

1ST SOURCE CORP
Form 10-Q
October 24, 2013
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 0-6233

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(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

INDIANA

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

35-1068133

(I.R.S. Employer Identification
No.)

**100 North Michigan Street
South Bend, IN**

(Address of principal executive
offices)

46601

(Zip Code)

(574) 235-2000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

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Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of October 11, 2013 24,322,527 shares

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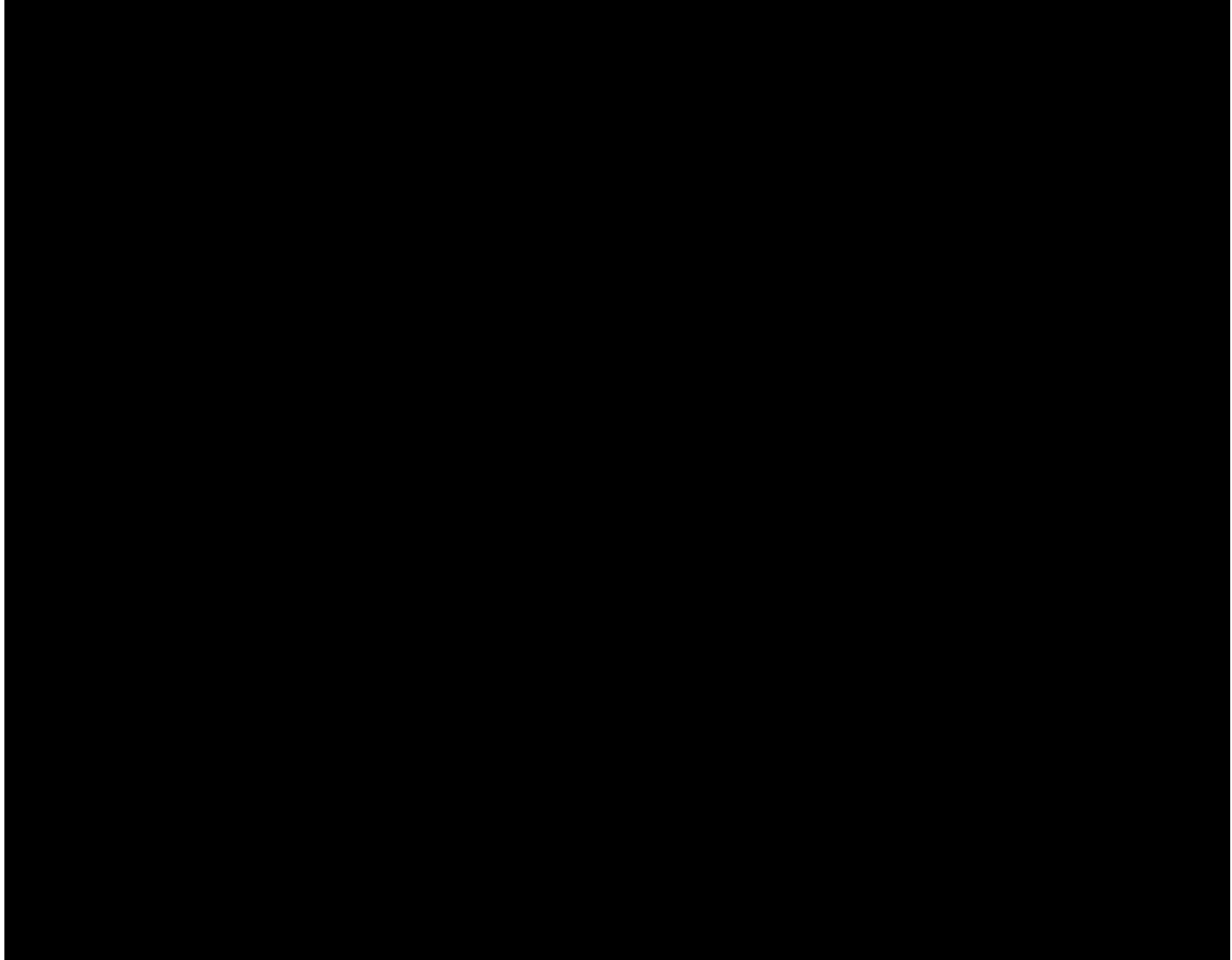


Table of Contents**1st SOURCE CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION***(Unaudited - Dollars in thousands)*

| | September 30, 2013 | December 31, 2012 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| <u>ASSETS</u> | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ 90,090 | \$ 83,232 |
| Federal funds sold and interest bearing deposits with other banks | 1,676 | 702 |
| Investment securities available-for-sale (amortized cost of \$819,918 and \$849,139 at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively) | 834,348 | 880,764 |
| Other investments | 22,409 | 22,609 |
| Trading account securities | 177 | 146 |
| Mortgages held for sale | 7,157 | 10,879 |
| Loans and leases - net of unearned discount | | |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | 652,180 | 639,069 |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | 452,405 | 438,147 |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | 192,974 | 172,002 |
| Aircraft financing | 704,072 | 696,479 |
| Construction equipment financing | 315,346 | 278,974 |
| Commercial real estate | 574,279 | 554,968 |
| Residential real estate | 455,327 | 438,641 |
| Consumer loans | 121,535 | 109,273 |
| Total loans and leases | 3,468,118 | 3,327,553 |
| Reserve for loan and lease losses | (84,507) | (83,311) |
| Net loans and leases | 3,383,611 | 3,244,242 |
| Equipment owned under operating leases, net | 61,160 | 52,173 |
| Net premises and equipment | 45,466 | 45,016 |
| Goodwill and intangible assets | 86,629 | 87,502 |
| Accrued income and other assets | 117,238 | 123,428 |
| Total assets | \$ 4,649,961 | \$ 4,550,693 |
| <u>LIABILITIES</u> | | |
| Deposits: | | |
| Noninterest bearing | \$ 725,263 | \$ 646,380 |
| Interest bearing | 2,954,153 | 2,977,967 |
| Total deposits | 3,679,416 | 3,624,347 |
| Short-term borrowings: | | |
| Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase | 147,991 | 158,680 |
| Other short-term borrowings | 73,451 | 10,508 |
| Total short-term borrowings | 221,442 | 169,188 |
| Long-term debt and mandatorily redeemable securities | 58,440 | 71,021 |
| Subordinated notes | 58,764 | 58,764 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 53,670 | 68,718 |
| Total liabilities | 4,071,732 | 3,992,038 |
| <u>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</u> | | |
| Preferred stock; no par value | | |
| Authorized 10,000,000 shares; none issued or outstanding | | |
| Common stock; no par value | | |
| Authorized 40,000,000 shares; issued 25,641,887 at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 | 346,535 | 346,535 |

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| | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Retained earnings | 252,043 | 223,715 |
| Cost of common stock in treasury (1,319,336 shares at September 30, 2013 and 1,399,261 shares at December 31, 2012) | (29,362) | (31,134) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 9,013 | 19,539 |
| Total shareholders equity | 578,229 | 558,655 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders equity | \$ 4,649,961 | \$ 4,550,693 |

The accompanying notes are a part of the consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**1st SOURCE CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME***(Unaudited - Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)*

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Interest income: | | | | |
| Loans and leases | \$ 42,392 | \$ 40,610 | \$ 121,674 | \$ 120,824 |
| Investment securities, taxable | 3,581 | 3,913 | 10,774 | 12,574 |
| Investment securities, tax-exempt | 764 | 826 | 2,295 | 2,526 |
| Other | 229 | 231 | 712 | 688 |
| Total interest income | 46,966 | 45,580 | 135,455 | 136,612 |
| Interest expense: | | | | |
| Deposits | 4,089 | 5,419 | 13,043 | 16,868 |
| Short-term borrowings | 72 | 36 | 149 | 136 |
| Subordinated notes | 1,055 | 1,647 | 3,165 | 4,942 |
| Long-term debt and mandatorily redeemable securities | 592 | 571 | 1,315 | 1,399 |
| Total interest expense | 5,808 | 7,673 | 17,672 | 23,345 |
| Net interest income | 41,158 | 37,907 | 117,783 | 113,267 |
| (Recovery of) provision for loan and lease losses | (419) | 650 | 1,631 | 4,959 |
| Net interest income after provision for loan and lease losses | 41,577 | 37,257 | 116,152 | 108,308 |
| Noninterest income: | | | | |
| Trust fees | 5,260 | 4,055 | 13,800 | 12,407 |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 2,364 | 2,688 | 6,928 | 7,747 |
| Debit card income | 2,343 | 2,020 | 6,752 | 6,281 |
| Mortgage banking income | 1,103 | 2,020 | 4,667 | 5,464 |
| Insurance commissions | 1,292 | 1,483 | 4,131 | 4,051 |
| Equipment rental income | 4,000 | 4,604 | 12,098 | 14,620 |
| Investment securities and other investment gains | 258 | 89 | 469 | 492 |
| Other income | 3,538 | 3,346 | 10,382 | 9,556 |
| Total noninterest income | 20,158 | 20,305 | 59,227 | 60,618 |
| Noninterest expense: | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 20,441 | 20,982 | 59,553 | 61,668 |
| Net occupancy expense | 2,126 | 1,652 | 6,480 | 5,660 |
| Furniture and equipment expense | 4,477 | 3,817 | 12,285 | 11,155 |
| Depreciation - leased equipment | 3,246 | 3,795 | 9,745 | 11,909 |
| Professional fees | 1,178 | 1,385 | 3,843 | 4,232 |
| Supplies and communication | 1,330 | 1,387 | 4,365 | 4,165 |
| FDIC and other insurance | 874 | 913 | 2,679 | 2,716 |
| Business development and marketing expense | 1,306 | 1,008 | 3,011 | 2,925 |
| Loan and lease collection and repossession expense | 1,530 | 1,866 | 3,382 | 4,346 |
| Other expense | 1,922 | 388 | 5,381 | 3,043 |
| Total noninterest expense | 38,430 | 37,193 | 110,724 | 111,819 |
| Income before income taxes | 23,305 | 20,369 | 64,655 | 57,107 |
| Income tax expense | 8,409 | 7,364 | 23,413 | 19,820 |

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| | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| Net income | \$ | 14,896 | \$ | 13,005 | \$ | 41,242 | \$ | 37,287 |
| Per common share: | | | | | | | | |
| Basic net income per common share | \$ | 0.60 | \$ | 0.53 | \$ | 1.67 | \$ | 1.52 |
| Diluted net income per common share | \$ | 0.60 | \$ | 0.53 | \$ | 1.67 | \$ | 1.51 |
| Dividends | \$ | 0.17 | \$ | 0.17 | \$ | 0.51 | \$ | 0.49 |
| Basic weighted average common shares outstanding | | 24,366,220 | | 24,279,178 | | 24,352,073 | | 24,267,535 |
| Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding | | 24,367,109 | | 24,289,495 | | 24,352,854 | | 24,278,160 |

The accompanying notes are a part of the consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**1st SOURCE CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME***(Unaudited - Dollars in thousands)*

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Net income | \$ 14,896 | \$ 13,005 | \$ 41,242 | \$ 37,287 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): | | | | |
| Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of available-for-sale securities | 1,853 | 3,979 | (16,881) | 5,673 |
| Reclassification adjustment for realized losses (gains) included in net income | 28 | 2 | 28 | (275) |
| Income tax effect | (706) | (1,522) | 6,327 | (2,063) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | 1,175 | 2,459 | (10,526) | 3,335 |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 16,071 | \$ 15,464 | \$ 30,716 | \$ 40,622 |

The accompanying notes are a part of the consolidated financial statements.

1st SOURCE CORPORATION**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY***(Unaudited - Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)*

| | Total | Preferred Stock | Common Stock | Retained Earnings | Cost of Common Stock in Treasury | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net |
|--|------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Balance at January 1, 2012 | \$ 523,918 | \$ | \$ 346,535 | \$ 190,261 | \$ (31,389) | \$ 18,511 |
| Net income | 37,287 | | | 37,287 | | |
| Other comprehensive income | 3,335 | | | | | 3,335 |
| Issuance of 169,720 common shares under stock based compensation awards, including related tax effects | 3,743 | | | 97 | 3,646 | |
| Cost of 104,471 shares of common stock acquired for treasury | (2,617) | | | | (2,617) | |
| Common stock dividend (\$0.49 per share) | (11,998) | | | (11,998) | | |
| Balance at September 30, 2012 | \$ 553,668 | \$ | \$ 346,535 | \$ 215,647 | \$ (30,360) | \$ 21,846 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|----------|----|--|----|---------|-------|----------|----|----------|----|----------|
| Balance at January 1, 2013 | \$ | 558,655 | \$ | | \$ | 346,535 | \$ | 223,715 | \$ | (31,134) | \$ | 19,539 |
| Net income | | 41,242 | | | | | | 41,242 | | | | |
| Other comprehensive loss | | (10,526) | | | | | | | | | | (10,526) |
| Issuance of 169,792 common shares under stock based compensation awards, including related tax effects | | 3,650 | | | | | (390) | | | 4,040 | | |
| Cost of 89,867 shares of common stock acquired for treasury | | (2,268) | | | | | | | | (2,268) | | |
| Common stock dividend (\$0.51 per share) | | (12,524) | | | | | | (12,524) | | | | |
| Balance at September 30, 2013 | \$ | 578,229 | \$ | | \$ | 346,535 | \$ | 252,043 | \$ | (29,362) | \$ | 9,013 |

The accompanying notes are a part of the consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**1st SOURCE CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS***(Unaudited - Dollars in thousands)*

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|--|------------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| Operating activities: | | |
| Net income | \$ 41,242 | \$ 37,287 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Provision for loan and lease losses | 1,631 | 4,959 |
| Depreciation of premises and equipment | 3,515 | 3,151 |
| Depreciation of equipment owned and leased to others | 9,745 | 11,909 |
| Amortization of investment security premiums and accretion of discounts, net | 2,745 | 3,140 |
| Amortization of mortgage servicing rights | 1,265 | 2,267 |
| Mortgage servicing asset (recoveries) impairments | | 230 |
| Deferred income taxes | (3,265) | (4,817) |
| Investment securities and other investment gains | (469) | (492) |
| Originations of loans held for sale, net of principal collected | (85,010) | (165,577) |
| Proceeds from the sales of loans held for sale | 91,395 | 160,301 |
| Net gain on sale of loans held for sale | (2,663) | (4,933) |
| Change in trading account securities | (31) | (13) |
| Change in interest receivable | (215) | (634) |
| Change in interest payable | (1,506) | (529) |
| Change in other assets | 13,085 | 10,993 |
| Change in other liabilities | (3,636) | 404 |
| Other | 825 | 990 |
| Net change in operating activities | 68,653 | 58,636 |
| Investing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from sales of investment securities | 47,028 | 40,736 |
| Proceeds from maturities of investment securities | 152,706 | 203,436 |
| Purchases of investment securities | (172,789) | (226,567) |
| Net change in other investments | 200 | (3,390) |
| Loans sold or participated to others | 25,054 | 22,968 |
| Net change in loans and leases | (171,771) | (206,261) |
| Net change in equipment owned under operating leases | (18,732) | (854) |
| Purchases of premises and equipment | (4,040) | (6,521) |
| Net change in investing activities | (142,344) | (176,453) |
| Financing activities: | | |
| Net change in demand deposits, NOW accounts and savings accounts | 79,907 | 119,128 |
| Net change in certificates of deposit | (24,838) | (70,601) |
| Net change in short-term borrowings | 52,254 | 11,401 |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 5,951 | 26,873 |
| Payments on long-term debt | (20,313) | (360) |
| Net proceeds from issuance of treasury stock | 3,650 | 3,743 |
| Acquisition of treasury stock | (2,268) | (2,617) |
| Cash dividends paid on common stock | (12,820) | (12,263) |
| Net change in financing activities | 81,523 | 75,304 |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | 7,832 | (42,513) |

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| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | 83,934 | 114,327 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$ 91,766 | \$ 71,814 |

Supplemental Information:

Non-cash transactions:

| | | |
|--|----------|----------|
| Loans transferred to other real estate and repossessed assets | \$ 5,717 | \$ 2,319 |
| Common stock matching contribution to Employee Stock Ownership and Profit Sharing Plan | 2,801 | 2,643 |

The accompanying notes are a part of the consolidated financial statements.

