

TYLER TECHNOLOGIES INC  
Form 10-Q  
July 22, 2015

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.  
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

Commission File Number 1-10485

TYLER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE 75-2303920  
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. employer

incorporation or organization) identification no.)

5101 TENNYSON PARKWAY

PLANO, TEXAS

75024

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip code)

(972) 713-3700

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data file required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  Smaller Reporting Company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes  No

The number of shares of common stock of registrant outstanding on July 17, 2015 was 33,864,000.

## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Financial Statements

## TYLER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

|   | Three months ended |          | Six months ended |          |
|---|--------------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|   | June 30,           |          | June 30,         |          |
|   | 2015               | 2014     | 2015             | 2014     |
| <b>Revenues:</b>                                    |                    |          |                  |          |
| Software licenses and royalties                     | \$14,586           | \$12,083 | \$28,886         | \$23,315 |
| Subscriptions                                       | 26,949             | 20,934   | 52,237           | 41,441   |
| Software services                                   | 34,563             | 30,128   | 65,367           | 54,435   |
| Maintenance   | 59,463             | 51,951   | 116,811          | 102,191  |
| Appraisal services                                  | 6,691              | 5,444    | 12,780           | 10,295   |
| Hardware and other                                  | 4,043              | 3,831    | 5,180            | 5,320    |
| Total revenues                                      | 146,295            | 124,371  | 281,261          | 236,997  |
| <b>Cost of revenues:</b>                            |                    |          |                  |          |
| Software licenses and royalties                     | 483                | 343      | 1,036            | 874      |
| Acquired software                                   | 456                | 444      | 912              | 925      |
| Software services, maintenance and subscriptions    | 69,678             | 58,274   | 135,055          | 113,273  |
| Appraisal services                                  | 4,278              | 3,665    | 8,413            | 6,976    |
| Hardware and other                                  | 3,147              | 3,087    | 3,713            | 3,861    |
| Total cost of revenues                              | 78,042             | 65,813   | 149,129          | 125,909  |
| Gross profit  | 68,253             | 58,558   | 132,132          | 111,088  |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses        | 30,396             | 27,419   | 58,941           | 52,786   |
| Research and development expense                    | 7,110              | 6,389    | 14,114           | 12,561   |
| Amortization of customer and trade name intangibles | 1,151              | 1,128    | 2,303            | 2,257    |
| Operating income                                    | 29,596             | 23,622   | 56,774           | 43,484   |
| Other income (expense), net                         | 185                | (216)    | 366              | (475)    |
| Income before income taxes                          | 29,781             | 23,406   | 57,140           | 43,009   |
| Income tax provision                                | 10,945             | 8,666    | 21,031           | 16,386   |
| Net income  | \$18,836           | \$14,740 | \$36,109         | \$26,623 |
| <b>Earnings per common share:</b>                   |                    |          |                  |          |
| Basic   | \$0.56             | \$0.45   | \$1.07           | \$0.81   |
| Diluted   | \$0.52             | \$0.42   | \$1.00           | \$0.75   |

|                      |          |          |          |          |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Comprehensive income | \$18,836 | \$14,740 | \$36,109 | \$26,623 |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|

See accompanying notes.

## TYLER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except par value and share amounts)

|   | June 30,<br>2015<br>(unaudited) | December<br>31,<br>2014 |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |                                 |                         |
| Current assets:   |                                 |                         |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | \$ 204,103                      | \$ 206,167              |
| Accounts receivable (less allowance for losses of \$1,361 in 2015 and \$1,725 in 2014)                      | 152,178                         | 112,660                 |
| Prepaid expenses  | 18,979                          | 17,851                  |
| Other current assets  | 10,590                          | 358                     |
| Deferred income taxes   | 9,674                           | 9,674                   |
| Total current assets  | 395,524                         | 346,710                 |
| Accounts receivable, long-term portion  | 391                             | 1,761                   |
| Property and equipment, net   | 67,908                          | 65,910                  |
| Other assets:   |                                 |                         |
| Goodwill  | 131,960                         | 124,142                 |
| Other intangibles, net  | 31,507                          | 34,722                  |
| Cost method investment  | 15,000                          | —                       |
| Other non-current assets  | 3,744                           | 737                     |
|   | \$ 646,034                      | \$ 573,982              |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>   |                                 |                         |
| Current liabilities:  |                                 |                         |
| Accounts payable  | \$ 4,385                        | \$ 4,119                |
| Accrued liabilities   | 34,810                          | 39,508                  |
| Deferred revenue  | 201,549                         | 189,212                 |
| Total current liabilities   | 240,744                         | 232,839                 |
| Deferred income taxes   | 4,673                           | 4,170                   |
| Commitments and contingencies   |                                 |                         |
| Shareholders' equity:   |                                 |                         |
| Preferred stock, \$10.00 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none issued                                | —                               | —                       |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 48,147,969 shares<br>issued in 2015 and 2014 | 481                             | 481                     |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 221,838                         | 201,389                 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax  | (46 )                           | (46 )                   |
| Retained earnings   | 297,259                         | 261,150                 |

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Treasury stock, at cost; 14,294,303 and 14,678,782 shares in 2015 and 2014,

|                            |            |            |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|
| respectively               | (118,915 ) | (126,001)  |
| Total shareholders' equity | 400,617    | 336,973    |
|                            | \$ 646,034 | \$ 573,982 |

See accompanying notes.

## TYLER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

|   | Six months ended<br>June 30, |                 |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------|
|   | 2015                         | 2014            |
| <b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>  |                              |                 |
| Net income  | \$36,109                     | \$26,623        |
| <b>Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operations:</b>                          |                              |                 |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 7,484                        | 7,281           |
| Share-based compensation expense  | 8,861                        | 7,002           |
| Excess tax benefit from exercises of share-based arrangements                                       | (8,827 )                     | (3,206 )        |
| <b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities, exclusive of effects of<br/>acquired companies:</b> |                              |                 |
| Accounts receivable   | (36,624 )                    | (38,203 )       |
| Income taxes  | 2,735                        | 7,746           |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets   | (549 )                       | (2,069 )        |
| Accounts payable  | (371 )                       | 51              |
| Accrued liabilities   | (5,685 )                     | (4,237 )        |
| Deferred revenue  | 11,680                       | 27,840          |
| <b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>  | <b>14,813</b>                | <b>28,828</b>   |
| <b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>  |                              |                 |
| Purchase of cost method investment  | (15,000 )                    | —               |
| Purchase of held-to-maturity securities   | (6,449 )                     | —               |
| Cost of acquisitions, net of cash acquired  | (6,447 )                     | —               |
| Additions to property and equipment   | (6,126 )                     | (6,477 )        |
| (Increase) decrease in other  | (9 )                         | 343             |
| <b>Net cash used by investing activities</b>  | <b>(34,031 )</b>             | <b>(6,134 )</b> |
| <b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>  |                              |                 |
| Purchase of treasury shares   | (645 )                       | (22,815 )       |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options   | 6,729                        | 4,117           |
| Contributions from employee stock purchase plan   | 2,243                        | 2,014           |
| Excess tax benefit from exercises of share-based arrangements                                       | 8,827                        | 3,206           |
| <b>Net cash provided (used) by financing activities</b>   | <b>17,154</b>                | <b>(13,478)</b> |
| <b>Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>   | <b>(2,064 )</b>              | <b>9,216</b>    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period  | 206,167                      | 78,876          |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>   | <b>\$204,103</b>             | <b>\$88,092</b> |

