ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS INC

Form 10-K March 29, 2011

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 000-51160

ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

New York 11-3427886 (State of jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employee incorporation or organization) Identification Number)

457 Rockaway Avenue, Valley Stream, NY 11581 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area (516) 256-7766 code:

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (b) None

of the Act:

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (g) Common Stock, \$.0001 Par Value

of the Act:

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes $[_]$ No [X]

Check whether the Registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. [_]

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [_]

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on it corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive data file required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [_] No [_]

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained in
this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K [X].
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act: smaller reporting company [X].
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [_] No [X]
As of June 30, 2010, the number of shares held by non-affiliates was approximately 10,100,000 shares. The approximate market value based on the last sale (i.e. \$.40 per share as of June 30, 2010) of the Company's Common Stock was approximately \$4,040,000.
The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's Common Stock, as of March 4, 2011 was 16,810,925.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

We believe this annual report contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are subject to risks and uncertainties and are based on the beliefs and assumptions of our management, based on information currently available to our management. When we use words such as "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "estimates," "should," "likely" or similar expressions, we are making forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include information concerning our possible or assumed future results of operations set forth under "Business" and/or "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance. They involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our future results and stockholder values may differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. Many of the factors that will determine these results and values are beyond our ability to control or predict. Stockholders are cautioned not to put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. For those statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. For a discussion of some of the factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements, please read carefully the information under "Risk Factors." In addition to the Risk Factors and other important factors discussed elsewhere in this annual report, you should understand that other risks and uncertainties and our public announcements and filings under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended could affect our future results and could cause results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements.

PART I

Item 1. Business

Recent Developments

On January 5, 2011, Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. ("Ace") formed Mobiquity Networks, Inc. ("Mobiquity") for the purpose of attempting to develop a proximity marketing network and to derive revenues from same. Ace has assigned certain contracts described below (i.e. those contracts with Blue Bite LLC. and Eye Corp Pty Ltd.) pertaining to these start-up operations to Mobiquity, which is seeking to complete a plan of financing of up to \$10,000,000. As of the filing date of this Form 10-K, no funds have been raised by Mobiquity. We can provide no assurances that Mobiquity will be successful in raising financing on terms satisfactory to it, if at all.

We have partnered with Blue Bite LLC. ("Blue Bite"), a premier provider of Proximity Marketing hardware and software solutions, and Eye Corp Pty Ltd., ("EyeCorp") an out-of-home media company which operates the largest mall advertising display network in the United States, to roll-out an expansive network which comprises of retail, dining, transportation, sporting, music, and other high traffic venues.

Proximity MarketingSM is a marketing tool that delivers messages to any Bluetooth or Wi-Fi enabled device within a 300ft radius from a central terminal. Our technology permits delivery to virtually any mobile device and properly formats each message to ensure that every user receives the best possible experience. Results are fully traceable, giving campaigns a true level of accountability. We offer clients the opportunity to reach millions of consumers with relevant, engaging content which is completely measurable for the advertisers and free for the user. The consumer receives a message requesting approval for transfer and once acceptance is granted, the user can receive a range of rich media content utilized by advertisers for promotional purposes. A Proximity Marketing unit can detect the total number of mobile devices in a specific area and then dynamically present a highly relevant message to consumers. Through this marketing medium, advertisers can track metrics and analytics in a much more targeted way and quantitatively measure the effectiveness of their campaigns.

We have launched Proximity Marketing installations in over 80 locations including malls, restaurants, and coffee shops. We have also executed successful campaigns at retail, music, and sporting events across the country, including: Nascar's Coke Zero 400, , Best Buy Guitar Hero World Tour launch, Macy's Thanksgiving Day Parade, NBA & NHL league games, concert tours for Def Leppard, Lonestar, Nickelback and more.

Mobiquity plans to use the net proceeds of the capital raise to expand heavily in the mall retail space and secure a national mall network, utilizing its exclusive agreement with EyeCorp, which provides Mobiquity access to its 300+ mall portfolio as well as execute national campaigns at other retail and event-based locations.

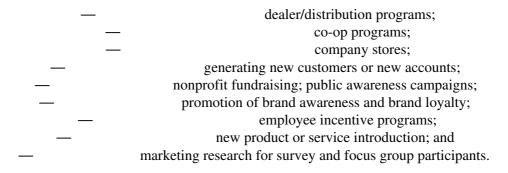
Overview

Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. (the "Company" or "Ace") is a full service promotional marketing company offering a wide array of business solutions. Ace has created Marketing Technology Platforms in 4 Vertical categories to provide a comprehensive range of capabilities for reaching the right client with the right message at the right time. These Vertical are:

1.	Branding & Branded Merchandise (Promotional Products)
2.	Interactive Solutions (Website development)
3.	Direct Relationship Marketing (Database management)
4.	Mobile Marketing (Proximity marketing & SMS text)

These solutions within the 4 Verticals include: fulfillment and warehousing, incentives and rewards programs, importing, e-commerce and web design, interactive media, printing and forms management, database management, branded merchandise, interactive media and proximity marketing. Although we offer several business solutions, our core business still remains to be distributing advertising specialties and promotional items manufactured by others to our customers typically with our customers' logos on them. Several of our customer categories include large corporations, local schools, universities, financial institutions, hospitals and not-for-profit organizations. Our promotional products are a useful, practical, informative, entertaining, and/or decorative item, most often imprinted with the sponsoring advertiser's name, logo, slogan or message, and typically retained and appreciated by the end recipients who receive them, in many cases free of charge in marketing and communication programs.

Promotional products are also effective for the following:



We have the ability to distribute over 500,000 promotional product items ranging from stickers that cost pennies all the way through jewelry, sporting goods, awards, and electronics that cost thousands of dollars per unit. Specific categories of promotional products include:

- —Advertising Specialties build awareness, goodwill and remembrance of the advertiser's name, product, purpose, advantages or other timely message. These products are generally lower priced goods and are usually distributed for free.
- —Business Gifts, Awards and Commemoratives generally lower priced goods and are given for goodwill, often at trade shows to generate traffic.
- —Incentives and Awards focus on motivation, workplace safety, goal setting and recognition. These are typically higher priced items used in incentive programs to promote employee retention and recognition. They may also be used in recruitment programs as well.

— Premiums - given after a specific behavior has been performed.

The most popular products that we have distributed over the last several years and account for business are as follows:

Wearables, such as t-shirts, golf shirts and hats.
 Glassware, such as mugs and drinking glasses.
 Writing instruments, such as pens, markers and highlighters.
 Bags, such as tote bags, gift bags and brief cases.

Ace Advantages

Ace presently has over 2000 customer accounts ranging from Fortune 500 companies to local schools and small businesses. We have built our business around the concept of high quality innovative branded merchandise, competitive pricing, and consistently superior customer service. Our operational platform, using top-line technology, is designed for economies of scale and ensures superior relations with major industry suppliers. The platform also provides superior support to an expanding team of experienced, well-connected salespeople who are key to acquiring new business.

The major advantage we hold over most companies in the promotional product industry is the ability to provide integrated business solutions to its customers as trusted advisors. The majority of companies in the promotional product industry offer only branded merchandise, whereas, we offer solutions in:

	_	Branded Merchandise;		
	_	Importing;		
	_	Incentive / Rewards programs;		
	_	Fulfillment / Warehousing;		
_		Direct Relationship Marketing / Database Management;		
	_	Printing / Forms Management;		
	_	Website Development / E-commerce;		
	_	Integrated Marketing Solutions;		
	_	Interactive media: and		

Mobile Marketing / Proximity Marketing.

The ability to offer multiple solutions and integrate them is what separates us from the average promotional product distributor. Where nearly all of the competition continues to be viewed as commodity based "order takers", our solutions based services deepen the relationship with our clients as our sales consultants become trusted advisors and Ace becomes a valued business partner.

Business Strategy

Ace's growth to date is based on a scalable corporate structure, using top-of-the-line technology, to create advantages over most small distributors by:

Quickly targeting the best products and prices to meet a client's needs;
 Providing in-house art capabilities for rapidly customizing merchandise;
 Providing fulfillment and warehousing services for inventory or custom programs,
 Providing research, consulting and design services to our customers;
 Offering direct overseas importing for large quantities;
 Providing incentive and reward programs for both customers and employees;
 Providing full service print and forms management solutions;
 Providing full e-commerce solutions, including company stores and website design;
 Managing purchase orders consistently from query to final order;
 Tracking shipments effectively regardless of size or the overseas location of the supplier;
 Offering database management software, which integrates with each service offered and allows the customer the ability to quantify the results of any given marketing campaign or promotion;

In addition, Ace offers a wide array of services not offered by most distributors. These additional services allow our salespeople the opportunity to open new doors and create more sales with both new and old customers. By providing

Offering proximity marketing and interactive media services.

all the necessary back-office support, these efficiencies also free salespersons to focus on selling. The in-house computer system allows access from off-site, enabling sales staff to operate from any location.

Mobile Marketing

In 2008 and 2009, we entered into agreements with Blue Bite, a non-affiliated party to become an authorized distributor, provider and reseller in the United States of mobile advertising solutions, in the Mobile Advertising & Proximity Marketing Industry. To date, we have not generated any significant revenue from this segment of our business.

Management believes that proximity marketing has unlimited marketing possibilities to thousands of different businesses. Proximity marketing is the localized wireless distribution of advertising content associated with a particular place. If we place a proximity transmitting box in a location of an advertiser/business, transmissions (messages) will be sent to and received by cell phones and PDA's equipped with Bluetooth technology within approximately 100 meters of a marketing broadcast. A person receiving the transmission can elect to download the transmission, read the message and potentially act upon the message sent by the advertiser. The message will remain on the cell phone or PDA until proactively removed by the user. The user also has the ability to forward the message

to other users, which generates multiple views over an extended period of time.

Management believes that advertisers are constantly seeking new measurable media channels that can accurately target and engage key consumer segments, and deliver compelling, relevant content that can be enjoyed for what it is, shared with friends, interactively engaged with or commercially acted upon instantaneously. All messages received by the public are free of charge meaning there is no charge on any content a consumer downloads. We will enable our advertising customers to promote their business by sending still images, animated images, audio files, video clips, text files, promotional or discount contents, bar codes, mobile games and java applications and business card files. We can also send live data such as news and sports updates to targeted mobile phones.

