

NUVASIVE INC  
Form 10-Q  
May 01, 2013  
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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2013

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 000-50744

NUVASIVE, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

33-0768598

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

7475 Lusk Boulevard,  
San Diego, CA 92121

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:  
(858) 909-1800

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period than the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES  NO

As of April 19, 2013, there were 44,229,836 shares of the registrant's common stock issued and outstanding.

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NuVasive, Inc.  
Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q  
March 31, 2013

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

## NUVASIVE, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except par values)

	March 31, 2013 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2012
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$78,472	\$123,299
Short-term marketable securities	121,897	138,405
Accounts receivable, net	90,410	88,958
Inventory	129,583	126,335
Deferred tax assets, current	31,136	28,236
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	9,078	8,516
Total current assets	460,576	513,749
Property and equipment, net	122,897	125,123
Long-term marketable securities	80,829	84,412
Intangible assets, net	101,992	101,362
Goodwill	154,056	154,106
Deferred tax assets	37,676	40,575
Restricted cash and investments	119,046	118,995
Other assets	24,380	25,463
Total assets	\$1,101,452	\$1,163,785
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$72,227	\$62,048
Accrued payroll and related expenses	20,952	27,916
Litigation liability	7,500	—
Senior Convertible Notes, current	—	74,311
Total current liabilities	100,679	164,275
Senior Convertible Notes	335,726	332,404
Deferred tax liabilities	3,123	3,129
Litigation liability	93,700	101,200
Other long-term liabilities	15,056	15,199
Commitments and contingencies		
Noncontrolling interests	9,748	10,003
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 5,000 shares authorized, none outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 120,000 shares authorized at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, 44,207 and 43,686 issued and outstanding at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively	44	44
Additional paid-in capital	721,688	714,865
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(1,043	) 786
Accumulated deficit	(177,269	) (178,120

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Total stockholders' equity	543,420	537,575
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,101,452	\$1,163,785
See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.		

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NUVASIVE, INC.  
 UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
 (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Revenue	\$159,504	\$151,691
Cost of goods sold (excluding amortization of purchased technology)	39,096	36,933
Gross profit	120,408	114,758
Operating expenses:		
Sales, marketing and administrative	99,886	94,678
Research and development	9,694	9,988
Amortization of intangible assets	4,376	2,846
Total operating expenses	113,956	107,512
Interest and other expense, net:		
Interest income	172	208
Interest expense	(7,032)	) (6,825)
Other income, net	240	437
Total interest and other expense, net	(6,620)	) (6,180)
(Loss) income before income taxes	(168)	) 1,066
Income tax (benefit) expense	(764)	) 597
Consolidated net income	\$596	\$469
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$(255)	) \$(204)
Net income attributable to NuVasive, Inc.	\$851	\$673
Net income per share attributable to NuVasive, Inc.:		
Basic and diluted	\$0.02	\$0.02
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	44,025	42,844
Diluted	45,316	43,397

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NUVASIVE, INC.

## UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME

(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Consolidated net income	\$596	\$469
Other comprehensive (loss) income :		
Unrealized loss on marketable securities, net of tax	(42	) (57
Translation adjustments, net of tax	(1,787	) 681
Other comprehensive (loss) income :	(1,829	) 624
Total consolidated comprehensive (loss) income	(1,233	) 1,093
Plus: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	255	204
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to NuVasive, Inc.	\$(978	) \$1,297

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NUVASIVE, INC.

## UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2013	2012	
Operating activities:			
Consolidated net income	\$596	\$469	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	14,581	12,087	
Amortization of debt discount	3,322	3,088	
Amortization of debt issuance costs	478	451	
Stock-based compensation	6,787	6,621	
Allowance for doubtful accounts and sales return reserves	(129	) 663	
Allowance for excess and obsolete inventory, net of write-offs	157	1,200	
Accretion of contingent consideration	17	397	
Other non-cash adjustments	1,393	1,446	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions:			
Accounts receivable	(1,619	) 2,193	
Inventory	(4,098	) (3,502	)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(929	) 10,959	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10,373	7,834	
Accrued payroll and related expenses	(6,823	) (4,166	)
Net cash provided by operating activities	24,106	39,740	
Investing activities:			
Cash paid for business and asset acquisitions	(5,031	) (3,667	)
Purchases of property and equipment	(9,200	) (14,567	)
Purchases of marketable securities	(48,916	) —	
Sales of marketable securities	68,621	84,831	
Net cash provided by investing activities	5,474	66,597	
Financing activities:			
Principal payment of 2013 Senior Convertible Notes	(74,311	) —	
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock	36	314	
Other assets	100	76	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(74,175	) 390	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(232	) (39	)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(44,827	) 106,688	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	123,299	163,492	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$78,472	\$270,180	
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash transactions:			
Issuance of common stock in connection with asset acquisitions	\$—	\$7,560	

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Description of Business and Basis of Presentation

Description of Business. NuVasive, Inc. (the Company or NuVasive) was incorporated in Delaware on July 21, 1997, and began commercializing its products in 2001. The Company is focused on developing minimally disruptive surgical products and procedurally integrated solutions for the spine. NuVasive's principal product offering includes a minimally disruptive surgical platform called Maximum Access Surgery, or MAS<sup>®</sup>, as well as an offering of biologics, cervical and motion preservation products. The MAS platform combines three categories of solutions that collectively minimize soft tissue disruption during spine fusion surgery, provide maximum visualization and are designed to enable reproducible outcomes for the surgeon. The platform includes a proprietary software-driven nerve detection and avoidance systems, NVM5 and NVJJB, and Intra-Operative Monitoring (IOM) support; MaXcess<sup>®</sup>, a unique and integrated split-blade retractor system; and a wide variety of specialized implants. When the three elements of MAS are used together, they may significantly reduce surgery time and return patients to activities of daily living much faster than conventional approaches. The individual components of NuVasive's MAS platform, and many of the Company's products, can also be used in open or traditional spine surgery and may independently offer patient benefits to various surgical approaches dealing with a wide variety of pathologies. The Company continues to focus significant research and development efforts to expand its MAS product platform and advance the applications of its unique technology into procedurally integrated surgical solutions. The Company dedicates significant resources toward training spine surgeons on its unique technology and products.

The Company's primary business model is to loan its MAS systems to surgeons and hospitals who purchase disposables and implants for use in individual procedures. In addition, for larger customers, the Company's proprietary nerve monitoring systems, MaXcess and surgical instrument sets are placed with hospitals for an extended period at no up-front cost to them. The Company also offers a range of bone allograft in patented saline packaging, disposables and spine implants, which include its branded CoRoent<sup>®</sup> products and fixation devices such as rods, plates and screws. Implants and disposables are shipped from the Company's inventories. The Company sells an immaterial quantity of MAS instrument sets, MaXcess and nerve monitoring systems to hospitals.

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Pursuant to these rules and regulations, the Company has condensed or omitted certain information and footnote disclosures it normally includes in its annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). In the opinion of management, the condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments necessary, which are of a normal and recurring nature, for the fair presentation of the Company's financial position and of the results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. Additionally, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for all periods presented include the accounts of a variable interest entity, Progentix Orthobiology, B.V. (Progentix), which is consolidated pursuant to existing guidance issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB).

As a result of the 2011 acquisition of Impulse Monitoring Inc. (Impulse Monitoring), the Company maintains a contractual relationship with several physician practices (PCs) whereby the PCs provide the physician oversight service associated with the IOM services. Pursuant to such contractual arrangements, the Company provides management services to the PCs. As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the associated PCs are American Neuromonitoring Associates, P.C.; Pacific Neuromonitoring Associates, Inc.; Keystone Neuromonitoring Associates, P.C.; North Pacific Neuromonitoring Associates, P.C.; and Midwest Neuromonitoring Associates, Inc. Under the management services agreements, the Company provides all non-medical services to the PCs in return for a management fee that is settled on a monthly basis. The management services include management reporting, billing and collections of all charges for medical services provided and all administrative support to the PCs. Pursuant to existing guidance issued by the FASB, these represent variable interest entities for which the Company is the primary beneficiary, and the accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the PCs from the date of acquisition.

All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2012 included in NuVasive's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the full year. The balance sheet at December 31, 2012 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements.

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NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Reclassifications. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period condensed consolidated financial statements and notes to conform to the current year presentation.

2. Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

Effective January 1, 2013, the Company adopted the FASB's requirements for presentation of reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI). The guidance requires companies to report, in one place, information about reclassifications out of AOCI and to present reclassifications by component when reporting changes in AOCI balances. The adoption of this authoritative guidance did not have an impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

3. Investment in Progentix Orthobiology, B.V.

In 2009, the Company completed the purchase of forty percent (40%) of the capital stock of Progentix, a company organized under the laws of the Netherlands, from existing shareholders (the Progentix Shareholders) pursuant to a Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement for \$10 million in cash (the Initial Investment). Concurrent with the Initial Investment, NuVasive and Progentix also entered into a Senior Secured Facility Agreement, whereby Progentix may borrow up to \$5.0 million from NuVasive to fund ongoing clinical and regulatory efforts (the Loan). At March 31, 2013, the Company had advanced Progentix the full \$5.0 million in accordance with the Loan Agreement. The Loan accrues interest at a rate of six percent (6%) per year. Other than its obligations under the Loan Agreement, NuVasive is not obligated to provide additional funding, nor has any additional funding been provided, to Progentix.