See accompanying notes.

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Tyler Technologies, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

(Tables in thousands, except per share data)

### (1) Basis of Presentation

We prepared the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements following the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP, for interim reporting. As permitted under those rules, certain footnotes or other financial information that are normally required by GAAP can be condensed or omitted for interim periods. Balance sheet amounts are as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and operating result amounts are for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and include all normal and recurring adjustments that we considered necessary for the fair summarized presentation of our financial position and operating results. As these are condensed financial statements, one should also read the financial statements and notes included in our latest Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. Revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities can vary during each quarter of the year. Therefore, the results and trends in these interim financial statements may not be the same as those for the full year.

### (2) Acquisitions

On May 29, 2015, we acquired all of the capital stock of Brazos Technology Corporation (“Brazos”), which provides mobile hand-held solutions primarily to law enforcement agencies for field accident reporting and electronically issuing citations. The purchase price, net of cash acquired of \$312,000 and including debt assumed of \$733,000, was \$6.1 million in cash and 12,500 shares of Tyler common stock valued at \$1.5 million. As of June 30, 2015, the purchase price allocation of Brazos is in process mainly due to completing the valuation of the acquired intangible assets. We currently expect to finalize the allocation of the purchase price in the next quarter. The impact of this acquisition on our operating results is not material.

### (3) Other Assets

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit with several domestic banks and money market funds.

In June 2015, we invested \$6.4 million in investment grade corporate and municipal bonds with maturity dates ranging from 2015 through mid-2017. We intend to hold these bonds to maturity and have classified them as such. We believe cost approximates fair value because of the relatively short duration of these investments. The fair value of these securities are considered Level II as they are based on inputs from quoted prices in markets that are not active or

other observable market data. These investments are included in other current assets and other non-current assets.

On January 30, 2015, we made a \$15.0 million investment in convertible preferred stock representing a 20% interest in Record Holdings Pty Limited (“Record Holdings”), a privately held Australian company specializing in digitizing the spoken word in court and legal settings. We do not believe we have the ability to significantly influence the day-to-day activities of Record Holdings and are accounting for this investment under the cost method.

#### (4) Shareholders’ Equity

The following table details activity in our common stock:

|                               | Six months ended June 30, |          |        |            |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|--------|------------|
|                               | 2015                      |          | 2014   |            |
|                               | Shares                    | Amount   | Shares | Amount     |
| Purchase of common stock      | (5 )                      | \$(645 ) | (294 ) | \$(22,815) |
| Stock option exercises        | 355                       | 6,729    | 265    | 4,117      |
| Employee stock plan purchases | 23                        | 2,243    | 26     | 2,014      |
| Shares issued for acquisition | 13                        | 1,519    | —      | —          |

As of June 30, 2015, we had authorization from our board of directors to repurchase up to 1.4 million additional shares of Tyler common stock.

#### (5) Income Tax Provision

For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2015, we had an effective income tax rate of 36.8% compared to an effective income tax rate of 37.0% and 38.1% for the three and six months ended months June 30, 2014, respectively. The effective income tax

rates for the periods presented were different from the statutory United States federal income tax rate of 35% primarily due to state income taxes, non-deductible share-based compensation expense, the qualified manufacturing activities deduction, and non-deductible meals and entertainment costs.

We made federal and state tax payments of \$18.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$8.6 million in net payments for the same period in the prior year.

#### (6) Earnings Per Share

The following table details the reconciliation of basic earnings per share to diluted earnings per share:

|   | Three months<br>ended June 30, |          | Six months ended<br>June 30, |          |
|---|--------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|----------|
|   | 2015                           | 2014     | 2015                         | 2014     |
| Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share: |                                |          |                              |          |
| Net income  | \$18,836                       | \$14,740 | \$36,109                     | \$26,623 |
| Denominator:  |                                |          |                              |          |
| Weighted-average basic common shares outstanding    | 33,751                         | 32,918   | 33,756                       | 32,876   |
| Assumed conversion of dilutive securities:          |                                |          |                              |          |
| Stock options                                       | 2,346                          | 2,243    | 2,340                        | 2,413    |
| Denominator for diluted earnings per share          |                                |          |                              |          |
| - Adjusted weighted-average shares                  | 36,097                         | 35,161   | 36,096                       | 35,289   |
| Earnings per common share:                          |                                |          |                              |          |
| Basic   | \$0.56                         | \$0.45   | \$1.07                       | \$0.81   |
| Diluted   | \$0.52                         | \$0.42   | \$1.00                       | \$0.75   |

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, stock options representing the right to purchase common stock of approximately 492,000 shares and 570,000 shares, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because their inclusion would have had an anti-dilutive effect. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, stock options representing the right to purchase common stock of approximately 669,000 shares and 485,000 shares, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because their inclusion would have had an anti-dilutive effect.

#### (7) Share-Based Compensation

The following table summarizes share-based compensation expense related to share-based awards recorded in the statements of comprehensive income, pursuant to ASC 718, Stock Compensation:

|  | Three months<br>ended June 30, |         | Six months<br>ended June 30, |         |
|--|--------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|---------|
|  | 2015                           | 2014    | 2015                         | 2014    |
| Cost of software services, maintenance and subscriptions | \$746                          | \$513   | \$1,447                      | \$1,026 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses             | 3,857                          | 3,026   | 7,414                        | 5,976   |
| Total share-based compensation expenses                  | \$4,603                        | \$3,539 | \$8,861                      | \$7,002 |

#### (8) Segment and Related Information

We are a major provider of integrated information management solutions and services for the public sector, with a focus on local governments.

