OWENS ILLINOIS INC /DE/ Form 10-Q May 09, 2008

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark one)

x Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For Quarter Ended March 31, 2008

or

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Owens-Illinois, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 1-9576 (Commission File No.) 22-2781933 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

One Michael Owens Way, Perrysburg, Ohio (Address of principal executive offices)

43551-2999 (Zip Code)

567-336-5000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

	Yes X	No o
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accel company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accel one):		celerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check
Large accelerated filer X		Accelerated filer O
Non-accelerated filer O (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)		Smaller reporting company O
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell comp	pany (as defined in	n Rule 12b-2 of the Act).
	Yes O	No X
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issue	er s classes of cor	mmon stock, as of the latest practicable date.
Owens-Illinois, Inc. \$.01 par value common stock 166,729	9,329 shares at Mar	rch 31, 2008.

Part I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements presented herein are unaudited but, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments necessary to present fairly such information for the periods and at the dates indicated. All adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Because the following unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Article 10 of Regulation S-X, they do not contain all information and footnotes normally contained in annual consolidated financial statements; accordingly, they should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto appearing in the Registrant s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

On July 31, 2007, the Company completed the sale of its plastics packaging business to Rexam PLC. As required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (FAS) No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, the Company has presented the results of operations for the plastics packaging business in the Condensed Consolidated Results of Operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2007 as a discontinued operation. As such, results for that period have been reclassified to conform to this presentation. At March 31, 2007, the assets and liabilities of the plastics packaging business are presented in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as the assets and liabilities of discontinued operations.

The format of the Company s 2007 condensed consolidated income statement has been reclassified to conform with the presentation used in the current period.

OWENS-ILLINOIS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

	Three months ended March 31, 2008 2007			
Net sales	\$ 1,960.5	\$	1,684.0	
Manufacturing, shipping, and delivery	(1,503.7)		(1,356.2)	
Gross profit	456.8		327.8	
Selling and administrative expense	(127.8)		(127.2)	
Research, development, and engineering expense	(16.0)		(14.7)	
Interest expense	(64.3)		(81.0)	
Interest income	8.7		3.4	
Equity earnings	11.1		5.1	
Royalties and net technical assistance	4.8		4.9	
Other income	1.8		3.6	
Other expense	(20.0)		(16.5)	
Earnings from continuing operations before items below	255.1		105.4	
Provision for income taxes	(64.9)		(38.6)	
Minority share owners interests in earnings of subsidiaries	(16.2)		(11.5)	
Earnings from continuing operations	174.0		55.3	
Net losses of discontinued operations	174.0		(2.1)	
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	4.1		(2.1)	
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	4.1			
Net earnings	\$ 178.1	\$	53.2	
Convertible preferred stock dividends	(5.4)		(5.4)	
Earnings available to common share owners	\$ 172.7	\$	47.8	
Basic net earnings per share of common stock:				
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 1.08	\$	0.32	
Net losses of discontinued operations			(0.01)	
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	0.03			
Net earnings	\$ 1.11	\$	0.31	
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Weighted average shares outstanding (thousands)	156,324		152,936	
Diluted net earnings per share of common stock:				
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 1.02	\$	0.31	
Net losses of discontinued operations			(0.01)	
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	0.02			
Net earnings	\$ 1.04	\$	0.30	
Weighted diluted average shares (thousands)	170,517		156,993	

See accompanying notes.

OWENS-ILLINOIS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

	March 31, 2008	Dec. 31, 2007	, March 2007	
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 483.0	\$ 387.7	\$	293.7
Short-term investments, at cost which approximates market	51.7	59.8		49.8
Receivables, less allowances for losses and discounts (\$35.5 at March 31,				
2008, \$36.0 at December 31, 2007, and \$34.1 at March 31, 2007)	1,320.6	1,185.6		1,130.9
Inventories	1,222.4	1,020.8		1,072.5
Prepaid expenses	37.1	40.7		34.7
Assets of discontinued operations				122.7
Total current assets	3,114.8	2,694.6		2,704.3
Investments and other assets:				
Equity investments	87.4	81.0		92.5
Repair parts inventories	157.0	155.8		145.1
Prepaid pension	591.4	566.4		505.9
Deposits, receivables, and other assets	489.4	448.7		459.3
Goodwill	2,522.2	2,428.1		2,276.0
Assets of discontinued operations				582.2
Total other assets	3,847.4	3,680.0		4,061.0
Property, plant, and equipment, at cost	6,707.0	6,423.1		5,881.4
Less accumulated depreciation	3,711.8	3,473.1		3,047.3
Net property, plant, and equipment	2,995.2	2,950.0		2,834.1
Total assets	\$ 9,957.4	\$ 9,324.6	\$	9,599.4

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS Continued

	March 31, 2008	Dec. 31, 2007	March 31, 2007
Liabilities and Share Owners Equity			
Current liabilities:			
Short-term loans and long-term debt due within one year	\$ 835.1	\$ 700.9	\$ 550.4
Current portion of asbestos-related liabilities	210.0	210.0	149.0
Accounts payable	978.5	957.5	842.9
Other liabilities	656.9	661.1	549.7
Liabilities of discontinued operations			75.0
Total current liabilities	2,680.5	2,529.5	2,167.0
Liabilities of discontinued operations			8.2
Long-term debt	3,192.5	3,013.5	5,103.4
Deferred taxes	128.8	109.4	122.8
Pension benefits	314.4	313.7	340.4
Nonpension postretirement benefits	279.6	287.0	289.9
Other liabilities	409.1	386.9	370.8
Asbestos-related liabilities	205.3	245.5	497.7
Commitments and contingencies			
Minority share owners interests	248.4	251.7	209.8
Share owners equity:			
Convertible preferred stock, par value		452.5	452.5
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share 250,000,000 shares authorized,			
178,413,409 shares issued and outstanding, less 11,684,080 treasury shares			
at March 31, 2008 (169,063,219 issued and outstanding, less 11,712,278			
treasury shares at December 31, 2007 and 166,603,721 issued and			
outstanding, less 11,833,946 treasury shares at March 31, 2007)	1.8	1.7	1.7
Capital in excess of par value	2,887.7	2,420.0	2,340.1
Treasury stock, at cost	(224.0)	(224.6)	(226.9)
Retained earnings (deficit)	(112.6)	(285.3)	(1,556.6)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(54.1)	(176.9)	(521.4)
Total share owners equity	2,498.8	2,187.4	489.4
Total liabilities and share owners equity	\$ 9,957.4	\$ 9,324.6	\$ 9,599.4

See accompanying notes.

