CANON INC Form 6-K March 16, 2007

FORM 6-K SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 Report of Foreign Issuer Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 , 2007

For the month of <u>March</u>

CANON INC.

(Translation of registrant s name into English) 30-2, Shimomaruko 3-Chome, Ohta-ku, Tokyo 146-8501, Japan

(Address of principal executive offices)

[Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F _____ Form 40-F ____

[Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes _____ No _____

[If Yes is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b):82-

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NOTICE OF CONVOCATION OF THE ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR THE 106TH BUSINESS TERM 2006 Report for the 106th Business Term

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CANON INC.

(Registrant)

Date March 16, 2007

By /s/ Hiroshi Kawashimo (Signature)*

> Hiroshi Kawashimo General Manager, Finance Division Canon Inc.

*Print the name and title of the signing officer under his signature.

The following materials are included.

1. Notice of convocation of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders for the 106th business term

2. Report for the 106th business term

TO OUR SHAREHOLDERS

March 2, 2007

Canon Inc. 30-2, Shimomaruko 3-chome, Ohta-ku, Tokyo

Fujio Mitarai Chairman & CEO

NOTICE OF CONVOCATION

OF

THE ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR THE 106TH BUSINESS TERM

Notice is hereby given that the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the 106th Business Term of Canon Inc. (the Company) will be held as described below and that you are requested to attend the Meeting. If you do not expect to attend the Meeting, you may exercise your voting rights in writing. After reviewing the following Reference Materials for General Meeting of Shareholders, please indicate your for/against on the enclosed Card for Exercise of Voting Rights, and return it to us by March 28 (Wednesday), 2007.

1. DATE AND March 29 (Thursday), 2007 at 10:00 a.m. **TIME:**

2. PLACE: Head Office of the Company 30-2, Shimomaruko 3-chome, Ohta-ku, Tokyo (Please see the map on page 25.)

3. MATTERS CONSTITUTING THE PURPOSE OF THE MEETING Matters to be Reported:

- 1. Reports on the contents of the Business Report and Consolidated Financial Statements for the 106th Business Term (from January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006), and reports on the Auditing Results of Accounting Auditor and Board of Corporate Auditors regarding the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 2. Reports on the content of the Non-Consolidated Financial Statements for the 106th Business Term (from January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006).

Table of ContentsMatters to be Resolved upon:Propositions:Item No.1 - Dividend from SurplusItem No.2 - Partial Amendment to the Articles of IncorporationItem No.3 - Election of Twenty-Seven DirectorsItem No.4 - Election of One Corporate AuditorItem No.5 - Grant of Retirement Allowance to Directors to be RetiredItem No.6 - Grant of Bonus to Directors

Upon attending the Meeting, please present the enclosed Card for Exercise of Voting Rights to the receptionist at the place of the Meeting.

If you exercise your voting rights by proxy, the proxy must be a shareholder of the Company with a voting right. The number of such proxy must be one (1).

Any changes in the matters described in Reference Materials for General Meeting of Shareholders, Business Report, Non-Consolidated Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements will be posted on our website on the Internet (http://www.canon.co.jp/ir/).

REFERENCE MATERIALS FOR GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

Item No.1: Dividend from Surplus

Regarding our year-end dividend, since the Company was able to achieve record high results for this Business Term, both in terms of consolidated and non-consolidated base results, we propose a dividend as described below in order to respond to your loyal support.

As we have already paid an interim dividend of 50.00 yen per share, the full-year dividend will be 100.00 yen per share. On a basis prior to the stock split implemented in July, 2006, our dividend would be 125.00 yen per share, an increase of 25.00 yen compared to the dividend for the previous Business Term.

- (1) Type of dividend Cash
- (2) Matters concerning allocation of dividend and its total amount 50.00 yen per one common share of the Company

Total amount of dividend 66,582,572,000 yen

(3) Effective date of the dividend from surplus March 30, 2007

Item No.2: Partial Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation

1. Reasons for Amendment

- (1) In accordance with the enforcement of the Corporation Law (Law No. 86, 2005) as of May 1, 2006, the Company will amend the current Articles of Incorporation as follows:
 - (i) In order to clarify the items which are deemed to be specified in the Articles of Incorporation in accordance with the enforcement of the Corporation Law (the establishment of Board of Directors, Corporate Auditors, Board of Corporate Auditors and Accounting Auditors, the issuance of share certificates representing issued shares, and the establishment of a manager of the Register of Shareholders), the Company will make such amendments as establishment of new provisions or revisions of provisions (proposed amendments of Article 4, Article 7 and Article 10).
 - (ii) For the purpose of improving the efficiency of the management of less-than-one-unit shares, the Company will establish a new provision specifying the exercisable rights regarding less-than-one-unit shares (proposed amendment of Article 9).
 - (iii) As for the exercise of voting rights by proxy, in order to clarify the number of proxies who may attend the general meeting of shareholders, the Company will stipulate it to be a single proxy (proposed amendment of Article 17).

- (iv) In order to improve the flexibility of operation of the Board of Directors, the Company will establish a new provision allowing resolutions of meetings of the Board of Directors in writing (proposed amendment of Article 25).
- (v) In addition to the above, the Company will make necessary amendments throughout the Articles of Incorporation, such as additions and deletions of provisions, revisions to wording and adjustments to the numbering of articles.
- (2) With the aim of realizing the establishment of high-quality and effective infrastructure at the Canon Group companies, the Company plans to strengthen its capabilities to design and supervise construction works for the buildings of the Canon Group companies. Therefore, the Company believes it beneficial to set up a registered architect s office composed of the Company s qualified staff, and will accordingly make the necessary amendment to its business objects (proposed amendment of Article 2).

2. Substance of Amendment

The substance of the amendment is as follows:

Note: Certain minor or typographical changes made to the original Japanese Articles of Incorporation are not reflected in this English translation. The underlined parts do not always correspond to the amended parts in the original Japanese Articles of Incorporation.

(The amended parts are underlined.)

Current Articles of Incorporation	Proposed Amendment
Chapter I. General Provisions	Chapter I. General Provisions
Trade Name Article 1. The Company shall be called CANON KABUSHIKI KAISHA, which shall be indicated in English as CANON INC.	Trade Name Article 1. The Company shall be called CANON KABUSHIKI KAISHA, which shall be indicated in English as CANON INC.
Objects Article 2. The objects of the Company shall be to engage in the following business:	Objects Article 2. The objects of the Company shall be to engage in the following business:
(1) Manufacture and sale of optical machineries and instruments of various kinds.	(1)
 Manufacture and sale of acoustic, electrical and electronic machineries and instruments of various kinds. 	(2) ⁴ (Same as present text)

	Current Articles of Incorporation	Proposed Amendment
(3)	Manufacture and sale of precision machineries and instruments of various kinds.	(3)
(4)	Manufacture and sale of medical machineries and instruments of various kinds.	(4)
(5)	Manufacture and sale of general machineries, instruments and equipments of various kinds.	(5)
(6)	Manufacture and sale of parts, materials, etc. relative to the products mentioned in each of the preceding items.	(6)
(7)	Production and sale of software products.	4(Same as present text) (7)
(8)	Manufacture and sale of pharmaceutical products.	(8)
(9)	Telecommunications business, and information service business such as information processing service business, information providing service business etc.	(9)
(10)	Contracting for telecommunications works, electrical works and machinery and equipment installation works.	(10)
(11)	Sale, purchase and leasing of real properties and contracting for architectural works.	 (11) Sale, purchase, leasing of real properties, contracting for <u>construction</u> works, <u>design of</u> <u>buildings and supervision of construction works</u>.
(12)	Manpower providing business, property leasing business and travel business.	(12)
(13)	Business relative to investigation, analysis of the environment and purification process of soil, water, etc.	(13) 4(Same as present text)
(14)	Any and all business relative to each of the preceding items.	(14)
Article	on of Head Office 3. The Company shall have its head office in u, Tokyo.	Location of Head Office Article 3. The Company shall have its head office in Ohta-ku, Tokyo.

(New)

Corporate Organizations Article 4. The Company shall have the

Current Articles of Incorporation

Method of Giving Public Notice

Article <u>4</u>. <u>The public notice of the Company shall be</u> given in the Nihon Keizai Shimbun<u>published in</u> <u>Tokyo</u>.

Chapter II. Shares

Total Number of Shares

Article <u>5</u>. The <u>total</u> number of shares <u>to be issued</u> by the Company shall be 3,000,000,000 shares.

(New)

Number of Shares <u>to Constitute</u> One Unit

Article <u>6</u>. <u>One hundred (100) shares of the Company shall constitute one unit of shares</u>.

- 2. The Company will not issue <u>stock</u> certificates as to shares of less-than- one-unit (hereinafter Less-than-one-unit Shares), unless the Company deems it necessary for the shareholder.
- 3. Shareholders (including beneficial owners; hereinafter the same shall apply) who own Less-than-one-unit Shares of the Company may request that the Company sell a number of shares which, when added to the Less-than-one-unit Shares, would equal <u>one unit of shares</u>; provided, however, that the Company is not obliged to do so if

Proposed Amendment

following corporate organizations as well as a general meeting of shareholders and Directors:

- (1) Board of Directors;
- (2) Corporate Auditors;
- (3) Board of Corporate Auditors; and
- (4) Accounting Auditors.

Method of Giving Public Notice

Article <u>5</u>. <u>Public notices</u> of the Company shall be given in the Nihon Keizai Shimbun.

Chapter II. Shares

Number of Shares <u>Issuable</u>

Article <u>6</u>. The number of shares <u>issuable</u> by the Company shall be 3,000,000,000 shares.

Issuance of Share Certificates

Article 7. The Company shall issue share certificates representing issued shares.

Number of Shares <u>Constituting</u> One Unit

Article <u>8</u>. <u>Number of shares constituting one unit of the</u> <u>Company shall be one hundred (100) shares.</u>

- 2. <u>Notwithstanding the preceding article, the Company</u> will not issue <u>share</u> certificates for shares of less-than-one-unit (hereinafter Less-than-one-unit Shares), unless the Company deems it necessary for the shareholder.
- 3. Shareholders (including beneficial owners; hereinafter the same shall apply) who own Less-than-one-unit Shares of the Company may request that the Company sell a number of shares which, when added to the Less- than-one-unit Shares, would equal <u>the number</u> <u>of shares constituting one unit</u>; provided, however, that the Company is

Current Articles of Incorporation

the Company does not own its own shares in the number which it is requested to sell.

(New)

Transfer Agent

Article <u>7</u>. The Company shall have a <u>transfer agent</u> with respect to its shares.

- 2. The <u>transfer agent</u> and its place of handling business shall be <u>selected</u> by resolution of the Board of Directors and a public notice shall be given of such matters.
- 3. The register of shareholders <u>of the Company</u> (including the beneficial owners list; hereinafter the same shall apply) and the register of loss of share certificates <u>shall be kept at the transfer</u> <u>agent s place of handling business and the business</u> relating to <u>shares</u>, such as transfer of shares on the register of shareholders, registration of pledges, indication of trust property or cancellation of such registration or indication, delivery of share certificates, acceptance of notification, registration of loss of share certificates, purchase and sale of less-than-one-unit shares, etc. shall be <u>caused</u> to <u>be</u> handled by

Proposed Amendment

not obliged to do so if the Company does not own its own shares in the number which it is requested to sell.

<u>Rights Regarding Less-than-one-unit Shares</u>

Article 9. Shareholders of the Company are not entitled to exercise any rights regarding their Less-than-one-unit Shares other than the rights described below:

- (1) The rights provided in each item of paragraph 2, Article 189 of the Corporation Law; and
- (2) The rights to request the sale of Less-than-one-unit Shares as provided in paragraph 3 of the preceding article.

Manager of the Register of Shareholders

Article <u>10</u>. The Company shall have a <u>manager of the</u> register of shareholders.

- 2. The <u>manager of the register of shareholders</u> and its place of handling business shall be <u>designated</u> by resolution of the Board of Directors and a public notice shall be given of such matters.
- 3. <u>The preparation and keeping of</u> the register of shareholders (including the beneficial owners list; hereinafter the same shall apply), the register of stock acquisition rights and the register of loss of share certificates <u>of the Company</u>, and other operations relating to <u>the register of shareholders</u>, the register of stock acquisition rights and the register of loss of share <u>certificates</u> shall be <u>delegated</u> to the <u>manager of the</u> <u>register of shareholders</u> and shall not be handled by the Company.

Current Articles of Incorporation

the <u>transfer agent</u> and shall not be handled by the Company.