We provide our software systems and services and appraisal services through four business units, which focus on the following products:

- financial management, education and planning, regulatory and maintenance software solutions;
- financial management, municipal courts, and land and vital records management software solutions;
- courts and justice software solutions; and
- appraisal and tax software solutions and property appraisal services.

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In accordance with ASC 280-10, Segment Reporting, the financial management, education and planning, regulatory and maintenance software solutions unit; financial management, municipal courts and land and vital records management software solutions unit; and the courts and justice software solutions unit meet the criteria for aggregation and are presented in one reportable segment, Enterprise Software Solutions (“ESS”). The ESS segment provides municipal and county governments and schools with software systems and services to meet their information technology and automation needs for mission-critical “back-office” functions such as financial management and courts and justice processes. The Appraisal and Tax Software Solutions and Services (“ATSS”) segment provides systems and software that automate the appraisal and assessment of real and personal property as well as property appraisal outsourcing services for local governments and taxing authorities. Property appraisal outsourcing services include: the physical inspection of commercial and residential properties; data collection and processing; computer analysis for property valuation; preparation of tax rolls; community education; and arbitration between taxpayers and the assessing jurisdiction.

We evaluate performance based on several factors, of which the primary financial measure is business segment operating income. We define segment operating income for our business units as income before noncash amortization of intangible assets associated with their acquisition, interest expense and income taxes. Segment operating income includes intercompany transactions. The majority of intercompany transactions relate to contracts involving more than one unit and are valued based on the contractual arrangement. Segment operating income for corporate primarily consists of compensation costs for the executive management team and certain accounting and administrative staff and share-based compensation expense for the entire company. Corporate segment operating income also includes revenues and expenses related to a company-wide user conference.

For the three months ended June 30, 2015

|                                 | Enterprise<br>Software<br>Solutions | Appraisal and Tax<br>Software<br>Solutions<br>and Services | Corporate   | Totals     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------|------------|
| Revenues                        |                                     |  |             |            |
| Software licenses and royalties | \$ 13,556                           | \$ 1,030   | \$ —        | \$ 14,586  |
| Subscriptions                   | 25,733                              | 1,216  | —           | 26,949     |
| Software services               | 31,826                              | 2,737  | —           | 34,563     |
| Maintenance                     | 54,992                              | 4,471  | —           | 59,463     |
| Appraisal services              | —                                   | 6,691  | —           | 6,691      |
| Hardware and other              | 1,330                               | 11   | 2,702       | 4,043      |
| Intercompany                    | 979                                 | —  | (979 )      | —          |
| Total revenues                  | \$ 128,416                          | \$ 16,156  | \$ 1,723    | \$ 146,295 |
| Segment operating income        | \$ 34,408                           | \$ 3,903   | \$ (7,108 ) | \$ 31,203  |

For the six months ended June 30, 2015

|                                 | Enterprise<br>Software<br>Solutions | Appraisal and Tax<br>Software<br>Solutions<br>and Services | Corporate | Totals    |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| Revenues                        |                                     |  |           |           |
| Software licenses and royalties | \$ 25,883                           | \$ 3,003   | \$ —      | \$ 28,886 |

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|                          |            |           |             |            |
|--------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|------------|
| Subscriptions            | 50,042     | 2,195     | —           | 52,237     |
| Software services        | 60,994     | 4,373     | —           | 65,367     |
| Maintenance              | 108,007    | 8,804     | —           | 116,811    |
| Appraisal services       | —          | 12,780    | —           | 12,780     |
| Hardware and other       | 2,468      | 11        | 2,701       | 5,180      |
| Intercompany             | 1,905      | —         | (1,905 )    | —          |
| Total revenues           | \$ 249,299 | \$ 31,166 | \$ 796      | \$ 281,261 |
| Segment operating income | \$ 66,660  | \$ 6,971  | \$(13,642 ) | \$ 59,989  |

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For the three months ended June 30, 2014

|                                 | Enterprise        | Appraisal and Tax  |                 |                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|                                 | Software          | Software Solutions |                 |                   |
|                                 | Solutions         | and Services       | Corporate       | Totals            |
| <b>Revenues</b>                 |                   |                    |                 |                   |
| Software licenses and royalties | \$ 11,349         | \$ 734             | \$ —            | \$ 12,083         |
| Subscriptions                   | 20,124            | 810                | —               | 20,934            |
| Software services               | 27,420            | 2,708              | —               | 30,128            |
| Maintenance                     | 47,765            | 4,186              | —               | 51,951            |
| Appraisal services              | —                 | 5,444              | —               | 5,444             |
| Hardware and other              | 1,361             | —                  | 2,470           | 3,831             |
| Intercompany                    | 532               | —                  | (532 )          | —                 |
| <b>Total revenues</b>           | <b>\$ 108,551</b> | <b>\$ 13,882</b>   | <b>\$ 1,938</b> | <b>\$ 124,371</b> |
| Segment operating income        | \$ 27,747         | \$ 2,934           | \$(5,487 )      | \$ 25,194         |

For the six months ended June 30, 2014

|                                 | Enterprise        | Appraisal and Tax  |                 |                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|                                 | Software          | Software Solutions |                 |                   |
|                                 | Solutions         | and Services       | Corporate       | Totals            |
| <b>Revenues</b>                 |                   |                    |                 |                   |
| Software licenses and royalties | \$ 22,145         | \$ 1,170           | \$ —            | \$ 23,315         |
| Subscriptions                   | 39,846            | 1,595              | —               | 41,441            |
| Software services               | 49,607            | 4,828              | —               | 54,435            |
| Maintenance                     | 93,858            | 8,333              | —               | 102,191           |
| Appraisal services              | —                 | 10,295             | —               | 10,295            |
| Hardware and other              | 2,850             | —                  | 2,470           | 5,320             |
| Intercompany                    | 1,005             | —                  | (1,005 )        | —                 |
| <b>Total revenues</b>           | <b>\$ 209,311</b> | <b>\$ 26,221</b>   | <b>\$ 1,465</b> | <b>\$ 236,997</b> |
| Segment operating income        | \$ 53,175         | \$ 4,766           | \$(11,275 )     | \$ 46,666         |

|   | Three months ended June 30, |           | Six months ended June 30, |           |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------|
|   | 2015                        | 2014      | 2015                      | 2014      |
| Reconciliation of reportable segment operating income to the Company's consolidated totals: |                             |           |                           |           |
| Total segment operating income  | \$ 31,203                   | \$ 25,194 | \$ 59,989                 | \$ 46,666 |
| Amortization of acquired software   | (456 )                      | (444 )    | (912 )                    | (925 )    |
| Amortization of customer and trade name intangibles   | (1,151 )                    | (1,128 )  | (2,303 )                  | (2,257 )  |
| Other income (expense), net   | 185                         | (216 )    | 366                       | (475 )    |
| Income before income taxes  | \$ 29,781                   | \$ 23,406 | \$ 57,140                 | \$ 43,009 |

(9) Commitments and Contingencies

Other than routine litigation incidental to our business, there are no material legal proceedings pending to which we are party or to which any of our properties are subject.