OWENS-ILLINOIS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in millions)

	Three months end	ded Ma	arch 31, 2007
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net earnings	\$ 178.1	\$	53.2
Net loss of discontinued operations			2.1
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	(4.1)		
Non-cash charges (credits):			
Depreciation	113.6		100.1
Amortization of intangibles and other deferred items	7.6		5.4
Amortization of finance fees	1.9		1.9
Deferred tax provision	(1.7)		12.1
Restructuring and asset impairment	12.9		
Other	(9.4)		12.1
Asbestos-related payments	(40.2)		(41.0)
Change in non-current operating assets	(0.8)		9.2
Change in non-current liabilities	(20.4)		(22.8)
Change in components of working capital	(216.8)		(172.5)
Cash provided by (utilized in) continuing operating activities	20.7		(40.2)
Cash utilized in discontinued operating activities			(3.9)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Additions to property, plant, and equipment - continuing	(45.4)		(32.6)
Additions to property, plant, and equipment - discontinued			(8.8)
Advance to equity affiliate	(15.0)		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired			(6.3)
Net cash proceeds (payments) related to divestitures and asset sales	(16.6)		1.6
Cash utilized in investing activities	(77.0)		(46.1)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Additions to long-term debt	309.2		401.7
Repayments of long-term debt	(222.6)		(63.3)
Increase (decrease) in short-term loans	82.3		(174.2)
Net payments for hedging activity	(33.9)		(1.6)
Payment of finance fees			(6.3)
Convertible preferred stock dividends	(5.4)		(5.4)
Issuance of common stock and other	9.8		6.3
Cash provided by financing activities	139.4		157.2
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash	12.2		4.0
Increase in cash	95.3		71.0
Cash at beginning of period	387.7		222.7
Cash at end of period	\$ 483.0	\$	293.7

See accompanying notes.

OWENS-ILLINOIS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Tabular data dollars in millions,

except share and per share amounts

1. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three months ended March 31, 2008 2007		
Numerator:			
Net earnings	\$ 178.1	\$	53.2
Convertible preferred stock dividends	(5.4)		(5.4)
Numerator for basic earnings per share - income available to common share owners	\$ 172.7	\$	47.8
Denominator:			
Denominator for basic earnings per share - weighted average shares outstanding	156,324,072		152,936,438
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Convertible preferred stock	8,589,355		
Stock options and other	5,603,451		4,056,634
Denominator for diluted earnings per share - adjusted weighted average shares outstanding	170,516,878		156,993,072
Basic earnings per share:			
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 1.08	\$	0.32
Net earnings of discontinued operations			(0.01)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	0.03		
Net earnings	\$ 1.11	\$	0.31
Diluted earnings per share:			
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 1.02	\$	0.31
Net earnings of discontinued operations			(0.01)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	0.02		
Net earnings	\$ 1.04	\$	0.30

The convertible preferred stock was included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2008 on an if converted basis since the result was dilutive. For purposes of this computation, the preferred stock dividends were not subtracted from the numerator. The convertible preferred stock was not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2007 since the result would have been antidilutive. Options to purchase 2,213,671 weighted average shares of common stock that were outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2007 were not included in

the computation of diluted earnings per share because the options exercise price was greater than the average market price of the common shares.

2. Debt

The following table summarizes the long-term debt of the Company:

	March 31, 2008	Dec. 31, 2007		March 31, 2007
Secured Credit Agreement:				
Revolving Credit Facility:				
Revolving Loans	\$ 86.8	\$	\$	\$ 4.1
Term Loans:				
Term Loan A (225.0 million AUD at March 31, 2008)	206.1		198.1	236.3
Term Loan B	191.5		191.5	195.5
Term Loan C (110.8 million CAD at March 31, 2008)	108.3		113.2	116.2
Term Loan D (191.5 million at March 31, 2008)	302.1		281.8	260.9
Senior Secured Notes:				
8.875%, due 2009				850.0
7.75%, due 2011				450.0
8.75%, due 2012				625.0
Senior Notes:				
8.10%, due 2007				299.4
7.35%, due 2008	250.4		249.8	246.8
8.25%, due 2013	461.8		450.6	435.8
6.75%, due 2014	400.0		400.0	400.0
6.75%, due 2014 (225 million)	355.0		331.1	300.3
6.875%, due 2017 (300 million)	473.3		441.5	400.4
Senior Debentures:				
7.50%, due 2010	258.5		253.0	245.5
7.80%, due 2018	250.0		250.0	250.0
Other	122.1		118.2	95.2
Total long-term debt	3,465.9	3,	278.8	5,411.4
Less amounts due within one year	273.4		265.3	308.0
Long-term debt	\$ 3,192.5	\$ 3,	013.5 \$	5,103.4

On June 14, 2006, the Company subsidiary borrowers entered into the Secured Credit Agreement (the Agreement). At March 31, 2008, the Agreement included a \$900.0 million revolving credit facility, a 225.0 million Australian dollar term loan, and a 110.8 million Canadian dollar term loan, each of which has a final maturity date of June 15, 2012. It also included a \$191.5 million term loan and a 191.5 million term loan, each of which has a final maturity date of June 14, 2013.

