

AGREE REALTY CORP  
Form 10-Q  
October 31, 2014

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

Mark One

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014, or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number 1-12928

**AGREE REALTY CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland 38-3148187  
State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)  
Organization

31850 Northwestern Highway, Farmington Hills, Michigan 48334

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(248) 737-4190**

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No  o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No  o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer  Accelerated Filer  Non-accelerated Filer  Smaller reporting company   
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No  x

As of October 28, 2014, the Registrant had 14,960,218 shares of common stock, \$0.0001 par value, outstanding.

AGREE REALTY CORPORATION

Index to Form 10-Q

	Page	
PART I	Financial Information	
Item 1:	Interim Consolidated Financial Statements	
	<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2014 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2013</u>	1-2
	<u>Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013</u>	3
	<u>Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014</u>	4
	<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) for nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013</u>	5
	<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)</u>	6-15
Item 2:	<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	16-25
Item 3:	<u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	26
Item 4:	<u>Controls and Procedures</u>	27
PART II		
Item 1:	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	27
Item 1A:	<u>Risk Factors</u>	27
Item 2:	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	27
Item 3:	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	27
Item 4:	<u>Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	27
Item 5:	<u>Other Information</u>	28
Item 6:	<u>Exhibits</u>	29
	<u>SIGNATURES</u>	30

## AGREE REALTY CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2013
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Real Estate Investments		
Land	\$ 176,050,889	\$ 162,096,646
Buildings	349,844,721	297,464,585
Less accumulated depreciation	(66,318,335 )	(60,633,824 )
	459,577,275	398,927,407
Property under development	12,481,154	6,959,174
Property held for sale	-	4,845,504
Net Real Estate Investments	472,058,429	410,732,085
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,403,252	14,536,881
<b>Accounts Receivable - Tenants</b> , net of allowance of \$35,000 for possible losses at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013	4,018,547	3,262,768
Unamortized Deferred Expenses		
Financing costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,518,986 and \$7,009,538 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	3,166,973	2,526,768
Leasing costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$527,306 and \$1,425,186 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	960,350	758,037
Lease intangibles, net of accumulated amortization of \$4,946,853 and \$3,228,506 at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively	38,307,803	27,705,499
Other Assets	2,907,686	3,219,505
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 522,823,040</b>	<b>\$ 462,741,543</b>

*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*

**AGREE REALTY CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2013
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Notes Payable:		
Mortgage Notes Payable	\$ 107,685,433	\$ 113,897,759
Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility	16,500,000	9,500,000
Unsecured Term Loans	100,000,000	35,000,000
Total Notes Payable	224,185,433	158,397,759
Dividends and Distributions Payable	6,579,019	6,243,933
Deferred Revenue	1,119,868	1,467,403
Accrued Interest Payable	562,769	470,862
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expense		
Capital expenditures	-	144,074
Operating	2,320,582	2,851,612
Interest Rate Swap	690,188	204,696
Deferred Income Taxes	705,000	705,000
Tenant Deposits	44,448	40,647
Total Liabilities	236,207,307	170,525,986
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Common stock, \$.0001 par value per share, 28,000,000 shares authorized, 14,960,218 and 14,883,314 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	1,496	1,488
Excess stock, \$.0001 par value per share, 8,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Preferred Stock, \$.0001 par value per share, 4,000,000 shares authorized Series A junior participating preferred stock, \$.0001 par value per share, 200,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Additional paid-in-capital	314,515,337	312,974,162
Deficit	(30,288,199 )	(23,879,151 )
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(98,153 )	471,717
Total Stockholders' Equity - Agree Realty Corporation	284,130,481	289,568,216
Non-controlling interest	2,485,252	2,647,341
Total Stockholders' Equity	286,615,733	292,215,557
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 522,823,040	\$ 462,741,543

*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*

## AGREE REALTY CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
Revenues				
Minimum rents	\$12,628,111	\$10,420,685	\$35,941,801	\$29,815,029
Percentage rents	4,695	-	146,876	19,359
Operating cost reimbursement	1,010,157	849,745	2,979,738	1,965,342
Other income	114,462	1,553	167,838	1,553
Total Revenues	13,757,425	11,271,983	39,236,253	31,801,283
Operating Expenses				
Real estate taxes	773,647	612,272	2,210,622	1,542,858
Property operating expenses	337,811	308,972	1,294,631	899,595
Land lease payments	125,327	106,975	339,877	320,925
General and administrative	1,748,209	1,587,806	4,956,897	4,668,063
Depreciation and amortization	2,855,066	2,112,284	7,959,812	6,227,349
Impairment charge	220,000	-	3,020,000	-
Total Operating Expenses	6,060,060	4,728,309	19,781,839	13,658,790
Income from Operations	7,697,365	6,543,674	19,454,414	18,142,493
Other Income (Expense)				
Interest expense, net	(2,439,105 )	(1,634,051 )	(6,108,076 )	(4,599,256 )
Loss on sale of assets	(292,652 )	-	(292,652 )	-
Income From Continuing Operations	4,965,608	4,909,623	13,053,686	13,543,237
Discontinued Operations				
Gain on sale of assets from discontinued operations	-	-	122,747	946,347
(Loss) Income from discontinued operations	-	(263,842 )	14,573	77,952
Total Discontinued Operations	-	(263,842 )	137,320	1,024,299
Net Income	4,965,608	4,645,781	13,191,006	14,567,536
Less Net Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interest	112,763	117,619	299,576	378,691
Net Income Attributable to Agree Realty Corporation	\$4,852,845	\$4,528,162	\$12,891,430	\$14,188,845
Basic Earnings Per Share				
Continuing operations	\$0.33	\$0.37	\$0.87	\$1.02
Discontinued operations	-	(0.02 )	0.01	0.08
	\$0.33	\$0.35	\$0.88	\$1.10
Diluted Earnings Per Share				
Continuing operations	\$0.33	\$0.37	\$0.86	\$1.02
Discontinued operations	-	(0.02 )	0.01	0.08
	\$0.33	\$0.35	\$0.87	\$1.10

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Other Comprehensive Income				
Net income	\$4,965,608	\$4,645,781	\$13,191,006	\$14,567,536
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	727,135	(549,979 )	(583,107 )	1,012,214
Total Comprehensive Income	5,692,743	4,095,802	12,607,899	15,579,750
Comprehensive Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interest	(129,269 )	(103,540 )	(286,339 )	(404,754 )
Comprehensive Income Attributable to Agree Realty Corporation	\$5,563,474	\$3,992,262	\$12,321,560	\$15,174,996
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - Basic	14,713,740	12,983,774	14,712,352	12,872,808
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - Dilutive	14,782,051	13,063,187	14,782,484	12,953,224

*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*

## AGREE REALTY CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Non-Controlling Interest
	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	Deficit		
Balance, December 31, 2013	14,883,314	\$ 1,488	\$ 312,974,162	\$(23,879,151)	\$ 471,717	\$ 2,647,341
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs	-	-	(14,537)	-	-	-
Issuance of restricted stock under the Equity Incentive Plan	81,864	8	-	-	-	-
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(4,960)	-	-	-	-	-
Vesting of restricted stock	-	-	1,555,712	-	-	-
Dividends and distributions declared for the period January 1, 2014 to September 30, 2014	-	-	-	(19,300,478)	-	(448,428)
Other comprehensive loss - change in fair value of interest rate swaps	-	-	-	-	(569,870)	(13,237)
Net income for the period January 1, 2014 to September 30, 2014	-	-	-	12,891,430	-	299,576
Balance, September 30, 2014	14,960,218	\$ 1,496	\$ 314,515,337	\$(30,288,199)	\$ (98,153)	\$ 2,485,252

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.