(10) New Accounting Pronouncements

On May 28, 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2014-09, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers.” This ASU is the result of a convergence project between the FASB and the International Accounting Standards Board. The core principle behind ASU 2014-09 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods and services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for delivering those goods and services. This model involves a five-step process that includes identifying the contract with the customer, identifying the performance obligations in the contract, determining the transaction price, allocating the transaction



prices to the performance obligations in the contract and recognizing revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies the performance obligations. The guidance in the ASU supersedes existing revenue recognition guidance and is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 with early application not permitted. The ASU allows two methods of adoption; a full retrospective approach where three years of financial information are presented in accordance with the new standard, and a modified retrospective approach where the ASU is applied to the most current period presented in the financial statements.

On April 1, 2015, the FASB voted for a one-year deferral of the effective date of the new standard and will issue an exposure draft proposing the deferral, with a 30-day comment period. The proposal would now require application of the new standard no later than annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods therein; however, under the proposal, public entities would be permitted to elect to early adopt the new standard as of the original effective date. We currently expect to adopt the new standard in fiscal year 2018 in accordance with the revised effective date.

We are currently assessing the financial impact of adopting the new standard and the methods of adoption; however, given the scope of the new standard, we are currently unable to provide a reasonable estimate regarding the financial impact or which method of adoption of the new standard we will elect.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations  
CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This document contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that are not historical in nature and typically address future or anticipated events, trends, expectations or beliefs with respect to our financial condition, results of operations or business. Forward-looking statements often contain words such as "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "foresees," "forecasts," "estimates," "plans," "intends," "continues," "may," "will," "should," "projects," "might," "could" or other similar words or phrases. Similarly, statements that describe our business strategy, outlook, objectives, plans, intentions or goals also are forward-looking statements. We believe there is a reasonable basis for our forward-looking statements, but they are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties and actual results could differ materially from the expectations and beliefs reflected in the forward-looking statements. We presently consider the following to be among the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations and beliefs: (1) changes in the budgets or regulatory environments of our clients, primarily local and state governments, that could negatively impact information technology spending; (2) our ability to protect client information from security breaches and provide uninterrupted operations of data centers; (3) material portions of our business require the Internet infrastructure to be adequately maintained; (4) our ability to achieve our financial forecasts due to various factors, including project delays by our clients, reductions in transaction size, fewer transactions, delays in delivery of new products or releases or a decline in our renewal rates for service agreements; (5) general economic, political and market conditions; (6) technological and market risks associated with the development of new products or services or of new versions of existing or acquired products or services; (7) our ability to successfully achieve growth or operational synergies through the integration of acquired businesses, while avoiding unanticipated costs and disruptions to existing operations; (8) competition in the industry in which we conduct business and the impact of competition on pricing, client retention and pressure for new products or services; (9) the ability to attract and retain qualified personnel and dealing with the loss or retirement of key members of management or other key personnel; and (10) costs of compliance and any failure to comply with government and stock exchange regulations. A detailed discussion of these factors and other risks that affect our business are described in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the detailed "Risk Factors" contained in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K. We expressly disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise our forward-looking statements.

#### GENERAL

We provide integrated information management solutions and services for the public sector, with a focus on local governments. We develop and market a broad line of software products and services to address the information technology ("IT") needs of cities, counties, schools and other local government entities. In addition, we provide professional IT services to our clients, including software and hardware installation, data conversion, training and for certain clients, product modifications, along with continuing maintenance and support for clients using our systems. We also provide subscription-based services such as software as a service ("SaaS"), which utilizes the Tyler private cloud, and electronic document filing solutions ("e-filing"), which simplify the filing and management of court related documents. We also provide property appraisal outsourcing services for taxing jurisdictions.

Our products generally automate five major functional areas: (1) financial management and education, (2) courts and justice, (3) property appraisal and tax, (4) planning, regulatory and maintenance, and (5) land and vital records management. We report our results in two segments. The Enterprise Software Solutions ("ESS") segment provides municipal and county governments and schools with software systems and services to meet their information technology and automation needs for mission-critical "back-office" functions such as financial management; courts and justice processes; planning, regulatory and maintenance processes; and land and vital records management. The Appraisal and Tax Software Solutions and Services ("ATSS") segment provides systems and software that automate the appraisal and assessment of real and personal property as well as property appraisal outsourcing services for local governments and taxing authorities. Property appraisal outsourcing services include: the physical inspection of commercial and residential properties; data collection and processing; computer analysis for property valuation;

preparation of tax rolls; community education; and arbitration between taxpayers and the assessing jurisdiction.

On January 30, 2015, we made a \$15.0 million investment in convertible preferred stock representing a 20% interest in Record Holdings Pty Limited, a privately held Australian company specializing in digitizing the spoken word in court and legal settings.

On May 29, 2015, we acquired all of the capital stock of Brazos Technology Corporation (“Brazos”), which provides mobile hand-held solutions primarily to law enforcement agencies for field accident reporting and electronically issuing citations. The purchase price was \$6.1 million in cash, net of cash acquired of \$312,000 and including \$733,000 assumed debt, and 12,500 shares of Tyler common stock valued at \$1.5 million, based on the stock price on the acquisition date.

Our total employee count increased to 3,068 at June 30, 2015 from 2,735 at June 30, 2014. This increase included 51 employees added as the result of acquisitions.