At March 31, 2008 the Company s subsidiary borrowers had unused credit of \$725.6 million available under the Agreement.

The weighted average interest rate on borrowings outstanding under the Agreement at March 31, 2008 was 6.08%.

During March 2007, a subsidiary of the Company issued Senior Notes totaling 300.0 million. The notes bear interest at 6.875% and are due March 31, 2017. The notes are guaranteed by substantially all of the Company s domestic subsidiaries. The proceeds were used to retire the \$300 million principal amount of 8.10% Senior Notes which matured in May 2007, and to reduce borrowings under the revolving credit facility.

The \$250 million principal amount of the 7.35% senior notes will mature on May 15, 2008. The Company will utilize borrowings under the revolving credit facility to fund the retirement of the notes.

Information related to the Company s accounts receivable securitization program is as follows:

	М	arch 31, 2008	Dec. 31, 2007	March 31, 2007
Balance (included in short-term loans)	\$	439.6 \$	361.8	\$ 229.2
Weighted average interest rate		6.10%	5.48%	5.61%

3. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

		Three months ended March 31,				
	2	2008		2007		
Interest paid in cash	\$	40.4	\$		60.6	
Income taxes paid in cash		25.3			33.2	

4. Comprehensive Income

The components of comprehensive income are: (a) net earnings; (b) change in fair value of certain derivative instruments; (c) pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments; and (d) foreign currency translation adjustments. Total comprehensive income is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,				
	20	008		2007	
Net earnings	\$	178.1	\$		53.2
Foreign currency translation adjustments		91.3			36.3
Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments		8.3			11.8
Change in fair value of derivative instruments, net of tax		23.2			24.7
Total comprehensive income	\$	300.9	\$	1	126.0

For the three months ended March 31, 2008, foreign currency translation adjustments includes a loss of approximately \$24.2 million related to a hedge of the Company s net investment in a non-U.S. subsidiary.

5. Inventories

Major classes of inventory are as follows:

	March 31, 2008	Dec. 31, 2007	March 31, 2007
Finished goods	\$ 1,050.8	\$ 861.1	\$ 897.7
Work in process	1.9	1.4	3.5
Raw materials	100.4	90.5	105.2
Operating supplies	69.3	67.8	66.1
	\$ 1,222.4	\$ 1,020.8	\$ 1,072.5

6. Contingencies

The Company is one of a number of defendants in a substantial number of lawsuits filed in numerous state and federal courts by persons alleging bodily injury (including death) as a result of exposure to dust from asbestos fibers. From 1948 to 1958, one of the Company's former business units commercially produced and sold approximately \$40 million of a high-temperature, calcium-silicate based pipe and block insulation material containing asbestos. The Company exited the pipe and block insulation business in April 1958. The traditional asbestos personal injury lawsuits and claims relating to such production and sale of asbestos material typically allege various theories of liability, including negligence, gross negligence and strict liability and seek compensatory and in some cases, punitive damages in various amounts (herein referred to as asbestos claims).

As of March 31, 2008, the Company has determined that it is a named defendant in asbestos lawsuits and claims involving approximately 14,000 plaintiffs and claimants. Based on an analysis of the lawsuits pending as of December 31, 2007, approximately 89% of plaintiffs either do not specify the monetary damages sought, or in the case of court filings, claim an amount sufficient to invoke the jurisdictional minimum of the trial court. Approximately 9% of plaintiffs specifically plead damages of \$15 million or less, and 1% of plaintiffs specifically plead damages greater than \$15 million but less than \$100 million. Fewer than 1% of plaintiffs specifically plead damages \$100 million or greater but less than \$123 million.

As indicated by the foregoing summary, current pleading practice permits considerable variation in the assertion of monetary damages. The Company's experience resolving hundreds of thousands of asbestos claims and lawsuits over an extended period demonstrates that the monetary relief which may be alleged in a complaint bears little relevance to a claim's merits or disposition value. Rather, the amount potentially recoverable is determined by such factors as the plaintiff's severity of disease, the product identification evidence against specific defendants, the defenses available to those defendants, the specific jurisdiction in which the claim is made, and the plaintiff's history of smoking or exposure to other possible disease-causative factors.

In addition to the pending claims set forth above, the Company has claims-handling agreements in place with many plaintiffs counsel throughout the country. These agreements require evaluation and negotiation regarding whether particular claimants qualify under the criteria established by such agreements. The criteria for such claims include verification of a compensable illness and a reasonable probability of exposure to a product manufactured by the Company s former business unit during its manufacturing period ending in 1958. Some plaintiffs counsel have historically withheld claims under these agreements for later presentation while focusing their attention on active litigation in the tort system. The Company believes that as of March 31, 2008 there are approximately 1,100 claims against other

defendants which are likely to be asserted some time in the future against the Company. These claims are not included in the pending lawsuits and claims totals set forth above.

The Company is also a defendant in other asbestos-related lawsuits or claims involving maritime workers, medical monitoring claimants, co-defendants and property damage claimants. Based upon its past experience, the Company believes that these categories of lawsuits and claims will not involve any material liability and they are not included in the above description of pending matters or in the following description of disposed matters.

Since receiving its first asbestos claim, the Company as of March 31, 2008, has disposed of the asbestos claims of approximately 361,000 plaintiffs and claimants at an average indemnity payment per claim of approximately \$7,000. Certain of these dispositions have included deferred amounts payable over a number of years. Deferred amounts payable totaled approximately \$31.8 million at March 31, 2008 (\$34.0 million at December 31, 2007) and are included in the foregoing average indemnity payment per claim. The Company s indemnity payments for these claims have varied on a per claim basis, and are expected to continue to vary considerably over time. As discussed above, a part of the Company s objective is to achieve, where possible, resolution of asbestos claims pursuant to claims-handling agreements. Failure of claimants to meet certain medical and product exposure criteria in the Company s administrative claims handling agreements has generally reduced the number of marginal or suspect claims that would otherwise have been received. This may have the effect of increasing the Company s per-claim average indemnity payment over time.