## AGREE REALTY CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 13,191,006	\$ 14,567,536
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation	6,147,445	5,130,963
Amortization	2,592,226	1,827,470
Stock-based compensation	1,555,712	1,391,785
Impairment charge	3,020,000	450,000
Loss (Gain) on sale of assets	169,905	(946,347 )
Increase in accounts receivable	(755,779 )	(201,050 )
Decrease (increase) in other assets	170,062	(130,958 )
Decrease in accounts payable	(533,631 )	(549,019 )
Decrease in deferred revenue	(347,535 )	(347,535 )
Increase in accrued interest	91,907	36,485
Decrease (increase) in tenant deposits	3,801	(13,090 )
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	25,305,119	21,216,240
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Acquisition of real estate investments	(70,946,751 )	(70,208,192 )
Development of real estate investments (including capitalized interest of \$221,410 in 2014, and \$438,843 in 2013)	(13,096,829 )	(9,304,598 )
Payments of leasing costs	(302,468 )	(8,950 )
Net proceeds from sale of assets	6,740,694	5,462,280
Net Cash Used In Investing Activities	(77,605,354 )	(74,059,460 )
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from common stock offering, net of issuance costs	(14,529 )	44,802,340
Note payable borrowings	95,622,975	86,894,408
Note payable repayments	(88,622,975 )	(90,424,413 )
Payments of mortgages payable	(11,843,509 )	(2,586,204 )
Unsecured term loan proceeds	65,000,000	35,000,000
Dividends paid	(18,969,743 )	(15,430,910 )
Limited partners' distributions paid	(441,475 )	(424,095 )
Repayments of payables for capital expenditures	(144,074 )	(122,080 )
Payments for financing costs	(1,420,064 )	(311,522 )
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	39,166,606	57,397,524
Net Decrease (Increase) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(13,133,629 )	4,554,304
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of period	14,536,881	1,270,027
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 1,403,252</b>	<b>\$ 5,824,331</b>
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		

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Cash paid for interest (net of amounts capitalized)	\$ 5,383,679	\$ 4,464,126
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities		
Shares issued under Stock Incentive Plan	\$ 2,325,235	\$ 2,390,208
Dividends and limited partners' distributions declared and unpaid	\$ 6,582,370	\$ 5,571,089
Real estate acquisitions financed with debt assumption	\$ 5,631,183	\$ -
Real estate investments financed with accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 322,719

*See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.*

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Agree Realty Corporation (the “Company”) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for audited financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2013 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that date. Operating results for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2014 or for any other interim period. The results of operations of properties that have either been disposed of or are classified as held for sale are reported as discontinued operations. As a result of these discontinued operations, certain of the 2013 balances have been reclassified to conform to the 2014 presentation. In addition, certain fully amortized deferred expenses were written off during the period. For further information, refer to the audited consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

2. Stock Based Compensation

The Company estimates the fair value of restricted stock and stock option grants at the date of grant and amortizes those amounts into expense on a straight line basis or amount vested, if greater, over the appropriate vesting period.

As of September 30, 2014, there was \$4,952,000 of unrecognized compensation costs related to the outstanding shares of restricted stock, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.2 years. The Company used a 0% discount factor and forfeiture rate for determining the fair value of restricted stock. The forfeiture rate was based on historical results and trends.

The holder of a restricted stock award is generally entitled at all times on and after the date of issuance of the restricted stock to exercise the rights of a stockholder of the Company, including the right to vote the shares and the right to receive dividends on the shares.

Restricted stock activity is summarized as follows:

	Shares Outstanding	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested restricted stock at January 1, 2014	249,082	\$ 24.33
Restricted stock granted	81,864	28.68
Restricted stock vested	(79,508 )	22.66

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Restricted stock forfeited	(4,960	)	26.12
Unvested restricted stock at September 30, 2014	246,478	\$	26.20

3. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share has been computed by dividing the net income attributable to Agree Realty Corporation by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding.

The following is a reconciliation of the denominator of the basic net earnings per common share computation to the denominator of the diluted net earnings per common share computation for each of the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	14,960,218	13,239,947	14,958,830	13,128,981
Unvested restricted stock	246,478	256,173	246,478	256,173
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in basic earnings per share	14,713,740	12,983,774	14,712,352	12,872,808
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in basic earnings per share	14,713,740	12,983,774	14,712,352	12,872,808
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Restricted stock	68,311	79,413	70,132	80,416
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in diluted earnings per share	14,782,051	13,063,187	14,782,484	12,953,224

#### 4. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2014-08 "Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity" which updates ASC 205 "Presentation of Financial Statements" and ASC 360 "Property, Plant and Equipment." The amendments in this update change the criteria for reporting discontinued operations while enhancing disclosures in this area. Under the new guidance, only disposals representing a strategic shift in operations should be presented as discontinued operations. For public entities, ASU 2014-08 is effective prospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015; however, early adoption is permitted, but only for disposals or classifications as held for sale that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance. We have elected to early adopt this updated standard effective in the first quarter of 2014. The adoption of this guidance had an effect on the presentation of our consolidated financial statements. Beginning in 2014, activities related to individual sales of properties are generally no longer classified as discontinued operations except for the property classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013.

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" as a new Topic, Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606. The objective of ASU 2014-19 is to establish a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and will supersede most of the existing revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. The core principle is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In applying the new standard, companies will perform a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. ASU 2014-09 applies to all contracts with customers except those that are within the scope of other topics in the FASB ASC, including revenue from leases. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2016 and shall

be applied using either a full retrospective or modified retrospective approach. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance and has not determined the impact this standard may have on the consolidated financial statements nor decided upon the method of adoption.

5. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity

The Company is exposed to certain risks arising from both its business operations and economic conditions. The Company principally manages its exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of its core business activities. The Company manages economic risk, including interest rate, liquidity and credit risk primarily by managing the amount, sources and duration of its debt funding and, to a limited extent, the use of derivative instruments.

The Company's objective in using interest rate derivatives is to manage its exposure to interest rate movements and add stability to interest expense. To accomplish this objective, the Company uses interest rate swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Company making fixed rate payments over the life of the agreement without exchange of the underlying notional amount.

On April 24, 2012, the Company entered into a forward starting interest rate swap agreement, for a notional amount of \$22,268,358, effective on July 1, 2013 and ending on May 1, 2019. The notional amount decreases over the term to match the outstanding balance of the hedged borrowing. The Company entered into this derivative instrument to hedge against the risk of changes in future cash flows related to changes in interest rates on \$22,268,358 of the total variable rate borrowings outstanding. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreement, the Company will receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one-month LIBOR and will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 1.92%. This swap effectively converted \$22,268,358 of variable-rate borrowings to fixed-rate borrowings beginning on July 1, 2013 and through May 1, 2019.

On December 4, 2012, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements for a notional amount of \$25,000,000, effective December 6, 2012 and ending on April 4, 2018. The Company entered into these derivative instruments to hedge against changes in future cash flows related to changes in interest rates on \$25,000,000 of variable rate borrowings outstanding. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements, the Company will receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one month LIBOR and will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of .885%. This swap effectively converted \$25,000,000 of variable-rate borrowings to fixed-rate borrowings beginning on December 6, 2012 and through April 4, 2018.

On September 30, 2013, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement for a notional amount of \$35,000,000, effective October 3, 2013 and ending on September 29, 2020. The Company entered into this derivative instrument to hedge against changes in future cash flows related to changes in interest rates on \$35,000,000 of variable rate borrowings outstanding. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreement, the Company will receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one-month LIBOR and will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 2.197%. This swap effectively converted \$35,000,000 of variable-rate borrowings to fixed-rate borrowings beginning on October 3, 2013 and through September 29, 2020.

On July 21, 2014, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements for a notional amount of \$65,000,000, effective July 21, 2014 and ending on July 21, 2021. The Company entered into these derivative instruments to hedge against changes in future cash flows related to changes in interest rates on \$65,000,000 of variable rate borrowings outstanding. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements, the Company will receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one month LIBOR and will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 2.0904%. This swap effectively converted \$65,000,000 of variable-rate borrowings to fixed-rate borrowings beginning on July 21, 2014 and through July 21, 2021.

Companies are required to recognize all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities at fair value on the balance sheet. The Company has designated these derivative instruments as cash flow hedges. As such, changes in the fair value of the derivative instrument are recorded as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) (“OCI”) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to the extent of effectiveness. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivative instrument is recognized in interest expense. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company has determined these derivative instruments to be effective hedges.

The Company does not use derivative instruments for trading or other speculative purposes and did not have any other derivative instruments or hedging activities as of September 30, 2014.



## 6. Fair Value Measurements

Certain of the Company's assets and liabilities are disclosed at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the Company uses various valuation methods including market, income and cost approaches. The assumptions used in the application of these valuation methods are developed from the perspective of market participants pricing the asset or liability. Inputs used in the valuation methods can be either readily observable, market corroborated, or generally unobservable inputs. Whenever possible the Company attempts to utilize valuation methods that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. Based on the operability of the inputs used in the valuation methods, the Company is required to provide the following information according to the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Assets and liabilities measured, reported and/or disclosed at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 – Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The table below sets forth the Company's fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value as of September 30, 2014.

