thousands)						
<b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2016</b>							
Net interest income (expense)	\$ 15,893	\$ 34,254	\$ 1,617	\$ (333 )	\$ —		\$ 51,431
Noninterest income	4,235	14,918	8,050	19,025	(18,301 )		27,927
Income before taxes	10,970	19,727	2,683	11,964	(18,130 )		27,214
<b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2015</b>							
Net interest income (expense)	\$ 15,221	\$ 30,429	\$ 1,638	\$ (412 )	\$ —		\$ 46,876
Noninterest income	3,755	13,427	7,507	17,250	(16,615 )		25,324
Income before taxes	9,463	18,693	3,098	9,616	(16,446 )		24,424
<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016</b>							
Net interest income (expense)	\$ 47,435	\$ 101,222	\$ 4,624	\$ (1,006 )	\$ —		\$ 152,275
Noninterest income	12,121	42,922	22,175	55,501	(53,118 )		79,601
Income before taxes	30,558	59,152	8,228	33,711	(52,835 )		78,814
<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015</b>							
Net interest income (expense)	\$ 45,946	\$ 88,928	\$ 5,156	\$ (1,313 )	\$ —		\$ 138,717
Noninterest income	10,745	38,743	27,621	55,868	(53,642 )		79,335
Income before taxes	29,152	52,500	15,015	34,024	(53,372 )		77,319
<b>Total Assets:</b>							
September 30, 2016	\$ 2,351,771	\$ 4,360,964	\$ 95,999	\$ 733,573	\$ (758,770 )		\$ 6,783,537
December 31, 2015	2,277,870	4,379,205	128,697	624,428	(717,371 )		6,692,829

The financial information for each business unit is presented on the basis used internally by management to evaluate performance and allocate resources. The Company utilizes a transfer pricing system to allocate the benefit or cost of funds provided or used by the various business units. Certain services provided by the support group to other business units, such as item processing, are allocated at rates approximating the cost of providing the services. Eliminations are adjustments to consolidate the business units and companies. Capital expenditures are generally charged to the business unit using the asset.





Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis presents factors that the Company believes are relevant to an assessment and understanding of the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's December 31, 2015 consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and the Company's consolidated financial statements and the related Notes included in Item 1.

**FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS**

The Company may make forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 with respect to earnings, credit quality, corporate objectives, interest rates and other financial and business matters. Forward-looking statements include estimates and give management's current expectations or forecasts of future events. The Company cautions readers that these forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, including economic conditions; the performance of financial markets and interest rates; legislative and regulatory actions and reforms; competition; as well as other factors, all of which change over time. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: (i) projections of revenues, expenses, income or loss, earnings or loss per share, the payment or nonpayment of dividends, capital structure and other financial items; (ii) statements of plans, objectives and expectations, including those relating to products or services; (iii) statements of future economic performance; and (iv) statements of assumptions underlying such statements. Words such as "believes", "anticipates", "expects", "intends", "targeted", "continue", "remain", "will", "should", "may" and other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements.

Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those in such statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ from those discussed in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- Local, regional, national and international economic conditions and the impact they may have on the Company and its customers and the Company's assessment of that impact.
- Changes in the mix of loan geographies, sectors and types or the level of non-performing assets and charge-offs.
- Changes in estimates of future reserve requirements based upon the periodic review thereof under relevant regulatory and accounting requirements.
- Inflation, interest rate, crude oil price, securities market and monetary fluctuations.
- The effect of changes in laws and regulations (including laws and regulations concerning taxes, banking, securities and insurance) with which the Company must comply.
- Impairment of the Company's goodwill or other intangible assets.
- Changes in consumer spending, borrowing and savings habits.
- Changes in the financial performance and/or condition of the Company's borrowers.
- Technological changes.
- Acquisitions and integration of acquired businesses.
- The effect of changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by the regulatory agencies, as well as the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, the Financial Accounting Standards Board and other accounting standard setters.
- The Company's success at managing the risks involved in the foregoing items.

Actual results may differ materially from forward-looking statements.