The Company believes that its ultimate asbestos-related liability (i.e., its indemnity payments or other claim disposition costs plus related legal fees) cannot be estimated with certainty. Beginning with the initial liability of \$975 million established in 1993, the Company has accrued a total of approximately \$3.22 billion through 2007, before insurance recoveries, for its asbestos-related liability. The Company s ability reasonably to estimate its liability has been significantly affected by the volatility of asbestos-related litigation in the United States, the expanding list of non-traditional defendants that have been sued in this litigation and found liable for substantial damage awards, the use of mass litigation screenings to generate new lawsuits, the large number of claims asserted or filed by parties who claim prior exposure to asbestos materials but have no present physical impairment as a result of such exposure, and the significant number of co-defendants that have filed for bankruptcy.

The Company has continued to monitor trends which may affect its ultimate liability and has continued to analyze the developments and variables affecting or likely to affect the resolution of pending and future asbestos claims against the Company. The material components of the Company's accrued liability are based on amounts estimated by the Company in connection with its annual comprehensive review and consist of the following: (i) the reasonably probable contingent liability for asbestos claims already asserted against the Company; (ii) the contingent liability for preexisting but unasserted asbestos claims for prior periods arising under its administrative claims-handling agreements with various plaintiffs counsel; (iii) the contingent liability for asbestos claims not yet asserted against the Company, but which the Company believes it is reasonably probable will be asserted in the next several years, to the degree that an estimation as to future claims is possible, and (iv) the legal defense costs likely to be incurred in connection with the foregoing types of claims.

The significant assumptions underlying the material components of the Company s accrual concern:

a) the extent to which settlements are limited to claimants who were exposed to the Company s asbestos-containing insulation prior to its exit from that business in 1958;
b) the extent to which claims are resolved under the Company s administrative claims agreements or on terms comparable to those set forth in those agreements;
c) the extent to which the Company s accelerated settlements in 2007 impact the number and type of future claims and lawsuits;
d) the extent of decrease or increase in the inventory of pending serious disease cases;
e) the extent to which the Company is able to defend itself successfully at trial;
f) the extent to which courts and legislatures eliminate, reduce or permit the diversion of financial resources for unimpaired claimants and so-called forum shopping;
g) the extent to which additional defendants with substantial resources and assets are required to participate significantly in the resolution of future asbestos lawsuits and claims;
h) the number and timing of co-defendant bankruptcies; and
i) the extent to which the resolution of co-defendant bankruptcies direct resources to resolve claims that are also presented to the Company.
As noted above, the Company conducts a comprehensive review of its asbestos-related liabilities and costs annually in connection with finalizing and reporting its annual results of operations, unless significant changes in trends or new developments warrant an earlier review. If the results of an annual comprehensive review indicate that the existing amount of the accrued liability is insufficient to cover its estimated future asbestos-related costs, then the Company will record an appropriate charge to increase the accrued liability. The Company believes that an estimation of the reasonably probable amount of the contingent liability for claims not yet asserted against the Company is not possible beyond a period of several years. Therefore, while the results of future annual comprehensive reviews cannot be determined, the Company expects the addition of one year to the estimation period will result in an annual charge.
Other litigation is pending against the Company, in many cases involving ordinary and routine claims incidental to the business of the Company

and in others presenting allegations that are non-routine and involve compensatory, punitive or treble damage claims as well as other types of relief. In accordance with FAS No. 5, the Company records a liability for such matters when it is both probable that the liability has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be reasonably estimated. Recorded amounts are reviewed and adjusted to reflect changes in the

factors upon which the estimates are based including additional information, negotiations, settlements, and other events.

The ultimate legal and financial liability of the Company with respect to the lawsuits and proceedings referred to above, in addition to other pending litigation, cannot be estimated with certainty. The Company s reported results of operations for 2007 were materially affected by the \$115.0 million fourth quarter charge for asbestos-related costs and asbestos-related payments continue to be substantial. Any future additional charge would likewise materially affect the Company s results of operations for the period in which it is recorded. Also, the

continued use of significant amounts of cash for asbestos-related costs has affected and will continue to affect the Company s cost of borrowing and its ability to pursue global or domestic acquisitions. However, the Company believes that its operating cash flows and other sources of liquidity will be sufficient to pay its obligations for asbestos-related costs and to fund its working capital and capital expenditure requirements on a short-term and long-term basis.

7. Segment Information

The Company s former Plastics Packaging segment has been reclassified to discontinued operations for 2007 as a result of the July 31, 2007 sale of that business. Following the sale, the Company redefined its reportable segments and divided the former Glass Containers segment into four geographic segments: (1) North America; (2) Europe; (3) Asia Pacific; (4) South America. These four segments are aligned with the Company s internal approach to managing, reporting, and evaluating performance of its global glass operations. In connection with this change, certain assets and activities not directly related to one of the regions or to glass manufacturing are reported with Retained Corporate Costs and Other. These include licensing, equipment manufacturing, global engineering, and non-glass equity investments. Amounts for 2007 in the following tables are presented on the redefined basis.

The Company s measure of profit for its reportable segments is Segment Operating Profit, which consists of consolidated earnings from continuing operations before interest income, interest expense, provision for income taxes and minority share owners interests in earnings of subsidiaries and excludes amounts related to certain items that management considers not representative of ongoing operations. The Company s management uses Segment Operating Profit, in combination with gross profit percentage and selected cash flow information, to evaluate performance and to allocate resources.