Asset:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Carrying Value
Interest rate swaps	\$ -	\$581,619	\$ -	\$581,619

Liability:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Carrying Value
Interest rate swaps	\$ -	\$690,188	\$-	\$690,188
Mortgage notes payable	\$ -	\$-	\$107,207,000	\$107,685,433
Unsecured revolving credit facility	\$ -	\$16,500,000	\$-	\$16,500,000
Unsecured term loans	\$ -	\$-	\$95,894,000	\$100,000,000

The carrying amounts of the Company's short-term financial instruments, which consist of cash, cash equivalents, receivables, and accounts payable, approximate their fair values. The fair value of the interest rate swaps were derived using estimates to settle the interest rate swap agreements, which is based on the net present value of expected future

cash flows on each leg of the swaps utilizing market-based inputs and discount rates reflecting the risks involved. The fair value of fixed and variable rate mortgages was derived using the present value of future mortgage payments based on estimated current market interest rates. The fair value of variable rate debt is estimated to be equal to the face value of the debt because the interest rates are floating and is considered to approximate fair value.

7. Note and Mortgages Payable

Prior to July 21, 2014, Agree Limited Partnership (the “Operating Partnership”) had in place an \$85,000,000 unsecured revolving credit facility (“Credit Facility”), which was guaranteed by the Company. Subject to customary conditions, at the Company’s option, total commitments under the Credit Facility could have been increased up to an aggregate of \$135,000,000. Borrowings under the Credit Facility were used for general corporate purposes, including working capital, development and acquisition activities, capital expenditures, repayment of indebtedness or other corporate activities. The Credit Facility was to mature on October 26, 2015, and could have been extended, at the Company’s election, for two one-year terms to October 2017, subject to certain conditions. Borrowings under the Credit Facility bore interest at LIBOR plus a spread of 150 to 215 basis points, or the base rate, depending on the Company’s leverage ratio.

The Operating Partnership also had in place a \$35,000,000 seven year unsecured term loan (“Unsecured Term Loan”), which is guaranteed by the Company. The Unsecured Term Loan includes an accordion feature providing the opportunity to borrow up to an additional \$35,000,000 under the same loan agreement, subject to customary conditions. The Unsecured Term Loan matures on September 29, 2020. Borrowings under the Unsecured Term Loan bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread of 165 to 225 basis points depending on the Company’s leverage ratio. In conjunction with the closing of the loan, the Company entered into a seven year interest rate swap agreement resulting in a fixed interest rate of 3.85%, based on the current spread.

On July 21, 2014, the Company entered into a \$250,000,000 senior unsecured revolving credit and term loan agreement consisting of a new \$150,000,000 revolving credit facility (“New Credit Facility”), a new \$65,000,000 seven-year unsecured term loan facility (“New Term Loan”), and the existing \$35,000,000 Unsecured Term Loan, the New Credit Facility, New Term Loan and Unsecured Term Loan, together, are referred to as “New Credit and Term Loan Facility.”

The New Credit Facility is due July 21, 2018, with an additional one-year extension at the Company’s option, subject to customary conditions. Borrowings under the New Credit Facility will be priced at LIBOR plus 135 to 200 basis points, depending on the Company’s leverage, with an initial applicable margin of 135 basis points. The New Credit Facility replaces the Company’s existing \$85,000,000 Credit Facility and may be increased to an aggregate of \$250,000,000 at the Company’s election, subject to certain terms and conditions. As of September 30, 2014, \$16,500,000 was outstanding under the New Credit Facility bearing a weighted average interest rate of 1.91%, and \$133,500,000 was available for borrowing (subject to customary conditions to borrowing).

The New Term Loan is due July 21, 2021. Borrowings under the New Term Loan will be priced at LIBOR plus 165 to 225 basis points, depending on the Company’s leverage, with an initial applicable margin of 165 basis points. The Company has entered into interest rate swaps to fix LIBOR at 2.09% until maturity, implying an all-in interest rate of 3.74% at closing. Proceeds from the New Term Loan were used to repay borrowings under the Company’s prior Credit Facility. The New Term Loan may be increased to an aggregate of \$75,000,000 at the Company’s election, subject to certain terms and conditions. As of September 30, 2014, \$65,000,000 was outstanding under the New Term Loan.

Additionally, conforming changes were made to certain terms and conditions of the Company’s existing Unsecured Term Loan as part of the agreement. The maturity date and pricing remains unchanged.

The New Credit and Term Loan Facility contains customary covenants, including, among others, financial covenants regarding debt levels, total liabilities, tangible net worth, fixed charge coverage, unencumbered borrowing base properties, and permitted investments. The Company was in compliance with the covenant terms at September 30, 2014.

Mortgages payable consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Note payable in monthly installments of interest only at LIBOR plus 160 basis points, swapped to a fixed rate of 2.49% with balloon payment due April 2018; collateralized by related real estate and tenants' leases	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 25,000,000
Note payable in monthly installments of interest only at 3.60% per annum, with balloon payment due January 2023; collateralized by related real estate and tenants' leases	23,640,000	23,640,000
Note payable in monthly principal installments of \$53,160 plus interest at 170 basis points over LIBOR, swapped to a fixed rate of 3.62% as of September 30, 2014. A final balloon payment in the amount of \$19,744,758 is due May 2017 unless extended for a two year period at the option of the Company, subject to certain conditions, collateralized by related real estate and tenants' leases	21,557,558	22,017,758
Note payable in monthly installments of \$153,838 including interest at 6.90% per annum, with the final monthly payment due January 2020; collateralized by related real estate and tenants' leases	8,217,678	9,149,944
Note payable in monthly installments of \$91,675 including interest at 6.27% per annum, with a final monthly payment due July 2026; collateralized by related real estate and tenants' leases	9,174,387	9,557,942
Note payable in monthly installments of \$60,097 including interest at 5.08% per annum, with a final balloon payment in the amount of \$9,167,573 paid June 2014; collateralized by related real estate and tenants' leases	-	9,271,561
Note payable in monthly installments of \$99,598 including interest at 6.63% per annum, with the final monthly payment due February 2017; collateralized by related real estate and tenants' leases	2,662,057	3,405,384
Note payable in monthly interest-only installments of \$48,467 at 6.56% annum, with a balloon payment in the amount of \$8,580,000 due June 2016; collateralized by related real estate and tenants' leases	8,580,000	8,580,000
Note payable in monthly installments of \$23,004 including interest at 6.24% per annum, with the final balloon payment of \$2,766,628 due February 2020; collateralized by related real estate and tenant lease	3,222,570	3,275,170
Note payable in monthly installments of \$35,673 including interest at 5.01% per annum, with the final balloon payment of \$4,034,627 due September 2023; collateralized by related real estate and tenant lease	5,631,183	-

Total

\$ 107,685,433 \$ 113,897,759

11

The above mortgages payable are collateralized by related real estate with an aggregate net book value of \$147,577,000.

The weighted average interest rate for the mortgage notes payable at September 30, 2014 was 4.30%.

In September 2014, the Company assumed a loan in the amount of \$5,631,000 in conjunction with the acquisition of a property. The loan matures September 2023 and carries a 5.01% interest rate.

The following table presents scheduled principal payments on mortgages and notes payable as of September 30, 2014:

	Year Ending September 30,
2015	\$3,777,636
2016	12,608,602
2017 (1)	23,084,968
2018 (2)	44,033,211
2019	2,705,479
Thereafter	137,975,537
Total debt	\$224,185,433

Scheduled maturities in 2017 include \$19,744,758 which represents the ending balance of a note payable due in (1) 2017. The note matures May 14, 2017 and may be extended, at the Company's election, for a two-year term to May 2019, subject to certain conditions.

Scheduled maturities in 2018 include the \$16,500,000 outstanding balance under the New Credit Facility as of (2) September 30, 2014. The New Credit Facility matures on July 21, 2018, and may be extended, at the Company's election, for a one-year term to July 2019, subject to certain conditions.

#### 8. Dividends and Distributions Payable

On September 9, 2014, the Company declared a dividend of \$0.43 per common share for the quarter ended September 30, 2014. The holders of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership ("OP Units") were entitled to an equal distribution per OP Unit held as of September 30, 2014. The dividend and distributions payable are recorded as liabilities in the Company's consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2014. The dividend has been reflected as a reduction of stockholders' equity and the distribution has been reflected as a reduction of the limited partners' non-controlling interest. The amounts were paid on October 14, 2014.

9. Deferred Revenue

In July 2004, the Company's tenant in a joint venture property located in Boynton Beach, FL repaid \$4,000,000 that had been contributed by the Company's joint venture partner. As a result of this repayment, the Company became the sole member of the limited liability company holding the property. Total assets of the property were approximately \$4,000,000. The Company has treated the \$4,000,000 as deferred revenue and accordingly, will recognize rental income over the term of the related leases.