Management believes that proximity marketing is completely spam-free and compliant with all applicable governmental regulations. It asks the users if they would like to receive the content. It tracks how many people accept and reject the content, providing the sender with a detailed time and date for every transmission. The system maintains a unique Bluetooth ID assigned to each device, and therefore will not send users the same advertisement more than once, and if rejected will not contact the user again.

The ABI Research report published in January 2008 on mobile marketing refers to the industry as still being in its "wild west" years but forecasts it will settle down and become a \$24 billion slice of the worldwide marketing and advertising pie by 2013. It estimates there was about \$1.8 billion spent in 2007 on all forms of mobile marketing.

We intend to market its proximity boxes as a premiere mobile technology. This will allow us to create a new channel in the mobile marketplace for existing brands and marketers to leverage the inherent strengths of mobile advertising. We plan to leverage the technology to develop niche vertical sites. These services will be scalable for both large and small businesses to monetize high traffic areas. Additionally, the platform shall be dynamically scalable for worldwide partnerships, where a multi-location business will be able to send a different marketing campaign for each demographic.

The Market

There are thousands of different types and styles of promotional products. In many cases, it is even possible to obtain custom items that are not found in any catalog. According to The Counselor – State of the Industry 2009 Survey, which is available online at no cost to the public at www.thecounselor.net, the most popular promotion products sold in 2008 were the following:

	Wearables (which accounts for over 25% of the overall industry revenue);
_	Bags
_	Headwear
_	Desk/office/business accessories;
_	Writing instruments;
_	Glassware and ceramics;
_	Computer-related products
_	Health and Safety products;
	Electronics; and Calendars;

According to the Promotional Products Association International, which is available online at no cost to the public at http://www.ppai.org/inside-ppai/research/Documents/2009SalesVolumeSheet.pdf promotional product distributor's sales were \$5.13 billion in 1991, with steady increases in sales until they reached \$17.85 billion in 2000. Promotional Product sales then declined to \$16.55 billion in 2001, \$15.63 billion in 2002, increased to \$16.34 billion in 2003, to \$17.3 billion in 2004, to \$18.8 billion in 2006 and \$19.4 billion in 2007 and then decreased to \$18.1 billion in 2008 and decreased further to \$15.6 billion in 2009. A revitalized economy, increased competition in the marketplace, and a trend toward integrated and targeted marketing strategies had contributed to this growth which ceased with the economic downturn in 2009. Integrated marketing campaigns involve not only advertising, but also sales promotions, internal communications, public relations, and other disciplines. The objectives of integrated marketing are to promote products and services, raise employee awareness, motivate personnel, and increase productivity through a wide array of methods including extensive use of promotional products. Since 2008, the economic downturn in the United States has substantially adversely affected the promotional product industry.

Distributors

According to the Promotional Products Association International, with no single company dominating the market, the promotional products industry is highly fragmented with 21,150 distributors in the industry with revenues of less than \$2.5 million and 857 distributors with revenues of \$2.5 million or more. According to The Counselor – State of the Industry 2010 Survey, the top ten distributors in our industry are believed to have 2009 North American sales of over \$1.6 billion. Staples, Pro Forma Inc., Group II Communications/IMS, BDA, and 4 Imprint were the top five distributors of 2009with estimated sales of \$360 million, \$234 million, \$207 million, \$198 million and \$165 million, respectively. Nearly 80% of the distributors surveyed are reported to be privately owned family businesses. Management believes that control of sales lies predominantly with the independent sales representatives, as there is little brand recognition at this time.

According to the Promotional Products Association International, the following ranks the top 10 Program Categegory's for purchasing promotional products in descending order according to the findings of a 2009 study by Louisiana State University and Glenrich Business Studies. Category's were named by distributors according to the volume spent on promotional products by each.

Brand Awareness: Promotion of brand awareness and brand loyalty

Tradeshows: Tradeshow traffic generation

New Customer/Account Generation: Newcustomer or new account generation

Dealer/Distributor Programs: Dealer incentives, co-op programs, company stores

Public Relations: Corporate involvement with community, fundraising, sponsorship, school programs, media relations, Employee Relations & Events: Morale and motivation, corporate/employee events, employee orientation, organizational commitment/corporate identity, corporate communication, employee training (other than safety), employee referral programs

Not-For-Profit Programs: Not-for-profit use for fundraising, public awareness campaigns (health, environment, public safety, etc.)

New Product/Service Introduction: New product or service introduction

Employee Service Awards: Anniversary recognition, service awards, etc.

Customer Referrals: Customer referral incentive programs

Internal Promotions (Incentive; Non-Safety): Sales incentive, TQM/quality programs, productivity, inventory reduction, error reduction, attendance improvement

Supply Chain

Domestic and overseas manufacturers generally sell their promotional product items directly to suppliers. Suppliers sell to distributors like Ace Marketing and distributors sell promotional products to customer users such as large corporations, financial institutions, universities and schools, hospitals, not-for-profit organizations and small businesses. However, manufacturers have the ability to sell their promotional products directly to distributors and customers. Suppliers have the ability to sell promotional products directly to customers who are not distributors.

Whereas the majority of the items are made overseas, often in China, and the suppliers are simply importing from actual manufacturers, we generally consider the supplier as the beginning of the industry supply chain. They choose specified product lines and import blank goods to be warehoused until a distributor orders one of their items with a customer logo on it. The suppliers generally run the risk of inventory exposure and fluctuations in an item's popularity. This is generally why most distributors stick to distributing and not importing. There are situations where importing directly from the manufacturer and thus cutting out the supplier does in fact make sense. Generally, this happens when a distributor has a large quantity order and has enough lead time from the customer to import the item. Since ocean freight from overseas generally takes 30-45 days and manufacturing may take several weeks, this only makes sense when a customer orders far in advance and in large quantity. The benefits of this are outstanding since the margins and cost savings can be substantial. But, in general, the average order in the industry is below \$1,000 and thus the need for individual suppliers to carry specified product lines and hold inventory to fill the need of the average distributor with the average order.

Suppliers

Management believes that while there are an estimated 3,000 suppliers in the industry, most of the promotional products distributors have access to the same suppliers. Currently, we utilize approximately 500 suppliers in our business with only one supplier accounting for about 10% of our purchasing requirements over the last two years. We seek to distinguish ourselves from other distributors by attractive pricing, by sourcing unique items, creating custom products and/or offering superior in house service and customer support through our employees. Most suppliers require us to pay within 30 days of delivery of an order; however, we may not receive our customers' payments in the same time frame. This requires us to have available cash resources to finance most of our customers' orders. The possible lack of available cash resources would limit our ability to take orders from customers, thus limiting our ability to grow. An infusion of additional capital, a line of credit and better payment terms based on volume can enable us to service a broader base of customers. We have never sought to establish a line of credit, although we may seek to establish one with an institutional lender in the future.

Purchasing Trends – Need for Value Added Products and Related Services

Price is no longer the sole motivator of purchasing behavior for our customers. With the availability of similar products from multiple sources, customers are increasingly looking for distributors who provide a tangible value-added to their products. As a result, we provide a broad range of products and related services. Specifically, we provide research and consultancy services, artwork and design services, and fulfillment services to our customers. These services are provided in-house by our current employees. Management believes that by offering these services, we can attempt to attract new customers.

Our Customers – Choosing us as your Right Distributor

Most of our promotional products bear our customers' corporate name and are a reflection of their corporate image. The events they use these items for are of the utmost importance. If they go with another distributor who gives them run of the mill ideas possibly at a lower cost, a poor quality product with inferior quality decoration and/or the goods arrive late, then they quickly realize there should be other factors that determine which distributor they should be working with. We presently have over 500 customer accounts ranging from fortune 500 companies to local schools and small businesses. A customer account is a person who or entity that has purchased promotional products from us in the past on a non-exclusive basis and may or may not purchase from us additional promotional products in the future. No customer has accounted for more than 10% of sales during the past three years. Our customer base grows mainly through business and personal referrals and the efforts of our sales representatives. Generally our customers do not actively seek distributors to bid on their projects. There are many reasons why our customers may work with us over another distributor. The average buyer first believes that price is the sole issue with the lowest

bidding distributor on a project obtaining the business. Once they gain more experience and understand the difficulties in processing and fulfilling an order on time and correctly, they generally analyze the rationale on how they choose a distributor differently. Although pricing is important to our customers, they also count on our dependability, creativity and efficiency. In this regard, we recently agreed to develop an online store for one of the fastest growing privately held hospices in the United States to consolidate the customer's purchasing from us for its multiple locations across the country.

Servicing our Customers

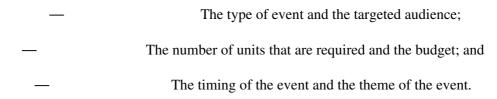
The major advantage we believe we have over most companies in the promotional product industry is the ability to provide integrated business solutions to its customers as trusted advisors. The majority of companies in the promotional product industry offer only branded merchandise, whereas, we offer solutions in:



We have built our distribution business around the concept of reliability, quality, innovative and custom promotional products at competitive prices while maintaining a high level of customer service and good relationships with industry suppliers. Our research licensed software technology, that we purchased from an outside vendor and is available for licensing to other distributors in the industry, affords us the ability to locate and purchase industry product in an efficient manner rather than to have to manually research products through hundreds of catalogs and/or reference books. Our in-house art capabilities through our salaried employees make us a "one stop shop" for custom merchandise and provide our customers with comfort in knowing logo modifications will not delay valuable production days on tight turn-around projects. Our in-house art department consists of two employees who work on Apple computers using licensed software programs such as Illustrator, Photoshop and Quark to create new logos or manipulate current ones. These logos are then sent to the supplier who arranges to put them on the product whether internally or through an outside source in one of the following manners:

_	silkscreen printing
_	embroidery
_	hot stamp
_	heat transfer
_	embossing/debossing
_	engraving

Our reliability stems from our own customized and detailed tracking system that we structured and implemented to ensure an order is processed correctly and on time. In general, customers contact us when they have a need for items that have corporate logos. They provide us with general information that helps us determine what products to suggest, including the following:



The aforementioned parameters will narrow the field of items suggested from a broad list of 500,000 to possibly a dozen or less. Once a customer calls in or e-mails us requesting ideas for an upcoming event, we begin to research ideas based on their parameters and we use our research software to look up dozens of products, prepare a competitive analysis between similar products to find just the right one, send a picture to the customer by email and prepare and send a quotation to the customer also by email. This provides us an immediate time saving advantage over other distributors who still do things manually. Many of these distributors still scan a reference book which is called a register. They search for a particular product, such as clocks, and then find the sub-category they are interested in, such as plastic, and there they find all the suppliers who carry the specific item they are wish to purchase. They must then either cross reference each supplier to find their phone number or web address, or they can physically pull as many of the catalogs they have on hand and search for the products that they are interested in and send catalogs with tabbed pages via regular mail or overnight service. This is an inefficient way to research and deliver images of products. We are not aware of any statistical information which allows us to tell the percentages of distributors who use publicly available licensed research software systems like ours versus the manual way described above.