## Outlook

We believe activity in the local government market has returned to normal, pre-recession levels. Although we expect to see some pressure on margin expansion in 2015 as we absorb onboarding costs associated with staffing additions in recent quarters, make some strategic incremental product investments, and continue to grow our SaaS and e-filing client bases, our expectation is that 2015 will be another year of very solid revenue and earnings growth.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements. These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared following the requirements of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”) for the interim period and require us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to revenue recognition and amortization and potential impairment of intangible assets and goodwill and share-based compensation expense. As these are condensed financial statements, one should also read expanded information about our critical accounting policies and estimates provided in Item 7, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” included in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates from the information provided in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

## ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

|  | Percent of Total Revenues |        |            |        |
|--|---------------------------|--------|------------|--------|
|  | Second Quarter            |        | Six Months |        |
|  | 2015                      | 2014   | 2015       | 2014   |
| <b>Revenues:</b>   |                           |        |            |        |
| Software licenses and royalties                            | 10.0 %                    | 9.7 %  | 10.3 %     | 9.8 %  |
| Subscriptions  | 18.4                      | 16.8   | 18.6       | 17.5   |
| Software services  | 23.6                      | 24.2   | 23.2       | 23.0   |
| Maintenance  | 40.6                      | 41.8   | 41.5       | 43.1   |
| Appraisal services   | 4.6                       | 4.4    | 4.5        | 4.3    |
| Hardware and other   | 2.8                       | 3.1    | 1.9        | 2.3    |
| Total revenues   | 100.0                     | 100.0  | 100.0      | 100.0  |
| <b>Operating Expenses:</b>                                 |                           |        |            |        |
| Cost of software licenses, royalties and acquired software | 0.6                       | 0.6    | 0.6        | 0.8    |
| Cost of software services, maintenance and subscriptions   | 47.6                      | 46.9   | 48.0       | 47.8   |
| Cost of appraisal services                                 | 2.9                       | 2.9    | 3.0        | 2.9    |
| Cost of hardware and other                                 | 2.2                       | 2.5    | 1.3        | 1.6    |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses               | 20.8                      | 22.0   | 21.0       | 22.3   |
| Research and development expense                           | 4.9                       | 5.1    | 5.0        | 5.3    |
| Amortization of customer and trade name intangibles        | 0.8                       | 1.0    | 0.9        | 1.0    |
| Operating income   | 20.2                      | 19.0   | 20.2       | 18.3   |
| Other income (expense), net                                | 0.1                       | (0.2 ) | 0.1        | (0.2 ) |
| Income before income taxes                                 | 20.3                      | 18.8   | 20.3       | 18.1   |
| Income tax provision                                       | 7.5                       | 6.9    | 7.5        | 6.9    |
| Net income   | 12.8 %                    | 11.9 % | 12.8 %     | 11.2 % |

Software licenses and royalties

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The following table sets forth a comparison of our software licenses and royalties revenue for the periods presented as of June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)                             | Second Quarter |          | Change  |      | Six Months |          | Change  |      |
|---|----------------|----------|---------|------|------------|----------|---------|------|
|   | 2015           | 2014     | \$      | %    | 2015       | 2014     | \$      | %    |
| ESS   | \$13,556       | \$11,349 | \$2,207 | 19 % | \$25,883   | \$22,145 | \$3,738 | 17 % |
| ATSS  | 1,030          | 734      | 296     | 40   | 3,003      | 1,170    | 1,833   | 157  |
| Total software licenses and royalties revenue | \$14,586       | \$12,083 | \$2,503 | 21 % | \$28,886   | \$23,315 | \$5,571 | 24 % |

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Software license and royalty revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 grew 21% and 24% over the comparable prior year periods. In August 2014, we acquired a company, which provides civil process management, typically to county sheriff departments. In May 2015, we acquired a company which provides mobile hand-held solutions primarily to law enforcement agencies for field accident reporting and electronically issuing citations. The results of these two companies are included in our ESS segment from their respective dates of acquisition. Excluding the results of acquisitions, software license revenue increased 18% and 21% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. The majority of this growth was due to a more active marketplace as the result of improvement in local government economic conditions, as well as our increasingly strong competitive position, which we attribute in part to our investment in product development over the past few years. In addition, royalties on sales of Microsoft Dynamics AX by other Microsoft partners increased approximately \$640,000 and \$830,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

Although the mix of new contracts between subscription-based and perpetual license arrangement may vary from quarter to quarter and year-to-year, our longer-term software license growth rate continues to be negatively impacted by a growing number of customers choosing our subscription-based options, rather than purchasing the software under a traditional perpetual software license arrangement. Subscription-based arrangements result in lower software license revenue in the initial year as compared to perpetual software license arrangements but generate higher overall revenue over the term of the contract. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, approximately 74% of our new customers selected perpetual software license arrangements and approximately 26% selected subscription-based arrangements compared to approximately 72% perpetual software license arrangements and approximately 28% subscription-based arrangements for the same period in 2014. 34 and 66 new customers entered into subscription-based agreements in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively compared to 44 and 76 new customers in the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively.

### Subscriptions

The following table sets forth a comparison of our subscriptions revenue for the periods presented as of June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)           | Second Quarter |          | Change  |      | Six Months |          | Change   |      |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------|---------|------|------------|----------|----------|------|
|                             | 2015           | 2014     | \$      | %    | 2015       | 2014     | \$       | %    |
| ESS                         | \$25,733       | \$20,124 | \$5,609 | 28 % | \$50,042   | \$39,846 | \$10,196 | 26 % |
| ATSS                        | 1,216          | 810      | 406     | 50   | 2,195      | 1,595    | 600      | 38   |
| Total subscriptions revenue | \$26,949       | \$20,934 | \$6,015 | 29 % | \$52,237   | \$41,441 | \$10,796 | 26 % |

Subscriptions revenue primarily consists of revenue derived from SaaS arrangements, which utilize the Tyler private cloud. As part of our subscription-based services, we also provide e-filing arrangements that simplify the filing and management of court related documents for courts and law offices. Revenue from e-filings are derived from transaction fees and fixed fee arrangements. The initial contract terms for SaaS arrangements are typically for periods of three to six years.

Subscriptions revenue grew 29% and 26% for the three and six months ending June 30, 2015, respectively, compared to the prior year periods. E-filing services contributed approximately \$1.9 million and \$3.6 million of the subscriptions revenue increase for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. Most of the e-filing revenue increase related to four statewide contracts, three of which implemented mandatory electronic filing near the end of 2014. New SaaS customers as well as existing customers who converted to our SaaS model provided the remainder of the subscriptions revenue increase. In the three and six months ending June 30, 2015, we added 34 and

66 new SaaS customers, respectively, and 20 and 39 existing on-premises customers converted to our SaaS model, respectively. Since June 30, 2014, we have added 128 new SaaS customers and 62 existing on-premises customers converted to our SaaS model.