The remaining deferred revenue of approximately \$1,120,000 will be recognized as minimum rents over approximately 2.4 years.

10. Property Dispositions and Discontinued Operations

During 2014, the Company sold two properties. One was a ground leased parcel in East Lansing, Michigan in August 2014, for approximately \$1,800,000 which was subject to a purchase option exercised by the buyer. The other was a non-core property; a Kmart anchored shopping center in Ironwood, Michigan in January 2014, for approximately \$5,000,000. The Ironwood, Michigan property was reflected as property held for sale at December 31, 2013.

During January 2013, the Company sold one single tenant property in Ypsilanti, Michigan for approximately \$5,600,000.

The results of operations for the Ironwood, Michigan and Ypsilanti, Michigan properties are presented as discontinued operations in the Company's consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income. The revenues for the Ironwood property were \$0 and \$42,561 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and the revenues for both properties were \$314,710 and \$949,856 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. The expenses for the Ironwood property were \$0 and \$27,988 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and the expenses for both properties were \$578,552 and \$871,904 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

The Company elected to not allocate consolidated interest expense to the discontinued operations where the debt was not directly attributed to or related to the discontinued operations. There was no interest expense that was directly attributable to the discontinued operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

The income from discontinued operations allocable to non-controlling interest was \$0 and \$3,120 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and (\$6,680) and \$26,627 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

#### 11. Purchase Accounting for Acquisitions of Real Estate

Acquired real estate assets have been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting and accordingly, the results of operations are included in the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income from the respective dates of acquisition. The Company allocates the purchase price to (i) land and buildings based on management's internally prepared estimates and (ii) identifiable intangible assets or liabilities generally consisting of above-market and below-market in-place leases and in-place leases. The Company uses estimates of fair value based on estimated cash flows, using appropriate discount rates, and other valuation techniques, including management's analysis of comparable properties in the existing portfolio, to allocate the purchase price to acquired tangible and intangible assets.

The estimated fair value of above-market and below-market in-place leases for acquired properties is recorded based on the present value (using an interest rate which reflects the risks associated with the leases acquired) of the difference between (i) the contractual amounts to be paid pursuant to the in-place leases and (ii) management's estimate of fair market lease rates for the corresponding in-place leases, measured over a period equal to the remaining non-cancelable term of the lease.

The aggregate fair value of other intangible assets consisting of in-place, at market leases, is estimated based on internally developed methods to determine the respective property values and are included in lease intangible costs in the consolidated balance sheets. Factors considered by management in their analysis include an estimate of costs to execute similar leases and operating costs saved.



During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company purchased twenty-nine retail net lease assets for approximately \$76,000,000 with a weighted average capitalization rate of 8.2% to obtain 100% control of the assets. The weighted average capitalization rate for these properties was calculated by dividing the annual expected property net operating income by the purchase price. Property net operating income is defined as the straight-line rent for the base term of the lease less property level expense (if any) that is not recoverable from the tenant. The cost of the aggregate acquisitions was allocated as follows: \$13,800,000 to land, \$49,900,000 to buildings and improvements and \$12,300,000 to lease intangible costs. The acquisitions were substantially all cash purchases and there was no contingent consideration associated with these acquisitions. In one acquisition, the Company assumed debt of approximately \$5,631,000.

Total revenues of \$1,937,000 and income from continuing operations of \$387,000 are included in the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, for the aggregate 2014 acquisitions.

The following pro forma total revenue and income from continuing operations for the 2014 acquisitions in aggregate assumes the acquisitions had taken place on January 1, 2014 for the 2014 pro forma information, and on January 1, 2013 for the 2013 pro forma information (in thousands):

Supplemental pro forma for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 (1)

Total revenue	\$41,142
Income from continuing operations	\$13,384

Supplemental pro forma for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 (1)

Total revenue	\$34,337
Income from continuing operations	\$13,942

(1) This unaudited pro forma supplemental information does not purport to be indicative of what the Company operating results would have been had the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2014 or January 1, 2013 and may not be indicative of future operating results. Various acquisitions were of newly leased or constructed assets and may not have been in service for the full periods shown.

The fair values of intangible assets acquired are amortized to depreciation and amortization on the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income over the weighted average lease term, which was approximately 18 years.

## 12. Impairment - Real Estate Investments

Management periodically assesses its Real Estate Investments for possible impairment whenever certain events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset, including accrued rental income, may not be recoverable through operations. Events or circumstances that may occur include significant changes in real estate market conditions and the ability of the Company to re-lease or sell properties that are vacant or become vacant.

In the third quarter of 2014, the Company executed a sales agreement for Petoskey Town Center. Previously, in the second quarter, an anchor tenant at the Chippewa Commons shopping center declined to extend its lease which will contribute to vacancy at the center and result in diminished cash flows. As a result of the Company's review of the shopping center real estate investments, including identifiable intangible assets, the Company recognized impairments of \$220,000 and \$3,020,000 for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, for Petoskey Town Center and Chippewa Commons which are included in continuing operations. The Petoskey Town Center impairment was measured as the amount by which the current book value of the asset exceeds the estimated fair value of the asset as determined by the executed sales agreement. The Chippewa Commons impairment was measured as the amount by which the current net book value of the asset exceeded the estimated fair value of the asset as determined by a broker's opinion of value and internal Company estimates.

Real Estate Investments measured at fair value due to impairment charges are considered fair value measurements on a non recurring basis. The following table presents the assets and liabilities carried on the balance sheet within the fair value valuation hierarchy (as described above) as of September 30, 2014, for which a nonrecurring change in fair

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value has been recorded during the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2014.

2014 (in thousands)	Fair Value as of measurement date	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Impairment Charge
Real Estate Investments	\$ 6,361	\$ 5,100	\$ -0-	\$ 1,261	\$ 3,020

2013 (in thousands)	Fair Value as of measurement date	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Impairment Charge
Real Estate Investments	\$ 4,875	\$ 4,875	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 450

The loss of \$220,000 and \$3,020,000 represents impairment charges related to Real Estate Investments which were included in net income during the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. During the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$450,000 related to Real Estate Investments, which is included in the loss from discontinued operations. The calculation of fair value of Real Estate Investments differs based on available information. Real Estate Investments considered to be measured based on Level 1 inputs were based on actual sales negotiations and bona fide purchase offers received from third parties. Real Estate Investments considered to be measured based on Level 2 inputs were based on broker's opinions of value or analysis of recent comparable sales transactions and internal Company estimates. Real Estate Investments considered to be measured based on Level 3 inputs were based on an internal valuation model using discounted cash flow analyses and income capitalization using market lease rates and market cap rates. These cash flow projections incorporate assumptions developed from the perspective of market participants valuing the Real Estate Investments.

13.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent to September 30, 2014, the Company sold Petoskey Town Center for approximately \$5,100,000. Petoskey Town Center is a 174,870 square foot shopping center located in Petoskey, Michigan that is anchored by Kmart and Hobby Lobby.

## **ITEM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS 2. OF OPERATIONS**

### *Forward-Looking Statements*

This report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and include this statement for purposes of complying with these safe harbor provisions. Forward-looking statements, which are based on certain assumptions and described our future plans, strategies and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words "anticipate," "estimate," "should," "expect," "believe," "intend," "may," "will," "seek," "could," "project," or similar expressions. Forward-looking statements in this report include information about possible or assumed future events, including, among other things, discussion and analysis of our future financial condition, results of operations, our strategic plans and objectives, occupancy and leasing rates and trends, liquidity and ability to refinance our indebtedness as it matures, anticipated expenditures of capital, and other matters. You should not rely on forward-looking statements since they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which are, in some cases, beyond our control and which could materially affect actual results, performances or achievements. Factors which may cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations, include but are not limited to: the global and national economic conditions and changes in general economic, financial and real estate market conditions; changes in our business strategy; risks that our acquisition and development projects will fail to perform as expected; the potential need to fund improvements or other capital expenditures out of operating cash flow; financing risks, such as the inability to obtain debt or equity financing on favorable terms or at all; the level and volatility of interest rates; our ability to re-lease space as leases expire; loss or bankruptcy of one or more of our major retail tenants; a failure of our properties to generate additional income to offset increases in operating expenses; our ability to maintain our qualification as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") for federal income tax purposes and the limitations imposed on our business by our status as a REIT; and other factors discussed in Item 1A. "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this report and in subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. We caution you that any such statements are based on currently available operational, financial and competitive information, and that you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect our management's opinion only as of the date on which they were made. Except as required by law, we disclaim any obligation to review or update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances as they occur.