Also concurrent with the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement, NuVasive, Progentix and the Progentix Shareholders entered into an Option Purchase Agreement, as amended (the Option Agreement), whereby NuVasive may be obligated (the Put Option), upon the achievement of an annual sales run rate on Progentix products in excess of a specified amount between June 14, 2011 and June 13, 2013 (the Option Period), to purchase the remaining sixty percent (60%) of capital stock of Progentix from its shareholders (the Remaining Shares) for an amount up to \$35.0 million, subject to certain reductions, payable in a combination of cash and NuVasive common stock, at NuVasive's sole discretion. In accordance with the Option Agreement, NuVasive has the right to purchase the Remaining Shares (the Call Option) during the Option Period for an amount up to \$35.0 million, subject to certain reductions, payable in a combination of cash and NuVasive common stock, at NuVasive's sole discretion. NuVasive and Progentix also entered into a Distribution Agreement, as amended, whereby Progentix appointed NuVasive as its exclusive distributor for certain Progentix products. The Distribution Agreement will be in effect for a term of ten years unless terminated earlier in accordance with its terms.

In accordance with authoritative guidance, the Company has determined that Progentix is a variable interest entity as it does not have the ability to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support and its equity investors will not absorb their proportionate share of expected losses and will be limited in the receipt of the potential residual returns of Progentix. Additionally, pursuant to this guidance, NuVasive is considered its primary beneficiary as NuVasive has both (1) the power to direct the economically significant activities of Progentix and (2) the obligation to absorb losses of, or the right to receive benefits from, Progentix. Accordingly, the financial position and results of operations of Progentix have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements from the date of the Initial Investment. The liabilities recognized as a result of consolidating Progentix do not represent additional claims on the Company's general assets. The creditors of Progentix have claims only on the assets of Progentix, which are not material, and the assets of Progentix are not available to NuVasive.

Pursuant to authoritative guidance, the equity interests in Progentix not owned by the Company, which includes shares of both common and preferred stock, are reported as noncontrolling interests on the consolidated balance sheet of the Company. The preferred stock represents 18% of the noncontrolling equity interests and provides for a cumulative 8% dividend, if and when declared by Progentix's Board of Directors. As the rights and conversion features of the preferred stock are substantially the same as those of the common stock, the preferred stock is classified as noncontrolling interest and shares in the allocation of the losses incurred by Progentix. Losses incurred by Progentix are charged to the Company and to the noncontrolling interest holders based on their ownership percentage. The

Remaining Shares and the Option Agreement that was entered into between NuVasive, Progentix and the Progentix Shareholders are not considered to be freestanding financial instruments as defined by authoritative guidance. Therefore the Remaining Shares and the Option Agreement are accounted for as a combined unit on the condensed consolidated financial statements as a redeemable noncontrolling interest that was initially recorded at fair value and classified as mezzanine equity.

Pursuant to authoritative guidance, when the embedded Put Option is exercisable and therefore the Remaining Shares considered currently redeemable (i.e., at the option of the holder), the instrument will be adjusted to its maximum redemption amount. If the embedded Put Option is considered not currently exercisable (e.g., because a contingency has not been met), and it is not probable that the embedded Put Option will become exercisable, an adjustment is not necessary until it is probable that

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NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

the embedded Put Option will become exercisable. At March 31, 2013, the embedded Put Option was not deemed currently exercisable and therefore the Remaining Shares were not redeemable because the milestones referred to previously had not been met. Furthermore, at March 31, 2013, the Company concluded it is not probable that the milestones will be met, therefore the Remaining Shares are not expected to become redeemable. The probability of redemption is reevaluated at each reporting period.

Total assets and liabilities of Progentix included in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet are as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Total current assets	\$451	\$657
Identifiable intangible assets, net	14,754	14,871
Goodwill	12,654	12,654
Other long-term assets	13	15
Accounts payable & accrued expenses	284	230
Deferred tax liabilities, net	2,890	2,890
Noncontrolling interests	9,748	10,003

The following is a reconciliation of equity (net assets) attributable to the noncontrolling interests (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2013	2012
Noncontrolling interests at beginning of period	\$10,003	\$10,705
Less: Net loss attributable to the noncontrolling interests	255	204
Noncontrolling interests at end of period	\$9,748	\$10,501

#### 4. Balance Sheet Reserves

The balances of the reserves for accounts receivable and inventory are as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Reserves for accounts receivable and sales returns	\$2,670	\$2,780
Reserves for excess and obsolete inventory	\$16,987	\$16,856

The Company's inventory consists primarily of purchased finished goods, which includes specialized implants and disposables, and is stated at the lower of cost or market determined by a weighted average cost method. The Company reviews the components of its inventory on a periodic basis for excess, obsolete or impaired inventory, and records a reserve for the identified items.

#### 5. Marketable Securities and Fair Value Measurements

Marketable securities consist of certificates of deposit, corporate notes, commercial paper, U.S. government treasury securities and securities of government-sponsored entities. The Company classifies all securities as available-for-sale, as the sale of such securities may be required prior to maturity to implement management strategies. These securities are carried at fair value, with the unrealized gains and losses reported as a component of other comprehensive income in stockholders' equity until realized. A decline in the market value of any marketable security below cost that is determined to be other-than-temporary will result in a revaluation of its carrying amount to fair value. The impairment is charged to earnings and a new cost basis for the security is established. No such impairment charges were recorded for any period presented.

Realized gains and losses from the sale of marketable securities, if any, are determined on a specific identification basis. Realized gains and losses and declines in value judged to be other-than-temporary, if any, on available-for-sale securities are included in other income or expense on the consolidated statements of operations. Realized gains and losses during the periods presented were immaterial. Premiums and discounts are amortized or accreted over the life of the related security as an adjustment to yield using the straight-line method and are included in interest income on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

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NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Interest and dividends on securities classified as available-for-sale are included in interest income on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

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NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The composition of marketable securities is as follows (in thousands, except years):

	Contractual Maturity (in Years)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
March 31, 2013:					
Classified as current assets					
Certificates of deposit	Less than 1	\$909	\$—	\$—	\$909
Corporate notes	Less than 1	35,979	11	(10	) 35,980
Commercial paper	Less than 1	14,988	—	—	14,988
U.S. government treasury securities	Less than 1	19,651	12	—	19,663
Securities of government-sponsored entities	Less than 1	50,343	14	—	50,357
Short-term marketable securities		121,870	37	(10	) 121,897
Classified as non-current assets					
Certificates of deposit	1 to 2	345	—	—	345
Corporate notes	1 to 2	17,285	3	(18	) 17,270
Securities of government-sponsored entities	1 to 2	63,207	24	(17	) 63,214
Long-term marketable securities		80,837	27	(35	) 80,829
Classified as restricted investments					
U.S. government treasury securities	Less than 2	34,940	4	(3	) 34,941
Securities of government-sponsored entities	Less than 2	48,632	14	(2	) 48,644
Restricted investments		83,572	18	(5	) 83,585
Total marketable securities at March 31, 2013		\$286,279	\$82	\$(50	) \$286,311
December 31, 2012:					
Classified as current assets					
Certificates of deposit	Less than 1	\$998	\$—	\$—	\$998
Corporate notes	Less than 1	19,169	3	(1	) 19,171
Commercial paper	Less than 1	9,995	2	—	9,997
U.S. government treasury securities	Less than 1	17,055	6	—	17,061
Securities of government-sponsored entities	Less than 1	91,151	27	—	91,178
Short-term marketable securities		138,368	38	(1	) 138,405
Classified as non-current assets					
Corporate notes	1 to 2	23,293	—	(17	) 23,276
U.S. government treasury securities	1 to 2	7,619	4	—	7,623
Securities of government-sponsored entities	1 to 2	53,493	22	(2	) 53,513
Long-term marketable securities		84,405	26	(19	) 84,412
Classified as restricted investments					
U.S. government treasury securities	Less than 2	31,784	5	(1	) 31,788
Securities of government-sponsored entities	Less than 2	53,618	18	(1	) 53,635
Restricted investments		85,402	23	(2	) 85,423

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Total marketable securities at December 31, 2012	\$308,175	\$87	\$(22	)	\$308,240
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As of March 31, 2013, the Company had no investments that were in a significant unrealized loss position. The Company reviews its investments to identify and evaluate investments that have an indication of possible other-than-temporary impairment. Factors considered in determining whether a loss is other-than-temporary include the length of time and extent to which fair value

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NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

has been less than the cost basis, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the investee, and the Company's intent and ability to hold the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value. The Company maintains an investment portfolio of various holdings, types and maturities. The Company does not hold derivative financial investments. The Company places its cash investments in instruments that meet high credit quality standards, as specified in its investment policy guidelines. These guidelines also limit the amount of credit exposure to any one issue, issuer or type of instrument.

The Company measures certain assets and liabilities in accordance with authoritative guidance which requires fair value measurements be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets, but corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs are used when little or no market data is available.

Assets and liabilities are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurements.

The Company reviews the fair value hierarchy classification on a quarterly basis. Changes in the ability to observe valuation inputs may result in a reclassification of levels for certain assets or liabilities within the fair value hierarchy.

The Company did not have any transfers of assets and liabilities between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value measurement hierarchy during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012. The Company had no transfers from Level 3 of the fair value measurement hierarchy during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and had one transfer from Level 3 of the fair value measurement hierarchy during the three months ended March 31, 2012, as a result of the settlement of a milestone.