When the customer decides on the product that they would like to order, the order is processed in our order entry department utilizing our order-entry software which is available for licensing to anyone in the industry from third party vendors. The salesperson submits the specifics of the order to our order entry department where the order is keyed into the system by our employees. Three parts to each order are printed.

- —Acknowledgement This outlines the product ordered along with a description of the product and how the logo will be placed and in what colors. It includes the quantity ordered, the price per piece, total cost, ship to address, and the delivery date. It is sent to our customer via fax along with a hard copy of the artwork that will be used on the order. The order will not move forward until our customer signs off on the acknowledgment and the artwork. No order runs without the sign offs thus protecting us in the long run of a customer claiming they were not aware of some aspect of the order.
- —Purchase Order The purchase order is submitted to the supplier only after the acknowledgment and art are signed by our customer. It contains all the information that the acknowledgment contains except the price of the product is now shown as the price we will be paying. The art is sent via e-mail to the factory and the purchase order requires that the supplier send back a paper proof of the art to insure accuracy before proceeding with the order. Now the supplier has the exact same parameters to complete the order that the customer signed off on. They must meet the delivery date for the quantity specified, with the logo specified, at the price we submitted. Orders are drop shipped from the supplier directly to the customer, except on rare occasions where packaging is done in our office.
- —Sales Order Copy This is a print out that essentially shows all of the components on the acknowledgment and the purchase order combined side by side. It shows what we pay for the product and what price our customer pays for

the product. It also shows the gross profit, the gross profit percentage, and the commission due to the salesperson.

Once the above process takes place, the entire work folder goes to the tracking department. We have developed a system to follow each order from the time it is processed, through the time it is shipped. This is yet another safeguard to protect us from a supplier not fulfilling their obligations, which in turn may lead to us losing money, a customer, or both. The tracking process consists of us contacting the factory at various points in the production process to ensure that the order is on schedule. We verbally verify the item, quantity, and ship date and document who at the supplier verified the information. We then call again at a certain point in the process to verify it is on schedule and lastly call on the day of shipping to receive tracking numbers. The above processes have historically led to eliminating disputes with both suppliers and customers.

Our Distribution and Marketing Strategy

Key elements of our distribution and marketing strategy are:

- —Creating awareness of our products, services and facilities. We have been in business since March 1998. Our revenues are derived from existing customers and new customers through word of mouth recommendations, attendance at trade shows, our sales representatives and advertising and promotion in trade journals.
- —Motivating retailers to utilize promotional and specialty products in their business. It is our management's belief from conversations with persons in our industry and at trade shows, that a trend in our industry is often for the use of promotional items to customers rather than cash incentives for gaining customer loyalty and motivating sales people. In this regard, customers who received a promotional item tended to purchase more and repeat purchases more often than customers who received a discount coupon of equivalent value. Additionally, sales forces show a tendency for greater motivation when receiving a trip or merchandise as opposed to the cash equivalent. We must show our customers the benefits of utilizing promotional and specialty items in their business and for their sales force and build customer loyalty through the use of point systems that are exchanged for promotional merchandise.
- —Our company was built as a platform that could grow easily. Scalability is the key and we have separate departments with defined roles which will allow this to occur and for our salesperson to sell. Our sales persons receive helpful support from us. In many other distributorships, the salesperson is often responsible for everything from answering phones, doing all their own research, processing orders, billing, tracking and collections. At our company, we provide complete backup to allow our sales persons to just sell. Since our technology is currently up to date, including in house servers to allow access to our systems from off-site, we have the ability to pick up salespeople from any location in the United States.
- —Providing generous incentives to our sales people to increase performance levels. We offer competitive commissions in addition to back office support and research assistance to allow our independent sales representatives to optimize their sales time and to provide them with adequate incentives to sell promotional products to our customers rather than for our competitors. In the future, we may offer a stock option program for additional incentives.
- —Maintain a competitive gross profit percentage on all sales orders. For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, our gross profit percentage was 29.4% and 30.4%, respectively.

- —Provide research, consulting, design and fulfillment services to our customers to increase profitability. We design promotional products for our customers and provide consulting services in connection therewith. We utilize licensed research software technology and order entry systems that are available to anyone in the industry for license to provide the best services to our customers in the timeliest fashion possible.
- —Utilizing the Internet and its capabilities and opportunities for sales of promotional products and cost savings. Our website is www.Acemarketing.net. Our website is utilized for multiple purposes, including providing information to potential customers who want to learn about us and research our available product line. We also develop online company stores for customers to help facilitate re-orders at cost savings to them based upon a pre-determined product line.

Sales and Marketing

Our revenues are derived from existing customers and new customers through word of mouth recommendations, attendance at trade shows, our sales representatives and advertising and promotion in trade journals. Our website described herein is utilized for multiple purposes, including providing information to potential customers who want to learn about us and research our available product line. Except primarily our two executive officers, our sales representatives receive commissions and are not paid a salary. They work at their own location or at our facility and may sell products on behalf of other companies. We encourage our sales representatives to sell promotion products for us on the basis of sales incentives which include competitive commissions and appropriate sales support and research which is provided in-house by our employees. In the future, we intend to offer stock and/or stock options as part of their incentive programs.

Technology

Technology affects most industries, and specifically the internet, which enables many capabilities and opportunities for cost savings. Sales of promotional products are often catalog-based. The cost of producing and mailing a catalog can be high. Placing a catalog on a website takes less manpower to maintain and less money to update and distribute new versions. Additionally, integrating the catalog with the order processing system can save time and money in placing and filling orders, also eliminating manual errors.

The proliferation of open architecture software and hardware makes an increasing number of systems available for automating processes and integrating back office systems. By doing this, we reduce support requirements and further enhance margins. Additionally, the ability to provide more direct support to our sales force has led to increased retention of our sales team.

Possible Growth through Acquisitions

We believe the environment for growth and consolidation in the promotional products industry is appealing, and that we would like to take advantage of this if a satisfactory opportunity arises. There are some issues that our company must address to be successful. The main issues are motivating previous owners, retaining sales people, and integrating operations.

We believe that when a distributor is acquired, a decision must be made about the existing management team, most typically the owner. An evaluation must be made regarding the skills of the owner and desirability of having them involved in our company. Acquisitions would be typically made for the customer accounts; however, due to the size of the target companies, the owner would most likely also be a key employee or sales person. The motivation of the previous owner to work for others may be an issue. We must address this issue and ensure the continued participation of the owners. In general, the best way to mitigate this risk is to tie up much of the previous owners' payment in stock,

thus providing incentive for the overall company's success.

We believe that one of the most difficult tasks in our acquiring a company would be transitioning the new acquisition into us. It is important to have flexible, open systems and technology to integrate the back office operations, as well as strong controls and processes to put in place. Having the appropriate technology and strong management team will help alleviate some of the issues here.

As of the date hereof, there is no firm agreement to acquire any company or distributor and we can provide no assurances that our plans will be realized to grow through acquisitions of one or more distributors or, if successful, that any acquisitions can be profitably integrated into our company's operations.

Competition

While our competition is extensive with over 20,000 distributors, we believe that there are no companies that dominate the market in which we operate. Our company competes within the industry on the basis of service, competitive prices, personnel relationships and competitive commissions to our sales representatives to sell promotional products for us rather than our competitors. Competitors' advantages over us may include better financing, greater experience and better service, cheaper prices and personal relationships than us.

According to the Promotional Products Association International, with no single company dominating the market, the promotional products industry is highly fragmented with 21,150 distributors in the industry with revenues of less than \$2.5 million and 857 distributors with revenues of \$2.5 million or more. According to The Counselor – State of the Industry 2010 Survey, the top ten distributors in our industry are believed to have 2009 North American sales of over \$1.6 billion. Staples, Pro Forma Inc., Group II Communications/IMS, BDA, and 4 Imprint were the top five distributors of 2009with estimated sales of \$360 million, \$234 million, \$207 million, \$198 million and \$165 million, respectively. Nearly 80% of the distributors surveyed are reported to be privately owned family businesses. Management believes that control of sales lies predominantly with the independent sales representatives, as there is little brand recognition at this time.

We believe that in the promotional products industry, sales people typically have a large amount of autonomy and control the relationships with their customers. This works both for and against us. To avoid losing customers, we must provide the appropriate incentives to keep sales people. At the same time, while there can be no assurances, management believes our company will be able to obtain new customers by luring sales people away from competitors. The offering of stock incentives and health care benefits are ways to retain sales people, especially in an industry where these types of benefits are rare.

Employees

As of December 31, 2010, we had 12 full time employees, including two executive officers who provide in-house sales, our Chief Financial Officer and 5 support staff employees. We utilize 8 sales representatives of which four are employees who provide services on an exclusive basis and four additional persons who provide services to us on a non-exclusive basis as independent consultants.

Legal Proceedings

We are currently not subject to any threatened or pending legal proceedings. Nevertheless, we may from time-to-time become a party to various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business.

Item 1.A. Risk Factors

YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING RISK FACTORS, IN ADDITION TO THE OTHER INFORMATION PRESENTED IN THIS FORM 10-K, IN EVALUATING US AND OUR BUSINESS. ANY OF THE FOLLOWING RISKS, AS WELL AS OTHER RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, COULD HARM OUR BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS AND CAUSE THE VALUE OF OUR SECURITIES TO DECLINE, WHICH IN TURN COULD CAUSE YOU TO LOSE ALL OR PART OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

RISKS RELATING TO OUR BUSINESS

HISTORY OF OPERATING LOSSES

Since we went public in 2005, we have experienced a continued history of operating losses. For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, we incurred a net loss of \$1,762,256 and \$1,577,010, respectively. Our operating losses for the past three years are attributable to the general state of the economy. We can provide no assurances that these losses will not continue into the foreseeable future. During the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, we have completed financings totaling \$1,124,250 and \$1,628,300, respectively. We can provide no assurances that we will be able to continue to raise additional financing to supplement our liquidity and capital resource needs on terms satisfactory to us if at all.

