

SKINVISIBLE INC
Form 10-K
April 16, 2013

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

☒ ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended **December 31, 2012**

☐ TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: **000-25911**

Skinvisible, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

88-0344219

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

6320 South Sandhill Road, Suite 10, Las Vegas, NV

(Address of principal executive offices)

89120

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number: **702.433.7154**

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:

Edgar Filing: SKINVISIBLE INC - Form 10-K

Title of each class Name of each exchange on which registered

None **not applicable**

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act:

Title of each class

Common Stock, par value \$0.001

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§ 229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company.

☐ Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer

☐ Non-accelerated filer ☒ Smaller reporting company

Edgar Filing: SKINVISIBLE INC - Form 10-K

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter. \$3,332,481

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. 109,707,409 common shares as of January 25, 2013

Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
 <u>PART I</u>	
Item 1. <u>Business</u>	3
Item 2. <u>Properties</u>	14
Item 3. <u>Legal Proceedings</u>	14
Item 4. <u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	15
 <u>PART II</u>	
Item 5. <u>Market for Registrant’s Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities</u>	15
Item 6. <u>Selected Financial Data</u>	18
Item 7. <u>Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	18
Item 7A. <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	21
Item 8. <u>Financial Statements and Supplementary Data</u>	22
Item 9. <u>Changes In and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure</u>	23
Item 9A(T). <u>Controls and Procedures</u>	23
Item 9B. <u>Other Information</u>	23
 <u>PART III</u>	
Item 10. <u>Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance</u>	24
Item 11. <u>Executive Compensation</u>	26
Item 12. <u>Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters</u>	29
Item 13. <u>Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence</u>	30
Item 14. <u>Principal Accountant Fees and Services</u>	30
 <u>PART IV</u>	
Item 15. <u>Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules</u>	31

Table of Contents

PART I

Item 1. Business

Company Overview

We, through our wholly owned subsidiary Skinvisible Pharmaceuticals Inc., are a pharmaceutical research and development (“R&D”) company that has developed and patented an innovative polymer delivery system, Invisicare® and formulated over forty topical skin products, which we out-license globally. We were incorporated in 1998, and target an estimated \$80 billion global skincare and dermatology market and a \$30 billion global over-the-counter market as well as other healthcare / medical and consumer goods markets.

With the research and development complete on forty products and numerous patents issued (technology and product patents), we are ready to monetize our investment. Our business model is to out-license our patented prescription, over-the-counter (“OTC”) and cosmeceutical products featuring Invisicare to established manufacturers and marketers of brands internationally and to maximize profits from the products we have already out-licensed. We have also recently developed a product for Netherton syndrome, for which we are seeking “orphan drug” status in both the United States and Europe. This designation has the potential to be highly lucrative, with more global companies seeing the value of an orphan drug.

The opportunity for us to license our products has recently increased due to improving market conditions and the need for pharmaceutical companies to access external R&D companies for new products due to their own down-sizing or elimination of internal R&D departments. The demand for our products is enhanced due to the granting of key US and international patents and the completed development of a number of unique products.

The Products

Pivotal to our success is our patented polymer delivery system technology Invisicare. The advantages of products formulated with Invisicare are (1) Invisicare’s ability to bind active ingredients (the drug) to the skin, forming a protective bond on the skin, for extended periods of time - some up to eight hours or more; (2) Invisicare can deliver targeted levels (high or low) of therapeutic or cosmetic ingredients to the skin in a controlled release; (3) Invisicare can help to reduce the irritation of some active ingredients due to how it controls the slower release of that active ingredient; and (4) Invisicare science proves that it provides a protective skin barrier which helps retain the natural moisture content of the skin, while still allowing it to breathe. These benefits present an excellent opportunity for clear

scientific advantages and marketing messages which resonate with physicians and consumers.

The Market

The dermatology market is large, with over 80% of Americans affected by some kind of skin condition in their lifetime. The worldwide market for dermatology products including prescription, OTC and cosmeceuticals is estimated at \$80 billion.

Table of Contents

Company History

We formed Skinvisible Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (“Skinvisible”), in March 1998 and purchased the exclusive worldwide manufacturing and marketing rights for a polymer delivery system invention now called Invisicare® from the inventor for \$2 million. We have continued to develop the Invisicare technology and subsequent product development resulting in over seven series of Invisicare and over forty unique, patented formulations offering distinctive benefits that differentiate them significantly from other leading products in the marketplace.

What We Do

We have positioned ourselves in the \$80 billion worldwide prescription and over-the-counter dermatology and skincare market. We generate revenue by:

- **LICENSING:** We develop topical prescription and over-the-counter products enhanced with Invisicare to license to pharmaceutical and consumer goods companies around the world for an upfront fee and ongoing royalties;
- **CO-DEVELOPMENT:** We assist pharmaceutical clients in the early development of the most optimal formulation, which they then take forward into clinical testing;
- **LIFE CYCLE MANAGEMENT:** We provide cost-effective solutions to global pharmaceutical companies by reformulating their products coming off patent with a new Invisicare patent and new product benefits and line extensions. Pharmaceutical companies are under a lot of pressure to develop innovative strategies to counteract the revenue loss from their drugs coming off patent.

Corporate Ownership

We are a publicly traded company under the symbol SKVI, listed on the OTC Bulletin Board since February 1999 and currently trading on the OTCQB in the US.

We carry on business primarily through our wholly owned subsidiary Skinvisible Pharmaceuticals, Inc., also a Nevada corporation.

Patents

Patent protection provides our products with a key advantage in the marketplace, exclusivity and the advantage of no duplication from competitors. The patents are very comprehensive, covering three distinct categories: composition, the manufacturing process and the indication or use.

Patent approvals are sought (initially in the U.S. and later internationally) for all products developed. We have been granted numerous patents, including six in the United States as well as comprehensive international patents for Invisicare in Australia, China, India, South Korea, Hong Kong, Europe and Canada. There are a number of U.S. product and new Invisicare patents pending in addition to Patent Cooperation Treaties (or PCTs) which allow for one patent to be filed internationally. Some of these PCT patents cover up to five products. All Invisicare patents remain our property, with licensees obtaining the right to use the patented product formulations.

Table of Contents

This past year we received two product specific patents for sunscreens and retinoids and an additional US Invisicare technology patent. We have been granted a patent due to the ability of Invisicare® to “photo-stabilize” Avobenzone sunscreen for eight hours: a significant advantage over other sunscreens in the marketplace. In addition, recently the FDA implemented new regulations in respect to what claims can be made regarding a sunscreen. Our sunscreens not only surpass these new regulations for broad-spectrum sunscreens, they have been developed with a formula which does not conflict with other sunscreen patents on the market. We are currently in discussions for the licensing of these sunscreen formulations.

In November 2012, we were granted a US patent due to our ability to protect retinoic acid from breaking down during manufacturing. Retinoic acid breaks down when exposed to light and oxygen, however when formulated in our Invisicare®, this drug is protected by the stabilizing effect of Invisicare®. This patent protection extends until 2029.

We were also granted the third division of our Invisicare® patent. This patent protects the composition of Invisicare® so that no duplications can be made. This is in addition the two patents already granted covering manufacturing and the “precursor” (the pre-mix which is the first step of making Invisicare®.) This new patent extends Invisicare’s patent protection until 2029.

Trademarks

When developing new products using Invisicare, we file for both patent and trademark protection. We have been granted trademarks in the U.S. and Canada for the following names:

- Skinvisible® w Invisicare® w JUSTCARE® w Work Gluv®

Business Model

Our business model is to license out our patent protected products globally.

Our out-licensing business model is multi-pronged. Revenue is generated from several potential sources, including one-time and on-going fees. Products are licensed to established brand manufacturers in the dermatology and pharmaceutical markets globally.

Revenue generation: We receive a combination of four revenue streams including:

Edgar Filing: SKINVISIBLE INC - Form 10-K

- Research and development fees;
- Upfront license fee;
- Ongoing royalties for the life of the patent or twenty years, whichever is longer;
- Licensees purchase Invisicare polymers from us. The polymers make up 6-8% of each final product formulation for OTC and cosmetic formulas and less for prescription formulas.

Table of Contents

Strategic Growth Opportunities

Our growth strategy is to:

1. Capitalize on the success of current licensees;
2. Increase the value of our current pipeline; and
3. Boost licensing revenues by securing additional licensees globally and develop a robust royalty revenue stream that will finance our future growth.

1. Capitalize On Current Licensees:

This past year we made a concerted effort to help maximize the potential of our licensees but also to make some difficult decisions regarding some of our licensees. This past year, JD Nelson and Associates, RHEI Pharmaceuticals and Panalab S.A. agreements were cancelled. We continue to support our current licensees who remain focused on growing revenues.

We have licensees around the globe. Three of these licensees are currently in the marketplace: Avon Products globally, Women's Choice Pharmaceuticals in the United States and Alto Pharmaceuticals in Canada. Additionally, we have licensees that have products being prepared for launch. We work diligently with our licensees to ensure they have a smooth manufacturing process, ongoing R&D support and marketing feedback.

Avon Products, Inc:

Product: We have a long-term contract with Avon globally for over ten years to provide Invisicare polymer for their long-lasting lipsticks.

Sales: Invisicare polymers are purchased directly from Skinvisible.

Alto Pharmaceuticals:

Product: DermSafe®, long lasting hand sanitizer lotion launched in Canada in Q4 of 2011 for commercial / industrial use

Sales and Royalties: Alto has received Health Canada marketing approval for DermSafe and is currently marketing the product directly and seeking distributors in the commercial / healthcare marketplace..

Women's Choice Pharmaceuticals:

Product: ProCort®, long lasting prescription hemorrhoid cream launched in the United States August 2011

Sales and Royalties: ProCort continues to increase sales every quarter. Skinvisible receives a royalty based on net sales. This past year Women's Choice Pharmaceuticals LLC partnered with Advanced Medical Enterprises, LLC to market ProCort® in Puerto Rico. With over thirty pharmaceutical sales reps calling on OBGYNs in the US, Women's Choice has been successfully growing their sales of ProCort® and we look forward to increased growth in 2013. Womens Choice is seeking to form other strategic alliances in 2013 in order to increase its sales efforts by targeting new territories and targeting medical specialists which previously were not called upon.

Table of Contents

Product Launches for 2013:

We have additional products which are anticipated to be in the market in 2013.

Triclosan Hand Sanitizer & First Aid Antiseptic

Previously licensed as Safe4Hours® Antibacterial/Antimicrobial Hand Sanitizers (1% Triclosan) and Safe4Hours® First Aid Antiseptic & Skin Protectant for North America to Dermal Defense, Skinvisible has received the rights back for both products. Skinvisible anticipates setting up distributors for these products on an international basis.

Embil Pharmaceuticals Co. Ltd.

Licensed two prescription acne products: Clindamycin and Retinoic Acid for the countries of Turkey, Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan, as well as the S.E Asian countries of Indonesia, Malaysia, and the Philippines, for an upfront license fee and royalty.

The launch has been delayed due to company reorganization. It is anticipated that regulatory approval will begin in the latter half of 2013.