## SUMMARY

BancFirst Corporation's net income was \$18.0 million, or \$1.13 diluted earnings per share, for the third quarter of 2016, compared to net income of \$15.6 million, or \$0.98 diluted earnings per share, for the third quarter of 2015. Net income was \$52.1 million, or \$3.28 diluted earnings per share, for the nine months ended September, 30, 2016, compared to net income of \$50.4 million, or \$3.18 diluted earnings per share, for the nine months ended September, 30, 2015. The second quarter of 2015 included a gain from the sale of an equity investment by the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Council Oak Partners, LLC, of approximately \$5.3 million.

The Company's net interest income for the third quarter of 2016 increased to \$51.4 million, compared to \$46.9 million for the third quarter of 2015. The net interest margin for the quarter was 3.27%, compared to 3.12% a year ago. Internal loan growth, acquired loans from the Company's October 2015 acquisition and the increase in the federal funds rate of 25 basis points during the fourth quarter of 2015 contributed to the higher net interest income and margin in 2016. The Company's provision for loan losses for the third quarter of 2016 increased to \$2.9 million, compared to \$1.4 million a year ago. The increase in the provision was largely due to a small number of commercial loan downgrades. Net charge-offs for the quarter were 0.03% of average loans, compared to 0.08% for the third quarter of 2015. Noninterest income for the quarter totaled \$27.9 million, compared to \$25.3 million last year. Noninterest expense for the quarter totaled \$49.2 million, compared to \$46.4 million last year, as a result of salary increases and the Company's acquisition in the fourth quarter of 2015. The Company's effective tax rate was 33.9% compared to 36.0% for the third quarter of 2015.

At September 30, 2016, the Company's total assets were \$6.8 billion, largely unchanged from December 31, 2015. Securities decreased \$79.2 million to a total of \$473.7 million, due primarily to maturities within the portfolio. Loans totaled \$4.3 billion, up \$71.7 million from December 31, 2015. Deposits totaled \$6.0 billion, virtually unchanged from the December 31, 2015 total. The Company's total stockholders' equity was \$693.7 million, an increase of \$38.2 million, or 5.8%, over December 31, 2015.

Asset quality remained solid during the third quarter of 2016. Nonperforming and restructured assets were 0.58% of total assets at September 30, 2016 compared to 0.83% at December 31, 2015. The decrease in nonperforming and restructured assets was largely due to one relationship that was removed from a troubled debt restructuring status due to sustained improvement in financial condition, performance and the commercially reasonable nature of its structure. Sales of other real estate owned also contributed to the decrease in nonperforming assets. The allowance to total loans was 1.11%, compared to 0.98% at year-end 2015. The allowance to nonperforming and restructured loans was 138.3% compared to 88.5% at year-end 2015.

During the first quarter of 2016, the Company repurchased 100,000 shares of its common stock at an average price of \$55.23 under the Company's stock repurchase program.

On October 8, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of CSB Bancshares, Inc. and its subsidiary bank, Bank of Commerce, with locations in Yukon, Mustang, and El Reno, Oklahoma. Bank of Commerce had approximately \$196 million in total assets, \$147 million in loans, \$175 million in deposits, and \$22 million in equity capital. The bank was merged into BancFirst on November 13, 2015.

Oil prices continued to be at or below the marginal cost of most production during the third quarter of 2016, which had a dampening effect on the Oklahoma economy. In addition, Oklahoma has experienced low prices related to other commodities, such as livestock and grains. Any continued impact from these low prices on Oklahoma's economy and the Company's financial results could become more apparent in future periods.

FUTURE APPLICATION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

See Note (1) of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of recently issued accounting pronouncements.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

See Note (11) of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for disclosures regarding business segments.