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NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities, which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, were determined using the following inputs (in thousands):

	Total	Quoted Price in Active Market (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>March 31, 2013:</b>				
<b>Cash Equivalents, Marketable Securities and Restricted Investments:</b>				
Money market funds	\$ 61,090	\$ 61,090	\$ —	\$ —
Certificates of deposit	1,254	1,254	—	—
Corporate notes	53,250	—	53,250	—
Commercial paper	14,988	—	14,988	—
U.S. government treasury securities	54,604	54,604	—	—
Securities of government-sponsored entities	162,215	—	162,215	—
Total cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted investments	\$ 347,401	\$ 116,948	\$ 230,453	\$ —
<b>Contingent Consideration:</b>				
Acquisition-related liabilities, current	\$ (527	) \$ —	\$ —	\$ (527 )
Acquisition-related liabilities, non-current	\$ (530	) \$ —	\$ —	\$ (530 )
Total contingent consideration	\$ (1,057	) \$ —	\$ —	\$ (1,057 )
<b>December 31, 2012:</b>				
<b>Cash Equivalents, Marketable Securities and Restricted Investments:</b>				
Money market funds	\$ 89,101	\$ 89,101	\$ —	\$ —
Certificates of deposit	998	998	—	—
Corporate notes	42,447	—	42,447	—
Commercial paper	9,997	—	9,997	—
U.S. government treasury securities	56,472	56,472	—	—
Securities of government-sponsored entities	198,326	—	198,326	—
Total cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted investments	\$ 397,341	\$ 146,571	\$ 250,770	\$ —
<b>Contingent Consideration:</b>				
Acquisition-related liabilities, non-current	\$ (1,074	) \$ —	\$ —	\$ (1,074 )

The carrying amounts of financial instruments such as cash equivalents, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, other current assets, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other current liabilities approximate the related fair values due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The estimated fair value of the Company's capital lease obligations approximated their carrying values as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012. The fair and carrying value of the Company's Senior Convertible Notes is discussed in Note 7.

**Contingent Consideration Liability**

In connection with the acquisition of Cervitech, Inc. (Cervitech) in May 2009, the Company was required to pay an additional amount not to exceed \$33.0 million in the event that the PCM Cervical Disc System (PCM) received FDA approval. The fair value of the contingent consideration was determined using a probability-weighted discounted cash flow model, the significant inputs of which were not observable in the market. The key assumptions in applying this

approach were the interest rate, the timing of

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NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

expected approval and the probability assigned to the milestone being achieved. During the fourth quarter of 2012, the PCM was approved by the FDA. Accordingly, the contingent consideration liability was accreted to \$33.0 million. Changes in fair value were recorded in the statement of operations as sales, marketing and administrative expenses. In connection with an immaterial acquisition in 2012, the Company is required to pay an amount not to exceed €2.0 million in the event two specified revenue-based milestones are met. The fair value of the contingent consideration was determined using a discounted cash flow model, the significant inputs of which are not observable in the market. The key assumptions in applying this approach are the revenue projections, the interest rate and the probabilities assigned to the milestones being achieved. Based on these assumptions, the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration totaled \$1.1 million at March 31, 2013 and is included in accrued liabilities in the March 31, 2013 condensed consolidated balance sheet. Changes in fair value are recorded in the statements of operations as sales, marketing and administrative expenses.

In addition, during the three months ended March 31, 2012, approximately \$0.5 million related to contingent consideration recorded in connection with an immaterial acquisition which occurred in 2010 was settled and no longer considered contingent consideration.

The following table sets forth the changes in the estimated fair value of the Company's liabilities measured on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Fair value measurement at beginning of period	\$ 1,074	\$ 32,221
Change in fair value measurement included in operating expenses	(17	) 398
Contingent consideration settled	—	(530
Fair value measurement at end of period	\$ 1,057	\$ 32,089

## 6. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill and intangible assets as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consisted of the following (in thousands, except years):

	Weighted- Average Amortization Period (in years)	Gross Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Intangible Assets, net
March 31, 2013:				
Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization:				
Purchased technology:				
Developed technology	10	\$55,528	\$(16,515	) \$39,013
Manufacturing know-how and trade secrets	12	21,928	(8,447	) 13,481
Trade name and trademarks	11	9,500	(2,579	) 6,921
Customer relationships	8	43,756	(11,819	) 31,937
	10	\$130,712	\$(39,360	) \$91,352
Intangible Assets Not Subject to Amortization:				
In-process research and development				10,640
Goodwill				154,056
Total intangible assets, net				\$256,048



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NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

	Weighted- Average Amortization Period (in years)	Gross Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Intangible Assets, net
December 31, 2012:				
Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization:				
Purchased technology:				
Developed technology	10	\$55,178	\$(14,966)	) \$40,212
Manufacturing know-how and trade secrets	12	21,712	(7,996)	) 13,716
Trade name and trademarks	11	9,500	(2,333)	) 7,167
Customer relationships	9	39,330	(9,703)	) 29,627
	10	\$125,720	\$(34,998)	) \$90,722
Intangible Assets Not Subject to Amortization:				
In-process research and development				10,640
Goodwill				154,106
Total intangible assets, net				\$255,468

Total expense related to the amortization of intangible assets was \$4.4 million and \$2.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. In-process research and development will be amortized beginning on the regulatory approval date of the respective acquired products and will be amortized over the estimated useful life determined at that time.

Total future amortization expense related to intangible assets subject to amortization at March 31, 2013 is set forth in the table below (in thousands):

Remaining 2013	\$14,706
2014	13,367
2015	12,321
2016	11,854
2017	9,503
2018	9,101
Thereafter through 2026	20,500
Total future amortization expense	\$91,352

## 7. Senior Convertible Notes

The carrying values of the Company's Senior Convertible Notes are as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
2.75% Senior Convertible Notes due 2017:		
Principal amount	\$402,500	\$402,500
Unamortized debt discount	(66,774)	(70,096)
	335,726	332,404
2.25% Senior Convertible Notes due 2013		
Total Senior Convertible Notes	\$335,726	\$406,715

2.75% Senior Convertible Notes due 2017



In June 2011, the Company issued \$402.5 million principal amount of the 2017 Notes, which includes the issuance of \$52.5 million principal amount for the exercise of the initial purchasers' option to purchase additional notes. The net proceeds from the offering, after deducting initial purchasers' discounts and costs directly related to the offering, were approximately \$359.2 million. The 2017 Notes have a stated interest rate of 2.75% and mature on July 1, 2017. Prior to September 28, 2011, the date on which

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NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

stockholder approval to increase the number of the Company's authorized shares of common stock from 70 million to 120 million was obtained, the 2017 Notes were settleable only in cash. Subsequent to the receipt of this approval, the 2017 Notes may be settled in cash, stock, or a combination thereof, solely at the Company's election. It is the Company's current intent and policy to settle all conversions through combination settlement, which involves repayment of an amount of cash equal to the principal amount and any excess of the conversion value over the principal amount in shares of common stock. The initial conversion rate of the 2017 Notes is 23.7344 shares per \$1,000 principal amount, subject to adjustment (which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$42.13 per share).

Interest on the 2017 Notes began accruing in June 2011 and is payable semi-annually each January 1st and July 1st, beginning January 1, 2012. The fair value, based on a quoted market price, or Level 1, of the outstanding 2017 Notes at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 is approximately \$390.4 million and \$361.3 million, respectively.

Prior to January 1, 2017, holders may convert their notes only under the following conditions: a) During any calendar quarter beginning October 1, 2011, if the reported sale price of the Company's common stock for at least 20 days of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is greater than 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day; b) During the five business day period in which the trading price of the 2017 Notes falls below 98% of the product of (i) the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock and (ii) the conversion rate on that date; and c) Upon the occurrence of specified corporate events, as defined in the 2017 Notes. From January 1, 2017 and until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the July 1, 2017, holders may convert their 2017 Notes at any time, regardless of the foregoing circumstances. The Company may not redeem the 2017 Notes prior to maturity. As of March 31, 2013, the "if-converted" value of the 2017 Notes did not exceed its principal amount and none of the conditions allowing holders of the 2017 Notes to convert had been met.

Other than restrictions relating to certain fundamental changes and consolidations, mergers or asset sales and customary anti-dilution adjustments, the 2017 Notes do not contain any financial covenants and do not restrict the Company from paying dividends or issuing or repurchasing any of its other securities.

In accordance with authoritative guidance, the cash conversion feature of the 2017 Notes (the 2017 Notes Embedded Conversion Derivative) required bifurcation from the 2017 Notes and was initially accounted for as a derivative liability. The fair value of the 2017 Notes Embedded Conversion Derivative at the time of issuance of the 2017 Notes was \$88.9 million, and was recorded as the original debt discount for purposes of accounting for the debt component of the 2017 Notes. On September 28, 2011, upon obtaining stockholder approval of the additional authorized shares of the Company's common stock, in accordance with authoritative literature, the derivative liability was marked to fair value and reclassified to stockholders' equity. The original debt discount is being recognized as interest expense using an effective interest rate of 8.0% over the term of the 2017 Notes. At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the net carrying value of the equity component is \$49.3 million.

The interest expense recognized on the 2017 Notes during the three months ended March 31, 2013 includes \$2.8 million and \$3.3 million for the contractual coupon interest and the accretion of the debt discount, respectively. The interest expense recognized on the 2017 Notes during the three months ended March 31, 2012 includes \$2.8 million and \$3.1 million for the contractual coupon interest and the accretion of the debt discount, respectively.