Mayquest Pharmaceuticals PTY

Licensed DermSafe chlorhexidine hand sanitizer for Singapore, Taiwan, Thailand, Indonesia and the Philippines for a license fee and royalty.

Received importation approval for DermSafe from Canada to Singapore. Launch pending.

Currently seeking distribution partner or sub- licensee to launch the product.

Table of Contents

2. Increasing The Value Of Skinvisible's Pipeline: Clinical Enhancement Of Pipeline

We have a pipeline of over forty products which are available for licensing. Testing is conducted in-house generating proof of concept including release of the active ingredient as well as long term shelf life (stability). Additional studies conducted on specific products including skin sensitivity, toxicity and product efficacy are outsourced to FDA compliant laboratories. These studies are critical in attracting potential licensees. Our clinical strategy is to:

Add new studies for our prescription products. Our clinical strategy is to increase the amount of outsourced studies, (1) specifically for our prescription products. Additional studies including skin penetration and skin irritation studies will add to the integrity and value of our products available for licensing.

Add new long-term efficacy studies for our DermSafe® hand sanitizer. Last year we commissioned an independent laboratory to further analyze the long-term effectiveness of DermSafe® when put in contact with two bacteria; the "super bug" MRSA and E. coli, the "restaurant bug" since it is often transmitted by food and food handlers. The long-term effectiveness of two bacteria; Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus or MRSA (ATCC #33591) (2) and Escherichia coli or E. coli (ATCC #43888") were tested up to four hours after application. The results showed that the individual arms of subjects which had DermSafe® applied and were even rinsed prior to each bacteria challenge, showed a 95.83% reduction at the 4 hour time point for MRSA and 99.38% for E. coli.

These new studies were undertaken to benefit our licensee in Canada, Alto Pharmaceuticals, and to assist in the re-licensing of DermSafe in Europe. In 2012 we cancelled the license agreement to RHEI Pharmaceuticals and we are in the process of transferring the regulatory approval in Europe to our company. The objective for 2013 is to make DermSafe available internationally to the general public and also for use in hospitals, schools, law enforcement and the military through independent distributors.

(3) Obtain orphan drug status for our Netherton syndrome product. Along with our research and development of products to treat common skin conditions, we have also developed a patent pending product to treat a rare skin condition called Netherton syndrome. This disease is caused by a genetic defect which causes the skin to continually exfoliate, never forming a skin bond. This leaves the patient highly susceptible to infection and dealing with a life-long condition that has no cure.

Our product has shown excellent results in lab studies blocking the enzyme that breaks down the skin and we are seeking "Orphan Drug" designation in both the US and Europe. Following our application to the US Orphan Drug Committee, we presented our findings to the European Medicine Agency this past year. We are currently undertaking a further proof-of-concept study in the disease itself. These findings will be submitted along with our original applications in the US and Europe. Due to previous feedback from these agencies, we feel confident that this additional data will provide the final evidence required for orphan drug status.

The advantages of obtaining Orphan Drug designation is that it provides various incentives including a reduction or elimination of registration and market authorization fees, protocol assistance, and seven years of market exclusivity for the product in the US and ten years in Europe. These incentives are highly attractive to pharmaceutical companies targeting this market. It is anticipated with an orphan drug approval, we will receive a multi-million dollar license fee plus an on-going royalty. We are currently in discussions with potential licensees and we are implementing a compassionate use study in 2013 to assist with the approval process. The study results will then be resubmitted to the both the EMA and FDA for Orphan Drug designation. Our lab studies have shown excellent results so we are positive on the human study.

(4) Seek clinical partnerships which will result in FDA approvals of our prescription products. There are three “Phases” involved in obtaining FDA approval. The completion of Phase 1 and/or Phase 2 will increase the value of the license and royalty fees of our products significantly. We are also seeking partnerships with Clinical Research Organizations (CROs) in order to define and begin the regulatory pathway for one or more of our prescription products.

Table of Contents

3. Secure Additional Licensees:

We are in discussions with various global, US, Canadian and European based pharmaceutical companies for licenses. These negotiations are at various stages and some are expected to close in 2013.

To facilitate further expansion, we have entered discussions with potential partners that are dermatology service providers and knowledgeable and connected in the dermatology market.

Invisicare – The Technology and Products

At the heart of our product line is our patented technology and trademarked Invisicare family of polymer delivery vehicles. Invisicare has a unique formula and process for combining hydrophilic and hydrophobic polymers into stable formulations with almost any type of active ingredient. The Invisicare technology delivers drugs on, in or through the skin with a controlled release and can be tailored to almost any type of molecule and the needs of our licensees.

Key Benefits of the Invisicare Technology

Invisicare enhances topical products with the following advantages:

- Independent studies have proven that products utilizing Invisicare will bond active ingredients to the skin for up to four hours or more even after washing.
- Invisicare is non-occlusive and allows for normal skin respiration and perspiration while holding the body's natural moisture in the skin as well as protecting against exposure from a wide variety of environmental irritants.
- Invisicare adheres to the skin's outer layers, forming a protective bond and delivering targeted levels of therapeutic or cosmetic skincare agents to the skin. The "invisible" polymer compositions wear off as part of the natural exfoliation process of the skin's outer layer.
- Invisicare allows enhanced delivery performance for a variety of skincare agents resulting in improved efficacy, longer duration of action, reduced irritation and often requires a lower dosage of the active.
- Invisicare has a patented process for combining water-soluble and water-insoluble polymers to hold water insoluble and certain cationic active ingredients on the skin without the use of alcohol, waxes, or other organic solvents; a key advantage over similar product formulas.
- When Invisicare is formulated into a new product, a patent can be applied for, giving the product a unique position in the marketplace that cannot be duplicated. It also provides a cost-effective solution to pharmaceutical companies looking for life cycle management for their existing products coming off patent or requiring market revitalization.

Some product specific benefits illustrated in independent studies:

DermSafe kills bacteria for up to four hours – studies conclude that DermSafe hand sanitizer kills the “Super Bug” methicillin-resistant staphylococcus (MRSA) up to 94% and Escherichia coli (E.coli), a major cause of food borne illnesses in humans, up to 99% after four hours, even when hands are rinsed and towel dried at hours 1, 2 and 4. (Bioscience Labs, Montana)

DermSafe kills viruses for up to four hours – studies conclude that DermSafe kills the influenza A virus’s including H1N1 (“bird flu”), H5N1 (“swine flu”) and H3N2. (RetroScreen Virology, Queen Mary School of Medicine, London England)

Table of Contents

Sunless Tanner lasts 73% longer than similar products – studies conducted by the largest supplier of DHA; the -active that makes skin brown, showed significant advantages over leading branded products. (EMD Merck, Germany)

Sunscreens meet FDA critical wave length requirements – conducted by one of the largest suppliers of sunscreen -filters, our sunscreens, SPF 15, 30 and 50 exceed the new FDA regulations for sunscreens in both critical wavelength and “broad spectrum” rating. (DSM Nutritional Products, New Jersey)

Invisicare Formulations

Our forty products have been successfully tested in-house to show proof of concept and are ready to be licensed. We continue to develop other prescription, OTC and cosmeceutical products in response to the needs of the marketplace.

Product patent applications are immediately filed on newly developed products. FDA regulatory approvals are required for prescription products while OTC products have limited requirements. Cosmetic-type products, products without therapeutic claims and OTC products that follow the FDA monograph, are immediately available for marketing. In Canada, OTC products follow the Health Canada monograph requiring only the submission of a DIN registration.

We have over 40 products developed and available for licensing:

CONDITION / USE	PRESCRIPTION (PRE-CLINICAL)	OTC / COSMECEUTICAL
Acne	3	2
Actinic Keratosis	1	
Analgesics	1	6
Anti-Fungal	2	2
Anti-Inflammatory	4	1
Antimicrobial	1	4
Pre-Operative Skin Prep	1	
Dermatitis / Dry Skin	1	5
Netherton Syndrome	1	
Anti- Aging		4
Suncare		6
Sunless Tanning		3
TOTAL	15	33

Skinvisible Introduces Complete Product Lines

Invisicare® adds many benefits to products including skin barrier properties to aid skin healing by retaining moisture, superior adherence, and improved delivery of actives. Through our research and development efforts over the past year, Skinvisible has formulated complete product lines that are available for immediate licensing and launch. The product lines include: Acne, Anti-Aging, Sunless Tanning, Sun Care and Leg & Foot Care.

Table of Contents

11

Table of Contents

Research and Development

Our facilities include a research and development laboratory, headed by James Roszell PhD, where we continue to enhance our current product offerings and to develop a variety of new product formulations with Invisicare for out-licensing.

Our R&D focus is centered on the following initiatives:

- We continue to expand our product development beyond the dermatology market into other areas including women's health, orphan drugs, pain management and surgical;

- To increase the value of our prescription products, with additional testing on our most lucrative prescription products in order to provide independent validation and verification of our product claims. We utilize FDA compliant, independent laboratories with extensive qualifications for carrying out investigative product studies, utilizing protocols incorporating Good Lab Practice and Good Clinical Practice ("GLP/GCP") standards;

- We have successfully developed a unique product for Netherton syndrome and are seeking orphan drug status for this product. Additional studies are required in order to receive approval as an orphan drug in the United States and Europe.

- We have also completed preliminary development of a new Invisicare technology which will provide transdermal delivery of drugs. This new transdermal delivery system will allow us to enter the very lucrative markets of hormone replacement therapy, neurological treatment, nicotine cessation and others.

Sales and Marketing Plan

Our Licensing Strategy

We pursue potential licensing agreements, business opportunities, strategic alliances and collaborative partners, directly through senior management as well as through our sales consultants and medical advisors.

Our management is focused on the success of our Invisicare formulated products, with continued efforts being made by senior staff and consultants to close current and future negotiations for out-licensing deals. Access is gained through direct contact by our personnel and with the assistance of our brokers, consultants and advisors. The advisors include medical experts with strong ties to pharmaceutical companies and/or key opinion leaders in dermatology, infectious disease and plastic surgery internationally. Recently, we added three agents who will assist with business development in the United States and Asia.

Table of Contents

Licensing Target Market

We target key decision makers in pharmaceutical, medical, cosmetic and consumer goods companies, both on a national and international scale. Companies with products coming off patent, looking for line extensions and international companies that want to launch “US branded” products, continue to be key targets.

Additionally we seek strategic partnerships with companies with clinical development expertise in order to take our products further down the clinical development process and to achieve higher returns when licensing our products.

Competition

Market research indicates there is reasonably limited direct competition for Invisicare and patented products in terms of performance capabilities for topically administered skin products. Many companies are seeking unique delivery systems to enhance their portfolio and purchasing companies that have delivery technology.

Some of the companies involved in developing delivery technology are listed below. However, none of these competitors offer the same advantages of Invisicare principally the “long-term staying power” and the ability to control the release of active ingredients on the skin.