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1ST SOURCE CORPORATION

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

1st Source Corporation is a bank holding company headquartered in South Bend, Indiana that provides, through its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as 1st Source or the Company), a broad array of financial products and services. The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (all of which are normal and recurring in nature) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial position, the results of operations, changes in comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the periods presented. These unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared according to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and, therefore, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) have been omitted.

The Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in 1st Source Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K (2012 Annual Report), which include descriptions of significant accounting policies, should be read in conjunction with these interim financial statements. The Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition at December 31, 2012 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. Certain amounts in the prior period consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Note 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Investment Companies: In June 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2013-08 *Financial Services-Investment Companies (Topic 946) Amendments to the Scope, Measurement and Disclosure Requirements*. ASU 2013-08 changes the approach to the investment company assessment in Topic 946, clarifies the characteristics of an investment company and provides comprehensive guidance for assessing whether an entity is an investment company. ASU 2013-08 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods in fiscal years that begin after December 15, 2013. Early application is prohibited. The Company is assessing the impact of ASU 2013-08 on its disclosures.

Comprehensive Income: In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02 *Comprehensive Income (Topic 220) Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income*. ASU 2013-02 requires an entity to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. ASU 2013-02 is effective prospectively during interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The effect of applying this standard is reflected in Note 11 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income.

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Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities: In January 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-01 *Balance Sheet (Topic 210) Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*. ASU 2013-01 clarifies that ordinary trade receivables and receivables are not in the scope of ASU 2011-11. ASU 2011-11 applies only to derivatives, repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions that are either offset in accordance with specific criteria in the Accounting Standards Codification or subject to a master netting arrangement or similar agreement.

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ASU 2011-11 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and interim periods within those annual periods. Retrospective disclosure is required for all comparative periods presented. The effect of applying this standard is reflected in Note 8 Derivative Financial Instruments.

Offsetting Assets and Liabilities: In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-11 *Balance Sheet (Topic 210) - Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*. ASU 2011-11 requires an entity to disclose both gross information and net information about both instruments and transactions eligible for offset in the statement of financial position and instruments and transactions subject to an agreement similar to a master netting arrangement. ASU 2011-11 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and interim periods within those annual periods. Retrospective disclosure is required for all comparative periods presented. The effect of applying this standard is reflected in Note 8 Derivative Financial Instruments.

Note 3. Investment Securities

Investment securities available-for-sale were as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and Federal agencies securities | \$ 394,063 | \$ 5,698 | \$ (3,468) | \$ 396,293 |
| U.S. States and political subdivisions securities | 111,843 | 3,821 | (984) | 114,680 |
| Mortgage-backed securities Federal agencies | 280,255 | 6,277 | (2,172) | 284,360 |
| Corporate debt securities | 30,890 | 242 | (9) | 31,123 |
| Foreign government and other securities | 700 | 7 | | 707 |
| Total debt securities | 817,751 | 16,045 | (6,633) | 827,163 |
| Marketable equity securities | 2,167 | 5,021 | (3) | 7,185 |
| Total investment securities available-for-sale | \$ 819,918 | \$ 21,066 | \$ (6,636) | \$ 834,348 |
| December 31, 2012 | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and Federal agencies securities | \$ 410,983 | \$ 11,353 | \$ (83) | \$ 422,253 |
| U.S. States and political subdivisions securities | 100,055 | 5,864 | (482) | 105,437 |
| Mortgage-backed securities Federal agencies | 301,136 | 11,296 | (25) | 312,407 |
| Corporate debt securities | 30,897 | 445 | (94) | 31,248 |
| Foreign government and other securities | 3,700 | 26 | | 3,726 |
| Total debt securities | 846,771 | 28,984 | (684) | 875,071 |
| Marketable equity securities | 2,368 | 3,329 | (4) | 5,693 |
| Total investment securities available-for-sale | \$ 849,139 | \$ 32,313 | \$ (688) | \$ 880,764 |

At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the residential mortgage-backed securities held by the Company consisted primarily of GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC pass-through certificates which are guaranteed by those respective agencies of the United States government (Government Sponsored Enterprise, GSEs).

The contractual maturities of investments in debt securities available-for-sale at September 30, 2013 are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities, because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment

penalties.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Amortized Cost | | Fair Value | |
|--|-----------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
| Due in one year or less | \$ | 128,276 | \$ | 127,885 |
| Due after one year through five years | | 346,667 | | 352,734 |
| Due after five years through ten years | | 61,903 | | 61,568 |
| Due after ten years | | 650 | | 616 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | | 280,255 | | 284,360 |
| Total debt securities available-for-sale | \$ | 817,751 | \$ | 827,163 |

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The following table shows the gross realized gains and losses on sale of securities from the securities available-for-sale portfolio, including marketable equity securities. Realized gains and losses on the sales of all securities are computed using the specific identification cost basis. The gross gains and losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 primarily reflect the sale of federal agency securities. The trades were done for the purpose of balance sheet realignment and managing reinvestment risk by adjusting the timing of future cash flows. There were no other-than-temporary-impairment (OTTI) write-downs in 2013 or 2012.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|--------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Gross realized gains | \$ 903 | \$ | \$ 903 | \$ 275 |
| Gross realized losses | (931) | | (931) | |
| Net realized (losses) gains | \$ (28) | \$ | \$ (28) | \$ 275 |

The following table summarizes gross unrealized losses and fair value by investment category and age.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Less than 12 Months | | 12 months or Longer | | Total | |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| September 30, 2013 | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and Federal agencies securities | \$ 139,539 | \$ (3,337) | \$ 15,094 | \$ (131) | \$ 154,633 | \$ (3,468) |
| U.S. States and political subdivisions securities | 30,490 | (671) | 2,691 | (313) | 33,181 | (984) |
| Mortgage-backed securities - Federal agencies | 94,174 | (2,171) | 49 | (1) | 94,223 | (2,172) |
| Corporate debt securities | 7,900 | (3) | 993 | (6) | 8,893 | (9) |
| Foreign government and other securities | 100 | | | | 100 | |
| Total debt securities | 272,203 | (6,182) | 18,827 | (451) | 291,030 | (6,633) |
| Marketable equity securities | | | 4 | (3) | 4 | (3) |
| Total investment securities available-for-sale | \$ 272,203 | \$ (6,182) | \$ 18,831 | \$ (454) | \$ 291,034 | \$ (6,636) |
| December 31, 2012 | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and Federal agencies securities | \$ 37,316 | \$ (83) | \$ | \$ | \$ 37,316 | \$ (83) |
| U.S. States and political subdivisions securities | 7,730 | (46) | 3,364 | (436) | 11,094 | (482) |
| Mortgage-backed securities - Federal agencies | 6,264 | (24) | 60 | (1) | 6,324 | (25) |
| Corporate debt securities | | | 4,431 | (94) | 4,431 | (94) |
| Foreign government and other securities | 100 | | | | 100 | |
| Total debt securities | 51,410 | (153) | 7,855 | (531) | 59,265 | (684) |
| Marketable equity securities | | | 5 | (4) | 5 | (4) |
| Total investment securities available-for-sale | \$ 51,410 | \$ (153) | \$ 7,860 | \$ (535) | \$ 59,270 | \$ (688) |

The initial indication of OTTI for both debt and equity securities is a decline in fair value below amortized cost. Quarterly, the impaired securities are analyzed on a qualitative and quantitative basis in determining OTTI. Declines in the fair value of available-for-sale debt securities below their cost that are deemed to be other-than-temporary are reflected in earnings as realized losses to the extent the impairment is related to credit losses. The amount of impairment related to other factors is recognized in other comprehensive income. In estimating OTTI

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impairment losses, the Company considers among other things, (i) the length of time and the extent to which fair value has been less than cost, (ii) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and (iii) whether it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell any such securities before a recovery of cost.

At September 30, 2013, the Company does not have the intent to sell any of the available-for-sale securities in the table above and believes that it is more likely than not, that it will not have to sell any such securities before an anticipated recovery of cost. Primarily the unrealized losses on debt securities are due to increases in market rates over the yields available at the time the underlying securities were purchased and market illiquidity on auction rate securities which are reflected in U.S. States and political subdivisions. The fair value is expected to recover on all debt securities as they approach their maturity date or re-pricing date or if market yields for such investments decline. The Company does not believe any of the securities are impaired due to reasons of credit quality.

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At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, investment securities with carrying values of \$236.58 million and \$216.34 million, respectively, were pledged as collateral to secure government deposits, security repurchase agreements, and for other purposes.

Note 4. Loan and Lease Financings

The Company evaluates loans and leases for credit quality at least annually but more frequently if certain circumstances occur (such as material new information which becomes available and indicates a potential change in credit risk). The Company uses two methods to assess credit risk: loan or lease credit quality grades and credit risk classifications. The purpose of the loan or lease credit quality grade is to document the degree of risk associated with individual credits as well as inform management of the degree of risk in the portfolio taken as a whole. Credit risk classifications are used to categorize loans by degree of risk and to designate individual or committee approval authorities for higher risk credits at the time of origination. Credit risk classifications include categories for: Acceptable, Marginal, Special Attention, Special Risk, Restricted by Policy, Regulated and Prohibited by Law.

All loans and leases, except residential real estate loans and consumer loans, are assigned credit quality grades on a scale from 1 to 12 with grade 1 representing superior credit quality. The criteria used to assign grades to extensions of credit that exhibit potential problems or well-defined weaknesses are primarily based upon the degree of risk and the likelihood of orderly repayment, and their effect on the Company's safety and soundness. Loans or leases graded 7 or weaker are considered "special attention" credits and, as such, relationships in excess of \$100,000 are reviewed quarterly as part of management's evaluation of the appropriateness of the reserve for loan and lease losses. Grade 7 credits are defined as "watch" and contain greater than average credit risk and are monitored to limit the exposure to increased risk; grade 8 credits are "special mention" and, following regulatory guidelines, are defined as having potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. Credits that exhibit well-defined weaknesses and a distinct possibility of loss are considered "classified" and are graded 9 through 12 corresponding to the regulatory definitions of "substandard" (grades 9 and 10) and the more severe "doubtful" (grade 11) and "loss" (grade 12).

The table below presents the credit quality grades of the recorded investment in loans and leases, segregated by class.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Credit Quality Grades | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------|--------------|
| | 1-6 | 7-12 | Total |
| September 30, 2013 | | | |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | \$ 623,884 | \$ 28,296 | \$ 652,180 |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | 442,616 | 9,789 | 452,405 |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | 190,921 | 2,053 | 192,974 |
| Aircraft financing | 662,126 | 41,946 | 704,072 |
| Construction equipment financing | 299,938 | 15,408 | 315,346 |
| Commercial real estate | 546,426 | 27,853 | 574,279 |
| Total | \$ 2,765,911 | \$ 125,345 | \$ 2,891,256 |
| December 31, 2012 | | | |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | \$ 612,567 | \$ 26,502 | \$ 639,069 |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | 428,582 | 9,565 | 438,147 |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | 170,116 | 1,886 | 172,002 |
| Aircraft financing | 648,316 | 48,163 | 696,479 |
| Construction equipment financing | 262,980 | 15,994 | 278,974 |
| Commercial real estate | 507,219 | 47,749 | 554,968 |
| Total | \$ 2,629,780 | \$ 149,859 | \$ 2,779,639 |

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For residential real estate and consumer loans, credit quality is based on the aging status of the loan and by payment activity. The table below presents the recorded investment in residential real estate and consumer loans by performing or nonperforming status. Nonperforming loans are those loans which are on nonaccrual status or are 90 days or more past due.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Performing | Nonperforming | Total |
|-------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | |
| Residential real estate | \$ 452,561 | \$ 2,766 | \$ 455,327 |
| Consumer | 121,109 | 426 | 121,535 |
| Total | \$ 573,670 | \$ 3,192 | \$ 576,862 |
| December 31, 2012 | | | |
| Residential real estate | \$ 435,962 | \$ 2,679 | \$ 438,641 |
| Consumer | 108,814 | 459 | 109,273 |
| Total | \$ 544,776 | \$ 3,138 | \$ 547,914 |