Segment Operating Profit for reportable segments includes an allocation of some corporate expenses based on both a percentage of sales and direct billings based on the costs of specific services provided. Beginning in 2008, the Company revised its method of allocating corporate expenses. The Company decreased slightly the percentage allocation based on sales and significantly expanded the number of functions included in the allocation based on cost of services. It is not practicable to quantify the net effect of these changes on periods prior to 2008. However, the effect for 2008 was to reduce the amount of retained corporate costs by approximately \$8 million. The information below is presented on a continuing operations basis, and therefore, the 2007 amounts exclude amounts related to the discontinued operations. See Note 14 for more information.

Financial information for the three month periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 regarding the Company s reportable segments is as follows:

	2008	2007
Net Sales:		
Europe	\$ 888.9	\$ 728.4
North America	530.9	523.4
South America	254.2	203.2
Asia Pacific	250.0	212.5
Reportable segment totals	1,924.0	1,667.5
Other	36.5	16.5
Consolidated totals	\$ 1,960.5	\$ 1,684.0

	2008	2007
Segment Operating Profit:		
Europe	\$ 147.6 \$	74.8
North America	55.5	62.5
South America	73.6	48.0
Asia Pacific	45.4	24.7
Reportable segment totals	322.1	210.0
Retained corporate costs and other	1.5	(27.0)
Consolidated totals	323.6	183.0
Reconciliation to earnings from continuing operations before income taxes and		
minority share owners interest in earnings of subsidiaries:		
Items excluded from Segment Operating Profit:		
Restructuring and asset impairment	(12.9)	
Interest income	8.7	3.4
Interest expense	(64.3)	(81.0)
Total	\$ 255.1 \$	105.4

Financial information regarding the Company s total assets is as follows:

	N	March 31, 2008	Dec. 31, 2007		March 31, 2007
Total assets (1):					
Europe	\$	4,425.3	\$ 4,124.1	\$	3,911.1
North America		2,016.2	1,946.9		1,823.2
South America		974.5	965.7		800.3
Asia Pacific		1,617.5	1,558.1		1,483.5
Reportable segment totals		9,033.5	8,594.8		8,018.1
Other		923.9	729.8		1,581.3
Consolidated totals	\$	9,957.4	\$ 9,324.6	\$	9,599.4

⁽¹⁾ Retained Corporate Costs and Other includes assets of discontinued operations.

8. Other Costs and Expenses

During the first quarter of 2008, the Company recorded charges totaling \$12.9 million (\$9.7 million after tax), for additional restructuring and asset impairment in the Caribbean, Asia Pacific, Europe, and North America. The charges reflect the additional results of the Company s ongoing global profitability review. See Note 10 for additional information.

9. Derivative Instruments

At March 31, 2008, the Company had the following derivative instruments related to its various hedging programs:

Interest Rate Swaps Designated as Fair Value Hedges

In the fourth quarter of 2003 and the first quarter of 2004, the Company entered into a series of interest rate swap agreements with a current total notional amount of \$950 million that mature from 2008 through 2013. The swaps were executed in order to: (i) convert a portion of the senior notes and senior debentures fixed-rate debt into floating-rate debt; (ii) maintain a capital

structure containing appropriate amounts of fixed and floating-rate debt; and (iii) reduce net interest payments and expense in the near-term.

The Company s fixed-to-variable interest rate swaps are accounted for as fair value hedges. Because the relevant terms of the swap agreements match the corresponding terms of the notes, there is no hedge ineffectiveness. Accordingly, the Company recorded the net of the fair market values of the swaps as a long-term asset (liability) along with a corresponding net increase (decrease) in the carrying value of the hedged debt.

Under the swaps, the Company receives fixed rate interest amounts (equal to interest on the corresponding hedged note) and pays interest at a six-month U.S. LIBOR rate (set in arrears) plus a margin spread (see table below). The interest rate differential on each swap is recognized as an adjustment of interest expense during each six-month period over the term of the agreement.

The following selected information relates to fair value swaps at March 31, 2008:

	Amount Hedged	Receive Rate	Average Spread	Asset (Liability) Recorded
Senior Notes due 2008	\$ 250.0	7.35%	3.5% \$	0.4
Senior Debentures due 2010	250.0	7.50%	3.2%	8.5
Senior Notes due 2013	450.0	8.25%	3.7%	11.8
Total	\$ 950.0		\$	20.7

Commodity Hedges

The Company enters into commodity futures contracts related to forecasted natural gas requirements, the objectives of which are to limit the effects of fluctuations in the future market price paid for natural gas and the related volatility in cash flows. The Company continually evaluates the natural gas market with respect to its forecasted usage requirements over the next twelve to eighteen months and periodically enters into commodity futures contracts in order to hedge a portion of its usage requirements over that period. At March 31, 2008, the Company had entered into commodity futures contracts for approximately 48% (approximately 8,320,000 MM BTUs) of its estimated North American usage requirements for the last three quarters of 2008 and approximately 8% (approximately 1,920,000 MM BTUs) for the full year 2009.

The Company accounts for the above futures contracts on the balance sheet at fair value. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of a derivative that is designated as, and meets the required criteria for, a cash flow hedge is recorded in the Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income component of share owners equity (OCI) and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the underlying hedged item affects earnings. Any material portion of the change in the fair value of a derivative designated as a cash flow hedge that is deemed to be ineffective is recognized in current earnings.

The above futures contracts are accounted for as cash flow hedges at March 31, 2008.

At March 31, 2008, an unrecognized gain of \$18.7 million (pretax and after tax), related t	to the domestic commodity futures contracts, was
included in OCI, which will be reclassified into earnings over the next twelve months. The	The ineffectiveness related to these natural gas hedges
for the three months ended March 31, 2008 was not material.	

Other Hedges

The Company s subsidiaries may enter into short-term forward exchange or option agreements to purchase foreign currencies at set rates in the future. These agreements are used to limit exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates for significant planned purchases of fixed assets or commodities that are denominated in currencies other than the subsidiaries functional currency. Subsidiaries may also use forward exchange agreements to offset the foreign currency risk for receivables and payables not denominated in, or indexed to, their functional currencies. The Company records these short-term forward exchange agreements on the balance sheet at fair value and changes in the fair value are recognized in current earnings.