- ◆ Stiefel Laboratories Inc., the world's largest publically quoted pharmaceutical company specializing in dermatology, purchased Connetics Corporation for approximately \$640 million in the fall of 2006. (Subsequently in 2009, Stiefel, with \$900 million in sales, was purchased by GlaxoSmithKline for \$3.9 billion – at 4 times revenue). Connetics has a patented foam delivery technology.
- ◆ Foamix Ltd is a drug development company with its head office in Israel. It has developed five platforms which use a foam delivery technology and is used in products like Rogaine®.
- ◆ A.P. Pharma sold its acne and actinic keratosis products made with its patented Microsponge® delivery system to two companies for a reported \$30 million; Johnson & Johnson purchased the Retin-A Micro® product line, with revenues of \$110 million in the US in 2006 and sanofi-aventis purchased Carac®, a product used to treat actinic keratosis, with \$11 million in sales in 2001.

Government Regulation

We are not subject to any significant or material federal or state government regulation in connection with the research and development and licensing of our innovative topical polymer-based delivery systems and technologies.

With respect to our products under development, our licensing agreements require the licensee to seek all required approvals for marketing, distribution, and sale in the jurisdictions for which it is desired to make the product available should we succeed in developing a successful product.

We are not subject to any significant or material environmental regulation in the normal operation of our business.

Orphan Drug Designation

We are seeking “Orphan Drug” designation in both the US and Europe for a product to treat a rare skin condition called Netherton syndrome. The FDA may grant orphan drug designation to drugs intended to treat a rare disease or condition, which generally is a disease or condition that affects fewer than 200,000 individuals in the United States. Orphan drug designation must be requested before submitting a New Drug Application, or NDA. If the FDA grants orphan drug designation, which it may not, the identity of the therapeutic agent and its potential orphan use are publicly disclosed by the FDA. Orphan drug designation does not convey an advantage in, or shorten the duration of, the review and approval process. If a product which has an orphan drug designation subsequently receives the first FDA approval for the indication for which it has such designation, the product is entitled to seven years of orphan drug exclusivity, meaning that the FDA may not approve any other applications to market the same drug for the same indication for a period of seven years, except in limited circumstances, such as a showing of clinical superiority to the product with orphan exclusivity (superior efficacy, safety, or a major contribution to patient care). Orphan drug designation does not prevent competitors from developing or marketing different drugs for that indication. We have not received orphan drug status for any of our products.

Table of Contents

Under European Union medicines laws, the criteria for designating a product as an “orphan medicine” are similar but somewhat different from those in the United States. A drug is designated as an orphan drug if the sponsor can establish that the drug is intended for a life-threatening or chronically debilitating condition affecting no more than five in 10,000 persons in the European Union or that is unlikely to be profitable, and if there is no approved satisfactory treatment or if the drug would be a significant benefit to those persons with the condition. Orphan medicines are entitled to ten years of marketing exclusivity, except under certain limited circumstances comparable to United States law. During this period of marketing exclusivity, no “similar” product, whether or not supported by full safety and efficacy data, will be approved unless a second applicant can establish that its product is safer, more effective or otherwise clinically superior. This period may be reduced to six years if the conditions that originally justified orphan designation change or the sponsor makes excessive profits.

Employees

We currently have four employees, including our sole officer Terry Howlett. Two of our employees are full-time.

Subsidiaries

We conduct our operations through our wholly-owned subsidiary, Skinvisible Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Item 2. Properties

Currently, we do not own any real estate. We are leasing our executive offices and research facility. We are located at 6320 South Sandhill Road, Suite 10, Las Vegas, Nevada 89120. We signed an addendum to our lease on February 21, 2013, which extends the term until February 28, 2015. Rent is \$2,763 per month plus all applicable CAM charges. We currently owe our landlord \$22,354 and late fees of \$34,742, but our landlord has agreed to accept partial payment of \$10,000 as payment in full provided that we fulfill the terms of the lease and addendum.

Skinvisible Pharmaceuticals, Inc., our wholly-owned subsidiary, owns the manufacturing and laboratory equipment at this location.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

On September 30, 2011, we filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the District of Nevada (the “Court”), against Sunless Beauty, Ltd., Angie Trelstad, TMTA, LLC, and Norvell Skin Solutions, LLC (collectively, the “Defendants”), alleging patent infringement on the Company’s patents: U.S. Patent 6,756,059 B2, 7,674,471 B2, and

6,582,683 B2 (the “Patents”), trademark infringement, misappropriation of trade secrets, and breach of the License Agreement we entered into October 31, 2007 with Sunless Beauty, Ltd. We are seeking, among other things, the following relief from the Court against the Defendants:

- § For an order declaring that Defendants have infringed one or more claims of the Patents;
- § For an order declaring that Defendants have infringed on the Company’s trademarks;
- § For an order declaring that Defendants have willfully misappropriated the Company’s trade secrets;
- § A preliminary and permanent injunction against Defendants prohibiting each of them from further infringement of the Patents and the Company’s trademarks and trade secrets;
- § For an order declaring that Sunless Beauty Ltd. and Angie Trelstad have breached the License Agreement;
- § An award of damages the Company has suffered by reason of the allegations charged in the complaint;
- § An award to the Company of its costs and attorneys’ fees;
- § Such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Table of Contents

We have settled with Norvell Skin Solutions, LLC but the case is still open and we are pursuing the action against Sunless Beauty, Ltd., Angie Trelstad and TMTA, LLC.

We are not aware of any pending legal proceeding to which any of our officers, directors, or any beneficial holders of 5% or more of our voting securities are adverse to us or have a material interest adverse to us.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Market Information

Our common stock is quoted under the symbol "SKVI" on the OTCBB operated by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") and the OTCQB operated by OTC Markets Group, Inc. Few market makers continue to participate in the OTCBB system because of high fees charged by FINRA. Consequently, market makers that once quoted our shares on the OTCBB system may no longer be posting a quotation for our shares. As of the date of this report, however, our shares are quoted by several market makers on the OTCQB. The criteria for listing on either the OTCBB or OTCQB are similar and include that we remain current in our SEC reporting. Our reporting is presently current and, since inception, we have filed our SEC reports on time.

Only a limited market exists for our securities. There is no assurance that a regular trading market will develop, or if developed, that it will be sustained. Therefore, a shareholder may be unable to resell his securities in our company.

The following table sets forth the range of high and low bid quotations for our common stock for each of the periods indicated as reported by the OTCQB. These quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

Fiscal Year Ending December
31, 2012

Quarter Ended	High	Low
	\$	\$
December 31, 2012	0.06	0.021
September 30, 2012	0.045	0.019
June 30, 2012	0.06	0.038
March 31, 2012	0.061	0.025

Fiscal Year Ending December
31, 2011

Quarter Ended	High	Low
	\$	\$
December 31, 2011	0.06	0.04
September 30, 2011	0.075	0.043
June 30, 2011	0.075	0.04
March 31, 2011	0.095	0.04

On April 15, 2013, the last sales price per share of our common stock on the OTCQB was \$0.03 per share.

Table of Contents

Penny Stock

The SEC has adopted rules that regulate broker-dealer practices in connection with transactions in penny stocks. Penny stocks are generally equity securities with a market price of less than \$5.00, other than securities registered on certain national securities exchanges or quoted on the NASDAQ system, provided that current price and volume information with respect to transactions in such securities is provided by the exchange or system. The penny stock rules require a broker-dealer, prior to a transaction in a penny stock, to deliver a standardized risk disclosure document prepared by the SEC, that: (a) contains a description of the nature and level of risk in the market for penny stocks in both public offerings and secondary trading; (b) contains a description of the broker's or dealer's duties to the customer and of the rights and remedies available to the customer with respect to a violation of such duties or other requirements of the securities laws; (c) contains a brief, clear, narrative description of a dealer market, including bid and ask prices for penny stocks and the significance of the spread between the bid and ask price; (d) contains a toll-free telephone number for inquiries on disciplinary actions; (e) defines significant terms in the disclosure document or in the conduct of trading in penny stocks; and (f) contains such other information and is in such form, including language, type size and format, as the SEC shall require by rule or regulation.

The broker-dealer also must provide, prior to effecting any transaction in a penny stock, the customer with (a) bid and offer quotations for the penny stock; (b) the compensation of the broker-dealer and its salesperson in the transaction; (c) the number of shares to which such bid and ask prices apply, or other comparable information relating to the depth and liquidity of the market for such stock; and (d) a monthly account statement showing the market value of each penny stock held in the customer's account.

In addition, the penny stock rules require that prior to a transaction in a penny stock not otherwise exempt from those rules, the broker-dealer must make a special written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and receive the purchaser's written acknowledgment of the receipt of a risk disclosure statement, a written agreement as to transactions involving penny stocks, and a signed and dated copy of a written suitability statement.

These disclosure requirements may have the effect of reducing the trading activity for our common stock. Therefore, stockholders may have difficulty selling our securities.

Holders of Our Common Stock

As of December 31, 2012, we had 109,507,409 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding, held by 187 shareholders of record, other than those held in street name.

Dividends

There are no restrictions in our articles of incorporation or bylaws that prevent us from declaring dividends. The Nevada Revised Statutes, however, do prohibit us from declaring dividends where after giving effect to the distribution of the dividend:

1. we would not be able to pay our debts as they become due in the usual course of business, or;
2. our total assets would be less than the sum of our total liabilities plus the amount that would be needed to satisfy the rights of shareholders who have preferential rights superior to those receiving the distribution.

We have not declared any dividends and we do not plan to declare any dividends in the foreseeable future.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

The information set forth below relates to our issuances of securities without registration under the Securities Act of 1933 during the reporting period which were not previously included in a Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Current Report on Form 8-K.

On October 24, 2012, we issued 90,000 shares of our common stock as a result of entering into loan conversion agreements with lenders to convert a total principal balance and interest of \$3,600 into equity.

On October 1, 2012, we issued 680,500 shares of our common stock as a result of entering into loan conversion agreements with lenders to convert a total principal balance and interest of \$17,013 into equity. We also issued a two year warrant to the lenders to purchase an aggregate amount of 340,250 shares of common shares at a strike price of \$0.04 per share.

On November 20, 2012, we issued a warrant for 425,000 shares of common stock to Retire Happy, LLC with an exercise price of \$0.03.

Table of Contents

On December 10, 2012, we issued a warrant for 150,000 shares of common stock to Retire Happy, LLC with an exercise price of \$0.04.

On December 20, 2012, we issued a warrant for 425,000 shares of common stock to Retire Happy, LLC with an exercise price of \$0.04.

On January 3, 2013, we issued 100,000 shares of our common stock as a result of entering into loan conversion agreements with lenders to convert a total principal balance and interest of \$3,600 into equity.

On January 10, 2013, we issued 100,000 shares of our common stock as a result of entering into loan conversion agreements with lenders to convert a total principal balance and interest of \$3,600 into equity.

On January 30, 2013, we issued and convertible promissory note to James Roszell to convert his accrued compensation of \$23,404 as of December 31, 2012, into our common stock at \$0.03 per share at any time until December 31, 2007. If exercised, we also agreed to issue a three year warrant to Mr. Roszell to purchase an aggregate amount of 390,070 shares of common shares at a strike price of \$0.04 per share.