Regulations for Handling of Shares

Article <u>8</u>. The denomination of share certificates of the Company, transfer of shares on the register of shareholders, registration of pledges, indication of trust property or cancellation of such registration or indication, delivery of share certificates, acceptance of notifications, registration of loss of stock certificates, purchase and sale of less-than-one-unit shares and other procedures and fees relating to shares shall be governed by the regulations for handling of shares to be established by the Board of Directors.

Record Date

Article 9. The Company shall regard the shareholders (including the beneficial owners; hereinafter the same shall apply) entitled to vote and written or recorded in the register of shareholders as of the last day of each business year as the shareholders who are entitled to exercise the right as shareholders at the ordinary general meeting of shareholders for such business year.

2. In addition to the preceding paragraph, the Company may, whenever the needs arise, regard the shareholders or registered pledgees written or recorded in the register of shareholders as of a certain date as shareholders or pledgees who are entitled to exercise the right thereof, by giving public notice thereof in advance.

Acquisition of the Company s Own Shares

Article <u>10</u>. Pursuant to the provision of <u>paragraph 1</u>, <u>item (2) of Article 211-3 of the Commercial Code</u>, the Company may <u>purchase</u> the Company s own

Proposed Amendment

Regulations for Handling of Shares

Article <u>11</u>. <u>Handling business and handling</u> fees relating to shares <u>of the Company</u> shall be governed by the regulations for <u>the</u> handling of shares to be established by the Board of Directors.

(Deleted)

Acquisition of the Company s Own Shares

Article <u>12</u>. Pursuant to the provision of <u>paragraph 2</u>. <u>Article 165 of the Corporation Law</u>, the Company may <u>acquire</u> the Company s own shares by

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shares by <u>a</u> resolution of the Board of Directors.

Chapter III. General Meeting of Shareholders

Convocation

Article <u>11</u>. The ordinary general meeting of shareholders shall be convened in March each year and the extraordinary general meeting of shareholders shall be convened whenever <u>needs</u> <u>arise</u>.

- 2. Unless otherwise provided by laws or ordinances, a general meeting of shareholders shall be convened by the Chairman-and-Director or the President-and-Director in accordance with <u>the</u> resolution of the Board of Directors.
- If the Chairman-and-Director and the President-and-Director are unable to act, such meeting shall be convened by another <u>Representative</u> Director in accordance with the order prescribed in advance by the Board of Directors.

(New)

Chairmanship

Article <u>12</u>. The chairmanship of a general meeting of shareholders shall be assumed by the Chairman-and-Director or the President-and-Director.

Proposed Amendment

means of market transaction, etc. by resolution of the Board of Directors.

Chapter III. General Meeting of Shareholders

Convocation

Article <u>13</u>. The ordinary general meeting of shareholders shall be convened in March each year and the extraordinary general meeting of shareholders shall be convened whenever <u>necessary</u>.

- 2. Unless otherwise provided by laws or ordinances, a general meeting of shareholders shall be convened by the Chairman-and-Director or the President-and-Director in accordance with <u>a</u> resolution of the Board of Directors.
- 3. If the Chairman-and-Director and the President-and-Director are unable to act, such meeting shall be convened by another Director in accordance with the order prescribed in advance by the Board of Directors.

<u>Record Date for Ordinary General Meeting of</u> <u>Shareholders</u>

Article 14. The Company shall regard the shareholders entitled to vote and written or recorded in the final register of shareholders as of the last day of each business year as the shareholders who are entitled to exercise their rights as shareholders at the ordinary general meeting of shareholders for such business year.

Chairmanship

Article <u>15</u>. The chairmanship of a general meeting of shareholders shall be assumed by the Chairman-and-Director or the President-and-Director.

Current Articles of Incorporation

2. If the Chairman-and-Director and the President-and-Director are unable to act, such chairmanship shall be assumed by another Director in accordance with the order prescribed in advance by the Board of Directors.

Method of Adopting Resolutions

Article <u>13</u>. Unless otherwise provided by laws or ordinances or by these Articles of Incorporation, resolutions at a general meeting of shareholders shall be adopted by a majority of the votes of the shareholders present at the meeting.

2. As to the resolutions under <u>Article 343 of the</u> <u>Commercial Code</u>, they shall be adopted by <u>the</u> vote of two-third or more of the voting rights at a general meeting of shareholders where the shareholders holding one-third or more of the voting rights of <u>all</u> shareholders are present.

Exercise of Voting Rights by Proxy

Article <u>14</u>. Shareholders may exercise their votes by proxy. Provided, however, that such proxy shall be a shareholder of the Company entitled to vote.

Chapter IV. Director and Board of Directors

Number

Article <u>15</u>. The Company shall have thirty (30) Directors or less.

Method of Election

Article <u>16</u>. The Directors shall be elected <u>at</u> a general meeting of shareholders where the shareholders holding one-third or

accordance with the order prescribed in advance by

Method of Adopting Resolutions

the Board of Directors.

2. If the Chairman-and-Director and the

Article <u>16</u>. Unless otherwise provided by laws or ordinances or by these Articles of Incorporation, resolutions at a general meeting of shareholders shall be adopted by a majority of the votes of the shareholders <u>entitled to exercise voting rights who are</u> present at the meeting.

Proposed Amendment

chairmanship shall be assumed by another Director in

President-and-Director are unable to act, such

2. As to the resolutions under <u>paragraph 2</u>, <u>Article 309 of</u> <u>the Corporation Law</u>, they shall be adopted by <u>a</u> vote of two-thirds or more of the voting rights at a general meeting of shareholders where the shareholders holding one-third or more of the voting rights of shareholders <u>entitled to exercise voting rights at the</u> <u>general meeting of shareholders</u> are present.

Exercise of Voting Rights by Proxy

Article <u>17</u>. Shareholders may exercise their votes by proxy. Provided, however, that such proxy shall be a <u>single</u> shareholder of the Company entitled to vote.

Chapter IV. Director and Board of Directors

Number

Article <u>18</u>. The Company shall have thirty (30) Directors or less.

Method of Election

Article <u>19</u>. The Directors shall be elected <u>by resolution of</u> a general meeting of shareholders where the shareholders

Current Articles of Incorporation

more of the voting rights of <u>all</u> shareholders are present.

2. The election of Directors shall not be made by cumulative voting.

Term of Office

Article <u>17</u>. The term of office of Directors shall expire at the end of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders for the <u>final settlement date</u> within one (1) year after their <u>assumption of office</u>.

2. The term of office of the Director elected by reason of increase in number or in order to fill the vacancy shall expire with the expiration of the remaining term of office of the other Directors presently in office.

Representative Directors

Article <u>18</u>. Directors to represent the Company shall be <u>elected</u> by resolution of the Board of Directors.

Directors with Specific Titles

Article <u>19</u>. By resolution of the Board of Directors, the Company shall <u>have</u> a Chairman-and-Director, a President-and-Director and other Directors with specific titles.

Convening and Presiding of the Board of Directors

Article <u>20</u>. Unless otherwise provided by laws or ordinances, a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be convened and presided over by the Chairman-and-Director or the President-and-Director.

2. If the Chairman-and-Director and the President-and-Director are unable to act, such meeting shall be convened

Proposed Amendment

holding one-third or more of the voting rights of shareholders <u>entitled to exercise voting rights</u> are present.

2. The election of Directors shall not be made by cumulative voting.

Term of Office

Article <u>20</u>. The term of office of Directors shall expire at the end of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders for the <u>business year ending</u> within one (1) year after their <u>election</u>.

(Deleted)

Representative Directors

Article <u>21</u>. Directors to represent the Company shall be <u>selected</u> by resolution of the Board of Directors.

Directors with Specific Titles

Article <u>22</u>. By resolution of the Board of Directors, the Company shall <u>select</u> a Chairman-and-Director, a President-and-Director and other Directors with specific titles.

Convening and Presiding of the Board of Directors

Article <u>23</u>. Unless otherwise provided by laws or ordinances, a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be convened and presided over by the Chairmanand-Director or the President-and-Director.

2. If the Chairman-and-Director and the President-and-Director are unable to act, such meeting shall be convened

Current Articles of Incorporation

and presided over by another Director in accordance with the order prescribed in advance by the Board of Directors.

3. Notice of convocation of a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be dispatched to each Director and each <u>Statutory</u> Auditor at least three (3) days before the date of such meeting; provided, however that such period may be shortened in case of urgency.

Board of Directors

Article <u>21</u>. The Board of Directors shall be <u>composed</u> <u>of</u> the Directors and, in addition to the matters provided by laws or ordinances or by these Articles of Incorporation, shall make decision on the execution of important business of the Company.

2. The Corporate Auditors of the Company are required to attend the Board meetings and express their opinions when they deem it necessary.

(New)

Regulations of the Board of Directors

Article <u>22</u>. The procedure for convening a meeting of the Board of Directors, method of adopting resolutions, etc. shall be governed, in addition to the matters provided by laws or ordinances or by these Articles of Incorporation, by the Regulations of the Board of Directors to be established by the Board of Directors.

Proposed Amendment

and presided over by another Director in accordance with the order prescribed in advance by the Board of Directors.

3. Notice of convocation of a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be dispatched to each Director and each <u>Corporate</u> Auditor at least three (3) days before the date of such meeting; provided, however that such period may be shortened in case of urgency.

Board of Directors

Article <u>24</u>. The Board of Directors shall be <u>organized by</u> <u>all</u> the Directors and, in addition to the matters provided by laws or ordinances or by these Articles of Incorporation, shall make decision<u>s</u> on the execution of important business of the Company.

2. The Corporate Auditors of the Company are required to attend the Board meetings and express their opinions when they deem it necessary.

Omission of Resolution of Board of Directors

Article 25. The Company shall deem that a resolution of the Board of Directors is adopted when it meets the requirements provided in Article 370 of the Corporation Law.

Regulations of the Board of Directors

Article <u>26</u>. The procedure for convening a meeting of the Board of Directors, method of adopting resolutions, etc. shall be governed, in addition to the matters provided by laws or ordinances or by these Articles of Incorporation, by the Regulations of the Board of Directors to be established by the Board of Directors.

Current Articles of Incorporation

Remuneration

Article <u>23</u>. The remuneration of Directors shall be determined by resolution of a general meeting of shareholders.

Chapter V. Corporate Auditor and Board of Corporate Auditors

Number

Article 24. The Company shall have five (5) Corporate Auditors or less.

Method of Election

Article <u>25</u>. The Corporate Auditors shall be elected <u>at</u> a general meeting of shareholders where the shareholders holding one-third or more of the voting rights of <u>all</u> shareholders are present.

Term of Office

Article <u>26</u>. The term of office of Corporate Auditors shall expire at the end of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders for the <u>final settlement date</u> within four (4) years after their <u>assumption of office</u>.

2. The term of office of <u>the</u> Corporate Auditor elected to fill <u>the</u> vacancy shall expire with the expiration of the remaining term of office of the retired Corporate Auditor.

Full-Time Corporate Auditors

Article <u>27</u>. The Corporate Auditors shall <u>elect</u> a full-time Corporate Auditor or Auditors <u>by mutual</u> <u>votes</u>.

Proposed Amendment

Remuneration, etc.

Article <u>27</u>. The remuneration<u>, bonuses and other financial</u> benefits given by the Company in consideration of the performance of the duties (hereinafter Remuneration, etc.) of the Directors shall be determined by resolution of a general meeting of shareholders.

> Chapter V. Corporate Auditor and Board of Corporate Auditors

Number

Article <u>28</u>. The Company shall have five (5) Corporate Auditors or less.

Method of Election

Article <u>29</u>. The Corporate Auditors shall be elected <u>by</u> <u>resolution of</u> a general meeting of shareholders where shareholders holding one-third or more of the voting rights of shareholders <u>entitled to exercise voting rights</u> are present.

Term of Office

Article <u>30</u>. The term of office of Corporate Auditors shall expire at the end of the ordinary general meeting of shareholders for the <u>last business year ending</u> within four (4) years after their <u>election</u>.

2. The term of office of <u>a</u> Corporate Auditor elected to fill <u>a</u> vacancy shall expire with the expiration of the remaining term of office of the retired Corporate Auditor.

Full-Time Corporate Auditors

Article <u>31</u>. The <u>Board of</u> Corporate Auditors shall <u>select</u> from among the Corporate Auditors a full-time Corporate Auditor or Auditors.

Current Articles of Incorporation

Convening of the Board of Corporate Auditors

Article <u>28</u>. Notice of convocation of a meeting of the Board of Corporate Auditors shall be <u>despatched</u> to each Corporate Auditor at least three (3) days before the date of such meeting; provided, however that such period may be shortened in case of urgency.