The table below presents the recorded investment of loans and leases, segregated by class, with delinquency aging and nonaccrual status.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Current | 30-59 Days Past Due | 60-89 Days Past Due | 90 Days or More Past Due and Accruing | Total Accruing Loans | Nonaccrual | Total Financing Receivables |
|---|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | | | | | |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | \$ 643,495 | \$ 714 | \$ 750 | \$ | \$ 644,959 | \$ 7,221 | \$ 652,180 |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | 451,659 | 349 | 110 | | 452,118 | 287 | 452,405 |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | 192,380 | | | | 192,380 | 594 | 192,974 |
| Aircraft financing | 688,856 | | 3,725 | | 692,581 | 11,491 | 704,072 |
| Construction equipment financing | 313,532 | 515 | | | 314,047 | 1,299 | 315,346 |
| Commercial real estate | 566,742 | | 51 | | 566,793 | 7,486 | 574,279 |
| Residential real estate | 451,005 | 956 | 600 | 220 | 452,781 | 2,546 | 455,327 |
| Consumer | 120,260 | 517 | 332 | 25 | 121,134 | 401 | 121,535 |
| Total | \$ 3,427,929 | \$ 3,051 | \$ 5,568 | \$ 245 | \$ 3,436,793 | \$ 31,325 | \$ 3,468,118 |
| December 31, 2012 | | | | | | | |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | \$ 629,035 | \$ 807 | \$ 48 | \$ | \$ 629,890 | \$ 9,179 | \$ 639,069 |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | 437,087 | 202 | | | 437,289 | 858 | 438,147 |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | 171,950 | | | | 171,950 | 52 | 172,002 |
| Aircraft financing | 691,187 | | | | 691,187 | 5,292 | 696,479 |
| Construction equipment financing | 272,817 | 598 | 274 | | 273,689 | 5,285 | 278,974 |
| Commercial real estate | 541,811 | 102 | | | 541,913 | 13,055 | 554,968 |
| Residential real estate | 434,434 | 1,019 | 509 | 356 | 436,318 | 2,323 | 438,641 |
| Consumer | 107,630 | 816 | 368 | 86 | 108,900 | 373 | 109,273 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|----|-----------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-----|----|-----------|----|--------|----|-----------|
| Total | \$ | 3,285,951 | \$ | 3,544 | \$ | 1,199 | \$ | 442 | \$ | 3,291,136 | \$ | 36,417 | \$ | 3,327,553 |
|-------|----|-----------|----|-------|----|-------|----|-----|----|-----------|----|--------|----|-----------|

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The table below presents impaired loans and leases, segregated by class, and the corresponding reserve for impaired loan and lease losses.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Recorded Investment | Unpaid Principal Balance | Related Allowance |
|---|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | |
| With no related allowance recorded: | | | |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | \$ 6,470 | \$ 6,468 | \$ |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | | | |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | 594 | 594 | |
| Aircraft financing | 2,301 | 2,301 | |
| Construction equipment financing | 1,214 | 1,213 | |
| Commercial real estate | 15,339 | 15,339 | |
| Residential real estate | | | |
| Consumer loans | | | |
| Total with no related allowance recorded | 25,918 | 25,915 | |
| With an allowance recorded: | | | |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | 5,189 | 5,189 | 49 |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | | | |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | | | |
| Aircraft financing | 9,132 | 9,132 | 1,491 |
| Construction equipment financing | | | |
| Commercial real estate | | | |
| Residential real estate | | | |
| Consumer loans | | | |
| Total with an allowance recorded | 14,321 | 14,321 | 1,540 |
| Total impaired loans | \$ 40,239 | \$ 40,236 | \$ 1,540 |
| December 31, 2012 | | | |
| With no related allowance recorded: | | | |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | \$ 2,572 | \$ 2,572 | \$ |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | 474 | 474 | |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | | | |
| Aircraft financing | 3,115 | 3,115 | |
| Construction equipment financing | 5,109 | 5,107 | |
| Commercial real estate | 19,597 | 19,597 | |
| Residential real estate | 101 | 101 | |
| Consumer loans | | | |
| Total with no related allowance recorded | 30,968 | 30,966 | |
| With an allowance recorded: | | | |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | 6,075 | 6,074 | 729 |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | | | |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | | | |
| Aircraft financing | 2,086 | 2,086 | 852 |
| Construction equipment financing | | | |
| Commercial real estate | 1,588 | 1,588 | 42 |
| Residential real estate | | | |
| Consumer loans | | | |
| Total with an allowance recorded | 9,749 | 9,748 | 1,623 |
| Total impaired loans | \$ 40,717 | \$ 40,714 | \$ 1,623 |

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Average recorded investment and interest income recognized on impaired loans and leases, segregated by class, is shown in the table below.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2013 | | 2012 | |
| | Average Recorded Investment | Interest Income | Average Recorded Investment | Interest Income | Average Recorded Investment | Interest Income | Average Recorded Investment | Interest Income |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | \$ 11,766 | \$ 98 | \$ 9,111 | \$ 2 | \$ 9,645 | \$ 133 | \$ 9,441 | \$ 12 |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | 39 | | 2,578 | | 221 | | 2,474 | 7 |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | 638 | | 434 | 1 | 292 | | 917 | 2 |
| Aircraft financing | 10,361 | 79 | 6,100 | | 8,832 | 79 | 8,831 | |
| Construction equipment financing | 1,447 | 1 | 4,512 | | 3,376 | 4 | 4,399 | 5 |
| Commercial real estate | 16,531 | 155 | 22,757 | 138 | 18,507 | 459 | 22,330 | 302 |
| Residential real estate | | | 104 | 2 | | | 82 | 4 |
| Consumer | | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 40,782 | \$ 333 | \$ 45,596 | \$ 143 | \$ 40,873 | \$ 675 | \$ 48,474 | \$ 332 |

The number of loans and leases classified as troubled debt restructuring (TDR) during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, segregated by class, are shown in the table below as well as the recorded investment as of September 30. The classification between nonperforming and performing is shown at the time of modification. During 2013 and 2012, modification programs focused on extending maturity dates or modifying payment patterns with most TDRs experiencing a combination of concessions. The modifications did not result in the contractual forgiveness of principal or interest or interest rate reductions below market rates. Consequently, the financial impact of the modifications is immaterial.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2013 | | 2012 | |
| | Number of Modifications | Recorded Investment | Number of Modifications | Recorded Investment | Number of Modifications | Recorded Investment | Number of Modifications | Recorded Investment |
| <i>Performing TDRs:</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | | \$ | | \$ | 1 | \$ 750 | | \$ |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | | | | | | | | |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | | | | | | | | |
| Aircraft financing | | | | | | | | |
| Construction equipment financing | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate | | | | | | | 1 | 7,014 |
| Residential real estate | | | | | | | 1 | 103 |
| Consumer | | | | | | | | |
| Total performing TDR modifications | | \$ | | \$ | 1 | \$ 750 | 2 | \$ 7,117 |
| <i>Nonperforming TDRs:</i> | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial and agricultural loans | | \$ | | \$ | 1 | \$ 299 | | \$ |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | | | | | | | | |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | | | | | | | | |

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| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------|---|----------|---|----------|---|----------|
| Aircraft financing | 1 | 4,201 | | | 1 | 4,201 | | |
| Construction equipment financing | | | | | | | 3 | 1,467 |
| Commercial real estate | | | 1 | 1,163 | | | 1 | 1,163 |
| Residential real estate | | | | | | | | |
| Consumer | | | | | | | | |
| Total nonperforming TDR modifications | 1 | \$ 4,201 | 1 | \$ 1,163 | 2 | \$ 4,500 | 4 | \$ 2,630 |
| Total TDR modifications | 1 | \$ 4,201 | 1 | \$ 1,163 | 3 | \$ 5,250 | 6 | \$ 9,747 |

There were no TDRs which had payment defaults within the twelve months following modification during the three months ended September 30, 2013. There was one commercial and agricultural TDR which had payment defaults within the twelve months following modification during the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

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This loan was transferred into Other Real Estate during the three months ended June 30, 2013. There were no TDRs which had payment defaults within twelve months following modification during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012. Default occurs when a loan or lease is 90 days or more past due under the modified terms or transferred to nonaccrual.

The table below presents the recorded investment of loans and leases classified as troubled debt restructurings as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

| (Dollars in thousands) | September 30, | | December 31, | |
|------------------------|---------------|--------|--------------|--------|
| | 2013 | | 2012 | |
| Performing TDRs | \$ | 9,205 | \$ | 8,839 |
| Nonperforming TDRs | | 11,845 | | 12,869 |
| Total TDRs | \$ | 21,050 | \$ | 21,708 |

Note 5. Reserve for Loan and Lease Losses

The reserve for loan and lease loss methodology has been consistently applied for several years, with enhancements instituted periodically. Reserve ratios are reviewed quarterly and revised periodically to reflect recent loss history and to incorporate current risks and trends which may not be recognized in historical data. As the historical charge-off analysis is updated, the Company reviews the look-back periods for each business loan portfolio. Furthermore, a thorough analysis of charge-offs, non-performing asset levels, special attention outstandings and delinquency is performed in order to review portfolio trends and other factors, including specific industry risks and economic conditions, which may have an impact on the reserves and reserve ratios applied to various portfolios. The Company adjusts the calculated historical based ratio as a result of the analysis of environmental factors, principally economic risk and concentration risk. Key economic factors affecting the portfolios are growth in gross domestic product, unemployment rates, housing market trends, commodity prices, inflation and global economic and political issues. Concentration risk is impacted primarily by geographic concentration in Northern Indiana and Southwestern Lower Michigan in the business banking and commercial real estate portfolios and by collateral concentration in the specialty finance portfolios and exposure to foreign markets by geographic risk.

The reserve for loan and lease losses is maintained at a level believed to be appropriate by the Company to absorb probable losses inherent in the loan and lease portfolio. The determination of the reserve requires significant judgment reflecting the Company's best estimate of probable loan and lease losses related to specifically identified impaired loans and leases as well as probable losses in the remainder of the various loan and lease portfolios. For purposes of determining the reserve, the Company has segmented loans and leases into classes based on the associated risk within these segments. The Company has determined that eight classes exist within the loan and lease portfolio. The methodology for assessing the appropriateness of the reserve consists of several key elements, which include: specific reserves for impaired loans, formula reserves for each business lending division portfolio including percentage allocations for special attention loans and leases not deemed impaired, and reserves for pooled homogeneous loans and leases. The Company's evaluation is based upon a continuing review of these portfolios, estimates of customer performance, collateral values and dispositions, and assessments of economic and geopolitical events, all of which are subject to judgment and will change.

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Changes in the reserve for loan and lease losses, segregated by class, for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are shown below.

| | Auto, light truck Commercial and environmental agricultural loans equipment | | | Construction equipment Commercial financing real estate | | | Residential real estate | Consumer loans | Total | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---------|----|---|----|---------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------|---------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|----|-----------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Reserve for loan and lease losses</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ | 12,202 | \$ | 11,889 | \$ | 3,178 | \$ | 33,323 | \$ | 6,065 | \$ | 13,529 | \$ | 3,895 | \$ | 1,609 | \$ | 85,690 |
| Charge-offs | | 49 | | 50 | | 1,277 | | | | | | | | 76 | | 219 | | 1,671 |
| Recoveries | | 114 | | 98 | | 308 | | 98 | | 64 | | 150 | | 1 | | 74 | | 907 |
| Net charge-offs (recoveries) | | (65) | | (48) | | (308) | | 1,179 | | (64) | | (150) | | 75 | | 145 | | 764 |
| Provision (recovery of provision) | | (255) | | (1,588) | | (83) | | 1,670 | | 448 | | (801) | | 70 | | 120 | | (419) |
| Balance, end of period | \$ | 12,012 | \$ | 10,349 | \$ | 3,403 | \$ | 33,814 | \$ | 6,577 | \$ | 12,878 | \$ | 3,890 | \$ | 1,584 | \$ | 84,507 |
| Ending balance, individually evaluated for impairment | \$ | 49 | \$ | | \$ | 1,491 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 1,540 |
| Ending balance, collectively evaluated for impairment | | 11,963 | | 10,349 | | 3,403 | | 32,323 | | 6,577 | | 12,878 | | 3,890 | | 1,584 | | 82,967 |
| Total reserve for loan and lease losses | \$ | 12,012 | \$ | 10,349 | \$ | 3,403 | \$ | 33,814 | \$ | 6,577 | \$ | 12,878 | \$ | 3,890 | \$ | 1,584 | \$ | 84,507 |
| <i>Recorded investment in loans</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ending balance, individually evaluated for impairment | \$ | 11,659 | \$ | | \$ | 594 | \$ | 11,433 | \$ | 1,214 | \$ | 15,339 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 40,239 |
| Ending balance, collectively evaluated for impairment | | 640,521 | | 452,405 | | 192,380 | | 692,639 | | 314,132 | | 558,940 | | 455,327 | | 121,535 | | 3,427,879 |
| Total recorded investment in loans | \$ | 652,180 | \$ | 452,405 | \$ | 192,974 | \$ | 704,072 | \$ | 315,346 | \$ | 574,279 | \$ | 455,327 | \$ | 121,535 | \$ | 3,468,118 |
| September 30, 2012 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Reserve for loan and lease losses</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ | 13,077 | \$ | 10,300 | \$ | 3,618 | \$ | 29,871 | \$ | 6,330 | \$ | 15,172 | \$ | 3,521 | \$ | 1,410 | \$ | 83,299 |
| Charge-offs | | 214 | | 210 | | 461 | | 1 | | 132 | | 159 | | 311 | | 1,488 | | |
| Recoveries | | 60 | | 356 | | 125 | | 163 | | 149 | | 91 | | 4 | | 90 | | 1,038 |
| Net charge-offs (recoveries) | | 154 | | (146) | | (125) | | 298 | | (148) | | 41 | | 155 | | 221 | | 450 |
| Provision (recovery of provision) | | 433 | | (496) | | (377) | | 1,427 | | (585) | | (99) | | 74 | | 273 | | 650 |
| Balance, end of period | \$ | 13,356 | \$ | 9,950 | \$ | 3,366 | \$ | 31,000 | \$ | 5,893 | \$ | 15,032 | \$ | 3,440 | \$ | 1,462 | \$ | 83,499 |
| Ending balance, individually evaluated for impairment | \$ | 878 | \$ | 500 | \$ | 886 | \$ | | \$ | 49 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 2,313 |
| Ending balance, collectively evaluated for impairment | | 12,478 | | 9,450 | | 3,366 | | 30,114 | | 5,893 | | 14,983 | | 3,440 | | 1,462 | | 81,186 |
| Total reserve for loan and lease losses | \$ | 13,356 | \$ | 9,950 | \$ | 3,366 | \$ | 31,000 | \$ | 5,893 | \$ | 15,032 | \$ | 3,440 | \$ | 1,462 | \$ | 83,499 |

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Recorded investment in loans