On January 30, 2013, we issued and convertible promissory note to Terry Howlett to convert his accrued compensation of \$46,056 as of December 31, 2012 into our common stock at \$0.03 per share at any time until December 31, 2007. If exercised, we also agreed to issue a three year warrant to Mr. Howlett to purchase an aggregate amount of 767,600 shares of common shares at a strike price of \$0.04 per share.

On January 30, 2013, we issued and convertible promissory note to Terry Howlett to convert debt of \$46,352 as of December 31, 2012 into our common stock at \$0.03 per share at any time until December 31, 2007. If exercised, we also agreed to issue a three year warrant to Mr. Howlett to purchase an aggregate amount of 772,533 shares of common shares at a strike price of \$0.04 per share.

On January 30, 2013, we issued and convertible promissory note to Doreen McMorran to convert her accrued compensation of \$66,281 as of December 31, 2012 into our common stock at \$0.03 per share at any time until December 31, 2007. If exercised, we also agreed to issue a three year warrant to Ms. McMorran to purchase an aggregate amount of 1,104,685 shares of common shares at a strike price of \$0.04 per share.

On February 11, 2013, we issued 542,560 shares of our common stock as a result of entering into loan conversion agreements with lenders to convert a total principal balance and interest of \$16,277 into equity. We also issued a two year warrant to the lenders to purchase an aggregate amount of 271,280 shares of common shares at a strike price of

\$0.05 per share.

These securities were issued pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and/or Rule 506 promulgated thereunder. The holders represented their intention to acquire the securities for investment only and not with a view towards distribution. The investors were given adequate information about us to make an informed investment decision. We did not engage in any general solicitation or advertising. We directed our transfer agent to issue the stock certificates with the appropriate restrictive legend affixed to the restricted stock.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table provides information about our compensation plans under which shares of common stock may be issued upon the exercise of options as of December 31, 2012.

In July 2006, we adopted the 2006 Skinvisible, Inc. Stock Option Plan, which provides for the grant of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, performance shares and performance units, and stock awards our officers, directors or employees of, as well as advisers and consultants. This plan was confirmed by our stockholders on August 7, 2006 at the annual shareholders meeting.

Under the 2006 Skinvisible, Inc. Stock Option Plan, we reserved 10,000,000 shares of common stock for the granting of options and rights.

Table of Contents**Equity Compensation Plans as of December 31, 2012**

Plan Category	A Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	B Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and right	C Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (A))
Equity compensation plans			
approved by security	7,250,000	\$0.05	2,750,000
holders			
Equity compensation plans			
not approved by security	8,915,200	\$0.06	
holders			
Total	16,165,200	\$0.06	2,750,000

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements, other than purely historical information, including estimates, projections, statements relating to our business plans, objectives, and expected operating results, and the assumptions upon which those statements are based, are “forward-looking statements.” These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words “believes,” “project,” “expects,” “anticipates,” “estimates,” “intends,” “strategy,” “plan,” “may,” “will,” “would,” “will be,” “likely result,” and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions

that are subject to risks and uncertainties which may cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a material adverse affect on our operations and future prospects on a consolidated basis include, but are not limited to: changes in economic conditions, legislative/regulatory changes, availability of capital, interest rates, competition, and generally accepted accounting principles. These risks and uncertainties should also be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements.

Table of Contents

Results of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

Revenues

Our total revenue reported for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$270,298, an increase from \$180,185 for the year ended December 31, 2011. The increase in revenues for the year ended December 31, 2012 from the prior year is primarily attributable the cancellation of the RHEI Pharmaceuticals HK Ltd. agreement, which was cancelled on October 12, 2012. Due to the cancellation of the agreement there is no longer any remaining life to amortize the agreement over and the remaining deferred revenue is immediately considered earned and recognized. The rights received by us were rights that we initially provided to RHEI per the agreement; we now have received the rights back.

Cost of Revenues

Our cost of revenues for the year ended December 31, 2012 increased to \$4,627 from the prior year when cost of revenues was \$1,680. The increase in our cost of revenues for the year ended December 31, 2012 from the prior year is attributable to the purchase of a larger volume of raw ingredients.

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$265,671, or approximately 98% of sales. Gross profit for the year ended December 31, 2011 was 178,505, or approximately 99% of sales.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased to \$1,589,650 for the year ended December 31, 2012 from \$1,406,733 for the year ended December 31, 2011. Our operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2012 consisted mainly of discount amortization of \$571,844, accrued salaries and wages of \$323,745, commissions of \$106,218, salaries and wages of \$80,281, consulting expenses of \$72,219, rent of \$53,708, amortization expenses of \$50,585, legal fees of \$50,490, and accounting and audit expenses of \$47,850. In comparison, our operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2011 consisted mainly of salaries and wages of \$31,305, accrued salaries and wages of \$365,404, rent of \$56,177, accounting and audit expenses of \$46,120, depreciation and amortization expenses of \$56,313, and

consulting expenses of \$58,448.

Other Expenses

We had other expenses of \$128,442 for the year ended December 31, 2012, compared with other expenses of \$132,257 for the year ended December 31, 2011. We paid \$173,780 in interest expenses for the year ended December 31, 2012 from \$127,152 in the prior year ended 2011. In 2012, however, we realized other income of \$25,000 and \$6,000 gain on the sale of equipment and a \$14,338 gain on the extinguishment of debt, which was not realized in 2011.

Net Loss

Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$1,452,421 compared to net loss of \$1,360,485 for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2012, we had total current assets of \$498,235 and total assets in the amount of \$754,247. Our total current liabilities as of December 31, 2012 were \$2,372,633. We had a working capital deficit of \$1,874,398 as of December 31, 2012.

Operating activities used \$538,904 in cash for year ended December 31, 2012. Our net loss of \$1,452,421 and decrease in unearned revenue of \$210,000 were the main components of our negative operating cash flow, offset mainly by amortization of debt discount of \$571,844 accrued expenses converted to notes of \$399,528 and an increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$84,577.

Cash flows used by investing activities during the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$31,971 as a result of the purchase of fixed and intangible assets offset by the sale of fixed assets.

Table of Contents

Cash flows provided by financing activities during year ended December 31, 2012 amounted to \$1,020,164 and consisted of \$1,238,900 from the issuance of convertible promissory notes, offset by \$195,000 in payments on convertible promissory notes, \$20,000 in payments on loans, and \$3,736 payments to related party loans.

From September, 2012 to December 31, 2012, we executed Convertible Promissory Notes (the “Notes”) in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,000,000 to several investors. The proceeds of the Notes are to be used for our general working capital purposes. The Notes bear interest at the rate of 9% per annum and mature at various times from September 14, 2014 to December 13, 2014.

The Notes are convertible into shares of our common stock at a conversion price of 90% of the average trading prices of our common stock during the five trading days on the OTCBB proceeding the conversion date. The number of shares issuable upon conversion shall be proportionally adjusted to reflect any stock dividend, split or similar event. The option of conversion is only available following the 1 year anniversary of the note.

The Notes are secured by the accounts receivable of a license agreement the Company has with Womens Choice Pharmaceuticals, LLC on its proprietary prescription product, ProCort®.

Unless waived in writing by the Holder, we are prohibited from effecting the conversion of the Note to the extent that as a result of such conversion the Holder thereof would beneficially own more than 4.99% in the aggregate of our issued and outstanding common stock immediately after giving effect to the issuance of common stock upon conversion.

For so long as we have any obligation under the Note, we agreed to certain restrictions on our ability to declare dividends, repurchase our capital stock, sell our assets, or advance loans to others.

Based upon our current financial condition, we do not have sufficient cash to operate our business at the current level for the next twelve months. We intend to fund operations through increased sales and debt and/or equity financing arrangements, which may be insufficient to fund expenditures or other cash requirements. We plan to seek additional financing in a private equity offering to secure funding for operations. There can be no assurance that we will be successful in raising additional funding. If we are not able to secure additional funding, the implementation of our business plan will be impaired. There can be no assurance that such additional financing will be available to us on acceptable terms or at all.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of December 31, 2012, there were no off balance sheet arrangements.

Critical Accounting Policies

In December 2001, the SEC requested that all registrants list their most “critical accounting policies” in the Management Discussion and Analysis. The SEC indicated that a “critical accounting policy” is one which is both important to the portrayal of a company’s financial condition and results, and requires management’s most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain.

Going concern – The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has incurred cumulative net losses of \$22,571,364 since its inception and requires capital for its contemplated operational and marketing activities to take place. The Company’s ability to raise additional capital through the future issuances of common stock is unknown. The obtainment of additional financing, the successful development of the Company’s contemplated plan of operations, and its transition, ultimately, to the attainment of profitable operations are necessary for the Company to continue operations. The ability to successfully resolve these factors raise substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements of the Company do not include any adjustments that may result from the outcome of these aforementioned uncertainties.

Table of Contents

Product sales – Revenues from the sale of products (Invisicare® polymers) are recognized when title to the products are transferred to the customer and only when no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive reasonably assured payments for products sold and delivered.

Royalty sales – The Company also recognizes royalty revenue from licensing its patented product formulations only when earned, with no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive and retain reasonably assured payments.

Distribution and license rights sales – The Company also recognizes revenue from distribution and license rights only when earned (and are amortized over a five year period), with no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive and retain reasonably assured payments.

Costs of Revenue – Cost of revenue includes raw materials, component parts, and shipping supplies. Shipping and handling costs is not a significant portion of the cost of revenue.

Accounts Receivable – Accounts receivable is comprised of uncollateralized customer obligations due under normal trade terms requiring payment within 30 days from the invoice date. The carrying amount of accounts receivable is reviewed periodically for collectability. If management determines that collection is unlikely, an allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected is recorded. Management reviews each accounts receivable balance that exceeds 30 days from the invoice date and, based on an assessment of creditworthiness, estimates the portion, if any, of the balance that will not be collected. As of December 31, 2012, the Company had not recorded a reserve for doubtful accounts.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

We do not expect the adoption of recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on our results of operations, financial position or cash flow.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

A smaller reporting company is not required to provide the information required by this Item.

Table of Contents

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Index to Financial Statements Required by Article 8 of Regulation S-X:

Audited Financial Statements:

F-1 Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

F-2 Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2012 and 2011

F-3 Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

F-4 Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Deficit for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

F-5 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

F-6 Notes to Financial Statements

Table of Contents

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors

Skinvisible, Inc.