Board of Corporate Auditors

Article <u>29</u>. The Board of Corporate Auditors shall be <u>composed of</u> all the Corporate Auditors and, in addition to the matters provided by laws, shall make decision on <u>the</u> matters relating to the execution of the duties of the Corporate Auditors except to the extent that such decisions might impair any of the power of the Corporate Auditors.

Regulations of the Board of Corporate Auditors

Article <u>30</u>. The procedure for convening a meeting of the Board of Corporate Auditors, method of adopting resolutions, etc. shall be governed, in addition to the matters provided by laws or ordinances or by these Articles of Incorporation, by the Regulations of the Board of Corporate Auditors to be established by the Board of Corporate Auditors.

Remuneration

Article <u>31</u>. The remuneration of Corporate Auditors shall be determined by resolution of a general meeting of shareholders.

Chapter VI. Accounting

Business year

Article <u>32</u>. The business year of the Company shall be from January 1 to

Proposed Amendment

Convening of the Board of Corporate Auditors

Article <u>32</u>. Notice of convocation of a meeting of the Board of Corporate Auditors shall be <u>dispatched</u> to each Corporate Auditor at least three (3) days before the date of such meeting; provided, however that such period may be shortened in case of urgency.

Board of Corporate Auditors

Article <u>33</u>. The Board of Corporate Auditors shall be <u>organized by</u> all the Corporate Auditors and, in addition to the matters provided by laws, shall make decisions on matters relating to the execution of the duties of the Corporate Auditors except to the extent that such decisions might impair any of the power of the Corporate Auditors.

Regulations of the Board of Corporate Auditors

Article <u>34</u>. The procedure for convening a meeting of the Board of Corporate Auditors, method of adopting resolutions, etc. shall be governed, in addition to the matters provided by laws or ordinances or by these Articles of Incorporation, by the Regulations of the Board of Corporate Auditors to be established by the Board of Corporate Auditors.

Remuneration<u>, etc.</u>

Article <u>35</u>. The <u>Remuneration, etc.</u> of Corporate Auditors shall be determined by resolution of a general meeting of shareholders.

Chapter VI. Accounting

Business Year

Article <u>36</u>. The business year of the Company shall be from January 1 to

Current Articles of Incorporation	Proposed Amendment
December 31 each year, and the settlement of accounts of the Company shall be made at the end of the business year.	December 31 each year.
Dividends of profits Article <u>33</u> . <u>Dividends of profits</u> shall <u>be paid to</u> the shareholders or registered pledgees written or recorded in the register of shareholders as of the last day of each business year.	Dividends from Surplus Article <u>37</u> . <u>The Company</u> shall <u>pay year-end dividends</u> to the shareholders or registered pledgees written or recorded in the <u>final</u> register of shareholders as of the last day of each business year.
(New)	2. By resolution of the Board of Directors, the Company may distribute interim dividends to the shareholders or registered pledgees written or recorded in the final register of shareholders as of June 30 each year.
Interim dividends Article 34. By resolution of the Board of Directors, the Company may distribute interim dividends to the shareholders or registered pledges written or recorded in the register of shareholders as of June 30 each year.	(Deleted)

Item No.3: Election of Twenty-Seven Directors

The term of offices of all of the twenty-six Directors will expire at the end of this Meeting. We would like you to elect twenty-seven Directors.

The candidates for the Directors are as follows:

Candidate No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief personal record, position, business in charge and representatives of other organizations	Number of the Company s shares held
1	Fujio Mitarai (Sep. 23, 1935)	As of Apr. Entered the Company 1961: Mar. Director 1981: Mar. Managing Director 1985: Mar. Senior Managing & Representative Director 1989: Mar. Executive Vice President & Representative 1993: Director Sep. President & CEO 1995: Mar. Chairman, President & CEO 2006: May Chairman & CEO (present) 2006: (Representatives of other organizations) Chairman of Nippon Keidanren (Japan Business Federation)	92,300 shares

	As of Apr. 1965:	Entered the Company	
	Mar. 1997:	Director	
Tsuneji Uchida	Mar. 2001:	Managing Director	9,600
(001. 30, 1941)	Mar. 2003:	Senior Managing Director	shares
	Mar.	Executive Vice President & Representative	
	May 2006:	President & COO (present)	
	Tsuneji Uchida (Oct. 30, 1941)	Apr. 1965: Mar. 1997: Mar. 2001: Mar. 2003: Mar. 2006: May	Apr.Entered the Company1965:1965:Mar.Director1997:1997:Mar.Managing Director2001:2001:Mar.Senior Managing Director2003:2003:Mar.Executive Vice President & Representative2006:DirectorMayPresident & COO (present)

		As of Apr. 1964:	Entered the Company	
		Mar. 1995:	Director	
3	Toshizo Tanaka (Oct. 8, 1940)	Apr. 1995: Mar. 1997:	Group Executive of Finance & Accounting Headquarters (present) Managing Director	17,752 shares
		Mar. 2001:	Senior Managing Director (present)	
		Jan.	Group Executive of Policy & Economy Research	
		2007:	Headquarters (present)	

Candidate No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief personal record, position, business in charge and representatives of other organizations	Number of the Company s shares held
4	Nobuyoshi Tanaka (Dec. 23, 1945)	As of Apr. 1970: Entered the Company Mar. 1993: Director Apr. 1999: Group Executive of Corporate Intellectual Property and Legal Headquarters (present) Mar. 2001: Managing Director Mar. 2006: Senior Managing Director (present)	19,432 shares
5	Junji Ichikawa (Feb. 9, 1943)	As of Jan. 1970: Entered the Company Mar. 1997: Director Mar. 2001: Managing Director Apr. 2004: Chief Executive of Optical Products Operations (present) Mar. 2006: Senior Managing Director (present)	17,096 shares
6	Hajime Tsuruoka (Jul. 9, 1943)	As of Nov. 1973: Entered the Company Mar. 1997: Director Mar. 1999: President of Canon Europa N.V. (present) Mar. 2001: Managing Director Mar. 2006: Senior Managing Director (present) (Representatives of other organizations) President of Canon Europa N.V.	12,700 shares
7	Akiyoshi Moroe (Sep. 28, 1944)	As of Apr. 1968: Entered the Company Mar. 1999: Director Apr. 1999: Group Executive of General Affairs Headquarters (present) Mar. 2003: Managing Director (present) May 2006: Group Executive of External Relations Headquarters (present)	16,932 shares

Candidate No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief personal record, position, business in charge and representatives of other organizations	Number of the Company s shares held
8	Kunio Watanabe (Oct. 3, 1944)	As ofApr.Entered the Company1969:Apr.Group Executive of Corporate Planning1995:Development Headquarters (present)Mar.Director1999:Managing Director (present)2003:Jan.Jan.Deputy Group Executive of Policy & Economy2007:Research Headquarters	13,352 shares

		As of Apr. Entered the Company 1970:		
		Mar. Director 2001:		
9	Yoroku Adachi (Jan. 11, 1948)	Mar. Managing Director (present) 2005:	10,742 shares	
			Apr. President & CEO of Canon U.S.A., Inc. (present) 2005:	
		(Representatives of other organizations) President & CEO of Canon U.S.A., Inc.		

		As of Apr. 1974:	Entered the Company	
10	Yasuo Mitsuhashi (Nov. 23, 1949)	Mar. 2001: Apr. 2003: Mar. 2005:	Director Chief Executive of Peripheral Products Operations (present) Managing Director (present)	8,677 shares

As of

Entered the Company

Apr.	
1970:	
Apr.	Deputy Chief Executive of Office Imaging Products
2001:	Operations
Mar.	Director (present)
2003:	
Apr.	Chief Executive of Inkjet Products Operations
2003:	(present)

		As of Apr. 1972:	Entered the Company	
12	Ryoichi Bamba	Apr. 1998:	Senior Vice President of Canon U.S.A., Inc.	5,400
	(Nov. 25, 1946)	Feb. 2003:	Executive Vice President of Canon U.S.A., Inc. (present)	shares
		Mar. 2003:	Director (present)	

Candidate No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief personal record, position, business in charge and representatives of other organizations	Number of the Company s shares held
13	Tomonori Iwashita (Jan. 28, 1949)	As of Apr. Entered the Company 1972: Mar. Director (present) 2003: Apr. Deputy Chief Executive of Image Communication 2003: Products Operations Apr. Chief Executive of Image Communication Products 2006: Operations (present)	6,250 shares
14	Toshio Homma (Mar. 10, 1949)	As of Apr. Entered the Company 1972: Mar. Director (present) 2003: Jul. Group Executive of L Printer Business Promotion 2003: Headquarters Jan. Chief Executive of L Printer Products Operations 2007: (present)	10,492 shares
15	Masahiro Osawa (May 26, 1947)	As of Apr. Entered the Company 1971: Jul. Deputy Group Executive of Finance & Accounting 2003: Headquarters Mar. Director (present) 2004: Apr. Group Executive of Global Procurement 2004: Headquarters (present)	5,342 shares
16	Keijiro Yamazaki (Oct. 14, 1948)	As of Apr. Entered the Company 1971: Mar. Director (present) 2004:	5,850 shares

- Apr. Group Executive of Information & Communication
- 2004: Systems Headquarters
- Mar. Group Executive of Human Resources Management
- 2006: & Organization Headquarters (present)

Candidate No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brie	of personal record, position, business in charge and representatives of other organizations	Number of the Company s shares held
17	Shunichi Uzawa (Jan. 26, 1949)	As of Aug. 1978: Mar. 2004: Oct. 2004: Jan. 2006:	Entered the Company Director (present) President of SED Inc. Group Executive of Core Technology Development Headquarters (present)	6,392 shares
18	Masaki Nakaoka (Jan. 3, 1950)	As of Apr. 1975: Apr. 2001: Mar. 2004: Apr. 2005:	Entered the Company Deputy Chief Executive of Office Imaging Products Operations Director (present) Chief Executive of Office Imaging Products Operations (present)	3,400 shares
19	Toshiyuki Komatsu (Jan. 19, 1950)	As of Apr. 1972: Mar. 2004: Apr. 2004: Jul. 2005:	Entered the Company Director (present) Group Executive of Leading-Edge Technology Development Headquarters (present) Group Executive of Core Technology Development Headquarters	2,900 shares
		As of Apr.	Entered the Company	

	Chierontri	1977:		
20	Shigeyuki Matsumoto (Nov. 15, 1950)	Apr. 2001:	Deputy Group Executive of Device Technology Development Headquarters	4,152 shares

Jan.	Group Executive of Device Technology
2002:	Development Headquarters (present)
Mar.	Director (present)
2004:	

		As of Apr. 1974:	Entered the Company	
21	Haruhisa Honda (Oct. 14, 1948)	Apr. 2003: Mar. 2004:	Deputy Chief Executive of Chemical Products Operations Director (present)	5,789 shares
		2004: Apr. 2004:	Chief Executive of Chemical Products Operations (present)	

Candidate No.	Name (Date of birth)	Br	ief personal record, position, business in charge and representatives of other organizations	Number of Company shares hel	s
22	Tetsuro Tahara (Jan. 31, 1949)	As of Apr. 1971: Apr. 2003: Mar. 2006: Apr. 2006:	Entered the Company President of Canon (Suzhou) Inc. Director (present) Group Executive of Global Manufacturing & Logistics Headquarters (present)	1,652 shares	
23	Seijiro Sekine (Oct. 20, 1948)	As of Apr. 1972: Oct. 2004: Mar. 2006: Apr. 2006: Jan. 2007:	Entered the Company Group Executive of Logistics Headquarters Director (present) Group Executive of Information & Communication Systems Headquarters and Deputy Group Executive of Global Manufacturing & Logistics Headquarters Group Executive of Information & Communication Systems Headquarters (present)	4,990 shares	
24	Shunji Onda (Mar. 13, 1950)	As of Apr. 1972: Apr. 2004: Mar. 2006: Apr. 2006:	Entered Canon Sales Co., Inc. (present Canon Marketing Japan Inc.) Senior General Manager of Optical Products Business Administration Center Director of the Company (present) Deputy Group Executive of Finance & Accounting Headquarters (present)	4,402 shares	
Table of Co	ontents	As of Apr. 1972:	Entered Toshiba Corporation	1,000	31

Jun.	Executive Officer & Corporate Vice President of		
2005:	Toshiba Corporation		
Jan.	President of SED Inc. (present)		
2006:			
Jan.	Adviser of the Company (present)		
2007:			
(Representatives of other organizations)			
President of SED Inc.			