THE PROMOTIONAL PRODUCTS DISTRIBUTION INDUSTRY IS HIGHLY COMPETITIVE AND WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO COMPETE SUCCESSFULLY.

We compete with over 20,000 distributor companies. Some of our competitors have greater financial and other resources than we do which could allow them to compete more successfully. Most of our promotional products are available from several sources and our customers tend to have relationships with several distributors. Competitors could obtain exclusive rights to market particular products which we would then be unable to market and may provide business solutions related to promotional products competitive with those provided by us. Industry consolidation among promotional products distributors, the unavailability of products, whether due to our inability to gain access to products or interruptions in supply from manufacturers, or the emergence of new competitors could also increase competition. In the future, we may be unable to compete successfully and competitive pressures may reduce our revenues.

OUR PROXIMITY MARKETING BUSINESS IS NEW, UNPROVEN AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THIS BUSINESS MAY NOT RESULT IN SUFFICIENT REVENUES AND PROFITABILITY TO JUSTIFY THE EXPENDITURES THEREOF.

In 2008, we became an authorized distributor, provider and reseller in the United States of mobile advertising solutions, in the mobile advertising and proximity marketing industry. To date, we have not generated any significant revenue from this new and unproven segment of our business. A primary business focus of Ace is to attempt to place our proximity marketing units into businesses on a local, regional and potentially on a national scale, and to then generate revenues through advertisers seeking new measurable media channels that can accurately target and engage key consumer segments and deliver compelling relevant content that can be enjoyed for what it is, shared with friends, interactively engage with or commercially acted upon instantaneously. It is our intent to enable advertisers to promote their business by sending animated images, audio files, video clips, text files, promotional or discount contents, bar codes, mobile games and java applications and business card files. We can also send live data such as news and sports updates to targeted mobile phones. The ABI Research report published in January 2008 on mobile marketing refers to the industry as still being in its "wild west" years but forecasts it will settle down and become a \$24 billion slice of the

worldwide marketing and advertising pie by 2013. It estimates there was about \$1.8 billion spent in 2007 on all forms of mobile marketing. While Management intends to market the proximity boxes as a premier mobile technology, we can provide no assurances that Ace will successfully establish a local, regional and/or national network containing its proximity marketing boxes or that sufficient advertising revenues and profits (if any) will result to justify the expenditures thereof.

WE ARE CURRENTLY ATTEMPTING TO RAISE UP TO \$10,000,000 PURSUANT TO A PLAN OF FINANCING FOR OUR NEWLY FORMED SUBSIDIARY. WE CAN PROVIDE NO ASSURANCES THAT OUR FUND RAISING EFFORTS WILL BE SUCCESSFUL ON TERMS SATISFACTORY TO US, IF AT ALL.

In January 2011, we formed Mobiquity Networks, Inc. as a wholly-owned subsidiary for the purpose of attempting to develop a proximity marketing network and to derive revenues from same . We have assigned our contracts with Blue Bite and Eye Corp Pty Ltd. to Mobiquity. Blue Bite is a premier provider of proximity marketing hardware and software solutions. Eye Corp is an out-of-home media company which operates the largest mall advertising display network in the United States, to roll-out an expansive network which comprises of retail, dining, transportation, sporting, music, and other high traffic venues. We are currnetly seeking to raise up to \$10,000,000 for Mobiquity to expand heavily on the mall retail space and secure a National Mall Network utilizing our agreement with Eye Corp, which provides us access to Eye Corp's 300 plus mall portfolio as well as executive National campains at other retail and event based locations. We can provide no assurances that our fund raising efforts will be successful on terms satisfactory to us, if at all.

WE EXPERIENCE FLUCTUATIONS IN QUARTERLY EARNINGS. AS A RESULT, WE MAY FAIL TO MEET OR EXCEED THE EXPECTATIONS OF SECURITIES ANALYSTS AND INVESTORS, WHICH COULD CAUSE OUR STOCK PRICE TO DECLINE.

Our business has been subject to seasonal and other quarterly fluctuations. Net sales and operating profits generally have been higher in the third and fourth quarters, particularly in the months of September through November, due to the timing of sales of promotional products and year-end promotions. Net sales and operating profits have been lower in the first quarter, primarily due to increased sales in the prior two quarters. Quarterly results may also be adversely affected by a variety of other factors, including:

costs of developing new promotions and services;

costs related to acquisitions of businesses;

the timing and amount of sales and marketing expenditures;

general economic conditions, as well as those specific to the promotional product industry; and

our success in establishing additional business relationships.

Any change in one or more of these or other factors could cause our annual or quarterly operating results to fluctuate. If our operating results do not meet market expectations, our stock price may decline in the event a market should develop.

BECAUSE WE DO NOT MANUFACTURE THE PRODUCTS WE DISTRIBUTE, WE ARE DEPENDENT UPON THIRD PARTIES FOR THE MANUFACTURE AND SUPPLY OF OUR PRODUCTS.

We obtain all of our products from third-party suppliers, both domestically and overseas primarily in China. We submit purchase orders to our suppliers who are not committed to supply products to us. Therefore, suppliers may be unable to provide the products we need in the quantities we request. Because we lack control of the actual production of the products we sell, we may be subject to delays caused by interruption in production based on conditions outside of our control. In the event that any of our third-party suppliers were to become unable or unwilling to continue to provide the products in required volumes, we would need to identify and obtain acceptable replacement sources on a timely cost effective basis. There is no guarantee that we will be able to obtain such alternative sources of supply on a timely basis, if at all. An extended interruption in the supply of our products would have an adverse effect on our results of operations, which most likely would adversely affect the value of our common stock.

WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO EXPAND THROUGH INTERNAL GROWTH AND MEET CHANGES IN THE INDUSTRY.

Our plans for internal growth include hiring in-house sales representatives from our competitors and offering stock incentives and generous commissions to keep them. Additionally, we have room for growth by building direct relationships with advertising agencies and major corporations. Because of potential industry changes, our products and promotions must continue to evolve to meet changes in the industry. Our future expansion plans may not be successful due to competition, competitive pressures and changes in the industry.

OUR LIMITED CASH RESOURCES AND LACK OF A LINE OF CREDIT MAY RESTRICT OUR EXPANSION OPPORTUNITIES.

An economic issue that can limit our growth is lack of extensive cash resources, due to the typical payment terms of a transaction. Most suppliers require us to pay within 30 days of delivery of an order; however, we may not receive our customer's payment in the same time frame. This requires us to have available cash resources to finance most of our customers' orders. Any lack of cash resources would limit our ability to take orders from customers, thus limiting our ability to grow. An infusion of capital and a good line of credit can enable us to service a broader base of customers. We can provide no assurances that we will obtain an adequate line of credit in the future, if at all.

OUR PROPOSED EXPANSION THROUGH ACQUISITIONS INVOLVES SEVERAL RISKS.

We may expand our domestic markets in part through acquisitions in the future. Such transactions would involve numerous risks, including possible adverse effects on our operating results or the market price of our common stock. Some of our future acquisitions could give rise to an obligation by us to make contingent payments or to satisfy certain repurchase obligations, which payments could have an adverse effect on our results of operations. In addition, integrating acquired businesses:

- o may result in a loss of customers of the acquired businesses;
- o requires significant management attention; and
- o may place significant demands on our operations, information systems and financial resources.

There can be no assurance that our future acquisitions will be successful. Our ability to successfully effect acquisitions will depend upon the following:

- o the availability of suitable acquisition candidates at acceptable prices;
- o the development of an established market for our common stock; and
- o the availability of financing on acceptable terms, in the case of non-stock transactions.

OUR REVENUES DEPEND ON OUR RELATIONSHIPS WITH CAPABLE INDEPENDENT SALES PERSONNEL OVER WHOM WE HAVE NO CONTROL AS WELL AS KEY CUSTOMERS, VENDORS AND MANUFACTURERS OF THE PRODUCTS WE DISTRIBUTE.

Our future operating results depend on our ability to maintain satisfactory relationships with qualified independent Sales personnel as well as key customers, vendors and manufacturers. We are dependent upon our independent sales representatives to sell our products and do not have any direct control over these third parties. If we fail to maintain our existing relationships with our independent sales representatives, key customers, vendors and manufacturers or fail to acquire new relationships with such key persons in the future, our business may suffer.

OUR FUTURE PERFORMANCE IS MATERIALLY DEPENDENT UPON OUR MANAGEMENT AND THEIR ABILITY TO MANAGE OUR GROWTH.

Our future success is substantially dependent upon the efforts and abilities of members of our existing management, particularly Dean L. Julia, Chief Executive Officer and Michael Trepeta, President. The loss of the services of Mr. Julia or Mr. Trepeta could have a material adverse effect on our business. We have an employment agreement with each of Messrs. Julia and Trepeta expiring February 28, 2011. However, we lack "key man" life insurance policies on any of our officers or employees. Competition for additional qualified management is intense, and we may be unable to attract and retain additional key personnel. The number of management personnel is currently limited and they may be unable to manage our expansion successfully and the failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

WE CANNOT PREDICT OUR FUTURE CAPITAL NEEDS AND WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO SECURE ADDITIONAL FINANCING.

We may need to raise additional funds in the future to fund more aggressive expansion of our business or make strategic acquisitions or investments. We may require additional equity or debt financings or funds from other sources for these purposes. No assurance can be given that these funds will be available for us to finance our development on acceptable terms, if at all. Such additional financings may involve substantial dilution of our stockholders or may require that we relinquish rights to certain of our technologies or products. In addition, we may experience operational difficulties and delays due to working capital restrictions. If adequate funds are lacking from operations or additional sources of financing, we may have to delay or scale back our growth plans.