Las Vegas, Nevada

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Skinvisible, Inc. as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' deficit, and cash flows for the years then ended. Skinvisible, Inc.'s management is responsible for these financial statements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Skinvisible, Inc., as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, and the consolidated results of its operations and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in The United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company has suffered recurring losses from operations, which raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding those matters also are described in Note 1. Absent the successful completion of one of these alternatives, the Company's operating results will increasingly become uncertain. The financial statements do not contain any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Sarna & Company,

Certified Public Accountants

Thousand Oaks, California

April 14, 2013

F-1

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Audited)

	Years ended	
	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011 (Restated)
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	\$450,507	\$1,218
Accounts receivable	27,299	1,105
Inventory	18,769	14,953
Due from related party	1,145	1,145
Prepaid expense and other current assets	515	8,613
Total current assets	498,235	27,034
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$318,519 and \$330,002, respectively	4,459	5,717
Intangible and other assets:		
Patents and trademarks, net of accumulated amortization of \$213,205 and \$162,621, respectively	251,553	264,166
Total assets	\$754,247	\$296,917
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$636,313	\$623,972
Accrued interest payable	25,263	—
Loans from related party	7,661	12,400
Loans payable	1,991	27,661
Convertible notes payable, net of unamortized debt discount of \$102,200 and \$-0-, respectively	1,088,386	62,475
Convertible notes payable related party, net of unamortized discount of \$1,036,956 and \$1,145,867, respectively	593,227	84,789
Unearned revenue	19,792	229,792
Total current liabilities	2,372,633	1,041,089
Total liabilities	2,372,633	1,041,089
Stockholders' deficit		
Common stock; \$0.001 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized 109,507,409 and 106,592,159		
	109,507	106,594
shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital	20,841,671	20,268,177
Stock payable	1,800	—
Accumulated deficit	(22,571,364)	(21,118,943)
Total stockholders' deficit	(1,618,386)	(744,172)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$754,247	\$296,917

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

F-2

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Audited)

	Years ended	
	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Revenues	\$270,298	\$180,185
Cost of revenues	4,627	1,680
Gross profit	265,671	178,505
Operating expenses		
Depreciation and amortization	51,842	56,313
Selling general and administrative	1,537,808	1,350,420
Total operating expenses	1,589,650	1,406,733
Loss from operations	(1,323,979)	(1,228,228)
Other income and (expense)		
Other income	25,000	—
Gain on Sale of Equipment	6,000	—
Interest expense	(173,780)	(127,152)
Gain on extinguishment of Debt	14,338	(5,105)
Total other expense	(128,442)	(132,257)
Net loss	\$(1,452,421)	\$(1,360,485)
Basic loss per common share	\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	108,703,907	101,370,461

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

F-3

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

	Common Stock		Additional	Stock	Accumulated	Total
	Shares	Amount	Paid-in	Payable	Deficit	Stockholders'
			Capital			Deficit
Balance, December 31, 2010 (audited)	97,518,259	\$97,520	\$18,628,922	\$—	\$(19,758,458)	\$(1,032,016)
Issuance of stock for cash	4,187,500	4,188	203,813	—	—	208,001
Issuance of stock for conversion of debts	1,912,400	1,912	79,663	—	—	81,575
Issuance of stock for services	2,724,000	2,724	152,376	—	—	155,100
Issuance of stock upon exercise of warrants in lieu of debt	250,000	250	14,750	—	—	15,000
Financing costs related to convertible notes payable	—	—	1,188,653	—	—	1,188,653
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(1,360,485)	(1,360,485)
Balance, December 31, 2011 (audited)	106,592,159	\$106,594	\$20,268,177	\$—	\$(21,118,943)	\$(744,172)
Issuance of stock for conversion of debts	2,915,250	2,913	113,846	1,800	—	118,559
Issuance of warrants for services	—	—	39,006	—	—	39,006
Financing costs related to convertible notes payable	—	—	420,642	—	—	420,642
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(1,452,421)	(1,452,421)
Balance, December 31, 2012 (audited)	109,507,409	109,507	20,841,671	1,800	(22,571,364)	\$(1,618,386)

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Audited)

	Years ended	
	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011 (Restated)
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$(1,452,421)	\$(1,360,485)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	51,842	56,313
Stock based compensation	—	155,100
Amortization of debt discount	571,844	584,559
Loss on conversion of debt	—	5,105
Accrued expenses converted to notes	399,528	442,978
Warrants issued for services	39,006	—
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(14,338)	—
Gain on sale of assets	(6,000)	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in inventory	(3,816)	1,642
Increase in accounts receivable	(26,194)	(1,105)
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets	8,098	5,390
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	84,577	(14,749)
Increase in accrued interest	18,970	5,815
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	(210,000)	(73,023)
Net cash used in operating activities	(538,904)	(192,460)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Sale of fixed assets	6,000	
Purchase of fixed assets and intangible assets	(37,971)	(87,404)
Net cash used in investing activities	(31,971)	(87,404)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of stock	—	223,001
Proceeds from, net of payments to, related parties for loans	(3,736)	12,400
Proceeds from convertible notes payable	1,238,900	18,000
Payments on convertible notes payable	(195,000)	—
Proceeds from loans	—	25,200
Payments on loans	(20,000)	—
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,020,164	278,601
Net change in cash	449,289	(1,263)
Cash, beginning of period	1,218	2,481
Cash, end of period	\$450,507	\$1,218
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$11,389	\$4,051
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		

Edgar Filing: SKINVISIBLE INC - Form 10-K

Non-cash investing and financing activities:

Common stock payable for debt	\$ 1,800	\$—
Common stock issued on conversion of interest	\$613	\$—
Loan payable converted to convertible loan	\$(9,719)) \$—
Common stock issued on conversion of debts	\$116,145	\$81,575
Beneficial conversion feature	\$420,642	\$118,653

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

F-5

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AUDITED)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS, HISTORY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES

Description of business – Skinvisible, Inc., (referred to as the “Company”) is focused on the development and manufacture of innovative topical, transdermal and mucosal polymer-based delivery system technologies and formulations incorporating its patent-pending formula/process for combining hydrophilic and hydrophobic polymer emulsions. The technologies and formulations have broad industry applications within the pharmaceutical, over-the-counter, personal skincare and cosmetic arenas. Additionally, the Company’s non-dermatological formulations, offer solutions for a broad spectrum of markets women’s health, pain management, and others. The Company maintains executive and sales offices in Las Vegas, Nevada.

History – Skinvisible, Inc. (referred to as the “Company”) was incorporated in Nevada on March 6, 1998 under the name of Microbial Solutions, Inc. The Company underwent a name change on February 26, 1999, when it changed its name to Skinvisible, Inc. The Company’s subsidiary’s name of Manloe Labs, Inc. was also changed to Skinvisible Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Skinvisible, Inc. together with its subsidiary shall herein be collectively referred to as the “Company”.

Going concern – The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has incurred cumulative net losses of \$22,571,364 since its inception and requires capital for its contemplated operational and marketing activities to take place. The Company’s ability to raise additional capital through the future issuances of common stock is unknown. The obtainment of additional financing, the successful development of the Company’s contemplated plan of operations, and its transition, ultimately, to the attainment of profitable operations are necessary for the Company to continue operations. The ability to successfully resolve these factors raise substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements of the Company do not include any adjustments that may result from the outcome of these aforementioned uncertainties.

Principles of consolidation – The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiary. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Use of estimates – The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments and short-term debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts reflected in the balance sheets for cash, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate the respective fair values due to the short maturities of these items.

As required by the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the FASB ASC, fair value is measured based on a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows: (Level 1) observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; (Level 2) inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and (Level 3) unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability;

Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AUDITED)

Revenue recognition

Product sales – Revenues from the sale of products (Invisicare® polymers) are recognized when title to the products are transferred to the customer and only when no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive reasonably assured payments for products sold and delivered.

Royalty sales – The Company also recognizes royalty revenue from licensing its patented product formulations only when earned, when no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive and retain reasonably assured payments.

Distribution and license rights sales – The Company also recognizes revenue from distribution and license rights only when earned (and are amortized over a five year period), when no further contingencies or material performance obligations are warranted, and thereby have earned the right to receive and retain reasonably assured payments.

Costs of Revenue – Cost of revenue includes raw materials, component parts, and shipping supplies. Shipping and handling costs is not a significant portion of the cost of revenue.

Accounts Receivable – Accounts receivable is comprised of uncollateralized customer obligations due under normal trade terms requiring payment within 30 days from the invoice date. The carrying amount of accounts receivable is reviewed periodically for collectability. If management determines that collection is unlikely, an allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected is recorded. Management reviews each accounts receivable balance that exceeds 30 days from the invoice date and, based on an assessment of creditworthiness, estimates the portion, if any, of the balance that will not be collected. As of December 31, 2012, the Company had not recorded a reserve for doubtful accounts.

Inventory – Substantially all inventory consists of finished goods and are valued based upon first-in first-out ("FIFO") cost, not in excess of market. The determination of whether the carrying amount of inventory requires a write-down is based on an evaluation of inventory.

Goodwill and intangible assets – The Company follows Financial Accounting Standard Board’s (FASB) Codification Topic 350-10 (“ASC 350-10”), “*Intangibles – Goodwill and Other*”. According to this statement, goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives are no longer subject to amortization, but rather an annual assessment of impairment by applying a fair-value based test. Fair value for goodwill is based on discounted cash flows, market multiples and/or appraised values as appropriate. Under ASC 350-10, the carrying value of assets are calculated at the lowest level for which there are identifiable cash flows.

Income taxes – The Company accounts for its income taxes in accordance with FASB Codification Topic ASC 740-10, “*Income Taxes*”, which requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and tax credit carry-forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

Stock-based compensation – The Company follows the guidelines in FASB Codification Topic ASC 718-10 “*Compensation-Stock Compensation*”, which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees and directors including employee stock options and employee stock purchases related to a Employee Stock Purchase Plan based on the estimated fair values.

Stock based compensation expense recognized under ASC 718-10 for the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 totaled \$0 and \$155,100 respectively.

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AUDITED)

Earnings (loss) per share – The Company reports earnings (loss) per share in accordance with FASB Codification Topic ASC 260-10 “*Earnings Per Share*”, Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares available. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed similar to basic earnings (loss) per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive. Diluted earnings (loss) per share has not been presented since the effect of the assumed exercise of options and warrants to purchase common shares (common stock equivalents) would have an anti-dilutive effect.

Restatement

Upon completion of the Company’s September 30, 2012 financial statements, accounting errors were discovered that required the restatement of amounts previously reported as of December 31, 2011. The Company’s financial statements as of December 31, 2011 included amounts related to convertible note debt discount that were improperly calculated

The following is a summary of the impact of these restatements on the Company’s Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2011:

	December 31, 2011		
	As previously reported	Error correction	As restated
Convertible notes payable related party, net of unamortized discount	\$531,810	\$(447,021)(a)	\$84,789
Total current liabilities	\$1,488,110	\$(447,021)(a)	\$1,041,089
Additional paid-in capital	\$19,821,156	\$447,021 (a)	\$20,268,177
Total stockholders’ deficit	\$(1,191,193)	\$447,021 (a)	\$(744,172)

(a) To correct errors in debt discount of convertible notes payable related party

The following is a summary of the impact of these restatements on the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Equity for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011:

December 31, 2011

Edgar Filing: SKINVISIBLE INC - Form 10-K

	As previously reported	Error correction	As restated
Balance Additional Paid-in Capital	\$19,821,156	\$447,021 (a)	\$20,268,177
Balance December 31, 2011 - Total Stockholder's Equity	\$(1,360,485)	\$447,021 (a)	\$(744,172)

(a) To correct errors in debt discount of convertible notes payable related party.

The following is a summary of the impact of these restatements on the Company's Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information Statement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011:

	December 31, 2011		
	As previously reported	Error correction	As restated
Non-cash investing and financing activities			
Beneficial conversion feature	\$741,632	\$447,024(a)	\$1,188,653
(a) To correct errors in debt discount of convertible notes payable related party.			