Candidate No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief personal record, position, business in charge and representatives of other organizations	Number of the Company s shares held
26	Hideki Ozawa (Apr. 28, 1950)	As of Apr. Entered Canon Sales Co., Inc. (present Canon 1973: Marketing Japan Inc.) Apr. President of Canon Singapore Pte. Ltd. 2004: Apr. President of Canon (China) Co., Ltd. (present) 2005: Apr. Advisory Director of the Company (present) 2005: (Representatives of other organizations) President of Canon (China) Co., Ltd.	719 shares
27	Masaya Maeda (Oct. 17, 1952)	As of Apr.Entered the Company1975:Jan.Jan.Senior General Manager of Digital Consumer2002:Products Development CenterJul.Deputy Group Executive of Digital Imaging2003:Business GroupJan.Group Executive of Digital Imaging Business2006:Group (present)Apr.Advisory Director (present)2006:Senior (present)	1,000 shares

Note: None of the candidates for the Directors have any special interest in the Company. 22

Item No. 4: Election of One Corporate Auditor

The term of office of the Corporate Auditor Mr. Tadashi Ohe will expire at the end of this Meeting. We would like you to elect one Corporate Auditor.

The candidate for the Corporate Auditor is as follows.

Prior to our proposal of this item, we have already obtained the consent from the Board of Corporate Auditors.

Name (Date of birth)		Brief personal record, position, principal duties and representatives of other organizations	Number of the Company s shares held
Tadashi Ohe (May 20, 1944)	As of Apr. 1969: Apr. 1989: Mar 1994:	Qualified for attorney (present) Instructor for the Judicial Research and Training Institute (court representation in civil suits) Corporate Auditor (present)	24,300 shares

Notes: 1. The candidate for the Corporate Auditor has no special interest in the Company.

- 2. The candidate is a Candidate for Outside Corporate Auditor.
- 3. We have comprehensively judged that the candidate is the appropriate person as an Outside Corporate Auditor of the Company, with his insight and longstanding experience as an attorney, and decided to propose him as an Outside Corporate Auditor.
- 4. Although the candidate has never been directly involved in any company management, with his extensive experience in corporate legal affairs as an attorney, we have concluded that he is capable of conducting his duty as an Outside Corporate Auditor appropriately.
- 5. The candidate s term of office as a Corporate Auditor of the Company is 13 years.

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Item No.5: Grant of Retirement Allowance to Directors to be Retired

It is proposed that retirement allowance be granted to each of Mr. Hironori Yamamoto and Mr. Shigeru Imaiida, the Directors to be retired at the end of this Meeting, in appreciation of their services during their terms in offices, within the due amount based upon certain standards stipulated by the Company, and that the determination of the actual amount and the time and method of granting, etc. be entrusted to the Board of Directors for the Directors to be retired.

Brief personal records of each of the Directors to be retired are as follows:

Name

Brief personal records

Hironori Yamamoto Director Managing Director (present)

Director (present)

Shigeru Imaiida Mar. 2003:

Item No.6: Grant of Bonus to Directors

Mar.

1999:

Mar.

2004:

It is proposed that bonus be granted to the twenty-six Directors as of the end of this term, in appreciation of their services during this Business Term, which totals 295,400,000 yen considering such as the business results for this Business Term and the members to be granted.

The map of the place of the General Meeting of Shareholders

Place:	Head Office of the Company 30-2, Shimomaruko 3-chome, Ohta-ku, Tokyo
Station:	Shimomaruko Station of the Tokyu Tamagawa Line (About 10 minutes walk)

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Table of Contents To Our Shareholders

We are pleased to present our report for the 106th business term (from January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006). During this business term, solid economic growth was enjoyed on a global scale, despite a variety of concerns including rapidly rising prices in crude oil, steel, and other resources and intensifying tensions in the Middle East.

Under Phase III (2006 to 2010) of our Excellent Global Corporation Plan, which the Canon Group embarked on from this business term, we turned all of our resources toward improving our performance. As a result, we succeeded in recording consolidated net sales in excess of 4 trillion yen for the first time ever, and, following the previous term, posted record high net sales and net income on both a consolidated and non-consolidated basis, despite the rise in raw material prices and even more intense price competition. This good start fitted for the first year of our new five-year plan.

In light of the Canon Group s performance, we intend to propose a year-end dividend of 50.00 yen per share at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the 106th Business Term to respond to your loyal support. Because of the three-for-two stock split implemented in July 2006, together with the interim dividend (50.00 yen per share), full-year dividend would total 125.00 yen per share on a pre-split basis, or substantially 25.00 yen more than the full-year dividend for the previous term.

Every employee of the Canon Group is committed to trying to enhance the product development capability and product quality by combining their collective strengths, and we will continuously push forward reforms of our operations by establishing even more productive systems and more efficient infrastructure.

We look forward to your continued support and encouragement in the future.

March, 2007

FUJIO MITARAI Chairman & CEO TSUNEJI UCHIDA President & COO 29

(Materials delivered pursuant to Article 437 and Article 444 of the Corporation Law)
BUSINESS REPORT
(From January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006)
1. Current Conditions of the Canon Group
(1) Business Progress and Results

n General Business Conditions

n General Business Conditions

Reviewing domestic and overseas economies during the term, the U.S. economy suffered declining housing investments through the second half, but, with robust personal consumption and corporate capital investments, continued to expand solidly. European economies recovered gradually with expansion in domestic demand, although exports remained lackluster through the second half. Among Asian economies, China maintained its high growth and the ASEAN countries also continued to show their steady economic growth on the support of increasing exports. The Japanese economy benefited from factors such as solid capital investments and gradually improving employment conditions with a background of strong business performance, and sustained mild, though long-lasting, economic growth. In foreign exchange markets, the yen significantly weakened against the U.S. dollar and the euro over on a yearly basis, compared to the previous term.

Regarding markets in which the Canon Group operates, digital cameras enjoyed continued increases in demand for single lens reflex (SLR) and compact digital cameras. Demand also continued to grow steadily for color-capable networked multifunctional machines, printers, and other computer peripherals. Demand for semiconductor production equipment recovered on strong capital investments by memory device manufacturers, but declined for mirror projection mask aligners for LCDs as LCD panel manufacturers held capital investments down.

Under these business conditions, the Canon Group applied the management base it built up through the implementation of Phase I (1996 to 2000) and Phase II (2001 to 2005) of its Excellent Global Corporation Plan and undertook various measures from this term in embarking on Phase III (2006 to 2010) of its Excellent Global Corporation Plan, aimed at extending our sound growth.

In particular, in development and production areas, we brought the resources of the entire group to advance production and assembly automation,

which are the keys to greater productivity. By concentrating on the installation of automation equipment in plants producing toner cartridges, ink cartridges, and other supplies, we succeeded in reducing staffing and costs. On other fronts, we strengthened the efficiency of our parts procurement system as procurement innovation activities got into full swing, and production subsidiaries contributed to improving business performance by strengthening their own business development initiatives.

We also actively pursued capital investments to establish infrastructure. During the term, we opened a new development building for centralizing camera development functions at our Shimomaruko Head Office, and also expanded a development building at the Yako Office, making it into a major development center for inkjet and large format printers. In addition, as for the Canon Group companies, we completed a plant for making SLR interchangeable lenses at Oita Canon Inc. to meet the abundant demand for digital SLR cameras, and started operation of Que Vo Plant at Canon Vietnam Co., Ltd. to produce affordable laser beam printers. Through these and other initiatives, we upgraded and enhanced facilities at various locations to address future business leap.

In the area of sales, measures to strengthen our sales force through the structural reforms and M&A strategies that the Group marketing companies have been undertaking bore fruit in the form of larger market shares in intensely competitive markets throughout the world.

As a result of these activities described above, the Canon Group succeeded in increasing sales and profits following the previous term. During the term we attained, on a consolidated basis, net sales of 4,156.8 billion yen (up 10.7% from the previous term), income before income taxes and minority interests of 719.1 billion yen (up 17.5%), and net income of 455.3 billion yen (up 18.5%). Also, on a non-consolidated basis, we recorded net sales of 2,729.7 billion yen (up 10.0%), ordinary profit of 524.0 billion yen (up 18.9%), and net income of 337.5 billion yen (up 16.7%). Record highs were achieved for both sales and profits.

n Business Conditions by Operations Sales by Operations Consolidated

Operations	Sales (100 millions of yen)	Change from Previous Term (%)
Business Machines	26,911	7.5
Office Imaging Products	11,859	2.8
Computer Peripherals	13,984	12.3
Business Information Products	1,068	2.4
Cameras	10,419	18.5
Optical and Other Products	4,238	13.7
Total	41,568	10.7

Non-Consolidated

Operations	Sales (100 millions of yen)	Change from Previous Term (%)
Business Machines Office Imaging Products	17,648 5,220	10.7 2.5
Computer Peripherals	12,428	14.5
Cameras	7,601	14.6
Optical and Other Products	2,048	(8.4)
Total	27,297	10.0

Note: Regarding the segment of Business information products within the Business machines category in the consolidated information above, there were no sales on a non-consolidated basis.

1 Business Machines Operations

Office Imaging Products

Regarding the color machines in our imageRUNNER series of office-use digital networked multifunctional devices, we began sales of new products such as the high-speed iR C5180 series equipped with high-speed TBF (Twin Belt Fuser) System and other new technologies. We also introduced the affordable iR C3380/C2880 series, which delivers both compact size and low power consumption by employing our newly developed Smart 4 Laser Engine and color-on-demand fusing system, and worked to expand sales of these products together with the iR C3220/C2620 series. As for black-and-white machines, we began selling, in the U.S., European, and other markets, the new and affordable iR1022/1018 series, which is equipped with on-demand fusing technology, and maintained favorable sales of the high-speed multifunctional iR6570/5570 series and medium-speed machines such as the iR4570 series.

We also worked to expand our solutions business, which employs the Multifunctional Embedded Application Platform (MEAP) offering a wide range of functions, and worked to promote sales of the imageRUNNER series.

Additionally, moving toward full-scale entry into the digital commercial printing market, which is expected to grow, we introduced a new brand imagePRESS and launched a new digital color printing equipment that delivers high image quality, durability, and productivity. As the first product of this new series, we introduced the imagePRESS C1 in the Japanese and U.S. markets. This machine incorporates toner with particles averaging only 5.5 µm in diameter,

iPR (imagePRESS) Controller realizing the super-high-speed image processing, and other new technologies suited for a digital commercial printing machine, and we gained favorable response.

In the machines for individuals and small-business owners of which market is expanding in Japan and overseas, we began sales of the black-and-white multifunctional Satera MF6570 for A4-size printing and Satera MF7240 for A3-size printing, and the color multifunctional Satera MF8180 for A4-size printing. Efforts to expand sales of these products were met with favorable sales results.

As a result of these activities, sales for this segment grew by 2.8% on a consolidated basis, and 2.5% on a non-consolidated basis, both in comparison to the previous term.

Computer Peripherals

In the market for inkjet printers, the shift from single-function to multifunctional inkjet machines further accelerated and, amid an intensifying competition, we focused on high-quality printing through our proprietary FINE high-precision print head technology, and ChromaLife100 technology, which delivers both high image quality and preservation through the combination of our high coloration dye inks and genuine photo paper. We also worked to achieve an extra measure of differentiation from competing products by employing designs matching a broad range of indoor spaces and our Easy Scroll Wheel which makes it easy to select from a vast array of functions. In the area of multifunctional machines, we introduced a series of new products offering higher image quality and speed. Among these, the PIXUS MP600 met with success in Japan. In single-function machines, we introduced a variety of products such as the PIXUS iP4300, the compact PIXUS mini260, and the PIXUS Pro9000 using eight inks and capable of printing A3 wide-size paper for professional and high-end amateurs. Inkjet printer unit sales increased as a result.

In laser beam printers, we enjoyed steadily growing unit sales of black-and-white multifunctional products as well as low-end black-and-white and color products, both for OEM-brand products, which led to solid sales revenue. Regarding Canon-brand products, we introduced the Satera LBP5400/5300 color machines capable of A4-size printing, which respond to office needs amid growing demand for color machines, and these products, together with the high-speed Satera LBP5900/5600 capable of A3-size printing, achieved favorable sales results. As for black-and-white machines, we worked to expand sales of the high-speed Satera LBP3950/3900 capable of A3-size printing introduced in the first half and the Satera LBP3300 for business application capable of A4-size printing with duplex printing as standard function. We also worked to advance our solutions business by making printing environment proposals responding to customer business types and needs with the MEAP-Lite function expansion system.

In image scanners, we introduced products, including the new CanoScan LiDE 600F and maintained our high market share, but sales declined as the market shrank.

As a result of these activities, sales for this segment grew by 12.3% on a consolidated basis and 14.5% on a non-consolidated basis, both in comparison to the previous term. 36

Business Information Products

The market for business-use document scanners has further expanded as demand for document scanners has accelerated due to the evolving IT environment at office and the need to comply with various laws related to the management of information. Under these conditions, in the DR Scanner series handled by Canon Electronics Inc., we introduced the DR-2050C II as a new product for the segment of affordable machines of which demand is significantly expanding, and worked to expand sales of this product and the DR-1210C introduced in the first half. As a result, sales steadily increased.