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| Ending balance, individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 9,148 | \$ 2,233 | \$ 322 | \$ 5,734 | \$ 4,355 | \$ 22,524 | \$ 103 | \$ | \$ 44,419 |
| Ending balance, collectively evaluated for impairment | 575,848 | 454,432 | 167,387 | 680,066 | 271,915 | 526,397 | 436,806 | 111,143 | 3,223,994 |
| Total recorded investment in loans | \$ 584,996 | \$ 456,665 | \$ 167,709 | \$ 685,800 | \$ 276,270 | \$ 548,921 | \$ 436,909 | \$ 111,143 | \$ 3,268,413 |

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Changes in the reserve for loan and lease losses, segregated by class, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are shown below.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Auto, light truck | | | Construction | | | Commercial real estate | Residential real estate | Consumer loans | Total |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------|
| | Commercial and agricultural loans | and environmental equipment | Medium and heavy duty truck financing | Aircraft financing | equipment financing | real estate | | | | |
| September 30, 2013 | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Reserve for loan and lease losses</i> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ 12,326 | \$ 9,584 | \$ 3,001 | \$ 34,205 | \$ 5,390 | \$ 13,778 | \$ 3,652 | \$ 1,375 | \$ 83,311 | |
| Charge-offs | 463 | 51 | | 1,308 | 88 | 164 | 230 | 820 | 3,124 | |
| Recoveries | 355 | 236 | 337 | 782 | 138 | 560 | 12 | 269 | 2,689 | |
| Net charge-offs (recoveries) | 108 | (185) | (337) | 526 | (50) | (396) | 218 | 551 | 435 | |
| Provision (recovery of provision) | (206) | 580 | 65 | 135 | 1,137 | (1,296) | 456 | 760 | 1,631 | |
| Balance, end of period | \$ 12,012 | \$ 10,349 | \$ 3,403 | \$ 33,814 | \$ 6,577 | \$ 12,878 | \$ 3,890 | \$ 1,584 | \$ 84,507 | |
| Ending balance, individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 49 | \$ | \$ | \$ 1,491 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 1,540 | |
| Ending balance, collectively evaluated for impairment | 11,963 | 10,349 | 3,403 | 32,323 | 6,577 | 12,878 | 3,890 | 1,584 | 82,967 | |
| Total reserve for loan and lease losses | \$ 12,012 | \$ 10,349 | \$ 3,403 | \$ 33,814 | \$ 6,577 | \$ 12,878 | \$ 3,890 | \$ 1,584 | \$ 84,507 | |
| <i>Recorded investment in loans</i> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ending balance, individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 11,659 | \$ | \$ 594 | \$ 11,433 | \$ 1,214 | \$ 15,339 | \$ | \$ | \$ 40,239 | |
| Ending balance, collectively evaluated for impairment | 640,521 | 452,405 | 192,380 | 692,639 | 314,132 | 558,940 | 455,327 | 121,535 | 3,427,879 | |
| Total recorded investment in loans | \$ 652,180 | \$ 452,405 | \$ 192,974 | \$ 704,072 | \$ 315,346 | \$ 574,279 | \$ 455,327 | \$ 121,535 | \$ 3,468,118 | |
| September 30, 2012 | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Reserve for loan and lease losses</i> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ 13,091 | \$ 8,469 | \$ 3,742 | \$ 28,626 | \$ 6,295 | \$ 16,772 | \$ 3,362 | \$ 1,287 | \$ 81,644 | |
| Charge-offs | 486 | 3,110 | | 600 | 120 | 274 | 232 | 1,106 | 5,928 | |
| Recoveries | 224 | 1,214 | 147 | 484 | 233 | 170 | 38 | 314 | 2,824 | |
| Net charge-offs (recoveries) | 262 | 1,896 | (147) | 116 | (113) | 104 | 194 | 792 | 3,104 | |
| Provision (recovery of provision) | 527 | 3,377 | (523) | 2,490 | (515) | (1,636) | 272 | 967 | 4,959 | |
| Balance, end of period | \$ 13,356 | \$ 9,950 | \$ 3,366 | \$ 31,000 | \$ 5,893 | \$ 15,032 | \$ 3,440 | \$ 1,462 | \$ 83,499 | |
| Ending balance, individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 878 | \$ 500 | \$ | \$ 886 | \$ | \$ 49 | \$ | \$ | \$ 2,313 | |
| Ending balance, collectively evaluated for impairment | 12,478 | 9,450 | 3,366 | 30,114 | 5,893 | 14,983 | 3,440 | 1,462 | 81,186 | |
| Total reserve for loan and lease losses | \$ 13,356 | \$ 9,950 | \$ 3,366 | \$ 31,000 | \$ 5,893 | \$ 15,032 | \$ 3,440 | \$ 1,462 | \$ 83,499 | |
| <i>Recorded investment in loans</i> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ending balance, individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 9,148 | \$ 2,233 | \$ 322 | \$ 5,734 | \$ 4,355 | \$ 22,524 | \$ 103 | \$ | \$ 44,419 | |
| Ending balance, collectively evaluated for impairment | 575,848 | 454,432 | 167,387 | 680,066 | 271,915 | 526,397 | 436,806 | 111,143 | 3,223,994 | |
| Total recorded investment in loans | \$ 584,996 | \$ 456,665 | \$ 167,709 | \$ 685,800 | \$ 276,270 | \$ 548,921 | \$ 436,909 | \$ 111,143 | \$ 3,268,413 | |

Note 6. Mortgage Servicing Assets

The Company recognizes the rights to service residential mortgage loans for others as separate assets, whether the servicing rights are acquired through a separate purchase or through the sale of originated loans with servicing rights retained. The Company allocates a portion of the total proceeds of a mortgage loan to servicing rights based on the relative fair value.

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The unpaid principal balance of residential mortgage loans serviced for third parties was \$851.70 million and \$921.20 million at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

Mortgage servicing assets are evaluated for impairment at each reporting date. For purposes of impairment measurement, mortgage servicing assets are stratified based on the predominant risk characteristics of the underlying servicing, principally by loan type. If temporary impairment exists within a tranche, a valuation allowance is established through a charge to income equal to the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value. If it is later determined all or a portion of the temporary impairment no longer exists for a particular tranche, the valuation allowance is reduced through a recovery of income.

Changes in the carrying value of mortgage servicing assets and the associated valuation allowance follow:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|----------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Mortgage servicing assets: | | | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ 4,634 | \$ 4,984 | \$ 4,645 | \$ 5,610 |
| Additions | 572 | 509 | 1,498 | 1,411 |
| Amortization | (328) | (739) | (1,265) | (2,267) |
| Sales | | | | |
| Carrying value before valuation allowance at end of period | 4,878 | 4,754 | 4,878 | 4,754 |
| Valuation allowance: | | | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | | (91) | | (238) |
| Impairment (charges) recoveries | | (377) | | (230) |
| Balance at end of period | \$ | \$ (468) | \$ | \$ (468) |
| Net carrying value of mortgage servicing assets at end of period | \$ 4,878 | \$ 4,286 | \$ 4,878 | \$ 4,286 |
| Fair value of mortgage servicing assets at end of period | \$ 7,656 | \$ 4,478 | \$ 7,656 | \$ 4,478 |

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company determined that it was not necessary to permanently write-down any previously established valuation allowance. At September 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of mortgage servicing assets exceeded the carrying value reported in the consolidated statement of financial condition by \$2.78 million and \$0.19 million, respectively. This difference represents increases in the fair value of certain mortgage servicing assets that could not be recorded above cost basis.

Mortgage loan contractual servicing fees, including late fees and ancillary income, were \$0.79 million and \$0.90 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Mortgage loan contractual servicing fees, including late fees and ancillary income, were \$2.43 million and \$2.72 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Mortgage loan contractual servicing fees are included in mortgage banking income in the consolidated statements of income.

Note 7. Commitments and Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

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1st Source and its subsidiaries are parties to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business. These off-balance-sheet financial instruments include commitments to originate and sell loans and standby letters of credit. The instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated statements of financial condition. The exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instruments for loan commitments and standby letters of credit is represented by the dollar amount of those instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies and collateral requirements in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance-sheet instruments.

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1st Source Bank (Bank), a subsidiary of 1st Source Corporation, grants mortgage loan commitments to borrowers, subject to normal loan underwriting standards. The interest rate risk associated with these loan commitments is managed by entering into contracts for future deliveries of loans. Loan commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

The Bank issues letters of credit which are conditional commitments that guarantee the performance of a client to a third party. The credit risk involved and collateral obtained in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan commitments to clients. Standby letters of credit totaled \$16.29 million and \$17.29 million at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Standby letters of credit generally have terms ranging from six months to one year.

Note 8. Derivative Financial Instruments

Commitments to originate residential mortgage loans held for sale and forward commitments to sell residential mortgage loans are considered derivative instruments. See Note 7 for further information.

The Company has certain interest rate derivative positions that are not designated as hedging instruments. Derivative assets and liabilities are recorded at fair value on the balance sheet and do take into account the effects of master netting agreements. Master netting agreements allow the Company to settle all derivative contracts held with a single counterparty on a net basis, and to offset net derivative positions with related collateral, where applicable. These derivative positions relate to transactions in which the Company enters into an interest rate swap with a client while at the same time entering into an offsetting interest rate swap with another financial institution. In connection with each transaction, the Company agrees to pay interest to the client on a notional amount at a variable interest rate and receive interest from the client on the same notional amount at a fixed interest rate. At the same time, the Company agrees to pay another financial institution the same fixed interest rate on the same notional amount and receive the same variable interest rate on the same notional amount. The transaction allows the client to effectively convert a variable rate loan to a fixed rate. Because the terms of the swaps with the customers and the other financial institutions offset each other, with the only difference being counterparty credit risk, changes in the fair value of the underlying derivative contracts are not materially different and do not significantly impact the Company's results of operations.

At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the amounts of non-hedging derivative financial instruments are shown in the chart below:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Notional or contractual amount | Asset derivatives | | Liability derivatives | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|------------|---|------------|-----|
| | | Statement of Financial Condition classification | Fair value | Statement of Financial Condition classification | Fair value | |
| September 30, 2013 | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swap contracts | \$ 445,258 | Other assets | \$ 10,902 | Other liabilities | \$ 11,110 | |
| Loan commitments | 8,497 | Mortgages held for sale | 82 | N/A | | |
| Forward contracts | 12,000 | N/A | | Mortgages held for sale | | 179 |
| Total | \$ 465,755 | | \$ 10,984 | | \$ 11,289 | |

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| December 31, 2012 | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----|---------|-------------------------|----|--------|-------------------------|----|--------|
| Interest rate swap contracts | \$ | 446,024 | Other assets | \$ | 16,126 | Other liabilities | \$ | 16,444 |
| Loan commitments | | 33,961 | Mortgages held for sale | | 220 | N/A | | |
| Forward contracts | | 21,500 | N/A | | | Mortgages held for sale | | 33 |
| Total | \$ | 501,485 | | \$ | 16,346 | | \$ | 16,477 |

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For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the amounts included in the consolidated statements of income for non-hedging derivative financial instruments are shown in the chart below:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Statement of Income classification | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Gain (loss) Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|---|--------|
| | | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Interest rate swap contracts | Other expense | \$ (2) | \$ 21 | \$ 111 | \$ 100 |
| Interest rate swap contracts | Other income | 169 | 333 | 567 | 586 |
| Loan commitments | Mortgage banking income | (71) | 64 | (138) | 205 |
| Forward contracts | Mortgage banking income | (943) | (350) | (146) | (448) |
| Total | | \$ (847) | \$ 68 | \$ 394 | \$ 443 |

At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 the offsetting of financial assets and derivative assets are shown in the chart below:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets | Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Position | Net Amounts of Assets Presented in the Statement of Financial Position | Gross amounts not offset in the Statement of Financial Position Financial Instruments | Cash Collateral Received | Net Amount |
|------------------------|---|--|---|--|-----------------------------|------------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | \$ 11,586 | \$ 684 | \$ 10,902 | \$ | \$ | \$ 10,902 |
| December 31, 2012 | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | \$ 17,422 | \$ 1,296 | \$ 16,126 | \$ | \$ | \$ 16,126 |

At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 the offsetting of financial liabilities and derivative liabilities are shown in the chart below:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Gross Amounts of Recognized Liabilities | Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Position | Net Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Statement of Financial Position | Gross amounts not offset in the Statement of Financial Position Financial Instruments | Cash Collateral Pledged | Net Amount |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--|----------------------------|------------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | \$ 11,794 | \$ 684 | \$ 11,110 | \$ | \$ 9,407 | \$ 1,703 |
| Repurchase agreements | 110,491 | | 110,491 | 110,491 | | |
| Total | \$ 122,285 | \$ 684 | \$ 121,601 | \$ 110,491 | \$ 9,407 | \$ 1,703 |
| December 31, 2012 | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | \$ 17,740 | \$ 1,296 | \$ 16,444 | \$ | \$ 15,811 | \$ 633 |
| Repurchase agreements | 100,180 | | 100,180 | 100,180 | | |
| Total | \$ 117,920 | \$ 1,296 | \$ 116,624 | \$ 100,180 | \$ 15,811 | \$ 633 |

If a default in performance of any obligation of a repurchase agreement occurs, each party will set-off property held in respect of transactions against obligations owing in respect of any other transactions.

Note 9. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per common share is computed using the two-class method. Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the applicable period, excluding outstanding participating securities. Participating securities include non-vested restricted stock awards. Non-vested restricted stock awards are considered participating securities to the extent the holders of these securities receive non-forfeitable dividends at the same rate as holders of common stock. Diluted earnings per common share is computed using the weighted-average number of shares determined for the basic earnings per common share computation plus the dilutive effect of stock compensation using the treasury stock method. Stock options, where the exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per common share because the result would have been antidilutive.

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There were no stock options outstanding as of September 30, 2013. No stock options were considered antidilutive as of September 30, 2012.