The Error corrections for the year ending December 31, 2011 had no impact on the Statement of Operations and therefore no effect on earnings per share.

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AUDITED)

2. FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets consist of the following as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

	2012	2011
Machinery and equipment	\$45,208	\$55,463
Furniture and fixtures	113,635	113,635
Computers, equipment and software	38,105	38,105
Leasehold improvements	12,569	12,569
Lab equipment	113,461	115,946
Total	322,978	335,718
Less: accumulated depreciation	(318,519)	(330,001)
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$4,459	\$5,717

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$1,257 and \$1,633, respectively.

3. INTANGIBLE AND OTHER ASSETS

Patents and trademarks are capitalized at its historical cost and are amortized over their useful lives. As of December 31, 2012, patents and trademarks total \$251,553, net of \$213,205 of accumulated amortization. Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$50,585 and \$54,680, respectively.

License and distributor rights (“agreement”) were acquired by the Company in January 1999 and provide exclusive use distribution of polymers and polymer based products. The Company has a non-expiring term on the license and distribution rights. Accordingly, the Company annually assesses this license and distribution rights for impairment and has determined that no impairment write-down is considered necessary as of December 31, 2012.

4. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue totaling \$19,792 and \$229,792 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively relates to a marketing and distribution rights agreement entered into during 2010 for which monies were received and not considered earned. See note 10 “Definitive Agreements”.

F-9

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AUDITED)

5. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

The following is a summary of option activity during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, December 31, 2010	10,280,000	0.05
Options granted and assumed	—	—
Options expired	300,000	0.4
Options canceled	—	—
Options exercised	—	—
Balance, December 31, 2011	9,980,000	0.05
Options granted and assumed	—	—
Options expired	580,000	0.4
Options canceled	—	—
Options exercised	—	—
Balance, December 31, 2012	9,400,000	0.05

As of December 31, 2012, 9,400,000 stock options are exercisable.

Stock warrants -

The following is a summary of warrants activity during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

Edgar Filing: SKINVISIBLE INC - Form 10-K

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, December 31, 2010	5,844,347	0.10
Warrants granted and assumed	3,049,950	0.07
Warrants expired	2,881,846	0.09
Warrants canceled	—	—
Warrants exercised	250,000	—
Balance, December 31, 2011	5,762,451	0.10
Warrants granted and assumed	2,152,750	0.03
Warrants expired	1,150,001	0.10
Warrants canceled	—	—
Warrants exercised	—	—
Balance, December 31, 2012	6,765,200	0.06

All warrants outstanding as of December 31, 2012 are exercisable.

F-10

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AUDITED)

727,750 warrants were issued during the year ending 2012 as part of a series of convertible notes with attached warrants. The warrants issued allow the holder to purchase one share for every two share issued upon conversion at an exercise price ranging from \$0.04 to \$0.06 cents per share.

On July 2, 2012, the Company issued a warrant for 125,000 shares of common stock to a Consultant with an exercise price of \$0.03. The vesting period on these grants was immediate. The value of these warrants were estimated by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life of 3 years; risk free interest rate of 0.39%; dividend yield of 0% and expected volatility of 191%. To account for such grants to non-employees, we recorded the issuance as consulting expense in the amount of \$4,578.

On August 20, 2012, the Company issued a warrant for 100,000 shares of common stock to a Consultant with an exercise price of \$0.03. The vesting period on these grants was immediate. The value of these warrants were estimated by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life of 3 years; risk free interest rate of 0.41%; dividend yield of 0% and expected volatility of 191%. To account for such grants to non-employees, we recorded the issuance as consulting expense in the amount of \$3,660.

On September 4, 2012, the Company issued a warrant for 200,000 shares of common stock to Retire Happy, LLC with an exercise price of \$0.03. The vesting period on these grants was immediate. The value of these warrants were estimated by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life of 1 years; risk free interest rate of 0.16%; dividend yield of 0% and expected volatility of 168%. To account for such grants to non-employees, we recorded the issuance as consulting expense in the amount of \$5,235.

On November 20, 2012, the Company issued a warrant for 425,000 shares of common stock to Retire Happy, LLC with an exercise price of \$0.03. The vesting period on these grants was immediate. The value of these warrants were estimated by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life of 1 years; risk free interest rate of 0.16%; dividend yield of 0% and expected volatility of 166%. To account for such grants to non-employees, we recorded the issuance as consulting expense in the amount of \$10,718.

On December 10, 2012, the Company issued a warrant for 150,000 shares of common stock to Retire Happy, LLC with an exercise price of \$0.04. The vesting period on these grants was immediate. The value of these warrants were estimated by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life of 1 years;

risk free interest rate of 0.17%; dividend yield of 0% and expected volatility of 172%. To account for such grants to non-employees, we recorded the issuance as consulting expense in the amount of \$3,668.

On December 20, 2012, the Company issued a warrant for 425,000 shares of common stock to Retire Happy, LLC with an exercise price of \$0.04. The vesting period on these grants was immediate. The value of these warrants were estimated by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life of 1 years; risk free interest rate of 0.15%; dividend yield of 0% and expected volatility of 174%. To account for such grants to non-employees, we recorded the issuance as consulting expense in the amount of \$11,147.

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 2012 various officers advanced funds to support the daily operations of the company. As of December 31, 2012 \$1,991 remained due to related parties as repayment for advanced monies, all related other party notes have been extinguished or re-negotiated as convertible notes. See note 8.

F-11

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AUDITED)

7. CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE

Convertible Notes Payable at consists of the following:	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
\$52,476 face value, 10% unsecured note payable to an investor, note interest and payment are due on demand. The note could be converted to option rights for Skinvisible, Inc. shares at ten cents per share (\$0.10), these rights expired January 12, 2010. Note is currently in default, no penalties occur due to default.	\$ 52,476	\$ 62,475
\$27,000 face value 10% unsecured \$27,000 notes payable to investors, due October, 2012. At the written request of the investor's until the repayment date, the note may be converted at the investors option to shares of the Company's common stock at a fixed price of \$0.05 per share along with additional warrants to purchase one share for every two shares issued at the exercise price of \$0.07 per share for two years after the conversion date. The Company has determined the value associated with the beneficial conversion feature in connection with the notes to be \$19,385. The aggregate beneficial conversion feature has been accreted and charged to general and administrative expenses as a financing expense in the amount of \$19,385 as of December 31, 2012. The beneficial conversion feature is valued under the intrinsic value method. Interest due to lender can also be converted at a rate of (\$0.05) per share into warrants.	27,000	—
\$1,000,000 face value 9% unsecured notes payable to an investor, due August 1, 2014. At the investor's option until the repayment date, the note and related interest may be converted to shares of the Company's common stock a discount of 90% of the current share price after the first anniversary of the note. The Notes are secured by the accounts receivable of a license agreement the Company has with Womens Choice Pharmaceuticals, LLC on its proprietary prescription product, ProCort®. The Company has determined the value associated with the beneficial conversion feature in connection with the notes and interest to be \$111,110. The aggregate original issue discount feature has been accreted and charged to general and administrative expenses as a financing expense in the amount of \$8,910 as of December 31, 2012. The original issue discount feature is valued under the intrinsic value method.	1,000,000	—
Original issue discount	111,110	—
Unamortized debt discount	(102,200)	—
	\$1,088,386	\$ 62,475

On October 15, 2012 the company paid off the outstanding balance of two of the convertible notes held by investors for a total of \$128,267 which included a 120% or \$8,500 prepayment penalty on one of the notes. As a result of this settlement a gain of \$12,647 was recorded.

F-12

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AUDITED)

8. CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE RELATED PARTY

On December 30 and 31, 2011, the Company re-negotiated accrued salaries and interest for three employees. Under the terms of the agreements, the notes dated before December 31, 2010 and all salaries not previously converted were converted to promissory notes convertible into common stock with a warrant feature. The \$802,864 face value promissory notes are unsecured, due five years from issuance, and bear an interest rate of 10%. At the investor's option until the repayment date, the note may be converted to shares of the Company's common stock at a fixed price of \$0.04 per share along with additional warrants to purchase one share for every two shares issued at the exercise price of \$0.06 per share for three years after the conversion date. The Company has determined the value associated with the beneficial conversion feature in connection with the notes to be \$538,295 for the notes negotiated on December 31, 2010, \$45,557 for the notes negotiated on July 1, 2011 and \$1,123,078 for the notes negotiated December 31, 2011. The aggregate beneficial conversion feature has been accreted and charged to general and administrative expenses as a financing expense in the amount of \$451,604 as of December 31, 2012. The beneficial conversion feature is valued under the intrinsic value method.

On June 30, 2012, the Company re-negotiated accrued salaries and interest for three employees. Under the terms of the agreements, the notes dated before July 1, 2011 and all salaries not previously converted were converted to promissory notes convertible into common stock with a warrant feature. The \$325,023 face value promissory notes are unsecured, due five years from issuance, and bear an interest rate of 10%. At the investor's option until the repayment date, the note may be converted to shares of the Company's common stock at a fixed price of \$0.04 per share along with additional warrants to purchase one share for every two shares issued at the exercise price of \$0.06 per share for three years after the conversion date. The Company has determined the value associated with the beneficial conversion feature in connection with the notes to be \$209,809. The aggregate beneficial conversion feature has been accreted and charged to general and administrative expenses as a financing expense in the amount of \$20,801 as of December 31, 2012. The beneficial conversion feature is valued under the intrinsic value method.

On December 31, 2012, the Company re-negotiated accrued salaries and interest for three employees. Under the terms of the agreements, \$182,083 of related party notes accrued interest and salaries not previously converted were converted to promissory notes convertible into common stock with a warrant feature. The \$182,083 face value promissory notes are unsecured, due five years from issuance, and bear an interest rate of 10%. At the investor's option until the repayment date, the note may be converted to shares of the Company's common stock at a fixed price of \$0.03 per share along with additional warrants to purchase one share for every two shares issued at the exercise price of \$0.04 per share for three years after the conversion date. The Company has determined the value associated with the beneficial conversion feature in connection with the notes to be \$182,083. The aggregate beneficial conversion feature has been accreted and charged to general and administrative expenses as a financing expense in the amount of \$13 as

of December 31, 2012. The beneficial conversion feature is valued under the intrinsic value method.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lease obligations – The Company has operating leases for its offices. Future minimum lease payments under the operating leases for the facilities as of December 31, 2012 are as follows:

2013 37,231
2014 33,156
2015 5,526

Rental expense, resulting from operating lease agreements, approximated \$53,708 and \$56,177 for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

F-13

Table of Contents

SKINVISIBLE, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(AUDITED)

10. DEFINITIVE AGREEMENTS

During the year ended December 31 2011, the Company amended two license agreements previously entered into with RHEI Pharmaceuticals HK Ltd. previously amended October 12, 2010. The amendment canceled what was previously referred to as the “Three Products Agreement” and modified the “DermSafe Agreement” to include license rights to Europe only. The DermSafe Agreement allows for the exclusive manufacturing, marketing and distribution rights to the Companies patent pending hand sanitizer using Chlorhexidine Gluconate as the active ingredient and trademarked DermSafe for Europe. All amounts previously paid for the license agreement were applied to the “DermSafe Agreement”. On July 26, 2011, the DermSafe Agreement was amended, deferring the remaining \$200,000 payment until December 15th, 2011 and all other agreements with RHEI were cancelled, with the option to renegotiate (provided the “Three Products” were not licensed to another company) once the balance payment for DermSafe was received. The cash received has been considered deferred revenue and is amortized over a 5 year period.