Regarding the calculators handled by Canon Electronic Business Machines (H.K.) Co., Ltd., we introduced and actively tried to expand sales of products in Japan such as the TS-1200TG, an environmentally friendly calculator incorporating recycled materials. On another front, printing calculators continued to enjoy a favorable reception in the U.S. market and increased market share. Regarding the electronic dictionaries for the Japanese market also handled by that company, sales increased through the introduction of the wordtank G90, for advanced study of Chinese, and the compact, highly portable wordtank IDP600J.

As for servers and personal computers handled by Canon Marketing Japan Inc., product sales fell as that company moved ahead with its shift to the solutions business.

As a result of these activities, sales for this segment grew by 2.4% on a consolidated basis in comparison to the previous term. For this segment, there were no sales on a non-consolidated basis. 38

1 Camera Operations

In digital cameras, we introduced the EOS 30D, a high-end amateur model, in the first half, and the compact, lightweight EOS Kiss Digital X in the second half with demand for SLR products continuing to expand, and reinforced our SLR product lineup with a basic concept of speed, comfort, and high image quality. Our flagship models of EOS-1DS Mark II and EOS-1D Mark II N, and EOS 5D a full-size high-end amateur model maintained their strong sales, and sales revenue increased steadily as a result. With higher SLR sales, products such as our EF lens series and dedicated flashes also marked sound sales increases.

In the area of compact digital cameras, we introduced six new products in our stylish IXY DIGITAL series, including the IXY DIGITAL 900IS, equipped with wide-angle 28mm, 3.8x zoom lens and a face recognition function, the 10 megapixel IXY DIGITAL 1000. We also introduced ten new products in our PowerShot series for a broad range of shooting styles with a variety of product lineup, including the PowerShot G7 and PowerShot A710 IS. Sales of compact digital cameras rose as a result.

We strengthened our product lineup of compact photo printers by introducing the ES1 in our dye sublimation SELPHY series, which employs Easy Photo Packs combining paper and inks.

In digital video cameras, we introduced new products such as the HV10 HDV model equipped with our first HD CMOS sensor, and 2 megapixel DVD model of DC 22, compatible for dual layer recording, thereby enhancing our product lineup in the HDV, DVD, and MiniDV recording formats. We also introduced the XHG1/A1, a new commercial hi-vision product.

In LCD projectors, we enhanced our product lineup by introducing products such as the PowerProjector SX6/SX60/X600 equipped with LCOS, which employs the Aspectual Illumination System (AISYS) our proprietary optical engine.

As a result of these activities, sales for this segment grew by 18.5% on a consolidated basis and 14.6% on a non-consolidated basis, both in comparison to the previous term. 40

1 Optical and Other Products Operations

In semiconductor production equipment, unit shipments increased with the spread of products applying semiconductors and by aggressive capital investments by manufacturers in Japan and other parts of Asia. Under these conditions, we enhanced our product lineup of FPA-6000 series by introducing the FPA-6000ES5a, a new KrF (krypton fluoride) stepper. Sales increased due to strong sales of the affordable FPA-6000ES6a KrF stepper and FPA-5500iZa i-line stepper.

Regarding mirror projection mask aligners for LCDs, demand for LCD panels for LCD TVs and other products continued to increase, but the market contracted as panel manufacturers restrained their investments during the term due to a rebound of their active capital investments in the previous year. Amid these conditions, we aggressively tried to market products such as MPA-8800 eighth-generation mirror projection mask aligners for LCDs and MPA-8000 sixth-generation mirror projection mask aligners for LCDs, but unit sales and sales revenue both declined.

In the area of broadcast-use television lenses, we enhanced our product lineup by introducing new products such as the KH16e×5.7 and KJ20×8.5B standard zoom lenses for affordable HD cameras, which led to solid sales increase.

In medical equipment, we introduced the new CXDI-50C and CXDI-40EC in our CXDI series of X-ray digital cameras equipped with our own Flat Panel X-Ray Image Sensor. Sales efforts focusing on these products and the

CXDI-50G resulted in solid sales increase. In ophthalmic equipment, the CR-DGi digital non-mydriatic retinal camera, which is used in medical examinations for the prevention of lifestyle-related diseases turned in strong sales results.

As a result of these activities, sales for this segment grew by 13.7% on a consolidated basis partially due to additional sales revenue of the newly consolidated company, but fell by 8.4% on a non-consolidated basis, both in comparison to the previous term.

(2) Facilities Investment

The investment in facilities during this term totaled 379.7 billion yen (250.0 billion yen by the Company), which are mainly as follows:

Main facilities completed during this term

• Head Office of the Company: New R&D Building

(Headquarters Operations)

Location: Ohta-ku, Tokyo

Date of Completion : September, 2006

• Hiratsuka Development Center of the Company: New R&D Base (Headquarters Operations)

Location: Hiratsuka-shi, Kanagawa Pref.

Date of Completion : December, 2006

• Yako Office of the Company: New R&D Building (Business Machines Operations)

Location: Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa Pref.

Date of Completion : March, 2006

• The Company: Land for new Production Engineering Base (Headquarters Operations)

Location: Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa Pref.

Date of Completion : December, 2006

Main facilities under construction for establishment/expansion as of the end of this term

• Oita Canon Materials Inc.: New Production Base (Business Machines Operations)

Location: Oita-shi, Oita Pref.

*To be leased to Oita Canon Materials Inc. by the Company

- . The Company: New Production Engineering Building
- (Headquarters Operations)

Location: Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa Pref.

Canon ANELVA Corporation: New Headquarters Building/New Research and Production Building (Headquarters Operations)

Location: Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa Pref.

*To be leased to Canon ANELVA Corporation by the Company

(3) Management Perspectives

The global economy is generally expected to maintain a prolonged economic growth this year, despite predictions of slightly lower growth rate in major areas of Japan, the U.S., and Europe. Business competition in general, however, is expected to further intensify and the business conditions surrounding the Canon Group will likely remain difficult.

Under these circumstances, the Canon Group has positioned 2007, the second year of Phase III (2006 to 2010) of its Excellent Global Corporation Plan, as a year for fundamental strengthening to achieve 2010 objectives, and will accelerate our growth.

For this year, the 70th anniversary of our founding, key objectives toward that end include, first of all, introducing even more competitive new products to boost our competitiveness against other companies with the aim of achieving the overwhelming No.1 position worldwide in all of our current core businesses. Secondly, we aim to achieve steady cost reductions and further reduce our cost ratio through continuous measures to improve productivity, such as promoting production automation by introducing high-speed automation equipment; bringing the in-house production of more key parts, taking procurement innovation activities to an even higher level; and building an IT system that centralizes business information for everything from planning and development to production, sales, procurement, and logistics.

Renewing our awareness that companies mission is to maintain product quality, we will build or enhance our systems for quality management, safety management and crisis management, including measures to heighten awareness, to help ensure that our quality fits for an excellent global corporation.

We will also reform our research and development activities from the new perspective to secure robust patents, which are a critical lifeline for a manufacturer and the very source of competitiveness for a high-value-added manufacturing business. Lastly, toward the objective of becoming a truly excellent global corporation, we will bring to bear the resource of the entire Canon Group to ensure that our compliance activities are thoroughly implemented, that our internal controls are strictly enforced, and that our management excels in transparency.

(4) Status of Assets and Earnings

Consolidated

	102nd Business Term (Jan. 1, 2002-Dec. 31, 2002)	103rd Business Term (Jan. 1, 2003-Dec. 31, 2003)
Net Sales (100 millions of yen)	29,401	31,981
Income before Income Taxes and Minority Interests (100 millions of yen)	3,300	4,482
Net Income (100 millions of yen)	1,907	2,757
Basic Net Income Per Share (yen)	145.04	209.21
Total Assets (100 millions of yen)	29,427	31,821
(Total Stockholders Equity) (100 millions of yen)	15,919	18,655

Notes: 1. Canon s consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

2. Basic net income per share is calculated based on the weighted average number of outstanding shares during the term.

Non-Consolidated

	102nd Business Term (Jan. 1, 2002-Dec. 31, 2002)	103rd Business Term (Jan. 1, 2003-Dec. 31, 2003)
Net Sales (100 millions of yen)	17,890	20,237
Ordinary Profit (100 millions of yen)	2,409	3,206
Net Income (100 millions of yen)	1,441	2,287
	164.46	260.03

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Net Income Per Share (yen)		
Total Assets (100 millions of yen)	18,481	20,593
Net Assets (100 millions of yen)	12,353	14,442

Notes: 1. Net income per share is calculated based on the weighted average number of outstanding shares during the term.

- The net income per share for the 106th business term has decreased compared to the 105th business term, due to the effect of the three-for-two stock split which was implemented on July 1, 2006.
 The net income per share for 106th business term has been calculated on the basis that the stock split was made at the beginning of the term.
- 3. Net income and net income per share for the 103rd business term increased significantly from the 102nd business term due to gain on exemption from the substitutional portion of the employees pension fund.

104th Business Term (Jan. 1, 2004-Dec. 31, 2004)	105th Business Term (Jan. 1, 2005-Dec. 31, 2005)	106th Business Term (Jan. 1, 2006-Dec. 31, 2006)
34,679	37,542	41,568
5,521	6,120	7,191
3,433	3,841	4,553
258.53	288.63	341.95
35,870	40,436	45,219
22,099	26,047	29,866

3. Canon has made a three-for-two stock split on July 1, 2006, and the basic net income per share has been calculated based on the number of outstanding shares following the implementation of the stock split. The basic net income per share of the 106th business term has been calculated on the basis that the stock split was made at the beginning of the term.

104th Business Term (Jan. 1, 2004-Dec. 31, 2004)	105th Business Term (Jan. 1, 2005-Dec. 31, 2005)	106th Business Term (Jan. 1, 2006-Dec. 31, 2006)
22,784	24,815	27,297
3,963	4,407	5,240

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2,493	2,893	3,375
281.30	325.83	253.48
23,848	26,528	29,381
16,514	18,754	21,093

4. Effective from 106th business term, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 5 Accounting Standard for Presentation of Net Assets in the Balance Sheet issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Japan on December 9, 2005 and Accounting Standards Board Guidance No. 8 Guidance on Accounting Standards for Presentation of Net Assets in the Balance Sheet issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Japan on December 9, 2005.

(5) Main Activities

Canon Group is engaged in the manufacture and sales of the following products.

Operations		Main Products
Business Machines	Office Imaging Products	Digital Multifunctional Devices, Copying Machines, Laser Facsimiles
	Computer Peripherals	Laser Beam Printers, Inkjet Printers, Inkjet Multifunctional Devices, Inkjet Facsimiles, Image Scanners
	Business Information Products	Computers, Document Scanners, Microfilm Equipment, Handy Terminals, Calculators, Electronic Dictionaries
Cameras		Digital Cameras, Film Cameras, Digital Video Cameras, Interchangeable Lenses, LCD Projectors
Optical and Other Produc	ts	Semiconductor Production Equipment, Mirror Projection Mask Aligners for LCDs, Broadcast-use Television Lenses, Medical Image Recording Equipment, Vacuum Equipment for Electronic Components
18		

(6) Canon Group Global Network n **Major Domestic Bases**

Name [Location]

Canon Inc.