### *Overview*

Agree Realty Corporation is a fully-integrated, self-administered and self-managed REIT. In this report, the terms "Company," "we," "our" and "us" and similar terms refer to Agree Realty Corporation and/or its majority owned operating partnership, Agree Limited Partnership ("Operating Partnership") and/or its majority owned and controlled subsidiaries, including its qualified taxable REIT subsidiaries ("TRS"), as the context may require. Our assets are held by and all of our operations are conducted through, directly or indirectly, the Operating Partnership, of which we are the sole general partner and in which we held a 97.73% and 97.72% interest as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Under the partnership agreement of the Operating Partnership, we, as the sole general partner, have exclusive responsibility and discretion in the management and control of the Operating Partnership. We are operating so as to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes.

We are primarily engaged in the acquisition and development of retail properties net leased to industry leading tenants. We were incorporated in December 1993 to continue and expand the business founded in 1971 by our current Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors, Richard Agree.

As of September 30, 2014, our portfolio consisted of 161 properties, located in 35 states containing an aggregate of approximately 4.1 million square feet of gross leasable area (“GLA”). As of September 30, 2014, our portfolio included 154 retail net lease properties and seven community shopping centers that were 98.5% leased in aggregate with a weighted average lease term of approximately 11.6 years remaining. One community center, Petoskey Town Center, was sold in October 2014, and is not included in our property information. Substantially all of our net lease property tenants and the majority of our community shopping center tenants have net leases, which require the tenant to be responsible for property operating expenses, including property taxes, insurance and maintenance. We believe this strategy provides a generally consistent source of income and cash for distributions.

As of September 30, 2014, approximately 98.5% of our annualized base rent was derived from national and large regional tenants. The following table sets forth annualized base rent as of September 30, 2014 for our top ten tenants (in thousands):

Tenant	Annualized Base Rent	Percent of Total Base Rent	
Walgreens	\$ 12,362	24.3	%
Wawa	2,464	4.8	%
CVS	2,463	4.8	%
Wal-Mart	2,039	4.0	%
Kmart	1,994	3.9	%
Rite Aid	1,962	3.9	%
Lowe's	1,846	3.6	%
LA Fitness	1,693	3.3	%
Taco Bell (1)	1,537	3.0	%
Kohl's	1,180	2.3	%
Total	\$ 29,540	57.9	%

(1) Operated by Charter Foods North, LLC.

We expect to continue to grow our asset base through the development and acquisition of retail properties that are net leased on a long-term basis to industry leading tenants. Since our initial public offering in 1994, we have developed 62 of our 161 properties, including 55 of our 154 retail net lease properties and all seven of our community shopping centers. We expect to continue to expand our existing tenant relationships and diversify our tenant base through the development and acquisition of additional properties.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we acquired 29 retail net lease properties for approximately \$76,000,000. These assets are located in 13 states and leased to 19 different tenants across twelve retail sectors which we believe are e-commerce and recession resistant. We also delivered a Wawa development in St. Petersburg, Florida for a total cost of approximately \$2,200,000, a McDonald's development project in East Palatka, Florida for a total cost of approximately \$1,300,000 and a redevelopment project for Buffalo Wild Wings in St. Augustine, Florida for a total cost of approximately \$1,800,000. Within our Joint Venture Capital Solutions program, we continue work on our New Lenox, Illinois project which has a total cost of approximately \$8,100,000 and is pre-leased to TJ Maxx, Ross Dress for Less and Petco, as well as our Burlington, Washington project which has a total cost of approximately \$4,300,000 and is pre-leased to Cash & Carry Smart Foodservice. At New Lenox, TJ Maxx and Petco opened in September 2014 and Ross Dress for Less opened in October 2014. In Burlington, the Cash & Carry Foodservice store is expected to be delivered late in the fourth quarter of 2014.

The following should be read in conjunction with the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements of Agree Realty Corporation, including the respective notes thereto, which are included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

***Recent Accounting Pronouncements***

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2014-08 "Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity" which updates ASC 205 "Presentation of Financial Statements" and ASC 360 "Property, Plant and Equipment." The amendments in this update change the criteria for reporting discontinued operations while enhancing disclosures in this area. Under the new guidance, only disposals representing a strategic shift in operations should be presented as discontinued operations. For public entities, ASU 2014-08 is effective prospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015; however, early adoption is permitted, but only for disposals or classifications as held for sale that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance. We have elected to early adopt this updated standard effective in the first quarter of 2014. The adoption of this guidance had an effect on the presentation of our consolidated financial statements. Beginning in 2014, activities related to individual sales of properties are generally no longer classified as discontinued operations except for the property classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2013.



In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" as a new Topic, Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606. The objective of ASU 2014-19 is to establish a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and will supersede most of the existing revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. The core principle is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In applying the new standard, companies will perform a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. ASU 2014-09 applies to all contracts with customers except those that are within the scope of other topics in the FASB ASC, including revenue from leases. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2016 and shall be applied using either a full retrospective or modified retrospective approach. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance and has not determined the impact this standard may have on the consolidated financial statements nor decided upon the method of adoption.

### ***Critical Accounting Policies***

Critical accounting policies are those that are both significant to the overall presentation of our financial condition and results of operations and require management to make difficult, complex or subjective judgments. For example, significant estimates and assumptions have been made with respect to revenue recognition, capitalization of costs related to real estate investments, potential impairment of real estate investments, operating cost reimbursements, and taxable income.

Minimum rental income attributable to leases is recorded on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Certain leases provide for additional percentage rents based on tenants' sales volumes. These percentage rents are recognized when determinable by us.

Real estate assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. All costs related to planning, development and construction of buildings prior to the date they become operational, including interest and real estate taxes during the construction period, are capitalized for financial reporting purposes and recorded as property under development until construction has been completed. The viability of all projects under construction or development is regularly evaluated under applicable accounting requirements, including requirements relating to abandonment of assets or changes in use. To the extent a project, or individual components of the project, are no longer considered to have value, the related capitalized costs are charged against operations. Subsequent to the completion of construction, expenditures for property maintenance are charged to operations as incurred, while significant renovations are capitalized. Depreciation of the buildings is recorded in accordance with the straight-line method using an estimated useful life of 40 years.

We evaluate real estate for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable through estimated undiscounted future cash flows from the use of these assets. When any such impairment exists, the related assets will be written down to fair value and such excess carrying value

will be charged to income. The expected cash flows of a project are dependent on estimates and other factors subject to change, including (1) changes in the national, regional, and/or local economic climates, (2) competition from other shopping centers, stores, clubs, mailings, and the internet, (3) increases in operating costs, (4) bankruptcy and/or other changes in the condition of third parties, including tenants, (5) expected holding period, and (6) availability of credit. These factors could cause our expected future cash flows from a project to change, and, as a result, an impairment could be considered to have occurred.

Substantially all of our leases contain provisions requiring tenants to pay as additional rent a proportionate share of operating expenses (“operating cost reimbursements”) including real estate taxes, repairs and maintenance and insurance. The related revenue from tenant billings is recognized in the same period the expense is recorded.

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Internal Revenue Code”) since our 1994 tax year. As a result, we are not subject to federal income taxes to the extent that we distribute annually 100% of our REIT taxable income to our stockholders and satisfy certain other requirements for qualifying as a REIT.

We have established taxable REIT subsidiaries (“TRS”) entities pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Our TRS entities are able to engage in activities resulting in income that would be nonqualifying income for a REIT. As a result, certain activities of our Company which occur within our TRS entities are subject to federal and state income taxes. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we had accrued a deferred income tax amount of \$705,000. In addition, we have recognized income tax expense of \$4,775 and \$(20,204) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

## *Results of Operations*

### *Comparison of Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 to Three Months Ended September 30, 2013*

Minimum rental revenue increased \$2,207,000, or 21%, to \$12,628,000 in 2014, compared to \$10,421,000 in 2013. Rental revenue increased \$1,697,000 due to the acquisition of retail net lease properties, \$396,000 due to the completed development of retail net lease properties and \$114,000 due to other minimum rent changes.

Operating cost reimbursements increased \$160,000, or 19%, to \$1,010,000 in 2014, compared to \$850,000 in 2013. Operating cost reimbursements increased due to the change in real estate taxes and property operating expenses explained below.

Other income was \$114,000 in 2014 due to non-recurring income.

Real estate taxes increased \$162,000, or 26%, to \$774,000 in 2014, compared to \$612,000 in 2013. Real estate taxes increased \$147,000 due to the acquisition of retail net lease properties and \$15,000 due to other adjustments.