In connection with the offering of the 2017 Notes, the Company entered into convertible note hedge transaction (the 2017 Hedge) with the initial purchasers and/or their affiliates (the 2017 Counterparties) entitling the Company to purchase up to 9,553,096 shares of the Company's common stock at an initial stock price of \$42.13 per share, each of which is subject to adjustment. Prior to obtaining the stockholder approval to increase the number of the Company's authorized common shares discussed above, the 2017 Hedge was settleable only in cash and was accounted for as a derivative asset. The cost of the 2017 Hedge was \$80.1 million. On September 28, 2011, upon obtaining stockholder approval of the additional authorized shares of the Company's common stock, in accordance with authoritative literature, the derivative asset was marked to fair value and reclassified to stockholders' equity. The 2017 Hedge expires on July 1, 2017. The 2017 Hedge is expected to reduce the potential equity dilution upon conversion of the

2017 Notes if the daily volume-weighted average price per share of the Company's common stock exceeds the strike price of the 2017 Hedge.

In addition, the Company sold warrants to the 2017 Counterparties to acquire up to 477,654 shares of the Company's Series A Participating Preferred Stock (the 2017 Warrants), at an initial strike price of \$988.51 per share, subject to adjustment. Each share of Series A Participating Preferred Stock is initially convertible into 20 shares of the Company's common stock. The 2017 Warrants expire on various dates from September 2017 through January 2018 and may be settled in cash or net shares. The Company received \$47.9 million in cash proceeds from the sale of the 2017 Warrants, which has been recorded as an increase in additional paid-in-capital. The 2017 Warrants could have a dilutive effect on the Company's earnings per share to the extent that the price of

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NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

the Company's common stock during a given measurement period (the quarter or year-to-date period) exceeds the strike price of the 2017 Warrants.

**2.25% Senior Convertible Notes due 2013**

In March 2008, the Company issued \$230.0 million principal amount of 2.25% unsecured Senior Convertible Notes (the 2013 Notes). The net proceeds from the offering, after deducting the initial purchasers' discounts and costs directly related to the offering, were approximately \$208.4 million. During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company repurchased, in privately negotiated transactions, approximately \$155.7 million in principal of its 2013 Notes. The remaining balance of the 2013 Notes matured on March 15, 2013 and accordingly, during the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Company repaid the total outstanding principal amount of \$74.3 million in cash.

In connection with the offering of the 2013 Notes, the Company sold to the initial purchasers and/or their affiliates warrants to acquire up to 5.1 million shares of the Company's common stock (the 2013 Warrants), at an initial strike price of \$49.13 per share, subject to adjustment. The 2013 Warrants could have a dilutive effect on the Company's earnings per share to the extent that the price of the Company's common stock during a given measurement period (the quarter or year to date period) exceeds the strike price of the 2013 Warrants. The 2013 Warrants begin to expire on June 17, 2013 and will continue to expire through October 8, 2013.

**8. Net Income Per Share**

The Company computes basic net income per share using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share assumes the conversion, exercise or issuance of all potential common stock equivalents, unless the effect of inclusion would be anti-dilutive. For purposes of this calculation, common stock equivalents include the Company's stock options, unvested restricted stock units, including those with performance and market conditions, warrants, and the shares to be issued upon the conversion of the Senior Convertible Notes. No shares related to the assumed exercise of outstanding warrants or the conversion of the Senior Convertible Notes were included in the diluted net income per share calculation for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 because the inclusion of such shares would have had an anti-dilutive effect.

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NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except per share data):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Numerator:		
Net income attributable to NuVasive, Inc.	\$ 851	\$ 673
Denominator for basic and diluted net income per share:		
Weighted average common shares outstanding for basic	44,025	42,844
Dilutive potential common stock outstanding:		
Stock options and Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP)	152	97
Restricted stock units	1,139	456
Weighted average common shares outstanding for diluted	45,316	43,397
Basic and dilutive net income per share attributable to NuVasive, Inc.	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02

The following weighted outstanding common stock equivalents were not included in the calculation of net income per diluted share because their effects were anti-dilutive (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Stock Options and unvested restricted stock units	6,489	7,135
Warrants	14,694	14,694
Senior Convertible Notes	10,919	11,214
Total	32,102	33,043

## 9. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company estimates the fair value of stock options and shares issued to employees under the ESPP using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model on the date of grant. The fair value of restricted stock units is based on the stock price on the date of grant. The fair value of equity instruments that are expected to vest are recognized and amortized on an accelerated basis over the requisite service period.

The weighted average assumptions used to estimate the fair value of stock purchase rights under the ESPP are as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2013	2012	
ESPP			
Volatility	58	% 55	%
Expected term (years)	1.5	1.4	
Risk free interest rate	0.2	% 0.2	%
Expected dividend yield	—	% —	%

The Company did not grant any stock options during the three months ended March 31, 2013 or 2012.

The Company issued 2,000 and 48,000 shares of common stock upon exercise of stock options during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and the year ended December 31, 2012, respectively. The Company issued 402,000 and 339,000 shares of common stock upon the vesting of RSUs during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and the year ended December 31, 2012, respectively.

In 2012, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the Compensation Committee) granted performance-based restricted stock units (RSUs) to certain senior Company executives that were earned based on the achievement of pre-defined

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NUVASIVE, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Company-specific performance criteria for the year ended December 31, 2012. The fair value of the PRSUs was based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. One-third of the PRSUs vested on March 1, 2013 and the remaining two-thirds vest equally on March 1, 2014 and March 1, 2015. The Company issued 117,000 shares of common stock upon the vesting of PRSUs during the three months ended March 31, 2013.

During the first quarter of 2013, the Compensation Committee granted restricted stock units to certain senior Company executives that are earned based on the achievement of pre-defined market conditions (total stockholder return) for the year ended December 31, 2013 (TSR PRSUs). The fair value of the TSR PRSUs was estimated on the date of grant using a Monte Carlo valuation model. The key assumptions in applying this model are the expected volatility of 49% and risk free interest rate of 0.13%. The TSR PRSUs vest in two equal installments on February 1, 2014 and February 1, 2015.

The compensation cost that has been included in the statement of operations for all stock-based compensation arrangements was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Sales, marketing and administrative expense	\$6,424	\$6,142
Research and development expense	342	465
Cost of goods sold	21	14
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$6,787	\$6,621

## 10. Income Taxes

The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$0.8 million and income tax expense of \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The effective income tax benefit rate for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was 455%, and reflected a discrete tax benefit of \$0.9 million, or 536% of pre-tax loss, related to the 2012 federal research and development (R&D) credit which was retrospectively reinstated in the three months ended March 31, 2013. The Company updates its annual effective income tax rate each quarter and if the estimated effective income tax rate changes, a cumulative adjustment is made. The annual effective income tax rate for 2013 is expected to be higher than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to state income taxes, net of federal benefit, estimates for certain non-deductible expenses and certain foreign losses expected to be incurred for which no benefit can be recorded.

There was no material change to the Company's unrecognized tax benefits and interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits during the three months ended March 31, 2013.

## 11. Business Segment and Product Information

The Company's business operates in one segment based upon the Company's organizational structure, the way in which the operations are managed and evaluated and the lack of availability of separate financial results. Substantially all of the Company's assets and sales are in the United States.

The Company's Spine Surgery Product line offerings, which include thoracolumbar product offerings, cervical offerings, and a set of motion preservation products still under development, are primarily used to enable access to the spine and to perform restorative and fusion procedures in a minimally disruptive fashion. The Company's Biologic product line offerings includes allograft (donated human tissue), FormaGraft®, a collagen synthetic product, Osteocel Plus®, an allograft cellular matrix containing viable mesenchymal stem cells, or MSCs, and AttraX®, a synthetic bone graft material, all used to aid the spinal fusion process. The Company's Monitoring Service offering includes IOM services provided. Revenue by product line offerings was as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Spine Surgery Products	\$122,667	\$114,858

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Biologics	27,156	27,397
Monitoring Service	9,681	9,436
Total Revenue	\$159,504	\$151,691

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NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

## 12. Legal Proceedings

## Medtronic Sofamor Danek USA, Inc. Litigation

In August 2008, Medtronic Sofamor Danek USA, Inc. and its related entities (Medtronic) filed suit against NuVasive in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of California (the Medtronic Litigation), alleging that certain of NuVasive's products infringe, or contribute to the infringement of, twelve U.S. patents assigned or licensed to Medtronic. Three of the patents were later withdrawn by Medtronic, leaving nine patents. NuVasive brought counterclaims against Medtronic alleging infringement of certain of NuVasive's patents. The case has been administratively broken into serial phases. The first phase of the case included three Medtronic patents and one NuVasive patent and on September 20, 2011, a jury from the U.S. District Court delivered an unfavorable verdict against NuVasive with respect to the three Medtronic patents and a favorable verdict with respect to the one NuVasive patent. The jury awarded monetary damages of approximately \$101.2 million to Medtronic, which includes lost profits and back royalties. Medtronic's subsequent motion for a permanent injunction was denied by the District Court on January 26, 2012. The District Court entered judgment on March 2, 2012. Both parties appealed the verdict. Medtronic subsequently filed a motion to dismiss its own appeal and NuVasive's cross-appeal with the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals. On August 2, 2012, the Federal Circuit issued a ruling stating that ongoing royalties must be determined by the District Court prior to the appeal going forward. As a result, the appeal in the Federal Circuit is temporarily dismissed while the post-verdict royalty rate is resolved by the District Court. On March 19, 2012, the District Court issued an order granting prejudgment interest, but has not provided a date for determining the post-verdict royalty rate, and no hearings are scheduled at this time. The Company entered into an escrow arrangement in April 2012 and in May 2012, transferred \$113.3 million of cash into a restricted escrow account to secure the amount of judgment, plus prejudgment interest, during pendency of the appeal. These funds are included in restricted cash and investments on the Company's March 31, 2013 condensed consolidated balance sheet. In accordance with the authoritative guidance on the evaluation of loss contingencies, during the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company recorded an accrual for the \$101.2 million verdict. In addition, the Company is currently accruing ongoing royalties on sales subsequent to the verdict at the royalty rates stated in the judgment, as well as post-judgment interest. With respect to the prejudgment interest award, the Company, based on its own assessment, as well as that of outside counsel, believes a reversal of the prejudgment interest award on appeal is probable, and therefore, in accordance with authoritative guidance on the evaluation of loss contingencies, the Company has not recorded an accrual for this amount, which is estimated to approximate \$13 million. Additional damages, including interest and potential ongoing royalties may still be awarded, and at March 31, 2013, the Company cannot estimate a range of additional potential loss.