Balance Sheet Classification

The Company records the fair values of derivative financial instruments on the balance sheet as follows: (1) receivables if the instrument has a positive fair value and maturity within one year, (2) deposits, receivables, and other assets if the instrument has a positive fair value and maturity after one year, (3) accounts payable and other current liabilities if the instrument has a negative fair value and maturity within one year, and (4) other liabilities if the instrument has a negative fair value and maturity after one year.

10. Restructuring Accruals

During the third and fourth quarters of 2007, the Company recorded charges totaling \$100.3 million (\$84.1 million after tax), for restructuring and asset impairment in the Caribbean, Europe, and North America. The Company recorded additional charges of \$12.9 million (\$9.7 million after tax) in the first quarter of 2008 for restructuring and asset impairment in the Caribbean, Asia-Pacific, Europe, and North America. These charges, amounting to \$113.2 million, reflect the initial conclusions of the Company s global profitability review commenced in mid-2007.

Equity Investment

In the Company s 50%-owned affiliate in the Caribbean, declining productivity and cash flows resulted in impairment of the Company s equity investment, establishment of valuation allowances against advances to the affiliate, and accrual of certain contingent obligations for total charges of \$45.0 million recorded in 2007 with an additional \$0.9 million recorded in the first quarter of 2008.

Production Capacity

In Europe, North America, and Asia Pacific, the Company decided to curtail selected production capacity. Because the future undiscounted cash flows of the related asset groups were not sufficient to recover their carrying amounts, the assets were considered impaired. As a result the assets were written down to the extent their carrying amounts exceeded fair value. The curtailment of plant capacity resulted in elimination of approximately 560 jobs and a corresponding reduction in the Company s workforce. The Company accrued certain employee separation costs, plant clean up, and other exit costs. In total, impairments, accrued costs, and other valuation adjustments amounted to \$55.3 million in the third and fourth quarters of 2007

with an additional \$12.0 million recorded in the first quarter of 2008. Probable future cash expenditures will amount to \$40.0 million. The Company expects that the majority of these costs will be paid out by the end of 2008.

Selected information related to the restructuring accrual is as follows, with 2008 activity translated into dollars at the March 31, 2008 exchange rate:

Total restructuring accrual at December 31, 2007	\$ 55.3
Net cash paid, principally severance and related benefits	(1.7)
Additional charges	12.0
Other, principally foreign exchange translation	(0.8)
Remaining restructuring accrual as of March 31, 2008	\$ 64.8

During the second quarter of 2005, the Company concluded its evaluation of acquired capacity in connection with the acquisition of BSN Glasspack S.A. and announced the permanent closing of its Düsseldorf, Germany glass container factory, and the shutdown of a furnace at its Reims, France glass container facility, both in 2005. These actions were part of the European integration strategy to optimally align the manufacturing capacities with the market and improve operational efficiencies. As a result, the Company recorded an accrual of 47.1 million through an adjustment to goodwill.

These actions resulted in the elimination of approximately 400 jobs and a corresponding reduction in the Company s workforce. The Company anticipates that it will pay a total of approximately 110.9 million in cash related to severance, benefits, plant clean-up, and other plant closing costs related to restructuring accruals.

The European restructuring accrual recorded in the second quarter of 2005 was in addition to the initial estimated accrual of 63.8 million recorded in 2004. Selected information related to the restructuring accrual is as follows, with 2008 activity translated from Euros into dollars at the March 31, 2008 exchange rate:

Total European restructuring accrual (110.9 million)	\$ 134.1
Net cash paid, principally severance and related benefits	(41.0)
Other, principally foreign exchange translation	(12.2)
Remaining European restructuring accrual as of December 31, 2005	80.9
Net cash paid, principally severance and related benefits	(33.7)
Partial reversal of accrual (goodwill adjustment)	(7.6)
Other, principally foreign exchange translation	(1.5)
Remaining European restructuring accrual as of December 31, 2006	38.1
Net cash paid, principally severance and related benefits	(17.8)
Other, principally foreign exchange translation	7.4
Remaining European restructuring accrual as of December 31, 2007	27.7
Net cash paid, principally severance and related benefits	(2.4)
Other, principally foreign exchange translation	0.8
Remaining European restructuring accrual as of March 31, 2008	\$ 26.1

11. Pensions

The components of the net periodic pension (income) cost for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

	2008	2007
Service cost	\$ 12.1	\$ 13.9
Interest cost	55.1	52.3
Expected asset return	(81.1)	(78.0)
Amortization:		
Loss	7.7	11.5
Prior service credit	(0.2)	(0.2)
Net amortization	7.5	11.3
Net periodic pension (income) cost	\$ (6.4)	\$ (0.5)
Total for continuing operations	\$ (6.4)	\$ 0.1
Total for discontinued operations		(0.6)
	\$ (6.4)	\$ (0.5)

12. Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

The components of the net postretirement benefit cost for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

	2008	2007
Service cost	\$ 0.6	\$ 0.8
Interest cost	4.3	4.3
Amortization:		
Prior service credit	(0.8)	(1.0)
Loss	1.6	1.6
Net amortization	0.8	0.6
Net postretirement benefit cost	\$ 5.7	\$ 5.7
Total for continuing operations	\$ 5.7	\$ 4.9
Total for discontinued operations		0.8
	\$ 5.7	\$ 5.7

13. New Accounting Standards

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141R, Business Combinations (FAS No. 141R). FAS No. 141R establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree and recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase. FAS No. 141R also sets forth the disclosures required to be made in the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business

combination. SFAS No. 141R applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Accordingly, FAS No. 141R will be applied by the Company to business combinations occurring on or after January 1, 2009.