Headquarters [Tokyo]
Ayase Office [Kanagawa Pref.]
Hiratsuka Development Center [Kanagawa Pref.]
Ami Plant [Ibaraki Pref.]
Optics R&D Center [Tochigi Pref.]
Toride Plant [Ibaraki Pref.]
Kosugi Office [Kanagawa Pref.]
Fuji-Susono Research Park [Shizuoka Pref.]
Yako Office [Kanagawa Pref.]
Tamagawa Plant [Kanagawa Pref.]
Utsunomiya Plant [Tochigi Pref.]
Utsunomiya Optical Products Plant [Tochigi Pref.]
Manufacturing
Oita Canon Inc. [Oita Pref.]
Canon Chemicals Inc. [Ibaraki Pref.]
Nagahama Canon Inc. [Shiga Pref.]
Fukushima Canon Inc. [Fukushima Pref.]
Marketing
Canon Marketing Japan Inc. [Tokyo]
Canon Software Inc. [Tokyo]
R&D, Manufacturing and Marketing
Canon Electronics Inc. [Saitama Pref.]
Canon Finetech Inc. [Ibaraki Pref.]
Canon Machinery Inc. [Shiga Pref.]
Nisca Corporation [Yamanashi Pref.]
Canon ANELVA Corporation [Tokyo]

Note: Canon Marketing Japan Inc. changed its corporate name from Canon Sales Co., Inc. as of April 1, 2006.

n Major Overseas Bases

Name [Location]

R&D

Canon Development Americas, Inc. [U.S.A.] Canon Technology Europe Ltd. [U.K.] Canon Research Centre France S.A.S. [France] Canon Information Systems Research Australia Pty. Ltd. [Australia] Manufacturing Canon Virginia, Inc. [U.S.A.] Canon Giessen GmbH [Germany] Canon Bretagne S.A.S. [France] Canon Dalian Business Machines. Inc. [China] Canon Zhuhai, Inc. [China] Canon Zhongshan Business Machines Co., Ltd. [China] Canon (Suzhou) Inc. [China] Canon Inc. Taiwan [Taiwan] Canon Hi-Tech (Thailand) Ltd. [Thailand] [Vietnam] Canon Vietnam Co., Ltd. Canon Opto (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. [Malaysia] Marketing Canon U.S.A., Inc. [U.S.A.] Canon Canada, Inc. [Canada] Canon Latin America, Inc. [U.S.A.] Canon Europa N.V. [Netherlands] Canon (UK) Ltd. [U.K.] Canon France S.A.S. [France] Canon Deutschland GmbH [Germany] Canon North-East Oy [Finland] Canon (China) Co., Ltd. [China] Canon Hongkong Co., Ltd. [Hong Kong] Canon Singapore Pte. Ltd. [Singapore] Canon Australia Pty. Ltd. [Australia] Canon do Brasil Indústria e Comércio Limitada [Brazil] Canon Chile, S.A. [Chile] Canon South Africa Pty. Ltd. [South Africa] **R&D**, Manufacturing and Marketing Canon Electronic Business Machines (H.K.) Co., Ltd. [Hong Kong]

(7) Employees **Consolidated**

Number of employees

118,499 persons (Increase of 2,916 persons from the previous term)

Americas	10,269 persons
Europe	11,286 persons
Japan	50,753 persons
Others	46,191 persons

Note: The number of employees represents the total number of employees excluding those who do not work full-time.

Non-Consolidated

Number of employees	20,377 persons
	(Increase of 670 persons from the previous term)
Average age	39.3 years
Average years of service	16.0 years

- Notes: 1. The number of employees represents the total number of employees excluding those who do not work full-time.
 - 2. The number of employees does not include those who have been dispatched to affiliated companies, etc. (2,150 persons).

(8) Principal Subsidiaries n **Subsidiaries**

Company Name	Capital Stock (millions of yen)	Ratio of Voting Rights of the Company (%)	Main Activities
Canon Marketing Japan Inc.	73,303	50.7	Domestic sale of business machines, cameras, etc.
Canon Electronics Inc.	4,969	54.2	Manufacture and sale of information related equipments and precision machinery units for cameras
Canon Finetech Inc.	3,451	58.5	Manufacture and sale of printers, peripheral devices for business machines and chemicals, etc.
Canon Software Inc.	1,348	57.6	Development and sale of computer software
Canon Machinery Inc.	2,620	66.0	Manufacture and sale of semiconductor production equipment and automation/ laborsaving equipment
Nisca Corporation	2,102	51.1	Manufacture and sale of office automation equipment and optical measurement equipment, etc.
Canon U.S.A., Inc.	204,355 thousands of U.S.\$	100.0	Sale of business machines, cameras, etc. in the Americas
Canon Europa N.V.	290,600 thousands of Euro	100.0	Sale of business machines, cameras, etc. in Europe

Notes: 1. The ratio of the Company s voting rights in Canon Marketing Japan Inc. and Canon Finetech Inc. are calculated together with the number of voting rights held by subsidiaries.

2. The ratio of the Company s voting rights in Canon Software Inc. and in Nisca Corporation are based on the number of voting rights held by subsidiaries.

n Consolidated Status

- 1. The number of consolidated subsidiaries of this term was 219, and the number of companies accounted for on equity basis was 14.
- 2. Canon Electronics Inc. acquired shares of e-System Corporation (listed on the Hercules Section of the Osaka Securities Exchange) through a third-party distribution in order to strengthen its group s information-related business and develop it into a core business, and made that company its subsidiary as of December 27, 2006.

(9) Others

The Company has decided to purchase from Toshiba Corporation all of Toshiba Corporation s outstanding shares of SED Inc., a consolidated subsidiary of the Company. On completion of the purchase, SED Inc. will become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, effective as of January 29, 2007.

In accordance with this decision, which was based on the assumption of prolonged litigation pending against the Company in the United States with respect to SED technology, the Company will carry out the SED panel business independently in order to facilitate the earliest possible launch of a commercial SED television business.

The Company, with the necessary cooperation from Toshiba Corporation, will make every effort for the smooth launch of its television business based on the high image quality achieved by SED technology. 2. Shares of the Company

Number of Shares Issuable 3,000,000,000 shares Outstanding Shares, Capital Stock and Number of Shareholders

	As of the end of the Previous Term	Change during This Term	As of the end of This Term
Outstanding Shares (share)	888,742,779	444,703,051	1,333,445,830
Capital Stock (yen)	174,437,728,297	165,569,812	174,603,298,109
Number of Shareholders (person)	77,008	43,762	120,770

Based on the resolution of the Board of Directors on May 11, 2006, the Company has made a three-for-two stock split on July 1, 2006. As a result, outstanding shares increased by 444,441,863 shares. The Company has also amended its Articles of Incorporation and, as a result, number of shares issuable increased by 1,000,000,000 shares from 2,000,000,000 to 3,000,000,000 shares.

2. The increase of the outstanding shares during this term reflects the above stock split and the conversion of convertible debentures. The increase of the capital stock reflects the conversion of convertible debentures.

Major Shareholders (Top ten shareholders)

	the S	stment by hareholders e Company
Name of Shareholders	Number of Shares Held	Share- holding
	(thousands	notanig
	of	Ratio (%)
	shares)	
The Dai-Ichi Mutual Life Insurance Co.	93,312	7.0
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)	82,773	6.2
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd.	74,645	5.6
(Trust Account)		
Moxley & Co.	68,908	5.2
State Street Bank and Trust Company 505103	34,955	2.6
State Street Bank and Trust Company	34,198	2.6
Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.	28,419	2.1
Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.	27,175	2.0
Sompo Japan Insurance Inc.	22,910	1.7
BNP Paribas Securities (Japan) Limited	21,105	1.6

Note: With respect to Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd., in addition to the above, there are 7,704 (thousands) shares of the Company s stock, in the form of trust property relating to retirement allowance trust.

Shareholding Ratio by Category

3. Stock Acquisition Rights of the Company **Convertible Debentures**

Issues	Total Amount	Balance of Convertible Debentures

Ratio of vertible Conversion entures The third series of 40,000 million yen Unsecured Convertible 318 million yen 99.2% Debentures Due 2008

4. Directors and Corporate Auditors

(1) Directors and Corporate Auditors

Position	Name	Business in Charge or Representatives of other Organizations
Chairman & CEO President & COO	Fujio Mitarai Tsuneji Uchida	Chairman of Nippon Keidanren
Senior Managing Director	Toshizo Tanaka	Group Executive of Finance & Accounting Headquarters
Senior Managing Director	Nobuyoshi Tanaka	Group Executive of Corporate Intellectual Property and Legal Headquarters
Senior Managing Director	Junji Ichikawa	Chief Executive of Optical Products Operations
Senior Managing Director	Hajime Tsuruoka	President of Canon Europa N.V.
Managing Director	Akiyoshi Moroe	Group Executive of General Affairs Headquarters and Group Executive of External Relations Headquarters
Managing Director	Kunio Watanabe	Group Executive of Corporate Planning Development Headquarters
Managing Director	Hironori Yamamoto	Group Executive of Global Environment
		Promotion Headquarters and Group Executive of Production Engineering Headquarters
Managing Director	Yoroku Adachi	President & CEO of Canon U.S.A., Inc.
Managing Director	Yasuo Mitsuhashi	Chief Executive of Peripheral Products Operations
Director	Katsuichi Shimizu	Chief Executive of Inkjet Products Operations
Director	Ryoichi Bamba	Executive Vice President of Canon U.S.A., Inc.
Director	Tomonori Iwashita	Chief Executive of Image Communication Products
		Operations
Director	Toshio Homma	Group Executive of L Printer Business Promotion
		Headquarters
Director	Shigeru Imaiida	Senior Managing Director of Canon ANELVA Corporation
Director	Masahiro Osawa	Group Executive of Global Procurement Headquarters
Director	Keijiro Yamazaki	Group Executive of Human Resources Management &
	01 1 1 1 1 1	Organization Headquarters
Director	Shunichi Uzawa	Group Executive of Core Technology Development Headquarters
Director	Masaki Nakaoka	Chief Executive of Office Imaging Products Operations
Director	Toshiyuki Komatsu	Group Executive of Leading-Edge Technology Development
	5	Headquarters
Director	Shigeyuki Matsumoto	Group Executive of Device Technology Development
		Headquarters
Director	Haruhisa Honda	Chief Executive of Chemical Products Operations
Director	*Tetsuro Tahara	Group Executive of Global Manufacturing & Logistics Headquarters
Director	*Seijiro Sekine	Group Executive of Information & Communication Systems
		Headquarters and Deputy Group Executive of Global
		Manufacturing & Logistics Headquarters
Director	*Shunji Onda	Deputy Group Executive of Finance & Accounting
		Headquarters

Position	Name	Business in Charge or Representatives of other Organizations
Corporate Auditor Corporate Auditor Corporate Auditor Corporate Auditor Corporate Auditor	Teruomi Takahashi Kunihiro Nagata Tadashi Ohe *Yoshinobu Shimizu *Minoru Shishikura	Attorney Certified Public Accountant

- Notes: 1. Directors and Corporate Auditors with asterisk were newly elected at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the 105th Business Term held on March 30, 2006, and all of them assumed their offices.
 - 2. Corporate Auditors Mr. Tadashi Ohe, Mr. Yoshinobu Shimizu and Mr. Minoru Shishikura are Outside Corporate Auditors defined by item 16, Article 2 of the Corporation Law.
 - 3. Corporate Auditor Mr. Kunihiro Nagata had experienced accounting operation at the Company for many years and has a wealth of expertise in finance and accounting.
 - 4. Corporate Auditor Mr. Yoshinobu Shimizu is a Certified Public Accountant and has a wealth of expertise in finance and accounting.
 - 5. Corporate Auditor Mr. Minoru Shishikura had experienced financial operation at an insurance company for many years and has a wealth of expertise in finance.
 - 6. Business in Charge or Representatives of other Organizations of Directors Mr. Toshizo Tanaka, Mr. Kunio Watanabe, Mr. Toshio Homma and Mr. Seijiro Sekine, as of January 1, 2007, are as follows:

Director	Toshizo Tanaka	Group Executive of Finance & Accounting Headquarters and Group
		Executive of Policy & Economy Research Headquarters
Director	Kunio Watanabe	Group Executive of Corporate Planning Development Headquarters and
		Deputy Group Executive of Policy & Economy Research Headquarters
Director	Toshio Homma	Chief Executive of L Printer Products Operations
Director	Seijiro Sekine	Group Executive of Information & Communication Systems Headquarters
munaration and Other Amounts to Directors and Corporate Auditors		

(2) Remuneration and Other Amounts to Directors and Corporate Auditors

Directors	26 persons	1,074 million yen		
Corporate Auditors	5 persons	99 million yen		
(including 44 million yen for 3 Outside Corporate Auditors)				

- Notes: 1. Directors remuneration and other amounts do not include amount paid as salary for employees to those Directors who are also employees.
 - 2. Directors remuneration and other amounts include provisions for directors bonuses for this term in the amount of 295 million yen.
 - 3. The above remuneration and other amounts include an increased amount of accrued directors retirement benefits for this term (Directors 174 million yen, Corporate Auditors 12 million yen (including 5 million yen for Outside Corporate Auditors)).