Software services

The following table sets forth a comparison of our software services revenue for the periods presented as of June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)               | Second Quarter |          | Change  |      | Six Months |          | Change   |      |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----------|---------|------|------------|----------|----------|------|
|                                 | 2015           | 2014     | \$      | %    | 2015       | 2014     | \$       | %    |
| ESS                             | \$31,826       | \$27,420 | \$4,406 | 16 % | \$60,994   | \$49,607 | \$11,387 | 23 % |
| ATSS                            | 2,737          | 2,708    | 29      | 1    | 4,373      | 4,828    | (455 )   | (9)  |
| Total software services revenue | \$34,563       | \$30,128 | \$4,435 | 15 % | \$65,367   | \$54,435 | \$10,932 | 20 % |

Software services revenue primarily consists of professional services billed in connection with implementing our software, converting customer data, training customer personnel, custom development activities and consulting. New customers who purchase our proprietary software licenses generally also contract with us to provide for the related software services. Existing customers also periodically purchase additional training, consulting and minor programming services. Excluding the results of acquisitions, software services revenue grew 14% and 19% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, compared to the prior year periods. This growth is mainly due to much higher revenue from proprietary software arrangements, as well as additions to our implementation and support staff, which increased our capacity to deliver backlog.

#### Maintenance

The following table sets forth a comparison of our maintenance revenue for the periods presented as of June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)         | Second Quarter |          | Change  |      | Six Months |           | Change   |      |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------|---------|------|------------|-----------|----------|------|
|                           | 2015           | 2014     | \$      | %    | 2015       | 2014      | \$       | %    |
| ESS                       | \$54,992       | \$47,765 | \$7,227 | 15 % | \$108,007  | \$93,858  | \$14,149 | 15 % |
| ATSS                      | 4,471          | 4,186    | 285     | 7    | 8,804      | 8,333     | 471      | 6    |
| Total maintenance revenue | \$59,463       | \$51,951 | \$7,512 | 14 % | \$116,811  | \$102,191 | \$14,620 | 14 % |

We provide maintenance and support services for our software products and third party software. Most of our clients who purchase our software license also contract with us for maintenance and support. Maintenance revenue increased 14% for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to the prior year periods, mainly due to growth in our installed customer base from new software license sales as well as maintenance rate increases.

#### Appraisal services

The following table sets forth a comparison of our appraisal services revenue for the periods presented as of June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)                | Second Quarter |         | Change  |      | Six Months |          | Change  |      |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------|------|------------|----------|---------|------|
|                                  | 2015           | 2014    | \$      | %    | 2015       | 2014     | \$      | %    |
| ESS                              | \$—            | \$—     | \$—     | — %  | \$—        | \$—      | \$—     | — %  |
| ATSS                             | 6,691          | 5,444   | 1,247   | 23   | 12,780     | 10,295   | 2,485   | 24   |
| Total appraisal services revenue | \$6,691        | \$5,444 | \$1,247 | 23 % | \$12,780   | \$10,295 | \$2,485 | 24 % |

The appraisal services business is somewhat cyclical and driven in part by statutory revaluation cycles in various states. Appraisal services revenue benefitted by the addition of several new revaluation contracts including Detroit and the current appraisal cycle in Indiana, both of which began in mid-2014.





## Cost of Revenues and Gross Margins

The following table sets forth a comparison of the key components of our cost of revenues for the periods presented as of June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)                                | Second Quarter |          | Change   |      | Six Months |           | Change   |      |
|--|----------------|----------|----------|------|------------|-----------|----------|------|
|  | 2015           | 2014     | \$       | %    | 2015       | 2014      | \$       | %    |
| Software licenses and royalties                  | \$483          | \$343    | \$140    | 41 % | \$1,036    | \$874     | \$162    | 19 % |
| Acquired software                                | 456            | 444      | 12       | 3    | 912        | 925       | (13)     | (1)  |
| Software services, maintenance and subscriptions | 69,678         | 58,274   | 11,404   | 20   | 135,055    | 113,273   | 21,782   | 19   |
| Appraisal services                               | 4,278          | 3,665    | 613      | 17   | 8,413      | 6,976     | 1,437    | 21   |
| Hardware and other                               | 3,147          | 3,087    | 60       | 2    | 3,713      | 3,861     | (148)    | (4)  |
| Total cost of revenues                           | \$78,042       | \$65,813 | \$12,229 | 19 % | \$149,129  | \$125,909 | \$23,220 | 18 % |

The following table sets forth a comparison of gross margin percentage by revenue type for the periods presented as of June 30:

|  | Second Quarter |        |         | Six Months |        |        |
|--|----------------|--------|---------|------------|--------|--------|
|  | 2015           | 2014   | Change  | 2015       | 2014   | Change |
| Software licenses, royalties and acquired software | 93.6 %         | 93.5 % | 0.1 %   | 93.3 %     | 92.3 % | 1.0 %  |
| Software services, maintenance and subscriptions   | 42.4           | 43.4   | (1.0)   | 42.4       | 42.8   | (0.4)  |
| Appraisal services                                 | 36.1           | 32.7   | 3.4     | 34.2       | 32.2   | 2.0    |
| Hardware and other                                 | 22.2           | 19.5   | 2.7     | 28.3       | 27.5   | 0.8    |
| Overall gross margin                               | 46.7 %         | 47.1 % | (0.4) % | 47.0 %     | 46.9 % | 0.1 %  |

Software licenses, royalties and acquired software. Costs of software licenses, royalties and acquired software are primarily comprised of third party software costs and amortization expense for acquired software. We do not have any direct costs associated with royalties. In both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, our software licenses, royalties and acquired software gross margin percentage increased compared to the prior year periods due to much higher revenue from proprietary software arrangements.

Software services, maintenance and subscriptions. Cost of software services, maintenance and subscriptions primarily consists of personnel costs related to installation of our software, conversion of customer data, training customer personnel and support activities and various other services such as custom software development and on-going operation of SaaS and e-filing arrangements. For both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the software services, maintenance and subscriptions gross margin percentage declined compared to the prior year periods mainly due to onboarding costs associated with accelerated hiring to ensure that we are well-positioned to deliver our current backlog and anticipated new business. Excluding 39 employees added with acquisitions, our implementation and support staff has grown by 251 employees since June 30, 2014. The gross margin decline was somewhat offset in part because costs related to maintenance and various other services such as SaaS and e-filing typically grow at a slower rate than related revenue due to leverage in the utilization of our support and maintenance staff and economies of scale. Price increases also resulted in slightly higher rates on certain services.