With respect to the favorable verdict delivered regarding the one NuVasive patent, the jury awarded the Company monetary damages of approximately \$0.7 million for reasonable royalty damages. In accordance with the authoritative guidance on the evaluation of gain contingencies, this amount has not been recorded at March 31, 2013.

The second phase of the case pending in the Southern District of California involved one Medtronic cervical plate patent. On April 25, 2013, NuVasive and Medtronic entered into a settlement agreement fully resolving the second phase of the case. The settlement also removes from the case the cervical plate patent (U.S. Patent No. 6,592,586) that was part of the first phase. As part of the settlement, NuVasive received a broad license to practice (i) the Medtronic patent (U.S. Patent No. 6,916,320) that was the sole subject of the second phase of the litigation, (ii) the Medtronic patent (U.S. Patent No. 6,592,586) that was part of the first phase of the litigation, and (iii) each of the Medtronic patent families that collectively represent the vast majority of Medtronic's patent rights related to cervical plate technology. In exchange for these license rights, NuVasive will make a one-time payment to Medtronic of \$7.5 million, which amount will be fully offset against any damage award ultimately determined to be owed by NuVasive in connection with a final resolution of the first phase of the litigation. This amount may be increased by \$2.5 million in the event the District Court orders that the royalty rates determined by the jury shall continue to apply to the period of time following the entry of judgment in the first phase of the litigation. Such additional \$2.5 million, if paid, would

also be fully offset against any damage award ultimately determined to be owed by NuVasive in connection with a final resolution of the first phase of the litigation. In addition, Medtronic will receive a royalty on certain cervical plate products sold by NuVasive, including the Helix<sup>®</sup> and Gradient<sup>®</sup> lines of products. As a result of this settlement, all current patent disputes between the parties related to cervical plate technology have been resolved.

On August 17, 2012, Medtronic filed additional patent claims in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Indiana alleging that various NuVasive spinal implants (including its CoRoent<sup>®</sup> XL family of spinal implants) and NuVasive's Osteocele<sup>®</sup> Plus bone graft product infringe two additional Medtronic Patents not asserted in the Southern District of California. On August 28, 2012, Medtronic amended its complaint alleging that NuVasive's XLIF procedure and use of MaXcess IV retractor during the XLIF procedure infringe methodology claims of yet another Medtronic Patent. The Company denies infringing any valid claims of these additional patents and on September 4, 2012, the Company filed a motion to transfer the case to the Southern District of

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NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

California. The Indiana District Court granted the Company's motion and transferred the case to the Southern District of California. On March 7, 2013, NuVasive amended its counterclaims to allege infringement by Medtronic of eight NuVasive patents not asserted in the first or second phases of the litigation. On March 22, 2013, NuVasive moved to stay the litigation of two of Medtronic's patents pending the U.S. Patent Office proceedings with respect to these patents, and the motion is currently pending before the Court. A claim construction hearing is scheduled for November 7, 2013 and a pre-trial conference for June 20, 2014. No trial date is set. At March 31, 2013, the probable outcome of this litigation cannot be determined, nor can the Company estimate a range of potential loss. In accordance with the authoritative guidance on the evaluation of loss contingencies, the Company has not recorded an accrual related to this litigation.

**Trademark Infringement Litigation**

In September 2009, Neurovision Medical Products, Inc. (NMP) filed suit against NuVasive in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California (Case No. 2:9-cv-6988-R-JEM) alleging trademark infringement and unfair competition. NMP sought cancellation of NuVasive's "NeuroVision" trademark registrations, injunctive relief and damages based on NMP's common law use of the "Neurovision" mark. On November 23, 2009, the Company denied the allegations in NMP's complaint. After trial of the matter, on October 25, 2010 an unfavorable jury verdict was delivered against the Company relating to its use of the NeuroVision trade name. The verdict awarded damages to NMP of \$60.0 million. On January 3, 2011, the District Court ordered a judgment be entered in the case in the amount of \$60.0 million, and granted a permanent injunction prohibiting the Company's use of the NeuroVision name for marketing purposes. The Company sought emergency relief, and on February 3, 2011, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals stayed enforcement of the injunction. The Company appealed the judgment and permanent injunction. During pendency of the appeal, the Company was required to escrow funds to secure the amount of the judgment, plus interest, attorneys' fees and costs. On June 16, 2011, the Company entered into an escrow arrangement and transferred \$62.5 million of cash and investments into a restricted escrow account. On September 10, 2012, the Court of Appeals reversed and vacated the District Court judgment and ordered the case back to the District Court for a new trial before a different judge. On October 5, 2012, the case was reassigned to a new District Court judge and proceedings are scheduled to commence in the District Court in June 2013. NMP's right to appeal the Court of Appeals' reversal and vacation of the judgment expired on December 10, 2012 and NMP stipulated to the release of the \$62.5 million from the restricted escrow account. As a result, the full \$62.5 million was released from escrow and returned to the Company. Re-trial of the matter is currently scheduled to begin in June 2013. At March 31, 2013, the probable outcome of this litigation cannot be determined, nor can the Company estimate a range of potential loss. In accordance with the authoritative guidance on the evaluation of loss contingencies, the Company has not recorded an accrual related to this litigation.

**Contingencies**

The Company is party to certain claims and legal actions arising in the normal course of business. The Company does not expect any such claims and legal actions to have a material adverse effect on its business, results of operations or financial condition.

**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

**Forward-Looking Statements May Prove Inaccurate**

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes to those statements included in this report. This discussion and analysis may contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, such as those set forth under heading "Risk Factors," and elsewhere in this report, and similar discussions in our other Securities and Exchange Commission filings, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. We do not intend to update these forward looking statements to reflect future events or circumstances.

Overview

We are a medical device company focused on developing minimally disruptive surgical products and procedurally integrated solutions for the spine. Our currently-marketed product portfolio is focused on applications for spine fusion surgery, including biologics, a combined market estimated to exceed \$8.2 billion globally in 2013. Our principal product offering includes a minimally disruptive surgical platform called Maximum Access Surgery, or MAS<sup>®</sup>. The MAS platform combines three categories of solutions that collectively minimize soft tissue disruption during spine fusion surgery, provide maximum visualization and are designed to enable reproducible outcomes for the surgeon. The platform includes a proprietary software-driven nerve detection and avoidance systems, NVM5 and NVJJB, and Intra-Operative Monitoring (IOM) support; MaXcess<sup>®</sup>, a unique and integrated split-blade

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retractor system; and a wide variety of specialized implants. When the three elements of MAS are used together, they may significantly reduce surgery time and return patients to activities of daily living much faster than conventional approaches. The individual components of our MAS platform, and many of our products, can also be used in open or traditional spine surgery and may independently offer patient benefits to various surgical approaches dealing with a wide variety of pathologies. Our spine surgery product line offerings, which include products for the thoracolumbar and the cervical spine, are primarily used to enable access to the spine and to perform restorative and fusion procedures in a minimally disruptive fashion. Our biologic product line offerings include allograft (donated human tissue), FormaGraft®, a collagen synthetic product, OsteoCel Plus®, an allograft cellular matrix containing viable mesenchymal stem cells, or MSCs, and AttraX®, a synthetic bone graft material, which is still in the process of U.S. regulatory clearance, all used to aid the spinal fusion process. Our subsidiary, Impulse Monitoring, Inc. (Impulse Monitoring) provides IOM services for insight into the nervous system during spine and other surgeries. We continue to focus significant research and development efforts to expand our MAS product platform and advance the applications of our unique technology into procedurally integrated surgical solutions. We dedicate significant resources toward training spine surgeons on our unique technology and products. We continue to train surgeons who are new to our MAS product platform as well as surgeons previously trained on our MAS product platform who are attending advanced training courses.

Our MAS platform, with the unique advantages provided by our nerve monitoring systems, enables an innovative lateral procedure known as eXtreme Lateral Interbody Fusion, or XLIF®, in which surgeons access the spine for a fusion procedure from the side of the patient's body, rather than from the front or back. Our MaXcess instruments provide access to the spine in a manner that affords direct visualization and our nerve monitoring systems assist surgeons in avoiding critical nerves.