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## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Selected income statement data and other selected data for the comparable periods were as follows:

## BANCFIRST CORPORATION

## SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015
<b>Income Statement Data</b>				
Net interest income	\$51,431	\$46,876	\$152,275	\$138,717
Provision for loan losses	2,940	1,424	9,847	4,029
Securities transactions	(146 )	—	(111 )	7,121
Total noninterest income	27,927	25,324	79,601	79,335
Salaries and employee benefits	30,591	28,746	89,956	84,145
Total noninterest expense	49,204	46,352	143,215	136,704
Net income	17,982	15,630	52,054	50,442
<b>Per Common Share Data</b>				
Net income – basic	\$1.15	\$1.01	\$3.34	\$3.25
Net income – diluted	1.13	0.98	3.28	3.18
Cash dividends	0.38	0.36	1.10	1.04
<b>Performance Data</b>				
Return on average assets	1.06 %	0.97 %	1.03 %	1.04 %
Return on average stockholders' equity	10.35	9.64	10.27	10.68
Cash dividend payout ratio	33.03	35.53	32.91	32.04
Net interest spread	3.09	2.98	3.10	2.95
Net interest margin	3.27	3.12	3.27	3.09
Efficiency ratio	62.00	64.20	61.76	62.69
Net charge-offs to average loans	0.03	0.08	0.08	0.10

## Net Interest Income

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, net interest income, which is the Company's principal source of operating revenue, increased to \$51.4 million compared to \$46.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015. Net interest margin, which is shown in the preceding table, is the ratio of taxable-equivalent net interest income to average earning assets for the period. Internal loan growth, acquired loans from the Company's October 2015 acquisition and the increase in the federal funds rate of 25 basis points during the fourth quarter of 2015 contributed to the higher net interest income and margin in 2016.

Net interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$152.3 million compared to \$138.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The net interest margin for the year-to-date increased compared to the same period of the previous year, as shown in the preceding table.

### Provision for Loan Losses

The Company's provision for loan loss for the third quarter of 2016 increased to \$2.9 million compared to \$1.4 million a year ago. The increase in the provision was largely due to a small number of commercial loan downgrades that were impacted by the economic effect in Oklahoma from low commodity prices, such as oil, natural gas and livestock. The Company establishes an allowance as an estimate of the probable inherent losses in the loan portfolio at the balance sheet date. Management believes the allowance for loan losses is appropriate based upon management's best estimate of probable losses that have been incurred within the existing loan portfolio. Should any of the factors considered by management in evaluating the appropriate level of the allowance for loan losses change, the Company's estimate of probable loan losses could also change, which could affect the amount of future provisions for loan losses. Net loan charge-offs were \$1.4 million for the third quarter of 2016, compared to \$3.1 million for the third quarter of 2015. The rate of net charge-offs to average total loans, as presented in the preceding table, continues to be at a very low level.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company's provision for loan losses increased to \$9.8 million, compared to \$4.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, due to a small number of commercial loan downgrades. Net loan charge-offs were \$3.5 million, compared to \$3.9 million for the same period of the prior year.

#### Noninterest Income

Noninterest income totaled \$27.9 million for the third quarter of 2016 compared to \$25.3 million for the third quarter of 2015. The Company had fees from debit card usage totaling \$6.0 million and \$5.7 million during the three month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. This represents 21.5% and 22.5% of the Company's noninterest income for the three month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. In addition, the Company had non-sufficient fund fees totaling \$7.1 million and \$6.7 million during the three month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. This represents 25.6% and 26.4% of the Company's noninterest income for the three month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Noninterest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 totaled \$79.6 million compared to \$79.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Noninterest income in 2015 included a gain from the sale of an investment by the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary Council Oak Partners, LLC, of approximately \$5.3 million and a \$1.7 million gain on the sale of an investment by Council Oak Investment Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of BancFirst. Fees from debit card usage totaled \$18.0 million and \$17.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. This represents 22.6% and 21.4% of the Company's noninterest income for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. In addition, the Company had non-sufficient fund fees totaling \$19.8 million and \$18.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. This represents 24.9% and 22.9% of the Company's noninterest income for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

#### Noninterest Expense

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, noninterest expense totaled \$49.2 million, compared to \$46.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015. The increase in noninterest expense for the third quarter of 2016 was primarily due to salary increases and the Company's acquisition in the fourth quarter of 2015.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, noninterest expense totaled \$143.2 million compared to \$136.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase in noninterest expense for year-to-date 2016 was primarily due to salary increases and the Company's acquisition in the fourth quarter of 2015. This was partially offset by gains on sale of other real estate owned totaling \$1.1 million. During the second quarter of 2015 the Company recorded an impairment loss for goodwill of \$368,000 after adopting a plan to close a small branch, which is included in noninterest expense.

#### Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate on income before taxes was 33.9% for the third quarter of 2016, compared to 36.0% for the third quarter of 2015.

The Company's effective tax rate on income before taxes was 34.0% for the first nine months of 2016, compared to 34.8% for the first nine months of 2015.





## FINANCIAL POSITION

## BANCFIRST CORPORATION

## SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	September 30, 2016 (unaudited)	December 31, 2015		
<b>Balance Sheet Data</b>				
Total assets	\$6,783,537	\$6,692,829		
Total loans (net of unearned interest)	4,317,512	4,245,773		
Allowance for loan losses	48,061	41,666		
Securities	473,738	552,949		
Deposits	6,024,949	5,973,358		
Stockholders' equity	693,731	655,510		
Book value per share	44.20	42.03		
Tangible book value per share	39.87	37.56		
Average loans to deposits (year-to-date)	71.60	%	67.34	%
Average earning assets to total assets (year-to-date)	93.03		93.02	
Average stockholders' equity to average assets (year-to-date)	10.06		9.76	
<b>Asset Quality Ratios</b>				
Nonperforming and restructured loans to total loans	0.81	%	1.11	%
Nonperforming and restructured assets to total assets	0.58		0.83	
Allowance for loan losses to total loans	1.11		0.98	
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming and restructured loans	138.26		88.50	

## Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits with Banks

The aggregate of cash and due from banks and interest-bearing deposits with banks had a nominal increase, from December 31, 2015 to September 30, 2016.

## Securities

At September 30, 2016, total securities decreased \$79.2 million, or 14.3% compared to December 31, 2015, due primarily to maturities. The size of the Company's securities portfolio is determined by the Company's liquidity, asset/liability management and pledging requirements for public funds. The net unrealized gain on securities available for sale, before taxes, was \$3.2 million at September 30, 2016, compared to an unrealized gain of \$2.5 million at December 31, 2015. These unrealized gains are included in the Company's stockholders' equity as accumulated other

comprehensive income, net of income tax, in the amounts of \$2.0 million and \$1.5 million, respectively.

Loans (Including Acquired Loans)

At September 30, 2016, loans totaled \$4.3 billion, up \$71.7 million from December 31, 2015. The increase in 2016 was primarily driven by an increase in commercial real estate loans located in the Company's metropolitan markets.

Allowance for Loan Losses/Fair Value Adjustments on Acquired Loans

At September 30, 2016, the allowance for loan losses to total loans represented 1.11% of total loans, compared to 0.98% at December 31, 2015.

The fair value adjustment on acquired loans consists of an interest rate component to adjust the effective rates on the loans to market rates and a credit component to adjust for estimated credit exposures in the acquired loans. The credit component of the

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adjustment was \$2.2 million at September 30, 2016 and \$3.3 million at December 31, 2015, while the acquired loans outstanding were \$159.7 million and \$192.9 million, respectively.

#### Nonperforming and Restructured Assets

Nonperforming and restructured assets totaled \$39.1 million at September 30, 2016, compared to \$55.3 million at December 31, 2015. The Company's level of nonperforming and restructured assets has continued to be relatively low. The decrease in nonperforming and restructured assets in 2016 was due to one relationship that was re-evaluated and removed from restructured loans due to sustained improvement in financial condition, performance and the commercially reasonable nature of its structure.