Property operating expenses increased \$29,000, or 9%, to \$338,000 in 2014, compared to \$309,000 in 2013. The increase was the result of an increase in insurance of \$24,000, an increase in utilities of \$9,000 and a decrease in shopping center maintenance costs of \$4,000.

Land lease payments were \$125,000 in 2014 and \$107,000 in 2013. The increase was due to the acquisition of a leasehold interest during the third quarter of 2014.

General and administrative expenses increased by \$160,000, or 10%, to \$1,748,000 in 2014, compared to \$1,588,000 in 2013. The increase in general and administrative expenses was the result of increased employee costs of \$137,000, an increase in professional expenses of \$30,000 and a decrease in other expenses of \$7,000. General and administrative expenses as a percentage of total rental income (minimum and percentage rents) decreased from 15.2% for 2013 to 13.8% for 2014.

Depreciation and amortization increased \$743,000, or 35%, to \$2,855,000 in 2014, compared to \$2,112,000 in 2013. The increase was the result of the acquisition of properties in 2014 and 2013 and the completion of development projects in 2014 and 2013.

We recognized an impairment charge of \$220,000 in the third quarter of 2014 as a result of writing down the carrying value of our real estate assets related to the Petoskey Town Center shopping center, under contract for sale, that was not classified as held for sale at September 30, 2014, due to contingencies associated with the contract. We incurred an impairment charge of \$450,000 in the third quarter of 2013 as a result of writing down the carrying value of our real estate assets related to the Ironwood Commons shopping center under contract for sale that was not classified as held for sale due to contingencies associated with the contract. This amount is reflected in discontinued operations in 2013.

Interest expense increased \$805,000, or 49%, to \$2,439,000 in 2014, compared to \$1,634,000, in 2013. The increase in interest expense was due to the write-off of deferred financing costs of approximately \$251,000 related to the refinancing of Company's \$85,000,000 Revolver, as well as a higher level of borrowings due to the acquisition and development of properties, and higher interest rates on term loan financings that refinanced balances previously outstanding on our Revolver.

We recognized a loss of \$293,000 on sale of assets during the third quarter of 2014. We sold one property in East Lansing, Michigan for a gross sales price of \$1,800,000. The property was subject to a purchase option held by the buyer which was exercised in August.

Income from discontinued operations was \$0 in 2014 compared to a loss from discontinued operations of \$264,000 in 2013, as a result of the sale of one property during the first quarter of 2014 and one property in 2013.

Our net income increased \$320,000, or 7%, to \$4,966,000 in 2014 from \$4,646,000 in 2013 as a result of the foregoing factors.

***Comparison of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013***

Minimum rental revenue increased \$6,127,000, or 21%, to \$35,942,000 in 2014, compared to \$29,815,000 in 2013. Rental revenue increased \$4,654,000 due to the acquisition of retail net lease properties and \$1,527,000 due to the completed development of retail net lease properties, and was offset by a decrease in other minimum rent changes of \$54,000.

Operating cost reimbursements increased \$1,015,000, or 52%, to \$2,980,000 in 2014, compared to \$1,965,000 in 2013. Operating cost reimbursements increased due to the change in real estate taxes and property operating expenses explained below.

Other income was \$168,000 in 2014 due to non-recurring income.

Real estate taxes increased \$668,000, or 43%, to \$2,211,000 in 2014, compared to \$1,543,000 in 2013. Real estate taxes increased \$655,000 due to the acquisition of retail net lease properties and increased \$13,000 due to other adjustments.

Property operating expenses increased \$395,000, or 44%, to \$1,295,000 in 2014, compared to \$900,000 in 2013. The increase was the result of an increase in snow removal costs of \$110,000, shopping center maintenance costs of \$196,000, utilities of \$18,000, and insurance of \$71,000.

Land lease payments were \$340,000 in 2014 and \$321,000 in 2013. The increase was due to the acquisition of a leasehold interest during the third quarter of 2014.

General and administrative expenses increased by \$289,000, or 6%, to \$4,957,000 in 2014, compared to \$4,668,000 in 2013. The increase in general and administrative expenses was the result of increased employee costs of \$342,000, a decrease in professional expenses of \$70,000 and an increase in other expenses of \$17,000. General and administrative expenses as a percentage of total rental income (minimum and percentage rents) decreased from 15.6% for 2013 to 13.7% for 2014.

Depreciation and amortization increased \$1,733,000, or 28%, to \$7,960,000 in 2014, compared to \$6,227,000 in 2013. The increase was the result of the acquisition of properties in 2014 and 2013 and the completion of development projects in 2014 and 2013.

We recognized an impairment charges of \$3,020,000 in the nine months ended September 30, 2014, including \$220,000 as a result of writing down the carrying value of our real estate assets related to the Petoskey Town Center shopping center, under contract for sale, that was not classified as held for sale at September 30, 2014, due to contingencies associated with the contract and \$2,800,000 related to the Chippewa Commons shopping center due to an anchor tenant declining to exercise an extension option which will contribute to vacancy and diminished cash flows and resulted in fair value which was below the net book value of the asset. We incurred an impairment charge of \$450,000 in the nine months ended September 30, 2013 as a result of writing down the carrying value of our real estate assets related to the Ironwood Commons shopping center under contract for sale that was not classified as held for sale due to contingencies associated with the contract. This amount is reflected in discontinued operations in 2013.

We recognized a loss of \$293,000 on sale of assets during the nine months ended September 30, 2014. We sold one property in East Lansing, Michigan for a gross sales price of \$1,800,000. The property was subject to a purchase option held by the buyer and exercised in August.

We recognized a gain of \$123,000 on the sale of the Ironwood Commons shopping center located in Ironwood, Michigan in 2014. We recognized a gain of \$946,000 on the sale of a Walgreens in Ypsilanti, Michigan in 2013. These gains are reflected as discontinued operations.

Interest expense increased \$1,509,000, or 33%, to \$6,108,000 in 2014, compared to \$4,599,000, in 2013. The increase in interest expense was due to the write-off, in the quarter ending September 30, 2014, of deferred financing costs of approximately \$251,000 related to the refinancing of Company's \$85,000,000 Revolver, as well as a higher level of borrowings due to the acquisition and development of properties, and higher interest rates on term loan financings that refinanced balances previously outstanding on our Revolver.

Income from discontinued operations was \$15,000 in 2014 compared to \$78,000 in 2013, as a result of the sale of one property during the first quarter of 2014 and one property in 2013.

Our net income decreased \$1,377,000, or 9%, to \$13,191,000 in 2014 from \$14,568,000 in 2013 as a result of the foregoing factors.

### ***Liquidity and Capital Resources***

Our principal demands for liquidity are operations, distributions to our stockholders, debt repayment, development of new properties, redevelopment of existing properties and future property acquisitions. We intend to meet our short-term liquidity requirements, including capital expenditures related to the leasing and improvement of our properties, through cash flow provided by operations, our \$150,000,000 revolving credit facility and additional financings. We believe that adequate cash flow will be available to fund our operations and pay dividends in accordance with REIT requirements for at least the next 12 months. We may obtain additional funds for future developments or acquisitions through other borrowings or the issuance of additional shares of common stock. Although market conditions have limited the availability of new sources of financing and capital, which may have an impact on our ability to obtain financing, we believe that these financing sources will enable us to generate funds sufficient to meet both our short-term and long-term capital needs.

We sold one non-core shopping center property and one net lease property during 2014 for net proceeds of approximately \$6,741,000. We will continue to evaluate our portfolio to identify opportunities to further diversify our holdings and improve asset quality while executing on our operating strategy.

Our cash flows from operations increased \$4,089,000 to \$25,305,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014, compared to \$21,216,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 due primarily to higher revenues net of expenses of \$5,442,000, less the impact of balance sheet changes of \$1,371,000. Cash used in investing activities increased by \$3,546,000 to \$77,605,000 in 2014, compared to \$74,059,000 in 2013 due to higher development expenditures. Cash provided by financing activities decreased \$18,231,000 to \$39,167,000 in 2014, compared to \$57,398,000 in 2013. In 2013 we raised \$44,802,000 in proceeds from stock offering and \$28,600,000 in proceeds from net debt activity, compared to \$58,736,000 proceeds from net debt activity in 2014. In addition, dividends and distributions increased \$3,556,000 in 2014 compared to 2013.

We intend to maintain a ratio of total indebtedness (including construction or acquisition financing) to total market capitalization (common equity, on a fully diluted basis, plus total indebtedness) of 65% or less. Nevertheless, we may operate with debt levels which are in excess of 65% of total market capitalization for extended periods of time. At September 30, 2014, our ratio of indebtedness to total market capitalization was approximately 35%.