(3) Outside Directors and Outside Corporate Auditors Important Concurrent Post

Name	Concurrent Post	Company Name	
Tadashi Ohe	Outside Corporate Auditor	Marui Co., Ltd.	
Tadasm One	Outside Corporate Auditor	Kao Corporation	
Minoru Shishikura	Outside Corporate Auditor	Canon Marketing Japan Inc.	
Principal Activities			
Name	Principal Activities		
Tadashi Ohe	Attended nearly all meetings of the Board of Directors and the Board of Corporate Auditors, and provided expert input as an attorney when necessary in the meetings of the Board of Directors.		
Yoshinobu Shimizu	Attended nearly all meetings of the Board of Directors and the Board of Corporate Auditors, but did not provide input in the meetings of the Board of Directors.		
Minoru Shishikura	Attended nearly all meetings of the Board of Directors and the Board of Corporate Auditors, but did not provide input in the meetings of the Board of Directors.		
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6. Systems for Ensuring Propriety of Operations

As systems for ensuring the propriety of the Company s operations, the Board of Directors has adopted a resolution as follows:

- (1) System for Ensuring the Performance of Duties by Directors and Employees to Comply with Laws and Articles of Incorporation
 - (i) Based on the spirit of the Three Selfs (self-motivation, self-management, and self-awareness) a Canon universal principle dating back to the Company s founding the Company established the Canon Group Code of Conduct as a standard to which Directors and employees must adhere when performing their work. A Committee that manages and oversees this initiative promotes compliance activities to develop law-abiding, independent and strong individuals with a high sense of ethics.
 - (ii) Policies and measures set forth by the Committee above are implemented throughout the Company with the assistance of compliance staff assigned to each division.
 - (iii) Each division establishes internal rules and guidelines to help ensure that all Directors and employees thoroughly understand the laws and regulations of Japan and other countries.
 - (iv) The Company s internal auditing, legal, and other divisions work to strengthen compliance through law-abidance guidance and monitoring on its business activities.
 - (v) An in-house hotline system is employed to promote internal self-checks to prevent illegal or unethical activities and help prevent improprieties.
- (2) System for Maintaining and Managing Information Relating to the Performance of Duties by Directors
 - (i) Information relating to the performance of duties by Directors is maintained and managed in accordance with the Company s basic rules for document management addressing the creation, sending and receiving, storage, retention, and destruction of documents, and other in-house rules.
 - (ii) A system is established that enables Directors, Corporate Auditors, and internal auditing to access this information anytime.

- (3) Rules and Other Systems Regarding Management of Risk of Loss
 - (i) Important matters are carefully deliberated at the Executive Committee and in other Management Committees on specific action plans to eliminate or reduce business risks.
 - (ii) Business processes are specified and risks are evaluated based on guidelines set forth by a committee that oversees financial risk management to ensure the accuracy and reliability of financial reporting. This must be documented in writing, and the status of control activity is regularly confirmed to make risk management effectively work.
 - (iii) A risk management system is created through the formulation and observance of various in-house rules to protect the Company from diversifying risks (quality, environmental, disaster, information-related, export management, etc.) and maintain public faith.
 - (iv) Wide-ranging audits of various types and promotion of the in-house hotline system by internal auditing are carried out for the early detection and resolution of risks.
- (4) System for Assuring Directors Efficient Execution of Duties
 - (i) The Executive Committee and Management Committees are established and important matters are carefully deliberated in advance by Directors and relevant managers to promote prompt and appropriate decision making by Directors.
 - (ii) Based on explanation of management policies in long-term management plans, the Company goals are given concrete shape in medium-term plans, and each division is thoroughly informed of the content of these plans. Furthermore, annual and quarterly short-term plans and monthly budgetary control are used to monitor performance progress, through which the Company makes optimum use of management resources.

- (5) System for Ensuring Appropriate Operations of the Corporate Group Comprised of Corporation, its Parent Companies and Subsidiaries
 - (i) Based on the Canon Group Code of Conduct, the Company promotes Groupwide compliance and infuses an awareness of compliance and corporate ethics to share as a set of common values for the Group.
 - (ii) Policies and measures set forth by the Committee managing and overseeing the Canon Group Code of Conduct are implemented at each Group company by compliance staff assigned to it.
 - (iii) The internal auditing, legal, and other divisions enhance compliance by providing guidance and monitoring with regard to the observance of laws in the business activities of all Group companies.
 - (iv) The soundness and efficiency of the Group s business activities are ensured through the formulation of Groupwide medium-term plans and deliberations in the Management Committee.
- (6) Matters Regarding Employees Who Assist the Duties of Corporate Auditors When Corporate Auditors Request Assignment of Such Employees
 - (i) A division is established specifically to assist Corporate Auditors with their duties.
 - (ii) Full-time employees of a requisite number are assigned to the division.
- (7) Matters Regarding Independence of the Employees in (6) Above From Directors
 - (i) The division is an organization independent of the Board of Directors.
 - (ii) Changes in the division's personnel require the prior consent of the Board of Corporate Auditors.

- (8) System for Directors and Employees to Report to Corporate Auditors and System for Other Types of Reporting to Corporate Auditors
 - (i) Directors promptly report to Corporate Auditors matters that may have a significant impact on the Company when such matters emerge or are likely to emerge.
 - (ii) Directors and employees deliver reports periodically to Corporate Auditors regarding matters Directors and the Corporate Auditors have previously agreed upon in consultations.
 - (iii) Corporate Auditors attend the Executive Committee and other important meetings.
 - (iv) An in-house hotline system is adopted to allow Corporate Auditors to receive information from employees.
- (9) Other Systems for Securing the Effectiveness of Auditing by Corporate Auditors
 - (i) Corporate Auditors periodically receive reports from accounting auditors.
 - (ii) The Company establishes the systems for providing cooperation and allowing field audits of internal divisions and affiliates to be performed efficiently by Corporate Auditors.

Consolidated Financial Statements **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

ASSETS

ASSETS			
	As of Dec. 31, 2006	As of Dec. 31, 2005	
Current assets:	2,782,349	2,458,569	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,155,626	1,004,953	
Marketable securities	10,445	172	
Trade receivables, net	761,947	689,427 510,105	
Inventories Proposid expanses and other current assets	539,057 315,274	510,195 253,822	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	515,274	233,822	
Fixed assets:	1,739,566	1,584,984	
Noncurrent receivables	14,335	14,122	
Investments	110,418	104,486	
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,266,425	1,148,821	
Other assets	348,388	317,555	
Total assets	4,521,915	4,043,553	
LIABILITIES, MINORITY INTERESTS AND STOCKHOLDERS	EQUITY	Millions of yen	
	As of Dec. 31, 2006	As of Dec. 31, 2005	
Current liabilities:	1 172 207	1 070 (20	
Short-term loans and current portion of long-term debt	1,163,307 15,362	1,078,628 5,059	
Trade payables	493,058	505,126	
Income taxes	133,745	110,844	
Accrued expenses	303,353	248,205	
Other current liabilities	217,789	209,394	
Fixed liabilities:	155,201	159,907	
Long-term debt, excluding current installments	15,789	27,082	
Accrued pension and severance cost Other noncurrent liabilities	83,876	80,430	
Other noncurrent liabilities	55,536	52,395	
Total liabilities	1,318,508	1,238,535	
Minority interests	216,801	200,336	
Commitment and contingent liabilities			

Stockholders equity:

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Common stock	174,603	174,438
[Authorized shares] (share)	[3,000,000,000]	[3,000,000,000]
[Issued shares] (share)	[1,333,445,830]	[1,333,114,169]
Additional paid-in capital	403,510	403,246
Legal reserve	43,600	42,331
Retained earnings	2,368,047	2,018,289
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	2,718	(28,212)
Treasury stock	(5,872)	(5,410)
[Treasury shares] (share)	[1,794,390]	[1,718,523]
Total stockholders equity	2,986,606	2,604,682
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	4,521,915	4,043,553

Consolidated Statements of Income

		Millions of yen
	Year ended Dec. 31, 2006	Year ended Dec. 31, 2005
Net sales	4,156,759	3,754,191
Cost of sales	2,096,279	1,935,148
Gross profit	2,060,480	1,819,043
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,045,140	949,524
Research and development expenses	308,307	286,476
Operating profit	707,033	583,043
Other income (deductions):		
Interest and dividend income	27,153	14,252
Interest expense	(2,190)	(1,741)
Other, net	(12,853)	16,450
Total	12,110	28,961
Income before income taxes and minority interests	719,143	612,004
Income taxes	248,233	212,785
Income before minority interests	470,910	399,219
Minority interests	15,585	15,123

Net income	455,325	384,096
		65

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity

	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve		ccumulated other , mprehensiv income (loss)	ł	llions of yen Total stockholders equity
Balance at December 31, 2005	174,438	403,246	42,331	2,018,289	(28,212)	(5,410)	2,604,682
Conversion of convertible debt and other	165	264					429
Cash dividends				(104,298)			(104,298)
Transfers to legal reserve			1,269	(1,269)			
Comprehensive income							
Net income				455,325			455,325
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax							
Foreign currency translation adjustments					48,630		48,630
Net unrealized gains and losses on securities					1,992		1,992
Net gains and losses on derivative instruments					(489)		(489)
Minimum pension liability adjustments					7,339		7,339
Pension liability adjustments					(26,542)		(26,542)
Total comprehensive income (loss)							486,255
Repurchase of treasury stock, net						(462)	(462)

174,603 403,510 43,600 2,368,047

Balance at December 31, 2006

2,718 (5,872) 2,986,606

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

<Notes to Basic Significant Matters Regarding Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements> Significant Accounting Policies

1. Basis of Presentation

The Consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (US GAAP) pursuant to the provision of paragraph 1, Article 148 of the Company Accounting Regulations. However, certain disclosures required under US GAAP are omitted pursuant to the same provision.

2. Cash Equivalents

Canon considers all highly-liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

3. Translation of Foreign Currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange in effect at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are charged or credited to income. Assets and liabilities of subsidiaries located outside Japan are translated into Japanese yen at the rates of exchange in effect at the balance sheet date and income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates prevailing during the year. The resulting translation adjustments are reported in other comprehensive income (loss).

4. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value. Cost is determined principally by the average method for domestic inventories and the first-in, first-out method for overseas inventories.

5. Marketable Securities

Canon accounts for its debt and equity securities in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.115, Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities. Held-to-maturity securities are recorded at amortized cost, adjusted for the amortization or accretion of premiums or discounts. Available-for-sale securities are recorded at fair value. Unrealized holding gains and losses, net of the related tax effect, on available-for-sale securities are excluded from earnings and are reported in other comprehensive income (loss) until realized. Realized gain and losses are determined on the average cost method.

6. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated principally by the declining-balance method.

7. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill and intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are not amortized, but instead tested for impairment at least annually in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. Intangible assets with estimated useful lives are amortized over the respective estimated useful lives. Software is amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of three to five years. 8. Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets , long-lived assets, such as property, plant and equipment, and purchased intangibles subject to amortization, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset.

9. Standard for Allowances

(Allowance for doubtful accounts)

An allowance for doubtful accounts is provided based on credit loss history and an evaluation of any specific doubtful accounts.

(Accrued pension and severance cost)

In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.87, Employer s Accounting for Pensions and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.158, Employers Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans, pension and severance cost is accrued based on the projected benefit obligations and the fair value of plan assets at the balance sheet date. If the accumulated benefit obligation (i.e., obligations deducting an effect of future compensation levels from projected benefit obligations) exceeds the fair value of plan assets, a minimum pension liability equal to this difference is reflected in the consolidated balance sheets by recognizing an additional minimum pension liability. Unrecognized prior service cost is amortized by the straight-line method over the average remaining service period of employees. Unrecognized actuarial loss is recognized by amortizing a portion in excess of a corridor (i.e., 10% of the greater of the projected benefit obligations or the fair value of plan assets) by the straight-line method over the average remaining service period of employees. (Accounting Change)

On December 31, 2006, Canon adopted SFAS 158. As a result, Canon recognized the funded status (i.e., the difference between the fair value of plan assets and the projected benefit obligations) of its pension plans in the December 31, 2006 consolidated balance sheet, with a corresponding adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax. The adjustment to accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) at adoption represents the unrecognized actuarial loss, unrecognized prior service cost, unrecognized net 68

transition obligation, all of which were previously netted against the plans funded status in the consolidated balance sheet pursuant to the provision of SFAS 87. As a result of this amendment, accrued pension and severance cost has increased by 26,845 million yen, while accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax has decreased by 15,628 million yen. This amendment has no impact on the earnings.

10. Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during each year. Diluted net income per share includes the effect from potential issuance of common stock based on the assumption that all convertible debentures were converted into common stock. <Notes to Consolidated Balance Sheet>

- 1. Allowance for doubtful receivables:13,849 million yen2. Accumulated depreciation:1,382,944 million yen3. Guarantee obligations for bank loans taken out by employees as well as30,051 million yen
 - 3. Guarantee obligations for bank loans taken out by employees as well as subsidiaries and affiliates:
 - 4. Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) includes foreign currency translation adjustments, net unrealized gains and losses on securities, net gains and losses on derivative financial instruments and pension liability adjustments.
 - 5. Canon has made a three-for-two stock split on July 1, 2006, for shareholders recorded in the shareholders register as of June 30, 2006. Number of authorized shares, issued shares and treasury shares are based on the number of issued shares following the implementation of the stock split.