Nonaccrual loans totaled \$31.0 million at September 30, 2016, compared to \$30.1 million at December 31, 2015. The Company's nonaccrual loans are primarily commercial and real estate loans. Nonaccrual loans negatively impact the Company's net interest margin. A loan is placed on nonaccrual status when, in the opinion of management, the future collectability of interest or principal or both is in serious doubt. Interest income is recognized on certain of these loans on a cash basis if the full collection of the remaining principal balance is reasonably expected. Otherwise, interest income is not recognized until the principal balance is fully collected. Total interest income which was not accrued on nonaccrual loans outstanding, was approximately \$1.5 million for both the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and September 30, 2015. Only a small amount of this interest is expected to be ultimately collected.

Other real estate owned and repossessed assets totaled \$4.3 million at September 30, 2016, compared to \$8.2 million at December 31, 2015. Other real estate owned and repossessed assets decreased during 2016 primarily due to the sale of two properties.

Potential problem loans are performing loans to borrowers with a weakened financial condition, or which are experiencing unfavorable trends in their financial condition, which causes management to have concerns as to the ability of such borrowers to comply with the existing repayment terms. The Company had approximately \$10.1 million of these loans at September 30, 2016, compared to \$4.9 million at December 31, 2015. Potential problem loans are not included in nonperforming and restructured loans. In general, these loans are adequately collateralized and have no specific identifiable probable loss. Loans which are considered to have identifiable probable loss potential are placed on nonaccrual status, are allocated a specific allowance for loss or are directly charged-down, and are reported as nonperforming.

#### Liquidity and Funding

##### Deposits

At September 30, 2016, deposits totaled \$6.0 billion, virtually unchanged from the December 31, 2015 balance. The Company's core deposits provide it with a stable, low-cost funding source. The Company's core deposits as a percentage of total deposits were 94.5% at September 30, 2016 compared to 94.3% at December 31, 2015. Noninterest-bearing deposits to total deposits were 41.1% at September 30, 2016, compared to 40.3% at December 31, 2015.

##### Short-Term Borrowings

Short-term borrowings, consisting primarily of federal funds purchased and repurchase agreements, are another source of funds for the Company. The level of these borrowings is determined by various factors, including customer demand and the Company's ability to earn a favorable spread on the funds obtained. Short-term borrowings were \$4.0 million at September 30, 2016, compared to \$500,000 at December 31, 2015.

##### Long-Term Borrowings

The Company has a line of credit from the Federal Home Loan Bank (“FHLB”) of Topeka, Kansas to use for liquidity or to match-fund certain long-term fixed rate loans. The Company’s assets, including residential first mortgages of \$672.8 million, are pledged as collateral for the borrowings under the line of credit. As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had no advances outstanding under the line of credit from FHLB. In addition, the Company has a revolving line of credit with a commercial bank, with the ability to draw up to \$10.0 million. This line of credit has a variable rate based on prime rate minus 25 basis points and matures in 2020. There were no borrowings against this line of credit at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

There have not been any other material changes from the liquidity and funding discussion included in Management’s Discussion and Analysis in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

## Capital Resources

Stockholders' equity totaled \$693.7 million at September 30, 2016, compared to \$655.5 million at December 31, 2015. In addition to net income of \$52.1 million, other changes in stockholders' equity during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 included \$7.1 million related to stock option exercises, \$1.3 million related to stock-based compensation and a \$458,000 increase in other comprehensive income, that were partially offset by \$17.1 million in dividends and \$5.5 million in stock repurchases. The Company's leverage ratio and total risk-based capital ratios at September 30, 2016 were well in excess of the regulatory requirements.

See Note (7) of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of capital ratio requirements.

## CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

There have not been any material changes in the resources required for scheduled repayments of contractual obligations from the table of Contractual Cash Obligations included in Management's Discussion and Analysis which was included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

## BANCFIRST CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED AVERAGE BALANCE SHEETS AND INTEREST MARGIN ANALYSIS

(Unaudited)