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an amendment of ARB No. 51 (FAS No. 160). FAS No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for the non-controlling interest in a subsidiary and the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. FAS No. 160 is effective for years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Adoption of FAS No. 160 is not presently expected to have a material impact on the Company s results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

In March 2008, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 (FAS No. 161). FAS No. 161 is intended to improve financial reporting about derivative instruments and hedging activities by requiring enhanced disclosures to enable investors to better understand their effects on an entity s financial condition, financial performance, and cash flows. FAS No. 161 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. Adoption of FAS No. 161 is not presently expected to have a material impact on the Company s results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

14. Discontinued Operations

On June 11, 2007, the Company announced that it had concluded the strategic review process of its plastics portfolio and entered into a definitive agreement with Rexam PLC to sell its plastics packaging business. On July 31, 2007, the Company completed the sale for approximately \$1.825 billion in cash.

Included in the sale were 19 plastics manufacturing plants in the U.S. (including Puerto Rico), Mexico, Brazil, Hungary, Singapore and Malaysia. The plastics packaging business is comprised of HealthCare Packaging and Closure & Specialty Products which design, manufacture and sell plastic packaging solutions for companies in the pharmaceutical, healthcare, food and beverage, personal care, household and automotive industries. The plastics packaging business comprised the Company s former Plastics Packaging segment.

As required by FAS No. 144, the Company has presented the results of operations for the plastics packaging business in the Condensed Consolidated Results of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2007 as discontinued operations. Interest expense was allocated to the discontinued operations based on debt that was required by an amendment to the Agreement to be repaid from the net proceeds. At March 31, 2007, the assets and liabilities of the plastics packaging business are presented in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as the assets and liabilities of discontinued operations.

The following summarizes the revenues and expenses of the discontinued operations as reported in the consolidated results of operations for the period indicated:

	 ee months ended arch 31, 2007
Net sales	\$ 188.3
Manufacturing, shipping, and delivery	(144.3)
Gross profit	44.0
Selling and administrative expense	(8.2)
Research, development, and engineering expense	(3.8)
Interest expense	(33.9)
Other expense	(0.4)
Losses before item below	(2.3)
Credit for income taxes	0.2
Net loss from discontinued operations	\$ (2.1)

The gain on sale of discontinued operations of \$4.1 million reported in 2008 relates to an adjustment of the 2007 gain on the sale of the plastics packaging business mainly related to finalizing certain tax allocations and resolution of the selling price in accordance with the final contract.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2007 included the following assets and liabilities related to the discontinued operations:

	Balance at March 31, 2007
Assets:	
Inventories	\$ 69.2
Accounts receivable	52.5
Other current assets	1.0
Total current assets	122.7
Goodwill	215.5
Other long-term assets	42.7
Net property, plant, and equipment	324.0
Total assets	\$ 704.9
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 75.0
Other long-term liabilities	8.2
Total liabilities	\$ 83.2

15. Convertible Preferred Stock

On February 29, 2008, the Company announced that all outstanding shares of convertible preferred stock would be redeemed on March 31, 2008, if not converted by holders prior to that date. All conversions and redemptions were completed by March 31 through the issuance of 8,584,479 shares of common stock. The conversions and redemptions resulted in an increase in common stock and capital in excess of par value totaling approximately \$450 million.

16. Fair Value Measurements

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157 Fair Value Measurements (FAS No. 157) which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and enhances disclosure about fair value measurements. On February 2, 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. 157-2 (FSP 157-2) which delays the effective date of FAS No. 157 for nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on least an annual basis. Where the measurement objective specifically requires the use of fair value the Company has adopted the provisions of FAS No. 157 related to financial assets and financial liabilities as of January 1, 2008. The adoption of FAS No. 157 had no impact on the Company.

FAS No. 157 clarifies that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. FAS No. 157 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;
- Level 2: Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which requires the Company to develop assumptions.

The Company s derivative assets and liabilities consist of interest rate swaps, natural gas forwards, and foreign exchange option and forward contracts. The Company uses an income approach to valuing these contracts. Interest rate yield curves, natural gas forward rates, and foreign exchange rates are the significant inputs into the valuation models. These inputs are observable in active markets over the terms of the instruments the Company holds, and accordingly, the Company classifies the \$17.6 million net derivative asset as Level 2 in the hierarchy.

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159 The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities-Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115 (FAS No. 159) effective January 1, 2008. This standard permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. While FAS No. 159 became effective January 1, 2008, The Company did not elect the fair value measurement option for any of our financial assets or liabilities.

17. Financial Information for Subsidiary Guarantors and Non-Guarantors

The following presents condensed consolidating financial information for the Company, segregating: (1) Owens-Illinois, Inc., the issuer of three series of senior notes and debentures (the Parent); (2) the two subsidiaries which have guaranteed the senior notes and debentures on a subordinated basis (the Guarantor Subsidiaries); and (3) all other subsidiaries (the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries). The Guarantor Subsidiaries are 100% owned direct and indirect subsidiaries of the Company and their guarantees are full, unconditional and joint and several. They have no operations and function only as intermediate holding companies.

100% owned subsidiaries are presented on the equity basis of accounting. Certain reclassifications have been made to conform all of the financial information to the financial

presentation on a consolidated basis. The principal eliminations relate to investments in subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions.