At various times in the past, certain insurance providers have adopted policies of not providing reimbursement for the XLIF procedure or some of its components. We have worked with our surgeon customers and the North American Spine Society (NASS) who, in turn, have worked with these insurance providers to supply the information, explanation and clinical data they require to categorize the XLIF procedure as a procedure entitled to reimbursement under their policies. At present, the majority of insurance companies provide reimbursement for XLIF procedures. However, certain carriers, large and small, may have policies significantly limiting coverage of XLIF, Instrumented Lumbar Interlaminar Fusion (ILIF), OsteoCel Plus, the PCM® Cervical Disc System, or other procedures or products we sell. We cannot offer definitive time frames or final outcomes regarding reversal of the coverage-limiting policies, as the process is dictated by the third-party insurance providers. To date, we have not experienced significant lack of payment for our procedures based on these policies.

In addition, there is a downward pressure on reimbursement for the IOM services such as those provided by Impulse Monitoring. Significant coding changes for IOM services took effect in 2013. New Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) codes were introduced that may lead to reduced reimbursement by private payers for the professional remote oversight component of the service. Medicare patients will be subject to additional coding changes imposed by CMS which may restrict access to care and limit Impulse Monitoring's ability to cover, bill and collect for cases performed. In recent years, we have significantly expanded our product offerings relating to procedures in the cervical spine as well as in the area of nerve monitoring. Our cervical product offerings now provide a full set of solutions for cervical fusion surgery, including both allograft tissue and CoRoent® implants, as well as cervical plating and posterior fixation products. In the fourth quarter of 2012, we received U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approval of the PCM Cervical Disc System, a motion preserving total disc replacement device, which further strengthens our cervical product offerings and enables us to continue our trend of increasing our market share. Our nerve monitoring offerings include both the NVM5 and NVJJB products based on our proprietary software-driven nerve monitoring systems and our IOM services business, Impulse Monitoring.

To date, the majority of our revenues are derived from the sale of disposables and implants and we expect this trend to continue for the foreseeable future. We loan our proprietary software-driven nerve monitoring systems and surgical instrument sets at no cost to surgeons and hospitals that purchase disposables and implants for use in individual

procedures. In addition, we place our proprietary software-driven nerve monitoring systems, MaXcess® and other MAS or cervical surgical instrument sets with hospitals for an extended period at no up-front cost to them. Our implants and disposables are currently sold and shipped from our primary distribution and warehousing operations facility located in Memphis, Tennessee. We generally recognize revenue for disposables or implants used upon receiving acknowledgement of a purchase order from the hospital indicating product use or implantation. In addition, we sell an immaterial number of MAS instrument sets, MaXcess devices, and our proprietary software-driven nerve monitoring systems. To date, we have derived less than 5% of our total revenues from these sales.

We expect monitoring service revenue from IOM services to remain consistent with the current year. Monitoring service revenue consists of hospital based revenues and net patient service revenues and is recorded in the period the service is provided. Hospital based revenues are recorded based upon contracted billing rates. Net patient services are billed to various payers, including Medicare, commercial insurance companies, other directly billed managed healthcare plans, employers, and individuals. We report revenues based on the amount expected to be collected.

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Substantially all of our operations are located in the United States and substantially all of our sales have been generated in the United States. We sell our products in the United States through a sales force comprised of exclusive independent sales agencies and directly-employed sales shareowners; both selling only NuVasive products. Our sales force provides a delivery and consultative service to our surgeon and hospital customers and is compensated based on sales and product placements in their territories. Sales force commissions are reflected in our statement of operations in the sales, marketing and administrative expense line. We expect to continue to expand our distribution channels. We are continuing our expansion of international sales efforts with the focus on European, Asian and Latin American markets. Our international sales force is comprised of directly-employed sales shareowners as well as exclusive distributors and independent sales agents.

## Results of Operations

## Revenue

	March 31, 2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Three months ended:				
Spine Surgery Products	\$ 122,667	\$ 114,858		
Biologics	27,156	27,397		
Monitoring Service	9,681	9,436		
Total revenue	\$ 159,504	\$ 151,691	\$ 7,813	5 %

Our Spine Surgery Product line offerings, which include products for the thoracolumbar spine, the cervical spine, and a set of motion preservation product offerings, are primarily used to enable access to the spine and to perform restorative and fusion procedures in a minimally disruptive fashion. Our Biologics product line offerings include allograft (donated human tissue), FormaGraft, a collagen synthetic product, Osteocel Plus, an allograft cellular matrix containing viable mesenchymal stem cells, or MSCs, and AttraX, a synthetic bone graft material, all used to aid the spinal fusion process. Our Monitoring Service line offering includes hospital-based revenues and net patient service revenues related to IOM services performed.

The continued adoption of minimally invasive procedures for spine has led to the continued expansion of our innovative lateral procedure known as XLIF, in which surgeons access the spine for a fusion procedure from the side of the patient's body, rather than from the front or back. In addition, increased market acceptance in our international markets contributed to the increase in revenues noted for the periods presented. We expect continued adoption of our XLIF procedure and deeper penetration into existing accounts and our newer international markets as our sales force executes on the strategy of selling the full mix of our products. However, recent changes in market dynamics, the public and private insurance markets and ongoing policy and legislative changes in the United States have created less predictability in the lumbar portion of the spine market and have substantially reduced the overall spine market's procedural growth rate. Accordingly, we believe that our growth in revenue in 2013 will come primarily from market share gains related to the market shift toward less invasive spinal surgery, both domestically and internationally.

Our total revenues increased \$7.8 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012, representing total revenue growth of 5%.

Revenue from our Spine Surgery Products increased \$7.8 million, or 7%, in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. This increase resulted from increases in volume of approximately 8% in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012, offset by small unfavorable changes in price of approximately 1% in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

Revenue from Biologics decreased \$0.2 million, or 1%, in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. This decrease resulted from small unfavorable changes in price of approximately 1% in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

Revenue from Monitoring Services increased \$0.2 million, or 3% in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. This increase resulted primarily from increases in case volume in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.



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## Cost of Goods Sold, excluding amortization of purchased technology

	March 31, 2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change	
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Three months ended	\$39,096	\$36,933	\$2,163	6	%
% of total revenue	25	% 24	%		

Cost of goods sold consists of costs of purchased goods, inventory-related costs and royalty expense, as well as the cost of providing IOM service, which includes personnel and physician oversight costs.

Cost of goods sold as a percentage of revenue increased in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012 primarily as a result of the medical device excise tax effective January 1, 2013.

We expect cost of goods sold, as a percentage of revenue, to approximate current levels. We are currently accruing royalties related to the Medtronic litigation at the rates stated in the judgment; however, ongoing royalty rates have not yet been determined. Accordingly, any increase to those rates will have a negative impact on cost of goods sold.

## Operating Expenses

## Sales, Marketing and Administrative

	March 31, 2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change	
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Three months ended	\$99,886	\$94,678	\$5,208	6	%
% of total revenue	63	% 62	%		

Sales, marketing and administrative expenses consist primarily of compensation, commission and training costs for shareowners engaged in sales, marketing and customer support functions; distributor commissions; depreciation expense for surgical instrument sets; shipping costs; surgeon training costs; shareowner (employee) related expenses for our administrative functions; and third-party professional service fees.

As a percentage of revenue, sales, marketing and administrative expenses increased in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012, primarily as a result of our continued expansion in our international operations.

Costs that tend to vary based on revenue, which include commissions, depreciation expense for loaned surgical instrument sets, worldwide sales force headcount, distribution and customer support headcount, and shipping, increased \$2.6 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. This increase is materially consistent with our revenue growth during the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

Compensation and other shareowner related expenses for our marketing and administrative support functions decreased \$0.7 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. This decrease is primarily a result of a decrease in performance-based compensation.

We continue to make significant investments in our Japanese operations. This investment, along with depreciation expense associated with certain system software investments, increased \$1.9 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

In addition, legal expenses increased \$1.6 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012, \$0.9 million of the increase relates to increased legal expenses incurred in connection with the Medtronic litigation.

For the remainder of 2013 and on a long-term basis, we expect total sales, marketing and administrative costs, as a percentage of revenue, to decrease moderately.



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## Research and Development

	March 31, 2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Three months ended:	\$9,694	\$9,988	\$(294)	(3)%
% of total revenue	6	% 7	%	

Research and development expense consists primarily of product research and development, clinical trial and study costs, regulatory and clinical functions, and shareowner related expenses.

In the last several years, we have introduced numerous new products and product enhancements that have significantly expanded our MAS platform, enhanced the applications of the XLIF procedure, expanded our offering of cervical products, and continued to invest to further enable our entry into the growing motion preservation market. We have also acquired complementary and strategic assets and technology, particularly in the area of biologics. We are developing total disc replacement devices for spine applications, which are currently in different phases of development, clinical trials and related studies. We anticipate continuing to incur costs associated with patient follow-up and advancing the products through the regulatory process related to these clinical trials and studies through at least the end of 2013.

Compensation and other shareowner related expenses, including performance-based and stock-based compensation, decreased \$1.2 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012, and relates to compensation-related savings.

Expenses incurred in connection with clinical trials and various studies, including outside professional services, decreased approximately \$0.6 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012, due to reduced costs as a result of the completion of enrollment in a clinical trial and ongoing study related activities.

Research and development facilities expenses, along with depreciation expense associated with certain system software investments, decreased \$0.5 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012, and is also attributable to compensation-related savings.

These decreases were offset by an increase of \$2.4 million related to the acquisition of research and development intangible assets in the three months ended March 31, 2013 that were charged to expense in accordance with the authoritative accounting guidance.

For the remainder of 2013, as a percentage of revenue, we expect total research and development costs to remain consistent with current levels in support of our ongoing development and 510k product approval efforts.