The following table presents a reconciliation of the number of shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

| (Dollars in thousands - except per share amounts) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Distributed earnings allocated to common stock | \$ 4,146 | \$ 4,127 | \$ 12,429 | \$ 11,899 |
| Undistributed earnings allocated to common stock | 10,552 | 8,706 | 28,271 | 24,872 |
| Net earnings allocated to common stock | 14,698 | 12,833 | 40,700 | 36,771 |
| Net earnings allocated to participating securities | 198 | 172 | 542 | 516 |
| Net income allocated to common stock and participating securities | \$ 14,896 | \$ 13,005 | \$ 41,242 | \$ 37,287 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding for basic earnings per common share | 24,366,220 | 24,279,178 | 24,352,073 | 24,267,535 |
| Dilutive effect of stock compensation | 889 | 10,317 | 781 | 10,625 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding for diluted earnings per common share | 24,367,109 | 24,289,495 | 24,352,854 | 24,278,160 |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$ 0.60 | \$ 0.53 | \$ 1.67 | \$ 1.52 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$ 0.60 | \$ 0.53 | \$ 1.67 | \$ 1.51 |

Note 10. Stock Based Compensation

As of September 30, 2013, the Company had four active stock-based employee compensation plans, which are more fully described in Note 15 of the Consolidated Financial Statements in 1st Source's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. These plans include three executive stock award plans, namely, the Executive Incentive Plan (EIP), the Restricted Stock Award Plan, and the 1998 Performance Compensation Plan; and the Employee Stock Purchase Plan. The last outstanding grant under the 2001 Stock Option Plan was exercised in March 2013. The 2011 Stock Option Plan was approved by the shareholders on April 21, 2011 but the Company had not made any grants through September 30, 2013.

Stock-based compensation expense for all stock-based compensation awards granted is based on the grant-date fair value. For all awards except stock option awards, the grant date fair value is either the fair market value per share or book value per share (corresponding to the type of stock awarded) as of the grant date. For stock option awards, the grant date fair value is estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. For all awards the Company recognizes these compensation costs only for those shares expected to vest on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the award, for which the Company uses the related vesting term. The Company estimates forfeiture rates based on historical employee option exercise and employee termination experience. The Company has identified separate groups of award recipients that exhibit similar option exercise behavior and employee termination experience and have considered them as separate groups in the valuation models and expense estimates.

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The stock-based compensation expense recognized in the consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 was based on awards ultimately expected to vest, and accordingly has been adjusted by the amount of estimated forfeitures. GAAP requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. Forfeitures were estimated based partially on historical experience.

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Total fair value of options vested and expensed was zero for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. As of September 30, 2013 there were no outstanding stock options. There were 7,500 stock options exercised at a weighted average price of \$12.04 during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. All shares issued in connection with stock option exercises are issued from available treasury stock.

As of September 30, 2013, there was \$6.69 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.25 years.

Note 11. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table presents reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | | Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income |
|---|--|--|---|
| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 | |
| Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities | | | |
| Realized losses included in net income | \$ (28) | \$ (28) | Investment securities and other investment gains |
| | (28) | (28) | Income before income taxes |
| Tax effect | 11 | 11 | Income tax expense |
| Net of tax | \$ (17) | \$ (17) | Net income |

Note 12. Income Taxes

The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits that would affect the effective tax rate if recognized was \$2.41 million at September 30, 2013 and \$2.02 million at December 31, 2012. Interest and penalties were recognized through the income tax provision. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Company recognized approximately \$0.11 million and \$(0.06) million in interest, net of tax effect, and penalties, respectively. Interest and penalties of approximately \$0.66 million and \$0.55 million were accrued at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Indiana Financial Institutions tax rate decreases from 8.5% to 8.0% and continues to decrease by 0.5% each of the next three years. As a result of the rate change, the Company decreased the carrying value of certain state deferred tax assets. The impact of this change was not material and was recorded in the financial statements during the second quarter of 2013.

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Tax years that remain open and subject to audit include the federal 2010-2012 years and the Indiana 2009-2012 years. The Company does not anticipate a significant change in the amount of uncertain tax positions within the next 12 months.

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Note 13. Fair Value Measurements

The Company records certain assets and liabilities at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements are also utilized to determine the initial value of certain assets and liabilities, to perform impairment assessments, and for disclosure purposes. The Company uses quoted market prices and observable inputs to the maximum extent possible when measuring fair value. In the absence of quoted market prices, various valuation techniques are utilized to measure fair value. When possible, observable market data for identical or similar financial instruments is used in the valuation. When market data is not available, fair value is determined using valuation models that incorporate management's estimates of the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Fair value measurements are classified within one of three levels based on the observability of the inputs used to determine fair value, as follows:

- Level 1 The valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments.

- Level 2 The valuation is based on observable inputs such as quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.

- Level 3 The valuation is based on unobservable inputs that are supported by minimal or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the instrument. Level 3 valuations are typically performed using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques that incorporate management's own estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the instrument, or valuations that require significant management judgment or estimation.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The Company elected fair value accounting for mortgages held for sale. The Company believes the election for mortgages held for sale (which are economically hedged with free standing derivatives) will reduce certain timing differences and better match changes in the value of these assets with changes in the value of derivatives used as economic hedges for these assets. At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, all mortgages held for sale were carried at fair value.

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The following table reflects the differences between the fair value carrying amount of mortgages held for sale measured at fair value and the aggregate unpaid principal amount the Company is contractually entitled to receive at maturity on September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Fair value carrying amount | Aggregate unpaid principal | Excess of fair value carrying amount over (under) unpaid principal |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| September 30, 2013 | | | |
| Mortgages held for sale reported at fair value | | | |
| Total Loans | \$ 7,157 | \$ 7,106 | \$ 51(1) |
| December 31, 2012 | | | |
| Mortgages held for sale reported at fair value | | | |
| Total Loans | \$ 10,879 | \$ 10,293 | \$ 586(1) |

(1) The excess of fair value carrying amount over unpaid principal is included in mortgage banking income and includes changes in fair value at and subsequent to funding, gains and losses on the related loan commitment prior to funding.

Financial Instruments on Recurring Basis:

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Investment securities available for sale are valued primarily by a third party pricing agent. Prices supplied by the independent pricing agent, as well as their pricing methodologies and assumptions, are reviewed by the Company for reasonableness and to ensure such prices are aligned with market levels. In general, the Company's investment securities do not possess a complex structure that could introduce greater valuation risk. The portfolio mainly consists of traditional investments including U.S. Treasury and Federal agencies securities, federal agency mortgage pass-through securities, and general obligation and revenue municipal bonds. Pricing for such instruments is fairly generic and is easily obtained. On a quarterly basis, prices supplied by the pricing agent are validated by comparison to prices obtained from other third party sources for a material portion of the portfolio.

The valuation policy and procedures for Level 3 fair value measurements of available for sale debt securities are decided through collaboration between management of the Corporate Accounting and Funds Management departments. The changes in fair value measurement for Level 3 securities are analyzed on a periodic basis under a collaborative framework with the aforementioned departments. The methodology and variables used for input are derived from the combination of observable and unobservable inputs. The unobservable inputs are determined through internal assumptions that may vary from period to period due to external factors, such as market movement and credit rating adjustments.

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Both the market and income valuation approaches are implemented using the following types of inputs:

- U.S. treasuries are priced using the market approach and utilizing live data feeds from active market exchanges for identical securities.
- Government-sponsored agency debt securities and corporate bonds are primarily priced using available market information through processes such as benchmark curves, market valuations of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing.
- Other government-sponsored agency securities, mortgage-backed securities and some of the actively traded REMICs and CMOs, are primarily priced using available market information including benchmark yields, prepayment speeds, spreads and volatility of similar securities.
- Other inactive government-sponsored agency securities are primarily priced using consensus pricing and dealer quotes.
- State and political subdivisions are largely grouped by characteristics, i.e., geographical data and source of revenue in trade dissemination systems. Since some securities are not traded daily and due to other grouping limitations, active market quotes are often obtained using benchmarking for like securities. Local direct placement municipal securities, with very little market activity, are priced using an appropriate market yield curve.
- Marketable equity (common) securities are primarily priced using the market approach and utilizing live data feeds from active market exchanges for identical securities.

Trading account securities are priced using the market approach and utilizing live data feeds from active market exchanges for identical securities.

Mortgages held for sale and the related loan commitments and forward contracts (hedges) are valued using a market value approach and utilizing an appropriate current market yield and a loan commitment closing rate based on historical analysis.

Interest rate swap positions, both assets and liabilities, are valued by a third party pricing agent using an income approach and utilizing models that use as their basis readily observable market parameters. This valuation process considers various factors including interest rate yield curves, time value and volatility factors. Validation of third party agent valuations is accomplished by comparing those values to the Company's swap counterparty valuations. Management believes an adjustment is required to mid-market valuations for derivatives tied to its performing loan portfolio to recognize the imprecision and related exposure inherent in the process of estimating expected credit losses as well as velocity of deterioration evident with systemic risks imbedded in these portfolios.

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The table below presents the balance of assets and liabilities at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|--|-----------|------------|----------|------------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | | |
| <u>Assets:</u> | | | | |
| Investment securities available-for-sale: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and Federal agencies securities | \$ 19,693 | \$ 376,600 | \$ | \$ 396,293 |
| U.S. States and political subdivisions securities | | 108,163 | 6,517 | 114,680 |
| Mortgage-backed securities Federal agencies | | 284,360 | | 284,360 |
| Corporate debt securities | | 31,123 | | 31,123 |
| Foreign government and other securities | | 707 | | 707 |
| Total debt securities | 19,693 | 800,953 | 6,517 | 827,163 |
| Marketable equity securities | 7,185 | | | 7,185 |
| Total investment securities available-for-sale | 26,878 | 800,953 | 6,517 | 834,348 |
| Trading account securities | 177 | | | 177 |
| Mortgages held for sale | | 7,157 | | 7,157 |
| Accrued income and other assets (Interest rate swap agreements) | | 10,902 | | 10,902 |
| Total | \$ 27,055 | \$ 819,012 | \$ 6,517 | \$ 852,584 |
| <u>Liabilities:</u> | | | | |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities (Interest rate swap agreements) | \$ | \$ 11,110 | \$ | \$ 11,110 |
| Total | \$ | \$ 11,110 | \$ | \$ 11,110 |
| December 31, 2012 | | | | |
| <u>Assets:</u> | | | | |
| Investment securities available-for-sale: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and Federal agencies securities | \$ 20,063 | \$ 402,190 | \$ | \$ 422,253 |
| U.S. States and political subdivisions securities | | 97,736 | 7,701 | 105,437 |
| Mortgage-backed securities Federal agencies | | 312,407 | | 312,407 |
| Corporate debt securities | | 31,248 | | 31,248 |
| Foreign government and other securities | | 3,726 | | 3,726 |
| Total debt securities | 20,063 | 847,307 | 7,701 | 875,071 |
| Marketable equity securities | 5,693 | | | 5,693 |
| Total investment securities available-for-sale | 25,756 | 847,307 | 7,701 | 880,764 |
| Trading account securities | 146 | | | 146 |
| Mortgages held for sale | | 10,879 | | 10,879 |
| Accrued income and other assets (Interest rate swap agreements) | | 16,126 | | 16,126 |
| Total | \$ 25,902 | \$ 874,312 | \$ 7,701 | \$ 907,915 |
| <u>Liabilities:</u> | | | | |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities (Interest rate swap agreements) | \$ | \$ 16,444 | \$ | \$ 16,444 |
| Total | \$ | \$ 16,444 | \$ | \$ 16,444 |

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The changes in investment securities available-for-sale Level 3 assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the quarter ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are summarized as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | U.S. States and political subdivisions securities |
|--|--|
| Beginning balance July 1, 2013 | \$ 5,452 |
| Total gains or losses (realized/unrealized): | |
| Included in earnings | |
| Included in other comprehensive income | 56 |
| Purchases | 1,500 |
| Issuances | |
| Settlements | |
| Maturities | (491) |
| Transfers into Level 3 | |
| Transfers out of Level 3 | |
| Ending balance September 30, 2013 | \$ 6,517 |
| Beginning balance July 1, 2012 | \$ 8,143 |
| Total gains or losses (realized/unrealized): | |
| Included in earnings | |
| Included in other comprehensive income | 72 |
| Purchases | |
| Issuances | |
| Settlements | |
| Maturities | (474) |
| Transfers into Level 3 | |
| Transfers out of Level 3 | |
| Ending balance September 30, 2012 | \$ 7,741 |

There were no gains or losses for the period included in earnings attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets and liabilities still held at September 30, 2013 or 2012. No transfers between levels occurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. One transfer between levels occurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2012. No transfers between Level 1 and 2 occurred during the period ended September 30, 2013. A foreign government debt security was transferred from Level 3 to Level 2 as of March 31, 2012 due to the Company's periodic review of valuation methodologies and inputs. The Company determined that the observable inputs used in determining fair value warranted a transfer to Level 2 as the unobservable inputs were deemed to be insignificant to the overall fair value measurement.

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The table below presents the valuation methodology and unobservable inputs for Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Fair Value | Valuation Methodology | Unobservable Inputs | Range of Inputs |
|--|------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | | |
| Investment securities available-for sale | | | | |
| Adjustable rate securities | \$ 1,708 | Discounted cash flows | Illiquidity adjustment | 4.00% - 8.00% |
| | | | Term assumption (1) | 5 yrs |
| | | | Coupon forecast assumption | 0.37% |
| Direct placement municipal securities | 4,809 | Discounted cash flows | Credit spread assumption | 1.16% - 1.66% |
| Total investment securities available-for-sale | \$ 6,517 | | | |
| December 31, 2012 | | | | |
| Investment securities available-for sale | | | | |
| Adjustable rate securities | \$ 3,364 | Discounted cash flows | Illiquidity adjustment | 4.00% - 8.00% |
| | | | Term assumption (1) | 5 yrs |
| | | | Coupon forecast assumption | 0.50% - 0.88% |
| Direct placement municipal securities | 4,337 | Discounted cash flows | Credit spread assumption | 1.22% - 1.95% |
| Total investment securities available-for-sale | \$ 7,701 | | | |

(1) Term assumption is influenced by security call history

The sensitivity to changes in the unobservable inputs and their impact on the fair value measurement can be significant. The significant unobservable inputs for adjustable rate securities are illiquidity, term and coupon forecast assumptions. The illiquidity adjustment is negatively correlated to the fair value measure. An increase (decrease) in the determined illiquidity adjustment will lower (increase) the fair value measure. The term assumption is negatively correlated to the fair value measure. An increase (decrease) in the determined term adjustment will decrease (increase) the fair value measure. The coupon forecast is positively correlated to the fair value measure. An increase (decrease) in the determined coupon forecast will increase (decrease) the fair value measure. A permutation that includes a change in the coupon forecast with a change in either or both of the two variables will mitigate the significance of the change to the fair value measure. The significant unobservable input for direct placement municipal securities is the underlying market level used to determine the fair value measure. An increase (decrease) in the estimated yield level of the market will decrease (increase) the fair value measure of the securities.