### ***Dividends***

During the quarter ended September 30, 2014, we declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.43 per share. We paid the dividend on October 14, 2014 to holders of record on September 30, 2014.



***Debt***

Prior to July 21, 2014, the Operating Partnership had in place an \$85,000,000 unsecured revolving credit facility (“Revolver”), which was guaranteed by our Company. Subject to customary conditions, at our option, total commitments under the Revolver could have been increased up to an aggregate of \$135,000,000. Borrowings under the Revolver were used for general corporate purposes, including working capital, development and acquisition activities, capital expenditures, repayment of indebtedness or other corporate activities. The Revolver was to mature on October 26, 2015, and could have been extended, at our election, for two one-year terms to October 2017, subject to certain conditions. Borrowings under the Revolver bore interest at LIBOR plus a spread of 150 to 215 basis points, or the base rate, depending on our leverage ratio

The Operating Partnership also had in place a \$35,000,000 seven year unsecured term loan (“Term Loan”), which is guaranteed by our Company. The Term Loan includes an accordion feature providing the opportunity to borrow up to an additional \$35,000,000 under the same loan agreement, subject to customary conditions. The Term Loan matures on September 29, 2020. Borrowings under the Term Loan bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread of 165 to 225 basis points depending on our leverage ratio. In conjunction with the closing of the loan, we entered into a seven year interest rate swap agreement resulting in a fixed interest rate of 3.85%, based on the current spread.

On July 21, 2014, the Company entered into a \$250,000,000 senior unsecured revolving credit and term loan agreement consisting of a new \$150,000,000 revolving credit facility (“New Revolver”), a new \$65,000,000 seven-year unsecured term loan facility (“New Term Loan”), and the existing \$35,000,000 Term Loan, the New Credit Facility, New Term Loan and Term Loan, together, are referred to as “New Credit and Term Loan Facility.”

The New Revolver is due July 21, 2018, with an additional one-year extension at the Company's option, subject to customary conditions. Borrowings under the New Revolver will be priced at LIBOR plus 135 to 200 basis points, depending on the Company's leverage, with an initial applicable margin of 135 basis points. The New Revolver replaces the Company's existing \$85,000,000 Revolver and may be increased to an aggregate of \$250,000,000 at the Company's election, subject to certain terms and conditions. As of September 30, 2014, \$16,500,000 was outstanding under the New Revolver bearing a weighted average interest rate of 1.91%, and \$133,500,000 was available for borrowing (subject to customary conditions to borrowing).

The New Term Loan is due July 21, 2021. Borrowings under the New Term Loan will be priced at LIBOR plus 165 to 225 basis points, depending on the Company's leverage, with an initial applicable margin of 165 basis points. The Company has entered into interest rate swaps to fix LIBOR at 2.09% until maturity, implying an all-in interest rate of 3.74% at closing. Proceeds from the New Term Loan were used to repay borrowings under the Company's prior Revolver. The New Term Loan may be increased to an aggregate of \$75,000,000 at the Company's election, subject to certain terms and conditions. As of September 30, 2014, \$65,000,000 was outstanding under the New Term Loan.

Additionally, conforming changes were made to certain terms and conditions of the Company's existing Term Loan as part of the agreement. The maturity date and pricing remains unchanged.

The New Credit and Term Loan Facility contains customary covenants, including, among others, financial covenants regarding debt levels, total liabilities, tangible net worth, fixed charge coverage, unencumbered borrowing base properties and permitted investments. We were in compliance with the covenant terms at September 30, 2014.

As of September 30, 2014, we had total mortgage indebtedness of \$107,685,433. Including our mortgages that have been swapped to a fixed interest rate, the weighted average interest rate on our mortgage debt is 4.30%.

In September 2014, the Company assumed a loan in the amount of \$5,631,000 in conjunction with the acquisition of a property. The loan matures September 2023 and carries a 5.01% interest rate.

The mortgage loans encumbering our properties are generally non-recourse, subject to certain exceptions for which we would be liable for any resulting losses incurred by the lender. These exceptions vary from loan to loan but generally include fraud or a material misrepresentation, misstatement or omission by the borrower, intentional or grossly negligent conduct by the borrower that harms the property or results in a loss to the lender, filing of a bankruptcy petition by the borrower, either directly or indirectly, and certain environmental liabilities. At September 30, 2014, \$21,557,558 of the mortgage debt is recourse debt and is secured by a limited guaranty of payment and performance by us for approximately 50% of the loan amount. We have entered into mortgage loans which are secured by multiple properties and contain cross-default and cross-collateralization provisions. Cross-collateralization provisions allow a

lender to foreclose on multiple properties in the event that we default under the loan. Cross-default provisions allow a lender to foreclose on the related property in the event a default is declared under another loan.

### *Capitalization*

As of September 30, 2014, our total market capitalization was approximately \$643 million. Market capitalization consisted of \$224 million of total indebtedness (including construction or acquisition financing, property related mortgages, the Credit Facility, and the Unsecured Term Loan), and \$419 million of shares of common equity, including common stock and operating partnership units in the Operating Partnership (“OP units”) (based on the closing price on the New York Stock Exchange of \$27.38 per share on September 30, 2014). Our ratio of indebtedness to total market capitalization was approximately 35% at September 30, 2014.

At September 30, 2014, the non-controlling interest in the Operating Partnership represented a 2.27% ownership in the Operating Partnership. The OP units may, under certain circumstances, be exchanged for our shares of common stock on a one-for-one basis. We, as sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, have the option to settle exchanged OP units held by others for cash based on the current trading price of our shares. Assuming the exchange of all OP units, there would have been 15,307,837 shares of common stock outstanding at September 30, 2014, with a market value of approximately \$419 million.

**Contractual Obligations**

The following table outlines our contractual obligations, as of September 30, 2014, for the periods presented below (in thousands).

	Total	October 1, 2014 - September 30, 2015	October 1, 2015 - September 30, 2017	October 1, 2017 - September 30, 2019	Thereafter
Mortgage notes payable	\$107,685	\$ 3,777	\$ 35,694	\$ 30,239	\$37,975
Unsecured revolving credit facility	16,500	-	-	16,500	-
Unsecured term loans	100,000	-	-	-	100,000
Land lease obligations	11,518	515	1,029	1,021	8,953
Estimated interest payments on notes payable	35,629	7,521	13,383	9,730	4,995
Total	\$271,332	\$ 11,813	\$ 50,106	\$ 57,490	\$ 151,923

Estimated interest payments for mortgage notes payable are based on stated rates. Estimated interest payments for the unsecured revolving credit facility and unsecured term loans are based on the interest rate in effect for the most recent quarter, which is assumed to be in effect through the respective maturity date.

We are constructing and plan to begin construction of additional pre-leased developments and may acquire additional properties, which we expect will initially be financed by the New Revolver. We periodically refinance short-term construction and acquisition financing with long-term debt and/or equity to the extent available.

**Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not engage in any off-balance sheet arrangements with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as structured finance or special purpose entities.

**Inflation**

Our leases generally contain provisions designed to mitigate the adverse impact of inflation on net income. These provisions include clauses enabling us to pass through to tenants certain operating costs, including real estate taxes, common area maintenance, utilities and insurance, thereby reducing our exposure to increases in costs and operating expenses resulting from inflation. Certain of our leases contain clauses enabling us to receive percentage rents based on tenants' gross sales, which generally increase as prices rise, and, in certain cases, escalation clauses, which generally increase rental rates during the terms of the leases. In addition, expiring tenant leases permit us to seek increased rents upon re-lease at market rates if rents are below the then existing market rates.

***Funds from Operations***

Funds from Operations (“FFO”) is defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, Inc. (“NAREIT”) to mean net income computed in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of property and impairment charges on depreciable property, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Management uses FFO as a supplemental measure to conduct and evaluate our business because there are certain limitations associated with using GAAP net income by itself as the primary measure of our operating performance. Historical cost accounting for real estate assets in accordance with GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values instead have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, management believes that the presentation of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting is insufficient by itself.

FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income as the primary indicator of our operating performance or as an alternative to cash flow as a measure of liquidity. Further, while we adhere to the NAREIT definition of FFO, our presentation of FFO is not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures of other REITs due to the fact that not all REITs use the same definition.