<Note to Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity>

Pension liability adjustments include actuarial loss, prior service cost and net transition obligation. <Notes to Per Share Information>

Net income per share
 Basic
 341.95 yen
 341.84 yen

 Canon has made a three-for-two stock split on July 1, 2006, for shareholders recorded in the shareholders
 register as of June 30, 2006. The basic net income per share and diluted net income per share have been
 calculated based on the number of outstanding shares following the implementation of the stock split.
 <Note to Significant Subsequent Events>

Effective January 1, 2007, Canon and its certain domestic subsidiaries have amended their defined benefit pension plans, and also have partially implemented a defined contribution pension plan for part of their future pension benefit. As a result of this amendment, the projected benefit obligation has decreased by 101,620 million yen. This decreased amount is accounted for as prior service cost, and will be amortized and recognized as a gain in each fiscal period, over the employees average remaining service period.

Accounting Audit Report of Accounting Auditor on Consolidated Financial Statements

Audit Report	of Independent	Auditor
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To the Board of Directors of Canon Inc. Ernst & Young ShinNihon Hideo Kojima Certified Public Accountant Designated and Operating Partner Masashi Sakakura Certified Public Accountant Designated and Operating Partner Takashi Yoshida Certified Public Accountant Designated and Operating Partner Yuichiro Munakata Certified Public Accountant Designated and Operating Partner Hiroki Suzuki Certified Public Accountant Designated and Operating Partner

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Canon Inc. namely, the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of income, the consolidated statements of stockholders equity and the notes to consolidated financial statements for the 106th business term from January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006, in accordance with paragraph 4, Article 444 of the Corporation Law. Responsibility as to the preparation of such consolidated financial statements lies with the management of the Company, and our responsibility is to express our opinion on the consolidated financial statements from an independent position.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those auditing standards require that we obtain reasonable assurance that there are no material false representations in the consolidated 70

February 13, 2007

financial statements. The audit is conducted on a test basis and includes the examination of representations in the consolidated financial statements as a whole, including the examination of the accounting principles adopted by the management and the method of application thereof and the evaluation of the estimate by the management. We have determined that, as a result of the audit, we have obtained a reasonable basis for giving an opinion.

We confirm that the consolidated financial statements referred to above fairly represent, in all material respects, the status of assets and earnings of the corporate group comprised of Canon Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries for the period, for which the consolidated financial statements were prepared, in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United Satates under paragraph 1, Article 148 of the Company Accounting Regulations of Japan (refer to Note 1 of Basic significant matters regarding preparation of cosolidated financial statements).

Our firm or we in charge have no financial or other interest in the Company required to be stated by the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Law.

Audit Report of Board of Corporate Auditors on Consolidated Finacial Statements

Audit Report on Consolidated Finacial Statements

Regarding the consolidated financial statements (consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statement of income, consolidated statements of changes in stockholders equity, and notes to consolidated financial statements) for the 106th business term from January 1, 2006, to December 31, 2006, we have prepared this Audit Report upon deliberation based on the audit reports prepared by each Corporate Auditor and hereby report as follows: 1. Auditing Methods Employed by the Corporate Auditors and Board of Corporate Auditors and Details of Such Methods

We established auditing policies, allocation of duties, and other relevant matters, and received reports from each Corporate Auditor regarding their execution of audits and results thereof, as well as reports from the Directors and the Accounting Auditor regarding performance of their duties, and sought explanations as necessary.

Following the auditing policies and allocation of duties established by the Board of Corporate Auditors, each Corporate Auditor received reports from such as the Directors and employees regarding consolidated financial statements and sought explanations as necessary. Furthermore, we monitored and verified whether the Accounting Auditor maintained their independence and implemented appropriate audits, and received reports from the Accounting Auditor regarding the performance of their duties and sought explanations as necessary. In addition, we received notice from the Accounting Auditor that System for ensuring that duties are performed properly (matters set forth in each item of Article 159 of the Company Accounting Regulations) is organized in accordance with the Quality Management Standards Regarding Audits (Business Accounting Council, October 28, 2005) and other relevant standards, and sought explanations as necessary. Based on the above methods, we examined the consolidated financial statements for this business term.

Audit Results
 We confirm that the methods and results of the audit employed by the Accounting Auditor, Ernst & Young ShinNihon, are proper.
 February 14, 2007

 Board of Corporate Auditors, Canon Inc.

	Corporate Auditor	Teruomi Takahashi
	Corporate Auditor	Kunihiro Nagata
	Corporate Auditor	Tadashi Ohe
	Corporate Auditor	Yoshinobu Shimizu
	Corporate Auditor	Minoru Shishikura
dit	ors Tadashi Obe, Voshinobu Shimizu and Minori	1 Shishikura are Outside Corporate Auditors

Note: Corporate Auditors, Tadashi Ohe, Yoshinobu Shimizu and Minoru Shishikura are Outside Corporate Auditors, as provided in item 16, Article 2, and paragraph 3, Article 335, of the Corporation Law.

Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

Non-Consolidated Balance Sheets

ASSETS

ASSETS		Millions of yen		
	As of Dec. 31,	As of Dec. 31,		
	2006	2005		
Current Assets	1,622,281	1,460,882		
Cash and deposits	324,053	261,680		
Notes receivable	295,862	277,707		
Accounts receivable	621,656	568,270		
Finished goods	93,685	108,311		
Work in process	107,666	77,630		
Raw materials and supplies	4,642	3,758		
Deferred tax assets	34,124	24,372		
Short-term loans receivable	19,320	25,584		
Other current assets	121,295	113,953		
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(22)	(383)		
Fixed Assets	1,315,791	1,191,965		
Property, Plant And Equipment	818,094	713,960		
Buildings	418,087	358,845		
Machinery	150,795	145,319		
Vehicles	332	323		
Tools and equipment	54,985	51,282		
Land	133,522	110,448		
Construction in progress	60,373	47,743		
Intangibles	34,480	27,123		
Industrial property rights	1,508	705		
Facility utility rights	973	1,015		
Software	31,999	25,403		
Investments	463,217	450,882		
Marketable securities-noncurrent	38,571	34,153		
Investment in affiliated companies	347,051	335,424		
Long-term loans receivable	4,897	5,907		
Long-term pre-paid expenses	13,741	10,361		
Deferred tax assets-noncurrent	53,810	60,699		
Guarantees	2,141	2,371		
Other noncurrent assets	3,102	2,064		
Allowance for doubtful receivables-noncurrent	(96)	(97)		
	2 0 2 0 0 7 2	2 (22 947		
TOTAL ASSETS	2,938,072	2,652,847		

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS (STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY) Millions of y				
	As of Dec. 31,	As of Dec. 31,		
	2006	2005		
Current Liabilities	770,621	699,131		
Notes payable	2,248	2,337		
Accounts payable	406,771	361,038		
Short-term loans	36,452	33,159		
Other payable	115,245	112,812		
Accrued expenses	70,238	80,591		
Accrued income taxes	103,871	84,172		
Deposits	10,161	8,871		
Accrued warranty expenses	3,171	-,		
Accrued bonuses for employees	5,656	4,759		
Accrued directors bonuses	295	.,		
Other current liabilities	16,513	11,392		
Noncurrent Liabilities	58,168	78,283		
Convertible debentures	318	649		
Accrued pension and severance cost	52,376	76,386		
Accrued directors retirement benefits	1,209	1,248		
Reserve for environmental provision	4,265	1,210		
	1,200			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	828,789	777,414		
Stockholders Equity	2,101,545	1,868,656		
Common Stock	174,603	174,438		
Capital Surplus	306,152	305,966		
Additional paid-in capital	306,130	305,965		
Other capital surplus	22	1		
Retained Earnings	1,626,662	1,393,662		
Legal reserve	22,114	22,114		
Other retained earnings	1,604,548	1,371,548		
Reserve for special depreciation	12,485	13,337		
Reserve for deferral of capital gain on property	1,292	5		
Special reserves	1,249,928	1,068,828		
Retained earnings brought forward	340,843	289,378		
Treasury Stock	(5,872)	(5,410)		
Difference Of Appreciation And Conversion	7,738	6,777		
Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) On Securities	8,899	6,777		
Net Deferred Profits (Losses) On Hedges	(1,161)	,		
TOTAL NET ASSETS (STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY)	2,109,283	1,875,433		

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS (STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY)	2,938,072	2,652,847
		75

Non-Consolidated Statements of Income

	Year ended Dec. 31, 2006	Millions of yen Year ended Dec. 31, 2005
OPERATING PROFIT AND LOSS		
Net Sales Cost of Sales	2,729,657 1,703,615	2,481,481 1,571,561
Gross of Profit Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,026,042 514,885	909,920 493,403
OPERATING PROFIT	511,157	416,517
OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE		
Other Income Interest income Dividend income Rental income Patent royalties Miscellaneous income Other Expense Interest expense Depreciation of rental assets Loss on disposal and write-off of inventories Foreign exchange loss Miscellaneous loss	 95,255 2,347 14,521 39,806 28,069 10,512 82,416 134 35,473 17,563 22,397 6,849 523,996	73,929 1,034 9,945 30,346 20,924 11,680 49,735 57 27,892 6,667 8,122 6,997 440,711
NON-ORDINARY INCOME AND LOSS		

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 Non-Ordinary Income Gain on sales of fixed assets Gain on sales of marketable securities-noncurrent Gain on sales of investments in affiliated companies Non-Ordinary Loss Loss on sales and disposal of fixed assets Loss on impairment of fixed assets Loss on sale of marketable securities Loss on investment in affiliated companies 	995 348 368 279 15,511 10,187 5,218 34 72	9,324 37 9,277 10 10,281 7,417 2,864
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	509,480	439,754
Income taxes Current Deferred	175,464 (3,504)	146,981 3,479
NET INCOME	337,520	289,294
76		

<notes balance="" non-consolidated="" sheet="" to=""> 1. Accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment</notes>	741,115 million yen				
Accumulated impairment losses of property, plant and equipment	494 million yen				
2. Guarantees Mortgage bank loans for employees	25,986 million yen				
3. Payable and Receivable for affiliated companies Monetary claim	1,018,787 million yen 368,239 million				
Monetary liabilities	yen				
<note income="" non-consolidated="" of="" statement="" to=""> Transactions with affiliated companies</note>	2,675,582 million				
Sales Purchase	yen 1,608,080 million				
Other transactions	yen 73,873 million yen				
<notes change="" in="" presentation="" to=""> Accrued warranty expenses Regarding Non-Consolidated Balance Sheet) Until the previous term, Accrued warranty expense was included in Accrued Expense in current liabilities, but is presented as an individual item for this term as the amount is considered to be more material. The amount of Accrued warranty expense which was included in Accrued Expense at the end of the previous term was 3,812 million yen. </notes>					
2. Reserve for environmental provision (Regarding Non-Consolidated Balance Sheet)					

Until the previous term, Reserve for environmental provision was included in Accrued Expense in current liabilities, but is presented as an individual item for this term as the amount is considered to be more material. The amount of Reserve for environmental provision which was included in Accrued Expense at the end of the previous term was 2,252 million yen.

Stockholders equity

Table of Contents

Non-Consolidated Statements of changes in Stockholders Equity

		Capital surplus		Retained earnings	
	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Other capital surplus	Legal reserve	Reserve for special depreciation
Balance of December 31, 2005	174,438	305,965	1	22,114	13,337
Changes in the term					
Issuance of new shares					
Conversion of convertible debentures	165	165			
Transfer to reserve for special depreciation					9,065
Reversal of reserve for special depreciation					(9,917)
Transfer to reserve for deferral of capital gain on property					
Reversal of reserve for deferral of capital gain on property					
Transfer to special reserves					
Bonus of directors and corporate auditors					
Dividends from surplus					

Purchase of treasury stock					
Disposal of treasury stock			21		
Net change of items other than stockholders equity					
Total changes in the term	165	165	21	_	(852)
Balance of December 31, 2006	174,603	306,130	22	22,114	12,485
78					

						yen
	S	Stockholders eq	uity		Difference of appreciation and conversion	
	Retained earnin	igs				
	ined earnings		Treasury Stock	Stock stockholders unr equity g (lo	Net Net unrealized Deferred gains profits	Total net assets
Reserve for deferral of capital gain on property	Special reserves	Retained earnings brought forward			(losses) (losses) on on securities hedges	
5	1,068,828	289,378	(5,410)	1,868,656	6,777	1,875,433
-	_,,			330		330
		(9,065)				
		9,917				
1,335		(1,335)				
(48)		48				
	181,100	(181,100)			&nb	

Millions of