As October 1, 2012, of the cash received of \$300,000, \$145,000 had been amortized and recognized as revenue leaving a balance of \$155,000 as unearned revenue related to this agreement. On October 12, 2012 the company cancelled its agreement with RHEI Pharmaceuticals HK Ltd. due to the cancelation of the agreement Skinvisible will receive the exclusive manufacturing, marketing and distribution rights to the Companies patent pending hand sanitizer using Chlorhexidine Gluconate as the active ingredient and trademarked DermSafe for Europe. The remaining deferred revenue of \$155,000 was recognized as revenue in the quarter ending December 31, 2012.

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 16, 2013 the company terminated its licensing agreement with Panalab dated January 23, 2008. The agreement provided Panalab the right to distribute, market, sell and promote the Skinvisible’s proprietary formulas made with Invisicare and Adapalene through-out Panalabs assigned territory. Panalab had failed to sell or sub-license the products in the territory, thereby not fulfilling the conditions as set forth in the agreement and allowing for immediate termination of the agreement. As a result of this cancelation the deferred revenue of \$19,792 will be recognized as revenue in the quarter ending March 31, 2013.

Table of Contents

Item 9. Changes In and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

No events occurred requiring disclosure under Item 304 of Regulation S-K during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011.

Item 9A(T). Controls and Procedures

As required by Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this annual report, being December 31, 2012. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our company's reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based upon that evaluation, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were ineffective as of the end of the period covered by this annual report.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Management has assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012 based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. As a result of this assessment, management concluded that, as of December 31, 2012, our internal control over financial reporting was not effective. Our management identified the following material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, which are indicative of many small companies with small staff: (i) inadequate segregation of duties and effective risk assessment; and (ii) insufficient written policies and procedures for accounting and financial reporting with respect to the requirements and application of both US GAAP and SEC guidelines.

We plan to take steps to enhance and improve the design of our internal control over financial reporting. During the period covered by this annual report on Form 10-K, we have not been able to remediate the material weaknesses identified above. To remediate such weaknesses, we hope to implement the following changes during our fiscal year ending December 31, 2013 1: (i) appoint additional qualified personnel to address inadequate segregation of duties and ineffective risk management; and (ii) adopt sufficient written policies and procedures for accounting and financial reporting. The remediation efforts set out in (i) and (ii) are largely dependent upon our securing additional financing to cover the costs of implementing the changes required. If we are unsuccessful in securing such funds, remediation efforts may be adversely affected in a material manner.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by our registered public accounting firm pursuant to an exemption for non-accelerated filers set forth in Section 989G of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

Item 9B. Other Information

None

23

Table of Contents

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The following information sets forth the names, ages, and positions of our current directors and executive officers as of December 31, 2012.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position(s) and Office(s) Held</u>
Terry Howlett	65	Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, & Director
Greg McCartney	62	Director

Set forth below is a brief description of the background and business experience of each of our current executive officers and directors.

Mr. Terry H. Howlett, has been our Chief Executive Officer & Director since March 5, 1998. Mr. Howlett has a diversified background in market initialization and development, sales and venture capital financing for emerging growth companies. He has held senior management, marketing and sales positions with various companies, including the Canadian Federation of Independent Business, Family Life Insurance, and Avacare of Canada and founded Presley Laboratories, Inc., which marketed cosmetic and skin, care products on a direct sales basis. For the ten years prior to becoming President of the Company, Mr. Howlett was the President and CEO of Voice-it Solutions, Inc., a publicly traded company on the Vancouver Stock exchange that made voice response software for order entry systems.

Mr. Greg McCartney has been a member of our board of directors since January 10, 2005. Mr. McCartney is Managing Director of Taylor, Butterfield & Worth Asset Management Corporation, a management consulting services firm assisting clients in becoming fully reporting public companies. Previously Mr. McCartney was the Chairman of the Board for Genesis Bioventures (formerly BioLabs) and also formerly served as their CEO. Mr. McCartney has over 20 years experience serving as officer and director of both private and public companies in various manufacturing and technology industries. Prior to founding BioLabs in 1997, Mr. McCartney was the founder and director of Aspenwood Holdings Corporation, a business consulting firm specializing in financing, public relations and venture capital in the technology and manufacturing industries. From 1986 to 1995 he was the President of an emerging high technology company and also served as officer and director of other companies. Previously, he was involved with international real estate and land development.

Directors

Our bylaws authorize no less than one (1) and more than twelve (12) directors. We currently have two directors.

Term of Office

Our Directors are appointed for a one-year term to hold office until the next annual general meeting of our shareholders or until removed from office in accordance with our bylaws. Our officers are appointed by our board of directors and hold office until removed by the board.

Significant Employees

Ms. Doreen McMorran, is head of Business Development. Ms. McMorran brings to the Company almost 20 years of experience in the medical and pharmaceutical industry, specifically in the areas of strategic planning, sales and marketing. She has spent the last seven years selling to international dermatology and skincare focused companies like Procter and Gamble, Johnson & Johnson, Stiefel, Galderma, Novartis and Graceway, to name a few. Ms. McMorran, who holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Honors) degree, spent six years in the pharmaceutical industry with Astra Pharma. Additionally she has held senior management level positions with a number of healthcare companies, focusing on business development, sales, marketing and operations.

Table of Contents

Dr. James A. Roszell, Ph.D., is a doctoral chemist with over 35 years' experience in product formulation, experimental design, analysis, and method validation. Since joining Skinvisible in 1998, he has been responsible for research and development of our patented technology, related polymer delivery vehicles, product formulations and compositions. Dr. Roszell is a joint contributor to Skinvisible's first Patent Number 6.756.059 and responsible for all of our patents in the US and internationally. Prior to joining Skinvisible, he worked as a chemist for Supertech Products, Inc. in Florida where his responsibilities included ensuring compliance with OSHA, EPA and other standards and regulations, maintenance of quality control, research and development for new products. Dr. Roszell's background includes work in chemical, pharmaceutical, environmental and clinical laboratory arenas. His chemical and scientific expertise makes a significant contribution to our business.

Family Relationships

There are no family relationships between or among the directors, executive officers or persons nominated or chosen by us to become directors or executive officers.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

To the best of our knowledge, during the past ten years, none of the following occurred with respect to a present or former director, executive officer, or employee: (1) any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two years prior to that time; (2) any conviction in a criminal proceeding or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses); (3) being subject to any order, judgment or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his or her involvement in any type of business, securities or banking activities; and (4) being found by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the SEC or the Commodities Futures Trading Commission to have violated a federal or state securities or commodities law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended or vacated.

Audit Committee

We do not have a separately-designated standing audit committee. The entire board of directors performs the functions of an audit committee, but no written charter governs the actions of the board of directors when performing the functions of that would generally be performed by an audit committee. The board of directors approves the selection of our independent accountants and meets and interacts with the independent accountants to discuss issues related to financial reporting. In addition, the board of directors reviews the scope and results of the audit with the independent accountants, reviews with management and the independent accountants our annual operating results, considers the

adequacy of our internal accounting procedures and considers other auditing and accounting matters including fees to be paid to the independent auditor and the performance of the independent auditor.

We do not have an audit committee financial expert because of the size of our company and our board of directors at this time. We believe that we do not require an audit committee financial expert at this time because we retain outside consultants who possess these attributes as needed.

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2012, the board of directors:

1. Reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements with management, and
2. Reviewed and discussed the written disclosures and the letter from our independent auditors on the matters relating to the auditor's independence.

Based upon the board of directors' review and discussion of the matters above, the board of directors authorized inclusion of the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011 to be included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Table of Contents**Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance**

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors and executive officers and persons who beneficially own more than ten percent of a registered class of the Company's equity securities to file with the SEC initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of common stock and other equity securities of the Company. Officers, directors and greater than ten percent beneficial shareholders are required by SEC regulations to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. To the best of our knowledge based solely on a review of Forms 3, 4, and 5 (and any amendments thereof) received by us during or with respect to the year ended December 31, 2012, the following persons have failed to file, on a timely basis, the identified reports required by Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act during fiscal year ended December 31, 2012:

Name and principal position	Number of Transactions not Known failures to		
	late reports	timely reported	file a required form
Terry Howlett	1	1	0
CEO, CFO & Director			
Greg McCartney	0	3	0
Director			
Lutz Family Trust	0	0	0
Doreen McMorran	1	2	0

Code of Ethics

We adopted a Code of Ethics for Financial Executives, which include our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions. The Code of Ethics was filed as an exhibit to the annual report on Form 10KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 and filed with the SEC on April 14, 2005.

Item 11. Executive Compensation**Compensation Discussion and Analysis**

Currently, the objective of the cash compensation paid by the company is to provide fair reimbursement for the time spent by our executive officer and independent directors to the extent feasible within the financial constraints faced by our developing business. The stock options granted to our executive officer and to our independent directors are intended to provide these individuals with incentives to pursue the growth and development of the company's operations and business opportunities. Although the options awarded to our executive and directors are typically exercisable immediately, they also remain valid and exercisable for terms of several years. We believe this provides the proper balance of short-term and long-term incentives to increase the value of the company. Although an immediate increase in share price following the issuance of the options would obviously result in a profit if those options were exercised, the longer exercisable period of the options also provides an incentive to increase value over the long term and gives our executive officer and directors the opportunity to realize gains based on the sustained growth of our operations and revenues.

In addition, our sole executive officer holds substantial ownership in the company and is generally motivated by a strong entrepreneurial interest in expanding our operations and revenue base to the best of his ability.

Table of Contents**Summary Compensation Table**

The table below summarizes all compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to our former or current executive officers for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Name and principal position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation	Nonqualified Plan Deferred Compensation	All Other Compensation	Total (\$)
						(\$)	Earnings (\$)	(\$)	
Terry Howlett	2012	180,000	10,557	-	-	-	-	-	190,557
	2011	180,000	56,808	-	-	-	-	-	236,808
CEO & CFO									

Narrative Disclosure to the Summary Compensation Table

On January 29, 2009, we entered into an employment agreement with our sole executive officer, Terry Howlett. The agreement is effective retroactively to January 1, 2009, and term of the agreement is until December 31, 2012, and may be renewed for an additional 36 months unless terminated. Under the agreement, Mr. Howlett earns a cash stipend of \$13,333.33 per month (\$160,000 per year). Effective January 1, 2010, his cash stipend increased to \$15,000 per month (\$180,000 per year). He will also receive bonuses based on a percentage of license fees, royalty fees, and financings; paid vacation or the election to receive vacation benefits in payment; and reimbursements of expenses, including automobile and limited living expenses. In addition, the agreement provides for Mr. Howlett to be awarded stock options at the discretion of the board of directors.