Our blended gross margin declined 0.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and increased 0.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to the prior year periods. The gross margin for the three months ended June 30, 2015, was negatively impacted by expenses associated with increased hiring of implementation and development staff in order to expand our capacity to implement our contract backlog. The negative impact of these expenses was offset somewhat in the six months ended June 30, 2015 due to a revenue mix that included more software license revenue and subscriptions revenue than the prior year period.

#### Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”) expenses consist primarily of salaries, employee benefits, travel, share-based compensation expense, commissions and related overhead costs for administrative and sales and marketing employees, as well as professional fees, trade show activities, advertising costs and other marketing related costs. The following table sets forth a comparison of our SG&A expenses for the periods presented as of June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)                            | Second Quarter |          | Change  |      | Six Months |          | Change  |      |
|--|----------------|----------|---------|------|------------|----------|---------|------|
|  | 2015           | 2014     | \$      | %    | 2015       | 2014     | \$      | %    |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | \$30,396       | \$27,419 | \$2,977 | 11 % | \$58,941   | \$52,786 | \$6,155 | 12 % |

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SG&A as a percentage of revenues was 20.8% and 21.0% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, compared to 22.0% and 22.3% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. The SG&A expense increase is mainly due to compensation cost related to increased staff levels, higher stock compensation expense and more commission expense as a result of higher sales. Excluding 12 employees added with acquisitions, we have added 21 employees to our sales and finance staff since June 30, 2014. Our stock compensation expense rose \$831,000 and \$1.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, mainly due to a higher stock price over the last few years.

### Research and Development Expense

The following table sets forth a comparison of our research and development expense for the periods presented as of June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)                | Second Quarter |         | Change |      | Six Months |          | Change  |      |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---------|--------|------|------------|----------|---------|------|
|                                  | 2015           | 2014    | \$     | %    | 2015       | 2014     | \$      | %    |
| Research and development expense | \$7,110        | \$6,389 | \$721  | 11 % | \$14,114   | \$12,561 | \$1,553 | 12 % |

Research and development expense consists mainly of costs associated with development of new products and technologies from which we do not currently generate revenue, as well as costs related to the ongoing development efforts for Microsoft Dynamics AX. We expect that research and development expense in 2015 will increase at a lower rate than our revenue growth. On February 4, 2015, we announced that our contractual research and development commitment to develop public sector functionality for Microsoft Dynamics AX expires with the release of Dynamics AX 7. We are currently discussing with Microsoft Corporation the possibility for additional research and development commitments beyond Dynamics AX 7. If we cannot agree to terms of any future commitments we will continue to provide sustained engineering and technical support for the public sector functionality within Dynamics AX. We further expect that license and maintenance royalties for all applicable domestic and international sales of Dynamics AX to public sector entities will continue under the terms of the contract.

### Amortization of Customer and Trade Name Intangibles

Acquisition intangibles are composed of the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net tangible assets acquired that is allocated to acquired software and customer and trade name intangibles. The remaining excess purchase price is allocated to goodwill that is not subject to amortization. Amortization expense related to acquired software is included with cost of revenues while amortization expense of customer and trade name intangibles is recorded as operating expense. The following table sets forth a comparison of amortization of customer and trade name intangibles for the periods presented as of June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)                                   | Second Quarter |         | Change |     | Six Months |         | Change |     |
|---|----------------|---------|--------|-----|------------|---------|--------|-----|
|   | 2015           | 2014    | \$     | %   | 2015       | 2014    | \$     | %   |
| Amortization of customer and trade name intangibles | \$1,151        | \$1,128 | \$23   | 2 % | \$2,303    | \$2,257 | \$46   | 2 % |

### Other Income (Expense), Net

The following table sets forth a comparison of our other income (expense), net for the periods presented as of June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)           | Second<br>Quarter |         | Change |     | Six Months |         | Change |     |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------|--------|-----|------------|---------|--------|-----|
|                             | 2015              | 2014    | \$     | %   | 2015       | 2014    | \$     | %   |
| Other income (expense), net | \$185             | \$(216) | \$401  | N/A | \$366      | \$(475) | \$841  | N/A |

Other income (expense) is comprised of interest income from invested cash, as well as non-usage and other fees associated with our revolving credit agreement, which matured in August 2014 and was not replaced.

## Income Tax Provision

The following table sets forth a comparison of our income tax provision for the periods presented as of June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)         | Second Quarter |         | Change  |      | Six Months |          | Change  |      |
|---------------------------|----------------|---------|---------|------|------------|----------|---------|------|
|                           | 2015           | 2014    | \$      | %    | 2015       | 2014     | \$      | %    |
| Income tax provision      | \$10,945       | \$8,666 | \$2,279 | 26 % | \$21,031   | \$16,386 | \$4,645 | 28 % |
| Effective income tax rate | 36.8           | % 37.0  | %       |      | 36.8       | % 38.1   | %       |      |

The effective income tax rates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, were different from the statutory United States federal income tax rate of 35% primarily due to state income taxes, non-deductible share-based compensation expense, the qualified manufacturing activities deduction, and non-deductible meals and entertainment costs. Our effective tax rate in 2015, declined compared to the prior year because we are currently estimating a higher qualified manufacturing activities deduction based on increased software licenses and subscriptions revenues. In the past few years our qualified manufacturing activities deduction was limited by excess tax benefits related to stock option exercises. Excess tax benefits reduce tax payments but can result in limitations on other deductions, including the qualified manufacturing activities deduction. It is possible our effective income tax rate could rise during the year if stock option exercises generate significant excess tax benefits. Excess tax benefits for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, were \$5.3 million and \$8.8 million, respectively and did not materially impact the tax rate.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY

As of June 30, 2015, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$204.1 million compared to \$206.2 million at December 31, 2014. We also had \$6.4 million invested in investment grade corporate and municipal bonds as of June 30, 2015. These investments mature between 2015 and mid-2017 and we intend to hold these investments until maturity. As of June 30, 2015, we had no debt and an outstanding letter of credit totaling \$1.5 million in connection with one contract. We do not believe this letter of credit will be required to be drawn upon. This letter of credit expires in mid-2016. We currently believe that cash on hand, cash from operating activities and access to the credit markets provides us with sufficient flexibility to meet our long-term financial needs.