Taxable Equivalent Basis (Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended September 30,					
	2016			2015		
	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Average Yield/ Rate	Average Balance	Interest Income/ Expense	Average Yield/ Rate
<b>ASSETS</b>						
Earning assets:						
Loans (1)	\$4,300,400	\$51,817	4.78 %	\$3,885,579	\$47,455	4.85 %
Securities – taxable	407,434	1,242	1.21	485,862	1,291	1.05
Securities – tax exempt	38,021	383	4.00	43,118	382	3.51
Interest-bearing deposits w/ banks & FFS	1,535,048	1,968	0.51	1,570,367	1,009	0.25
Total earning assets	6,280,903	55,410	3.50	5,984,926	50,137	3.32
Nonearning assets:						
Cash and due from banks	171,762			168,607		
Interest receivable and other assets	335,855			313,686		
Allowance for loan losses	(46,400 )			(42,061 )		
Total nonearning assets	461,217			440,232		
Total assets	\$6,742,120			\$6,425,158		
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>						
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Transaction deposits	\$777,284	\$202	0.10 %	\$701,405	\$181	0.10 %
Savings deposits	2,079,991	1,729	0.33	2,019,956	1,155	0.23
Time deposits	701,760	1,218	0.69	718,963	1,186	0.65
Short-term borrowings	1,979	2	0.36	3,014	1	0.15
Junior subordinated debentures	31,959	524	6.51	26,804	492	7.29
Total interest-bearing liabilities	3,592,973	3,675	0.41	3,470,142	3,015	0.34
Interest-free funds:						
Noninterest-bearing deposits	2,433,136			2,284,207		
Interest payable and other liabilities	26,660			27,243		
Stockholders' equity	689,351			643,566		
Total interest free funds	3,149,147			2,955,016		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$6,742,120			\$6,425,158		
Net interest income		\$51,735			\$47,122	
Net interest spread			3.09 %			2.98 %
Effect of interest free funds			0.18 %			0.14 %
Net interest margin			3.27 %			3.12 %

(1) Nonaccrual loans are included in the average loan balances and any interest on such nonaccrual loans is recognized on a cash basis.



## BANCFIRST CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED AVERAGE BALANCE SHEETS AND INTEREST MARGIN ANALYSIS

(Unaudited)

Taxable Equivalent Basis (Dollars in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2016			2015		
	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense	Average Yield/Rate	Average Balance	Interest Income/Expense	Average Yield/Rate
<b>ASSETS</b>						
Earning assets:						
Loans (1)	\$4,279,894	\$153,362	4.77 %	\$3,860,299	\$140,107	4.85 %
Securities – taxable	451,824	3,913	1.15	493,702	4,148	1.12
Securities – tax exempt	40,515	1,148	3.77	39,912	1,123	3.76
Interest-bearing deposits w/ banks & FFS	1,471,623	5,622	0.51	1,644,708	3,137	0.25
Total earning assets	6,243,856	164,045	3.50	6,038,621	148,515	3.29
Nonearning assets:						
Cash and due from banks	175,738			175,714		
Interest receivable and other assets	336,188			315,074		
Allowance for loan losses	(44,180 )			(41,633 )		
Total nonearning assets	467,746			449,155		
Total assets	\$6,711,602			\$6,487,776		
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>						
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Transaction deposits	\$785,496	\$609	0.10 %	\$720,175	\$532	0.10 %
Savings deposits	2,082,417	5,112	0.33	2,047,022	3,463	0.23
Time deposits	710,566	3,600	0.67	730,717	3,607	0.66
Short-term borrowings	1,657	5	0.36	2,671	3	0.15
Junior subordinated debentures	31,959	1,569	6.54	26,804	1,474	7.35
Total interest-bearing liabilities	3,612,095	10,895	0.40	3,527,389	9,079	0.34
Interest-free funds:						
Noninterest-bearing deposits	2,399,275			2,302,164		
Interest payable and other liabilities	25,232			26,839		
Stockholders' equity	675,000			631,384		
Total interest free funds	3,099,507			2,960,387		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$6,711,602			\$6,487,776		
Net interest income		\$153,150			\$139,436	
Net interest spread			3.10 %			2.95 %
Effect of interest free funds			0.17 %			0.14 %
Net interest margin			3.27 %			3.09 %





Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

There have been no significant changes in the Registrant's disclosures regarding market risk since December 31, 2015, the date of its most recent annual report to stockholders.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

The Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and its Disclosure Committee, which includes the Company's Chief Risk Officer, Chief Internal Auditor, Chief Asset Quality Officer, Controller, and General Counsel, have evaluated, as of the last day of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on their evaluation they concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures of the Company are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports filed or submitted by it under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the applicable rules and forms.