RISKS RELATING TO AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMMON STOCK

WE LACK AN ESTABLISHED TRADING MARKET FOR OUR COMMON STOCK, AND YOU MAY BE UNABLE TO SELL YOUR COMMON STOCK AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES OR AT ALL.

There is currently a limited and sporadic trading market for our common stock in the OTC electronic bulletin board under the symbol "AMKT." There can be no assurances given that an established public market will be obtained for our common stock or that any public market will last. The trading price of the common stock depends on many factors, including:

- o the markets for similar securities;
- o our financial condition, results of operations and prospects;
- o the publication of earnings estimates or other research reports and speculation in the press or investment community;
- o changes in our industry and competition; and
- o general market and economic conditions.

As a result, we cannot assure you that you will be able to sell your common stock at attractive prices or at all.

THE MARKET PRICE FOR OUR COMMON STOCK MAY BE HIGHLY VOLATILE.

The market price for our common stock may be highly volatile. A variety of factors may have a significant impact on the market price of our common stock, including:

- o the publication of earnings estimates or other research reports and speculation in the press or investment community;
- o changes in our industry and competitors;
- o our financial condition, results of operations and prospects;
- o any future issuances of our common stock, which may include primary offerings for cash, issuances in connection with business acquisitions, and the grant or exercise of stock options from time to time;
- o general market and economic conditions; and
- o any outbreak or escalation of hostilities, which could cause a recession or downturn in our economy.

In addition, the markets in general can experience extreme price and volume fluctuations that can be unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of the companies listed or quoted. Broad market and industry factors may negatively affect the market price of our common stock, regardless of actual operating performance. In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class action litigation has often been instituted against companies. This type of litigation, if instituted, could result in substantial costs and a diversion of management's attention and resources, which would harm our business.

WE DO NOT ANTICIPATE PAYING CASH DIVIDENDS IN THE FUTURE.

No cash dividends have been paid by our company on our common stock. The future payment by us of cash dividends on our common stock, if any, rests within the discretion of our board of directors and will depend, among other things, upon our earnings, our capital requirements and our financial condition as well as other relevant factors. We do not intend to pay cash dividends upon our common stock for the foreseeable future.

PROVISIONS OF OUR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND AGREEMENTS COULD DELAY OR PREVENT A CHANGE IN CONTROL OF OUR COMPANY.

Certain provisions of our articles of incorporation may discourage, delay, or prevent a merger or acquisition that a shareholder may consider favorable. These provisions include:

- o Authority of the board of directors to issue preferred stock.
- o Prohibition on cumulative voting in the election of directors.

WE LACK INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS AND COMMITTEES THEREOF.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requires us as a public corporation to have an audit committee composed solely of independent directors. Currently, we have no independent directors or committees of directors. Without independent directors, our board may have no way to resolve conflicts of interest, including, without limitation, executive compensation, employment contracts and the like.

OUR FUTURE SALES OF COMMON STOCK BY MANAGEMENT AND OTHER STOCKHOLDERS MAY HAVE AN ADVERSE EFFECT ON THE THEN PREVAILING MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

In the event a public market for our common stock is sustained in the future, sales of our common stock may be made by holders of our public float or by holders of restricted securities in compliance with the provisions of Rule 144 of the Securities Act of 1933. In general, under Rule 144, a non-affiliated person who has satisfied a six-month holding period in a fully reporting company under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, may, sell their restricted Common Stock without volume limitation, so long as the issuer is current with all reports under the Exchange Act in order for there to be adequate common public information. Affiliated persons may also sell their common shares held for at least six months, but affiliated persons will be required to meet certain other requirements, including manner of sale, notice requirements and volume limitations. Non-affiliated persons who hold their common shares for at least one year will be able to sell their common stock without the need for there to be current public information in the hands of the public. Future sales of shares of our public float or by restricted common stock made in compliance with Rule 144 may have an adverse effect on the then prevailing market price, if any, of our common stock.

Item 1.B.	Unresol	ved Staff	Comments

Not Applicable.

Item 2. Properties

Our principal executive offices are located at 457 Rockaway Avenue, Valley Stream, NY 11581. We currently lease approximately 4,000 square feet of office space at this facility at an annual cost of approximately \$59,000 pursuant to a month-to-month lease. We are currently exploring our options of obtaining a new location and/or entering into a long-term lease at our current facility. We also lease approximately 2,000 square feet of space, expiring in November 2011, at an annual cost of approximately \$28,000 (inclusive of taxes) at 1105 Portion Road, Farmingville, NY 11738.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

We are currently not subject to any threatened or pending legal proceedings. Nevertheless, we may from time to time become a party to various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business.

Item 4. Reserved

PART II

Item 5. Market for Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters, and Issuer

Purchases of Equity Securities.

Since June 9, 2005, our common stock has been traded on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "AMKT." Our common stock trades on a limited basis on the OTC Electronic Bulletin Board in the Over-the-Counter Market. The following table sets forth the range of high and low sales prices of our Common Stock for the last two fiscal years.

Quarters Ended	High	Low	
March 31, 2009	\$.99	\$ \$.45	
June 30, 2009	1.01	.62	
September 30, 2009	1.25	.68	
December 31, 2009	.80	.45	
March 31, 2010	.65	.40	
June 30, 2010	.62	.25	
September 30, 2010	.65	.11	
December 31, 2010	.80	.23	

The closing sales price on March 11, 2011 was \$.30 per share. All quotations provided herein reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, markdown or commissions.

In the event a public market for our common stock is sustained in the future, sales of our common stock may be made by holders of our public float or by holders of restricted securities in compliance with the provisions of Rule 144 of the Securities Act of 1933. In general, under Rule 144, a non-affiliated person who has satisfied a six-month holding period in a fully reporting company under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, may, sell their restricted Common Stock without volume limitation, so long as the issuer is current with all reports under the Exchange Act in order for there to be adequate common public information. Affiliated persons may also sell their common shares held for at least six months, but affiliated persons will be required to meet certain other requirements, including manner of sale, notice requirements and volume limitations. Non-affiliated persons who hold their common shares for at least one year will be able to sell their common stock without the need for there to be current public information in the hands of the public. Future sales of shares of our public float or by restricted common stock made in compliance with Rule 144 may have an adverse effect on the then prevailing market price, if any, of our common stock. See "Risk Factors."

As of March 4, 2011, there were about 107 holders of record of our common stock, although we believe that there are other persons who are beneficial owners of our common stock held in street name. Our transfer agent is Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, 17 Battery Place, 8th Floor, New York, NY 10004.

DIVIDEND POLICY

We have never paid any cash dividends and intend, for the foreseeable future, to retain any future earnings for the development of our business. Our Board of Directors will determine our future dividend policy on the basis of various factors, including our results of operations, financial condition, capital requirements and investment opportunities.

RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

For the year ended December 31, 2010, there were no sales of unregistered securities, except as follows:

Date of Sale December 2009 - March 2010	Title of Security Common Stock and Class D Warrants	Number Sold 2,050,000 shares and 1,332,500 warrants (includes 307,500 placement agent warrants)	Consideration Received and Description of Underwriting or Other Discounts to Market Price or Convertible Security, Afforded to Purchasers \$1,025,000; \$123,000 paid in commissions	Exemption from Registration Claimed Rule 506	If Option, Warrant or Convertible Security, terms of exercise or conversion Warrants exercisable at \$1.00 per share through August 21, 2012.
January 2010	Common Stock	210,000 shares	Services rendered;	Section 4(2)	Not applicable.
			no commissions paid		
August 2010 - December 2010	Common Stock And Warrants	3,518,332 shares 3,518,332 warrants	\$1,055,500; no commissions paid	Rule 506	Warrants exercisable at \$.30 per share through August 31, 2013

RECENT PURCHASES OF SECURITIES

In 2010 we have had no repurchases of our common stock.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

Not Applicable.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and the notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Form 10-K. All statements contained herein that are not historical facts, including, but not limited to, statements regarding anticipated future capital requirements, our future plan of operations, our ability to obtain debt, equity or other financing, and our ability to generate cash from operations, are based on current expectations. These statements are forward-looking in nature and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that may cause the Company's actual results in future periods to differ materially from forecasted results.

OVERVIEW

We are a full service promotional marketing and distribution company offering a wide array of business solutions. Ace has grown organically through referrals based on its high quality service and external financings to support our growth. We are also expanding through hiring leading independent salespersons who are well supported by the Ace proprietary business structure. By offering more services and solutions to our customers, new recruits will have the ability to expand their present business by simply making the move to Ace. Upon integrating their client base into our system they too become trusted advisors that provide integrated business solutions instead of a commodity based promotional product salesperson.

These achievements position us to accelerate growth through potential acquisition and consolidation of other companies as well as simply recruiting experienced salespeople. In the event a company is acquired by us, of which no assurances can be given in this regard, the new clients would all be introduced to the additional services that are now available in our promotional marketing model.

We have effectively carved out a niche for Ace. Marketing and branding companies create an image and direction for clients. Ad agencies develop print, TV, radio and other campaigns aimed at goals of recruiting and introducing new products or services. Traditional promotional product companies offer imprinted merchandise and apparel. Ace finds itself in a position of providing value added services that compliment those of the ad agency, as well as branding and marketing companies while at the same time far exceeding the capabilities of a standard promotional products distributor.

We expect our revenues to grow at such time as economic conditions in the United States improve, by adding additional in-house and independent sales representatives to our sales network. While one or more acquisitions of other distributors will also be considered by Management, we can provide no assurances that one or more acquisitions of other distributors will be completed on terms satisfactory to us, if at all.

Mobiquity Networks, Inc.

On January 5, 2011, Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. ("Ace") formed Mobiquity Networks, Inc. ("Mobiquity") for the purpose of attempting to develop a proximity marketing network and to derive revenues from same. Ace has assigned certain contracts described below (i.e. those contracts with Blue Bite LLC. and Eye Corp Pty Ltd.) pertaining to these start-up operations to Mobiquity, which is seeking to complete a plan of financing of up to \$10,000,000. As of the filing date of this Form 10-K, no funds have been raised by Mobiquity. We can provide no assurances that Mobiquity will be successful in raising financing on terms satisfactory to it, if at all.

Ace has partnered with Blue Bite LLC. ("Blue Bite"), a premier provider of Proximity Marketing hardware and software solutions, and Eye Corp Pty Ltd., ("EyeCorp") an out-of-home media company which operates the largest mall advertising display network in the United States, to roll-out an expansive network which comprises of retail, dining, transportation, sporting, music, and other high traffic venues.