Financial Instruments on Non-recurring Basis:

The Company may be required, from time to time, to measure certain other financial assets at fair value on a non-recurring basis in accordance with GAAP. These adjustments to fair value usually result from application of lower of cost or market accounting or impairment charges of individual assets.

The Credit Policy Committee, a management committee, is responsible for overseeing the valuation processes and procedures for Level 3 measurements of impaired loans, other real estate and repossessions. The Committee reviews these assets on a quarterly basis to determine the accuracy of the observable inputs, generally third party appraisals, auction values, values derived from trade publications and data submitted by

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the borrower, and the appropriateness of the unobservable inputs, generally discounts due to current market conditions and collection issues. The Committee establishes discounts based on asset type and valuation source; deviations from the standard are documented. The discounts are reviewed periodically, annually at a minimum, to determine they remain appropriate. Consideration is given to current trends in market values for the asset categories and gain and losses on sales of similar assets. The Loan and Funds Management Committee of the Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Credit Policy Committee.

Discounts vary depending on the nature of the assets and the source of value. Aircraft are generally valued using quarterly trade publications adjusted for engine time, condition, maintenance programs, discounted by 10%. Likewise, autos are valued using current auction values, discounted by 10%; medium and heavy duty trucks are valued using trade publications and auction values, discounted by 15%. Construction equipment and environmental equipment is generally valued using trade publications and auction values, discounted by 20%. Real estate is valued based on appraisals or evaluations, discounted by 20% at a minimum with higher discounts for property in poor condition or property with characteristics which may make it more difficult to market. Commercial loans subject to borrowing base certificates are generally discounted by 20% for receivables and 40% - 75% for inventory with higher discounts when monthly borrowing base certificates are not required or received.

Impaired loans and related write-downs are based on the fair value of the underlying collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. Collateral values are reviewed quarterly and estimated using customized discounting criteria, appraisals and dealer and trade magazine quotes which are used in a market valuation approach. In accordance with fair value measurements, only impaired loans for which a reserve for loan loss has been established based on the fair value collateral require classification in the fair value hierarchy. As a result, only a portion of the Company's impaired loans are classified in the fair value hierarchy.

Partnership investments and the adjustments to fair value primarily result from application of lower of cost or fair value accounting. The partnership investments are priced using financial statements provided by the partnerships. Quantitative unobservable inputs are not reasonably available for reporting purposes.

The Company has established mortgage servicing rights (MSRs) valuation policies and procedures based on industry standards and to ensure valuation methodologies are consistent and verifiable. MSRs and related adjustments to fair value result from application of lower of cost or fair value accounting. For purposes of impairment, MSRs are stratified based on the predominant risk characteristics of the underlying servicing, principally by loan type. The fair value of each tranche of the servicing portfolio is estimated by calculating the present value of estimated future net servicing cash flows, taking into consideration actual and expected mortgage loan prepayment rates, discount rates, servicing costs, and other economic factors. Prepayment rates and discount rates are derived through a third party pricing agent. Changes in the most significant inputs, including prepayment rates and discount rates, are compared to the changes in the fair value measurements and appropriate resolution is made. A fair value analysis is also obtained from an independent third party agent and compared to the internal valuation for reasonableness. MSRs do not trade in an active, open market with readily observable prices and though sales of MSRs do occur, precise terms and conditions typically are not readily available and the characteristics of the Company's servicing portfolio may differ from those of any servicing portfolios that do trade.

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Other real estate is based on the lower of cost or fair value of the underlying collateral less expected selling costs. Collateral values are estimated primarily using appraisals and reflect a market value approach. Fair values are reviewed quarterly and new appraisals are obtained annually. Repossessions are similarly valued.

For assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis the following represents impairment charges (recoveries) recognized on these assets during the quarter ended September 30, 2013: impaired loans - \$0.00 million; partnership investments - \$(0.07) million; mortgage servicing rights - \$0.00 million; repossessions - \$0.00 million, and other real estate - \$0.10 million.

The table below presents the carrying value of assets at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|---|-----------|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | | |
| Impaired loans - collateral based | \$ | \$ | \$ 7,608 | \$ 7,608 |
| Accrued income and other assets (partnership investments) | | | 2,017 | 2,017 |
| Accrued income and other assets (mortgage servicing rights) | | | 4,878 | 4,878 |
| Accrued income and other assets (repossessions) | | | 2,811 | 2,811 |
| Accrued income and other assets (other real estate) | | | 5,953 | 5,953 |
| Total | \$ | \$ | \$ 23,267 | \$ 23,267 |
| December 31, 2012 | | | | |
| Impaired loans - collateral based | \$ | \$ | \$ 2,027 | \$ 2,027 |
| Accrued income and other assets (partnership investments) | | | 2,032 | 2,032 |
| Accrued income and other assets (mortgage servicing rights) | | | 4,645 | 4,645 |
| Accrued income and other assets (repossessions) | | | 63 | 63 |
| Accrued income and other assets (other real estate) | | | 5,344 | 5,344 |
| Total | \$ | \$ | \$ 14,111 | \$ 14,111 |

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The table below presents the valuation methodology and unobservable inputs for Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Carrying Value | Fair Value | Valuation Methodology | Unobservable Inputs | Range of Inputs |
|---------------------------|----------------|------------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | | | |
| Impaired loans | \$ 7,608 | \$ 7,608 | Collateral based measurements including appraisals, trade publications, auction values | Discount for lack of marketability and current conditions | 10% - 90% |
| Mortgage servicing rights | 4,878 | 7,656 | Discounted cash flows | Constant prepayment rate (CPR) Discount rate | 11.1% - 15.7% 9.75% - 12.75% |
| Repossessions | 2,811 | 2,957 | Appraisals, trade publications and auction values | Discount for lack of marketability | 0% - 3% |
| Other real estate | 5,953 | 7,072 | Appraisals | Discount for lack of marketability | 0% - 74% |
| December 31, 2012 | | | | | |
| Impaired loans | \$ 2,027 | \$ 2,027 | Collateral based measurements including appraisals, trade publications, auction values | Discount for lack of marketability and current conditions | 10% - 90% |
| Mortgage servicing rights | 4,645 | 5,760 | Discounted cash flows | Constant prepayment rate (CPR) Discount rate | 14.1% - 23.2% 8.5% - 11.5% |
| Repossessions | 63 | 59 | Appraisals, trade publications and auction values | Discount for lack of marketability | 0% - 45% |
| Other real estate | 5,344 | 6,550 | Appraisals | Discount for lack of marketability | 0% - 68% |

GAAP requires disclosure of the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, including those financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis.

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The fair values of the Company's financial instruments as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are summarized in the table below.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Carrying or Contract Value | Fair Value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| September 30, 2013 | | | | | |
| <u>Assets:</u> | | | | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ 90,090 | \$ 90,090 | \$ 90,090 | \$ | \$ |
| Federal funds sold and interest bearing deposits with other banks | 1,676 | 1,676 | 1,676 | | |
| Investment securities, available-for-sale | 834,348 | 834,348 | 26,878 | 800,953 | 6,517 |
| Other investments and trading account securities | 22,586 | 22,586 | 22,586 | | |
| Mortgages held for sale | 7,157 | 7,157 | | 7,157 | |
| Loans and leases, net of reserve for loan and lease losses | 3,383,611 | 3,408,703 | | | 3,408,703 |
| Cash surrender value of life insurance policies | 58,057 | 58,057 | 58,057 | | |
| Mortgage servicing rights | 4,878 | 7,656 | | | 7,656 |
| Interest rate swaps | 10,902 | 10,902 | | 10,902 | |
| <u>Liabilities:</u> | | | | | |
| Deposits | \$ 3,679,416 | \$ 3,686,218 | \$ 2,636,029 | \$ 1,050,189 | \$ |
| Short-term borrowings | 221,442 | 221,442 | 152,714 | 68,728 | |
| Long-term debt and mandatorily redeemable securities | 58,440 | 57,837 | | 57,837 | |
| Subordinated notes | 58,764 | 71,707 | | 71,707 | |
| Interest rate swaps | 11,110 | 11,110 | | 11,110 | |
| Off-balance-sheet instruments * | | 166 | | 166 | |
| December 31, 2012 | | | | | |
| <u>Assets:</u> | | | | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ 83,232 | \$ 83,232 | \$ 83,232 | \$ | \$ |
| Federal funds sold and interest bearing deposits with other banks | 702 | 702 | 702 | | |
| Investment securities, available-for-sale | 880,764 | 880,764 | 25,756 | 847,307 | 7,701 |
| Other investments and trading account securities | 22,755 | 22,755 | 22,755 | | |
| Mortgages held for sale | 10,879 | 10,879 | | 10,879 | |
| Loans and leases, net of reserve for loan and lease losses | 3,244,242 | 3,287,976 | | | 3,287,976 |
| Cash surrender value of life insurance policies | 56,572 | 56,572 | 56,572 | | |
| Mortgage servicing rights | 4,645 | 5,760 | | | 5,760 |
| Interest rate swaps | 16,126 | 16,126 | | 16,126 | |
| <u>Liabilities:</u> | | | | | |
| Deposits | \$ 3,624,347 | \$ 3,641,280 | \$ 2,556,122 | \$ 1,085,158 | \$ |
| Short-term borrowings | 169,188 | 169,188 | 161,138 | 8,050 | |
| Long-term debt and mandatorily redeemable securities | 71,021 | 71,557 | | 71,557 | |
| Subordinated notes | 58,764 | 72,914 | | 72,914 | |
| Interest rate swaps | 16,444 | 16,444 | | 16,444 | |
| Off-balance-sheet instruments * | | 188 | | 188 | |

* Represents estimated cash outflows required to currently settle the obligations at current market rates.

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The methodologies for estimating fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis are discussed above. The estimated fair value approximates carrying value for cash and due from banks, federal funds sold and interest bearing deposits with other banks, other investments, and cash surrender value of life insurance policies. The methodologies for other financial assets and financial liabilities are discussed below:

Loans and Leases For variable rate loans and leases that reprice frequently and with no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying values. The fair values of other loans and leases are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses which use interest rates currently being offered for loans and leases with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality.

Deposits The fair values for all deposits other than time deposits are equal to the amounts payable on demand (the carrying value). Fair values of variable rate time deposits are equal to their carrying values. Fair values for fixed rate time deposits are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses using interest rates currently being offered for deposits with similar remaining maturities.

Short-Term Borrowings The carrying values of Federal funds purchased, securities sold under repurchase agreements, and other short-term borrowings, including the liability related to mortgage loans available for repurchase under GNMA optional repurchase programs, approximate their fair values.

Long-Term Debt and Mandatorily Redeemable Securities The fair values of long-term debt are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, based on the current estimated incremental borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements. The carrying values of mandatorily redeemable securities are based on the current estimated cost of redeeming these securities which approximate their fair values.

Subordinated Notes Fair values are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are estimated based on calculated market prices of comparable securities.

Off-Balance-Sheet Instruments Contract and fair values for certain off-balance-sheet financial instruments (guarantees) are estimated based on fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the counterparties credit standing.

Limitations Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time based on relevant market information and information about the financial instruments. Because no market exists for a significant portion of the financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other such factors.

These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time the Company's entire holdings of a particular financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and require considerable judgment to interpret market data. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could realize in a current market exchange, nor are they intended to represent the fair value of 1st Source as a whole. The use of different market assumptions and/or estimation

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methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts. The fair value estimates presented herein are based on pertinent information available to management as of the respective balance sheet date. Although the Company is not aware of any factors that would significantly affect the estimated fair value amounts, such amounts have not been comprehensively revalued since the presentation dates, and therefore, estimates of fair value after the balance sheet date may differ significantly from the amounts presented herein.

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Other significant assets, such as premises and equipment, other assets, and liabilities not defined as financial instruments, are not included in the above disclosures. Also, the fair value estimates for deposits do not include the benefit that results from the low-cost funding provided by the deposit liabilities compared to the cost of borrowing funds in the market.

ITEM 2.

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following management's discussion and analysis is presented to provide information concerning 1st Source Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the Company, we, and our) financial condition as of September 30, 2013, as compared to December 31, 2012, and the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the financial and statistical data appearing elsewhere in this report and our 2012 Annual Report.

Except for historical information contained herein, the matters discussed in this document express forward-looking statements. Generally, the words believe, contemplate, seek, plan, possible, assume, expect, intend, targeted, continue, remain, estimate, anticipate, indicate, would, may and other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. Those statements, including statements, projections, estimates or assumptions concerning future events or performance, and other statements that are other than statements of historical fact, are subject to material risks and uncertainties. We caution readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. We may make other written or oral forward-looking statements from time to time. Readers are advised that various important factors could cause our actual results or circumstances for future periods to differ materially from those anticipated or projected in such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to, changes in law, regulations or U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; our competitive position within the markets we serve; increasing consolidation within the banking industry; unforeseen changes in interest rates; unforeseen changes in loan prepayment assumptions; unforeseen downturns in or major events affecting the local, regional or national economies or the industries in which we have credit concentrations; and other matters discussed in our filings with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2012, which filings are available from the SEC. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Our total assets at September 30, 2013 were \$4.65 billion, an increase of \$99.27 million or 2.18% from December 31, 2012. Total loans and leases were \$3.47 billion, an increase of \$140.57 million or 4.22% from December 31, 2012. Total investment securities, available for sale were \$834.35 million which represented a decrease of \$46.42 million or 5.27% and total deposits were \$3.68 billion, an increase of \$55.07 million or 1.52% over the comparable figures at the end of 2012. Short-term borrowings were \$221.44 million, an increase of \$52.25 million or 30.89% from December 31, 2012.

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Nonperforming assets at September 30, 2013 were \$40.33 million, which was a decrease of \$1.94 million or 4.57% from the \$42.27 million reported at December 31, 2012. At September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, nonperforming assets were 1.14% and 1.25%, respectively of net loans and leases.