No changes were made to the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that materially affected, or are likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The Company has been named as a defendant in various legal actions arising from the conduct of its normal business activities. Although the amount of any liability that could arise with respect to these actions cannot be accurately predicted, in the opinion of the Company, any such liability will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

As of September 30, 2016, there have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in Part I, Item 1A, of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

None.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

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Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit

Number Exhibit

- 3.1 Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of BancFirst Corporation (filed as Exhibit 1 to the Company's 8-A/A filed July 23, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 3.2 Certificate of Amendment of the Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of BancFirst Corporation dated June 15, 2004 (filed as Exhibit 3.5 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter Ended June 30, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 3.3 Amended and Restated By-Laws of BancFirst Corporation (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 30, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 3.4 Certificate of Amendment of the Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of BancFirst Corporation dated May 23, 2013 (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 29, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.1 Instruments defining the rights of securities holders (see Exhibits 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4 above).
- 4.2 Form of Amended and Restated Trust Agreement relating to the 7.20% Cumulative Trust Preferred Securities of BFC Capital Trust II (filed as Exhibit 4.5 to the Company's registration statement on Form S-3/A, File No. 333-112488 dated February 23, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.3 Form of 7.20% Cumulative Trust Preferred Security Certificate for BFC Capital Trust II (filed as Exhibit D to Exhibit 4.5 to the Company's registration statement on Form S-3/A, File No. 333-112488 dated February 23, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.4 Form of Indenture relating to the 7.20% Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures of BancFirst Corporation issued to BFC Capital Trust II (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's registration statement on Form S-3, File No. 333-112488 dated February 4, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.5 Form of Certificate of 7.20% Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debenture of BancFirst Corporation (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's registration statement on Form S-3, File No. 333-112488 dated February 4, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.6 Form of Guarantee of BancFirst Corporation relating to the 7.20% Cumulative Trust Preferred Securities of BFC Capital Trust II (filed as Exhibit 4.7 to the Company's registration statement on Form S-3/A, File No. 333-112488 dated February 23, 2004, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.7 Form of Guarantee Agreement by and between CSB Bancshares, Inc. and Wilmington Trust Company (filed as Exhibit 4.7 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended September 30, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.8 Form of Indenture relating to the Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures of CSB Bancshares, Inc., issued to Wilmington Trust Company (filed as Exhibit 4.8 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended September 30, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.9

Form of First Supplemental Indenture relating to the Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures by and between Wilmington Trust Company and BancFirst Corporation (filed as Exhibit 4.9 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended September 30, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference).

- 10.1 BancFirst Corporation Employee Stock Ownership and Trust Agreement adopted effective January 1, 2015 (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter Ended March 31, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.2 Fifth Amended and Restated BancFirst Corporation Directors' Stock Option Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended June 30, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.3 Fifth Amended and Restated BancFirst Corporation Directors' Deferred Stock Compensation Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended June 30, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.4 Fourteenth Amended and Restated BancFirst Corporation Stock Option Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter ended June 30, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference).

Exhibit Number	Exhibit
10.5	Adoption Agreement for the BancFirst Corporation Thrift Plan adopted April 21, 2016 effective January 1, 2016. (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarter Ended March 31, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference).
31.1*	Chief Executive Officer's Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).
31.2*	Chief Financial Officer's Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).
32.1*	CEO's Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2*	CFO's Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

\*Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BANCFIRST CORPORATION  
(Registrant)

Date: November 4, 2016 /s/ David E. Rainbolt  
David E. Rainbolt  
President  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 4, 2016 /s/ Kevin Lawrence  
Kevin Lawrence  
Executive Vice President  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)