Proximity MarketingSM is a marketing tool that delivers messages to any Bluetooth or Wi-Fi enabled device within a 300ft radius from a central terminal. Our technology permits delivery to virtually any mobile device and properly formats each message to ensure that every user receives the best possible experience. Results are fully traceable, giving campaigns a true level of accountability. We offer brands the opportunity to reach millions of consumers with relevant, engaging content which is completely measurable for the advertisers and free for the user. The consumer receives a message requesting approval for transfer and once acceptance is granted, the user can receive a range of rich media content utilized by advertisers for promotional purposes. A Proximity Marketing unit can detect the total number of mobile devices in a specific area and then dynamically present a highly relevant message to consumers. Through this marketing medium, advertisers can track metrics and analytics in a much more targeted way and quantitatively measure the effectiveness of their campaigns. Management believes that proximity marketing is completely spam-free and compliant with all applicable governmental regulations. Management believes that proximity marketing has unlimited marketing possibilities to thousands of different businesses.

The ABI Research report published in January 2008 on mobile marketing refers to the industry as still being in its "wild west" years but forecasts it will settle down and become a \$24 billion slice of the worldwide marketing and advertising pie by 2013. It estimates there was about \$1.8 billion spent in 2007 on all forms of mobile marketing.

We intend to market its proximity boxes as a premiere mobile technology. This will allow us to create a new channel in the mobile marketplace for existing brands and marketers to leverage the inherent strengths of mobile advertising. We plan to leverage the technology to develop niche vertical sites. These services will be scalable for both large and small businesses to monetize high traffic areas. Additionally, the platform shall be dynamically scalable for worldwide partnerships, where a multi-location business will be able to send a different marketing campaign for each demographic.

We have launched Proximity Marketing installations in over 80 locations including malls, restaurants, and coffee shops. We have also executed highly successful campaigns at retail, music, and sporting events across the country, including: NASCAR's, Coke Zero 400, Best Buy Guitar Hero World Tour launch, Macy's Thanksgiving Day Parade, NBA & NHL league games, concert tours for Def Leppard, Nickelback and more. To date, revenues have been limited.

Mobiquity plans to use the net proceeds of the capital raise to expand heavily in the mall retail space and secure a national mall network, utilizing its exclusive agreement with EyeCorp, which provides Mobiquity access to its 300+ mall portfolio as well as execute national campaigns at other retail and event-based locations.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and disclosures on the date of the financial statements. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates including, but not limited to, those related to revenue recognition. We use authoritative pronouncements, historical experience and other assumptions as the basis for making judgments. Actual results could differ from those estimates. We believe that the following critical accounting policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates in the preparation of our financial statements.

REVENUE RECOGNITION - Revenue is recognized when title and risk of loss transfers to the customer and the earnings process is complete. In general, title passes to our customers upon the customer's receipt of the merchandise. Revenue is recognized on a gross basis since the Company has the risks and rewards of ownership, latitude in selection of vendors and pricing, and bears all credit risk. Advance payments made by customers are included in customer deposits.

ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS. We are required to make judgments based on historical experience and future expectations, as to the realizability of our accounts receivable. We make these assessments based on the following factors: (a) historical experience, (b) customer concentrations, customer credit worthiness, (d) current economic conditions, and (e) changes in customer payment terms.

Results of Operations

2010 versus 2009

The following table sets forth certain selected condensed statement of operations data for the periods indicated in dollars. In addition, we note that the period-to-period comparison may not be indicative of future performance.

	Years Ended December 31		
	2010	2009	
Revenue	\$3,170,035	\$3,248,132	
Cost of Revenues	2,237,396	2,260,065	
Gross Profit	932,639	988,067	
Operating Expenses	2,694,826	2,569,021	
Loss from operations	(1,762,187) (1,580,954)	
Net Loss	(1,762,256) (1,577,010)	
Preferred Stock Dividend			
Net Loss Allocable to Common Stockholders	(1,762,256) (1,577,010)	
Net (Loss) per common Share	(.13) (.16	
Weighted average common Shares oustanding	13,520,411	10,070,890	

We generated revenues of \$3,170,035 for 2010 compared to \$3,248,132 in 2009. The decrease in revenues of \$78,097 in 2010 compared to 2009 is due to the general state of the economy.

Cost of revenues was \$2,237,396 or 70.6% of revenues for 2010 compared to \$2,260,065 or 69.6% of revenues for 2009. Cost of revenues includes purchases and freight costs associated with the shipping of merchandise to our customers.

Gross profit was \$932,639 for 2010 or 29.4% of net revenues compared to \$988,067 in the same period of 2009 or 30.4% of revenues. Gross profits will vary period-to-period depending upon a number of factors including the mix of items sold, pricing of the items and the volume of product sold. Also, it is our practice to pass freight costs on to our customers.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses were \$2,694,826 for 2010 as compared to \$2,569,021 for 2009. Such costs include payroll and related expenses, commissions, insurance, rents, professional, consulting and public awareness fees. The overall increase of \$125,805 was primarily due to a \$266,402 increase in stock based compensation partially offset by a decrease in commissions of \$(101,699).

Net loss from operations was \$(1,762,256) for 2010 compared to a net loss of \$(1,577,010) for 2009. Our increase in net loss for 2010 as compared to the comparable period of the prior year was due to a drop in sales due to the general state of the economy and an increase in stock based compensation as described above. No benefit for income taxes is provided for 2010 and 2009 due to the full valuation allowance on the net deferred tax assets. Our ability to be profitable in the future is dependent upon both a turnaround in the United States economy and the successful introduction and usage of our proximity marketing services by our clients.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$763,581 at December 31, 2010.

Cash used by operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$(1,023,774). This resulted primarily from a net loss of \$1,762,256 and an increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$171,572, partially offset by stock based compensation of \$706,635 and a decrease in accounts receivable of \$234,663. Cash was used in investing activities of \$173,055, which funds were used to acquire property and equipment primarily for purchases of proximity marketing boxes. Cash provided by financing activities of \$1,364,800 was the result of the sale of our company common stock.

Cash used by operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2009 was \$(957,731). This resulted primarily from a net loss of \$1,577,010 and a increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$21,156 and an increase in stock based compensation of \$385,334 and a decrease in accounts receivable of \$276,130. Cash provided by investing activities was \$50,864, which was comprised of the repayment of the loan receivable of \$100,000 from Blue Bite, LLC and the purchase of equipment of \$49,136, which were primarily purchases of proximity marketing boxes. Cash provided by financing activities of \$993,227 was as a result of the sale of our company common stock.

Our company commenced operations in 1998 and was initially funded by our three founders, each of whom has made demand loans to our Company that have been repaid. Since 1999, we have relied on equity financing and borrowings from outside investors to supplement our cash flow from operations.

We anticipate that our future liquidity requirements will arise from the need to finance our accounts receivable and inventories, hire additional sales persons, capital expenditures and possible acquisitions. The primary sources of funding for such requirements will be cash generated from operations, raising additional capital from the sale of equity or other securities and borrowings under debt facilities which currently do not exist. We believe that we can generate sufficient cash flow from these sources to fund our operations for at least the next fifteen months.

Recent Financings

In August 2010, the Company raised \$175,000 in gross proceeds from the sale of 437,500 shares and a like number of Warrants expiring in August 2013. The investor paid \$0.40 per Share and received Warrants exercisable at \$0.60 per Share. In November 2010, the Company commenced a plan of financing and raised an additional \$800,500 in financing from the sale of 2,934,999 Shares of its restricted Common Stock at \$0.30 per Share and Common Stock Purchase Warrants to purchase a like number of Shares, exercisable at \$0.30 per Share through August 31, 2013. Subsequent to the completion of the second financing, the Company agreed to adjust the terms of the August 2010 transaction and issue to the August 2010 investor Shares and Warrants on the same terms as those sold in November - December 2010. Accordingly, an additional 145,833 Shares and a like number of Warrants were issued to the August 2010 investor, with the exercise price of the Warrants being lowered from \$0.60 per Share to \$0.30 per Share. All securities will be issued pursuant to Section 4(2) and/or Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Item 7.A Qualitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices. Our primary exposure to market risk is interest rate risk associated with our short term money market investments. The Company does not have any financial instruments held for trading or other speculative purposes and does not invest in derivative financial instruments, interest rate swaps or other investments that alter interest rate exposure. The Company does not have any credit facilities with variable interest rates.

Item 8. Financial Statements

Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

The report of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, Financial Statements and Schedules are set forth beginning on page F-1 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, following this page.

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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. Valley Stream, New York

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. (the "Company") for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Holtz Rubenstein Reminick LLP

Melville, New York March 29, 2010

Peter Messineo Certified Public Accountant 1982 Otter Way Palm Harbor FL 34685 peter@pm-cpa.com T 727.421.6268 F 727.674.0511

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. Valley Stream, New York

I have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. (the "Company") for the years ended December 31, 2010 and the related statement of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. as of December 31, 2010 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Peter Messineo, CPA

Peter Messineo, CPA Palm Harbor, Florida March 24, 2011

ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

Balance Sheets December 31,	2010	2009
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$763,581	\$595,611
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of		
\$20,000 at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009	298,892	533,555
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	218,336	157,580
Total Current Assets	1,280,809	1,286,746
Property and Equipment, net	249,726	133,632
Transfer and the state of the s	,,,	
Other Assets	7,745	7,745
Total Assets	\$1,538,280	\$1,428,123
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$243,795	\$310,753
Accrued expenses	98,270	230,334
Total Current Liabilities	342,065	541,087
Commitments and Contingencies		
Charlet ald and Equitor.		
Stockholders' Equity: Preferred Stock, \$.0001 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized,		
none issued		
none issued		
Common stock, \$.0001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized;		
16,834,260 and 11,615,703 shares issued and outstanding		
at December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively	1,683	1,163
Additional paid-in capital	8,300,766	6,229,851
Accumulated deficit	(7,074,733) (5,312,477)
	1,227,716	918,537
Less: Treasury Stock, at cost, 23,334 shares	(= -,=) (31,501)
Total Stockholders' Equity	1,196,215	887,036
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$1,538,280	\$1,428,123

See notes to condensed financial statements.

ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

Statements of Operations Years Ended December 31,		
	2010	2009
Revenues, net	\$3,170,035	\$3,248,132
Cost of Revenues	2,237,396	2,260,065
Gross Profit	932,639	988,067
Operating Expenses:		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,694,826	2,569,021
Total Operating Expenses	2,694,826	2,569,021
Loss from Operations	(1,762,187) (1,580,954)
Other Income (Expense):		
Interest expense	(818) (1,031)
Interest income	749	4,975
Total Other Income (Expense)	(69) 3,944
Net Loss	\$(1,762,256) \$(1,577,010)
Net Loss Per Common Share:		
Net Loss Per Common Snare:		
Basic	\$(0.13) \$(0.16)
Dasic	$\Phi(0.13)$) \$(0.10
Diluted	\$(0.13) \$(0.16)
Diffeted	ψ(0.13) ψ(0.10
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding:		
Basic	13,520,411	10,070,890
Diluted	13,520,411	10,070,890
Diluted	13,320,411	10,070,090
See notes to condensed financial statements.		
see notes to condensed infanctal statements.		
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ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC.

Statement of Stockholders' Equity Years Ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

	G.	Total	C	G.	1	Additional		T. C.	1
	51	tockholders'	Common			Paid-in	(D. 6" · · ·	Treasury Sto	
		Equity	Shares	F	Amount	Capital	(Deficit)	Shares	Amount
Balance, at									
December 31,									
2008	\$	1,085,485	9,234,949	\$	924	\$ 4,851,529	\$ (3,735,467)	23,334	\$ (31,501)
Stock Purchase		993,227	1,967,254		197	993,030			
Stock Warrant		128,010				128,010			
Stock Grant		34,200	46,000		5	34,195			
Stock									
Compensation		223,124				223,124			
Stock Issued to									
Placement									
Agent			367,500		37	(37)			
Net Loss		(1,577,010)					(1,577,010)		
Balance, at									
December 31,									
2009		887,036	11,615,703		1,163	6,229,851	(5,312,477)	23,334	(31,501)
Stock Purchase		1,364,800	4,672,499		467	1,364,333			
Stock Warrant		15,064				15,064			
Stock Grant		155,649	546,058		53	155,596			
Stock									
Compensation		535,922				535,922			
Net Loss		(1,762,256)					(1,762,256)		
Balance, at									
December 31,									
2010	\$	1,196,215	16,834,260	\$	1,683	\$ 8,300,766	\$ (7,074,733)	23,334	\$ (31,501)

See notes to condensed financial statements.

ACE MARKETING &
PROMOTIONS, INC.

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows		
Years Ended December 31,	2010	2009
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net loss	\$(1,762,256)	\$(1,577,010)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to		
net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	56,961	30,838
Stock-based compensation	706,635	385,334
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:		
Accounts receivable	234,663	276,130
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(60,756)	(94,179)
Decrease in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(199,022)	21,156
Total adjustments	738,482	619,279
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(1,023,774)	(957,731)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Note receivable	-	100,000
Acquisition of property and equipment	(173,056)	(49,136)
Net Cash (Used) in Provided by Investing Activities	(173,056)	50,864
•		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
ŭ		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	1,364,800	993,227
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	1,364,800	993,227
, c	, ,	,
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	167,970	86,360
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year	595,611	509,251
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$763,581	\$595,611
		,

See notes to condensed financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

NATURE OF OPERATIONS - Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. (the "Company") is a full service advertising specialties and promotional products company that distributes items typically with logos to large corporations, schools and universities, financial institutions and not-for-profit organizations. Specific categories of promotional products include advertising specialties, business gifts, incentives and awards, and premiums.

In Fiscal 2008, the Company became an authorized distributor, provider and reseller of mobile advertising solutions. To date, the Company has not generated any significant revenue from this segment.

REVENUE RECOGNITION - Revenue is recognized when title and risk of loss transfers to the customer and the earnings process is complete. In general, title passes to our customers upon the customer's receipt of the merchandise. Revenue is recognized on a gross basis since the Company has the risks and rewards of ownership, latitude in selection of vendors and pricing, and bears all credit risk. Advance payments made by customers are included in customer deposits.

The Company records all shipping and handling fees billed to customers as revenues, and related costs as cost of goods sold, when incurred.

ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS - Management must make estimates of the uncollectability of accounts receivable. Management specifically analyzes accounts receivable and analyzes historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer credit-worthiness, current economic trends and changes in customer payment terms when evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Leasehold improvements are being amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets or the remaining term of the lease. The costs of additions and improvements, which substantially extend the useful life of a particular asset, are capitalized. Repair and maintenance costs are charged to expense. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the account and the gain or loss on disposition is reflected in operating income.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK - Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist principally of trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables is generally diversified due to the large number of entities comprising the Company's customer base and their dispersion across geographic areas principally within the United States. The Company routinely addresses the financial strength of its customers and, as a consequence, believes that its receivable credit risk exposure is limited.

The Company places its temporary cash investments with high credit quality financial institutions. At times, the Company maintains bank account balances, which exceed FDIC limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes that it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash. Management does not believe significant credit risk exists at December 31, 2010 and 2009.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less, as well as bank money market accounts, to be cash equivalents.

ESTIMATES - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NET INCOME PER SHARE - Basic net income per share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share reflect, in periods in which they have a dilutive effect, the impact of common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options. The number of common shares potentially issuable upon the exercise of certain options and warrants that were excluded from the diluted loss per common share calculation was approximately 9,364,000 and 4,700,000 because they are anti-dilutive, as a result of a net loss for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

ADVERTISING COSTS - Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. For the year ended December 31, 2010 expenses were \$2,850, there were no expenses for 2009.

ACCOUNTING FOR STOCK BASED COMPENSATION. Stock based compensation cost is measured at the grant date fair value of the award and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period. The Company uses the Black-Sholes option-pricing model to determine fair value of the awards, which involves certain subjective assumptions. These assumptions include estimating the length of time employees will retain their vested stock options before excising them ("expected term"), the estimated volatility of the Company's common stock price over the expected term ("volatility") and the number of options for which vesting requirements will not be completed ("forefitures"). Changes in the subjective assumptions can materially affect estimates of fair value stock-based compensation, and the related amount recognized on the consolidated statements of operations. Refer to Note 8 "Stock Option Plans" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in this report for a more detailed discussion.

INCOME TAXES - Deferred income taxes are recognized for temporary differences between financial statement and income tax basis of assets and liabilities for which income tax or tax benefits are expected to be realized in future years. A valuation allowance is established to reduce deferred tax assets, if it is more likely than not, that all or some portion of such deferred tax assets will not be realized. The effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2009, the FASB issued new accounting guidance that established the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification"), as the single source of authoritative GAAP to be applied by nongovernmental entities, except for the rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under authority of federal securities laws, which are sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. The FASB will no longer issue new standards in the form of Statements, FASB Staff Positions, or Emerging Issues Task Force Abstracts; instead the FASB will issue Accounting Standards Updates. Accounting Standards Updates will not be authoritative in their own right as they will only serve to update the Codification. These changes and the Codification itself do not change GAAP. This new guidance became effective for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. Other than the manner in which new accounting guidance is referenced, the Codification did not have an effect on the Company's financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-06 regarding fair value measurements and disclosures and improvement in the disclosure about fair value measurements. This ASU requires additional disclosures regarding significant transfers in and out of Levels 1 and 2 of fair value measurements, including a description of the reasons for the transfers. Further, this ASU requires additional disclosures for the activity in Level 3 fair value measurements, requiring presentation of information about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the reconciliation for fair value measurements. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently evaluating the impact of this ASU; however, we do not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In February 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-09 regarding subsequent events and amendments to certain recognition and disclosure requirements. Under this ASU, a public company that is a SEC filer, as defined, is not required to disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated. This ASU is effective upon the issuance of this ASU. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In April 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-18 regarding improving comparability by eliminating diversity in practice about the treatment of modifications of loans accounted for within pools under Subtopic 310-30 – Receivable – Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality ("Subtopic 310-30"). Furthermore, the amendments clarify guidance about maintaining the integrity of a pool as the unit of accounting for acquired loans with credit deterioration. Loans accounted for individually under Subtopic 310-30 continue to be subject to the troubled debt restructuring accounting provisions within Subtopic 310-40, Receivables—Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors. The amendments in this Update are effective for modifications of loans accounted for within pools under Subtopic 310-30 occurring in the first interim or annual period ending on or after July 15, 2010. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of this ASU; however, we do not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on our financial statements.

Except for rules and interpretive releases of the SEC under authority of federal securities laws and a limited number of grandfathered standards, the FASB Accounting Standards CodificationTM ("ASC") is the sole source of authoritative GAAP literature recognized by the FASB and applicable to the Company. Management has reviewed the aforementioned rules and releases and believes any effect will not have a material impact on the Company's present or future financial statements.

NOTE 2: NOTES RECEIVABLE

On May 26, 2009, Ace Marketing received repayment of the Notes Receivable for a total of \$100,000 from Blue Bite together with interest.

NOTE 3: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net, consist of the following at December 31:

	USEFUL LIVES	2010)	2009)
Furniture and Fixtures	5 years	\$	392,039	\$	218,984
Leasehold					
Improvements	5 years		8,919		8,919
			400,958		227,903
Less Accumulated					
Depreciation			151,232		94,271
-		\$	249,726	\$	133,632

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$56,961 and \$30,838, respectively.

NOTE 4: INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 is summarized as follows:

	201	0	2009	9
Current:				
Federal	\$	-		-
State		-		-
		-		-
Deferred:				
Federal		-		-
State		-		-
	\$	-	\$	-

The Company has federal and state net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$4,119,000, which can be used to reduce future taxable income through 2030.