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Accrued income and other assets were as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | September 30, 2013 | December 31, 2012 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Accrued income and other assets: | | |
| Bank owned life insurance cash surrender value | \$ 58,057 | \$ 56,572 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 12,913 | 12,698 |
| Mortgage servicing assets | 4,878 | 4,645 |
| Other real estate | 5,002 | 4,311 |
| Former bank premises held for sale | 951 | 1,034 |
| Repossessions | 2,811 | 63 |
| All other assets | 32,626 | 44,105 |
| Total accrued income and other assets | \$ 117,238 | \$ 123,428 |

CAPITAL

As of September 30, 2013, total shareholders' equity was \$578.23 million, up \$19.57 million or 3.50% from the \$558.66 million at December 31, 2012. In addition to net income of \$41.24 million, other significant changes in shareholders' equity during the first nine months of 2013 included \$12.52 million of dividends paid. The accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) component of shareholders' equity totaled \$9.01 million at September 30, 2013, compared to \$19.54 million at December 31, 2012. The decrease in accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) during 2013 was the result of changes in unrealized gain/(loss) on securities in the available-for-sale portfolio. Our equity-to-assets ratio was 12.44% as of September 30, 2013, compared to 12.28% at December 31, 2012. Book value per common share rose to \$23.77 at September 30, 2013, from \$23.04 at December 31, 2012.

We declared and paid dividends per common share of \$0.17 during the third quarter of 2013. The trailing four quarters dividend payout ratio, representing dividends per common share divided by diluted earnings per common share, was 31.48%. The dividend payout is continually reviewed by management and the Board of Directors subject to the Company's capital and dividend policy.

The banking regulators have established guidelines for leverage capital requirements, expressed in terms of Tier 1 or core capital as a percentage of average assets, to measure the soundness of a financial institution. In addition, banking regulators have established risk-based capital guidelines for U.S. banking organizations. The actual capital amounts and ratios of 1st Source Corporation and 1st Source Bank as of September 30, 2013, are presented in the table below:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Actual | | Minimum Capital Adequacy | | Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions | |
|---|------------|--------|--------------------------|-------|---|--------|
| | Amount | Ratio | Amount | Ratio | Amount | Ratio |
| Total Capital (to Risk-Weighted Assets): | | | | | | |
| 1st Source Corporation | \$ 588,627 | 15.89% | \$ 296,294 | 8.00% | \$ 370,368 | 10.00% |
| 1st Source Bank | 558,869 | 15.12 | 295,741 | 8.00 | 369,676 | 10.00 |
| Tier 1 Capital (to Risk-Weighted Assets): | | | | | | |

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| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|-------|---------|------|---------|------|
| Ist Source Corporation | 539,572 | 14.57 | 148,147 | 4.00 | 222,221 | 6.00 |
| Ist Source Bank | 511,491 | 13.84 | 147,871 | 4.00 | 221,806 | 6.00 |
| Tier 1 Capital (to Average Assets): | | | | | | |
| Ist Source Corporation | 539,572 | 11.91 | 181,151 | 4.00 | 226,439 | 5.00 |
| Ist Source Bank | 511,491 | 11.31 | 180,875 | 4.00 | 226,093 | 5.00 |

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In July of 2013, the Federal Reserve and other federal banking agencies issued the final Basel III rule to help ensure that banks maintain strong capital positions. Under the final rule, minimum requirements increase for both the quantity and quality of capital held by banking organizations. The rule includes a new minimum ratio of common equity tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets of 4.5% and a common equity tier 1 capital conservation buffer of 2.5% of risk-weighted assets that apply to all supervised financial institutions. The rule also raises the minimum ratio of tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets from 4.0% to 6.0% and includes a minimum leverage ratio of 4.0% for all banking organizations. These new standards will become effective for us on January 1, 2015.

LIQUIDITY AND INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY

Effective liquidity management ensures that the cash flow requirements of depositors and borrowers, as well as our operating cash needs are met. Funds are available from a number of sources, including the securities portfolio, the core deposit base, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) borrowings, Federal Reserve Bank (FRB) borrowings, and the capability to package loans for sale.

We have borrowing sources available to supplement deposits and meet our funding needs. 1st Source Bank has established relationships with several banks to provide short term borrowings in the form of federal funds purchased. At September 30, 2013 we had \$37.50 million outstanding and could borrow approximately \$227.50 million for a short time from these banks on a collective basis. As of September 30, 2013, we had \$92.65 million outstanding in FHLB advances and could borrow an additional \$103.04 million. We also had \$344.47 million available to borrow from the FRB with no amounts outstanding as of September 30, 2013.

Our loan to asset ratio was 74.58% at September 30, 2013 compared to 73.12% at December 31, 2012 and 72.82% at September 30, 2012. Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$91.77 million at September 30, 2013 compared to \$83.93 million at December 31, 2012 and \$71.81 million at September 30, 2012. At September 30, 2013, the consolidated statement of financial condition was rate sensitive by \$178.35 million more assets than liabilities scheduled to reprice within one year, or approximately 1.09%. Management believes that the present funding sources provide adequate liquidity to meet our cash flow needs.

Under Indiana law governing the collateralization of public fund deposits, the Indiana Board of Depositories determines which financial institutions are required to pledge collateral based on the strength of their financial ratings. We have been informed that no collateral is required for our public fund deposits. However, the Board of Depositories could alter this requirement in the future and adversely impact our liquidity. Our potential liquidity exposure if we must pledge collateral is approximately \$613 million.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net income for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 was \$14.90 million and \$41.24 million, compared to \$13.01 million and \$37.29 million for the same periods in 2012. Diluted net income per common share was \$0.60 and \$1.67 for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013, compared to \$0.53 and \$1.51 for the same periods in 2012. Return on average common shareholders' equity was 9.65% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to 9.21% in 2012. The return on total average assets was 1.20% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to 1.12% in 2012.

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The increase in net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, over the first nine months of 2012, was primarily the result of an increase in net interest income and a decrease in provision for loan and lease losses. Details of the changes in the various components of net income are discussed further below.

Table of Contents**NET INTEREST INCOME**

The taxable equivalent net interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2013 was \$41.60 million, an increase of 8.29% over the same period in 2012. The net interest margin on a fully taxable equivalent basis was 3.79% for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared to 3.63% for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The taxable equivalent net interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was \$119.15 million, an increase of 3.75% over 2012, resulting in a net yield of 3.69% compared to a net yield of 3.70% for the same period in 2012.

During the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013, average earning assets increased \$144.60 million or 3.44% and \$168.24 million or 4.06% respectively, over the comparable periods in 2012. Average interest-bearing liabilities increased \$51.72 million or 1.59% and \$57.47 million or 1.78% respectively, for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 over the comparable periods one year ago. The yield on average earning assets decreased 4 basis points to 4.32% for the third quarter of 2013 from 4.36% for the third quarter of 2012. The yield on average earning assets for the nine month period ended September 30, 2013 decreased 21 basis points to 4.24% from 4.45% for the nine month period ended September 30, 2012. The rate earned on assets decreased due to the reduction in loan and investment yields in the current interest rate environment. Total cost of average interest-bearing liabilities decreased 24 basis points to 0.70% for the third quarter 2013 from 0.94% for the third quarter 2012. Total cost of average interest-bearing liabilities decreased 25 basis points to 0.72% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, from 0.97% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The result to the net interest margin, or the ratio of net interest income to average earning assets, was an increase of 16 basis points and a decrease of 1 basis point, respectively for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 from September 30, 2012.

The largest contributor to the decrease in the yield on average earning assets for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, was a reduction in yields on net loans and leases of 10 basis points and 30 basis points, respectively. The yields on net loans and leases would have seen further decreases of 18 basis points and 6 basis points for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013, respectively, were it not for the positive impact of interest recoveries. Average net loans and leases increased \$215.64 million or 6.60% for the third quarter of 2013 from the third quarter of 2012 and \$226.23 million or 7.09% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. Total average investment securities decreased \$29.52 million or 3.45% for the third quarter and decreased \$34.17 million or 3.90% for the nine month period over one year ago. Tax equivalent yield on investment securities decreased 13 basis points for the third quarter 2013. Average mortgages held for sale decreased \$14.49 million or 64.49% and \$8.69 million or 51.07% respectively, for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013, over the comparable periods a year ago. Average other investments, which include federal funds sold, time deposits with other banks, Federal Reserve Bank excess balances, Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank stock and commercial paper, decreased \$27.03 million or 44.15% and \$15.13 million or 24.10% respectively, for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013, over the comparable periods a year ago.

Average interest-bearing deposits increased \$44.07 million or 1.49% and \$66.84 million or 2.27% respectively, for the third quarter of 2013 and the first nine months of 2013 over the same periods in 2012. The effective rate paid on average interest-bearing deposits decreased 19 basis points to 0.54% for the third quarter 2013 compared to 0.73% for the third quarter 2012. The effective rate paid on average interest-bearing deposits decreased 18 basis points to 0.58% for the first nine months of 2013 compared to 0.76% for the first nine months of 2012. The decline in the average cost of interest-bearing deposits during the third quarter of 2013 and the first nine months of 2013 as compared to the third quarter and first nine months of 2012 was primarily the result of interest rate re-pricing on maturing certificates of deposit and a change in deposit mix.

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Average short-term borrowings increased \$46.11 million or 32.95% and increased \$8.33 million or 5.94%, respectively for the third quarter of 2013 and the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same periods in 2012 in order to fund loan growth. Interest paid on short-term borrowings increased 5 basis points for the third quarter and was flat for the first nine months of 2013. Average subordinated notes decreased \$30.93 million for the third quarter of 2013 and the first nine months of 2013 while the effective rate paid decreased 19 basis points and 16 basis points, respectively due to the redemption of trust preferred securities in December 2012. Average long-term debt decreased \$7.54 million or 11.46% during the third quarter of 2013 as compared to the third quarter of 2012 and increased \$13.22 million or 25.87% during the first nine months of 2013 as compared to the first nine months of 2012. The decrease in long-term borrowings during the third quarter of 2013 as compared to the third quarter of 2012 was the result of decreased borrowings with the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB). The increase in long-term borrowings for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to the same period a year ago was mainly the result of higher borrowings with the FHLB. Interest paid on long-term borrowings increased 58 basis points for the third quarter of 2013 compared to the third quarter of 2012 due to higher rates on mandatorily redeemable securities, offset by lower effective rates on FHLB borrowings. Interest paid on long-term borrowings decreased 93 basis points for the first nine months of 2013 compared to the first nine months of 2012 due to lower effective rates on FHLB borrowings.

The following table provides an analysis of net interest income and illustrates the interest earned and interest expense charged for each major component of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. Yields/rates are computed on a tax-equivalent basis, using a 35% rate. Nonaccrual loans and leases are included in the average loan and lease balance outstanding.

DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

INTEREST RATES AND INTEREST DIFFERENTIAL

(Dollars in thousands)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| | 2013 | | | 2012 | | | 2013 | | | 2012 | | |
| | Average Balance | Interest Income/ Expense | Yield/ Rate | Average Balance | Interest Income/ Expense | Yield/ Rate | Average Balance | Interest Income/ Expense | Yield/ Rate | Average Balance | Interest Income/ Expense | Yield/ Rate |
| ASSETS: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment securities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxable | \$ 717,081 | \$ 3,581 | 1.98% | \$ 750,003 | \$ 3,913 | 2.08% | \$ 736,192 | \$ 10,774 | 1.96% | \$ 768,994 | \$ 12,574 | 2.18% |
| Tax exempt | 108,395 | 1,126 | 4.12% | 104,991 | 1,225 | 4.64% | 105,825 | 3,385 | 4.28% | 107,189 | 3,739 | 4.66% |
| Mortgages - held for sale | 7,979 | 87 | 4.33% | 22,470 | 193 | 3.42% | 8,329 | 235 | 3.77% | 17,022 | 451 | 3.54% |
| Net loans and leases | 3,483,942 | 42,389 | 4.83% | 3,268,304 | 40,531 | 4.93% | 3,415,752 | 121,714 | 4.76% | 3,189,526 | 120,733 | 5.06% |
| Other investments | 34,186 | 229 | 2.66% | 61,214 | 231 | 1.50% | 47,644 | 712 | 2.00% | 62,769 | 688 | 1.46% |
| Total Earning Assets | 4,351,583 | 47,412 | 4.32% | 4,206,982 | 46,093 | 4.36% | 4,313,742 | 136,820 | 4.24% | 4,145,500 | 138,185 | 4.45% |
| Cash and due from banks | 58,122 | | | 58,226 | | | 58,648 | | | 60,048 | | |
| Reserve for loan and lease losses | (86,570) | | | (84,120) | | | (85,204) | | | (83,221) | | |
| Other assets | 302,822 | | | 318,337 | | | 306,846 | | | 325,126 | | |
| Total | \$ 4,625,957 | | | \$ 4,499,425 | | | \$ 4,594,032 | | | \$ 4,447,453 | | |

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Interest-bearing deposits | \$ 2,992,091 | \$ 4,089 | 0.54% | \$ 2,948,022 | \$ 5,419 | 0.73% | \$ 3,016,570 | \$ 13,043 | 0.58% | \$ 2,949,726 | \$ 16,868 | 0.76% |
| Short-term borrowings | 186,064 | 72 | 0.15% | 139,951 | 36 | 0.10% | 148,626 | 149 | 0.13% | 140,294 | 136 | 0.13% |
| Subordinated notes | 58,764 | 1,055 | 7.12% | 89,692 | 1,647 | 7.31% | 58,764 | 3,165 | 7.20% | 89,692 | 4,942 | 7.36% |
| Long-term debt and mandatorily redeemable securities | 58,244 | 592 | 4.03% | 65,780 | 571 | 3.45% | 64,307 | 1,315 | 2.73% | 51,090 | 1,399 | 3.66% |
| Total Interest-Bearing Liabilities | 3,295,163 | 5,808 | 0.70% | 3,243,445 | 7,673 | 0.94% | 3,288,267 | 17,672 | 0.72% | 3,230,802 | 23,345 | 0.97% |
| Noninterest-bearing deposits | 705,778 | | | 635,152 | | | 677,269 | | | 603,805 | | |
| Other liabilities | 50,427 | | | 70,865 | | | 56,804 | | | 71,806 | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 574,589 | | | 549,963 | | | 571,692 | | | 541,040 | | |
| Total | \$ 4,625,957 | | | \$ 4,499,425 | | | \$ 4,594,032 | | | \$ 4,447,453 | | |
| Net Interest Income | \$ 41,604 | | | \$ 38,420 | | | \$ 119,148 | | | \$ 114,840 | | |
| Net Yield on Earning Assets on a Taxable Equivalent Basis | | | 3.79% | | | 3.63% | | | 3.69% | | | 3.70% |

Table of Contents**PROVISION AND RESERVE FOR LOAN AND LEASE LOSSES**

The provision for loan and lease losses for the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2013 was \$(0.42) million and \$1.63 million respectively, compared to a provision for loan and lease losses in the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012 of \$0.65 million and \$4.96 million respectively. Net charge-offs of \$0.76 million were recorded for the third quarter 2013, compared to net charge-offs of \$0.45 million for the same quarter a year ago. Year-to-date net charge-offs of \$0.44 million have been recorded in 2013, compared to net charge-offs \$3.10 million through September 30, 2012.