Due to financial constraints, however, the total paid to Mr. Howlett during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 was \$109,142 and Mr. Howlett made a loan (promissory note) back to the company of \$46,352 from this amount.

On December 31, 2011, we executed a convertible promissory note in favor of Mr. Howlett, our CEO and member of our board of directors. The aggregate principal amount of his note is \$415,657.03 and includes accrued salary through 2010 and the last six months of 2011. The interest rate on his note is 10% per annum, matures on December 31, 2016, is convertible into shares of our common stock at \$0.04 per share, and includes a warrant for the right to purchase further shares at \$0.06 per share if exercised within 3 years following the conversion date. The warrant agreement will give Mr. Howlett the right to purchase one share for every two shares acquired by him in the conversion.

On June 30, 2012, we issued a promissory note to Mr. Howlett totaling \$105,642.86. Under the terms of the promissory note, Mr. Howlett has the right to convert all or any part of the principal sum of the loan into common stock at \$0.04 per share as well as a warrant agreement to purchase one share for every two shares acquired. The expiration date on the warrant is 3 years from the date of conversion.

On December 30, 2012, we issued a convertible promissory note to Terry Howlett to convert his loan of \$46,352 as of December 31, 2012 into our common stock at \$0.03 per share at any time until December 31, 2007. If exercised, we also agreed to issue a three year warrant to Mr. Howlett to purchase an aggregate amount of 772,533 shares of common shares at a strike price of \$0.04 per share.

Table of Contents

On January 30, 2013, we issued a convertible promissory note to Terry Howlett to convert his accrued compensation of \$45,156 as of December 31, 2012 into our common stock at \$0.03 per share at any time until December 31, 2007. If exercised, we also agreed to issue a three year warrant to Mr. Howlett to purchase an aggregate amount of 752,600 shares of common shares at a strike price of \$0.04 per share.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The table below summarizes all unexercised options, stock that has not vested, and equity incentive plan awards for each named executive officer as of December 31, 2012.

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR-END**OPTION AWARDS****STOCK AWARDS**

Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Option Expiration Date	STOCK AWARDS			
						Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#)
Terry Howlett	1,000,000	-	-	0.04	10/19/2013	-	-	-	-
	400,000	-	-	0.04	1/31/2018 ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-
	200,000	-	-	0.04	1/3/2016 ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-
	1,000,000	-	-	0.04	1/19/2014	-	-	-	-
	1,000,000	-	-	0.08	12/6/2014	-	-	-	-
	1,000,000	-	-	0.06	11/14/2015	-	-	-	-

(1) On April 21, 2009, we modified the exercise price on all of our outstanding options issued prior to March 31, 2009 to \$0.04 per share, which included all options issued to Mr. Howlett aside from the option issued on

Edgar Filing: SKINVISIBLE INC - Form 10-K

December 7, 2009 of 1,000,000 shares at \$0.08 per share and the option issued on November 15, 2010 at \$0.06 per share. Aside from this modification, during the last fiscal year there was not any outstanding option repriced or otherwise modified. There was no tandem feature, reload feature, or tax-reimbursement feature associated with any of the stock options we granted to our executive officers or otherwise.

(2) On January 3 2013, our Board of Directors approved to extend the expiration date 5 years.

(3) On January 10, 2010, our Board of Directors approved to extend the expiration date 5 years.

28

Table of Contents**Director Compensation**

The table below summarizes all compensation of our directors as of December 31, 2012.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total Compensation (\$)
Greg McCartney	14,400						14,400

Narrative Disclosure to the Director Compensation Table

All the fees earned or paid in cash and stock options awards granted to Terry Howlett were earned in connection with his service as an executive officer. Mr. Howlett received no compensation for his service as a member of our board of directors.

We pay our independent directors a monthly fee of \$1,200.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The following table sets forth, as of January 25, 2012, the beneficial ownership of our common stock by each executive officer and director, by each person known by us to beneficially own more than 5% of the our common stock and by the executive officers and directors as a group.

Name and address of beneficial owner ⁽¹⁾ Amount of beneficial ownership⁽²⁾ Percent of class⁽³⁾

Title of class**Executive Officers & Directors:**

Common	Terry Howlett ⁽⁴⁾	30,224,146	22.9%
Common	Greg McCartney ⁽⁵⁾	2,295,500 shares	2.1%
Total of All Directors and Executive Officers:		shares	22.0%

More Than 5% Beneficial Owners:

Lutz Family Trust ⁽⁶⁾		11,117,500 shares	10.1%
8322 West Tonto Lane, Peoria, AZ 85382			
Doreen McMorran ⁽⁷⁾		36,503,552 shares	19.9%

(1) Except as otherwise indicated, the address of each person named in this table is c/o Skinvisible, Inc., 6320 South Sandhill Road, Suite 10, Las Vegas, Nevada 89120.

As used in this table, "beneficial ownership" means the sole or shared power to vote, or to direct the voting of, a security, or the sole or shared investment power with respect to a security (i.e., the power to dispose of, or to direct the disposition of, a security). In addition, for purposes of this table, a person is deemed, as of any date, to have "beneficial ownership" of any security that such person has the right to acquire within 60 days after such date.

(3) Except as otherwise indicated, all shares are owned directly and the percentage shown is based on 109,707,409 shares of common stock issued and outstanding on January 25, 2013.

Includes 7,723,248 shares held in his name and options that may be exercised immediately to purchase 2,600,000 shares at a price of \$0.04 per share, options that may be exercised immediately to purchase 1,000,000 shares at \$0.08 per share, options that may be exercised immediately to purchase 1,000,000 shares at \$0.06 per share, warrants that may be immediately exercised to purchase 1,500,000 shares at a price of \$0.05 per share. Also includes a debt conversion agreement which grants the right to convert gross salary debt owed of \$415,657.03 into 10,391,426 shares of common stock at \$0.04 per share, a debt conversion agreement which grants the right to convert gross salary debt owed of \$105,643 into 2,641,071 shares of common stock at \$0.04 per share, a debt conversion agreement which grants the right to convert gross salary debt owed of \$45,156 into 1,505,200 shares of common stock at \$0.03 per share, and a debt conversion agreement which grants the right to convert gross debt owed of \$46,352 into 1,545,066 shares of common stock at \$0.03 per share.

Includes 999,500 shares as stated in the reporting person's Form 4 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 19, 2012, options that may be exercised immediately to purchase 800,000 shares at a price of \$0.04 per share, options that may be exercised immediately to purchase 250,000 shares at a price of \$0.08 per share, and options that may be exercised immediately to purchase 250,000 shares at a price of \$0.06 per share.

(6) As stated in the reporting person's Form 3 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 25, 2010. Includes 1,817,566 shares as stated in the reporting person's Form 3 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 2, 2011. Also includes options that may be exercised immediately to purchase 600,000 shares at \$0.04 per share, options that may be exercised immediately to purchase 500,000 shares at \$0.06 per share, options that may be exercised immediately to purchase 500,000 shares at \$0.08 per share. Also includes a debt conversion agreement which grants the right to convert gross debt owed of \$66,281 into 2,209,369 shares of common stock at \$0.03 per share, a debt conversion agreement which grants the right to convert gross salary debt

(7) owed of \$171,563 into 4,289,106 shares of common stock at \$0.04 per share, a debt conversion agreement which grants the right to convert gross salary debt owed of \$3,990 into 99,740 shares of common stock at \$0.04 per share, a debt conversion agreement which grants the right to convert gross debt owed of \$179,678 into 5,989,267 shares of common stock at \$0.03 per share, a debt conversion agreement which grants the right to convert gross debt owed of \$328,481 into 8,212,034 shares of common stock at \$0.04 per share, and a debt conversion agreement which grants the right to convert gross debt owed of \$109,922 into 2,748,050 shares of common stock at \$0.04 per share.

Table of Contents**Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence**

Aside from that which follows, none of our directors or executive officers, nor any proposed nominee for election as a director, nor any person who beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, shares carrying more than 5% of the voting rights attached to all of our outstanding shares, nor any members of the immediate family (including spouse, parents, children, siblings, and in-laws) of any of the foregoing persons has any material interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction since the beginning of our last fiscal year on January 1, 2012 or in any presently proposed transaction which, in either case, has or will materially affect us.

On January 30, 2013, we issued and convertible promissory note to Terry Howlett to convert his accrued compensation of \$46,056 as of December 31, 2012 into our common stock at \$0.03 per share at any time until December 31, 2007. If exercised, we also agreed to issue a three year warrant to Mr. Howlett to purchase an aggregate amount of 767,600 shares of common shares at a strike price of \$0.04 per share.

On January 30, 2013, we issued and convertible promissory note to Doreen McMorran to convert her accrued compensation of \$66,281 as of December 31, 2012 into our common stock at \$0.03 per share at any time until December 31, 2007. If exercised, we also agreed to issue a three year warrant to Ms. McMorran to purchase an aggregate amount of 1,104,685 shares of common shares at a strike price of \$0.04 per share.

On January 30, 2013, we issued and convertible promissory note to Terry Howlett to convert debt of \$46,352 as of December 31, 2012 into our common stock at \$0.03 per share at any time until December 31, 2007. If exercised, we also agreed to issue a three year warrant to Mr. Howlett to purchase an aggregate amount of 772,533 shares of common shares at a strike price of \$0.04 per share.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Below is the table of Audit Fees (amounts in US\$) billed by our auditor in connection with the audit of the Company's annual financial statements for the years ended:

Financial Statements for the Year Ended December 31	Audit Services	Audit Related Fees	Tax Fees	Other Fees
2012	\$18,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
2011	\$17,500	\$0	\$0	\$0

Table of Contents

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statements Schedules

(a) Financial Statements and Schedules

The following financial statements and schedules listed below are included in this Form 10-K.

Financial Statements (See Item 8)

(b) Exhibits

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
3.1	Articles of Incorporation, as amended ⁽¹⁾
3.2	Bylaws, as amended ⁽¹⁾
3.3	Certificate of Amendment to The Company's Articles of Incorporation ⁽²⁾
10.1	<u>Promissory Note, dated December 31, 2012</u>
10.2	<u>Promissory Note, dated December 31, 2012</u>
10.3	<u>Promissory Note, dated December 31, 2012</u>
14.1	Code of Ethics ⁽³⁾
31.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
31.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
32.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
101**	The following materials from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL).

¹ Incorporated by reference to the Registration Statement on Form 10SB12G filed on April; 30, 1999.

² Incorporated by reference to the Report on Form 8-K filed on September 12, 2008.

³ Incorporated by reference to Current report on Form 10-KSB filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 14, 2005.

Table of Contents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Skinvisible, Inc.

By: /s/ Terry Howlett
Terry Howlett

President, Chief Executive Officer, Principal Executive Officer,

Chief Financial Officer, Principal Financial Officer, Principal Accounting Officer and Director

April 16, 2013

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Terry Howlett
Terry Howlett
Director
April 16, 2013

By: /s / Greg McCartney
Greg McCartney
Director
April 16, 2013