The tax effects of temporary differences which give rise to deferred tax assets (liabilities) are summarized as follows:

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 2009

Deferred Tax Assets:

Net operating loss carryforwards	\$1,924,000	\$1,219,000
Stock based compensation	1,086,000	780,000
Allowance for doubtful accounts	8,000	8,000
Deferred Tax Assets	3,018,000	2,007,000
Less Valuation Allowance	3,018,000	2,007,000
Net Deferred Tax Asset	\$-	\$-

A reconciliation of the federal statutory rate to the Company's effective tax rate is as follows:

		YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,		
	2010	2009		
Federal Statutory Tax Rate	34.00%	34.00%		
State Taxes, net of Federal benefit	6.00%	6.00%		
Change in Valuation Allowance	(40.00%) (40.00%)		
Total Tax Expense	0.00%	0.00%		

NOTE 5: STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

On October 9, 2009 the stockholders approved an amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation to increase the authorized shares of common stock from 25,000,000, (par value \$.0001); to 100,000,000; (par value \$.0001) authorized shares.

PRIVATE PLACEMENT OF SECURITIES - During fiscal 2004, the Company sold through a private placement, 14.74 units (each consisting of 50,000 common shares and 50,000 Class A Warrants). Each Class A Warrant had an exercise price of \$2.00 and was to expire on January 3, 2007. The Company extended the expiration date of the Class A Warrants to July 1, 2009. The Class A Warrants expired on September 30, 2009.

During fiscal 2005, the Company completed a private placement through the sale of 10 units (each consisting of 10,000 common shares and 10,000 Class B Warrants) at a purchase price of \$10,000 per unit for net proceeds of \$95,000, net of transaction cost of approximately \$5,000. Each Class B Warrant had an exercise price of \$2.00 and expires on January 2, 2008. Subsequent to December 31, 2007, the Company extended the expiration date of the Class B Warrants to July 1, 2009. The Class B Warrants expired on September 30, 2009.

During fiscal 2006, the Company completed a private placement (the "Offering") through the sale of 15.859 units (each consisting of 60,000 common shares and 30,000 Class C Warrants) at a purchase price of \$105,000 per unit for net proceeds of \$1,420,937, net of transaction costs of approximately \$244,000. Each Class C Warrant has an exercise price of \$1.75 per share and expires on June 30, 2009. The Class C Warrants expired on September 30, 2009

Pursuant to the Offering, the Placement Agent was issued 139,680 shares of the Company's common stock and a warrant to purchase 95,160 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. The Placement Agent warrants expire on June 29, 2011.

In February 2009, we sold 500,000 shares of our Common Stock at an exercise price of \$.50 per share, payable one-half immediately and the balance in March 2009 through the retirement of a \$125,000 Note.

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On July 14, 2009, the Company entered into a Placement Agent Agreement with Sierra Equity Group LLC, a FINRA registered broker-dealer ("Sierra"), to attempt to raise additional financing through the sale of its Common Stock and Warrants. Between August 21, 2009 and October 15, 2009, the Company closed on gross proceeds of \$499,250 and received net cash proceeds of approximately \$403,000, after commissions of approximately \$50,000, legal expenses of \$40,000 and blue sky, escrow and printing expenses of approximately \$7,000. The planned use of proceeds is to primarily expand the Company's mobile and interactive divisions. In connection with the offering, the Company entered into a Financial Advisory Agreement with Sierra pursuant to which Sierra would receive 300,000 shares of

Common Stock and an additional 10% of the number of shares sold in the offering. The Company issued pursuant to the terms of the offering and the Financial Advisory Agreement an aggregate of 717,253 shares of Common Stock at an average per share price of \$.696 per share and 358,627 Warrants exercisable at \$1.00 per share to investors in the offering and an aggregate of 371,725 shares and 35,863 Warrants to Sierra.

On December 8, 2009, Ace Marketing & Promotions, Inc. entered into an Introducing Agent Agreement with Legend Securities, Inc., a FINRA registered broker-dealer ("Legend"), to attempt to raise additional financing through the sale of its Common Stock and Warrants. Between December 8, 2009 and March 15, 2010, the Company closed on gross proceeds of \$1,025,000 before commissions of \$117,000. The planned use of proceeds is to primarily expand the Company's mobile and interactive divisions. The Company issued pursuant to the terms of the offering an aggregate of 2,050,000 shares of Common Stock at a per share price of \$.50 per share and 1,025,000 Warrants exercisable at \$1.00 per share to investors in the offering and placement agent warrants to purchase an amount equal to 10% of the number of shares and the number of warrants sold in the offering.

In August 2010, the Company raised \$175,000 in gross proceeds from the sale of 437,500 shares and a like number of Warrants expiring in August 2013. The investor paid \$0.40 per Share and received Warrants exercisable at \$0.60 per Share. In November 2010, the Company commenced a plan of financing and raised an additional \$800,500 in financing from the sale of 2,934,999 Shares of its restricted Common Stock at \$0.30 per Share and Class E Common Stock Purchase Warrants to purchase a like number of Shares, exercisable at \$0.30 per Share through August 31, 2013. Subsequent to the completion of the second financing, the Company agreed to adjust the terms of the August 2010 transaction and issue to the August 2010 investor Shares and Class E Warrants on the same terms as those sold in November - December 2010. Accordingly, an additional 145,833 Shares and a like number of Warrants were issued to the August 2010 investor, with the exercise price of the Warrants being lowered from \$0.60 per Share to \$0.30 per Share.

NOTE 6: SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

WARRANTS - On August 17, 2009, the Company issued to an independent contractor 40,000 restricted common stock to seek to obtain new business for the Company and to create general market awareness of the Company and new services, which include but not limited to Proximity Marketing. The term of the agreement expired on the close of business on November 30, 2009.

On January 4, 2010, the Company issued 6,000 Warrants to purchase Common Stock to an independent consultant to manage sales relationships. The services were recorded equal to the value of the shares at the date of grant and an expense of \$3,051 is included in the operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2010

On August 17, 2010, the Company issued 145,600 Warrants to purchase Common Stock to franchisee owners of a chain store for the purpose of placing proximity marketing units in their business locations.

RESTRICTED STOCK GRANTS - In January 2010, the Company entered into an agreement with a consulting firm to provide services over the next twelve months. The agreement provides for the issuance of 100,000 restricted Common Stock.

In January 2010, the Company also entered into an agreement with two individuals to provide services over the next twelve months. The agreement provides for the issuance of 57,500 shares and 52,500 restricted common shares of Common Stock which vest immediately.

In December 2010, the Company entered into an agreement with a consulting firm to provide services to the Corporation. 50,000 shares of stock were granted to the consultant during the fourth quarter of 2010.

During the past three years, the Company has granted under our 2005 Plan certain employees and consultants restricted stock awards for services for the prior year with vesting to occur after the passage of an additional 12 months. These awards totaled 45,000 Shares for 2008, subject to continued services with the Company through December 31, 2009. These awards totaled 51,000 Shares for 2009 subject to continued services with the Company through December 31, 2010. These awards totaled 105,000 Shares for 2010 subject to continued services with the Company through December 31, 2011.

All stock options under the Plan are granted at or above the fair market value of the common stock at the grant date. Employee and non-employee stock options generally vest over periods ranging from one to three years and generally expire either five or ten years from the grant date.

The Company's Plan is accounted for, in accordance with the recognition and measurement provisions requires compensation costs related to share-based payment transactions, including employee stock options, to be recognized in the financial statements. In addition, the Company adheres to the guidance set forth within Securities and Exchange Commission which provides the staff's views regarding the interaction between certain SEC rules and regulations and provides interpretations with respect to the valuation of share-based payments for public companies.

The fair value of options at the date of grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The expected volatility is based upon historical volatility of the Company's stock and other contributing factors. The expected term is based upon observation of actual time elapsed between date of grant and exercise of options for all employees. Previously such assumptions were determined based on historical data.

NOTE 7: STOCK COMPENSATION

The Company's results for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 include employee share-based compensation expense totaling approximately \$282,000 and \$(51,000) respectively. Such amounts have been included in the Statements of Operations within selling, general and administrative expenses. No income tax benefit has been recognized in the statement of operations for share-based compensation arrangements due to a history of operating losses.

The following table summarizes stock-based compensation expense for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	
Employee stock based compensation-option grants	\$267,180	\$(51,239)
Employee stock based compensation-stock grants	42,514	-	
Non-Employee stock based compensation-option grants	175,122	238,670	
Non-Employee stock based compensation-stock grants	170,900	34,200	
Non-Employee stock based compensation-stock warrant	50,921	164,008	
	\$706,635	\$385,639	

NOTE 8: LOSS PER SHARE

Authoritative guidance requires dual presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") with a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of the basis EPS computation to the numerator and denominator of the diluted EPS computation. Basic EPS excludes dilution. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the entity.

NOTE 9: STOCK OPTION PLAN

During Fiscal 2005, the Company established, and the stockholders approved, an Employee Benefit and Consulting Services Compensation Plan (the "Plan") for the granting of up to 2,000,000 non-statutory and incentive stock options and stock awards to directors, officers, consultants and key employees of the Company. On June 9, 2005, the Board of Directors amended the Plan to increase the number of stock options and awards to be granted under the Plan to 4,000,000. During Fiscal 2009, the Company established a plan of long-term stock-based compensation incentives for selected Eligible Participants of the Company covering 4,000,000 shares. This plan was adopted by the Board of Directors and approved by stockholders in October 2009 and shall be known as the 2009 Employee Benefit and Consulting Services Compensation Plan (the "Plan").

ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

All stock options under the Plan are granted at or above the fair market value of the common stock at the grant date. Employee and non-employee stock options vest over varying periods and generally expire either 5 or 10 years from the grant date. The fair value of options at the date of grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. For option grants, the Company will take into consideration payments subject to the provisions of ASC 718 "Stock Compensation", previously Revised SFAS No. 123 "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123 (R)"). The fair values of these restricted stock awards are equal to the market value of the Company's stock on the date of grant, after taking into certain discounts. The expected volatility is based upon historical volatility of our stock and other contributing factors. The expected term is based upon observation of actual time elapsed between date of grant and exercise of options for all employees. Previously, such assumptions were determined based on historical data.

The weighted average assumptions made in calculating the fair values of options granted during the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	Years Ended	Years Ended December 31,	
	2010	2009	
Expected volatility	123.48%	135.23%	
Expected dividend yield	-	-	
Risk-free interest rate	3.01%	1.27%	
Expected term (in years)	4.00	5.00	

ACE MARKETING & PROMOTIONS, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

	Share		Ave	ighted erage ercise ee	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2010	3,029,222		\$	1.09		
Granted	660,000		\$	1.00		
Exercised	-			-		
Cancelled / Expired	(569,222)	\$	1.07		