The following table sets forth a summary of cash flows for the six months ended June 30:

| (\$ in thousands)                                    | 2015      | 2014     |
|--|-----------|----------|
| Cash flows (used) provided by:                       |           |          |
| Operating activities                                 | \$14,813  | \$28,828 |
| Investing activities                                 | (34,031)  | (6,134)  |
| Financing activities                                 | 17,154    | (13,478) |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents | \$(2,064) | \$9,216  |

Net cash provided by operating activities continues to be our primary source of funds to finance operating needs and capital expenditures. Other capital resources include cash on hand, public and private issuances of debt or equity securities. It is possible that our ability to access the capital and credit markets in the future may be limited by economic conditions or other factors. We currently believe that cash provided by operating activities, cash on hand and access to the credit markets are sufficient to fund our working capital requirements, capital expenditures, income

tax obligations, and share repurchases for at least the next twelve months.

For the six months ended June 30, 2015, operating activities provided cash of \$14.8 million. Operating activities that provided cash were primarily comprised of net income of \$36.1 million, non-cash depreciation and amortization charges of \$7.5 million and non-cash share-based compensation expense of \$8.9 million. However, changes in operating assets and liabilities negatively impacted cash from operations due to several factors. Working capital, excluding cash and investments, increased \$37.7 million due mainly to higher accounts receivable because our maintenance billing cycle peaks in June. In addition, bonus payments were higher than the prior year period due to 2014 operating results and higher headcount. Tax payments in the six months ended June 30, 2015 were \$9.7 million higher than the prior year period mainly due to timing of utilization of excess tax credits related to stock option exercises.

In general, changes in deferred revenue are cyclical and primarily driven by the timing of our maintenance renewal billings. Our renewal dates occur throughout the year but our heaviest renewal billing cycles occur in the second and fourth quarters. However, we recorded a significant amount of new software license arrangements in 2014, which is a factor in maintenance growth. The related maintenance billings for these new arrangements were processed at various times throughout 2014, rather than on our normal maintenance billing cycles which slightly altered our typical deferred revenue cycle.

Our days sales outstanding (“DSO”) was 94 days at June 30, 2015, compared to 80 days at December 31, 2014 and 104 days at June 30, 2014. Our maintenance billing cycle typically peaks at its highest level in June and second highest level in December of each year and is followed by collections in the subsequent quarter. As a result our DSO is usually lower in the first quarter than the fourth quarter. DSO is calculated based on quarter-end accounts receivable divided by the quotient of annualized quarterly revenues divided by 360 days.

Investing activities used cash of \$34.0 million in the six months ending June 30, 2015. On January 30, 2015, we made a \$15.0 million investment in convertible preferred stock representing a 20% interest in Record Holdings Pty Limited, a privately held Australian company specializing in digitizing the spoken word in court and legal settings. In June 2015, we invested \$6.4 million in investment grade corporate and municipal bonds maturing between 2015 and mid-2017. On May 29, 2015, we paid \$6.1 million in cash, net of cash acquired and including debt assumed, to acquire all of the capital stock of Brazos Technology Corporation, which provides mobile hand-held solutions primarily to law enforcement agencies for field accident reporting and electronically issuing citations. The remaining use of cash related to computer equipment, furniture and fixtures in support of internal growth, particularly with respect to growth in our cloud-based offerings. Investing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2014 used cash of \$6.1 million, which was comprised primarily of capital expenditures related to computer equipment, furniture and fixtures. These expenditures were funded from cash generated from operations and cash on hand.

Financing activities provided cash of \$17.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$13.5 million cash used for the same period for 2014. Financing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2015 were comprised of \$9.0 million from stock option exercises and employee stock purchase plan activity and \$8.8 million excess tax benefit from exercises of share-based arrangements. We also purchased approximately 5,400 shares of our common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$645,000 in the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Cash used in financing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily comprised of purchases of treasury shares, net of proceeds from stock option exercises and contribution from our employee stock purchase plan. We purchased approximately 294,000 shares of our common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$22.8 million and collected \$6.1 million from stock option exercises and employee stock purchase plan activity and \$3.2 million excess tax benefit from exercises of share-based arrangements.

At June 30, 2015, we had authorization to repurchase up to 1.4 million additional shares of Tyler common stock. The repurchase program, which was approved by our board of directors, was announced in October 2002, and was amended at various times from 2003 through 2011. There is no expiration date specified for the authorization and we intend to repurchase stock under the plan from time to time.

We made federal and state income tax payments of \$18.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to \$8.6 million in net payments for the same period in the prior year.

Excluding acquisitions, we anticipate that 2015 capital spending will be between \$13.5 million and \$14.5 million. We expect the majority of our capital expenditures will consist of computer equipment and software for infrastructure replacements and expansion. We currently do not expect to capitalize significant amounts related to software development in 2015, but the actual amount and timing of those costs, and whether they are capitalized or expensed may result in additional capitalized software. Capital spending is expected to be funded from existing cash balances and cash flows provided by operations.

From time to time we engage in discussions with potential acquisition candidates. In order to consummate any such opportunities, which could require significant commitments of capital, we may incur debt or issue potentially dilutive securities in the future. No assurance can be given as to our future acquisitions and how such acquisitions may be financed.



**ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may affect us due to adverse changes in financial market prices and interest rates. We have no outstanding debt at June 30, 2015. In June 2015, we invested \$6.4 million in investment grade corporate and municipal bonds which mature between 2015 and mid-2017. Due to the short duration of these arrangements we do not believe we have any material interest rate risk.

**ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures**

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.** We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act) designed to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and forms. These include controls and procedures designed to ensure that this information is accumulated and

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communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2015.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the three months ended June 30, 2015, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

Other than routine litigation incidental to our business and except as described in this Quarterly Report, there are no material legal proceedings pending to which we are party or to which any of our properties are subject.

### ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, one should carefully consider the discussion of various risks and uncertainties contained in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. We believe those risk factors are the most relevant to our business and could cause our results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements made by us. Please note, however, that those are not the only risk factors facing us. Additional risks that we do not consider material, or of which we are not currently aware, may also have an adverse impact on us. Our business, financial condition and results of operations could be seriously harmed if any of these risks or uncertainties actually occurs or materializes. In that event, the market price for our common stock could decline, and our shareholders may lose all or part of their investment. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, there were no material changes in the information regarding risk factors contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

### ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None

### ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

### ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None

### ITEM 5. Other Information

None

ITEM 6. Exhibits

Exhibit 31.1 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 31.2 Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.1 Certifications Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 101 Instance Document

Exhibit 101 Schema Document

Exhibit 101 Calculation Linkbase Document

Exhibit 101 Labels Linkbase Document

Exhibit 101 Definition Linkbase Document

Exhibit 101 Presentation Linkbase Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TYLER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

By: /s/ Brian K. Miller  
Brian K. Miller  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(principal financial officer and an authorized signatory)

Date: July 22, 2015