## Amortization of Intangible Assets

	March 31, 2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Three months ended	\$4,376	\$2,846	\$1,530	54%
% of total revenue	3	% 2	%	

Amortization of intangible assets relates to the amortization of finite-lived intangible assets acquired. Amortization expense increased \$1.5 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012, primarily due to the acquisition of intangible assets acquired subsequent to March 31, 2012, and additional expense resulting from the approval of the PCM Cervical Disc System that occurred during the fourth quarter of 2012.

We expect expenses recorded in connection with the amortization of intangible assets to continue to increase in absolute dollars for the foreseeable future as amortization of acquired in-process research and development commences once acquired research and development projects reach technological feasibility.



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## Interest and Other Expense, Net

	March 31,			
	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Three months ended				
Interest income	\$ 172	\$ 208		
Interest expense	(7,032 )	(6,825 )		
Other income (expense), net	240	437		
Total interest and other expense, net	\$(6,620 )	\$(6,180 )	\$(440 )	7 %
% of total revenue	(4 )%	(4 )%		

Interest and other expense, net, consists principally of interest expense incurred on our Senior Convertible Notes, offset by income earned on marketable securities and other income (expense) items. Interest expense increased \$0.2 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012, as a result of additional non-cash interest expense recorded on the 2017 Notes following the effective interest method.

Other income (expense), net decreased \$0.2 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012, primarily as a result of a decrease in foreign currency gain of \$0.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012.

Interest and other expense, net, as a percentage of revenues, is expected to moderately decrease for the remainder of the year as a result of the maturity of the 2013 Notes on March 15, 2013.

## Income Tax (Benefit) Expense

	March 31,			
	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Three months ended				
Effective income tax (Benefit) rate	\$(764 )	\$ 597	\$(1,361 )	(228 )%
	(455)	% 56	%	

We recorded an income tax benefit of \$0.8 million and income tax expense of \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The effective income tax benefit rate for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was 455% compared to the effective income tax expense rate of 56% for the three months ended March 31, 2012. The income tax provision for the three months ended March 31, 2013 also reflected a discrete tax benefit of \$0.9 million, or 535% of pre-tax loss, related to the 2012 federal research and development (R&D) credit which was retrospectively reinstated in the three months ended March 31, 2013. No federal R&D credit benefit was recorded in the income tax provision for the three months ended March 31, 2012. We update our annual effective income tax rate each quarter and if the estimated effective income tax rate changes, a cumulative adjustment is made. Our annual effective income tax rate for 2013 is expected to be higher than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to non-deductible expenses, state income taxes, net of federal benefit, and certain foreign losses expected to be incurred for which no benefit can be recorded.

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## Stock-Based Compensation

	March 31,			
	2013	2012	\$ Change	% Change
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Three months ended				
Stock-Based Compensation				
Sales, Marketing & Administrative	\$6,424	\$6,142		
Research & Development	342	465		
Cost of Goods Sold	21	14		
Total Stock-Based Compensation	\$6,787	\$6,621	\$166	3 %
% of total revenue	4	% 4	%	

Stock-based compensation related to stock awards is recognized and amortized on an accelerated basis in accordance with authoritative guidance. The increase in stock-based compensation of approximately \$0.2 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012 primarily related to the increase in the weighted average grant date fair value of 2013 grants compared to 2012 grants, slightly offset by the timing of annual grants in the current year as compared to the prior year.

## Liquidity, Cash Flows and Capital Resources

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal sources of liquidity are our existing cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities, cash generated from operations and proceeds from our convertible debt financing issued in June 2011.

In June 2011, we issued \$402.5 million principal amount of the 2.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2017 (the 2017 Notes). The net proceeds from the offering, after deducting initial purchasers' discounts and costs directly related to the offering, were approximately \$359.2 million. We pay 2.75% interest per annum on the principal amount of the 2017 Notes. The 2017 Notes mature on July 1, 2017 and may be settled in cash, stock, or a combination thereof, solely at our election. Interest on the 2017 Notes began accruing in June 2010 and is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year.

In connection with the Medtronic litigation, a jury from the U.S. District Court, Southern District of California delivered an unfavorable verdict to us and awarded monetary damages of approximately \$101.2 million to Medtronic. In May 2012, in accordance with an escrow arrangement, we transferred \$113.3 million of cash into a restricted escrow account to secure the amount of the judgment, plus prejudgment interest, during pendency of our appeal of the judgment. These funds are included in restricted cash and investments in our March 31, 2013 consolidated balance sheet.

Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities was \$281.2 million and \$346.1 million at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, the decrease primarily relates to the maturity of the 2013 Notes on March 15, 2013. We believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for the next 12 months. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors including our rate of revenue growth, the timing and extent of spending to support development efforts, the expansion of sales, marketing and administrative activities, the timing of introductions of new products and enhancements to existing products, the continuing market acceptance of our products, the expenditures associated with possible future acquisitions or other business combination transactions, and the outcome of current and future litigation. At March 31, 2013, we have cash and investments totaling \$119.0 million in restricted accounts which are not available to us to meet any ongoing capital requirements if and when needed. This could negatively impact our liquidity and our ability to invest in and run our business on an ongoing basis.

We expect that cash provided by operating activities may fluctuate in future periods as a result of a number of factors, including fluctuations in our operating results and working capital requirements. We have historically invested our

cash primarily in U.S. treasuries and government agencies, corporate debt, and money market funds. Certain of these investments are subject to general credit, liquidity and other market risks. The general condition of the financial markets and the economy has exacerbated those risks and may affect the value of our current investments and restrict our ability to access the capital markets or even our own funds.

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## Cash Flows

The following table summarizes, for the periods indicated, selected items in our consolidated statements of cash flows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2013	2012	\$ Change
Cash provided by operating activities	\$24,106	\$39,740	\$(15,634 )
Cash provided by investing activities	5,474	66,597	(61,123 )
Cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(74,175 )	390	(74,565 )
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(232 )	(39 )	(193 )
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$(44,827 )	\$106,688	\$(151,515 )

## Cash flows from operating activities

Cash provided by operating activities was \$24.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, compared to \$39.7 million for the same period in 2012. The \$15.6 million decrease in cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2013 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2012 is primarily due to an increase in amounts paid for other current assets, including a refund of \$11.2 million in the three months ended March 31, 2012 relating to an overpayment at December 31, 2011, and a small increase in days sales outstanding (DSO) which affects our cash collections as well as our outstanding accounts receivable.

## Cash flows provided by investing activities

Cash provided by investing activities was \$5.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, compared to \$66.6 million for the same period in 2012. The \$61.1 million decrease in cash provided by investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2013 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2012 is primarily due to a net decrease in sales of marketable securities, offset by a decrease in purchases of property, plant and equipment.

## Cash flows from financing activities

Cash used in financing activities was \$74.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, compared to \$0.4 million in cash provided by financing activities for the same period in 2012. The \$74.6 million decrease in cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2013 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2012 is primarily due the repayment of 2013 Notes.

## Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates including those related to bad debts, inventories, valuation of goodwill, intangibles, other long-term assets, stock-based compensation, income taxes, and legal proceedings. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Our critical accounting policies and estimates are discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 and there have been no material changes during the three months ended March 31, 2013 except as follows:

## Recently adopted accounting standards

Effective January 1, 2013, the Company adopted the FASB's requirements for improved transparency of reporting reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI). The guidance requires companies to report, in one place, information about reclassifications out of AOCI and to present reclassifications by component when reporting changes in AOCI balances. The adoption of this authoritative guidance did not have an impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements



We have not engaged in any off-balance sheet activities.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

There has been no material change in the Company's assessment of its sensitivity to market risk since its presentation set forth in Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

Item 4 Controls and Procedures

**Disclosure Controls and Procedures.** We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the timelines specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and in reaching a reasonable level of assurance, management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, we carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in SEC Rules 13a — 15(e) and 15d — 15(e)) as of March 31, 2013. Based on such evaluation, our management has concluded as of March 31, 2013, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

**Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.** There has been no change to our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

There have been no changes to the Legal Proceedings discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, except as follows:

**Medtronic Sofamor Danek USA, Inc. Litigation**

As reported by us previously, Medtronic Sofamor Danek USA, Inc. and its related entities (Medtronic), on August 18, 2008, filed a patent infringement lawsuit against NuVasive in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California, alleging that certain of NuVasive's products or methods, including the XLIF<sup>®</sup> procedure, infringe, or contribute to the infringement of, twelve U.S. patents. Three of the patents were later withdrawn by Medtronic leaving the following nine patents in the lawsuit: Nos. 5,860,973; 5,772,661; 6,936,051; 6,936,050; 6,916,320; 6,945,933; 6,969,390; 6,428,542; 6,592,586 assigned or licensed to Medtronic (Medtronic Patents). Medtronic is seeking monetary damages and a court injunction against future infringement by NuVasive. NuVasive answered the complaint, denying the allegations.

Additionally, NuVasive made counterclaims against Medtronic seeking the following relief: (i) Medtronic being permanently enjoined from charging that NuVasive has infringed or is infringing the Medtronic Patents; (ii) a declaration that the Medtronic Patents are invalid; (iii) a declaration that the 5,860,973 and 5,772,661 patents are unenforceable due to inequitable conduct; and (iv) costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.

NuVasive filed an amended counterclaim on September 4, 2009, alleging that NuVasive's U.S. Patent Nos. 7,207,949; 7,582,058; and 7,470,236 are infringed by Medtronic's NIM-Eclipse System and accessories and Quadrant products, and DLIF (Direct Lateral Interbody Fusion) surgical technique. Medtronic, on June 23, 2009, filed a request for inter partes reexamination with the Patent Office on NuVasive's U.S. Patent No. 7,207,949. On October 14, 2009, Medtronic filed a request for inter partes reexamination on NuVasive's U.S. Patent No. 7,582,058. The Patent Office granted both requests and issued rejections of the claims. Both reexaminations are pending.