Adjusted Funds from Operations (“AFFO”) is a non-GAAP financial measure of operating performance used by many companies in the REIT industry. AFFO further adjusts FFO for certain non-cash items that reduce or increase net income in accordance with GAAP. AFFO should not be considered an alternative to net earnings, as an indication of our performance or to cash flow as a measure of liquidity or ability to make distributions. Management considers AFFO a useful supplemental measure of our performance. Our computation of AFFO may differ from the methodology for calculating AFFO used by other equity REITs, and therefore may not be comparable to such other REITs. Note that, as of the quarter ended September 30, 2014, the Company excludes capitalized building improvements from the calculation of AFFO, but continues to provide the information as supplemental disclosure. Management believes that excluding these non-recurring expenditures from AFFO provides a more useful measure of operating performance.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of FFO and AFFO to net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
Reconciliation of Funds from Operations to Net Income				
Net income	\$4,965,608	\$ 4,645,781	\$13,191,006	\$ 14,567,536
Depreciation of real estate assets	2,138,757	1,722,596	6,103,303	5,081,336
Amortization of leasing costs	34,846	28,004	94,020	83,264
Amortization of leasing intangibles	666,743	408,525	1,718,346	1,206,365
Impairment charge	220,000	450,000	3,020,000	450,000
Loss (Gain) on sale of assets	292,652	-	169,905	(946,347 )
Funds from Operations	\$8,318,606	\$ 7,254,906	\$24,296,580	\$ 20,442,154
Funds from Operations Per Share - Dilutive	\$0.55	\$ 0.54	\$1.61	\$ 1.54

Weighted average shares and OP units outstanding

Basic	15,061,359	13,331,394	15,059,971	13,220,427
Diluted	15,129,670	13,410,808	15,130,103	13,300,842

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
Reconciliation of Adjusted Funds from Operations to Net Income				
Net income	\$4,965,608	\$ 4,645,781	\$13,191,006	\$ 14,567,536
Cumulative adjustments to calculate FFO	3,352,998	2,609,125	11,105,574	5,874,618
Funds from Operations	\$8,318,606	\$ 7,254,906	\$24,296,580	\$ 20,442,154
Straight-line accrued rent	(385,535 )	(264,580 )	(989,231 )	(892,732 )
Deferred revenue recognition	(115,845 )	(115,845 )	(347,535 )	(347,535 )
Stock based compensation expense	513,000	466,800	1,555,712	1,391,785
Amortization of financing costs	104,145	78,047	285,865	234,193
Adjusted Funds from Operations	\$8,434,371	\$ 7,419,328	\$24,801,391	\$ 20,827,865

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Additional supplemental disclosure

Scheduled principal repayments	\$874,773	\$ 878,302	\$2,675,936	\$ 2,586,204
Capitalized interest	107,863	110,507	221,410	438,842
Capitalized building improvements	37,486	87,018	113,473	87,018

25

**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

We are exposed to interest rate risk primarily through borrowing activities. There is inherent roll-over risk for borrowings as they mature and are renewed at current market rates. The extent of this risk is not quantifiable or predictable because of the variability of future interest rates and our future financing requirements.

Our interest rate risk is monitored using a variety of techniques. The table below presents the principal payments (in thousands) and the weighted average interest rates on outstanding debt, by year of expected maturity, to evaluate the expected cash flows and sensitivity to interest rate changes.

	Year ended September 30,							Total
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Thereafter		
Mortgage Notes Payable	\$3,777	\$12,609	\$23,085	\$27,533	\$2,706	\$37,975		\$107,685
Average interest rate	5.89 %	6.35 %	3.95 %	2.84 %	6.26 %	3.82 %		-
Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility	-	-	-	\$16,500	-	-		\$16,500
Average interest rate	-	-	-	1.95 %	-	-		-
Unsecured Term Loans	-	-	-	-	-	\$100,000		\$100,000
Average interest rate	-	-	-	-	-	3.78 %		-

The fair value (in thousands) is estimated at \$107,207 and \$95,894 for mortgage notes payable and unsecured term loan, respectively, as of September 30, 2014.

The table above incorporates those exposures that exist as of September 30, 2014; it does not consider those exposures or positions which could arise after that date. As a result, our ultimate realized gain or loss with respect to interest rate fluctuations will depend on the exposures that arise during the period and interest rates.

We seek to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows and to lower the overall borrowing costs by closely monitoring our variable rate debt and converting such debt to fixed rates when we deem such conversion advantageous. From time to time, we may enter into interest rate swap agreements or other interest rate hedging contracts. While these agreements are intended to lessen the impact of rising interest rates, they also expose us to the risks that the other parties to the agreements will not perform, we could incur significant costs associated with the settlement of the agreements, the agreements will be unenforceable and the underlying transactions will fail to qualify as highly-effective cash flow hedges under GAAP guidance.



In April 2012, we entered into a forward starting interest rate swap agreement, to hedge interest rates on \$22,300,000 in variable-rate borrowings. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreement, we will receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one-month LIBOR and will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 1.92%. This swap effectively converted \$22,300,000 of variable-rate borrowings to fixed-rate borrowings from July 1, 2013 to May 1, 2019. As of September 30, 2014, this interest rate swap was valued at a liability of \$276,590.

On December 4, 2012, we entered into interest rate swap agreements for a notional amount of \$25,000,000, effective December 6, 2012 and ending on April 4, 2018. We entered into these derivative instruments to hedge against changes in future cash flows related to changes in interest rates on \$25,000,000 of variable rate borrowings outstanding. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements we will receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one-month LIBOR and will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of .885%. This swap effectively converted \$25,000,000 of variable-rate borrowings to fixed-rate borrowings beginning on December 6, 2012 and through April 4, 2018. As of September 30, 2014, this interest rate swap was valued at an asset of \$424,244.

On September 30, 2013, we entered into an interest rate swap agreement for a notional amount of \$35,000,000, effective October 3, 2013 and ending on September 29, 2020. We entered into this derivative instrument to hedge against changes in future cash flows related to changes in interest rates on \$35,000,000 of variable rate borrowings outstanding. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreement, we will receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one-month LIBOR and will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 2.197%. This swap effectively converted \$35,000,000 of variable-rate borrowings to fixed-rate borrowings beginning on October 3, 2013 and through September 29, 2020. As of September 30, 2014, this interest rate swap was valued at a liability of \$413,598.

On July 21, 2014, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements for a notional amount of \$65,000,000, effective July 21, 2014 and ending on July 21, 2021. The Company entered into these derivative instruments to hedge against changes in future cash flows related to changes in interest rates on \$65,000,000 of variable rate borrowings outstanding. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements, the Company will receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one month LIBOR and will pay to the counterparty a fixed rate of 2.0904%. This swap effectively converted \$65,000,000 of variable-rate borrowings to fixed-rate borrowings beginning on July 21, 2014 and through July 21, 2021. As of September 30, 2014, this interest rate swap was valued at an asset of \$157,375.

We do not use derivative instruments for trading or other speculative purposes.

As of September 30, 2014, a 100 basis point increase in interest rates on the portion of our debt bearing interest at variable rates (excluding the amounts outstanding under the loans that have been hedged to fixed rates) would result in an annual increase in interest expense of approximately \$165,000.

#### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

##### ***Disclosure Controls and Procedures***

At the end of the period covered by this report, we conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on this evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms.

##### ***Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting***

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### **PART II—Other Information**

##### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are not presently involved in any litigation nor, to our knowledge, is any other litigation threatened against us, except for routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of business which is expected to be covered by our liability insurance.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

There have been no material changes from our risk factors set forth under Item 1A of Part 1 of our most recently filed Form 10-K.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

None.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

None.

**Item 4. Mine safety disclosures**

Not applicable.

**Item 5. Other Information**

None.

28

**Item 6. Exhibits**

\*10.1 Form of Restricted Stock Agreement under 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan

\*10.2 Amended Employment Agreement, dated October 29, 2014, by and between Agree Realty Corporation and Richard Agree

\*10.3 Amended Employment Agreement, dated October 29, 2014, by and between Agree Realty Corporation and Joey Agree

\*31.1 Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Joel N. Agree, Chief Executive Officer

\*31.2 Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Brian R. Dickman, Chief Financial Officer

\*32.1 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Joel N. Agree, Chief Executive Officer

\*32.2 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Brian R. Dickman, Chief Financial Officer

The following materials from Agree Realty Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated  
\*101 Balance Sheets, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income, (iii) the Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) related notes to these consolidated financial statements.

\*

Filed herewith.

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

### **Agree Realty Corporation**

/s/ JOEL N. AGREE

Joel N. Agree

President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ BRIAN R. DICKMAN

Brian R. Dickman

Chief Financial Officer and Secretary

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: October 31, 2014