			Guarantor	(rch 31, 2008 Non- Guarantor				
Balance Sheet	Parent	S	ubsidiaries	S	ubsidiaries	El	liminations	Co	onsolidated
Current assets:									
Accounts receivable	\$	\$		\$	1,320.6	\$		\$	1,320.6
Inventories					1,222.4				1,222.4
Other current assets					571.8				571.8
Total current assets					3,114.8				3,114.8
Investments in and advances to									
subsidiaries	3,664.1		2,914.1				(6,578.2)		
Goodwill					2,522.2				2,522.2
Other non-current assets					1,325.2				1,325.2
Total other assets	3,664.1		2,914.1		3,847.4		(6,578.2)		3,847.4
Property, plant, and equipment, net					2,995.2				2,995.2
Total assets	\$ 3,664.1	\$	2,914.1	\$	9,957.4	\$	(6,578.2)	\$	9,957.4
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	\$		\$	1,635.4	\$		\$	1,635.4
Current portion of asbestos liability	210.0								210.0
Short-term loans and long-term debt due									
within one year	250.0				835.1		(250.0)		835.1
Total current liabilities	460.0				2,470.5		(250.0)		2,680.5
Long-term debt	504.7				3,187.8		(500.0)		3,192.5
Asbestos-related liabilities	205.3								205.3
Other non-current liabilities and minority									
interests	(4.7)				1,385.0				1,380.3
Capital structure	2,498.8		2,914.1		2,914.1		(5,828.2)		2,498.8
Total liabilities and share owners equity	\$ 3,664.1	\$	2,914.1	\$	9,957.4	\$	(6,578.2)	\$	9,957.4

Balance Sheet		Parent		Guarantor Subsidiaries	(ember 31, 2007 Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries	E	liminations	Co	onsolidated
Current assets:										
Accounts receivable	\$		\$		\$	1.185.6	\$		\$	1.185.6
Inventories	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	1,020.8	Ψ		Ψ	1,020.8
Other current assets						488.2				488.2
Total current assets						2,694.6				2,694.6
Investments in and advances to						2,074.0				2,074.0
subsidiaries		3,392.9		2,642.9				(6,035.8)		
Goodwill		3,372.7		2,042.7		2,428.1		(0,033.0)		2,428.1
Other non-current assets						1,251.9				1,251.9
Total other assets		3,392.9		2,642.9		3,680.0		(6,035.8)		3,680.0
Property, plant, and equipment, net		3,372.7		2,012.9		2,950.0		(0,033.0)		2,950.0
Total assets	\$	3,392.9	\$	2,642.9	\$	9,324.6	\$	(6,035.8)	\$	9,324.6
Total assets	Ψ	3,372.7	Ψ	2,012.9	Ψ	7,321.0	Ψ	(0,033.0)	Ψ	7,521.0
Current liabilities :										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$		\$		\$	1,618.6	\$		\$	1,618.6
Current portion of asbestos liability		210.0				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				210.0
Short-term loans and long-term debt due										
within one year		250.0				700.9		(250.0)		700.9
Total current liabilities		460.0				2,319.5		(250.0)		2,529.5
Long-term debt		500.3				3,013.2		(500.0)		3,013.5
Asbestos-related liabilities		245.5						, í		245.5
Other non-current liabilities and minority										
interests		(0.3)				1,349.0				1,348.7
Capital structure		2,187.4		2,642.9		2,642.9		(5,285.8)		2,187.4
Total liabilities and share owners equity	\$	3,392.9	\$	2,642.9	\$	9,324.6	\$	(6,035.8)	\$	9,324.6

Balance Sheet	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries		March 31, 2007 Non- Guarantor Subsidiaries		Eliminations		Consolidated	
Current assets:									
Accounts receivable	\$	\$		\$	1,130.9	\$		\$	1,130.9
Inventories					1,072.5				1,072.5
Other current assets					378.2				378.2
Assets of discontinued operations					122.7				122.7
Total current assets					2,704.3				2,704.3
Investments in and advances to									
subsidiaries	2,186.1		1,136.1				(3,322.2)		
Goodwill					2,276.0				2,276.0
Other non-current assets					1,202.8				1,202.8
Assets of discontinued operations					582.2				582.2
Total other assets	2,186.1		1,136.1		4,061.0		(3,322.2)		4,061.0
Property, plant, and equipment, net					2,834.1				2,834.1
Total assets	\$ 2,186.1	\$	1,136.1	\$	9,599.4	\$	(3,322.2)	\$	9,599.4
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	\$		\$	1,392.6	\$		\$	1,392.6
Current portion of asbestos liability	149.0								149.0
Short-term loans and long-term debt due									
within one year	300.0				550.4		(300.0)		550.4
Liabilities of discontinued operations					75.0				75.0
Total current liabilities	449.0				2,018.0		(300.0)		2,167.0
Liabilities of discontinued operations					8.2				8.2
Long-term debt	743.7				5,109.7		(750.0)		5,103.4
Asbestos-related liabilities	497.7								497.7
Other non-current liabilities and minority									
interests	6.3				1,327.4				1,333.7
Capital structure	489.4		1,136.1		1,136.1		(2,272.2)		489.4
Total liabilities and share owners equity	\$ 2,186.1	\$	1,136.1	\$	9,599.4	\$	(3,322.2)	\$	9,599.4

Three months ended March 31, 2008

		Guarantor	Non- Guarantor		
Results of Operations	Parent	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net sales	\$	\$	\$ 1,960.5	\$	\$ 1,960.5
Manufacturing, shipping, and delivery			(1,503.7)		(1,503.7)
Gross profit			456.8		456.8
Research, engineering, selling,					
administrative, and other			(163.8)		(163.8)
External interest expense	(14.4)		(49.9)		(64.3)
Intercompany interest expense		(14.4)	(14.4)	28.8	
External interest income			8.7		8.7
Intercompany interest income	14.4	14.4		(28.8)	
Equity earnings from subsidiaries	174.0	174.0		(348.0)	
Other equity earnings			11.1		11.1
Other revenue			6.6		6.6
Earnings from continuing operations					
before items below	174.0	174.0	255.1	(348.0)	255.1
Provision for income taxes			(64.9)		(64.9)
Minority share owners interests in					
earnings of subsidiaries			(16.2)		(16.2)
Earnings from continuing operations	174.0	174.0	174.0	(348.0)	174.0
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	4.1				