Given the number of patents asserted in the litigation, the parties agreed to proceed on a limited number of patents. The District Court determined to proceed only with patents that are not the subject of active reexamination proceedings. As a result, the first phase of the case included three Medtronic patents and one NuVasive patent. Trial on the first phase of the case began in August 2011 and on September 20, 2011, a jury from the District Court, delivered an unfavorable verdict against NuVasive with respect to three Medtronic patents and a favorable verdict with respect to the one NuVasive patent. The jury awarded monetary damages of approximately \$101.2 million to Medtronic, which includes lost profits and back royalties. Medtronic's subsequent motion for

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a permanent injunction was denied by the District Court on January 26, 2012. The District Court entered judgment on March 2, 2012, and both parties appealed the verdict. Medtronic subsequently filed a motion to dismiss its own appeal and NuVasive's cross-appeal with the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals. On August 2, 2012, the Federal Circuit issued a ruling stating that ongoing royalty rates must be determined by the District Court prior to the appeal going forward. As a result, the appeal in the Federal Circuit is temporarily dismissed while the post-verdict royalty rate is resolved by the District Court. On March 19, 2012, the District Court issued an order granting prejudgment interest, but has not provided a date for determining the post-verdict royalty rate, and no hearings are scheduled at this time. The Company entered into an escrow arrangement on April 27, 2012 and in May 2012, transferred \$113.3 million of cash into a restricted escrow account to secure the amount of judgment, plus prejudgment interest, during pendency of the appeal. These funds are included in restricted cash and investments on the Company's March 31, 2013 consolidated balance sheet.

In accordance with the authoritative guidance on the evaluation of loss contingencies, during the third quarter of 2011, the Company recorded an accrual for the \$101.2 million verdict. In addition, the Company is currently accruing ongoing royalties on sales subsequent to the verdict at the royalty rates stated in the judgment, as well as post-judgment interest. With respect to the prejudgment interest award, the Company, based on its own assessment as well as that of outside counsel, believes a reversal of the prejudgment interest award on appeal is probable, and therefore, in accordance with the authoritative guidance on the evaluation of loss contingencies, the Company has not recorded an accrual for this amount, which is estimated to approximate \$13 million. Additional damages, including interest and potential ongoing royalties may still be awarded, and at March 31, 2013, the Company cannot estimate a range of additional potential loss.

The second phase of the case pending in the Southern District of California involved one Medtronic cervical plate patent. On April 25, 2013, NuVasive and Medtronic entered into a settlement agreement fully resolving the second phase of the case. The settlement also removes from the case the cervical plate patent (U.S. Patent No. 6,592,586) that was part of the first phase. As part of the settlement, NuVasive received a broad license to practice (i) the Medtronic patent (U.S. Patent No. 6,916,320) that was the sole subject of the second phase of the litigation, (ii) the Medtronic patent (U.S. Patent No. 6,592,586) that was part of the first phase of the litigation, and (iii) each of the Medtronic patent families that collectively represent the vast majority of Medtronic's patent rights related to cervical plate technology. In exchange for these license rights, NuVasive will make a one-time payment to Medtronic of \$7.5 million, which amount will be fully offset against any damage award ultimately determined to be owed by NuVasive in connection with a final resolution of the first phase of the litigation. This amount may be increased by \$2.5 million in the event the District Court orders that the royalty rates determined by the jury shall continue to apply to the period of time following the entry of judgment in the first phase of the litigation. Such additional \$2.5 million, if paid, would also be fully offset against any damage award ultimately determined to be owed by NuVasive in connection with a final resolution of the first phase of the litigation. In addition, Medtronic will receive a royalty on certain cervical plate products sold by NuVasive, including the Helix<sup>®</sup> and Gradient<sup>®</sup> lines of products. As a result of this settlement, all current patent disputes between the parties related to cervical plate technology have been resolved.

On August 17, 2012, Medtronic filed additional patent claims in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Indiana alleging that various NuVasive spinal implants (including its CoRoent<sup>®</sup> XL family of spinal implants) infringe U.S. Patent No. 8,021,430, and that NuVasive's Osteocel<sup>®</sup> Plus bone graft product infringes U.S. Patent No. 5,676,146 C2. On August 28, 2012, Medtronic amended its complaint in the Northern District of Indiana alleging that NuVasive's XLIF<sup>®</sup> procedure and use of MaXcess IV retractor during the XLIF procedure infringe methodology claims of U.S. Patent No. 8,251,997.

NuVasive denies infringing any valid claims of these additional patents and on September 4, 2012, the Company filed a motion to transfer the case to the Southern District of California. The Indiana District Court granted the Company's motion and transferred the case to the Southern District of California. On March 7, 2013, NuVasive amended its counterclaims to allege infringement by Medtronic of U.S. Patent Nos. 8,000,782 (systems and related methods for performing surgical procedures), 8,005,535 (systems and related methods for performing surgical procedures),

8,016,767 (A surgical access system including a tissue distraction assembly and a tissue retraction assembly), 8,192,356 (A system for accessing a surgical target site and related methods, involving an initial distraction system, among other things), 8,187,334 (spinal fusion implant), 8,361,156 (spinal fusion implant), D652,922 (dilator design), and D666,294 (dilator design). On March 22, 2013, NuVasive moved to stay the litigation of Warsaw's '430 and '997 patents pending the Patent Office proceedings with respect to these patents, and the motion is currently pending before the Southern District of California. A claim construction hearing is scheduled for November 7, 2013 and a pre-trial conference for June 20, 2014. No trial date is set. At March 31, 2013, the probable outcome of this litigation cannot be determined, nor can the Company estimate a range of potential loss. In accordance with the authoritative guidance on the evaluation of loss contingencies, the Company has not recorded an accrual related to this litigation.

Trademark Infringement Litigation

In September 2009, NMP filed suit against NuVasive in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California (Case No. 2:09-cv-06988-R-JEM) alleging trademark infringement and unfair competition. NMP sought cancellation of NuVasive's "NeuroVision" trademark registrations, injunctive relief and damages based on NMP's common law use of the "Neurovision" mark. On November 23, 2009, the Company denied the allegations in NMP's complaint. After trial of the matter, on October 25,

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2010 an unfavorable jury verdict was delivered against the Company relating to its use of the “NeuroVision” trade name. The verdict awarded damages to NMP of \$60.0 million. On January 3, 2011, the District Court ordered a judgment be entered in the case in the amount of \$60.0 million, and granted a permanent injunction prohibiting the Company's use of the “NeuroVision” name for marketing purposes. The Company sought emergency relief, and on February 3, 2011, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals stayed enforcement of the injunction, and consolidated this issue with our appeal of the verdict filed on May 6, 2011. During pendency of the appeal, the Company was required to escrow funds to secure the amount of the judgment, plus interest, attorneys' fees and costs. Accordingly, on June 16, 2011, the Company entered into an escrow arrangement and transferred \$62.5 million of cash and investments into a restricted escrow account. On September 10, 2012, the Court of Appeals reversed and vacated the District Court judgment and ordered the case back to the District Court for a new trial before a different judge. On October 5, 2012, the case was reassigned to a new District Court judge and proceedings are scheduled to commence in the District Court in June 2013. NMP's right to appeal the Court of Appeals reversal and vacation of the judgment expired on December 10, 2012 and NMP stipulated to the release of the \$62.5 million from the restricted escrow account. As a result, the full \$62.5 million was released from escrow and returned to the Company. Re-trial of the matter is currently scheduled to begin in June 2013. At March 31, 2013, the probable outcome of this litigation cannot be determined, nor can the Company estimate a range of potential loss. In accordance with the authoritative guidance on the evaluation of loss contingencies, the Company has not recorded an accrual related to this litigation.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the risks and uncertainties described under Item 1A of Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the year ended December 31, 2012 (the Risk Factors) together with all other information contained or incorporated by reference in this report before you decide to invest in our common stock. There have been no material changes to the Risk Factors. If any of the risks described in this report or in our Annual Report on Form 10-K actually occurs, our business, financial condition, results of operations and our future growth prospects could be materially and adversely affected. Under these circumstances, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Not applicable.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on August 13, 2004)
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on May 1, 2012)
3.3	Restated Bylaws (incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on January 6, 2012)
31.1*	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. section 1350
31.2*	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. section 1350
32*	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101**	XBRL Instance Document
101**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101**	XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document
101**	XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase Document
101**	XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document
101**	XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document

\* These certifications are being furnished solely to accompany this annual report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, and are not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and are not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of NuVasive, Inc., whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

\*\* Pursuant to applicable securities laws and regulations, we are deemed to have complied with the reporting obligation relating to the submission of interactive data files in such exhibits and are not subject to liability under any anti-fraud provisions of the federal securities laws as long as we have made a good faith attempt to comply with the submission requirements and promptly amend the interactive data files after becoming aware that the interactive data files fail to comply with the submission requirements. Users of this data are advised that, pursuant to Rule 406T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed and otherwise are not subject to liability.





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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NUVASIVE, INC.

Date: April 30, 2013

By: /s/ Alexis V. Lukianov  
Alexis V. Lukianov  
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: April 30, 2013

By: /s/ Michael J. Lambert  
Michael J. Lambert  
Executive Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

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