On September 30, 2013, 30 day and over loan and lease delinquencies were 0.26% compared to 0.54% on September 30, 2012. The reserve for loan and lease losses as a percentage of loans and leases outstanding at the end of the period was 2.44% as compared to 2.55% one year ago. A summary of loan and lease loss experience during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 is located in Note 5 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

A loan or lease is considered impaired, based on current information and events, if it is probable that we will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan or lease agreement. We evaluate loans and leases exceeding \$100,000 for impairment and establish an allowance as a component of the reserve for loan and lease losses when it is probable all amounts due will not be collected pursuant to the contractual terms of the loan and lease and the recorded investment in the loan or lease exceeds its fair value. A summary of impaired loans as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 is reflected in Note 4 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

NONPERFORMING ASSETS

Nonperforming assets were as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | September 30, 2013 | | December 31, 2012 | | September 30, 2012 | |
|---|-----------------------|--------|----------------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|
| Loans and leases past due 90 days or more | \$ | 245 | \$ | 442 | \$ | 477 |
| Nonaccrual loans and leases | | 31,325 | | 36,417 | | 42,756 |
| Other real estate | | 5,002 | | 4,311 | | 4,842 |
| Former bank premises held for sale | | 951 | | 1,034 | | 1,101 |
| Repossessions | | 2,811 | | 63 | | 1,248 |
| Equipment owned under operating leases | | | | | | 32 |
| Total nonperforming assets | \$ | 40,334 | \$ | 42,267 | \$ | 50,456 |

Nonperforming assets as a percentage of total loans and leases were 1.14% at September 30, 2013, 1.25% at December 31, 2012, and 1.51% at September 30, 2012. Nonperforming assets totaled \$40.33 million at September 30, 2013, a decrease of 4.57% from the \$42.27 million reported at December 31, 2012, and a 20.06% decrease from the \$50.46 million reported at September 30, 2012. The decrease during the first nine months of 2013 compared to the same period in 2012 was primarily related to a decrease in nonaccrual loans and leases as the economy slowly improves.

The decrease in nonaccrual loans and leases at September 30, 2013 from December 31, 2012 and the decrease in nonaccrual loans and leases at September 30, 2013 from September 30, 2012 occurred across almost all loan types. A summary of nonaccrual loans and leases and past due aging for the period ended September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 is located in Note 4 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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As of September 30, 2013, the industry with the largest dollar exposure was with borrowers whose primary source of income was derived from commercial real estate. These impaired loans totaled approximately \$11.66 million which were comprised of \$10.69 million secured by commercial real estate and included in loans secured by real estate and \$0.97 million secured by aircraft and included in aircraft financing. We have limited exposure to commercial real estate. However, our borrowers with commercial real estate exposure have suffered in this economy. Furthermore, aircraft values for some models declined from 2010 to 2012, increasing the risk in aircraft secured transactions; however, values appear to have stabilized in 2013.

Other real estate is the result of foreclosing on real estate in the local market for which we have a current appraisal and are well secured. Other real estate increased slightly over the past year due to current foreclosures outpacing sales of existing properties.

Repossessions consisted mainly of aircraft financing at September 30, 2013. At the time of repossession, the recorded amount of the loan or lease is written down, if necessary, to the estimated value of the equipment or vehicle by a charge to the reserve for loan and lease losses, unless the equipment is in the process of immediate sale. Any subsequent write-downs are included in noninterest expense.

A summary of other real estate and repossessions is shown in the table below:

| (Dollars in thousands) | September 30, 2013 | December 31, 2012 | September 30, 2012 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Commercial and agricultural loans | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Auto, light truck and environmental equipment | 162 | 52 | 79 |
| Medium and heavy duty truck | | | |
| Aircraft financing | 2,632 | | 1,165 |
| Construction equipment financing | | | |
| Commercial real estate | 3,589 | 3,362 | 3,589 |
| Residential real estate | 1,060 | 545 | 1,253 |
| Consumer loans | 370 | 415 | 4 |
| Total | \$ 7,813 | \$ 4,374 | \$ 6,090 |

For financial statement purposes, nonaccrual loans and leases are included in loan and lease outstandings, whereas repossessions and other real estate are included in other assets.

Foreign Outstandings Our foreign loan and lease outstandings, all denominated in U.S. dollars were \$268.74 million and \$271.41 million as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Foreign loans and leases are in aircraft financing. Loan and lease outstandings to borrowers in Brazil and Mexico were \$153.50 million and \$58.46 million as of September 30, 2013, respectively, compared to \$169.42 million and \$55.12 million as of December 31, 2012, respectively. Outstanding balances to borrowers in other countries were insignificant.

Table of Contents**NONINTEREST INCOME**

Noninterest income for the three month period ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$20.16 million and \$20.31 million, respectively. Noninterest income for the nine month period ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$59.23 million and \$60.62 million, respectively. Details of noninterest income follow:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Noninterest income: | | | | |
| Trust fees | \$ 5,260 | \$ 4,055 | \$ 13,800 | \$ 12,407 |
| Service charges on deposit accounts | 2,364 | 2,688 | 6,928 | 7,747 |
| Debit card income | 2,343 | 2,020 | 6,752 | 6,281 |
| Mortgage banking income | 1,103 | 2,020 | 4,667 | 5,464 |
| Insurance commissions | 1,292 | 1,483 | 4,131 | 4,051 |
| Equipment rental income | 4,000 | 4,604 | 12,098 | 14,620 |
| Investment securities and other investment gains | 258 | 89 | 469 | 492 |
| Other income | 3,538 | 3,346 | 10,382 | 9,556 |
| Total noninterest income | \$ 20,158 | \$ 20,305 | \$ 59,227 | \$ 60,618 |

Noninterest income decreased \$0.15 million or 0.72% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared to the same period in 2012. Noninterest income decreased \$1.39 million or 2.29% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared to the same period one year ago. Investment securities and other investments gains increased slightly during the third quarter of 2013 over the same period in 2012, while decreasing slightly during the first nine months of 2013 versus the first nine months of 2012.

Trust fees increased \$1.21 million or 29.72% and \$1.39 million or 11.23% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 over the same periods a year ago. The increase in trust fees was primarily the result of an increase in market values of investments held in the trust accounts of clients.

Service charges on deposit accounts decreased \$0.32 million or 12.05% and \$0.82 million or 10.57% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively over the comparable periods one year ago. The decrease in service charges on deposit accounts reflects a lower volume of nonsufficient fund transactions.

Debit card income increased \$0.32 million or 15.99% and \$0.47 million or 7.50% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 over the same periods a year ago. The increase in debit card income was the result of increased transaction fees coupled with an increase in amount of debit card transactions in 2013.

Mortgage banking income decreased \$0.92 million or 45.40% in the third quarter of 2013 as compared to the third quarter of 2012. Mortgage banking income decreased \$0.80 million or 14.59% during the first nine months of 2013 versus the first nine months of 2012. This variance was caused by decreased gains on loan sales due to lower production volumes offset by lower mortgage servicing rights amortization expense in

2013.

Insurance commissions decreased \$0.19 million or 12.88% in the three months ended September 30, 2013 over the same period a year ago. The decrease related to lower premium and agency fees. Insurance commissions remained flat for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 versus the first nine months in 2012.

Equipment rental income declined \$0.60 million or 13.12% in the third quarter of 2013 compared to the third quarter 2012. Equipment rental income declined \$2.52 million or 17.25% for year-to-date 2013 compared to the same period in 2012. The average equipment rental portfolio decreased 19.37% in 2013 over the same period in 2012 resulting in lower rental income. In addition, new leases are at lower rates due to current market conditions and increased competition.

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Other income increased \$0.19 million or 5.74% and \$0.83 million or 8.64% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively as compared to the same periods in 2012 primarily due to higher mutual fund income and dividend income.

NONINTEREST EXPENSE

Noninterest expense for the three month period ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$38.43 million and \$37.19 million, respectively. Noninterest expense for the nine month period ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$110.72 million and \$111.82 million, respectively. Details of noninterest expense follow:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| Noninterest expense: | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | \$ 20,441 | \$ 20,982 | \$ 59,553 | \$ 61,668 |
| Net occupancy expense | 2,126 | 1,652 | 6,480 | 5,660 |
| Furniture and equipment expense | 4,477 | 3,817 | 12,285 | 11,155 |
| Depreciation - leased equipment | 3,246 | 3,795 | 9,745 | 11,909 |
| Professional fees | 1,178 | 1,385 | 3,843 | 4,232 |
| Supplies and communication | 1,330 | 1,387 | 4,365 | 4,165 |
| FDIC and other insurance | 874 | 913 | 2,679 | 2,716 |
| Business development and marketing expense | 1,306 | 1,008 | 3,011 | 2,925 |
| Loan and lease collection and repossession expense | 1,530 | 1,866 | 3,382 | 4,346 |
| Other expense | 1,922 | 388 | 5,381 | 3,043 |
| Total noninterest expense | \$ 38,430 | \$ 37,193 | \$ 110,724 | \$ 111,819 |

Noninterest expense increased \$1.24 million or 3.33% for the third quarter and decreased \$1.10 million or 0.98% for year-to-date 2013 as compared to the same periods in 2012. FDIC and other insurance expense decreased slightly in 2013 over the same periods in 2012. Supplies and communication expense decreased during the third quarter of 2013 over the same period in 2012 while slightly increasing for year-to-date 2013 as compared to the same period in 2012.

Salaries and employee benefits decreased \$0.54 million or 2.58% and \$2.12 million or 3.43% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively versus the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012. Lower base salary expense was primarily due to fewer full time equivalent employees offset by annual performance raises. Loan producer commissions were lower due to decreased residential mortgage loan volumes.

Net occupancy expense was higher by \$0.47 million or 28.69% for the third quarter of 2013 and \$0.82 million or 14.49% for year-to-date 2013 respectively, compared to the same periods one year ago. The increase was primarily a result of higher real estate taxes, depreciation and repairs.

Furniture and equipment expense increased \$0.66 million or 17.29% and \$1.13 million or 10.13% for the third quarter and year-to-date 2013 compared to the same periods in 2012. Furniture and equipment expense was higher mainly due to increased equipment depreciation, computer

processing charges and software maintenance costs.

During the third quarter and first nine months of 2013, depreciation on leased equipment decreased \$0.55 million or 14.47% and \$2.16 million or 18.17%, respectively in conjunction with the decrease in equipment rental income as compared to the same periods one year ago.

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Professional fees decreased \$0.21 million or 14.95% and \$0.39 million or 9.19% for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 respectively, as compared to the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2012. The decrease in professional fees in 2013 was primarily the result of reduced utilization of consulting services.

Business development and marketing expense increased \$0.30 million or 29.56% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 versus the three months ended September 30, 2012 and was flat for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 versus the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The third quarter increase was primarily due to higher charitable contributions and institutional marketing.

Loan and lease collection and repossession expense decreased \$0.34 million or 18.01% for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared to the same period in 2012 primarily due to a reduction in average repossessions outstanding and lower repurchased mortgage loan losses in 2013 compared to 2012. Loan and lease collection and repossession expense decreased \$0.96 million or 22.18% in the nine month period ended September 30, 2013 compared to the same period a year ago mainly due to a reduction in average repossessions outstanding offset by higher repurchased mortgage loan losses in 2013 compared to 2012.

Other expenses increased \$1.53 million or 395.36% and \$2.34 million or 76.83% in the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013, respectively as compared to the same periods in 2012 primarily related to a gain on the sale of the corporate headquarters parking garage that occurred during the third quarter of 2012 in addition to a previously reported trustee matter during 2013.

INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2013 was \$8.41 million and \$23.41 million, respectively compared to \$7.36 million and \$19.82 million for the same periods in 2012. The effective tax rates were 36.08% and 36.15% for the third quarter ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively and 36.21% and 34.71% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The effective tax rates are higher in 2013 compared to 2012 due to the impact of state refunds for 2009 received in January of 2012.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Indiana Financial Institutions tax rate decreases from 8.5% to 8.0% and continues to decrease by 0.5% each of the next three years. As a result of the rate change, we decreased the carrying value of certain state deferred tax assets. The impact of this change was not material and was recorded in the financial statements during the second quarter of 2013.

ITEM 3.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

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There have been no material changes in market risks faced by 1st Source since December 31, 2012. For information regarding our market risk, refer to 1st Source's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

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ITEM 4.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this report an evaluation was carried out, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, at September 30, 2013, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by 1st Source in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in those reports is accumulated and communicated to management as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In addition, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) during the third fiscal quarter of 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.

1st Source and its subsidiaries are involved in various legal proceedings incidental to the conduct of our businesses. Management does not expect that the outcome of any such proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in risks faced by 1st Source since December 31, 2012. For information regarding our risk factors, refer to 1st Source's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

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ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

| Period | Total number of shares purchased | Average price paid per share | Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs* | Maximum number (or approximate dollar value) of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| July 01 - 31, 2013 | | \$ | | 942,963 |
| Aug 01 - 31, 2013 | 22,334 | 26.16 | 22,334 | 920,629 |
| Sept 01 - 30, 2013 | 40,470 | 26.28 | 40,470 | 880,159 |

* 1st Source maintains a stock repurchase plan that was authorized by the Board of Directors on April 26, 2007. Under the terms of the plan, 1st Source may repurchase up to 2,000,000 shares of its common stock when favorable conditions exist on the open market or through private transactions at various prices from time to time. Since the inception of the plan, 1st Source has repurchased a total of 1,119,841 shares.

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ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None

ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

None

ITEM 5. Other Information.

None

ITEM 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed with this report:

| | |
|---------|--|
| 31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a). |
| 31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a). |
| 32.1 | Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 of Chief Executive Officer. |
| 32.2 | Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 of Chief Financial Officer. |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document |

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

1st Source Corporation

| | | |
|------|------------------|--|
| DATE | October 24, 2013 | /s/ CHRISTOPHER J. MURPHY III Christopher J. Murphy III Chairman of the Board, President and CEO |
|------|------------------|--|

| | | |
|------|------------------|---|
| DATE | October 24, 2013 | /s/ ANDREA G. SHORT Andrea G. Short Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer Principal Accounting Officer |
|------|------------------|---|